A General and Practical Bifunctional Cobalt Catalytic

System for N-Heterocycle Assembly via Acceptorless

Dehydrogenation

(Supporting Information)

Haitao Tian,^a Wenxuan Xue,^a Jingtao Wu,^a Ziguang Yang,^b Hongcheng Lu,^a and Conghui Tang*,^{a,c}

^{*a*} Key Laboratory of Material Chemistry for Energy Conversion and Storage, Ministry of Education, Hubei Key Laboratory of Material Chemistry and Service Failure, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Huazhong University of Science and Technology, 1037 Luoyu Road, Wuhan 430074, China.

^b Department of Chemistry and Biochemistry, University of California, Santa Barbara, California 93106, USA.

^c State Key Laboratory of Natural and Biomimetic Drugs, Peking University, Beijing 100191, China.

Table of Contents

1. General Information	S2
2. General Procedures for Synthesis of Catalysts	
3. Additional Optimization of Reaction Conditions	
4. General Procedures for Synthesis of Compounds	
5. Characterization Data of Compounds	S14
6. Radical Inhibition Experiment	S61
7. Identification of Catalytic Active Species and Reaction Intermediate	
8. Detection of H ₂ by GC analysis	
9. References	S63
10. Copies of ¹ H, ¹³ C and ¹⁹ F NMR spectra	

1. General Information

Unless otherwise noted, all reagents were obtained from commercial suppliers (Sigma-Aldrich, Alfa Aesar, TCI, Adamas-beta, Energy Chemical, and Bidepharm) and used as received. All manipulations were conducted with a standard Schlenk technique under argon atmosphere (1 atm). Dry toluene and xylene were distilled over calcium hydride. The reactions were monitored by thin-layer chromatography (TLC) and visualized using a UV lamp (365 or 254 nm). Upon completion, the products were isolated by flash column chromatography on a silica gel (236–400 mesh) column using petroleum ether (PE) and ethyl acetate (EA). ¹H-NMR spectra were recorded with a Bruker AVIII-400 spectrometer, chemical shifts (in ppm) were referenced to residual CDCl₃ solvent peak (δ (ppm) = 7.26 ppm). ¹³C-NMR spectra were obtained by the same NMR spectrometer and were calibrated with CDCl₃ (δ (ppm) = 77.16 ppm). All NMR spectra were recorded at ambient temperature (293 K) unless otherwise noted. Mass spectra were recorded by PE SCLEX QSTAR spectrometer. Infrared spectra were measured with potassium bromide as background on a Perkin-Elmer spectrum BX FT-IR spectrometer. Peaks are reported in cm⁻¹ with indicated relative intensities: s (strong, 0–33% T); m (medium, 34–66% T), w (weak, 67–100% T). Melting points were measured on a X-4 micro melting point apparatus.

2. General Procedures for the Synthesis of Catalysts



2.1 Structures of Ligands and Cobalt Catalysts

Scheme S1. Structures of ligands and cobalt catalysts.

2.2 General Procedures for the Synthesis of Ligand A

<u>Synthesis of ethyl 2-picolinate</u>: To a 250 mL round bottom flask was added with picolinic acid (1.23 g, 1.0 equiv., 10.0 mmol), and dissolved by 80.0 mL anhydrous ethanol. Sulfuric acid (1.0 mL) was added to the reaction mixture and the whole solution was heated to reflux overnight. The reaction was then cooled to room temperature and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Then the residue was diluted with DCM and washed with saturated sodium carbonate (2 × 30.0 mL) until pH > 8.0, the aqueous phase was washed with DCM (3 × 30.0 mL) and the organic phases were combined and washed with brine (1 ×

50.0 mL), the organic phase was then dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was further purified with flash column chromatography (PE:EA=2:1) to obtain the product ethyl 2-picolinate as a colorless oil with 86% yield.



Synthesis of ligand A: Pinacolone (0.841 g, 1.2 equiv., 8.4 mmol) was dissolved in anhydrous THF (20.0 mL) in a 100 mL round bottom flask under ice bath (0 °C). Then 60% NaH in mineral oil (420 mg, 1.5 equiv., 10.5 mmol) was gradually added into the reaction mixture. The reaction mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 minutes, then ethyl 2-picolinate (1.06 g, 1.0 equiv., 7.0 mmol) was added dropwise. The reaction was heated to reflux for 24 hours and then cooled down to room temperature and washed with saturated citric acid (1 \times 30.0 mL) and brine (1 \times 30.0 mL), the organic phase was then dried over magnesium sulfate and the solvent was removed in vacuo. Then the crude product was used for the next step without purification. In a 100 mL round bottom flask, 4,4-dimethyl-1-(pyridin-2-yl)pentane-1,3dione (1.03 g, 1.0 equiv., 5 mmol) was dissolved in 20.0 mL ethanol. Then hydrazine monohydrate (85 wt%) (0.44 g, 1.5 equiv., 7.5 mmol) was dissolved in 5.0 mL ethanol and added into the reaction mixture dropwise. The reaction mixture was heated to reflux and maintained for 12 hours. Then the reaction mixture was cooled down to room temperature and the solvent was removed in vacuo. The crude product was further purified with flash column chromatography (PE:EA = 1:1) to obtain the final product 2-(5tert-butyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)pyridine (ligand A) as a pale yellow viscous liquid with 64% yield. ¹H NMR $(400 \text{ MHz}, \text{CDCl}_3) \delta$ (ppm) 16.16 (s, 1H), 8.67 (d, J = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 8.08 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (t, J = 100 Hz, 100 Hz) 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.43 - 7.37 (m, 1H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 1.28 (s, 9H). Ligands B-G were synthesized using the same procedure with corresponding 1,3-dione compounds as the starting materials.





Synthesis of ligand H: To the suspension of NaH (60% wt% in mineral oil, 0.17 g, 0.004 mol) in 15 mL dry THF, ligand A (0.41 g, 0.002 mol) was added. To this mixture a THF (10 mL) solution of methyl iodide (156 μ L, 0.002 mmol) was added dropwise at 0 °C, and the mixture was warmed slowly to room temperature with stirring. The solution was then refluxed for 6 h and on completion of the reaction, the mixture was cooled to room temperature and was evaporated to dryness. The residue was then purified by alumina column chromatography using 40% ethyl acetate/petroleum ether as eluent to obtain desired compound as light yellow oil. Yield: 0.405 g (92%). ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.60 (d, *J* = 4.8 Hz, 1H), 7.89 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.18 – 7.13 (m, 1H), 6.69 (s, 1H), 4.04 (s, 3H), 1.42 (s, 9H). ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.9, 152.6, 149.4, 136.6, 122.2, 119.7, 102.4, 39.8, 31.4, 29.7.

¹H NMR spectra of ligand H (400 MHz, CDCl₃):



2.3 General Procedures for the Synthesis of Catalyst A



To a 100 mL Schlenk flask was added [Cp*Co(CO)I₂] (1.02 g, 1.0 equiv., 2.22 mmol), and 2-(5-tertbutyl-1H-pyrazol-3-yl)pyridine (492 mg, 1.1 equiv., 2.44 mmol). The system was evacuated and refilled with argon for three times, the solvent isopropanol (20.0 mL) was added via syringe and the reaction was heated under 45 °C for 24 hours. The solvent was removed in vacuo and diethyl ether (30.0 mL) was added to the residue, the catalyst precipitated out as dark green solid and was separated with vacuum filtration. Recrystallization of the crude solid afforded the catalyst **A** as a dark green crystal (85% yield). ¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ (ppm) 14.18 (brs, 1H), 9.43 (s, 1H), 8.25 – 8.13 (m, 2H), 7.70 (s, 1H), 7.22 (s, 1H), 1.52 (s, 15H), 1.45 (s, 9H). ¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, DMSO-*d*₆) δ (ppm) 162.5, 156.6, 151.0, 150.8, 139.6, 125.4, 121.2, 101.8, 94.1, 31.6, 29.1, 9.5. Catalysts **B-H** were synthesized using the same procedure as above. ¹**H** NMR spectra for cat. **A** (400 MHz, DMSO- d_6):



¹³C NMR spectra for cat. A (100 MHz, DMSO- d_6):



¹H NMR spectra for cat. H (400 MHz, CDCl₃):

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl3) δ 9.18 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H), 8.10 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 8.03 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (t, *J* = 6.3 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 4.32 (s, 3H), 2.18 (s, 9H), 1.49 (s, 15H).



¹³C NMR spectra for cat. H (100 MHz, CDCl₃):

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.1, 156.0, 152.3, 150.8, 140.5, 125.9, 122.9, 105.5, 101.2, 95.3, 43.0, 33.0, 29.4, 11.6.



2.4 X-Ray Data Collection and Refinements

Crystallographic data for cat. A



Single crystals of compound **cat**. A were obtained by slow recrystallization from dichloromethane/petroleum ether (4:1) mixtures. A suitable crystal was selected and diffraction data were collected on a Bruker D8 Venture/Photon 100 diffractometer. The crystal was kept at 100.04 K during data collection. The structures were solved and refined with the SHELX suite of programs. All non-hydrogen atoms were refined with anisotropic thermal parameters. The hydrogen atoms of ligands were included into geometrically calcd. positions in the final stages of the refinement and were refined according to 'riding model'. Olex2-1.5 software was used to produce the diagrams.

Identification code	CCDC2124226
Empirical formula	$C_{22}H_{30}CoI_2N_3$
Formula weight	649.22
Temperature/K	100.00
Crystal system	orthorhombic
Space group	$Pna2_1$
a/Å	13.46140(10)
b/Å	20.18930(2)
c/Å	8.81820(10)
$\alpha/^{\circ}$	90.00
β/°	90.00
$\gamma^{\prime \circ}$	90.00
Volume/Å ³	2396.58(4)
Z	4
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.799
µ/mm ⁻¹	25.923
F(000)	1264.0
Crystal size/mm ³	$0.2\times0.12\times0.05$
Radiation	$CuK\alpha \ (\lambda = 1.54184)$

 2Θ range for data collection/° 7.894 to 147.756 Index ranges $\text{-15} \le h \le 16, \, \text{-21} \le k \le 25, \, \text{-10} \le l \le 10$ Reflections collected 24321 $4563 \; [R_{int} = 0.0641, \, R_{sigma} = 0.0381]$ Independent reflections Data/restraints/parameters 4563/1/262 Goodness-of-fit on F² 1.081 Final R indexes $[I \ge 2\sigma(I)]$ $R_1 = 0.0312, wR_2 = 0.0814$ $R_1 = 0.0318, wR_2 = 0.0816$ Final R indexes [all data] Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å-3 0.82/-1.08 0.193(9) Flack parameter

3. Additional Optimization of the Reaction Conditions

Table S1. Screening of base^a



^{*a*} Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.2 mmol, 1 equiv), **2a** (1.2 equiv), **3a** (1.2 equiv), cat. **A** (10 mol %), base (0.9 equiv) in toluene (1.5 mL) under Ar, 24 h. ^{*b*} Isolated yield. ^{*c*} 0.5 equiv *t*BuOK was added. ^{*d*} No base was added.

