

Supporting Information

Chalcogen (S, Se, and Te) decorated few-layered $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$ MXene hybrids: modulation of properties through covalent bonding

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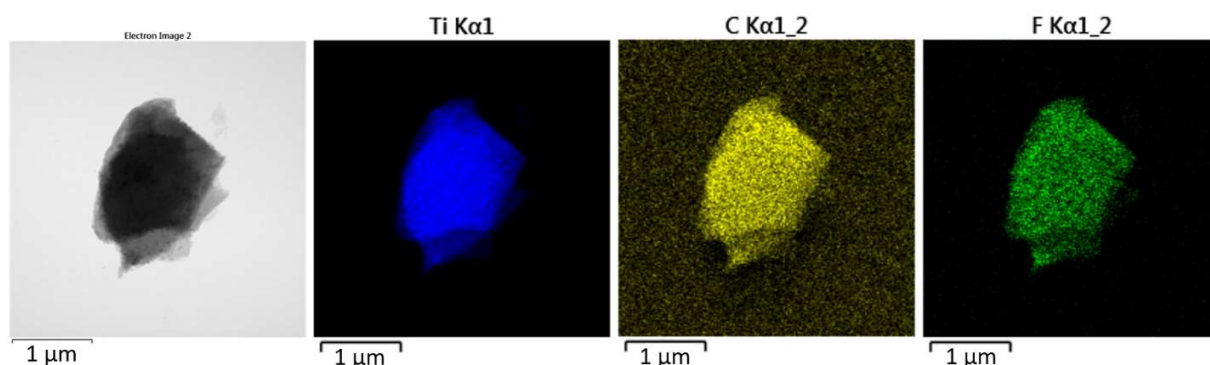


Figure S1. TEM and elemental mappings of synthesized $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$ MXene.

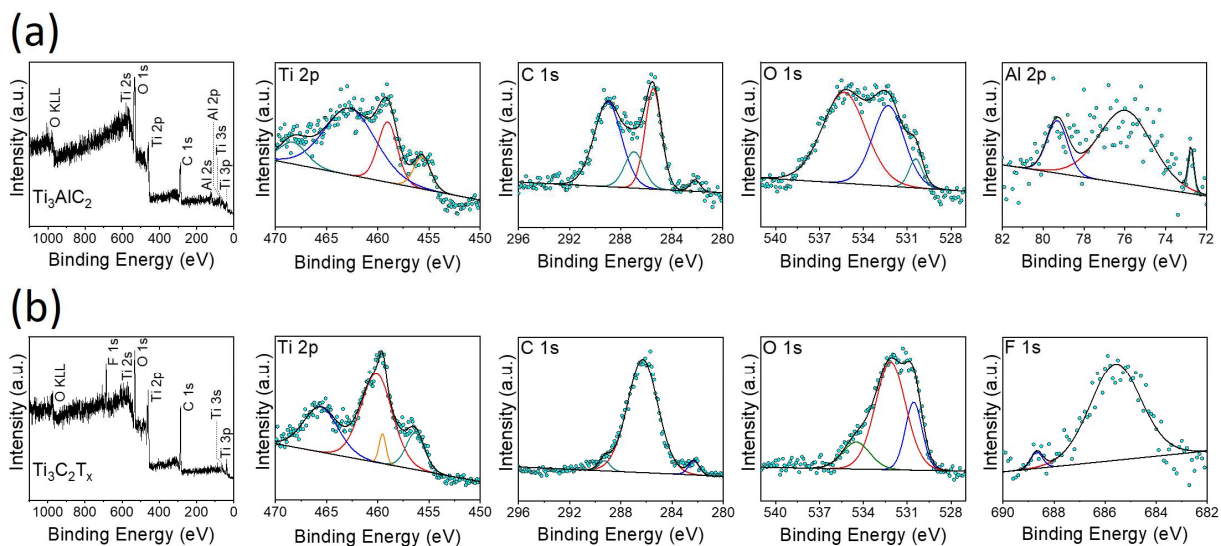


Figure S2. XPS survey and high-resolution spectrums of (a) Ti_3AlC_2 and (b) $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$ samples.

