Supporting information for

Co-doped g-C₃N₄ nanotubes decorated separators mediate polysulfide redox for high performance lithium sulfur batteries

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Fig. S1. STEM-EDX mapping of Co-TCN



Fig. S2. XPS spectra of full spectrum for Co-TCN sample.



Fig. S3. Diagram of elucidated by exchange current measurements using linear scanning voltammetry (LSV) with a Li_2S_6 solution in a three-electrode cell.



Fig. S4. N₂ adsorption/desorption isotherms of g) CN and h) Co-TCN. i) Conductivity of CN and Co-TCN.



Fig. S5. Cycling performances of Co-TCN with high loading at current density of 1 C.



Fig. S6. Cycling performances of Co-TCN assembled Li-S pouch cell at 0.2 C.



Fig. S7. Discharge-charge profiles of Co-TCN assembled Li-S pouch cell at 0.2 C.



Fig.S8. Photographs of the glass cells with Li_2S_6 in DOL/DME solution and pure DOL/DME solvent in the left and right chambers, respectively, separated by pp, CN@PP or Co-TCN@PP.

Table S1. The setup parameter of coin cells and pouch cells.

Coin cell test information		
Active material	Cathode: Sulful (1675 mAh/g)	
Additive	Ketjenblack	
Binder	PVDF	
Electrolyte	1M LiTFSi and 1wt% LiNO ₃ in DOL	
	and DME (v:v,1:1)	
Current collector	Al	
Separator	Co-TCN@PP	
Pouch cell test information		
	Anode: Li	
	Cathode: S/KB	
Comments	We tested both pouch cells and coin	
	cells. The S loading was controlled to 1	
	mg/cm ² .The highest can reach to 5.6	
	mg/cm ² . The area of the electrode was	
	1.3 cm^2 for coin cell and 4 cm^2 for pouch	
	cell.	
Measurements and Calculations		
1C = 1675 mA/g Capacity = current density*time (h)		
Initial capacity (mAh/g)	863	
Capacity achieved	621	
(mAh/g)		
<i>a</i> rate	2C	
Number of cycles tested	400	
Capacity retention	71%	
Testing temperature	30°C	