 \sim

	он 2a 3a	Cat. A, <i>t</i> BuOK solvent, Temp, Ar, 24 h
Entry	Solvent	Yield (%) ^b
1	toluene	75
2	CH ₃ CN	3
3	1,4-dioxa	ne 16
4	DMSO	15
5	<i>p</i> -xylene	e 49
6 ^{<i>c</i>}	toluene	trace
7^d	toluene	23
8^e	toluene	56
9 ^f	toluene	trace
10 ^g	toluene	45
11^{h}	toluene	27
12^{i}	toluene	50

Table S2. Screening of solvent, temperature and time^a

^{*a*} Reaction conditions: **1a** (0.1 mmol, 1 equiv), **2a** (1.2 equiv), **3a** (1.2 equiv), cat. **A** (10 mol %), solvent (1.5 mL) under Ar for 24 h. ^{*b*} Isolated products. ^{*c*} 60 °C. ^{*d*} 80 °C. ^{*e*} 130 °C. ^{*f*} 0.1 mL water was added. ^{*g*} Under air. ^{*h*} 8 h. ^{*i*} 16 h.

4. General Procedures for the Synthesis of N-Heterocycle Compounds

4.1 General procedure A for the synthesis of pyrimidines: Amidine or guanidine (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), cat. **A** (10 mol%), *t*-BuOK (0.9 equiv.) were placed in a 25 mL Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar, the system was evacuated and refilled with argon for three times. The primary alcohol (1.2 equiv.), secondary alcohol (1.2 equiv.) and anhydrous toluene (1.5 mL) were added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. After completion, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and passed through celite to give crude product. Then the solvent was removed in vacuo and the crude product was further purified with flash column chromatography to obtain the final product.

4.2 General procedure B for the synthesis of quinoline and indole: 2-Aminobenzyl alcohol (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), cat. **A** (2.5 mol% from ketone, 10 mol% for secondary alcohol), *t*-BuOK (0.5 equiv. from ketone, 0.9 equiv. for secondary alcohol) were placed in a 25 mL Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar, the system was evacuated and refilled with argon for three times. The ketone (1.2 equiv.) or secondary alcohol (1.2 equiv.) was added along with anhydrous toluene (2.0 mL), the reaction mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 24 h. After completion, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and passed through celite to give crude product. Then the solvent was removed in vacuo and the crude product was further purified with flash column chromatography to obtain the final product. The synthesis of indole from 2-aminophenethanol was carried out using similar conditions to quinoline, with 2-aminophenethanol (1.0 equiv.), cat. **A** (10 mol%), and *t*-BuOK (0.9 equiv.), anhydrous toluene (1.5 mL).

4.3 General procedure C for the synthesis of imidazole and quinoxaline: *o*-Phenylenediamine (0.2 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), cat. **A** (10 mol%), *t*-BuOK (1.0 equiv.) were placed in a 25 mL Schlenk tube containing a stirring bar, the system was evacuated and refilled with argon for three times. The primary alcohol (2.5 equiv., for imidazole) or phenylethylene glycol (2.5 equiv., for quinoxaline) and anhydrous toluene (0.5 mL) were added under argon. The reaction mixture was stirred at 140 °C for 24 h. After completion, the reaction was cooled to room temperature and the reaction mixture was diluted with ethyl acetate and passed through celite to give crude product. Then the solvent was removed in vacuo and the crude product was further purified with flash column chromatography to obtain the final product.

5. Characterization Data of the Compounds



Synthesis of 2,4,6-triphenylpyrimidine (4a): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (44.3 mg, 75%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.49$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.80 – 8.73 (m, 2H), 8.37 – 8.25 (m, 4H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.58 (m, 9H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.7, 164.5, 138.2, 137.5, 130.8, 130.6, 128.9, 128.5, 128.4, 127.3, 110.3.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{22}H_{17}N_2$, 309.1; found, 309.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1586 (m), 1569 (s), 1526 (s), 1495 (m), 1430 (w), 1365 (s), 1237 (s), 1074 (w), 1028 (w), 859 (m), 834 (w), 775 (m), 748 (s), 708 (m), 688 (s), 632 (m).

т.р.: 187-188 °С.



Synthesis of 2,4-diphenyl-6-(p-tolyl)pyrimidine (4b): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (55.5 mg, 90%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.42$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.80 – 8.68 (m, 2H), 8.34 – 8.26 (m, 2H), 8.21 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.55 (q, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 6H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 2.47 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.7, 164.6, 164.5, 141.2, 138.3, 137.7, 134.7, 130.7, 130.6, 129.7, 128.9, 128.5, 128.4, 127.3, 127.2, 110.0, 21.5.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{23}H_{19}N_2$, 323.2; found, 323.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1640 (s), 1589 (m), 1570 (m), 1527 (m), 1511 (w), 1495 (w), 1360 (m), 1236 (w), 1112 (w), 1027 (w), 822 (m), 773 (m), 747 (s), 686 (s), 629 (m), 473 (m).

m.p.: 140-142 °C.



Synthesis of 2,4-diphenyl-6-(4-propylphenyl)pyrimidine (4c): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (41.1 mg, 61%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.52$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.77 – 8.68 (m, 2H), 8.32 – 8.24 (m, 2H), 8.21 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz,21H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.54 m, 6H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.69 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.71 (h, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 0.98 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.8, 164.6, 164.5, 145.9, 138.3, 137.7, 135.0, 130.7, 130.6, 129.1, 128.9, 128.5, 128.4, 127.3, 127.2, 110.0, 38.0, 24.5, 13.8.

HRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]+ calcd. for C₂₅H₂₃N₂, 351.1856; found, 351.1861.

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1644 (m), 1608 (m), 1592 (m), 1572 (s), 1529 (s), 1506 (m), 1363 (m), 1296 (s), 1199 (m), 1160 (m), 1073 (w), 1018 (w), 850 (w), 774 (w), 752 (m), 734 (m), 686 (m), 633 (w), 501 (w).



Synthesis of 4-(4-isopropylphenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4d): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane : EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (40.1 mg, 68%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.66$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.78 – 8.73 (m, 2H), 8.33 – 8.29 (m, 2H), 8.24 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (s, 1H), 7.56 (t, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 7H), 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 3.0 (dq, *J* = 13.5, 6.7 Hz, 1H), 1.34 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.9, 164.7, 164.6, 152.1, 138.4, 137.8, 135.3, 130.9, 130.8, 130.7, 129.0, 128.6, 127.5, 127.4, 127.2, 110.2, 34.3, 24.0.

HRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]+ calcd. for C₂₅H₂₃N₂, 351.1856; found, 351.1864.

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1637 (w), 1613 (w), 1589 (m), 1569 (s), 1527 (s), 1496 (m), 1446 (w), 1380 (w), 1360 (s), 1261 (w), 1098 (m), 1056 (m), 1026 (m), 840 (m), 830 (m), 804 (m), 775 (m), 754 (m), 739 (s), 686 (s), 630 (w), 535 (m).

m.p.: 123-124 °C.



Synthesis of 4-(4-methoxyphenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4e): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 30:1) as a white solid (48.0 mg, 74%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.63$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 30:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.76 – 8.66 (m, 2H), 8.25 (m, 4H), 7.91 (s, 1H), 7.52 (m, 6H), 7.04 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 2H), 3.87 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.5, 164.4, 164.2, 161.9, 138.3, 137.7, 130.7, 130.6, 130.0, 128.9, 128.8, 128.5, 128.4, 127.3, 114.3, 109.4, 55.5.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₃H₁₉N₂O, 339.1; found, 339.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1610 (w), 1588 (s), 1560 (s), 1528 (s), 1510 (s), 1495 (m), 1458 (w), 1366 (s), 1294 (w), 1255 (s), 1214 (s), 1172 (s), 1075 (w), 1025 (m), 832 (s), 775 (m), 752 (s), 730 (m), 691 (s), 636 (w), 585 (m), 514 (m).

m.p.: 72-74 °C.



Synthesis of 2,4-diphenyl-6-(4-(trifluoromethoxy)phenyl)pyrimidine (4f): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (48.0 mg, 64%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.43$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.75 – 8.68 (m, 2H), 8.36 – 8.26 (m, 4H), 7.99 (s, 1H), 7.60 – 7.51 (m, 6H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 165.2, 164.8, 163.5, 160.2, 151.3, 138.1, 137.5, 136.3, 131.1, 131.0, 129.1, 129.1, 128.7, 128.6, 127.4, 121.3, 110.3.

¹⁹**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) -57.63.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) $[M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{23}H_{16}F_3N_2O$, 393.1; found, 393.1.

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1622 (w), 1570 (s), 1533 (s), 1492 (m), 1441 (w), 1359 (m), 1287 (s), 1214 (s), 1155 (s), 1076 (w), 1025 (w), 864 (m), 807 (w), 778 (w), 751 (s), 712 (m), 687 (s), 636 (m), 473 (w).

m.p.: 99-100 °C.



Synthesis of 4-(4-fluorophenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4g): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (35.7 mg, 57%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.77$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.76 – 8.66 (m, 2H), 8.34 – 8.21 (m, 4H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.55 (m, 6H), 7.27 – 7.19 (m, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm)165.0, 164.8 (d, $J_{CF} = 250.0$ Hz) 164.6, 163.7, 163.5, 138.2, 137.6, 133.8 (d, $J_{CF} = 3.0$ Hz), 131.0, 130.8, 129.5 (d, $J_{CF} = 8.2$ Hz), 129.1, 128.6, 127.4, 116.1 (d, $J_{CF} = 21.6$ Hz), 110.0.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) -109.86.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]+ calcd. for C₂₂H₁₆FN₂, 327.1; found, 327.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1644 (w), 1604 (s), 1589 (m), 1572 (s), 1530 (s), 1497 (s), 1361 (s), 1229 (s), 1154 (w), 1103 (w), 1025 (w), 831 (s), 773 (w), 747 (s), 720 (m), 685 (s), 632 (m), 586 (w), 565 (m), 501 (m).

m.p.: 156-158 °C.



Synthesis of 4-(4-chlorophenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4h): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1) as a white solid (46.2 mg, 70%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.49$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.73 – 8.62 (m, 2H), 8.28 – 8.15 (m, 4H), 7.90 (s, 1H), 7.50 (dd, *J* = 12.2, 7.1 Hz, 8H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.9, 164.6, 163.5, 138.0, 137.4, 137.0, 135.9, 130.9, 130.8, 129.1, 129.0, 128.6, 128.5, 127.3, 109.9.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]+ calcd. for C₂₂H₁₆ClN₂, 343.1; found, 343.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1641 (w), 1590 (s), 1570 (s), 1526 (s), 1491 (s), 1360 (s), 1238 (w), 1172 (w), 1091 (m), 1010 (m), 836 (s), 775 (m), 750 (s), 717 (w), 689 (s), 636 (m).

m.p.: 160-162 °C.



