

### Supporting Information

## **A composite approach to synthesize highly performed Pt/WO<sub>3</sub>-Carbon catalyst for optical and electrocatalytic properties**

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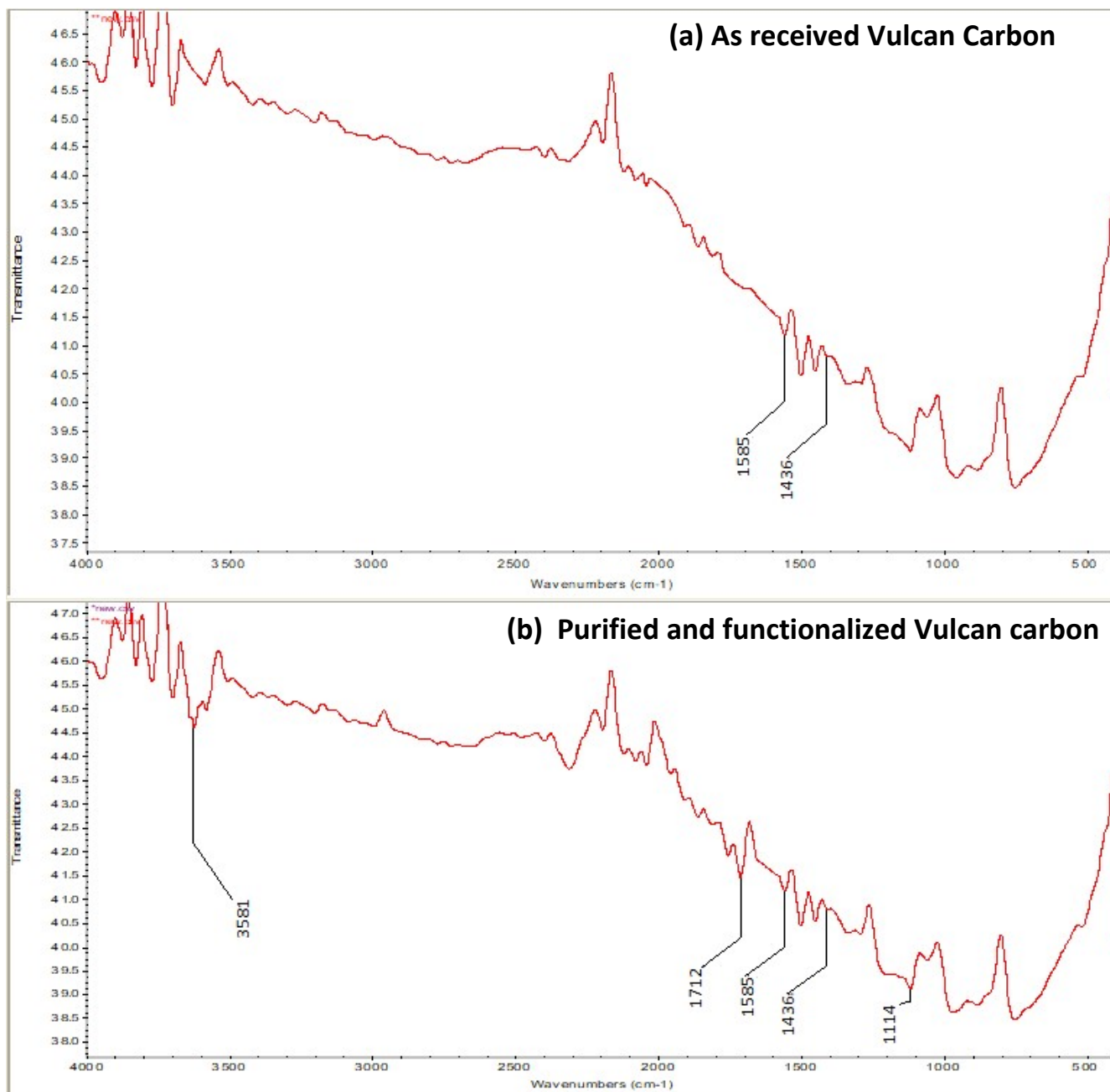
