

Supporting Information

A₂Ag₂PS₄ (A = K, Na/K): the first-type of noncentrosymmetric alkali metal Ag-based thiophosphates exhibiting excellent second-order nonlinear optical performances

Wenfeng Zhou,^a Bingxuan Li,^b Wenlong Liu,^a and Sheng-Ping Guo*^a

^a *School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Yangzhou University, Yangzhou, Jiangsu 225002, P. R. China*

^b *Key Laboratory of Optoelectronic Materials Chemistry and Physics, Fujian Institute of Research on the Structure of Matter, Chinese Academy of Sciences, Fuzhou, Fujian 350002, China*

Corresponding author: spguo@yzu.edu.cn

Supplementary Information Index

Tables and Figures

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinement parameters for **1** and **2**.

Table S2. Atomic coordinates ($\times 10^4$) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$) for **1** and **2**. U_{eq} is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Table S3. Bond lengths (\AA) for **1**.

Table S4. The EDS results of **1** and **2**.

Table S5. Bond valence sums **1** and **2**.

Table S6. The calculated dipole moment and distortion ($\sigma_{\theta(\text{tet})}^2$) of single AgS_4 tetrahedron among **1** and the known Ag-based thiophosphates.

Table S7. The NLO data of known NLO-active thiophosphates with 3D framework.

Table S8. The measured birefringence of **2** at the wavelength of 546.1 nm with polarizing microscope.

Fig. S1. Photographs of the crystals for **1** and **2**.

Fig. S2. The EDS images for single crystals of **1** and **2**.

Fig. S3. AgS_4 tetrahedra in (a) **1**, (b) Ag_3PS_4 , (c) AgZnPS_4 , (d) AgHgPS_4 , (e) AgHg_3PS_6 , and (f) AgCd_3PS_6 .

Fig. S4. Structural evolution from (a) AGS to (b) **1**.

Fig. S5. Tauc plots of **1** and **2**. $n = 2$ (red and blue lines): direct band gap; $n = 1/2$ (green line): indirect band gap.

Fig. S6. FT-IR spectra of for **1** and **2**.

Fig. S7. TGA-DSC curves for **1** and **2**.

Fig. S8. The calculated real parts (a and b) and imaginary parts (b and d) of optical dielectric functions for **1** and **2**.

Fig. S9. The frequency-dependent birefringence Δn of (a) **1** and (b) **2**.

Fig. S10. Photograph of **2** for the measurement of birefringence.

Table S1. Crystal data and structure refinement parameters for **1** and **2**.

Empirical formula	KAg ₂ PS ₄ (1)	(Na _{0.30} K _{0.70})Ag ₂ PS ₄ (2)
Formula weight	414.05	409.30
Temperature/K	293(2)	293(2)
Crystal system	Tetragonal	Tetragonal
Space group	$I\bar{A}2m$	$I\bar{A}2m$
<i>a</i> /Å	6.5985(3)	6.5992(3)
<i>c</i> /Å	8.1549(9)	8.1499(6)
<i>V</i> /Å ³	355.07(5)	354.92(5)
<i>Z</i>	2	2
<i>D</i> _{calc} g/cm ³	3.873	3.830
μ /mm ⁻¹	7.383	7.231
F(000)	384.0	379.0
2 θ range for data collection/ $^\circ$	7.994 to 54.984	7.946 to 60.264
Index ranges	-8 ≤ <i>h</i> ≤ 5, -8 ≤ <i>k</i> ≤ 7, -10 ≤ <i>l</i> ≤ 10	-9 ≤ <i>h</i> ≤ 6, -6 ≤ <i>k</i> ≤ 9, -11 ≤ <i>l</i> ≤ 11
Reflections collected	852	932
Independent reflections	220 [R _{int} = 0.0230, R _σ = 0.0220]	280 [R _{int} = 0.02301, R _σ = 0.0227]
Data/restraints/parameters	220/0/14	280/0/15
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.065	1.058
Flack parameter	0.04 (3)	0.00 (3)
Final R indexes [<i>I</i> ≥ 2σ (<i>I</i>)]	R1 = 0.0238, wR2 = 0.0666	R1 = 0.0223, wR2 = 0.0699
Final R indexes [all data]	R1 = 0.0241, wR2 = 0.0669	R1 = 0.0225, wR2 = 0.0700
Largest diff. peak/hole/e Å ⁻³	0.79/-0.67	0.50/-0.68

$${}^a R1 = \frac{\sum |F_o| - \sum |F_c|}{\sum |F_o|}, {}^b wR2 = \frac{[\sum w(F_o^2 - F_c^2)^2]}{[\sum w(F_o^2)^2]}^{1/2}.$$

Table S2. Atomic coordinates ($\times 10^4$) and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ($\text{\AA}^2 \times 10^3$) for **1** and **2**. U_{eq} is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalized U_{ij} tensor.

Atom	Wyckoff site	x	y	z	U_{eq}
1					
K	$2a$	5000	5000	5000	25.9(8)
Ag	$4d$	0	5000	2500	40.8(6)
P	$2b$	0	10000	5000	8.9(7)
S	$8i$	1819(2)	8181(2)	3602(2)	18.1(6)
2					
Na/K	$2a$	5000	5000	5000	27.7(16)
Ag	$4d$	5000	10000	7500	39.6(4)
P	$2b$	0	10000	5000	11.4(5)
S	$8i$	1822.9(18)	8177.1(18)	6393.1(18)	21.5(5)

Table S3. Bond lengths (\AA) for **1**.