Synthesis of 4-(3-methoxyphenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4i): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 100:1) as a white solid (26.8 mg, 41%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.38$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 100:1, UV).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.78 – 8.66 (m, 2H), 8.32 – 8.21 (m, 2H), 7.96 (s, 1H),

7.87 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.59 – 7.48 (m, 6H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.10 – 7.02 (m, 1H), 3.92 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.8, 164.5, 164.5, 160.2, 139.0, 138.2, 137.5, 130.8, 130.7, 129.9, 128.9, 128.5, 128.5, 127.3, 119.7, 116.4, 112.8, 110.5, 55.5.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]+ calcd. for $C_{23}H_{19}N_2O$, 339.1; found, 339.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁵

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1569 (s), 1527 (s), 1491 (m), 1452 (m), 1359 (s), 1285 (m), 1254 (m), 1215 (w), 1042 (m), 859 (m), 834 (w), 772 (m), 747 (s), 684 (s), 632 (m), 473 (w).

m.p.: 118-119 °C.



Synthesis of 2,4-diphenyl-6-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)pyrimidine (4j): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 100:1) as a white solid (38.3 mg, 53%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.67$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 100:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.76 – 8.69 (m, 2H), 8.53 (s, 1 H), 8.47 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 8.34 – 8.27 (m, 1H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.80 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.61 – 7.52 (m, 6H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 165.2, 164.7, 163.2, 138.4, 137.8, 137.2, 131.6, 131.3, 131.1, 130.9, 130.7, 130.5, 130.2, 129.5, 129.0, 128.6, 128.5, 127.4, 127.31, 127.27, 125.4, 124.2, 124.13, 124.09, 124.05, 122.7, 110.3.

¹⁹**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) -62.54.

HRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{23}H_{16}F_3N_2$, 377.1260; found, 377.1263.

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1616 (w), 1589 (s), 1571 (s), 1528 (s), 1494 (m), 1442 (m), 1379 (m), 1357 (s), 1326 (s), 1282 (w), 1232 (m), 1165 (s), 1120 (s), 1074 (s), 1052(m), 1025 (m), 923 (w), 863 (m), 811 (m), 776 (m), 751 (s), 688 (s), 657 (m), 635 (m).

m.p.: 157-158 °C.



Synthesis of 4-(3-chlorophenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4k): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 100:1) as a white solid (33.6 mg, 51%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.51$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 100:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.76 – 8.68 (m, 2H), 8.35 – 8.24 (m, 3H), 8.18 – 8.12 (m, 1H), 7.98 (s, 1H), 7.60 – 7.47 (m, 8H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 165.1, 164.7, 163.4, 139.4, 137.9, 137.3, 135.1, 131.0, 130.8, 130.7, 130.2, 129.0, 128.5, 127.5, 127.3, 125.4, 110.3.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]+ calcd. for $C_{22}H_{16}ClN_2$, 343.1; found, 343.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁶

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1642 (w), 1588 (m), 1568 (s), 1525 (s), 1495 (w), 1356 (m), 1237 (w), 1074 (w), 1024 (w), 861 (w), 773 (w), 748 (s), 719 (w), 686 (s), 632 (w).

m.p.: 139-140 °C.



Synthesis of 4-(3-bromophenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4l): Following the general S21

procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (47.7 mg, 64%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.56$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.77 – 8.64 (m, 2H), 8.32 – 8.23 (m, 2H), 8.17 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.61 – 7.48 (m, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 165.2, 164.8, 163.4, 139.8, 138.0, 137.4, 133.8, 131.1, 131.0, 130.6, 130.5, 129.1, 128.7, 127.5, 126.0, 123.4, 110.4.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]+ calcd. for $C_{22}H_{16}BrN_2$, 387.0; found, 387.0. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁷

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1587 (m), 1568 (s), 1508 (s), 1495 (m), 1356 (m), 1236 (s), 1072 (w), 1025 (w), 860 (m), 775 (m), 748 (s), 686 (s), 660 (w), 633 (m).

m.p.: 128-129 °C.



Synthesis of 2,4-diphenyl-6-(o-tolyl)pyrimidine (4m): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a light yellow oil (39.9 mg, 65%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.49$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.74 – 8.59 (m, 2H), 8.32 – 8.21 (m, 2H), 7.74 (s, 1H), 7.62 – 7.48 (m, 7H), 7.42 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 2.57 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 167.8, 164.7, 163.7, 137.9, 137.3, 137.0, 136.6, 131.4,
131.2, 131.1, 129.8, 129.7, 129.1, 128.7, 128.6, 127.5, 126.3, 114.5, 20.7.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₃H₁₉N₂, 323.2; found, 323.2. Spectra data are consistent

with the reported literature.⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1622 (m), 1603 (m), 1588 (s), 1568 (s), 1524 (s), 1493 (m), 1449 (m), 1378 (m), 1359 (m), 1283 (m), 1236 (m), 1173 (m), 1074 (w), 1029 (m), 879 (w), 845 (w), 771 (m), 750 (s), 727 (w), 692 (s), 634 (s).



Synthesis of 4-(2-chlorophenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4n): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (37.3 mg, 57%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.46$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.68 (m, 2H), 8.33 – 8.24 (m, 2H), 8.03 (s, 1H), 7.86 (dd, *J* = 7.2, 2.1 Hz, 1H), 7.59 – 7.49 (m, 7H), 7.48 – 7.41 (m, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.7, 164.6, 163.9, 138.0, 137.6, 137.3, 132.5, 131.8, 130.9, 130.8, 130.7, 130.5, 129.0, 128.5, 127.4, 127.3, 115.2.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₂H₁₆ClN₂, 343.1; found, 343.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1650 (m), 1592 (m), 1570 (s), 1526 (s), 1474 (w), 1362 (s), 1259 (w), 1166 (w), 1067 (m), 1034 (m), 873 (w), 775 (m), 746 (s), 687 (s), 623 (m).

m.p.: 111-112 °C.



Synthesis of 2,4-diphenyl-6-(2-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)pyrimidine (40): Following the S23

general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (26.0 mg, 36%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.50 \ (n-\text{hexane:EtOAc} = 20.1, \text{UV}).$

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.65 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 2.8 Hz, 2H), 8.27 (dd, *J* = 6.4, 2.7 Hz, 2H), 7.86 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (s, 1H), 7.65 (dt, *J* = 22.0, 8.9 Hz, 3H), 7.58 – 7.47 (m, 6H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 166.4, 164.4, 164.3, 138.6, 137.9, 137.2, 132.0, 131.5, 131.2, 130.9, 129.4, 129.1, 128.9, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 127.5, 127.1, 127.0, 126.94, 126.89, 125.5, 122.8, 114.3.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) -56.28.

HRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{23}H_{16}F_3N_2$, 377.1260; found, 377.1258.

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1640 (w), 1622 (w), 1590 (m), 1565 (s), 1528 (s), 1494 (m), 1378 (w), 1360 (s), 1311 (s), 1269 (w), 1171 (m), 1148 (w), 1126 (s), 1109 (s), 1067 (w), 1036 (m), 872 (w), 765 (m), 745 (s), 693 (s), 632 (m), 596 (w).

m.p.: 97-98 °C.



Synthesis of 4-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4p): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (58.1 mg, 82%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.37$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.78 – 8.63 (m, 2H), 8.33 – 8.22 (m, 2H), 7.95 (s, 1H), 7.61 – 7.48 (m, 6H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 2H), 6.64 (s, 1H), 3.92 (s, 6H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.8, 164.5, 164.4, 161.3, 139.7, 138.1, 137.5, 130.8,

130.7, 128.9, 128.5, 128.4, 127.3, 110.5, 105.5, 102.6, 55.6.

HRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₄H₂₁N₂O₂, 369.1598; found, 369.1598.

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1591 (m), 1569 (s), 1532 (s), 1496 (w), 1453 (m), 1358 (s), 1333 (w), 1286 (w), 1202(m), 1153 (m), 1068 (w), 1040 (w), 928 (w), 839 (m), 773 (m), 748 (m), 686 (w), 656 (w).

m.p.: 135-136 °C.



Synthesis of 4-(3,5-dimethoxy-4-(3-methylbut-2-en-1-yl)phenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4q): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc =50:1) as a yellow solid (54.3 mg, 62%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.57$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1, UV).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) δ 8.78 – 8.69 (m, 2H), 8.35 – 8.25 (m, 2H), 7.94 (s, 1H),
7.57 (t, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 6H), 7.46 (s, 2H), 5.26 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.00 (s, 6H), 3.46 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz,
2H), 1.83 (s, 3H), 1.72 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 165.1, 164.8, 164.5, 158.6, 138.3, 137.7, 136.5, 131.8, 130.9, 130.7, 129.0, 128.6, 127.4, 122.4, 121.8, 110.4, 103.1, 56.1, 26.0, 22.7, 17.9.

HRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₉H₂₈N₂O₂, 437.2224; found, 437.2222.

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1638 (s), 1590 (m), 1570 (s), 1529 (s), 1494 (w), 1460 (w), 1361 (s), 1302 (w), 1166 (w), 846 (w), 750 (m), 699 (m), 632 (w).

m.p.: 145-147 °C.



Synthesis of 2,4-diphenyl-6-(pyridin-2-yl)pyrimidine (4r): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc =5:1) as a yellow solid (34.9 mg, 59%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.31$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.97 (d, *J* = 3.9 Hz, 1H), 8.81 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 5H), 8.00 – 7.94 (m, 1H), 7.71 – 7.46 (m, 8H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 172.4, 150.5, 137.0, 135.8, 133.1, 132.8, 132.2, 132.1, 132.0, 131.9, 129.3, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 126.1, 124.8, 106.3.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{21}H_{16}N_3$, 310.1; found, 310.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹⁰

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1641 (m), 1591 (w), 1525 (s), 1438 (w), 1368 (s), 1179 (w), 1119 (w), 843 (m), 749 (s), 722 (w), 691 (m), 642 (w), 541 (m).

т.р.: 227-228 °С.



Synthesis of 2,4-diphenyl-6-(thiophen-2-yl)pyrimidine (4s): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) as a white solid (21.3 mg, 35%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.29$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1, UV).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.69 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 8.27 (d, *J* = 5.9 Hz, 2H), 7.92 (d, *J* = 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.86 (s, 1H), 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.9 Hz, 8H), 7.21 (t, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 175.8, 173.8, 171.7, 167.0, 137.1, 135.9, 133.0, 132.2, 131.9, 130.5, 129.4, 129.3, 128.9, 127.4, 127.4, 114.9.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₀H₁₅N₂S, 315.1; found, 315.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1641 (s), 1587 (m), 1569 (s), 1526 (s), 1495 (w), 1430 (w), 1365 (s), 1236 (w), 1094 (w), 1074 (w), 1028 (w), 858 (w), 833 (w), 775 (m), 748 (s), 708 (m), 688 (s), 632 (m). **m.p.:** 162-163 °C.



Synthesis of 2,4-diphenyl-6-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)pyrimidine (4t): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (57.1 mg, 76%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.56$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.78 – 8.65 (m, 2H), 8.39 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 8.34 – 8.25 (m, 2H), 8.02 (s, 1H), 7.82 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.62 – 7.50 (m, 6H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 165.4, 164.9, 163.4, 162.2, 141.1, 137.9, 137.3, 131.2, 131.0, 129.1, 128.8, 128.7, 128.63, 128.55, 128.5, 127.8, 127.5, 126.1, 126.0, 126.0, 125.9, 110.7.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) -62.71.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₃H₁₆F₃N₂, 377.1; found, 377.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1591 (m), 1569 (s), 1528 (s), 1496 (w), 1453 (w), 1358 (s), 1333 (w) 1286 (w), 1202 (m), 1153 (m), 1068 (w), 1040 (w), 928 (w), 839 (m), 773 (w), 748 (m), 725 (w), 686 (s), 656 (w), 633 (w).

m.p.: 137-138 °C.



