Supporting information for

Cephalotaxine-type and homoerythrina-type alkaloids with

antiproliferative effects from Cephalotaxus fortunei

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General experimental procedures

The HRESIMS data were performed on the Bruker micro-TOFQ-Q mass spectrometer. The NMR spectra data were measured on a Bruker NMR spectrometer (600 MHz). ECD spectra were measured on a Bio-Logic Science MOS-450 spectropolarimeter. Optical rotations were measured with an Anton Paar MCP 200 polarimeter. UV spectra were recorded on a Shimadzu spectrophotometer with a model UV-1700. Silica gel (200–300 mesh, Qingdao Haiyang Chemical Co., Ltd., Qingdao, PR China), ODS (50 μ m, YMC Co. Ltd., Kyoto, Japan), Sephadex LH-20 (GE Healthcare, Uppsala, Sweden). TLC analyses were carried out on silica gel plates (GF254, Qingdao Haiyang Chemical Co., Ltd., Qingdao, PR China). X-ray crystallographic analysis was performed on a Bruker PHOTON-II detector (Bruker Biospo Rheinstetten, Germany). Semi-preparative HPLC was performed on YMC ODS-A column (250 × 10 mm I. D., 5 μ m) equipped with Shimadzu SPD-20A UV-Vis detector and LC-6AD pump.

Plant material

The twigs and leaves of *C. fortunei* were purchased from Zhenyuantang Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd., Bozhou City, Anhui Province, PR China, in August 2017. The seeds of *C. fortunei* were purchased from Futaba Seed Company, Wuxi City, Jiangsu Province, PR China, in August 2017. The plant species were identified by Assoc. Prof. Jiuzhi Yuan, School of Traditional Chinese Medicine, Shenyang Pharmaceutical University, PR China. The plant specimens (voucher no. SJS-201708-3 and SJS-201708-4) were deposited at Key Laboratory of Structure-Based Drug Design & Discovery, Ministry of Education, Shenyang Pharmaceutical University, PR China.

Extraction and isolation

The dried twigs and leaves of *C. fortunei* (45.8 kg) were extracted with 75% EtOH (400 L) three times for two hours each time. After removal of the solvent, the crude extract (6.45 kg) was dissolved in 3% HCl (12 L) solution to pH 2–3 and filtered to obtain a precipitate and an acidic filtrate, respectively. The acidic aqueous solution was partitioned with CH_2Cl_2 (30 L) to afford part C (20 g). Then the acid

aqueous solution was basified with solid Na_2CO_3 to pH 9–10 and extracted again with CH_2Cl_2 to afford part A (30 g). The above-mentioned precipitate was suspended in water and adjusted to the neutral pH with anhydrous sodium carbonate, which was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 to obtain part B (105 g).

Part A was subjected to an ODS open column chromatography with MeOH-H₂O (10:100–100:0, v/v) to give six fractions (AI-AV). Fraction AI (5.0 g) was separated by column chromatography (CC) over silica gel, and eluted with CH₂Cl₂-MeOH (100:0-0:100, v/v) to give subfractions AI-1-AI-6. Fraction AI-1 (3.0 g) was isolated by silica gel CC eluted with CH₂Cl₂-MeOH (100:0–0:100, v/v) to give subfractions AI-1-1–AI-1-8. **30** (500.0 mg) was precipitated as crystals from fraction AI-1-1 (1 g) and the remaining mother liquid was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (39:61, containing 0.005% diethylamine (DEA)) to yield **8** (9.0 mg, t_R 55.0 min). Fraction AI-1-2 (1.0 g) was isolated by silica gel CC eluted with CH₂Cl₂-MeOH (100:0-0:100, v/v) to give subfractions AI-1-2-1-AI-1-2-6. 9 (18.0 mg) was precipitated as crystals from fraction AI-1-2-1 (100 mg). Fraction AI-1-4 (300 mg) was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (35:65, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain 14 (100.0 mg, t_R 16.0 min), and 1 (20.0 mg, t_R 26.0 min). 14a (3.0 mg) was precipitated as crystals from fraction AI-1-6 (100 mg) and 13 (5.5 mg) was obtained as crystals from fraction AI-1-7 (100 mg). Fraction AII (1.0 g) was isolated by silica gel CC eluted with petroleum ether-ethyl acetate (100:10–0:100, v/v) to give subfractions AII-1-AII-6. Fraction AII-1 (200 mg) was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (35:65, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain 10 (5.0 mg, t_R 38.0 min), and 22 (3.0 mg, t_R 45.0 min). Fraction AII-2 (100 mg) was purified on a Sephadex LH-20 column (eluted with MeOH) to obtain 21 (5 mg). Fraction AII-3 (1.0 g) was separated by silica gel CC eluted with CH_2Cl_2 -acetone (100:0–0:100, v/v) to give subfractions AII-3-1-AII-3-5. Fraction AII-3-1 (100 mg) was purified on a Sephadex LH-20 column (eluted with MeOH) to obtain 20 (10 mg). 5 (100.0 mg) was crystallized from fraction AIII (1.2 g). Fraction AIV (1.5 g) precipitated crystals (MeOH) to obtain 24 (150 mg).