Bond	Length/ \AA	Bond	Length/ \AA
1		2	
K(1)–S(1)	$3.180(2) \times 4$	Na(1)/K(1)–S(1)	$3.175(2) \times 4$
Ag(1)–S(1)	$2.580(8) \times 4$	Ag(1)–S(1)	$2.580(6) \times 4$
P(1)–S(1)	$2.044(2) \times 4$	P(1)–S(1)	$2.045(2) \times 4$

Table S4. The EDS results of **1** and **2**.

Molar ratio	Na	K	Ag	P	S
1	–	10.15	21.21	15.69	52.95
2	3.89	9.18	20.79	13.82	52.33

Table S5. Bond valence sums **1** and **2**.

Atoms	BVS	Atoms	BVS
1		2	
K	0.90	Na/K	0.73
Ag	1.15	Ag	1.15
P	4.89	P	4.90
S	-2.02	S	-1.95

Table S6. The calculated dipole moment and distortion ($\sigma_{\theta(\text{tet})}^2$) of single AgS_4 tetrahedron among **1** and the known Ag-based thiophosphates.

Compound	Magnitude (deby)	$\sigma_{\theta(\text{tet})}^2$	Compound	magnitude (deby)	$\sigma_{\theta(\text{tet})}^2$
1	13.43	474.9	AgHgPS_4	9.29	14.85
Ag_3PS_4	4.76	20.54	AgHg_3PS_6	8.36	73.42
AgZnPS_4	7.40	18.23	AgCd_3PS_6	4.28	159.4

Note: $\sigma_{\theta(\text{tet})}^2 = \sum_{i=1}^6 (\theta_t - 109.47^\circ) / 5$, where $\sigma_{\theta(\text{tet})}^2$ is used to describe the distortion and θ_t is the bond angle.

Table S7. The NLO data of known NLO-active thiophosphates with 3D framework.

Compound	Space group	Structural units	Band gap (eV)	SHG	LIDT	PM/NPM	Ref.
Ag ₃ PS ₄	<i>Pmn2</i> ₁	AgS ₄ , PS ₄	2.43	1.3 × AGS	–	PM	[1]
Cu ₃ PS ₄	<i>Pmn2</i> ₁	CuS ₄ , PS ₄	2.25	0.5 × AGS	–	NPM	[1]
Ag _{1.5} Cu _{1.5} PS ₄	<i>Pmn2</i> ₁	(Ag/Cu)S ₄ , PS ₄	2.37	0.8 × AGS	–	PM	[1]
Eu ₂ P ₂ S ₆	<i>Pn</i>	EuS ₈ , P ₂ S ₆	2.54	0.9 × AGS	3.4 × AGS	PM	[2]
Ba ₂ P ₂ S ₆	<i>Pn</i>	BaS ₆ , P ₂ S ₆	4.3	1.7 × AGS	5.5 × AGS	NPM	[3]
Pb ₂ P ₂ S ₆	<i>Pn</i>	PbS ₆ , P ₂ S ₆	2.6	1.4 × AGS	2.5 × AGS	PM	[3]
Zn ₃ P ₂ S ₈	<i>P</i> ⁴ <i>n2</i>	ZnS ₄ , PS ₄	3.12	2.6 × AGS	–	PM	[4]
Hg ₃ P ₂ S ₈	<i>Aea2</i>	HgS ₄ , PS ₄	2.77	4.2 × AGS	4 × AGS	PM	[5]
SnPS ₃	<i>Pn</i>	SnS ₈ , P ₂ S ₆	2.35	1.1 × AGS	6.9 × AGS	PM	[6]
KAg ₂ PS ₄	<i>I</i> ⁴ <i>A2m</i>	AgS ₄ , PS ₄	2.92	1.40 × AGS	3.49 × AGS	PM	This work
(Na _{0.30} K _{0.70})Ag ₂ PS ₄	<i>I</i> ⁴ <i>A2m</i>	AgS ₄ , PS ₄	2.89	1.65 × AGS	2.77 × AGS	PM	This work
AgZnPS ₄	<i>Pna2</i> ₁	AgS ₄ , ZnS ₄ , PS ₄	2.76	1.8 × AGS	–	PM	[7]
CuZnPS ₄	<i>I</i> ⁴ <i>A2m</i>	CuS ₄ , ZnS ₄ , PS ₄	3.00	3 × AGS	6 × AGS	PM	[8]
LiZnPS ₄	<i>I</i> ⁴	LiS ₄ , ZnS ₄ , PS ₄	3.38	0.8 × AGS	–	PM	[7]
Cu ₅ Zn _{0.5} P ₂ S ₈	<i>Pmn2</i> ₁	(Cu/Zn)S ₄ , ZnS ₄ , PS ₄	2.31	0.3 × AGS	3.2 × AGS	PM	[9]
AgHgPS ₄	<i>Pn</i>	AgS ₄ , HgS ₄ , PS ₄	2.63	5.09 × AGS	–	PM	[10]
CuHgPS ₄	<i>Pna2</i> ₁	CuS ₄ , HgS ₄ , PS ₄	2.03	6.5 × AGS	4.2 × AGS	PM	[11]
NaHgPS ₄	<i>P</i> ⁴ <i>n2</i>	HgS ₄ , PS ₄	2.78	3.14 × AGS	–	PM	[12]
KHgPS ₄	<i>Pnn2</i>	HgS ₄ , PS ₄	2.90	4.15 × AGS	–	PM	[12]
AgHg ₃ PS ₆	<i>Cc</i>	AgS ₄ , HgS ₄ , PS ₄	1.85	0.5 × AGS	–	NPM	[13]
Cu ₅ Hg _{0.5} P ₂ S ₈	<i>Pmn2</i> ₁	CuS ₄ , HgS ₄ , PS ₄	2.12	0.8 × AGS	–	PM	[13]
AgCd ₃ PS ₆	<i>Cc</i>	AgS ₄ , CdS ₄ , PS ₄	2.56	0.45 × AGS	–	–	[14]
CuCd ₃ PS ₆	<i>Cc</i>	CuS ₄ , CdS ₄ , PS ₄	2.24	0.9 × AGS	4.1 × AGS	NPM	[15]
LiCd ₃ PS ₆	<i>Cc</i>	LiS ₄ , CdS ₄ , PS ₄	2.97	0.8 × AGS	5.5 × AGS	PM	[16]
AgGa ₂ PS ₆	<i>Cc</i>	AgS ₃ , GaS ₄ , PS ₄	2.75	1 × AGS	5.1 × AGS	PM	[17]
LiGa ₂ PS ₆	<i>Cc</i>	LiS ₄ , GaS ₄ , PS ₄	3.15	0.5 × AGS	10.4 × AGS	–	[16]