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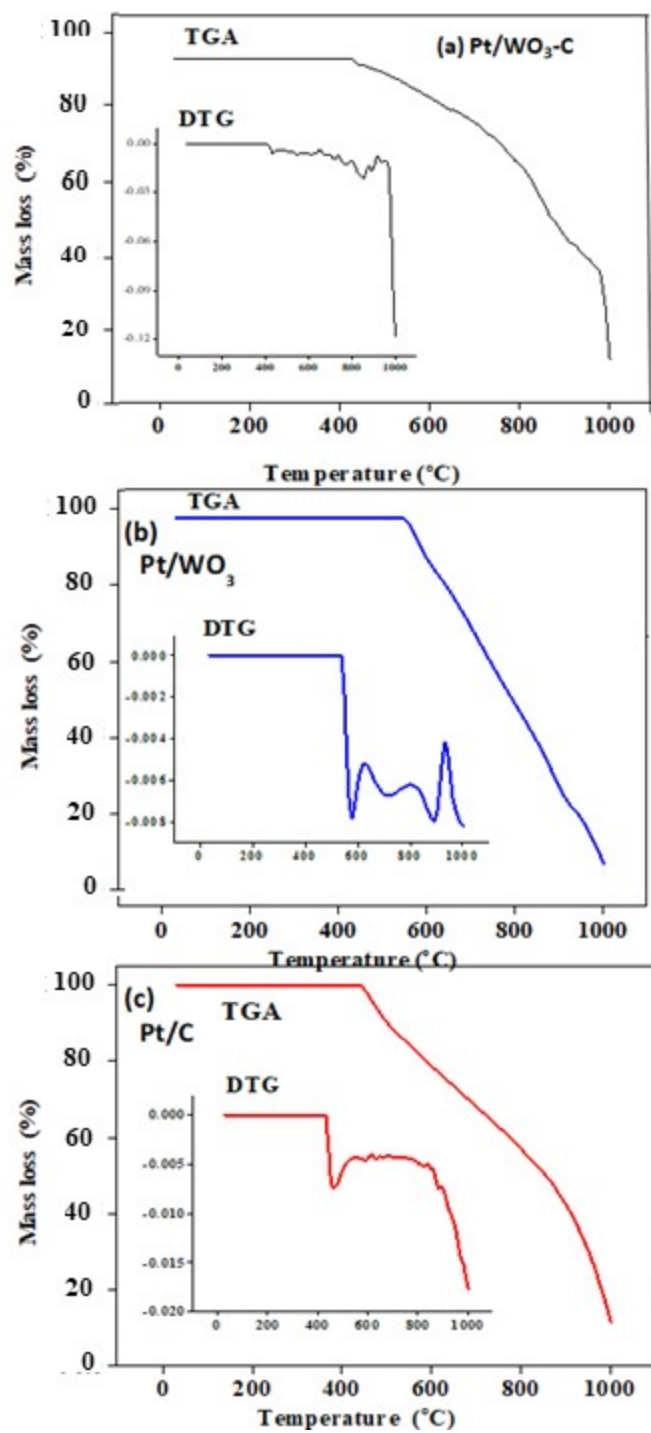
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**Figure S1:** FTIR spectra of as (a) received (b) purified and functionalized vulcan carbon