Part B was separated by CC over silica gel eluted with CH₂Cl₂-MeOH (100:0– 0:100, v/v) to give subfractions BI-BV. Fraction BV (4.5 g) was separated by silica gel CC and eluted with CH₂Cl₂-MeOH (100:0-0:100, v/v) to give subfractions BV-1-BV-6. 7 (20.0 mg) was crystallized from fraction BV-1 (800 mg) and the remaining part was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (33:67, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain 6 (56.0 mg, t_R 70.5 min). Fraction BV-2 (600 mg) was subjected to an ODS CC (MeOH-H₂O, 10% to 100%, v/v) to give five fractions (BV-2-1-BV-2-5). Fraction BV-2-1 (200 mg) was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (60:40, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain 23 (3.0 mg, t_R 25.0 min) and 4 (2.0 mg, t_R 29.0 min). Fraction BV-2-2 (50 mg) was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (40:60, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain 3 (2.0 mg, t_R 16.5 min). Fraction BV-3 (100 mg) was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (45:55, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain 2 (5.0 mg, t_R 45.2 min). Fraction BV-3 (300 mg) was separated by CC over silica gel eluted with CH₂Cl₂-MeOH (100:0-0:100, v/v) to give subfractions BV-3-1-BV-3-5. Fraction BV-3-1 (85 mg) yielded 31 (3.0 mg) by recrystallization (MeOH).

The seed kernels of *C. fortunei* (15.0 kg) were immersed and degreased with petroleum ether (90 L) at room temperature to obtain 6.3 kg of defatted seed kernels. Defatted seed kernels were extracted with 85% EtOH and concentrated by refluxing to obtain 1146 g of EtOH extract. The extract was suspended in water and extracted with petroleum ether to obtain part D (247 g). The aqueous layer was adjusted to pH 2–3 by adding 2–3% HCl (3 L) and filtered to obtain acid aqueous solution and precipitate. The aqueous acid solution was extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (40 L) to obtain part E (43 g), and then was adjusted to pH 9–10 with solid Na_2CO_3 and extracted with CH_2Cl_2 (80 L) again to obtain part F (152 g).

Part F was subjected to a silica gel CC eluted with CH_2Cl_2 -MeOH (100:0–0:100, v/v) to give six fractions (FI-FVI). Fraction FII (5.0 g) was separated by CC over silica gel, and eluted with petroleum ether-ethyl acetate (100:0–0:100, v/v) to give subfractions FII-1–FII-7. Fraction FII-3 was separated on an ODS column with MeOH-H₂O (10:100–100:0, v/v) to give six fractions (FII-3-1–FII-3-6). Fraction FII-

3-1 was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (18:82, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain 18 (0.8 mg, t_R 71.0 min). 26 (3.8 mg) was precipitated as crystals from fraction FIII and the remaining mother liquid was separated on an ODS column (MeOH-H₂O, 10% to 100%, v/v) to obtain five fractions FIII-3-1-FIII-3-5. Fractions FIII-3-1 was separated by silica gel CC and eluted with CH₂Cl₂-MeOH (100:0–0:100, v/v) to give subfractions FIII-3-1-1-FIII-3-1-2. 19 was precipitated as crystals from fractions FIII-3-1-1. 29 was precipitated as crystals from fraction FIII-3-2. Fraction FIII-3-2 was purified on a Sephadex LH-20 column (eluted with MeOH) to obtain six fractions (FII-3-2-1-FII-3-2-6). Fraction FII-3-2-6 was isolated by semipreparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (48:52, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain 25 (8.3 mg, t_R 20.0 min) and 12 (1.8 mg, t_R 26.0 min). Fraction FIV was separated on an ODS column (MeOH-H₂O, 10% to 100%, v/v) to obtain five fractions FIV-1–FIV-6. Fraction FIV-2 was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (40:60, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain 27 (5.4 mg, t_R 34.0 min). FIV-4 was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (40:60, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain 17 (2.6 mg, t_R 39.0 min), 15 (2.5 mg, t_R 42.0 min) and 28 (5.1 mg, t_R 63.0 min). FIV-5 was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (41:59, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain 11 (12.0 mg, t_R 27.0 min) and 16 (11.0 mg, t_R 50.0 min). FIV-6 was isolated by semi-preparative HPLC with MeOH-H₂O (50:50, containing 0.005% DEA) to obtain **32** (4.5 mg, t_R 50.0 min).