KSbP ₂ S ₆	<i>Pna2</i> ₁	KS ₉ , SbS ₇ , P ₂ S ₆	2.9	2.2 × AGS	3 × AGS	PM	[18]
KBiP ₂ S ₆	<i>Pna2</i> ₁	KS ₉ , BiS ₇ , P ₂ S ₆	2.3	1.8 × AGS	3 × AGS	PM	[18]
K ₂ BaP ₂ S ₆	<i>Pna2</i> ₁	KS ₇ ,KS ₈ , BaS ₁₀ , P ₂ S ₆	4.1	2.1 × AGS	8 × AGS	PM	[18]
RbBiP ₂ S ₆	<i>P2</i> ₁	BiS ₇ , P ₂ S ₆	2.10	11.9 × AGS	11.3 × AGS	PM	[19]

Table S8. The measured birefringence of **2** at the wavelength of 546.1 nm with polarizing microscope.

Crystal	Retardation ($\Delta R, \mu\text{m}$)	Thickness (μm)	Birefringence (Δn)
2	1.618	6.7	0.24

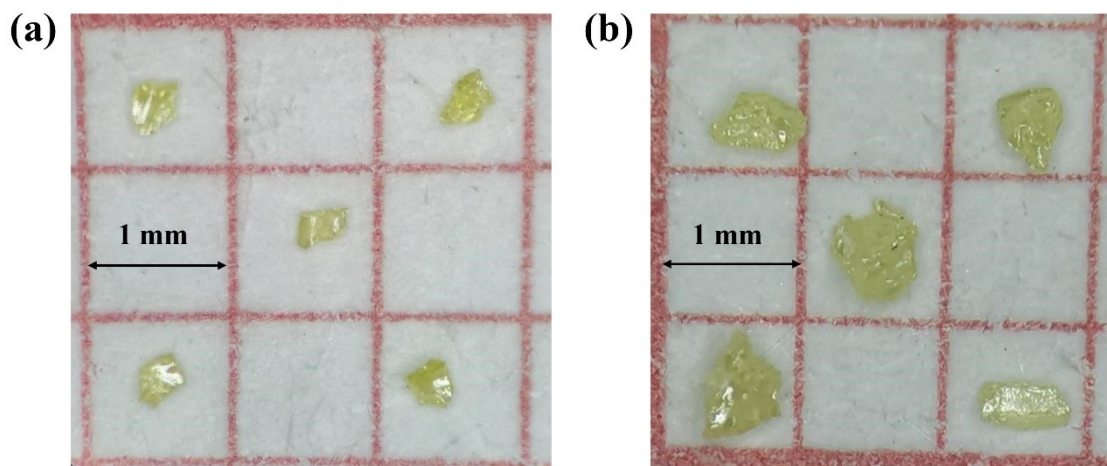


Fig. S1. Photographs of the crystals for (a) 1 and (b) 2.

