

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI) for New Journal of Chemistry.

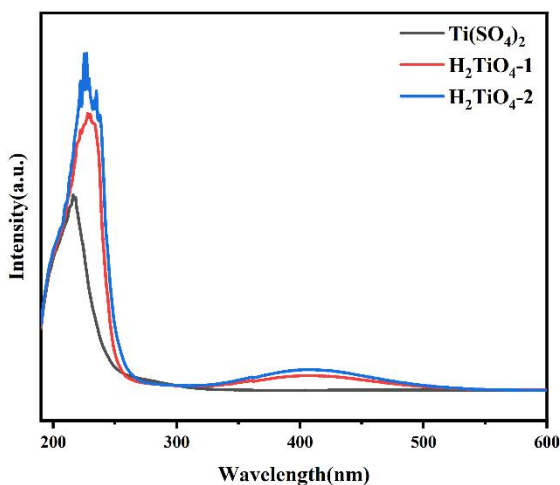
## Supporting Information

### The Enhanced Photocatalytic Properties for H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> Production over Bi/BiOCl Composite

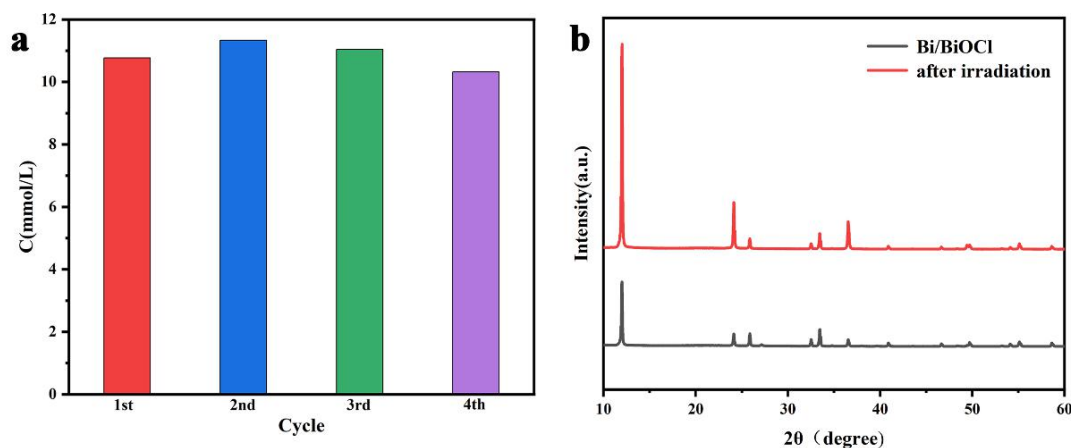
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It can be seen from the figure S1 that pure Ti(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> has no absorption peak at 400nm. The absorption curve of the complex solution after the reaction of Ti(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> was obtained by scanning. It was found that the complex formed a new peak at 400nm(H<sub>2</sub>TiO<sub>4</sub>) and became stronger with the increase of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> concentration.



**Fig. S1** UV-vis absorption spectra for H<sub>2</sub>TiO<sub>4</sub>



**Fig. S2** catalytic stability of Bi/BiOCl (a) and XRD (b) of fresh and reused Bi/BiOCl

In the cycling tests, the main processes were the same as those of photocatalytic  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ -production experiments. After each cycle, in order to reduce the possible loss of photocatalyst, the resulting suspension solution was centrifugated, washed with water for one time and directly re-dispersed in 40 mL of aqueous solution containing 5 vol% formic acid. Then start the next cyclic stability test.

**Table. S1 Comparison of photocatalytic  $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$  production with Different Catalysts**

Catalysts	Dosage (mg)	energy	Reaction solution	$\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$ production $\mu\text{mol/h}$
Pt/ $\text{Bi}_2\text{WO}_6$ <sup>1</sup>	65	150 W Xe arc lamp >400 nm	phenol/water solution	5
Au/ $\text{BiVO}_4$ <sup>2</sup>	50	Xe arc lamp >420 nm	EtOH/water solution	257
$\text{BiOCl}$ <sup>3</sup>	50	150 W Ultrasonic cleaner	water	28
$\text{CoWO}_4/\text{Bi}_2\text{WO}_6$ <sup>4</sup>	50	300 W Xenon lamp with a 420 nm cut-off filter	Water (adjusting the pH with $\text{HClO}_4$ )	<50
xrGO- $\text{BiVO}_4$ <sup>5</sup>	8	Newport solar simulator with an AM 1.5 air filter	Water (PH=3)	<175

This work	50	300 W Xe lamp	HCOOH/water solution	5400
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