**Figure S2:** TGA and DTG of Pt-WO<sub>3</sub>/C, Pt/WO<sub>3</sub>, and Pt/C catalysts in air, heating rate 20 °C/min

**Table S1:** Optimization data of Catalysts with different composition having Electrochemical surface area (ECSA) and peak current

<i>Catalyst</i>	<i>%w/w Pt in</i>	<i>%w/w WO<sub>3</sub> in</i>	<i>%w/w C in</i>	<i>ECSA</i>	<i>Peak current</i>
	<i>Catalyst</i>	<i>Catalyst</i>	<i>Catalyst</i>	<i>m<sub>2</sub>/g</i>	<i>mA/cm<sup>2</sup></i>
<i>PWC 1 Pt/WO<sub>3</sub>-C</i>	5	15	80	362	17
<i>PWC 2 Pt/WO<sub>3</sub>-C</i>	10	10	80	498	28
<i>PWC 3 Pt/WO<sub>3</sub>-C</i>	15	5	80	472	26
<i>Pt/WO<sub>3</sub></i>	10	90	n/a	447	12
<i>Pt/C</i>	Pt	n/a	90	132	4

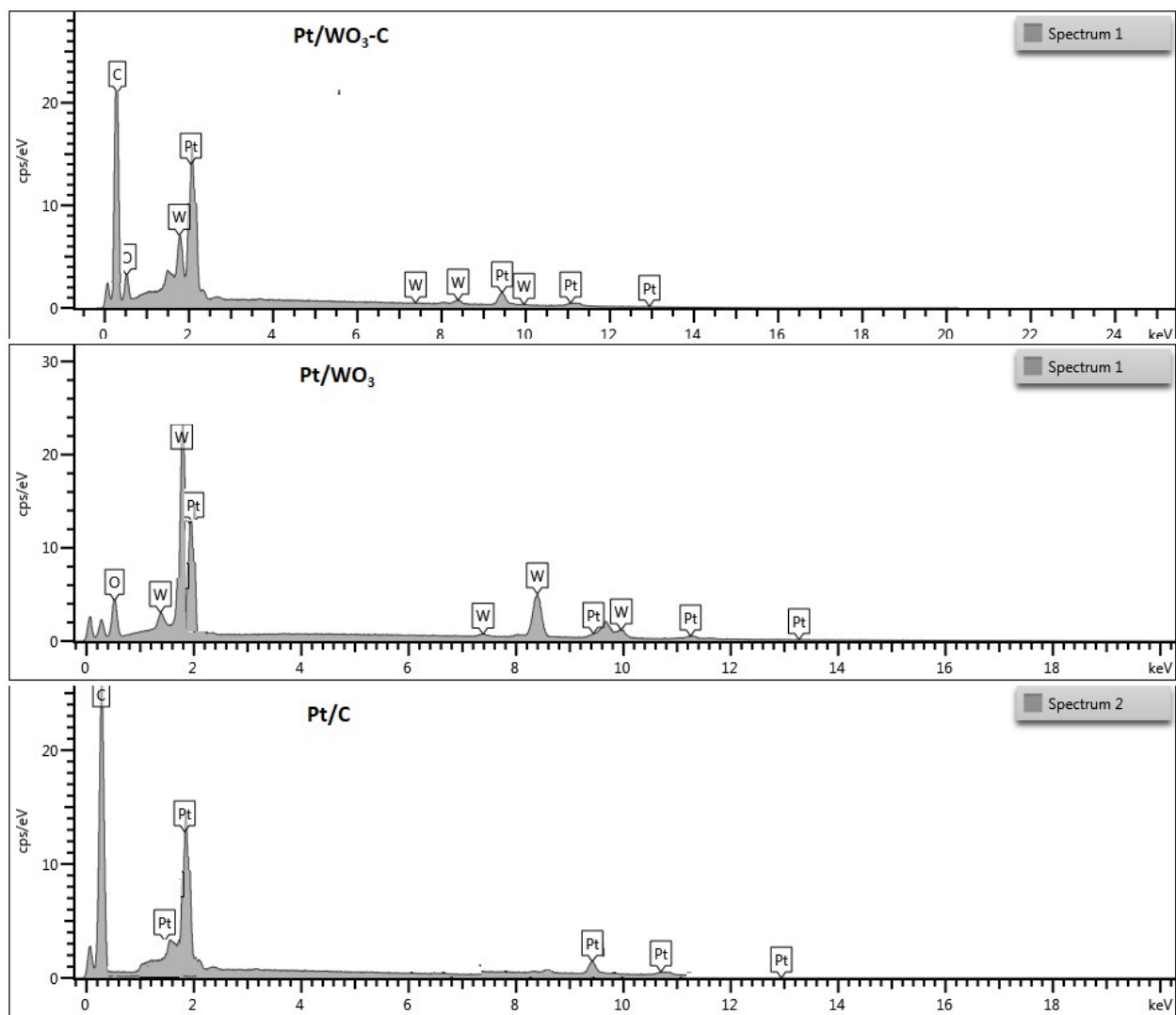


Figure S3: EDX spectra of Pt/WO<sub>3</sub>-C, Pt/WO<sub>3</sub> and Pt/C

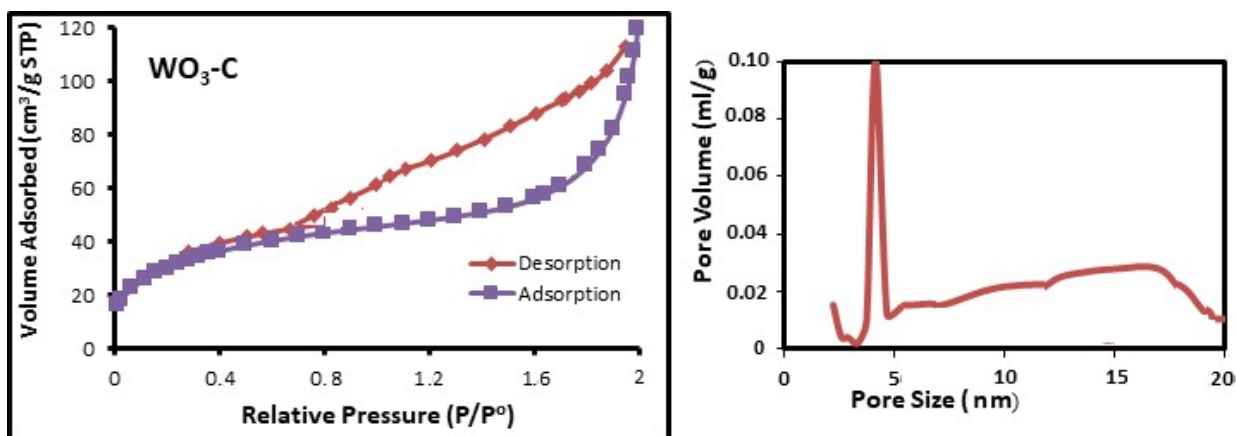


Figure S4: N<sub>2</sub> adsorption-desorption isotherm and (a) pore size distribution curve of WO<sub>3</sub>-C

Table S2: Compositional analysis of catalysts from EDX results

Catalysts	C %	Pt %	W%	O %	Total
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub> -C	78.9	9.28	7.6	4.2	100
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub>	.....	9.31	79	21.0	100
Pt/C	86.0	9.16	.....	4.64	100

Table S3: Electrochemical surface area, Q<sub>Pt-H/C</sub> and Roughness factor from CVs in 1M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> on Pt/WO<sub>3</sub>-C, Pt/WO<sub>3</sub> and Pt/C catalysts

Catalysts	Mass of Pt/mg	Q <sub>Pt-H/ C</sub>	S <sub>ESA</sub> /m <sup>2</sup> ·g <sup>-1</sup>	RSA (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Roughness Factor
Pt/C	0.16	4460	132	21.24	27.10
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub>	0.16	15019	447	71.52	91.10
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub> -C	0.16	16750	498	79.76	101.60

**Table S4:** Activity parameters evaluated from CVs in 1M CH<sub>3</sub>OH + 1M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> on various Pt/WO<sub>3</sub>-C, Pt/WO<sub>3</sub> and Pt/C catalysts.

