

## High graphitic porous carbon prepared via K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub>-assisted KOH activation for supercapacitors

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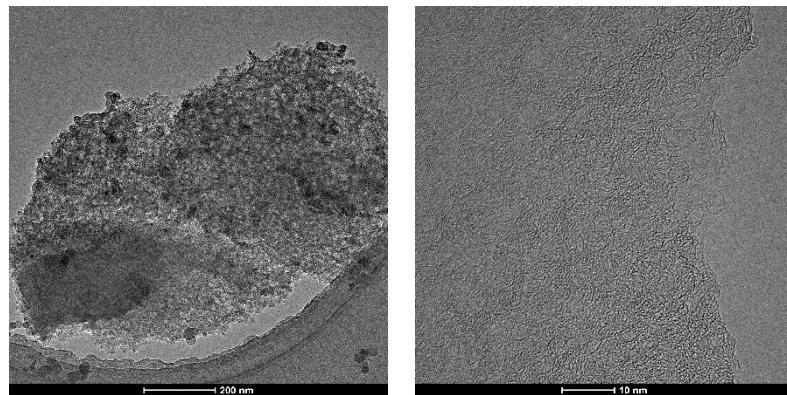
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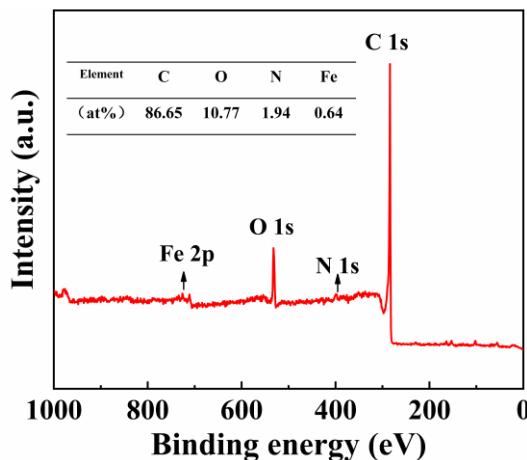
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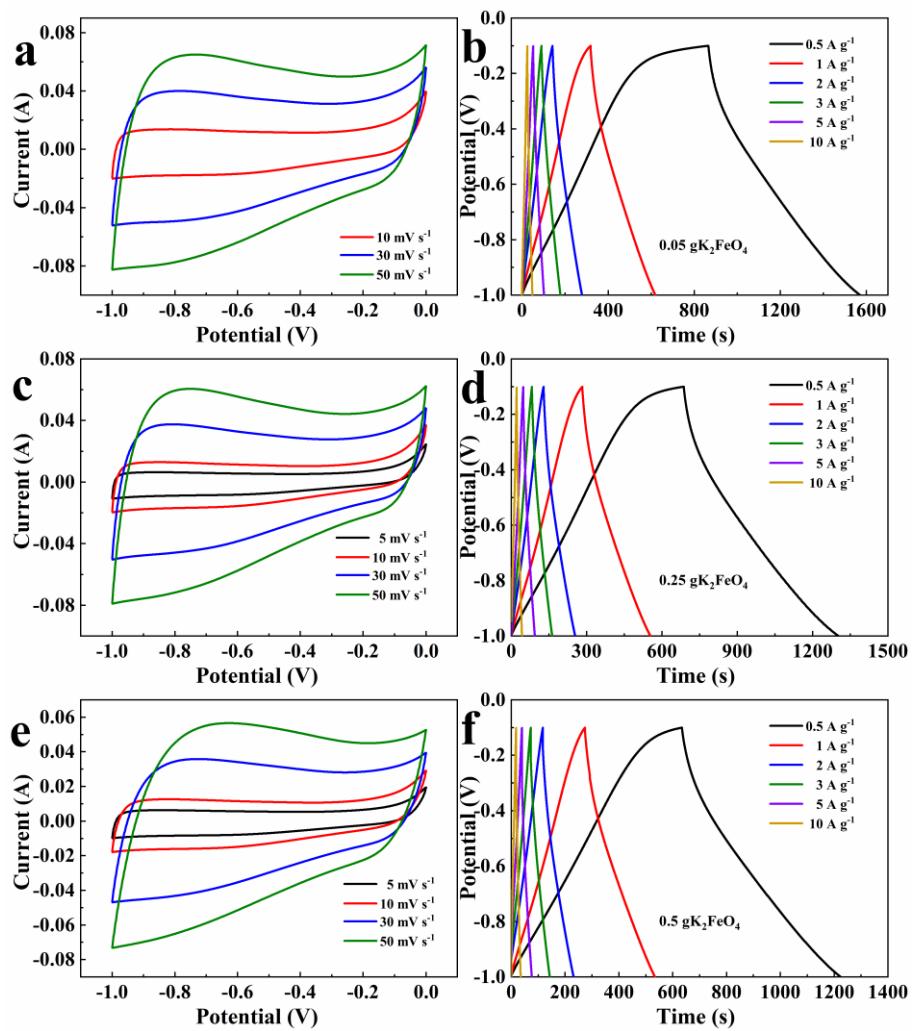
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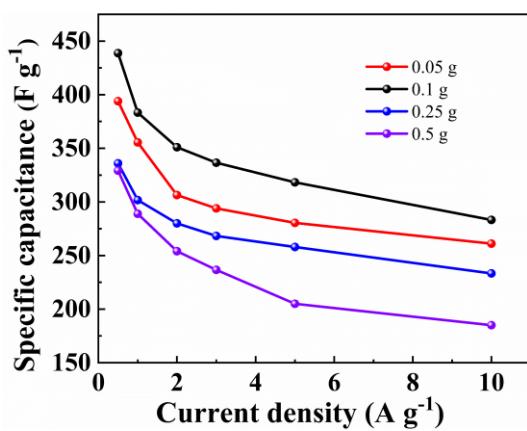
**Fig. S1** TEM images of PC-KOH+K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub>