Synthesis of 4-(4-bromophenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4u): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (29.6 mg, 40%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.59$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.77 – 8.64 (m, 2H), 8.32 – 8.23 (m, 2H), 8.17 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.97 (s, 1H), 7.69 (d, J = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.61 – 7.48 (m, 6H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 165.0, 164.6, 163.6, 138.0, 137.4, 136.4, 132.1, 130.9, 130.8, 129.0, 128.8, 128.5, 128.4, 127.3, 125.4, 110.0.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₂H₁₆BrN₂, 387.0; found, 387.0. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1588 (s), 1569 (s), 1527 (s), 1488 (m), 1359 (s), 1239 (w), 1172 (w), 1071 (w), 1006 (w), 832 (m), 776 (w), 750 (s), 689 (s), 635 (w), 493 (w).

m.p.: 160-161 °C.



Synthesis of N-(4-(2,6-diphenylpyrimidin-4-yl)phenyl)pivalamide (4v): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1) as a yellow solid (23.5 mg, 30%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.51$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.72 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 8.36 – 8.23 (m, 4H), 7.99 (br s, 1H), 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 2H), 7.60 – 7.46 (m, 7H), 1.37 (s, 9H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 176.8, 164.7, 164.5, 163.9, 140.5, 138.2, 137.6, 133.0, 130.8, 130.6, 128.9, 128.5, 128.1, 127.3, 119.8, 109.7, 39.8, 27.7.

HRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₇H₂₆N₃O, 408.2070; found, 408.2075.

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1658 (s), 1593 (s), 1572 (m), 1520 (s), 1363 (m), 1318 (w), 1237 (w), 1183 (w), 1170 (w), 1025 (w), 925 (w), 845 (w), 836 (w), 752 (m), 689 (m), 628 (w), 513 (w).

m.p.: 209-211 °C.



Synthesis of 4-(2-methoxyphenyl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4w): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (29.3 mg, 45%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.32$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.70 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 2H), 8.34 – 8.20 (m, 4H), 7.54 (m, 7H), 7.18 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 3.97 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.4, 163.8, 163.6, 158.2, 138.6, 138.1, 131.7, 131.5, 130.6, 130.5, 129.0, 128.5, 128.5, 127.5, 127.2, 121.4, 115.6, 111.8, 56.0.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₃H₁₉N₂O, 339.1; found, 339.1. Spectra data are

consistent with the reported literature.⁶

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1642 (w), 1589 (m), 1571 (s), 1529 (s), 1494 (m), 1360 (s), 1235 (w), 1171 (w), 1071 (w), 1027 (w), 862 (w), 770 (w), 737 (s), 681 (s), 627 (m), 614 (w), 473 (m). **m.p.:** 89-91 °C.



Synthesis of 4-(naphthalen-2-yl)-2,6-diphenylpyrimidine (4x): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (42.1 mg, 66%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.53$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.79 (m, 3H), 8.41 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.37 – 8.30 (m, 2H), 8.15 (s, 1H), 8.03 (m, 2H), 7.97 – 7.88 (m, 1H), 7.66 – 7.47 (m, 8H).
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.8, 164.7, 164.6, 138.2, 137.6, 134.9, 134.6, 133.3,

130.8, 130.7, 129.1, 129.0, 128.7, 128.6, 128.5, 127.8, 127.4, 127.4, 127.3, 126.6, 124.3, 110.5. **LRMS ESI**: (m/z) $[M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₂₆H₁₉N₂, 359.2; found, 359.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1646 (w), 1589 (s), 1570 (s), 1530 (s), 1495 (m), 1434 (w), 1370 (m), 1332 (w), 1199 (w), 1071 (w), 1023 (w), 852 (m), 810 (m), 772 (m), 755 (s), 691 (s), 663 (m), 634 (m), 561 (w), 473 (m).

m.p.: 153-154 °C.



Synthesis of 2,4-diphenyl-5,6-dihydrobenzo[h]quinazoline (4y): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a yellow solid (40.4 mg, 63%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.51$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.71 – 8.55 (m, 3H), 7.74 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 2H), 7.58 – 7.39 (m, 8H), 7.28 (s, 1H), 3.15 – 3.04 (m, 2H), 2.91 (t, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 164.3, 162.2, 160.1, 139.1, 138.4, 138.3, 133.4, 130.8, 130.2, 129.3, 128.4, 128.3, 128.2, 127.8, 127.3, 126.1, 123.5, 27.9, 24.8.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₂H₁₉BrN₂, 335.2; found, 335.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁶

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1638 (m), 1538 (s), 1494 (s), 1494 (w), 1446 (w), 1394 (s), 1265 (w), 1101 (w), 1024 (w), 757 (s), 701 (s), 624 (w), 597 (w).

m.p.: 154-156 °C.



Synthesis of 4,6-diphenylpyrimidin-2-amine (4z): Following the general procedure A, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) as a light yellow solid (39.8 mg, 84%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.38$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.05 (m, 4H), 7.55 – 7.43 (m, 7H), 5.29 (brs, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 166.3, 163.7, 137.8, 130.5, 128.8, 127.2, 104.4.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄N₃, 248.1; found, 248.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹¹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1629 (s), 1587 (m), 1565 (s), 1544 (s), 1495 (m), 1451 (m), 1363 (w), 1232 (w), 1074 (w), 841 (m), 763 (s), 692 (s), 626 (m).

т.р.: 127-129 °С.



Synthesis of 2-phenylquinoline (7a): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a yellow solid (from ketone, 35.9 mg, 86%; from alcohol, 33.8 mg, 81%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.38$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.28 – 8.11 (m, 4H), 7.86 (dd, *J* = 19.3, 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (m, 4H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 157.4, 148.3, 139.7, 136.8, 129.8, 129.7, 129.3, 128.9, 127.6, 127.5, 127.2, 126.3, 119.1.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₁₅H₁₂N, 206.1; found, 206.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1638 (m), 1597 (m), 1554 (w), 1488 (w), 1445 (w), 1318 (w), 1123 (w), 1075 (w), 1022 (w), 829 (s), 792 (w), 766 (s), 690 (s), 674 (m), 611 (w), 554 (w).

m.p.: 80-81 °C.



S32

Synthesis of 2-(p-tolyl)quinoline (7b): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1) as a yellow solid (from ketone, 37.7 mg, 84%; from alcohol, 25.2 mg, 56%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.39$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.08 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 3.8 Hz, 2H), 8.04 – 7.95 (m, 2H), 7.79 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.62 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 157.4, 148.3, 139.4, 136.9, 136.7, 129.7, 129.6, 127.5, 127.2, 126.1, 118.9, 21.4.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄N, 220.1; found, 220.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1636 (m), 1595 (m), 1574 (w), 1551 (w), 1496 (m), 1430 (w), 1319 (w), 1286 (w), 1125 (w), 1110 (w), 1015 (w), 947 (w), 814 (s), 787 (s), 746 (s), 715 (m), 690 (s), 675 (w), 615 (w), 554 (w).

m.p.: 81-83 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(4-methoxyphenyl)quinoline (7c): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1) as a dark red solid (from ketone, 39.9 mg, 83%; from alcohol, 26.5 mg, 55%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.45$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1, UV).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.11 – 8.02 (m, 4H), 7.77 – 7.67 (m, 2H), 7.62 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 6.96 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 3.79 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 160.8, 156.9, 148.3, 136.6, 132.3, 129.6, 129.6, 128.9, 127.5, 126.9, 125.9, 118.6, 114.3, 55.4.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄NO, 236.1; found, 236.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1641 (s), 1606 (s), 1498 (m), 1430 (w), 1288 (w), 1250 (m), 1176 (w), 1114 (w), 1028 (w), 818 (s), 789 (m), 750 (s), 724 (w), 677 (m), 557 (m).

m.p.: 114-116 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(4-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)quinoline (7d): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1) as a light yellow solid (from ketone, 39.6 mg, 71%; from alcohol, 35.3 mg, 63%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.35$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1, UV).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.26 (t, *J* = 9.0 Hz, 3H), 8.18 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.85 (dd, *J* = 11.5, 8.6 Hz, 2H), 7.81 – 7.71 (m, 3H), 7.60 – 7.52 (m, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 155.8, 148.4, 143.1, 137.2, 131.7, 131.3, 131.0, 130.7, 130.1, 130.0, 128.4, 128.0, 127.7, 127.6, 127.0, 125.9, 125.9, 125.84, 125.80, 125.7, 123.0, 120.3, 118.9.

¹⁹**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) -112.48.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₆H₁₁F₃N, 274.1; found, 274.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1638 (s), 1595 (w), 1556 (w), 1498 (w), 1433 (w), 1338 (s), 1169 (m), 1124 (s), 1105 (s), 1072 (m), 1010 (w), 818 (s), 789 (w), 759 (m), 676 (w), 597 (w).

m.p.: 119-120 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(4-fluorophenyl)quinoline (7e): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a white solid (19.4 mg, 43%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.43$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.18 – 8.00 (m, 4H), 7.79 – 7.72 (m, 2H), 7.66 (ddd, J = 8.5, 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (t, J = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.13 (t, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H). ¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 163.9 (d, $J_{CF} = 249.0$ Hz), 156.3, 148.3, 137.0, 135.9 (d, $J_{CF} = 21.6$ Hz), 129.9, 129.7, 129.5 (d, $J_{CF} = 8.5$ Hz), 127.6, 127.2, 126.4, 118.7, 115.9 (d, $J_{CF} = 3.2$ Hz).