Spectroscopic data of compounds

Cephalofortunine A β -N-oxide (1): colorless needle crystal; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ + 45.0 (*c* 0.3, CH₃OH); UV (CH₃OH) λ_{max} (log ε) 209 (5.08), 238 (3.12), 280 (1.63) nm; ECD (CH₃OH) λ_{max} ($\Delta \varepsilon$) 209 (+10.08), 228 (-15.02), 249 (+20.06), 282 (-13.9) nm; ¹H and ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) see Table 1; HRESIMS *m*/*z* 378.1927 ([M+H]⁺, calcd. 378.1911, C₂₀H₂₇NO₆).

Cephalofortunine A (**2**): colorless solid; $[\alpha]_D{}^{20} + 51.6$ (*c* 0.3, CH₃OH); UV (CH₃OH) λ_{max} (log ε) 208 (5.66) nm, 233 (3.60), 280 (1.88) nm; ECD (CH₃OH) λ_{max} ($\Delta \varepsilon$) 218 (-9.82), 242 (-29.80), 279 (-10.80) nm; ¹H and ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) see Table 1; HRESIMS *m/z* 362.1970 ([M+H]⁺, calcd. 362.1962, C₂₀H₂₇NO₅).

Cephalofortunine B (**3**): colorless solid; $[\alpha]_D{}^{20} + 15.0$ (*c* 0.05, CH₃OH); UV (CH₃OH) λ_{max} (log ε) 206 (5.08), 233 (3.07), 283 (1.62) nm; ECD (CH₃OH) λ_{max} ($\Delta \varepsilon$) 212 (+22.08), 227 (-7.20), 243 (+7.92) nm; ¹H and ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) see Table 1; HRESIMS *m*/*z* 348.1794 ([M+H]⁺, calcd. 348.1805, C₁₉H₂₅NO₅).

Fortuneicyclidin C (11): colorless solid; $[\alpha]_D{}^{20} - 31.0$ (*c* 0.23, CH₃OH); UV (CH₃OH) λ_{max} (log ε) 294 (0.20), 241 (0.18), 205 (1.63) nm; ECD (CH₃OH) λ_{max} ($\Delta \varepsilon$) 219 (-11.5), 241 (+2.02), 282 (-2.50) nm; ¹H and ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) see Table 2; HRESIMS *m*/*z* 318.1340 ([M+H]⁺, calcd. 318.1336, C₁₇H₂₀NO₅).

Cephalocyclidin B (13): colorless needle crystal; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ – 62.6 (*c* 0.3, CH₃OH); UV (CH₃OH) λ_{max} (log ε) 210 (4.62), 248 (1.98), 294 (1.02) nm; ECD (CH₃OH) λ_{max} ($\Delta \varepsilon$) 230 (-6.36), 252 (+29.80), 292 (-19.02) nm; ¹H and ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) see Table 2; HRESIMS *m/z* 366.1115 ([M]⁺, calcd. 366.1104, C₁₈H₂₁ClNO₅).

11-Deoxycephalofortine B (**15**): colorless needle crystal; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ + 26.0 (*c* 0.2, CH₃OH); UV (CH₃OH) λ_{max} (log ε) 205 (4.83), 239 (1.52), 291 (1.86) nm; ECD (CH₃OH) λ_{max} ($\Delta \varepsilon$) 215 (+7.50), 235 (+5.05), 270 (-5.05), 298 (+2.50) nm; ¹H and ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) see Table 3; HRESIMS *m*/*z* 304.1569 ([M+H]⁺, calcd. 304.1543, C₁₇H₂₂NO₄).

Cephalotine A 3-*O*- β -glucopyranoside (17): colorless needle crystal; $[\alpha]_D^{20}$ – 27.6 (*c* 0.25, CH₃OH); UV (CH₃OH) λ_{max} (log ε) 291 (0.51) nm; ECD (CH₃OH) λ_{max} ($\Delta \varepsilon$) 215 (+4.95), 292 (-6.80) nm; ¹H and ¹³C NMR (DMSO-*d*₆) see Table 3; HRESIMS *m*/*z* 480.1872 ([M+H]⁺, calcd. 480.1864, C₂₃H₃₀NO₁₀).

Single-crystal X-ray crystallographic analysis

The X-ray crystallographic data of compounds **1**, **6** and **13** were acquired on a Bruker APEX-II CCD diffractometer and deposited at the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Center (CCDC, 2179041, 2179042 and 2179045). Detailed parameters are also available in Supporting Information.