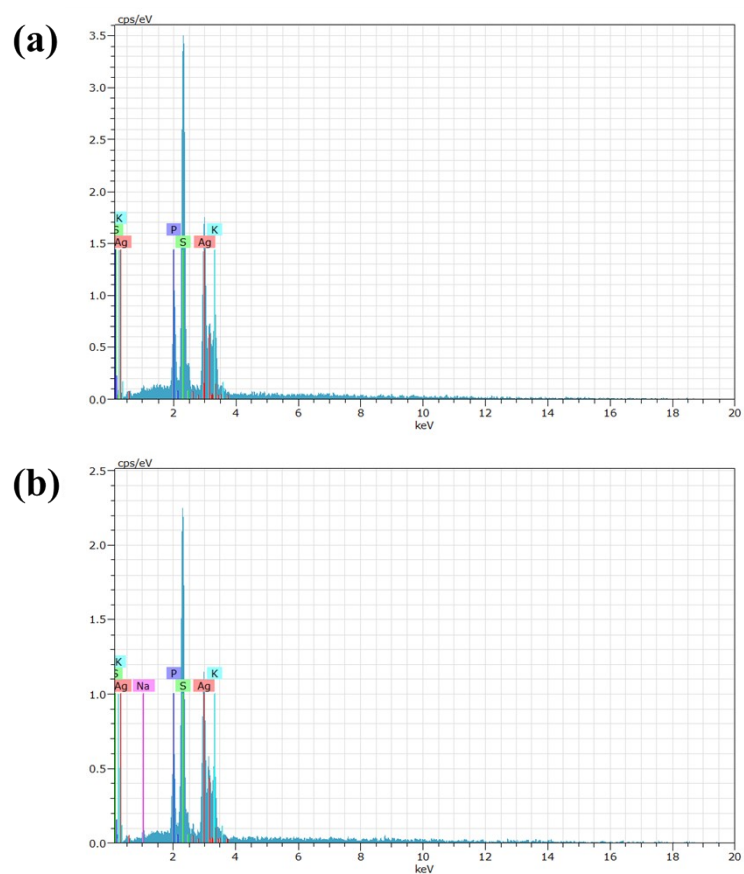


Fig. S2. The EDS images for single crystals of (a) 1 and (b) 2.

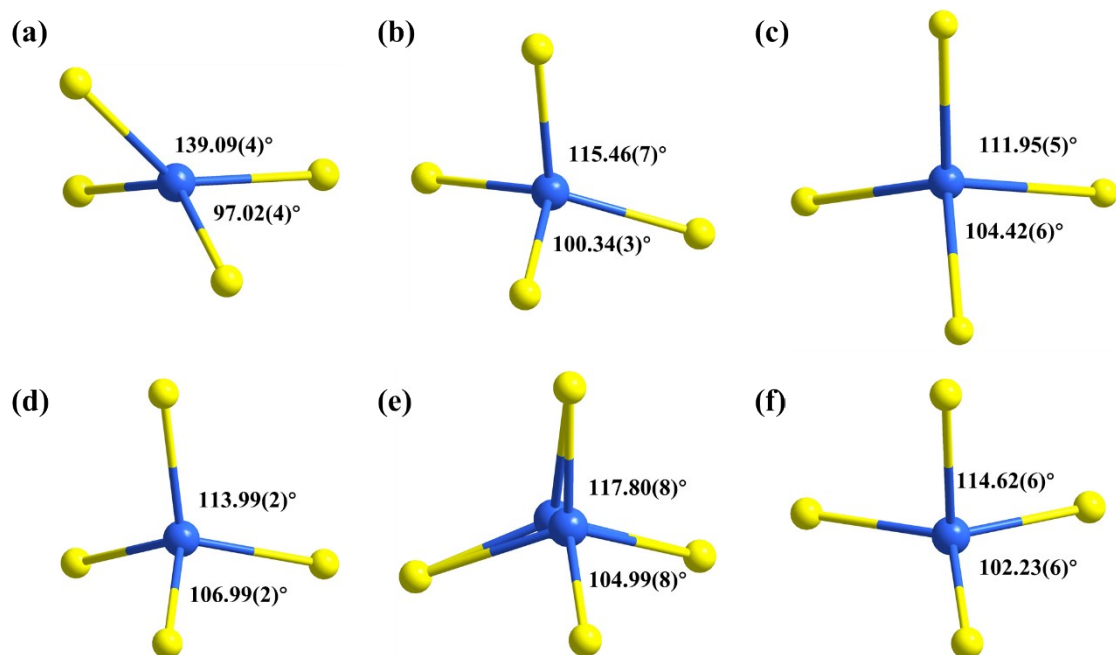


Fig. S3. AgS_4 tetrahedra in (a) **1**, (b) Ag_3PS_4 , (c) AgZnPS_4 , (d) AgHgPS_4 , (e) AgHg_3PS_6 , and (f) AgCd_3PS_6 .

