

# Simple preparation of in-situ oxidized titanium carbide Mxene for photocatalytic degradation of catechol

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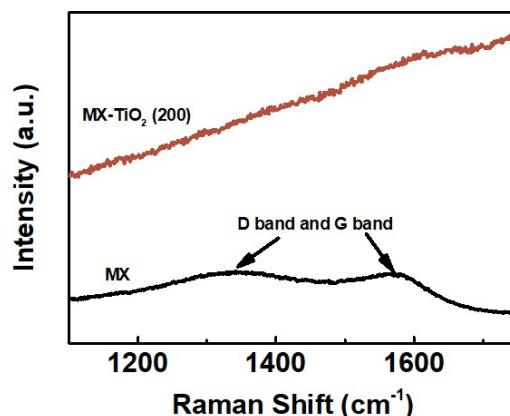


Fig.S1 Raman spectra of as-prepared MX and MX-TiO<sub>2</sub>(200) powder

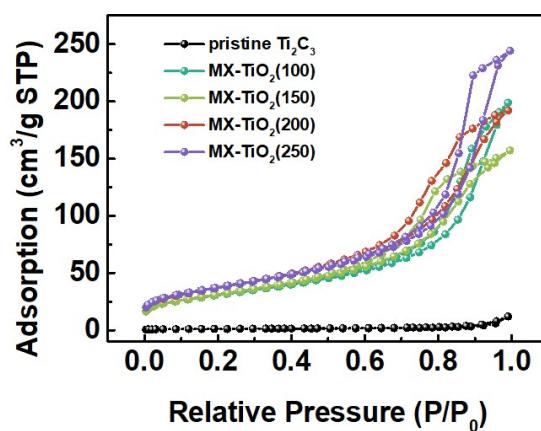


Fig.S2 Nitrogen adsorption-desorption isotherms for as-prepared and H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> treated MX.

**Table S1 The BET surface area of the as prepared MX and H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> treated MX**

Photocatalyst	BET Surface Area (m <sup>2</sup> /g)
MX	4.18
MX-TiO <sub>2</sub> (100)	109.78
MX-TiO <sub>2</sub> (150)	113.59
MX-TiO <sub>2</sub> (200)	135.30
MX-TiO <sub>2</sub> (250)	139.45

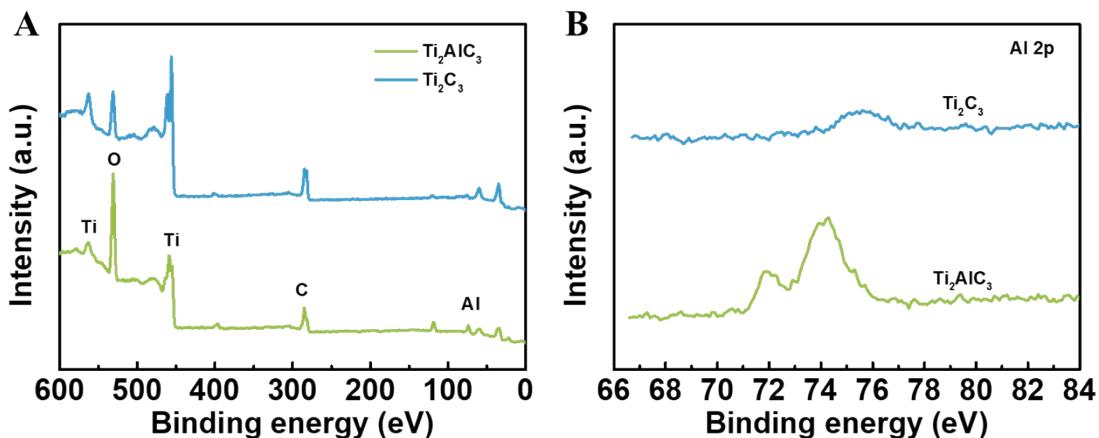


Figure S3 XPS survey spectra (A) and high-resolution XPS spectra of Al 2p (B) for  $\text{Ti}_3\text{AlC}_2$  and  $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2$ .