Computational methods

The Spartan 14.0 (Wavefunction Inc., Irvine, CA, USA) search using molecular mechanics MMFF was performed for (3R, 5R, 6S, 7S)-2. The low-energy conformers of them were further optimized in the gas phase by semi-empirical method in

Gaussian 09 program package,^{1, 2} which were reoptimized and analysed by using the density functional theory (DFT) at the B3LYP/6-31 G (d, p) level, resulted in no imaginary frequencies. The ECD was calculated using TD-DFT-B3LYP/6-31 G (d, p) level with the CPCM model in methanol solution. The overall calculated ECD curves of all compounds were generated by Boltzmann weighting of their selected low-energy conformers using SpecDis 1.51.³ The ECD spectra of **2**, **3**, **11**, **15** and **17** were calculated in the same method.

Antitumor activity assay

Two human leukemia cell lines (THP-1 and K562) were obtained from the American Type Culture Collection, ATCC (Lockville, MD, USA). The test cells were cultured in RPMI 1640 media (Gibco, New York, USA) supplemented with 10% fetal bovine serum (ExCell Bio), 100 U/mL penicillin, and 100 μ g/mL streptomycin. All cells were cultured at 37 °C in a 5% CO₂ incubator. Antitumor activity was evaluated by the method as described previously.⁴

References

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Qualitative Analysis Report

Data Filename	SJS-ZJ-25-POS.d	Sample Name	Sample28
Sample Type	Sample	Position	P1-D1
Instrument Name	Instrument 1	User Name	
Acq Method	default-20191128-pos.m	Acquired Time	1/10/2020 2:48:26 PM
IRM Calibration Status	Some Ions Missed	DA Method	default.m
Comment			

User Spectra







Figure S2. UV spectrum of 1



Figure S4. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 1 (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6)

ppm



Figure S5. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 1 (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S6. HSQC spectrum of compound 1 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S7. ¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of compound 1 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S8. HMBC spectrum of compound 1 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S9. NOESY spectrum of compound 1 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S10. HRESIMS spectrum of 2







Figure S12. Experimental ECD spectrum of 2



Figure S13. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 2 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S14. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 2 (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S15. HSQC spectrum of compound 2 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S16. ¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of compound 2 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S17. HMBC spectrum of compound 2 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S18. NOESY spectrum of compound 2 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



350

475.3231

m/z

426.2978

450

400

314.1741

300



249.1951

250

0.0



Figure S20. UV spectrum of 3



Figure S21. Experimental ECD spectrum of 3



Figure S22. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 3 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S23. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 3 (150 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



Figure S24. HSQC spectrum of compound 3 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S25. ¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of compound 3 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



9317

04100 MHz

Figure S26. HMBC spectrum of compound 3 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S27. NOESY spectrum of compound 3 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S28. ORTEP drawing of compound 6

Analysis Info				Acquisition Date 6/15/20	021 2:17:15 PM					
Analysis Name	D:\Data\20210615	SJS-CH-9_3_1_676.d								
Method Sample Name Comment	HPLC_MS_pos_w SJS-CH-9	ithout_column.m		Operator Demo User Instrument compact) User act 8255754.20225					
Acquisition Par	ameter									
Source Type Focus Scan Begin Scan End	ESI Not active 50 m/z 1300 m/z	lon Polarity Set Capillary Set End Plate Offset Set Charging Voltage Set Corona	Positive 4500 V -500 V 2000 V 0 nA	Set Nebulizer Set Dry Heater Set Dry Gas Set Divert Valve Set APCI Heater	1.8 Bar 220 °C 8.0 I/min Waste 0 °C					
Intens. x106 0.8 0.6 0.4 0.2										
0.0	0.2 0.4	0.6 0.8 1.0	1.2	1.4 1.6	1.8 Time [mir					





Figure S29. HRESIMS spectrum of 6



Figure S30. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 6 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S31. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 6 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S32. HSQC spectrum of compound 6

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 5.0 mDa / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 136 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 best isotopic matches for each mass) Elements Used: C: 17-17 H: 0-880 N: 0-7 O: 0-200 SZJ-D-12 86 (0.492) 1: TOF MS ES+

															1.10	e+006
100	215.889	4 243	3.8844	256.9152	274.272	1 31	8.1340	358.3	356 39	3.28814	415.21154	37.1938		482.3956	496.4104	4
0-1111	200	220	240	260	280	300	320	340 36	0 380	400	420	440	460	480	500	r m/z
Minimum: Maximum:			5.0	10. 0	-1.5 50.0											
Mass	Calc.	Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Norm	Conf (%)	Formula							
318, 1340	318, 1	341	-0.1	-0.3	8.5	658.2	n/a	n/a	C17 H20 1	05						