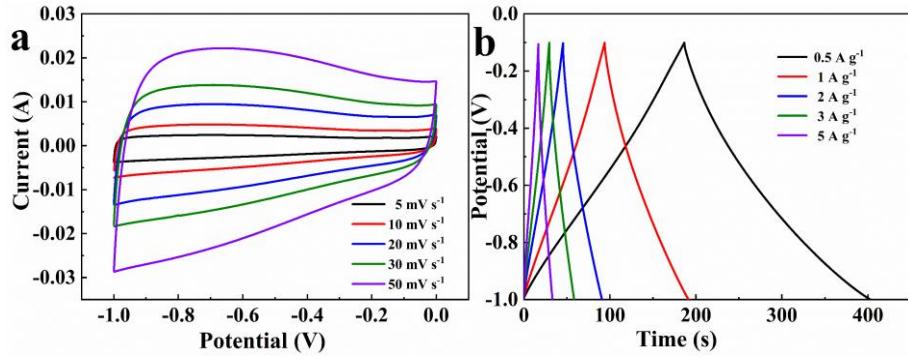
**Fig.S2** XPS survey spectrum



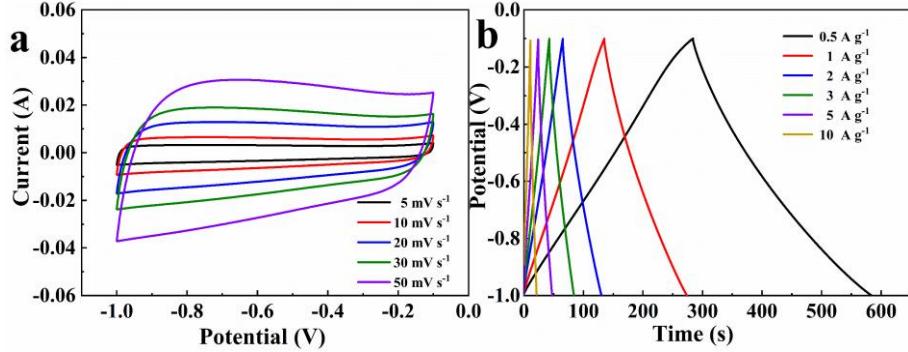
**Fig.S3** Electrochemical performances of PC-KOH+K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> at loading different K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> addition:  
(a) CV curves and (b) GCD curves of loading (a,b) 0.05 g K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub>, (c,d) 0.25 g K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub>, (e,f) 0.5 g K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub>



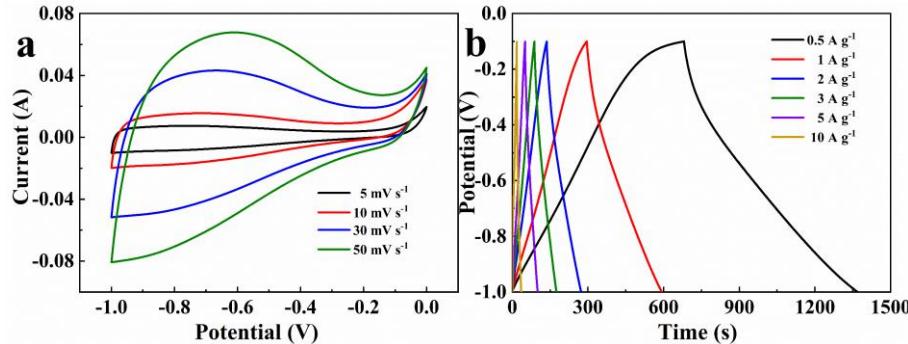
**Fig.S4** Specific capacitance of different loading mass of K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub>