¹⁹**F NMR** (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) -62.52.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₅H₁₁FN, 224.1; found, 224.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1651 (w), 1602 (w), 1587 (m), 1566 (s), 1525 (s), 1493 (w), 1454 (w), 1378 (w), 1360 (m), 1260 (w), 1172 (w), 1072 (w), 1029 (m), 833 (w), 751 (s), 694 (s), 635 (m).

m.p.: 102-104 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(4-chlorophenyl)quinoline (7f): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1) as a light yellow solid (from ketone, 39.5 mg, 81%; from alcohol, 31.3 mg, 64%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.38$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1, UV).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.22 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.19 – 8.07 (m, 3H), 7.83 (dd, J = 8.6, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 7.73 (ddd, J = 8.4, 6.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.58 – 7.46 (m, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 156.1, 148.3, 138.2, 137.1, 135.7, 130.0, 129.8, 129.1, 128.9, 127.6, 127.3, 126.6, 118.7.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₅H₁₁ClN, 240.1; found, 240.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1636 (m), 1593 (m), 1553 (w), 1485 (m), 1430 (m), 1317 (w), 1127 (w), 1090 (m), 1007 (w), 817 (s), 787 (m), 751 (m), 714 (w), 671 (w), 620 (w), 550 (w).

m.p.: 107-108 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(4-bromophenyl)quinoline (7g): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1) as a white solid (from ketone, 48.0 mg, 83%; from alcohol, 38.0 mg, 66%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.38$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.10 (dd, *J* = 23.4, 8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.00 – 7.93 (m, 2H), 7.74 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 7.65 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 6.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.53 (m, 2H), 7.50 – 7.41 (m, 1H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 156.0, 148.3, 138.5, 137.0, 132.0, 129.9, 129.7, 129.1, 127.5, 127.3, 126.5, 124.0, 118.5.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₅H₁₁BrN, 284.0; found, 284.0. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1637 (m), 1594 (m), 1576 (m), 1550 (w), 1484 (m), 1429 (m), 1316 (w), 1126 (w), 1103 (w), 1069 (m), 1003 (m), 815 (s), 786 (s), 751 (s), 712 (m),690 (s), 670 (w), 618 (w),
550 (w).

m.p.: 109-110 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(4-iodophenyl)quinoline (7h): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a yellow solid (36.4 mg, 54%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.46$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.22 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 8.15 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.95 – 7.88 (m, 2H), 7.89 – 7.79 (m, 4H), 7.73 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.54 (ddd, *J* = 8.2, 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 156.1, 148.3, 139.1, 138.0, 137.0, 129.9, 129.7, 129.3, 127.5, 127.3, 126.6, 118.5, 95.9.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₁₅H₁₁IN, 332.0; found, 332.0. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹²

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1641 (w), 1594 (m), 1556 (m), 1498 (m), 1474 (w), 1438 (w), 1424 (m), 1310 (w), 1238 (w), 1074 (w), 1027 (w), 830 (s), 761 (s), 742 (s), 709 (s), 641 (m).

m.p.: 82-84 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(3-bromophenyl)quinoline (7i): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1) as a white solid (34.9 mg, 65%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.38$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.35 (t, *J* = 1.8 Hz, 1H), 8.19 (dd, *J* = 20.7, 8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.06 (dt, *J* = 7.9, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.82 (dd, *J* = 8.5, 2.2 Hz, 2H), 7.74 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.62 – 7.49 (m, 2H), 7.38 (t, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 155.6, 148.2, 141.7, 137.0, 132.2, 130.6, 130.3, 129.9, 129.8, 127.5, 127.4, 126.7, 126.1, 123.2, 118.7.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₅H₁₁BrN, 284.0; found, 284.0. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹³

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1643 (w), 1596 (m), 1553 (m), 1498 (s), 1472 (w), 1451 (w), 1424 (s), 1292 (w), 1235 (w), 1119 (w), 1071 (w), 1023 (w), 829 (s), 759 (s), 741 (s), 712 (s), 641 (m), 618 (w).

m.p.: 103-105 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(2-iodophenyl)quinoline (7j): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a brown solid (27.2 mg, 43%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.47$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.21 (dd, *J* = 18.7, 8.5 Hz, 2H), 8.00 (dd, *J* = 8.0, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.88 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.76 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.66 – 7.53 (m, 3H), 7.48 (td, *J* = 7.5, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.18 – 7.09 (m, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 160.9, 147.7, 145.4, 139.8, 135.9, 130.5, 130.0, 129.8, 129.7, 128.4, 127.6, 127.2, 126.8, 122.5, 96.6.

HRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{15}H_{11}IN$, 331.9931; found, 331.9921.

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1639 (w), 1616 (w), 1592 (m), 1551 (m), 1500 (m), 1474 (w), 1451 (w), 1424 (m), 1310 (w), 1288 (w), 1238 (w), 1120 (w), 1074 (w), 1027 (w), 831 (s), 759 (s), 741 (s), 712 (s), 641 (m), 616 (w).

m.p.: 79-81 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(naphthalen-2-yl)quinoline (7k): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 10:1) as a yellow solid (from ketone, 54.1 mg, 97%; from alcohol, 33.7 mg, 60%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.71$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 10:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.61 (s, 1H), 8.37 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 8.24 (t, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 8.01 (m, 3H), 7.92 – 7.82 (m, 2H), 7.75 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.57 – 7.49 (m, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 157.2, 148.4, 137.0, 136.8, 133.9, 133.5, 129.8, 128.9, 128.6, 127.8, 127.5, 127.3, 127.2, 126.8, 126.7, 126.4, 125.1, 123.9, 119.2.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₁₉H₁₄N, 256.1; found, 256.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹²

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1677 (m), 1632 (w), 1596 (m), 1494 (w), 1422 (w), 1360 (w), 1324 (w), 1285 (w), 1195 (w), 1128 (m), 951 (w), 866 (w), 822 (s), 789 (w), 740 (s), 623 (w).

m.p.: 155-156 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(thiophen-2-yl)quinoline (7l): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) as a light

yellow solid (38.5 mg, 89%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.32$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.17 – 8.10 (m, 2H), 7.84 – 7.76 (m, 2H), 7.78 – 7.69 (m, 2H), 7.54 – 7.47 (m, 2H), 7.19 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 3.7 Hz, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 152.4, 148.2, 145.5, 136.7, 129.9, 129.3, 128.7, 128.2, 127.6, 127.3, 126.2, 125.9, 117.7.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₃H₁₀NS, 212.1; found, 212.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1638 (m), 1589 (w), 1524 (s), 1447 (w), 1367 (s), 1312 (s), 1275 (w), 1177 (m), 1154 (s), 1139 (s), 1117 (m), 1074 (w), 1038 (w), 846 (w), 776 (w), 750 (m), 700 (m), 684 (m), 639 (w).

m.p.: 112-114 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(furan-2-yl)quinoline (7m): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) as a brown solid (29.6 mg, 76%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.36$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.14 (dd, *J* = 8.7, 5.4 Hz, 2H), 7.84 – 7.74 (m, 2H), 7.70 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.49 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.58 (dd, *J* = 3.5, 1.9 Hz, 1H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 153.8, 149.1, 148.2, 144.2, 136.8, 130.0, 129.4, 127.7, 127.3, 126.3, 117.6, 112.3, 110.2.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₃H₁₀NS, 196.1; found, 196.1. Spectra data are

consistent with the reported literature.¹⁴

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1638 (s), 1587 (m), 1571 (s), 1527 (s), 1426 (w), 1364 (m), 1314 (w), 1285 (w), 1170 (w), 1154 (w), 1098 (w), 1073 (w), 1028 (w), 855 (w), 823 (m), 771 (m), 747 (s), 686 (s).

m.p.: 107-109 °C.



Synthesis of 3-methyl-2-phenylquinoline (7n): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a yellow oil (26.2 mg, 63%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.41$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.05 (d, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 1H), 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.70 (dd, *J* = 8.2, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.58 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 6.9, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.57 – 7.37 (m, 5H), 7.40 – 7.31 (m, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 160.6, 146.7, 140.9, 136.7, 129.3, 129.2, 128.9, 128.8, 128.3, 128.2, 127.6, 126.7, 126.4, 20.6.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄N, 220.1; found, 220.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹⁵

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1620 (w), 1598 (m), 1557 (w), 1488 (s), 1447 (m), 1412 (m), 1377 (w), 1331 (w), 1272 (m), 1167 (w), 1120 (w), 1075w), 1010 (s), 904 (m), 860 (w), 767 (s), 753 (s), 702 (s), 618 (w).



Synthesis of 5,6-dihydrobenzo[c]acridine (70): Following the general procedure B, the title S41

compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a yellow solid (45.3 mg, 96%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.42$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.62 (dd, *J* = 7.7, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 8.18 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 1.1 Hz, 1H), 7.94 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.77 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.68 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 6.8, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.53 – 7.44 (m, 2H), 7.41 (td, *J* = 7.4, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.33 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 3.15 (ddd, *J* = 8.1, 5.6, 1.1 Hz, 2H), 3.04 (dd, *J* = 8.4, 5.6 Hz, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 153.4, 147.7, 139.4, 134.8, 133.7, 130.6, 129.7, 129.5, 128.7, 128.0, 127.9, 127.4, 126.9, 126.1, 28.9, 28.4.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₇H₁₄N, 232.1; found, 232.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹⁵

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1636 (s), 1542 (w), 1493 (w), 1421 (w), 1360 (w), 1127 (m), 950 (w), 866 (w), 821 (s), 761 (w), 740 (m), 622 (m).

m.p.: 161-162 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(tert-butyl)quinoline (7p): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1) as a colorless oil (17.2 mg, 45%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.48$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (600 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.12 – 8.07 (m, 2H), 7.79 (dd, *J* = 8.1, 1.4 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (ddd, *J* = 8.4, 6.8, 1.5 Hz, 1H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 1H), 7.50 (ddd, *J* = 8.0, 6.8, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 1.50 (s, 9H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 169.3, 147.5, 135.9, 129.4, 129.0, 127.2, 126.5, 125.6, 118.2, 38.2, 30.2.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{13}H_{16}N$, 186.1; found, 186.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹⁶

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 2960 (s), 2928 (m), 2866 (w), 1620 (w), 1601 (m), 1563 (s), 1461 (w), 1427 (w), 1364 (w), 1140 (m), 1103 (m), 1020 (w), 830 (s), 757 (s), 616 (w).



Synthesis of 2-(tert-butyl)quinoline (7q): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1) as a brown oil (32.2 mg, 75%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.31$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ(ppm) 8.22 – 8.13 (m, 3H), 8.00 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 1H), 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.54 (q, J = 7.5 Hz, 3H), 7.47 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 157.2, 148.3, 144.9, 140.0, 130.4, 129.4, 129.3, 128.9, 127.7, 127.4, 126.1, 123.7, 119.9, 19.1.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₁₃H₁₃N, 220.1; found, 220.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature¹².

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1644 (s), 1614 (s), 1583 (s), 1549 (s), 1484 (w), 1451 (m), 1361 (m), 1295 (m), 1242 (s), 1162 (m), 955 (w), 751 (s), 613 (m), 520 (w).



Synthesis of 2-(4-propylphenyl)quinoline (7r): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1) as a light yellow solid (34.0 mg, 67%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.40$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 50:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.18 (dd, *J* = 13.5, 8.6 Hz, 2H), 8.08 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 7.84 (dd, *J* = 18.3, 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.72 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 7.51 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.34 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 2.67 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 1.70 (h, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 2H), 0.97 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 157.5, 148.3, 144.2, 137.2, 136.7, 129.8, 129.6, 129.0, 127.5, 127.5, 127.1, 126.1, 119.0, 37.9, 24.5, 13.8.

HRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₈H₁₈N, 248.1434; found, 248.1440.

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1637 (m), 1614 (m), 1595 (s), 1550 (s), 1496 (m), 1461 (w), 1429 (m), 1317 (w), 1284 (w), 1183 (w), 1125 (w), 1014 (w), 822 (s), 801 (s), 784 (m), 756 (s), 679 (w), 616 (w), 562 (w).

m.p.: 73-75 °C.



