SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Lewis acid-promoted cyclizations of *o*-alkyloxyphenyl-substituted ynamides to construct 2-amidobenzofurans

Hui Xu, Yangpeng Liu, Lixia Ding, Xiao-Na Wang,* and Junbiao Chang*

Collaborative Innovation Center of New Drug Research and Safety Evaluation, Henan Province, Key Laboratory of Advanced Drug Preparation Technologies, Ministry of Education, School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Zhengzhou University, Zhengzhou, Henan 450001, P. R. China

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Part I Experimental Part

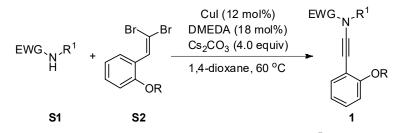
General Information

Unless otherwise indicated, all starting materials were obtained from commercial supplies and used as received. *o*-Alkyloxyphenyl-substituted ynamides were prepared according to the literatures.¹⁻¹² All acyl chlorides were purchased. All reactions were performed in oven-dried glassware under nitrogen atmosphere. Solvents were distilled prior to use. Chromatographic separations were performed using 200~300 mesh silica gel. ¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR spectra were obtained on a Bruker's AscendTM 400 NMR spectrometer using CDCl₃ as solvent with TMS or residual solvent as standard unless otherwise noted. ¹³C NMR (100 MHz) spectra were reported in ppm with the internal chloroform signal at 77.2 ppm as a standard. Infrared spectra were obtained on a PerkinElmer FT/IR spectrophotometer and relative intensities are expressed qualitatively as s (strong), m (medium), and w (weak). TLC analysis was performed using 254 nm polyester-backed plates and visualized using UV and KMnO₄ stain. High-resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were performed on a Bruker MicrOTOF-Q II mass spectrometer.

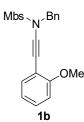
1.1 Synthesis of o-Alkyloxyphenyl-Substituted Ynamides.

o-Alkyloxyphenyl-substituted ynamides $1a^1$, $1f^2$, $1g^3$, $1j^4$, $1l^5$ and $1n^6$ were known compounds and synthesized according to corresponding literatures, the data were matched with reported values. *o*-Alkyloxyphenyl-substituted ynamides 1b, 1c, 1d, 1e, 1h, 1i, 1k, 1m, 1o and 1p were new compounds and synthesized according to literatures.^{1,5}

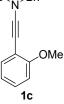
Synthesis of *o*-Alkyloxyphenyl-Substituted Ynamides 1b-1e, 1h, 1i, 1k, 1o and 1p.¹



To an oven-dried flask were charged with amide $S1^7$ (832.0 mg, 3.00 mmol), 1,1-dibromo-1-alkene $S2^8$ (583.9 mg, 2.00 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (2.6 g, 8.00 mmol), CuI (45.7 mg, 0.24 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (3.8 mL). Then DMEDA (39.5 μ L, 0.36 mmol) was added gradually to the flask. The reaction was stirred at 60 °C for 10.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 8:1~4:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1b** (711.6 mg, 1.75 mmol) in 87% yield.

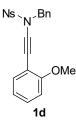


1b: $R_f = 0.15$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 75–76 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86 (dt, 2H, J = 9.0, 3.0 Hz), 7.39-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.27 (m, 3H), 7.22-7.17 (m, 2H), 6.93 (dt, 2H, J = 9.0, 3.0 Hz), 6.85-6.79 (m, 2H), 4.59 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H), 3.80 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.6, 159.7, 134.7, 132.8, 130.1, 129.4, 129.1, 129.0, 128.5, 128.3, 120.4, 114.2, 112.3, 110.8, 86.8, 67.8, 55.9, 55.81, 55.79; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3436m, 2937w, 2234m, 1596m, 1496s, 1362s, 1132w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₄H₂₆NO₅S [M + MeOH + H]⁺: 440.1526; found 440.1520. Cs N/S Bn



To an oven-dried flask were charged with amide $S1^9$ (845.3 mg, 3.00 mmol), 1,1-dibromo-1-alkene $S2^8$ (584.0 mg, 2.00 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (2.6 g, 8.00 mmol), CuI (45.7 mg, 0.24 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (3.8 mL). Then DMEDA (39.5 µL, 0.36 mmol) was added gradually to the flask. The reaction was stirred at 60 °C for 10.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide 1c (591.9 mg, 1.44 mmol) in 72% yield.

