Supporting Information

Transmigration of magnetite nanoparticles across the blood-brain barrier in a rodent model: Influence of external and alternating magnetic field

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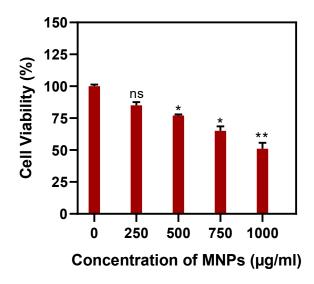


Figure S1: Biocompatibility of the developed MNPs on rat brain bEnd.3 cells (unpaired t test was performed; data represented as mean \pm standard error of the mean; ns represents non-significant; *p<0.01, **p<0.05 were considered statistically significant compared to 0 µg/ml).

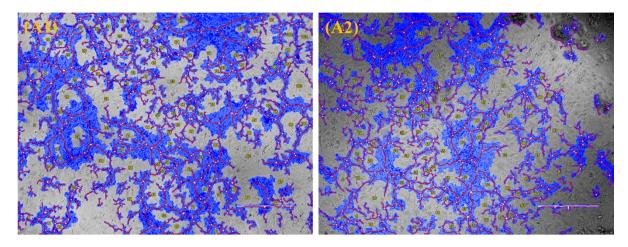


Figure S2. In vitro tube formation in (A1) PBS and (A2) MNPs treated bEnd.3 cells. Scale $bar = 400 \mu m$.

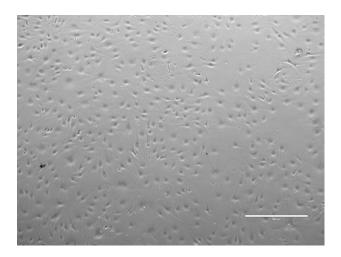


Figure S3. Morphology of bEnd.3 cells grown as monolayer. Scale bar = $400 \mu m$.

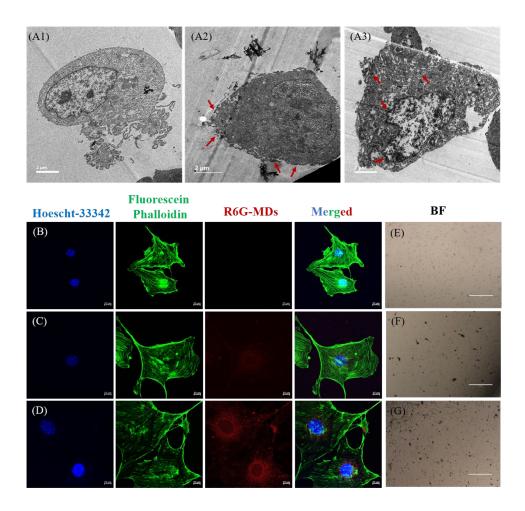


Figure S4. Cell association assay. (A) TEM image analysis of (A1) PBS (Control), (A2) Cells 1 h post-MNPs incubation and (A3) Cells 24 h post-MNPs incubation. Scale bar = 2 μ m. Red arrows indicate the presence of MNPs. (B-D) Confocal microscopy (Scale bar = 10 μ m) and (E-G) Prussian Blue staining (Scale bar = 200 μ m) of bEnd.3 cells treated with (B, E) PBS (Control); (C,F) MNPs alone; (D,G) MNPs under the influence of 1.2 kOe EMF.

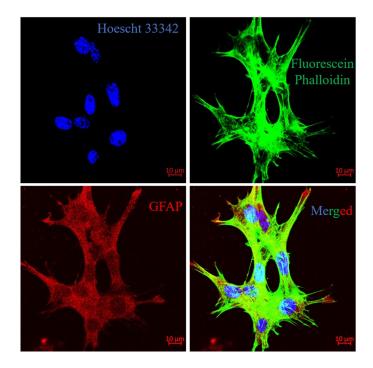


Figure S5. C8-D1A cells. Nuclei is stained blue using Hoescht-33342; cytoskeletal is stained green using Fluorescein phalloidin and astrocytic marker GFAP is presented in red. Scale bar = $10 \mu m$.

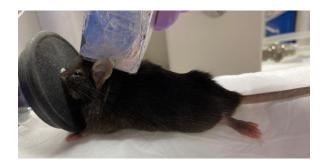


Figure S6. External magnetic field-guided delivery of MNPs across the BBB.

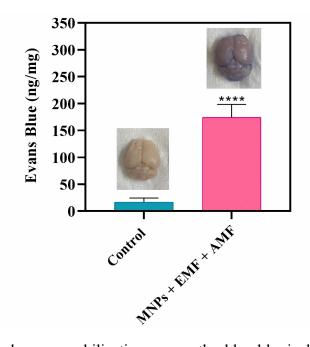


Figure S7. Evans Blue dye permeabilization across the blood-brain barrier following the dual-targeting strategy. ****p<0.0001 were considered statistically significant.

Gene	Forward primer	Reverse primer
ZO-1	5' – TTTTGTCCCACTTGAATCCC - 3'	5' - AGCTCTTGGGTCATGCACTT - 3'
Claudin-	5' – CTTGTTTGCAGAGACCCCAT	5' - CAATGACAGCCATCCACATC
1	- 3'	- 3'
Caudin-5	5'	5' - GTACTTGACCGGGAAGCTGA
	CTGGACCACAACATCGTGAC - 3'	- 3'
GAPDH	5' – AGACAGCCGCATCTTCTTGT	5' - CTTGCCGTGGGTAGAGTCAT
	- 3'	- 3'

Table S1. Sequences of primers used for determining TJ proteins at BBB.