Figure S33. HRESIMS spectrum of 11

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Figure S34. UV spectrum of 11



Figure S35. Experimental ECD spectrum of 11



Figure S36. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 11 (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



Figure S37. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 11 (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S38. HSQC spectrum of compound 11 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S39. ¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of compound 11 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S40. HMBC spectrum of compound 11 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)





NAME	SZJ-D-12	
EXPNO	020 2 22	
PROCNO	1	
Date	20211005	
Date_	20211005	h
TTIME	1/.1/	n
INSTRUM	spect	
PROBHD	2150290_0006 (
PULPROG	noesygpphpp	
TD	2048	
SOLVENT	DMSO	
NS	4	
DS	16	
SWH	6009.615	Hz
FIDRES	5.868765	Hz
AO	0.1704436	sec
RG	60.93	
DW	83,200	usec
DE	10 00	USAC
TE	298 0	K
00	0 00007047	Sec
D1	2 00000000	2000
DR	0.80000001	2000
D11	0.03000000	000
D12	0.00002000	000
D16	0.00020000	200
TNO	0.00016640	sec
NDO	0.00010040	Sec
NDU	256	
ID ODO1	200	MIT-
SFOI	600.2021	MHZ
FIDRES	23.4/5060	HZ
SW	10.013	ppm
FnMODE	States-TPPI	
SI	1024	
SF	600.1999993	MHz
WDW	QSINE	
SSB	2	
LB	0.00	Hz
GB	0	
PC	1.00	
SI	1024	
MC2	States-TPPI	
SF	600.2000005	MHz
WDW	QSINE	
SSB	2	
LB	0.00	Hz
GB	0	

Figure S41. NOESY spectrum of compound 11 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)

Qualitative Analysis Report







800 1000 1200 Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)

Figure S43. UV spectrum of compound 13



Figure S44. Experimental ECD spectrum of 13



Figure S45. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 13 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S46. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 13 (150 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



Figure S47. HSQC spectrum of compound 13 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S48. ¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of compound 13 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S49. HMBC spectrum of compound 13 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S50. NOESY spectrum of compound 13 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S51. ORTEP drawing of compound 13



Figure S52. HRESIMS date of 14



Figure S53. UV spectrum of 14



Figure S54. Experimental ECD spectrum of 14



Figure S55. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 14 (CDCl₃/CD₃OD (4:1) at 310 K)



Figure S56. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 14 (CDCl₃/CD₃OD (4:1) at 310 K)



Figure S57. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 14 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S58. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 14 (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S59. HSQC spectrum of compound 14 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S60. ¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of compound 14 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S61. HMBC spectrum of compound 14 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S62. NOESY spectrum of compound 14 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S63. HRESIMS spectrum of 14a



Figure S64. UV spectrum of 14a



Figure S65. Experimental ECD spectrum of 14a



Figure S66. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 14a (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



Figure S67. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 14a (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S68. HSQC spectrum of compound 14a (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S69. ¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of compound 14a (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S70. HMBC spectrum of compound 14a (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S71. NOESY spectrum of compound 14a (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)





Figure S72. The HPLC chromatogram of 14a and 14

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 10.0 PPM / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 2918 formula(e) evaluated with 7 results within limits (up to 50 closest results for each mass) Elements Used: C: 0-100 H: 0-100 B: 0-1 N: 1-1 O: 0-100 S: 0-6 Cu: 0-5 Zn: 0-1 Se: 0-1 Br: 0-8 Ru: 0-1

1202-1-SZJ-D-14 43 (0.258) Cm (34:64) 1: TOF MS ES+

1: TOF MS	ES+												4.040+007
100							304	. 1569					4.948+007
%-													
240.10	⁰⁸⁰ 253.1110		268.1357	274.2	751 286.1	458 3	02.1714	305.1604	16.1569320	.1523 330.3	086338.315	7346.2487	358.2932 m/z
240	250	260	270		280	290	300	310	320	330	340	350	360
Minimum: Maximum:		5.0	10.0	-1.5 50.0									
Mass	Calc. Mass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Norm	Conf(%)	Formula					
304.1569	304.1568 304.1576 304.1578 304.1583	0.1 -0.7 -0.9 -1.4	0.3 -2.3 -3.0 -4.6	2.5 1.5 -1.5 2.5	53.8 63.8 111.7 58.5	0.181 10.154 58.087 4.843	83.47 0.00 0.00 0.79	C12 H23 H C13 H27 H C13 H32 N C14 H26 N	8 N 07 8 N 02 S2 1 Ru 1 04 S				
	304.1549 304.1543 304.1543	2.6	8.5 8.5	2.5 6.5	55.5 113.1 64.6	1.849 59.441 11.018	0.00	C17 H22 N C15 H30 N C16 H23 E	104 Se N 02 S				



