Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Molecular Systems Design & Engineering. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2023

Supporting Information

Synthesis, Structure and stimuli-responsive metallogel of a designer ferrocene

appended peptide mimetic

Olamilekan Joseph Ibukun,^a Milan Gumtya,^a Surajit Singh,^a Ananda Shit^a M Douzapau^a and Debasish Haldar^{*a}

^aDepartment of Chemical Sciences

Indian Institute of Science Education and Research Kolkata

Mohanpur 741246, West Bengal, India.

E-mail: deba h76@iiserkol.ac.in, deba h76@yahoo.com.

Table of contents

1. ESI Figure S1	<i>S3</i>
5. ESI Table S1	S4
6. ESI Figure S2	<i>S5</i>
7. ESI Figure S3	<i>S5</i>
8. ESI Figure S4	<i>S5</i>
9. Synthesis and characterization of peptide mimetic 1	<i>S6-S16</i>



Fig. S1: (a) The ORTEP diagram of peptide mimetic **1** including the atom numbering scheme. Thermal ellipsoids are shown at the level of 50% probability. (b) Peptide mimetic **1** in solid state.

The structure was solved and the space group P21/c (# 14) determined by the ShelXT 2014/5 (Sheldrick, 2014) structure solution program using using iterative methods and refined by full matrix least squares minimisation on F2 using version of olex2.refine 1.5-alpha (Bourhis et al., 2015). All non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically. Hydrogen atom positions were calculated geometrically and refined using the riding model. Hydrogen atom positions were calculated geometrically and refined using the riding model.

This structure is based on twinned data -- the embedded de-twinned hklf5 format file has been obtained using PLATON/TWINROTMAT.

A.L.Spek, J. Appl. Cryst. 2003, 36, 7-11. Single-crystal structure validation with the program PLATON

ESI Table S1: Crystal data and structure refinement for peptide mimetic 1. **Solvent of Crystallization** Methanol-water (90:10)

Compound	FEPBAIBOH
Formula	C42H42Fe2N2O6
Dcalc/g cm-3	1.488
μ/mm^{-1}	7.096
Formula Weight	782.502
Colour	clear orangish
	orange
Shape	needle-shaped
Size/mm ³	0.42×0.37×0.21
T/K	100.01(12)
Crystal System	monoclinic
Space Group	$P2_1/c$
a/Å	15.2027(3)
b/Å	5.7642(1)
c/Å	39.9987(7)
$\alpha/^{\circ}$	90
$\beta/^{\circ}$	94.735(2)
y/°	90
V/Å ³	3493.18(11)
Z	4
Z'	1
Wavelength/Å	1.54184
Radiation type	Cu Ka
Omin/°	2.22
Omax/°	68.26
Measured Refl's.	6329
Indep't Refl's	6329
Refl's I $\geq 2 \sigma(I)$	5999
Rint	
Parameters	476
Restraints	0
Largest Peak	0.7889
Deepest Hole	-0.7215
GooF	1.0433
wR2 (all data)	0.1406
WR ₂	0.1397
R1 (all data)	0.0504
R_1	0.0485



Fig. S2: The HRMS spectra of peptide mimetic 1.



Fig. S3. POM images of peptide mimetic 1 (a) in DMF solution and (b) xerogel from DMF-water.



Fig. S4. The proposed model of supramolecular metallogel.

Synthesis and characterization

Synthesis of Compound 2

Methyl-4-aminobenzoate (1.914 g, 10.2 mmol) from its hydrochloric was dissolved in 10 ml of water and concentrated hydrochloric acid (3 ml) was added intermittent cooling. A solution of sodium nitrite (0.703 g, 10.2 mmol) in 10 ml of water was added slowly to the mixture with stirring under ice-water bath conditions. The resulting palen yellow diazo salt solution was added to a solution of ferrocene (1.860 g, 10.0 mmol) in diethyl ether (50 ml) and allowed to react for 12 h at room temperature. The reactant mixture was then washed with water, the ether layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and evaporated in vacuo to yield crude product. The crude product was purified by column chromatography (eluent 10:0.5 n-hexane/ethyl acetate). Yield: 65 %.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 400MHz, δ ppm): 7.94-7.96 (d, 2H, Phenyl ring protons), 7.50-7.52 (d, 2H, phenyl ring protons), 4.71 (d, 2H, [*ortho* on η^5 –C₅H₄]), 4.38-4.39 (d, 2H, [*meta* on η^5 –C₅H₄]), 4.03 (s, 5H, [η^5 –C₅H₄]), 3.92 (s, 3H,-OCH₃). ¹³C NMR (125MHz, CDCl₃, δ in ppm, 298K): 167.27, 145.26, 129.84, 127.44, 125.74, 83.46, 69.93, 66.99, 52.11; ESI-MS (MeOH): m/z (Calc): C₁₉H₁₈FeO₂ [M]⁺ 320.17; found: 320.79.



Figure S5. ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃, δ in ppm, 298K) spectrum of Compound 2





Figure S7. Mass Spectrum of Compound 2



Figure S8. FT-IR Spectrum of Compound 2

Synthesis of Compound 3

Para-Ferrocenyl methyl benzoate (2) 1.761 g (5.5 mmol) was dissolved in 25 ml methanol and 10 ml of 2 N NaOH in ice water and stirred for 10 hrs. Methanol was evaporated under reduced pressure with rotary evaporator. 25 ml of water was added to the residue, the residue was washed with diethyl ether in separating funnel. The pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted by using 1 M HCl. It was then extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 ml) in separating funnel. The extract in ethyl acetate was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered using separating funnel and cotton wool. The filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure using rotary evaporator. Yield: 90 %.