Synthesis of 8-methyl-2-phenylquinoline (7s): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a yellow solid (17.9 mg, 43%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.39$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.27 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 8.19 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.91 (d, J = 8.6 Hz, 1H), 7.67 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.60 – 7.51 (m, 3H), 7.44 (m, 2H), 2.91 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 155.6, 147.2, 139.9, 137.7, 137.0, 129.7, 129.2, 128.8, 127.5, 127.1, 126.0, 125.4, 118.2, 17.9.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₁₆H₁₄N, 220.1; found, 220.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹⁷

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1636 (m), 1599 (m), 1554 (w), 1492 (m), 1430 (w), 1408 (w), 1290 (w), 1124

(w), 1098 (w), 952 (w), 912 (w), 860 (w), 769 (s), 737 (s), 721 (w), 613 (w).

m.p.: 82-84 °C.



Synthesis of 1-benzyl-2-phenyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9a): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1) as a white solid (44.6 mg, 77%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.58$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (q, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 3H), 7.39 – 7.27 (m, 4H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 5.46 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 154.6, 143.6, 136.8, 136.5, 130.5, 130.3, 129.7, 129.5, 129.2, 128.2, 126.4, 123.5, 123.1, 120.4, 111.0, 48.8.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{20}H_{17}N_2$, 285.1; found, 285.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹⁸

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1639 (w), 1607 (w), 1584 (m), 1493 (m), 1470 (s), 1449 (s), 1390 (s), 1365 (m), 1328 (w), 1277 (w), 1249 (w), 1162 (w), 1074 (w), 1027 (w), 819 (w), 776 (m), 766 (w), 734 (s), 702 (s).

m.p.: 138-139 °C.



Synthesis of 1-(4-(tert-butyl)benzyl)-2-(4-(tert-butyl)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9b): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) as a white solid (48.5 mg, 60%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.43$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1, UV).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.86 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.34 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.32 – 7.27 (m, 1H), 7.23 – 7.18 (m, 2H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.1 Hz, 2H), 5.45 (s, 2H), 1.34 (s, 9H), 1.31 (s, 9H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 154.3, 153.1, 150.7, 143.3, 136.1, 133.5, 129.0, 127.2, 125.9, 125.7, 125.7, 122.8, 122.5, 119.8, 110.6, 48.2, 34.9, 34.6, 31.3, 31.2.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{28}H_{33}N_2$, 397.3; found, 397.3. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹⁹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1641 (m), 1617 (m), 1584 (m), 1470 (s), 1449 (s), 1394 (m), 1367 (m), 1330 (m), 1277 (m), 1249 (m), 1162 (w), 1072 (w), 1027 (w), 819 (w), 778 (s), 767 (s), 735 (m), 704 (s), 619 (m), 556 (m).

m.p.: 223-225 °C.



Synthesis of 1-(4-methoxybenzyl)-2-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9c): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 4:1) as a brown solid (51.3 mg, 73%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.39$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 4:1, UV).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.84 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.63 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (ddd, J = 8.1, 5.0, 3.3 Hz, 1H), 7.21 (d, J = 4.1 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, J = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 6.85 (d, J = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 5.38 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H), 3.78 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 160.9, 159.1, 154.2, 143.1, 136.1, 130.7, 128.5, 127.2, 122.8, 122.6, 122.4, 119.7, 114.4, 114.2, 110.5, 55.4, 55.3, 47.9.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₂H₂₁N₂O₂, 345.2; found, 345.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²⁰

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1643 (m), 1610 (s), 1531 (w), 1511 (m), 1480 (m), 1460 (m), 1442 (m), 1417 (w), 1384 (s), 1326 (w), 1295 (m), 1244 (s), 1173 (m), 1108 (w), 984 (w), 834 (m), 812 (m), 782 (w), 764 (w), 736 (s), 544 (w), 517 (w).

m.p.: 119-121 °C.



Synthesis of 1-(3-methylbenzyl)-2-(m-tolyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9d): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) as a yellow oil (50.1 mg, 79%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.41$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.88 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.59 (s, 1H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.25 – 7.19 (m, 3H), 7.11 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.96 – 6.88 (m, 2H), 5.41 (s, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 154.5, 143.2, 138.9, 138.7, 136.6, 136.2, 130.8, 130.3, 130.0, 129.0, 128.6, 128.6, 126.7, 126.1, 123.2, 123.0, 122.7, 120.0, 110.6, 48.5, 21.5, 21.4.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₂₂H₂₁N₂, 313.2; found, 313.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹⁹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1610 (m), 1591 (w), 1516 (m), 1482 (s), 1454 (s), 1382 (s), 1344 (s), 1330 (s), 1285 (m), 1252 (m), 1201 (w), 1162 (m), 1095 (w), 1040 (w), 1010 (w), 916 (w), 882 (m), 793

(s), 764 (s), 745 (s), 720 (w), 695 (s).



Synthesis of 1-(3-chlorobenzyl)-2-(3-chlorophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9e): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) as a orange solid (64.9 mg, 90%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.41$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.88 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.72 (s, 1H), 7.47 (t, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.32 (m, 1H), 7.28 (t, *J* = 8.5 Hz, 3H), 7.23 (d, *J* = 12.5 Hz, 1H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 1H), 5.41 (s, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 152.5, 143.1, 138.2, 135.9, 135.2, 135.0, 131.6, 130.5, 130.2, 130.1, 129.5, 128.3, 127.1, 126.2, 124.1, 123.7, 123.1, 120.3, 110.4, 47.9.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₀H₁₅Cl₂N₂, 353.1; found, 353.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹⁹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1641 (s), 1598 (m), 1572 (m), 1472 (w), 1453 (m), 1440 (m), 1429 (m), 1373 (w), 1340 (w), 1246 (m), 1160 (w), 870 (w), 837 (m), 791 (w), 740 (w), 682 (w).

m.p.: 103-104 °C.



Synthesis of 1-(3-bromobenzyl)-2-(3-bromophenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9f): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-

hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) as a yellow oil (48.6 mg, 54%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.40$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1, UV).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.88 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.62 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.45 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.37 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.21 (dd, *J* = 15.0, 7.5 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.40 (s, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 152.4, 143.0, 138.4, 135.9, 133.1, 132.4, 131.8, 131.3, 130.8, 130.3, 129.2, 127.5, 124.6, 123.7, 123.3, 123.2, 123.0, 120.3, 110.3, 47.8.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₀H₁₅Br₂N₂, 441.0; found, 441.0. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²¹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1638 (s), 1598 (m), 1566 (w), 1513 (w), 1464 (m), 1439 (m), 1398 (m), 1351 (w), 1250 (s), 1162 (w), 1069 (m), 990 (w), 837 (w), 797 (m), 780 (w), 745 (s), 686 (w).

m.p.: 80-81 °C.



Synthesisof1-(3-(trifluoromethyl)benzyl)-2-(3-(trifluoromethyl)phenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9g):Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolatedby flash chromatography (SiO2, n-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1) as a brown oil (83.2 mg, 97%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.55$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.90 (m, 2H), 7.76 (dd, *J* = 24.2, 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.61 – 7.55 (m, 2H), 7.45 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (s, 1H), 7.35 (dd, *J* = 17.3, 7.7 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.49 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 152.6, 150.6, 143.1, 137.5, 137.2, 136.1, 132.3, 132.0,
131.8, 131.6, 131.5, 131.3, 131.1, 130.8, 130.0, 130.0, 129.6, 129.5, 129.3, 127.0, 126.93,

126.89, 126.88, 126.85, 126.4, 126.38, 126.36, 126.32, 126.28, 126.2, 125.24, 125.21, 125.17, 125.1, 125.0, 124.1, 123.5, 123.12, 123.08, 123.05, 123.0, 122.5, 122.3, 120.5, 113.9, 110.3, 48.2.

¹⁹F NMR (376 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) -62.82, -62.95.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₂H₁₅F₆N₂, 421.1; found, 421.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²¹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1616 (w), 1598 (w), 1486 (w), 1457 (s), 1419 (m), 1392 (s), 1329 (s), 1282 (m), 1249 (m), 1168 (s), 1128 (s), 1099 (m), 1073 (s), 910 (w), 848 (w), 808 (m), 746 (s), 700 (s), 662 (w).



Synthesis of 1-(3-phenoxybenzyl)-2-(3-phenoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9h): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 4:1) as a light brown oil (52.6 mg, 55%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.45$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 4:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.83 (d, *J* = 7.9 Hz, 1H), 7.40 (m, 2H), 7.30 (m, 6H), 7.22 (m, 3H), 7.11 (q, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 3H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 2H), 6.95 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (s, 2H), 5.40 (s, 2H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 158.0, 157.9, 156.5, 153.4, 143.0, 138.2, 135.9, 131.6, 130.5, 130.2, 129.9, 129.9, 123.9, 123.8, 123.7, 123.3, 122.9, 120.5, 120.2, 120.1, 119.3, 119.2, 119.1, 117.8, 116.3, 110.5, 48.1.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₃₂H₂₅N₂O₂, 469.2; found, 469.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²²

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1584 (s), 1521 (w), 1487 (s), 1447 (s), 1387 (m), 1330 (m), 1251 (s), 1223 (s), 1162 (m), 1072 (w), 945 (w), 919 (m), 787 (m), 747 (s), 693 (s).



Synthesis of 1-(3,5-dimethoxybenzyl)-2-(3,5-dimethoxyphenyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9i): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 4:1) as a yellow oil (79.5 mg, 96%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.36$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 4:1, UV).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.85 (d, J = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.36 – 7.26 (m, 3H), 6.84 (d, J = 1.9 Hz, 2H), 6.54 (s, 1H), 6.36 (s, 1H), 6.26 (s, 2H), 5.39 (s, 2H), 3.69 (d, J = 5.0 Hz, 12H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 161.4, 160.9, 154.0, 142.9, 139.0, 136.2, 131.6 123.3, 122.8, 119.9, 110.5, 107.0, 104.2, 102.9, 99.3, 55.4, 55.3, 48.5.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₄H₂₅N₂O₄, 405.2; found, 405.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²³

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1598 (s), 1517 (m), 1460 (s), 1428 (s), 1389 (m), 1346 (m), 1329 (m), 1253 (w), 1226 (w), 1205 (s), 1158 (s), 1065 (s), 929 (w), 887 (w), 840 (m), 747 (s), 691 (m).



Synthesis of 1-(2-methylbenzyl)-2-(o-tolyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9j): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-

hexane:EtOAc = 4:1) as a yellow solid (42.3 mg, 66%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.58$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 4:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.87 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.39 – 7.26 (m, 4H), 7.24 – 7.09 (m, 5H), 7.02 (t, *J* = 6.1 Hz, 1H), 6.64 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.18 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 2.15 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 153.9, 143.1, 138.4, 135.0, 134.8, 134.0, 130.6, 130.4, 129.9, 129.8, 127.5, 126.4, 126.0, 125.6, 122.8, 122.4, 120.0, 110.5, 45.8, 19.8, 19.1.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{22}H_{21}N_2$, 313.2; found, 313.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.¹⁹

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1641 (s), 1481 (m), 1452 (s), 1386 (m), 1358 (w), 1326 (w), 1281 (w), 1251 (w), 1245 (w), 1161 (s), 1103 (w), 1047 (w), 982 (w), 772 (m), 744 (s), 628 (w), 585 (w).

m.p.: 131-132 °C.