Figure S73. HRESIMS spectrum of 15

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Figure S74. UV spectrum of 15



Figure S75. Experimental ECD spectrum of 15



Figure S76. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 15 (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



Figure S77. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 15 (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S78. HSQC spectrum of compound 15 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S79. ¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of compound 15 (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



Figure S81. NOESY spectrum of compound 15 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)

Elemental Composition Report

Single Mass Analysis Tolerance = 5.0 mDa / DBE: min = -1.5, max = 50.0 Element prediction: Off Number of isotope peaks used for i-FIT = 3

Monoisotopic Mass, Even Electron Ions 217 formula(e) evaluated with 1 results within limits (up to 50 best isotopic matches for each mass) Elements Used: C: 23-23 H: 0-60 N: 0-7 O: 0-200 SZJ-D-5A 62 (0.366) 1: TOF MS ES+

	0 20																	4.20	e+006
100	318.30	04	:	362.3254	393.2	930 424	4.1960 438	.3791	480.1872	502.1675	526.42	69 57 0.	4535	590.42	52 _{614.}	4914 6	58.5097	678.48	312
30	0 32) 3	340	360 3	380	400 4	20 440	460	480 5	00 520	540	560	580	600	620	640	660	680	
Minimum Maximum				5.0	10.0	-1.5 50.0													
Mass	Cal	c. M	ass	mDa	PPM	DBE	i-FIT	Norm	n Conf(%	5) Formula	а								
480.1872	2 480	. 187	0	0.2	0.4	9.5	808.0	n/a	n/a	C23 H30	O N 01	0							



Figure S82. HRESIMS spectrum of 17



Figure S83. UV spectrum of compound 17



Figure S84. Experimental ECD spectrum of 17



Figure S85. Experimental ECD spectrum of **17**, and B3LYP/6-31G(d,p)-calculated ECD spectra of the aglycone **17a** and **17b**



Figure S86. ¹H NMR spectrum of compound 17 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S87. ¹³C NMR spectrum of compound 17 (150 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S88. HSQC spectrum of compound 17 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S89. ¹H-¹H COSY spectrum of compound 17 (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6)



Figure S90. HMBC spectrum of compound 17 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)



Figure S91. NOESY spectrum of compound 17 (600 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆)

Chemical formula	CapHarNO
Formula weight	377.42
Temperature	153(2) K
Crystal system	orthorhombic
Space group	P 21 21 21
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 7.0303(2) \text{ Å} \qquad \alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	$b = 9.8072(3) \text{ Å} \qquad \beta = 90^{\circ}$
	$c = 27.1272(8) \text{ Å}$ $\gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	1870.35(10) Å ³
Z	4
Density (calculated)	1.340 g/cm ³
Absorption coefficient	0.815 mm ⁻¹
F (000)	808
Crystal size	0.200 x 0.200 x 0.300 mm
Wavelength	1.54178 Å
Radiation	Cu K α , $\lambda = 1.54178$ Å
Theta range for data collection	4.79 to 72.58°
Index ranges	-8<=h<=8, -12<=k<=11, -31<=l<=33
Reflections collected	13371
Independent reflections	3655 [R(int) = 0.0162]
Data / restraints / parameters	3655 / 0 / 249
Goodness-of-fit on F2	1.033
Final R indices	3621 data; I>2 σ (I) R ₁ = 0.0257, wR ₂ = 0.0679
	all data $R_1 = 0.0261, wR_2 = 0.0681$
Weighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma 2(Fo2) + (0.0379P)2 + 0.4058P]$
	where P=(Fo2+2Fc
	2)/3
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.261 and -0.176 eÅ-3
R.M.S. deviation from mean	0.031 eÅ-3
Flack parameter	0.07(2)

 Table S1. X-ray crystallographic data for 1

Chemical formula	Co.H. NO-
Eormula weight	307 46
Tomporatura	152(2) V
Crustel system	155(2) K
Space group	
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 9.2538(3) A$ $\alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	$b = 9.4315(3) A$ $\beta = 95.7140(10)^{\circ}$
	$c = 11.3689(3) \text{ Å} \gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	987.32(5) Å3
Z	2
Density (calculated)	1.337 g/cm^3
Absorption coefficient	0.834 mm ⁻¹
F (000)	428
Crystal size	0.080 x 0.100 x 0.100 mm
Wavelength	1.54178 Å
Radiation	Cu K α , $\lambda = 1.54178$ Å
Theta range for data collection	3.91 to 72.54°
Index ranges	-11<=h<=11, -11<=k<=11, -14<=l<=13
Reflections collected	16388
Independent reflections	3850 [R(int) = 0.0207]
Data / restraints / parameters	3850 / 1 / 274
Goodness-of-fit on F2	1.047
Final R indices	3797 data; I>2 σ (I) R ₁ = 0.0246, wR ₂ = 0.0640
	all data $R_1 = 0.0250, wR_2 = 0.0645$
Weighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma 2(Fo2) + (0.0393P)2+0.1317P]$
	where $P=(Fo2+2Fc2)/3$
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.163 and -0.155 eÅ-3
R.M.S. deviation from mean	0.038 eÅ-3
Flack parameter	0.05(3)