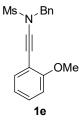
1c: $R_f = 0.39$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 78–79 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.83 (dt, 2H, J = 8.6, 2.6 Hz), 7.42 (dt, 2H, J = 8.8, 2.5 Hz), 7.38-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.30-7.27 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 2H), 6.88-6.82 (m, 2H), 4.63 (s, 2H), 3.83 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.9, 140.1, 136.3, 134.4, 133.0, 129.41, 129.36, 129.28, 129.1, 128.6, 128.5, 120.5, 111.9, 110.8, 86.2, 68.1, 56.3, 55.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2935w, 2234w, 1495m, 1372s, 1097m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₃H₂₃ClNO₄S [M + MeOH + H]⁺: 444.1031; found 444.1029.



To an oven-dried flask were charged with amide $S1^7$ (876.9 mg, 3.00 mmol), 1,1-dibromo-1-alkene $S2^8$ (583.9 mg, 2.00 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (2.6 g, 8.00 mmol), CuI (45.7 mg, 0.24

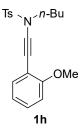
mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (3.8 mL). Then DMEDA (39.5 μ L, 0.36 mmol) was added gradually to the flask. The reaction was stirred at 60 °C for 10.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1d** (405.6 mg, 0.96 mmol) in 48% yield.

1d: $R_f = 0.32$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 119–120 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.24 (dt, 2H, J = 8.9, 2.4 Hz), 8.02 (dt, 2H, J = 9.0, 2.4 Hz), 7.38-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.29-7.22 (m, 5H), 6.90-6.85 (m, 2H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.1, 150.4, 143.3, 134.0, 133.1, 129.8, 129.14, 129.13, 128.8, 128.7, 124.0, 120.6, 111.5, 110.8, 85.7, 68.4, 56.7, 55.9; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2850w, 2242w, 1588w, 1365s, 1026m, 944w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₂H₁₈N₂O₅SNa [M + Na]⁺: 445.0829; found 445.0828.



To an oven-dried flask were charged with amide $S1^{10}$ (555.7 mg, 3.00 mmol), 1,1-dibromo-1-alkene $S2^8$ (583.9 mg, 2.00 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (2.6 g, 8.00 mmol), CuI (45.7 mg, 0.24 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (3.8 mL). Then DMEDA (39.5 µL, 0.36 mmol) was added gradually to the flask. The reaction was stirred at 60 °C for 10.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 8:1~4:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1e** (554.0 mg, 1.76 mmol) in 88% yield.

1e: $R_f = 0.18$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 62–63 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57-7.55 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.31 (dd, 1H, J = 7.6, 1.7 Hz), 7.28-7.23 (m, 1H), 6.90-6.84 (m, 2H), 4.72 (s, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 2.91 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.1, 134.8, 133.1, 129.5, 129.3, 128.87, 128.81, 120.5, 111.9, 110.7, 86.1, 68.2, 56.1, 55.9, 38.9; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3439s, 2242w, 1497m, 1359s, 1162s, 1025m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₂NO₄S [M + MeOH + H]⁺:348.1264; found 348.1268.



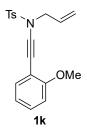
S4

To an oven-dried flask were charged with amide $S1^{11}$ (628.0 mg, 3.00 mmol), 1,1-dibromo-1-alkene $S2^8$ (583.9 mg, 2.00 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (2.6 g, 8.00 mmol), CuI (45.7 mg, 0.24 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (3.8 mL). Then DMEDA (39.5 µL, 0.36 mmol) was added gradually to the flask. The reaction was stirred at 60 °C for 11.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1h** (658.8 mg, 1.84 mmol) in 92% yield.