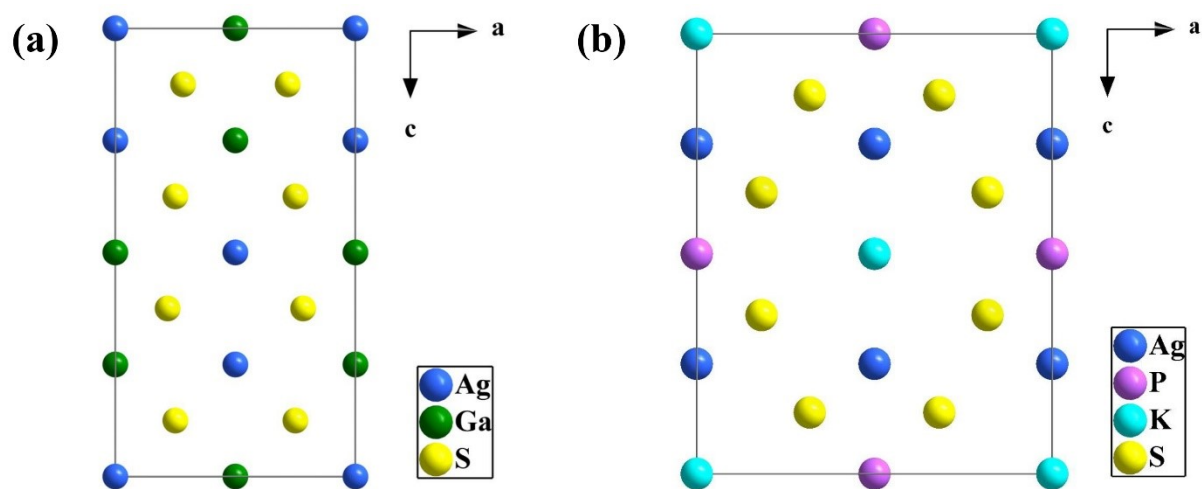


Fig. S4. Structural evolution from (a) AGS to (b) **1**.

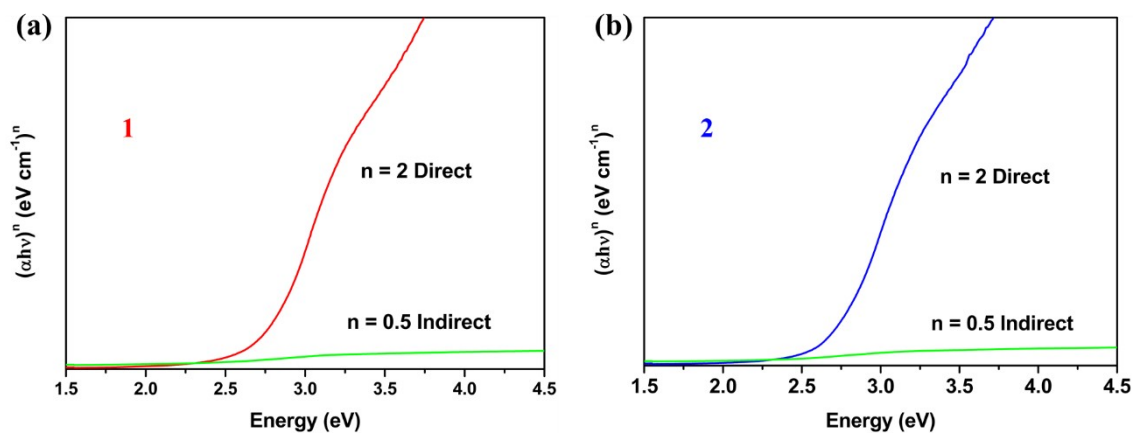


Fig. S5. Tauc plots of **1** and **2**. $n = 2$ (red and blue lines): direct band gap; $n = 1/2$ (green lines): indirect band gap.

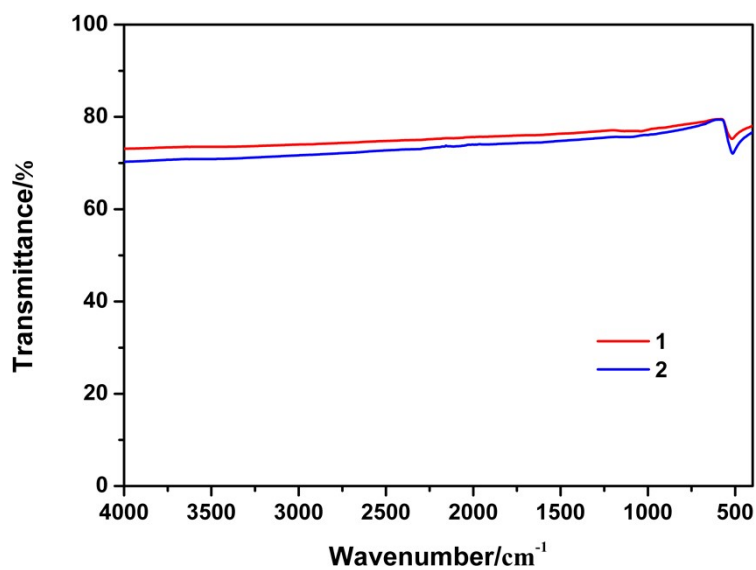


Fig. S6. FT-IR spectra for **1** and **2**.