Table S2. X-ray crystallographic data for 6

Chemical formula	$C_{37}H_{42}Cl_4N_2O_{10}$
Formula weight	816.52
Temperature	153(2) K
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	P 1 21 1
Unit cell dimensions	$a = 7.8741(4) \text{ Å} \qquad \alpha = 90^{\circ}$
	$b = 27.6610(14) \text{ Å} \ \beta = 100.292(3)^{\circ}$
	$c = 7.9804(4) \text{ Å} \qquad \gamma = 90^{\circ}$
Volume	1710.21(15) Å3
Ζ	2
Density (calculated)	1.586 g/cm ³
Absorption coefficient	3.707 mm ⁻¹
F (000)	852
Crystal size	0.100 x 0.100 x 0.100 mm
Wavelength	1.54178 Å
Radiation	Cu Kα (λ = 1.54178 Å)
Theta range for data collection	3.19 to 81.22°
Index ranges	-10<=h<=9, -33<=k<=34, -10<=l<=10
Reflections collected	18258
Independent reflections	6536 [R(int) = 0.1756]
Data / restraints / parameters	6536 / 1 / 484
Goodness-of-fit on F2	1.492
Final R indices	4246 data; I> 2σ (I) R ₁ = 0.1098, wR ₂ = 0.2612
	all data $R_1 = 0.1684, wR_2 = 0.3052$
Weighting scheme	$w=1/[\sigma 2(Fo2) + (0.1000P)2]$
	where $P=(Fo2+2Fc2)/3$
Largest diff. peak and hole	1.010 and -0.966 eÅ-3
R.M.S. deviation from mean	0.175 eÅ-3
Flack parameter	0.21(2)

 Table S3. X-ray crystallographic data for 13

	14a		14	
Position	$\delta_{ m H}, (J ext{ in Hz})$	$\delta_{ m C}$, type	$\delta_{ m H}$, (J in Hz)	$\delta_{ m C}$, type
1	2.90, d (7.0)	54.9, CH	2.47, m	56.6, CH
2	4.25, m	66.7, CH	4.16, t (7.3)	68.0, CH
3	4.08, m	72.7, CH	3.98, m	72.7, CH
4	2.99, d (4.1)	53.9, CH	2.48, m	57.5, CH
5		79.6, C		75.9, C
6	1.80, m	33.1, CH ₂	1.63, m	34.9, CH ₂
	2.12, m		1.74, m	
7	2.03, m	23.8, CH ₂	1.74, m	26.1, CH ₂
	2.19, m		1.87, m	
8	3.13, m	54.1, CH ₂	2.40, m	54.4, CH ₂
	3.27, m		2.81, m	
10	3.30 (2H, m)	67.7, CH ₂	2.69, d (7.3)	71.0, CH ₂
			2.75, d (7.3)	
11		81.0, C		82.3, C
12		135.2, C		138.7, C
13		125.7, C		128.9, C
14	6.54, s	110.1, CH	6.42, s	109.4, CH
15		145.6, C		144.5, C
16		146.6, C		145.2, C
17	6.88, s	103.2, CH	6.85, s	102.9, CH
18	5.97, s	100.7, CH ₂	5.90, s	100.1, CH ₂
	5.96, s		5.87, s	
2-ОН	4.67, d (4.4)		4.05, br s	
3-ОН	3.96, d (7.4)		3.54, d (6.5)	
11-OH	5.66, br s		4.58, br s	

Table S4. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR data of compounds **14a** and **14** (600 MHz, DMSO- d_6)