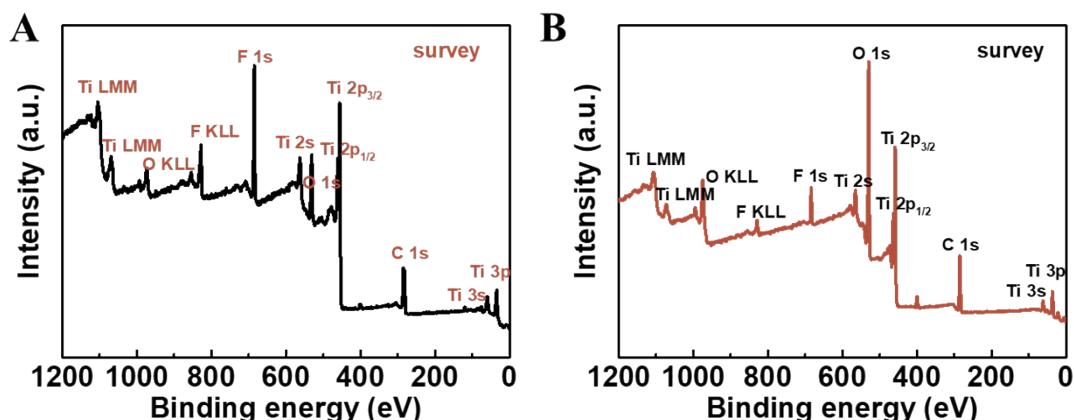


Fig.S4 XPS survey spectra: (A) as-prepared MX; (B) H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> treated MX-TiO<sub>2</sub>(200).

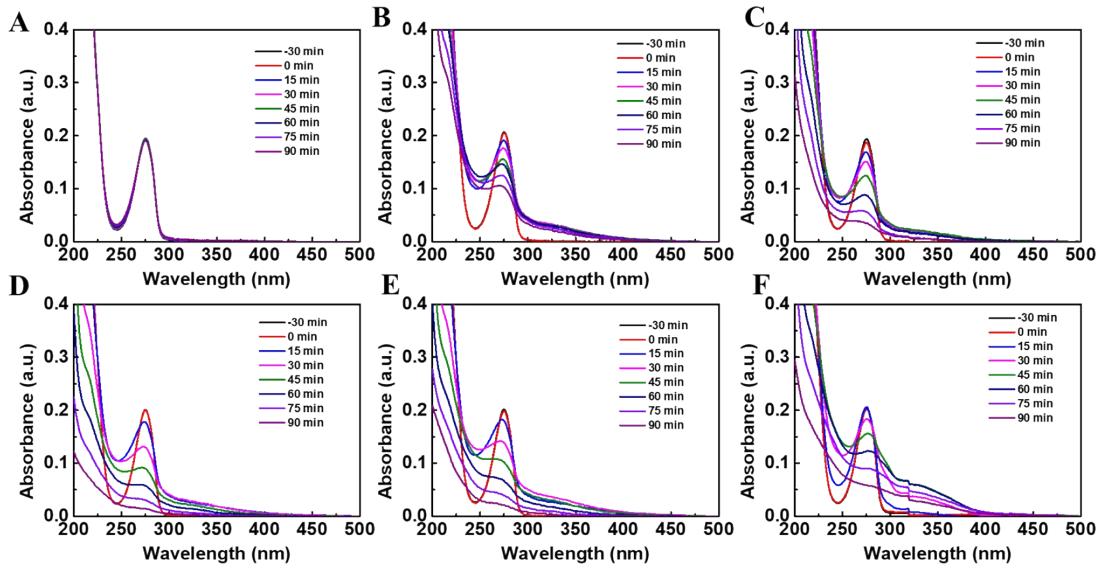


Fig.S5 The as-prepared photocatalysts (A) pristine MX, (B) MX-TiO<sub>2</sub>(100), (C) MX-TiO<sub>2</sub>(150), (D) MX-TiO<sub>2</sub>(200), (E) MX-TiO<sub>2</sub>(250), and (F) TiO<sub>2</sub> UV-vis absorption spectra of the degradation process of CC.