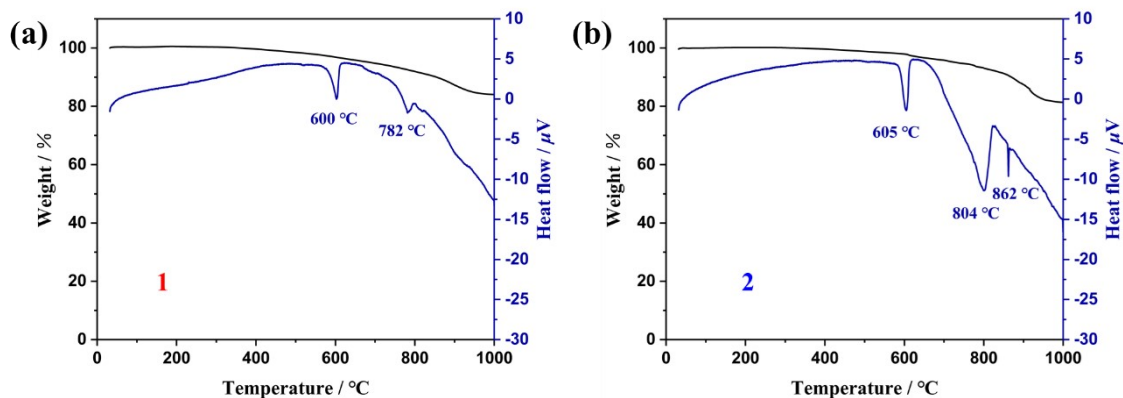


Fig. S7. TGA-DSC curves for 1 and 2.

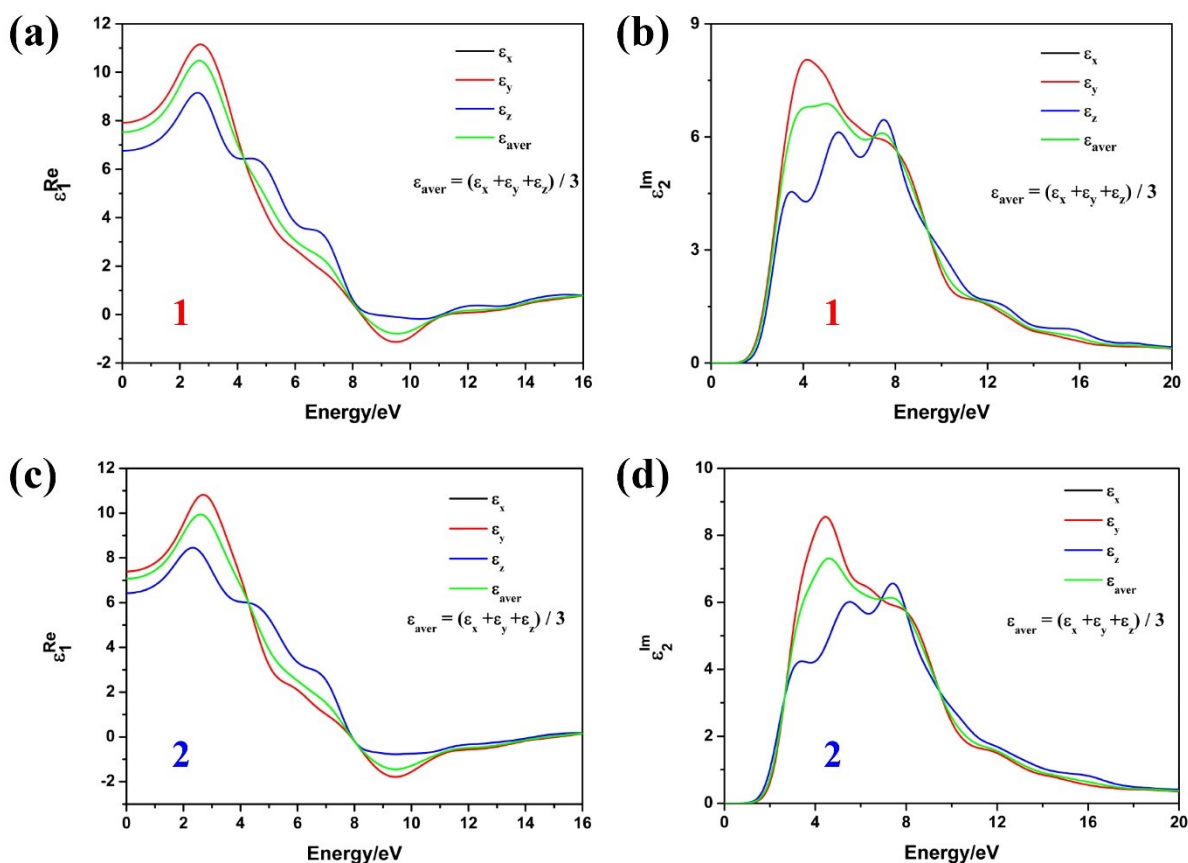


Fig. S8. The calculated real parts (a and c) and imaginary parts (b and d) of optical dielectric functions for 1 and 2.