	14a		14		
Position	δ_{H} , (<i>J</i> in Hz)	$\delta_{ m C}$, type	δ_{H} , (J in Hz)	$\delta_{ m C}$, type	
1	2.82, d (7.0)	55.8, CH	2.65, d (7.0)	56.6, CH	
2	4.24, t (7.5)	67.8, CH	4.29, t (7.5)	68.7 CH	
3	4.06, dd (7.5, 5.1)	73.4, CH	4.20, dd (7.5, 5.2)	73.5, CH	
4	3.04, d (4.2)	54.5, CH	2.70, d, (5.2)	57.2, CH	
5		80.7, C		76.3, C	
6	1.85, m	33.9, CH ₂	1.72, m	35.2, CH ₂	
	2.10, m		1.88, m		
7	1.93, m	24.7, CH ₂	1.80, m	26.1, CH ₂	
	2.10, m		1.98, m		
8	2.93, m	54.9, CH ₂	2.54, m	55.1, CH ₂	
	3.38, m		3.00, m		
10	3.38, d (10.0)	68.3, CH ₂	2.85, d (8.0)	70.1, CH ₂	
	3.08, d (10.0)		3.07, d (8.0)		
11		81.4, C		82.7, C	
12		134.3, C		137.5, C	
13		124.8, C		127.1, C	
14	6.48, s	110.4, CH	6.53, s	109.8, CH	
15		147.2, C		146.1, C	
16		148.3, C		146.8, C	
17	6.87, s	103.5, CH	7.01, s	103.3, CH	
18	5.81, s	100.7, CH ₂	5.90, s	100.7, CH ₂	
	5.80, s		5.87, s		

Table S5. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR data of compounds 14a and 14 (310 K $CDCl_3/CD_3OD$ 4:1)

	K562			MEAN	SD	THP-1			MEAN	SD
1	22.50	21.07	23.31	22.29	1.13	19.80	17.56	22.20	21.34	4.74
2	21.20	21.91	25.27	22.79	2.17	21.4	16.95	26.58	24.71	2.87
3	18.20	25.21	21.72	21.71	4.96	18.43	14.68	20.5	17.86	2.95
4	20.42	19.78	20.62	20.22	2.51	22.21	23.64	21.18	22.52	1.78
5	26.13	29.32	24.35	26.59	2.52	16.61	17.03	26.92	17.83	1.78
6	21.50	20.16	27.57	23.08	3.95	20.83	15.79	16.98	17.86	2.62
7	>40	>40	>40			>40	>40	>40		
8	22.8	27.69	21.31	23.93	3.34	18.02	14.86	13.58	15.48	2.27
9	16.3	18.42	19.92	18.21	1.82	19.13	16.85	21.65	19.20	2.40
10	27.0	24.9	25.67	25.86	1.06	16.65	16.31	16.38	16.43	0.15
11	26.02	28.06	26.74	26.94	1.03	14.8	18.7	16.23	16.24	2.18
12	26.61	29.69	22.77	26.36	3.47	16.58	17.26	15.88	16.23	1.49
13	24.0	19.19	24.16	22.45	2.82	17.05	14.07	22.70	17.92	4.39
14	17.8	23.79	25.91	20.83	3.00	11.63	14.71	17.81	14.71	3.11
15	>40	>40	>40			16.50	17.52	16.42	16.88	2.50
16	27.56	28.28	28.87	28.24	0.66	16.02	15.59	15,82	15.51	2.01
17	20.3	26.48	30.02	25.60	4.92	18.02	18.42	17.42	17.48	1.26
18	20.35	25.18	22.65	22.73	2.42	12.88	13.02	13.32	12.97	2.67
19	31.05	28.28	23.77	27.70	3.67	17.56	18.02	16.59	17.25	1.33
20	26.2	21.62	20.64	22.82	2.97	21.75	19.7	21.66	21.02	1.14
21	30.2	26.57	31.87	29.55	2.71	22.93	13.93	20.85	19.23	4.70
22	21.8	24.32	20.41	22.18	1.98	21.23	16.85	26.41	24.49	2.86
23	>40	>40	>40			>40	>40	>40		
24	19.6	19.45	21.19	20.08	0.96	14.95	12.01	27.57	16.22	5.01
25	29.11	26.9	20.38	25.46	4.54	15.59	16.02	14.88	15.27	1.47
26	9.02	8.82	7.92	8.23	2.78	10.02	9.45	9.62	9.93	2.44
27	23.16	33.43	28.81	28.47	5.14	14.85	22.7	16.23	17.09	3.66
28	22.03	23.77	26.98	24.26	2.51	18.52	17.59	16.80	17.22	1.49
29	20.54	29.24	26.54	25.44	4.45	16.89	19.02	16,04	16.66	2.18
30	5.11	3.46	4.37	4.31	0.83	2.38	3.36	3.33	3.02	0.56
31	0.36	0.23	0.27	0.29	0.07	0.21	0.18	0.32	0.24	0.07
32	21.0	20.42	16.9	19.44	2.22	12.97	12.47	10.85	11.91	2.05

 Table S6. Original data on antiproliferative effects on THP-1 and K562 cells of 1-32













μM