Catalysts	Peak potential E <sub>p</sub> /V	Peak Current I <sub>p</sub> /(mA)	Specific activity I <sub>s</sub> /mA·cm <sup>-2</sup>	Mass activity I <sub>m</sub> /mA·mg <sup>-1</sup> Pt
Pt/C	0.670	4.87	6.20	30.4
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub>	0.695	12.07	15.4	75.4
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub> -C	0.736	28.75	36.6	180

**Table S5:** Polarization data evaluated from Tafel plots in 1M CH<sub>3</sub>OH + 1M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>

Catalysts	Tafel's slope "b" /(V decade <sup>-1</sup> )	α <sub>n</sub>	Intercept of E vs Log i	i <sup>0</sup> mA·cm <sup>-2</sup>
Pt/C	0.178	0.331	1.049	5.65
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub>	0.321	0.184	1.156	33.8
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub> -C	0.330	0.179	1.176	34.4

**Table S6:** Activity parameters evaluated from CVs in 1M CH<sub>3</sub>OH + 1M KOH on Pt/WO<sub>3</sub>-C, Pt/WO<sub>3</sub>, Pt/C catalysts

Catalysts	Peak potential E <sub>p</sub> /V	Peak Current I <sub>p</sub> /(mA)	Specific activity j/mA·cm <sup>-2</sup>	Mass activity mA/g Pt
Pt/C	-0.153	26.37	33.592	165
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub>	-0.136	27.61	35.172	172
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub> -C	-0.126	43.0	54.777	269

**Table S7:** Polarization data evaluated from Tafel plots in 1M CH<sub>3</sub>OH + 1MKOH.

Catalysts	Tafel's slope“b” /(V decade <sup>-1</sup> )	$\alpha n_a$	Intercept of E vs Log $i$	$i^0$ mA·cm <sup>-2</sup>
Pt/C	0.2107	0.2806	0.0402	41.50
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub>	0.3139	0.1885	0.2180	51.26
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub> -C	0.2859	0.2068	0.1211	60.13

**Table S8:** Rate constants of 1MCH<sub>3</sub>OH in basic medium.

Catalysts	Peak Current Ip/(mA)	Rate Constant $k_{het}/\text{cm.s}^{-1} * 10^{-5}$
Pt/C	26.37	15.7
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub>	27.61	16.1
Pt/WO <sub>3</sub> -C	43.0	22.4

**Table S9:** BET specific surface area and pore volume and pore diameter of WO<sub>3</sub>-C, WO<sub>3</sub> and C

Catalyst Support	BET surface(m <sup>2</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Total pore volume(cm <sup>3</sup> g <sup>-1</sup> )	Average pore diameter(nm)
WO <sub>3</sub> -C	117.75	0.10	4.86 (This work)
WO <sub>3</sub>	76.05	0.189	11.6[1, 2]
C	235	0.67	5.28[3]

## References

- [1] M. Ikram, M.M. Sajid, Y. Javed, A.M. Afzal, N.A. Shad, M. Sajid, K. Akhtar, M.I. Yousaf, S.K. Sharma, H. Aslam, Crystalline growth of tungsten trioxide (WO<sub>3</sub>) nanorods and their development as an electrochemical sensor for selective detection of vitamin C, *Journal of Materials Science: Materials in Electronics*, 32 (2021) 6344-6357.
- [2] L. Horiean, T. Sakonwaree, N. Sirichaiwattananun, P. Rangsunvigit, M. Termtanun, Photodegradation of S-metolachlor using metal oxide doped tungsten oxide under visible light, *Science, Engineering and Health Studies*, (2021) 21040004-21040004.



[3] T. Maiyalagan, T.O. Alaje, K. Scott, Highly stable Pt–Ru nanoparticles supported on three-dimensional cubic ordered mesoporous carbon (Pt–Ru/CMK-8) as promising electrocatalysts for methanol oxidation, *The Journal of Physical Chemistry C*, 116 (2012) 2630-2638.