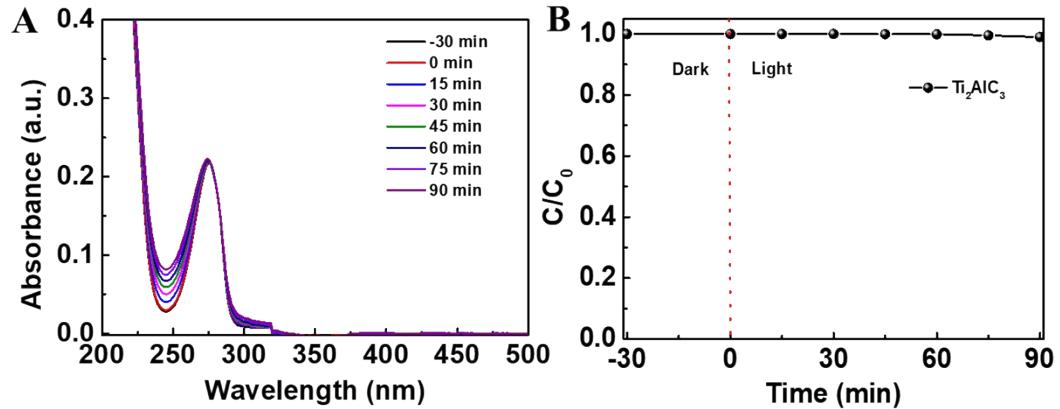


Fig.S6 The as-prepared Ti<sub>2</sub>AlC<sub>3</sub> (A) UV-vis absorption spectra of the degradation process of CC (B) photocatalytic degradation efficiency of CC.

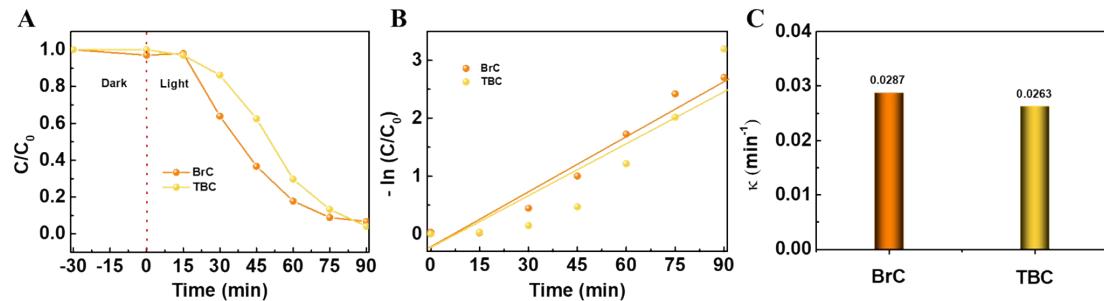


Fig.S7 The MX-TiO<sub>2</sub>(200) (A) photocatalytic degradation efficiency of BrC and TBC; (B) the first-order kinetics of BrC and TBC degradation; (C) the degradation rate constant of BrC and TBC.

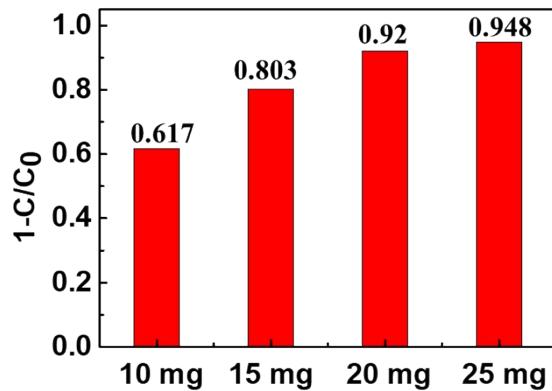


Fig. S8 Different dosage as-prepared photocatalysts photocatalytic degradation of CC.