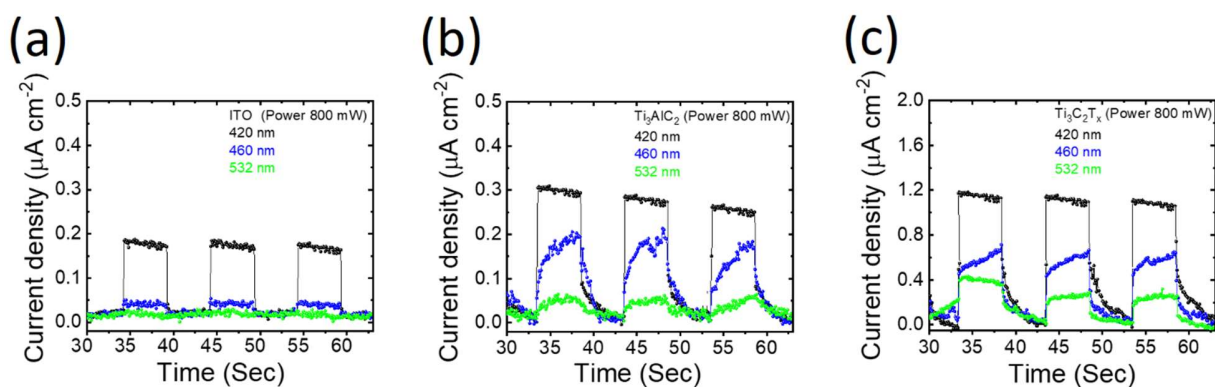


Figure S3. Power dependence of the photocurrent density under the illumination of 420 nm, 460 nm, and 532 nm LED sources in 1 M KOH solution at 1.25 V vs SCE for (a) blank ITO, (b) Ti_3AlC_2 , and (c) $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$ samples.

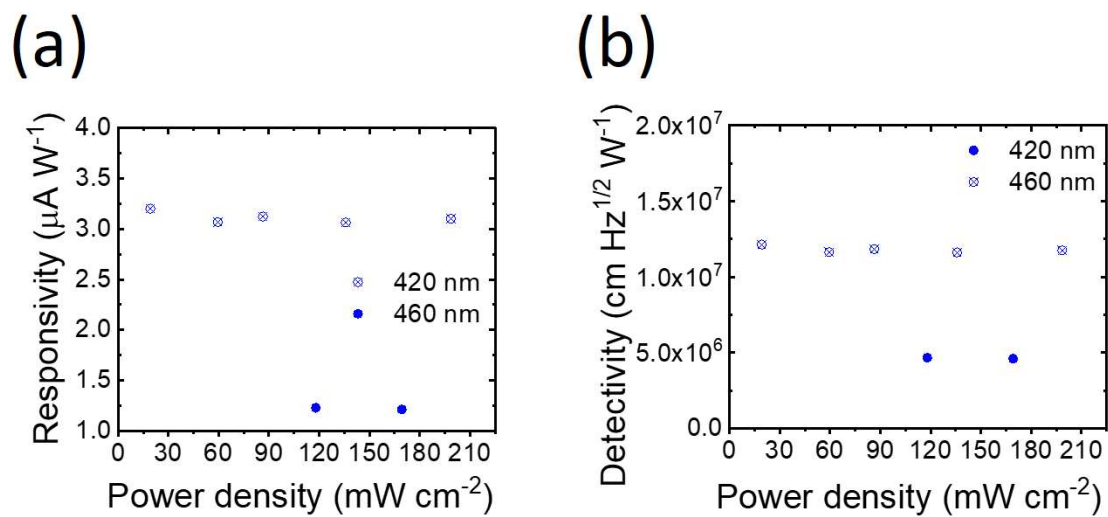


Figure S4. The responsivity (a) and detectivity (b) of blank $\text{Ti}_3\text{C}_2\text{T}_x$ PEC photodetector in 1 M KOH solution as a function of power density upon illumination wavelengths of 420 nm and 460 nm LED sources.