Synthesis of 2-(pyren-1-yl)-1-(pyren-1-ylmethyl)-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9k): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1) as a light yellow solid (23.0 mg, 21%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.28$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.20 – 8.12 (m, 4H), 8.06 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 3H), 8.03 – 7.95 (m, 6H), 7.95 – 7.88 (m, 3H), 7.86 – 7.79 (m, 2H), 7.48 – 7.38 (m, 2H), 7.34 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 6.01 (s, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 153.7, 143.5, 135.7, 132.4, 131.2, 131.1, 130.8, 130.7, 130.4, 128.7, 128.7, 128.6, 128.1, 127.5, 127.4, 127.2, 127.1, 126.3, 126.1, 125.8, 125.7, 125.6, 125.3, 124.8, 124.7, 124.4, 124.3, 124.2, 123.3, 122.8, 121.2, 120.3, 110.8, 46.5.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₄₀H₂₅N₂, 533.2; found, 533.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²³

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1639 (s), 1601 (m), 1588 (m), 1526 (w), 1483 (w), 1458 (s), 1432 (m), 1397 (s), 1336 (m), 1284 (m), 1255 (w), 1182 (m), 1157 (w), 855 (s), 841 (s), 747 (s), 729 (m), 705 (m), 681 (w).

m.p.: 177-178 °C.



Synthesis of 1-benzyl-4-methyl-2-phenyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9l): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) as a yellow solid (39.6 mg, 65%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.40$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.70 – 7.62 (m, 2H), 7.44 (m, 3H), 7.30 (q, *J* = 8.1, 7.2 Hz, 3H), 7.09 (m, 5H), 5.40 (s, 2H), 2.75 (s, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 153.5, 142.5, 136.6, 135.6, 130.4, 130.1, 129.8, 129.5, 129.0, 128.7, 127.7, 126.1, 123.0, 122.9, 108.0, 48.4, 16.9.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₂₁H₁₉N₂, 299.2; found, 299.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²³

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1635 (m), 1601 (m), 1497 (m), 1469 (s), 1451 (s), 1424 (m), 1387 (s), 1358 (s), 1330 (m), 1301 (w), 1260 (m), 1246 (m), 1151 (m), 1111 (w), 1075 (w), 1030 (w), 925 (m),

809 (w), 776 (m), 753 (s), 737 (s), 719 (s), 696 (s), 655 (m), 597 (w), 559 (w).

m.p.: 105-106 °C.



Synthesis of 1-benzyl-2-phenyl-1H-naphtho[**2,3-d**]**imidazole (9m):** Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1) as a brown solid (51.8 mg, 76%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.48$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.26 (s, 1H), 7.99 – 7.91 (m, 1H), 7.81 – 7.72 (m, 1H), 7.69 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (s, 1H), 7.43 (p, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 3H), 7.29 (ddd, *J* = 24.3, 12.5, 6.2 Hz, 5H), 7.18 (s, 1H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 7.1 Hz, 2H), 5.47 (s, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 158.1, 148.6, 143.2, 136.3, 130.7, 130.4, 129.8, 129.4, 129.2, 128.9, 128.6, 127.8, 127.5, 127.0, 126.0, 124.4, 123.6, 116.9, 106.3, 48.7.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₂₄H₁₉N₂, 335.2; found, 335.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²⁴

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1634 (s), 1478 (m), 1444 (s), 1396 (m), 1366 (m), 1311 (w), 1262 (m), 1099 (w), 1076 (s), 1026 (s), 855 (w), 802 (m), 775 (m), 738 (m), 702 (s).

m.p.: 88-90 °C.



Synthesis of 1-benzyl-5,6-dimethyl-2-phenyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (9n): Following the

general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1) as a yellow solid (28.8 mg, 45%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.53$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.69 – 7.64 (m, 2H), 7.62 (s, 1H), 7.43 (m, 3H), 7.33 (q, *J* = 9.6, 8.1 Hz, 3H), 7.10 (d, *J* = 6.9 Hz, 2H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 5.41 (s, 1H), 2.39 (s, 1H), 2.32 (s, 1H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 153.4, 141.8, 136.7, 134.7, 132.3, 131.6, 130.4, 129.7, 129.2, 129.1, 128.7, 127.7, 125.9, 120.0, 110.6, 48.3, 20.6, 20.3.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{22}H_{21}N_2$, 313.2; found, 313.2. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²⁴

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1643 (m), 1608 (m), 1495 (m), 1469 (s), 1444 (s), 1415 (m), 1389 (s), 1359 (s), 1303 (m), 1386 (m), 1157 (w), 1108 (w), 1077 (w), 1027 (m), 953 (m), 927 (w), 890 (m), 835 (s), 810 (m), 793 (m), 772 (s), 725 (s), 700 (s), 702 (s), 677 (m), 652 (m), 612 (w), 570 (w).

m.p.: 203-205 °C.



Synthesis of 1-benzyl-5,6-dichloro-2-phenyl-1H-benzo[d]imidazole (90): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 4:1) as a white solid (43.1 mg, 60%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.41$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 4:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 7.93 (s, 1H), 7.66 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 7.48 (s, 2H), 7.35 (s, 2H), 7.29 (s, 1H), 7.07 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 5.41 (s, 2H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 156.1, 142.5, 135.5, 130.5, 129.3, 129.2, 129.0, 128.2, 127.0, 126.8, 125.8, 121.2, 111.9, 48.6.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₂₀H₁₅Cl₂N₂, 353.1; found, 353.0. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²⁴

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1644 (m), 1631 (m), 1493 (m), 1477 (s), 1451 (s), 1393 (s), 1366 (s), 1323 (m), 1311 (m), 1282 (w), 1181 (w), 1156 (w), 1075 (w), 1018 (w), 994 (s), 870 (w), 843 (m), 775 (m), 744 (m), 726 (m), 704 (s), 571 (w).

m.p.: 139-141 °C.



Synthesis of 2-phenylquinoxaline (11a): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a brown solid (41.4 mg, 99%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.41$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 9.34 (s, 1H), 8.17 (m, 4H), 7.84 – 7.73 (m, 2H), 7.57 (dt, *J* = 12.7, 6.9 Hz, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 151.9, 143.4, 142.3, 141.6, 136.8, 130.3, 130.2, 129.7, 129.6, 129.2, 129.2, 127.6.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{14}H_{11}N_2$, 207.1; found, 207.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²⁵

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1637 (s), 1571 (w), 1542 (m), 1532 (m), 1486 (w), 1444 (w), 1311 (w), 1205 (w), 1121 (w), 1047 (w), 1027 (w), 953 (m), 917 (w), 767 (s), 749 (s), 687 (s), 668 (m), 548 (m).

m.p.: 92-93 °C.



Synthesis of 5-methyl-2-phenylquinoxaline (11b): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a light orange solid (36.6 mg, 81%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.27$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 9.34 (s, 1H), 8.26 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.99 – 7.91 (m, 1H), 7.63 (d, *J* = 6.7 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (m, 3H), 2.88 (s, 3H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 150.2, 142.6, 141.7, 141.4, 138.0, 137.1, 130.2, 130.1, 129.3, 129.1, 127.5, 126.9, 17.1.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{15}H_{13}N_2$, 221.1; found, 221.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²⁵

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1643 (m), 1611 (m), 1544 (m), 1485 (m), 1446 (w), 1315 (m), 1205 (w), 1144 (w), 1085 (m), 1021 (w), 972 (w), 918 (w), 822 (m), 768 (s), 685 (s), 540 (m).

т.р.: 95-97 °С.



Synthesis of 6,7-dimethyl-2-phenylquinoxaline (11c): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 10:1) as an orange solid (35.1 mg, 73%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.46$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 10:1, UV).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 9.22 (s, 1H), 8.16 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.87 (d, J = 20.7

Hz, 1H), 7.53 (m, 3H), 2.51 (s, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 151.0, 142.4, 141.3, 140.8, 140.6, 140.1, 137.2, 129.9, 129.1, 128.7, 128.2, 127.4, 20.4, 20.4.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{16}H_{15}N_2$, 235.1; found, 235.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²⁵

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1634 (s), 1536 (m), 1484 (m), 1449 (m), 1311 (m), 1278 (w), 1210 (m), 1108 (w), 1047 (w), 1022 (m), 1000 (m), 950 (w), 868 (s), 766 (s), 687 (s), 660 (m), 613 (m).

т.р.: 127-129 °С.



Synthesis of 6,7-dichloro-2-phenylquinoxaline (11d): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1) as a brown solid (11d, 38.8 mg, 69%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.33$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 20:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 9.32 (s, 1H), 8.34 – 8.09 (m, 4H), 7.58 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 152.7, 144.3, 141.1, 140.3, 136.0, 135.0, 134.0, 130.8, 130.2, 129.8, 129.3, 127.6.

LRMS ESI: (m/z) [M+H]⁺ calcd. for C₁₄H₉Cl₂N₂, 275.0; found, 275.0. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²⁵

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1642 (s), 1539 (w), 1464 (s), 1445 (m), 1319 (s), 1280 (w), 1177 (s), 1113 (s), 944 (w), 921 (w), 874 (w), 761 (m), 684 (s), 621 (w), 546 (w).

m.p.: 142-143 °C.



Synthesis of 2,2'-diphenyl-6,6'-biquinoxaline (11e): Following the general procedure C, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1) as a light yellow solid (22.2 mg, 32%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.28$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 2:1, UV).

¹**H** NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 9.39 (d, J = 14.6 Hz, 2H), 8.61 – 8.50 (m, 2H), 8.37 – 8.15 (m, 8H), 7.66 – 7.50 (m, 6H).

¹³**C NMR** (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 144.1, 143.7, 142.6, 136.7, 136.1, 130.4, 129.9, 129.2, 129.1, 127.9, 127.6, 127.5.

HRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{28}H_{19}N_4$, 411.1604; found, 411.1600.

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1638 (s), 1540 (m), 1446 (w), 1400 (w), 1318 (w), 1104 (m), 1051 (w), 1026 (w), 959 (w), 823 (m), 759 (m), 684 (m).

m.p.: 222-224 °C.



Synthesis of indole (13): Following the general procedure B, the title compound was isolated by flash chromatography (SiO₂, *n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1) as a white solid (43.1 mg, 91%).

 $\mathbf{R}_{f} = 0.36$ (*n*-hexane:EtOAc = 5:1, UV).

¹**H NMR** (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 8.14 (s, 1H), 7.67 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.1 Hz, 1H), 7.24 – 7.19 (m, 2H), 7.17 – 7.11 (m, 1H), 6.58 (s, 1H).

¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 135.8, 127.9, 124.2, 122.0, 120.8, 119.9, 111.1, 102.6.

LRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for C₈H₈N, 118.1; found, 118.1. Spectra data are consistent with the reported literature.²⁶

IR: (KBr, cm⁻¹) 1619 (s), 1503 (w), 1489 (w), 1455 (s), 1352 (m), 1335 (m), 1277 (w), 1245 (w), 1092 (m), 1008 (w), 932 (w), 767 (s), 745 (s), 725 (s), 609 (m).

m.p.: 52-53 °C.

6. Radical Inhibition Experiment



Scheme S2. Radical inhibition experiment for 4a

Under the standard reaction conditions, 2 equivalents of 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine-1-oxyl (TEMPO) were added as radical scavenger. The target product **4a** was isolated in 70% yield, which indicates the reaction may not go through a radical pathway.