¹H NMR (DMSO- d_6 , 400MHz, δ ppm): 12.77-12.85 (b, 1H, Acid OH), 7.86-7.88 (d, 2H, Phenyl ring protons), 7.61-7.63 (d, 2H, phenyl ring protons), 4.84 (d, 2H, [*ortho* on η^5 –C₅H₄]), 4.39 (d, 2H, [*meta* on η^5 –C₅H₄]), 3.99 (s, 5H, [η^5 –C₅H₄]). ¹³C NMR (125MHz, DMSO- d_6 , δ in ppm, 298K): 167.33, 144.59, 129.27, 127.82, 125.57, 82.88, 69.70, 66.77; ESI-MS (MeOH): m/z (Calc): C₁₇H₁₄FeO₂ [M]⁺ 307.04; found: 307.34.



Figure S10. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , δ in ppm, 298K) spectrum of Compound 3



Figure S11. Mass Spectrum of Compound 3



Figure S12. FT-IR Spectrum of Compound 3

Synthesis of Compound 4

Para-Ferrocenyl methyl benzoic acid (3) 1.530 g (5 mmol) was dissolved in 20 mL of dry DCM and 5 ml of dry DMF under ice-water bath conditions, followed by the addition of 1.547 g (7.5 mmol) of DCC and 1.148 g (7.5 mmol) of HOBt. 1.152 g (7.5 mmol) AIB-Ome (iii) from its hydrochloric was then added to the solution. The reaction mixture was stirred for 48 h at room temperature. After the completion of the reaction, DCM was evaporated, and the residue was dissolved in ethyl acetate (40 mL) and was put in fridge for 3 h for dicyclohexylurea (DCU) to precipitate, dicyclohexylurea (DCU) was filtered off and water (50 ml) was added and stirred at room temperature for 30 min and subsequently, the ethyl acetate layer was washed with 2 M HCl (3×50 mL), brine (2×50 mL), 1 M sodium carbonate (3×50 mL), and brine (2×50 mL), respectively. The organic layer was dried over anhydrous sodium sulfate and evaporated under vacuum to yield compound 4 as solid. The product was purified by silica gel using hexane/ethyl acetate (4/1) as eluent. Yield: 58 %.

¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500MHz, δ ppm): 7.69-7.70 (d, 2H, Phenyl ring protons), 7.48-7.50 (d, 2H, phenyl ring protons), 6.79 (s, 1H, AiB-NH), 4.68 (s, 2H, [*ortho* on η^5 –C₅H₄]), 4.36 (s, 2H, [*meta* on η^5 –C₅H₄]), 3.87 (s, 5H, [η^5 –C₅H₄]), 3.78 (s, 3H, OCH₃) 1.42 (s, 6H, Aib-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125MHz, CDCl₃, δ in ppm, 298K): 175.44, 166.55, 143.67, 131.70, 127.22, 125.68, 83.61, 69.70, 66.84, 60.46, 56.95, 52.84, 24.92, 21.12, 14.29; ESI-MS (MeOH): m/z (Calc): C₂₂H₂₃FeO₂ [M]⁺ 406.11; found: 406.02.



Figure S13. ¹H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl₃, δ in ppm, 298K) spectrum of Compound 4



Figure S14. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl₃, δ in ppm, 298K) spectrum of Compound 4



Figure S15. Mass Spectrum of Compound 3.



Figure S16. FT-IR Spectrum of Compound 4

Synthesis of Compound 1

Compound (4) 2.026 g (5 mmol) was dissolved in 25 ml methanol and 10 ml of 2 N NaOH in ice water and stirred for 10 hrs. Methanol was evaporated under reduced pressure with rotary evaporator. 25 ml of water was added to the residue, the residue was washed with diethyl ether in separating funnel. The pH of the aqueous layer was adjusted by using 1 M HCl. It was then extracted with ethyl acetate (3 x 50 ml) in separating funnel. The extract in ethyl acetate was dried over anhydrous Na₂SO₄, filtered using separating funnel and cotton wool. The filtrate was evaporated under reduced pressure using rotary evaporator. Yield: 80 %.

¹H NMR (DMSO-*d*₆, 400MHz, δ ppm): 12.27-12.32 (b, 1H, Acid OH), 8.52 (s, 1H, AiB-NH), 7.92-7.94 (d, 2H, Phenyl ring protons), 7.72-7.75 (d, 2H, phenyl ring protons), 5.00-5.01 (s, 2H, [*ortho* on η^5 –C₅H₄]), 4.52-4.53 (s, 2H, [*meta* on η^5 –C₅H₄]), 4.14-4.15 (s, 5H, [η^5 –C₅H₄]), 1.64 (s, 6H, Aib-CH₃). ¹³C NMR (125MHz, DMSO-*d*₆, δ in ppm, 298K): 175.64, 172.15, 176.04, 162.15, 143.41, 131.86, 127.70, 125.19, 83.23, 69.52, 66.60, 55.38, 25.07; ESI-MS (MeOH): m/z (Calc): C₂₁H₂₁FeO₃ [M]⁺ 392.09; found: 392.16.





Figure S18. ¹³C NMR (125 MHz, DMSO- d_6 , δ in ppm, 298K) spectrum of Compound 1



Figure S19. Mass Spectrum of Compound 1