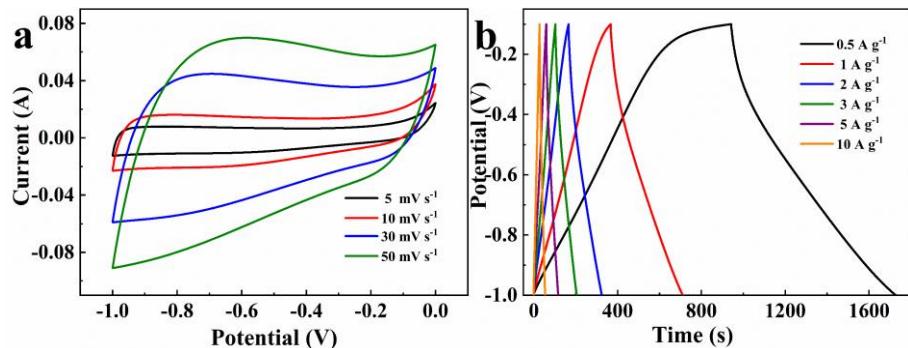
**Fig.S5** Electrochemical performances of PC-Non: (a) CV curves, (b) GCD curves

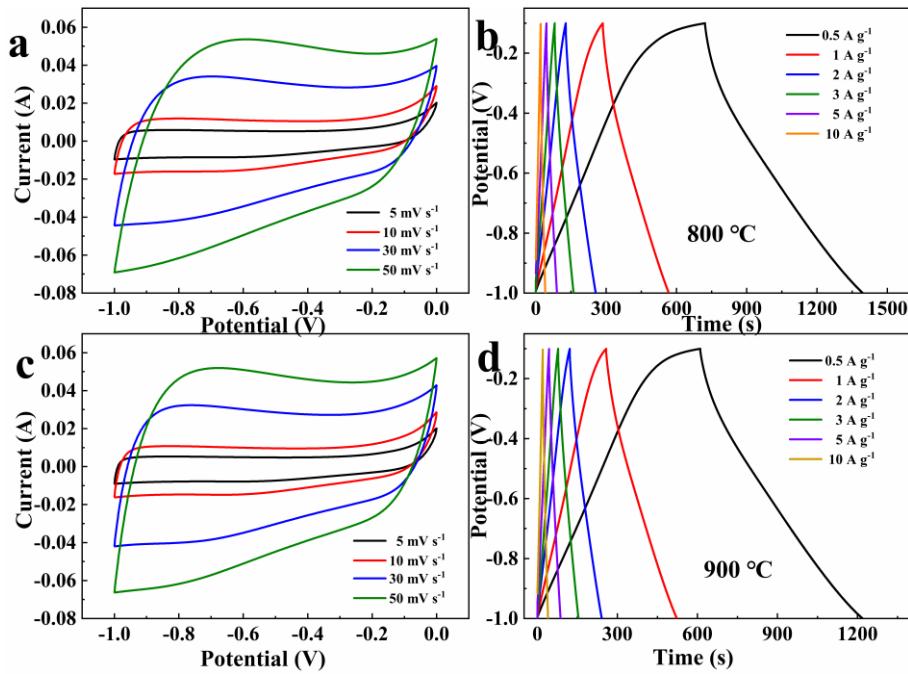


**Fig.S6** Electrochemical performances of PC-K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub>: (a) CV curves, (b) GCD curves

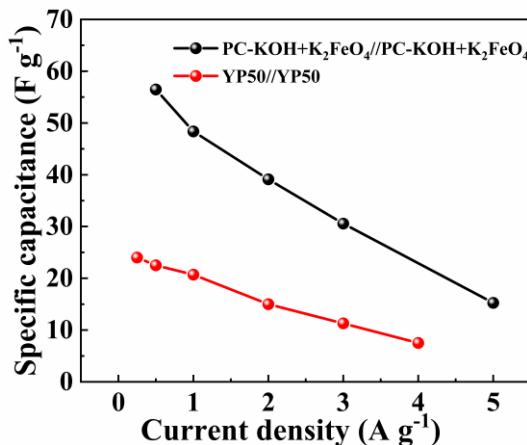


**Fig.S7** Electrochemical performances of PC-KOH: (a) CV curves, (b) GCD curves





**Fig.S9** Electrochemical performances of PC-KOH+K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> at different temperatures: (a) CV curves and (b) GCD curves of PC-KOH+K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> at 800 °C, (c) CV curves and (d) GCD curves of PC-KOH+K<sub>2</sub>FeO<sub>4</sub> at 900 °C



**Fig.S10** Specific capacitances at different current densities of supercapacitor devices

**Table. S1** Summary of energy densities of different devices in reported literature

The device	Energy density (Wh kg⁻¹)	Power density (W kg⁻¹)	Ref
PC-KOH+K <sub>2</sub> FeO <sub>4</sub> //PC-OH+K <sub>2</sub> FeO <sub>4</sub>	19.9	398	<b>This work</b>
YP50//YP50	8.17	205.8	/
ONEPC//ONEPC	9.02	499.6	[1]
N-HNC//N-HNC	15.5	500	[2]
N-BPC//N-BPC	16.75	150	[3]
N-CNF//N-CNF	17.9	850	[4]

## References

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- [4] Y. An, Y. Yang, Z. Hu, B. Guo, X. Wang, X. Yang, Q. Zhang, H. Wu, High-performance symmetric supercapacitors based on carbon nanosheets framework with graphene hydrogel architecture derived from cellulose acetate, **Journal of Power Sources**, 337 (2017) 45-53.