7. Identification of Catalytic Active Species and Reaction Intermediate



Synthesis of cat. A1: Catalyst **A** (131 mg, 0.2 mmol) was placed in a flame-dried Schlenk flask and was dissolved in 10 mL of dry benzene. Upon addition of potassium tert-butoxide (22.4 mg, 0.2 mmol) at 0 °C the solution turned dark red and was allowed to stir at room temperature for 3 h. The resulted solution was filtered through a Schlenk frit using a pad of celite under inert atmosphere. The filtrate was evaporated completely under reduced pressure and the residue obtained was redissolved in 0.5 mL of dichloromethane. Hexane was added with stirring to induce precipitation. The solution was discarded by cannula filtration and the precipitate was further washed with hexane (3×10 mL). Finally, it was dried under vacuum to afford **A1** as an orange powder. Yield: 83 mg (63%).

¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 9.13 (d, *J* = 5.3 Hz, 1H), 7.66 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.42 (d, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.16 (t, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H), 6.51 (s, 1H), 1.63 (s, 15H), 1.46 (s, 9H).
¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ (ppm) 167.7, 155.5, 154.4, 149.4, 138.0, 121.8, 118.8, 100.8, 93.6, 33.1, 31.2, 10.4.

HRMS ESI: $(m/z) [M+H]^+$ calcd. for $C_{22}H_{29}CoIN_3$: 522.0811, found: 522.0820. ¹H NMR spectra for cat. A1 (400 MHz, CDCl₃):



8. Detection of H₂ by GC analysis

The detection of H_2 was carried out using the model reaction, after the completion of the reaction, the content of the gas phase in the reaction vial was determined by gas-phase GC, the retention time of H_2 and N_2 are 1.031 minutes and 2.868 minutes, respectively. The liberation of H_2 was obviously observed.



9. References

(1) Deibl, N.; Ament, K.; Kempe, R. A Sustainable Multicomponent Pyrimidine Synthesis. J. Am. Chem. Soc. 2015, 137, 12804–12807.

(2) Mastalir, M.; Glatz, M.; Pittenauer, E.; Allmaier, G.; Kirchner, K. Sustainable Synthesis of Quinolines and Pyrimidines Catalyzed by Manganese PNP Pincer Complexes. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **2016**, *138*, 15543-15546.

(3) Sultana Poly, S.; Siddiki, S. M. A. H.; Touchy, A. S.; Ting, K. W.; Toyao, T.; Maeno, Z.; Kanda, Y.; Shimizu, K.-i. Acceptorless Dehydrogenative Synthesis of Pyrimidines from Alcohols and Amidines Catalyzed by Supported Platinum Nanoparticles. *ACS Catal.* **2018**, *8*, 11330–11341.

(4) Bains, A. K.; Adhikari, D. Mechanistic insight into the azo radical-promoted dehydrogenation of heteroarene towards N-heterocycles. *Catal. Sci. Technol.* **2020**, *10*, 6309–6318.

(5) Mondal, R.; Herbert, D. E. Synthesis of Pyridines, Quinolines, and Pyrimidines via Acceptorless Dehydrogenative Coupling Catalyzed by a Simple Bidentate P^N Ligand Supported Ru Complex. Organometallics 2020, 39, 1310-1317.

(6) Maji, M.; Kundu, S. Cooperative ruthenium complex catalyzed multicomponent synthesis of pyrimidines. *Dalton Trans.* **2019**, *48*, 17479–17487.

(7) Hiraga, Y.; Kuwahara, R.; Hatta, T. Novel indolo[3,2,1-jk]carbazole-based bipolar host material for highly efficient thermally activated delayed-fluorescence organic light-emitting diodes. *Tetrahedron* **2021**, *94*, 132317–132325.

(8) K. Bains, A.; Ankit, Y.; Adhikari, D. Bioinspired Radical-Mediated Transition-Metal-Free Synthesis of N-Heterocycles under Visible Light. *ChemSusChem* **2021**, *14*, 324–329.

(9) Chen, J.; Meng, H.; Zhang, F.; Xiao, F.; Deng, G.-J. Transition-metal-free selective pyrimidines and pyridines formation from aromatic ketones, aldehydes and ammonium salts. *Green Chem.* **2019**, *21*, 5201–5206.

(10) Zhan J., Wu M., Chen F. and Han B., Cu-Catalyzed [3 + 3] Annulation for the Synthesis of Pyrimidines via β -C(sp³)–H Functionalization of Saturated Ketones *J. Org. Chem.* **2016**, *81*, 11994–12000.

(11) Mondal, R.; Sinha, S.; Das, S.; Chakraborty, G.; Paul, N. D. Iron Catalyzed Synthesis of Pyrimidines Under Air. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2020**, *362*, 594–600.

(12) Xu, T.; Shao, Y.; Dai, L.; Yu, S.; Cheng, T.; Chen, J. Pd-Catalyzed Tandem Reaction of 2-Aminostyryl Nitriles with Arylboronic Acids. Synthesis of 2-Arylquinolines. *J. Org. Chem.* **2019**, *84*, 13604–13614.

(13) Das, S.; Mondal, R.; Chakraborty, G.; Guin, A. K.; Das, A.; Paul, N. D. Zinc Stabilized Azo-anion Radical in Dehydrogenative Synthesis of N-Heterocycles. An Exclusively Ligand Centered Redox Controlled Approach. *ACS Catal.* **2021**, *11*, 7498–7512.

(14) Lan, X.-B.; Ye, Z.; Huang, M.; Liu, J.; Liu, Y.; Ke, Z. Nonbifunctional Outer-Sphere Strategy Achieved Highly Active α-Alkylation of Ketones with Alcohols by N-Heterocyclic Carbene Manganese (NHC-Mn). Org. Lett. 2019, 21, 8065–8070.

(15) Xu, Z.; Chen, H.; Deng, G.-J.; Huang, H. Copper-Catalyzed Formal [3 + 3] Annulations of Arylketoximes and o-Fluorobenzaldehydes: An Entry to Quinoline Compounds. *Org. Lett.* **2021**, *23*, 936–942.

(16) Wang, Z.; Ji, X.; Zhao, J.; Huang, H., Visible-light-mediated photoredox decarbonylative Minisci-

type alkylation with aldehydes under ambient air conditions. Green Chem. 2019, 21, 5512–5516.

(17) Ji, X.; Huang, H.; Li, Y.; Chen, H.; Jiang, H. Palladium-Catalyzed Sequential Formation of C-C Bonds: Efficient Assembly of 2-Substituted and 2,3-Disubstituted Quinolines. *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.* 2012, *51*, 7292–7296.

(18) Tao, R.; Yang, Y.; Zhu, H.; Hu, X.; Wang, D. Ligand-tuned cobalt-containing coordination polymers and applications in water. *Green Chem.* **2020**, *22*, 8452–8461.

(19) Xu, Z.; Wang, D.-S.; Yu, X.; Yang, Y.; Wang, D. Tunable Triazole-Phosphine-Copper Catalysts for the Synthesis of 2-Aryl-1H-benzo[d]imidazoles from Benzyl Alcohols and Diamines by Acceptorless Dehydrogenation and Borrowing Hydrogen Reactions. *Adv. Synth. Catal.* **2017**, *359*, 3332–3340.

(20) Bera, A.; Sk, M.; Singh, K.; Banerjee, D. Nickel-catalysed dehydrogenative coupling of aromatic diamines with alcohols: selective synthesis of substituted benzimidazoles and quinoxalines. *Chem. Commun.* **2019**, *55*, 5958–5961.

(21) Sharma, R.; Sofi, F. A.; Rana, P.; Bharatam, P. V. Bimetallic Cu–Mn B spinel oxide catalyzed oxidative synthesis of 1,2-disubstituted benzimidazoles from benzyl bromides. *New J. Chem.* **2019**, *43*, 4013–4016.

(22) Das, K.; Mondal, A.; Srimani, D. Selective Synthesis of 2-Substituted and 1,2-Disubstituted Benzimidazoles Directly from Aromatic Diamines and Alcohols Catalyzed by Molecularly Defined Nonphosphine Manganese(I) Complex. *J. Org. Chem.* **2018**, *83*, 9553–9560.

(23) Chebolu, R.; Kommi, D. N.; Kumar, D.; Bollineni, N.; Chakraborti, A. K., Hydrogen-Bond-Driven Electrophilic Activation for Selectivity Control: Scope and Limitations of Fluorous Alcohol-Promoted Selective Formation of 1,2-Disubstituted Benzimidazoles and Mechanistic Insight for Rationale of Selectivity. *J. Org. Chem.* **2012**, *77*, 10058–10067.

(24) Thapa, P.; Palacios, P. M.; Tran, T.; Pierce, B. S.; Foss, F. W. 1,2-Disubstituted Benzimidazoles by the Iron Catalyzed Cross-Dehydrogenative Coupling of Isomeric o-Phenylenediamine Substrates. *J. Org. Chem.* **2020**, *85*, 1991–2009.

(25) Vasu, A.; Naresh, M.; Krishna Sai, G.; Divya Rohini, Y.; Murali, B.; Ramulamma, M.; Ramunaidu, A.; Narender, N. A heterogeneous catalytic strategy for facile production of benzimidazoles and quinoxalines from primary amines using the Al-MCM-41 catalyst. *Green Chem.* 2021, 23, 9439–9446.
(26) Wang Q., Chai H. and Yu Z., Acceptorless Dehydrogenation of N-Heterocycles and Secondary

Alcohols by Ru(II)-NNC Complexes Bearing a Pyrazoyl-indolyl-pyridine Ligand *Organometallics* **2018**, *37*, 584–591.

10. Copies of ¹H, ¹³C and ¹⁹F NMR spectra:

¹H NMR spectrum of 4a (400 MHz, CDCl₃)











o 230 220 210 200 190 180 170 160 150 140 130 120 110 100 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 0 -10 -20 -30 f1 (ppm)


¹⁹F NMR spectrum of **4f** (376 MHz, CDCl₃)





 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR spectrum of $4g~(376~\mathrm{MHz},~\mathrm{CDCl}_3)$



-109.9













S80









¹⁹F NMR spectrum of **40** (376 MHz, CDCl₃)

-56.28



δο 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 6 -10 -20 -30 -40 50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -2ℓ f1 (ppm)



¹H NMR spectrum of **4q** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)







S89



¹⁹F NMR spectrum of **4t** (376 MHz, CDCl₃)



-62.71





















¹⁹F NMR spectrum of **7d** (376 MHz, CDCl₃)

-112.5 -112.5 -112.5 -112.5 -112.5





¹⁹F NMR spectrum of **7e** (376 MHz, CDCl₃)

-62.5

N \bigcirc

δο 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 6 -10 -20 -30 -40 50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -2ℓ f1 (ppm)




















¹H NMR spectrum of **70** (400 MHz, CDCl₃)

























 $^{19}\mathrm{F}$ NMR spectrum of $\mathbf{9g}$ (376 MHz, CDCl_3)

-62.8 <-63.0



δο 90 80 70 60 50 40 30 20 10 6 -10 -20 -30 -40 50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -2ℓ f1 (ppm)





