**Table S2** The calculated degradation rate and Pseudo-first-order kinetic model for catalysts

Photocatalyst	Degradation percentage	Rate constants ( $k; \text{min}^{-1}$ )	$R^2$
MX-TiO <sub>2</sub> (100)	49.7	0.0068	0.99
MX-TiO <sub>2</sub> (150)	81.3	0.0152	0.94
MX-TiO <sub>2</sub> (200)	92.1	0.0243	0.97
MX-TiO <sub>2</sub> (250)	89.6	0.0214	0.97
TiO <sub>2</sub>	71.5	0.0108	0.92

Table S3 Summary of the CC photocatalytic efficiencies of previous compared to this research

photocatalysts	Catalyst mass (mg)	Irradiation time (min)	Degradation efficiency (%)	Ref.
BiOCl	100	120	65	1 <sup>1</sup>
ZnO	20	98	69.8	2 <sup>2</sup>
TiO <sub>2</sub>	50	180	40	3 <sup>3</sup>
Ti <sub>3</sub> C <sub>2</sub> -TiO <sub>2</sub>	20	90	92	This work

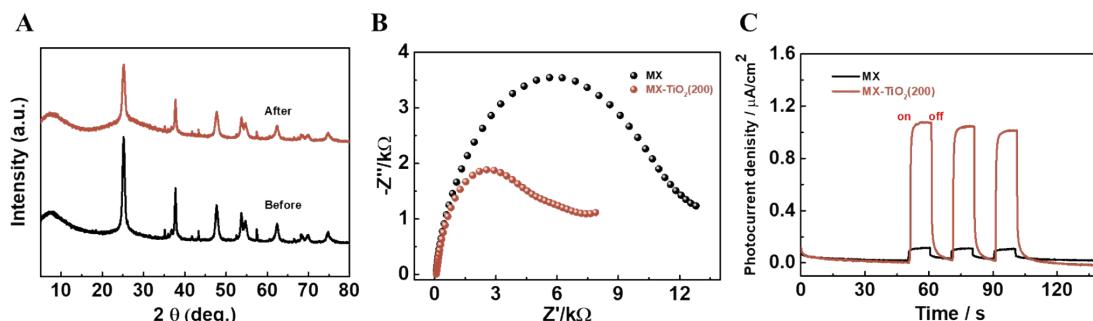


Fig. S9 (A) XRD patterns of before and after used MX-TiO<sub>2</sub>(200) (B) EIS spectra and (C) Photocurrent curves of MX and MX-TiO<sub>2</sub> (200).

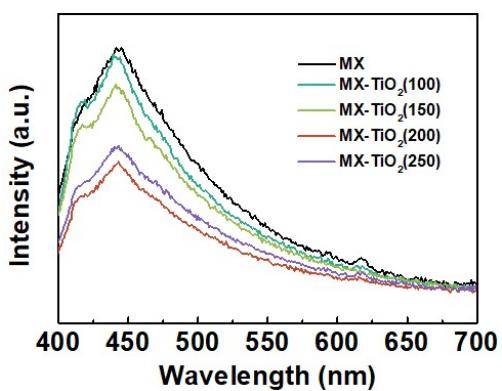


Fig. S10 PL spectra of as prepared and H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> treated MX.

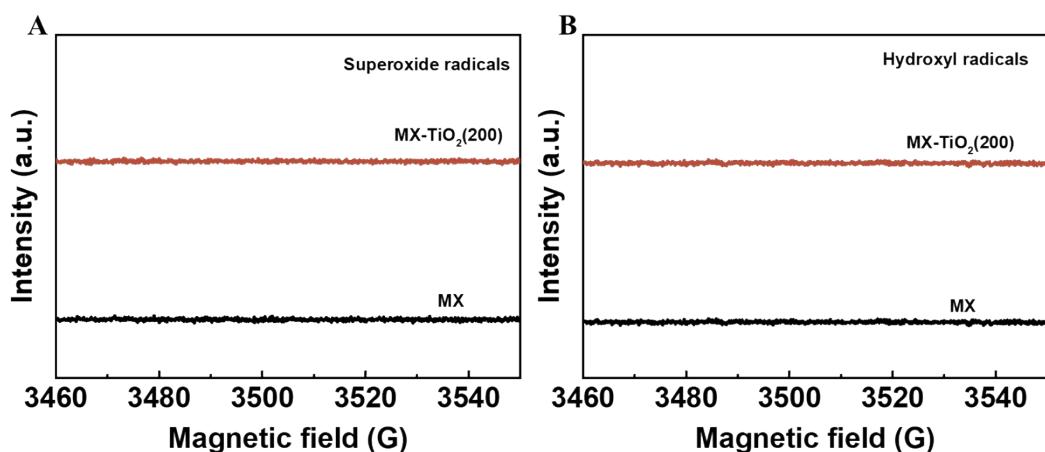


Fig. S11 ESR spectra of radicals trapped by DMPO in the presence of MX and MX-TiO<sub>2</sub>(200) in the dark: DMPO-•O<sub>2</sub><sup>-</sup>(A), DMPO-•OH (B).