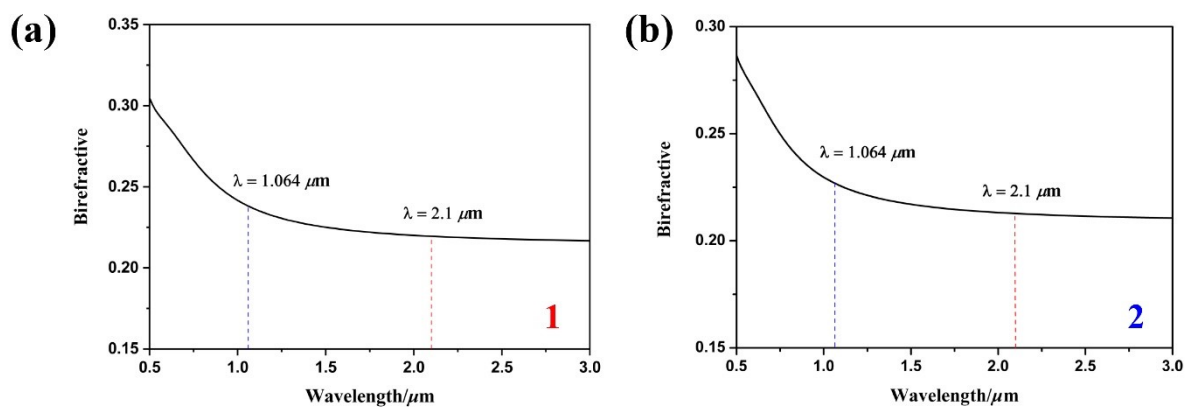


Fig. S9. The frequency-dependent birefringence Δn of (a) 1 and (b) 2.

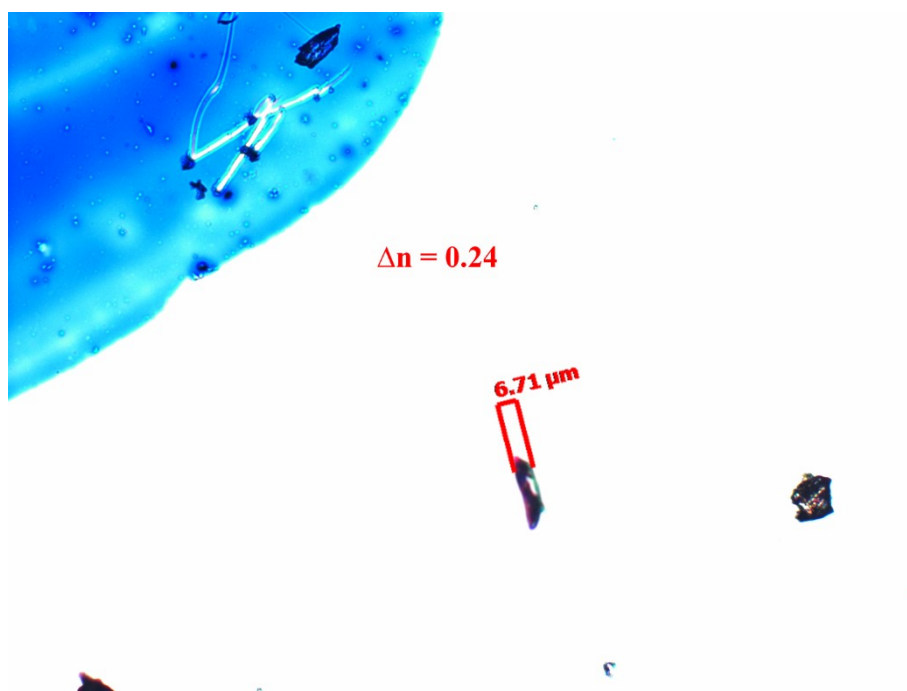


Fig. S10. Photograph of 2 for the birefringence measurement.

REFERENCES

1. Y. Yang, B. B. Zhang, X. W. Wu and K. Wu, A Series of M_3PS_4 ($M = Ag, Cu$ and Ag/Cu) Thiophosphates with Diamond-Like Structures Exhibiting Large Second Harmonic Generation Responses and Moderate Ion Conductivities, *Dalton Trans.*, 2021, **50**, 4129–4132.
2. X. Huang, S. H. Yang, X. H. Li, W. L. Liu and S. P. Guo, $Eu_2P_2S_6$: The First Rare-Earth Chalcogenophosphate Exhibiting Large Second-Harmonic Generation Response and High Laser-Induced Damage Threshold, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, 2022, e202206791.
3. B. H. Ji, A. Sarkar, K. Wu, A. Swindle and J. Wang, $A_2P_2S_6$ ($A = Ba$ and Pb): A Good Platform to Study the Polymorph Effect and Lone Pair Effect to Form an Acentric Structure, *Dalton Trans.*, 2022, **51**, 4522–4531.
4. Z. Li, X. X. Jiang, M. L. Zhou, Y. W. Guo, X. Y. Luo, Y. C. Wu, Z. S. Lin and J. Y. Yao, $Zn_3P_2S_8$: A Promising Infrared Nonlinear-Optical Material with Excellent Overall Properties, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2018, **57**, 10503–10506.
5. W. H. Xing, F. Liang, C. L. Tang, E. Uykur, Z. S. Lin, J. Y. Yao, W. L. Yin and B. Kang, Highly Distorted $[HgS_4]$ Motif-Driven Structural Symmetry Degradation and Strengthened Second-Harmonic Generation Response in the Defect Diamond-Like Chalcogenide $Hg_3P_2S_8$, *ACS. Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2021, **13**, 37331–37338.
6. Z. H. Shi, M. Yang, W. D. Yao, W. L. Liu and S. P. Guo, $SnPQ_3$ ($Q = S, Se, S/Se$): A Series of Lone-Pair Cationic Chalcogenophosphates Exhibiting Balanced NLO Activity Originating from SnQ_8 Units, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2021, **60**, 14390–14398.
7. M. L. Zhou, L. Kang, J. Y. Yao, Z. S. Lin, Y. C. Wu and C. T. Chen, Midinfrared Nonlinear Optical Thiophosphates from $LiZnPS_4$ to $AgZnPS_4$: A Combined Experimental and Theoretical Study, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2016, **55**, 3724–3726.
8. Z. Li, S. Z. Zhang, Z. W. Huang, L. D. Zhao, E. Uykur, W. H. Xing, Z. S. Lin, J. Y. Yao and Y. C. Wu, Molecular Construction from $AgGaS_2$ to $CuZnPS_4$: Defect-Induced Second Harmonic Generation Enhancement and Cosubstitution-Driven Band Gap Enlargement, *Chem. Mater.*, 2020, **32**, 3288–3296.