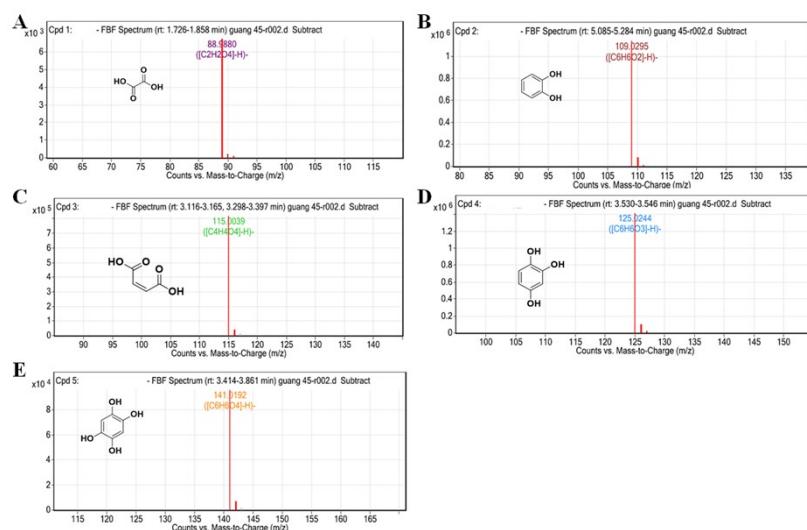


Fig. S12 Fragment chart photocatalytic main intermediate of the 45 min photocatalytic products by HPLC/MS.

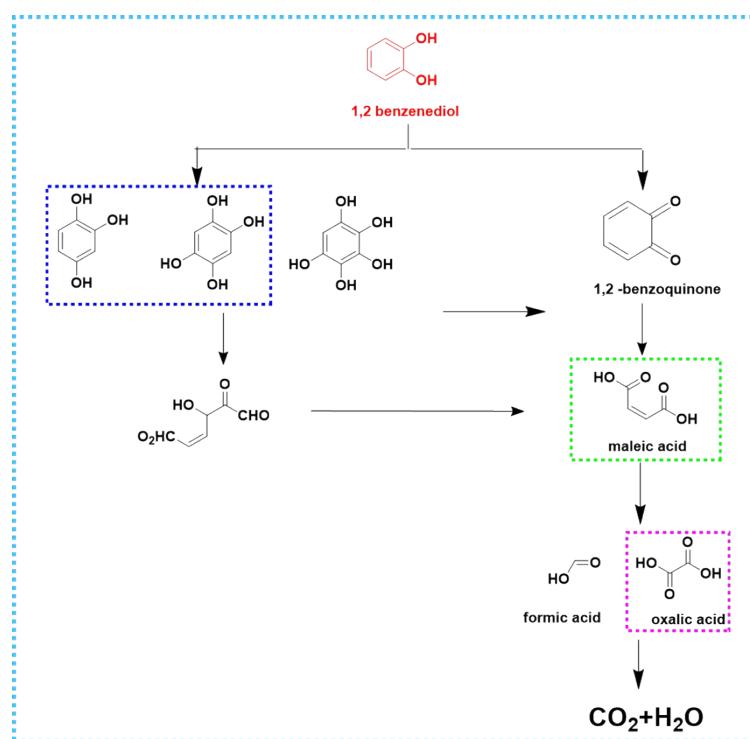


Fig.S13 Proposed photocatalytic degradation pathway of CC under simulated sunlight irradiation (MX-TiO<sub>2</sub>(200)).

## References

1. M. Li, Y. Jin, J. Su and J. Shen, *J. Adv. Oxid. Technol.*, 2017, **20**, 20160193.
2. E. Bazrafshan, T. J. Al-Musawi, M. F. Silva, A. H. Panahi, M. Havangi and F. K. Mostafapur, *Microchem. J.*, 2019, **147**, 643-653.
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