9. B. J. Song, Z. J. Ma, B. X. Li, X. T. Wu, H. Lin and Q. L. Zhu, Structural Modulation from Cu_3PS_4 to $\text{Cu}_5\text{Zn}_{0.5}\text{P}_2\text{S}_8$: Single-Site Aliovalent-Substitution-Driven Second-Harmonic-Generation Enhancement, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2021, **60**, 4357–4361.
10. W. H. Xing, N. Z. Wang, C. L. Tang, C. X. Li, Z. S. Lin, J. Y. Yao, W. L. Yin and B. Kang, From AgGaS_2 to AgHgPS_4 : Vacancy Defects and Highly Distorted HgS_4 Tetrahedra Double-Induced Remarkable Second-Harmonic Generation Response, *J. Mater. Chem. C*, 2021, **9**, 1062–1068.
11. M. Y. Li, Z. Ma, B. Li, X. T. Wu, H. Lin and Q. L. Zhu, HgCuPS_4 : An Exceptional Infrared Nonlinear Optical Material with Defect Diamond-like Structure, *Chem. Mater.*, 2020, **32**, 4331–4339.
12. W. H. Xing, C. L. Tang, P. F. Gong, J. Y. Wu, Z. S. Lin, J. Y. Yao, W. L. Yin and B. Kang, Investigation into Structural Variation from 3D to 1D and Strong Second Harmonic Generation of the AHgPS_4 ($\text{A}^+ = \text{Na}^+, \text{K}^+, \text{Rb}^+, \text{Cs}^+$) Family, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2021, **60**, 18370–18378.
13. Y. Wang, Y. Q. Fang, Y. Z. Cao and F. Q. Huang, Two Nonlinear Optical Thiophosphates $\text{Cu}_5\text{Hg}_{0.5}\text{P}_2\text{S}_8$ and AgHg_3PS_6 Activated by Their Tetrahedra-Stacking Architecture, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2022, **61**, 1620–1626.
14. Y. H. Fan, X. M. Jiang, B. W. Liu, S. F. Li, W. H. Guo, H. Y. Zeng, G. C. Guo and J. S. Huang, Phase Transition and Second Harmonic Generation in Thiophosphates $\text{Ag}_2\text{Cd}(\text{P}_2\text{S}_6)$ and $\text{AgCd}_3(\text{PS}_4)\text{S}_2$ Containing Two Second-Order Jahn–Teller Distorted Cations, *Inorg. Chem.*, 2017, **56**, 114–124.
15. Z. Li, S. Z. Zhang, W. H. Xing, Y. W. Guo, C. X. Li, Z. S. Lin, J. Y. Yao and Y. C. Wu, Mixed-Metal Thiophosphate CuCd_3PS_6 : An Infrared Nonlinear Optical Material Activated by Its Three-in-One Tetrahedra-Stacking Architecture, *J. Mater. Chem. C*, 2020, **8**, 5020–5024.
16. J. H. Feng, C. L. Hu, B. X. Li and J. G. Mao, LiGa_2PS_6 and LiCd_3PS_6 : Molecular Designs of Two New Mid-Infrared Nonlinear Optical Materials, *Chem. Mater.*, 2018, **30**, 3901–3908.

17. J. H. Feng, C. L. Hu, X. Xu, B. X. Li, M. J. Zhang and J. G. Mao, AgGa₂PS₆: A New Mid-Infrared Nonlinear Optical Material with a High Laser Damage Threshold and a Large Second Harmonic Generation Response, *Chem. - Eur. J.*, 2017, **23**, 10978–10982.
18. V. Nguyen, B. H. Ji, K. Wu, B. B. Zhang and J. Wang, Unprecedented Mid-Infrared Nonlinear Optical Materials Achieved by Crystal Structure Engineering, a Case Study of (KX)P₂S₆ (X = Sb, Bi, Ba), *Chem. Sci.*, 2022, **13**, 2640–2648.
19. M. M. Chen, S. H. Zhou, W. B. Wei, M. Y. Ran, B. X. Li, X. T. Wu, H. Lin and Q. L. Zhu, RbBiP₂S₆: A Promising IR Nonlinear Optical Material with a Giant Second-Harmonic Generation Response Designed by Aliovalent Substitution, *ACS Mater. Lett.*, 2022, **4**, 1264–1269