1h: $R_f = 0.31$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 44–45 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.35-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), 6.90-6.83 (m, 2H), 3.85 (s, 3H), 3.39 (t, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.44 (s, 3H), 1.75-1.67 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.34 (m, 2H), 0.92 (t, 3H, J = 7.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.8, 144.5, 134.8, 132.9, 129.8, 129.1, 127.9, 120.5, 112.5, 110.8, 86.3, 67.2, 55.8, 51.5, 29.9, 21.8, 19.6, 13.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3428s, 2836w, 2236m, 1698w, 1495m, 1362s, 1090m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₁H₂₈NO₄S [M + MeOH + H]⁺: 390.1734; found 390.1730.

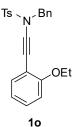
To an oven-dried flask were charged with amide $S1^{12}$ (639.9 mg, 3.00 mmol), 1,1-dibromo-1-alkene $S2^8$ (583.9 mg, 2.00 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (2.6 g, 8.00 mmol), CuI (45.7 mg, 0.24 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (3.8 mL). Then DMEDA (39.5 µL, 0.36 mmol) was added gradually to the flask. The reaction was stirred at 60 °C for 16.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 20:1~15:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1i** (607.0 mg, 1.77 mmol) in 88% yield.

1i: $R_f = 0.33$ [10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.91 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.36-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.21 (m, 1H), 6.90-6.84 (m, 2H), 4.31-4.21 (m, 1H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 1.17 (d, 6H, J = 6.6 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.8, 144.4, 136.2, 132.6, 129.8, 128.9, 127.7, 120.5, 112.8, 110.8, 83.4, 69.2, 55.9, 52.9, 21.8, 20.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 2966w, 2235m, 1705m, 1495s, 1359s, 1246s, 1170s; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₉H₂₂NO₃S [M+H]⁺: 344.1315; found 344.1315.



To an oven-dried flask were charged with amide $S1^{13}$ (633.8 mg, 3.00 mmol), 1,1-dibromo-1-alkene $S2^8$ (583.9 mg, 2.00 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (2.6 g, 8.00 mmol), CuI (45.7 mg, 0.24 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (3.8 mL). Then DMEDA (39.5 µL, 0.36 mmol) was added gradually to the flask. The reaction was stirred at 60 °C for 11.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide 1k (609.8 mg, 1.79 mmol) in 89% yield.

1k: $R_f = 0.32$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 100–101 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.90 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.34 (d, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.30 (dd, 1H, J = 7.5, 1.7 Hz), 7.25-7.21 (m, 1H), 6.89-6.83 (m, 2H), 5.86-5.76 (m, 1H), 5.32-5.21 (m, 2H), 4.06 (d, 2H, J = 6.4 Hz), 3.85 (s, 3H), 2.44 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.9, 144.7, 134.9, 133.1, 131.0, 129.8, 129.2, 128.1, 120.5, 120.2, 112.3, 110.8, 86.2, 67.4, 55.9, 54.6, 21.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3445s, 2834w, 2236m, 1597w, 1362s, 1168s, 1022m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₀H₂₄NO₄S [M + MeOH + H]⁺: 374.1421; found 374.1419.



To an oven-dried flask were charged with amide $\mathbf{S1}^7$ (1.2 g, 4.50 mmol), 1,1-dibromo-1-alkene $\mathbf{S2}^8$ (918.0 mg, 3.00 mmol), Cs₂CO₃ (3.9 g, 12.00 mmol), CuI (68.6 mg, 0.36 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (5.6 mL). Then DMEDA (59.3 µL, 0.54 mmol) was added gradually to the flask. The reaction was stirred at 60 °C for 15.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford *o*-ethoxyphenyl-substituted ynamide **10** (1.10 g, 2.71 mmol) in 90% yield.

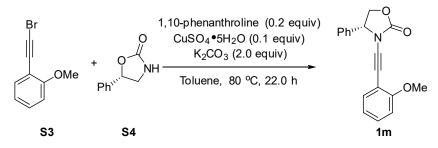
10: $R_f = 0.39$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 66–67 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.81 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.38-7.35 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 5H), 7.18-7.12 (m, 2H), 6.81-6.76 (m, 2H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 3.98 (q, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.36 (t, 3H, J = 7.2 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.0, 144.50, 144.48, 134.8, 134.7, 132.6, 129.6, 128.9, 128.5, 128.2, 127.7, 120.3,

112.4, 111.9, 86.5, 67.9, 64.1, 55.9, 21.6, 14.9; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2979w, 2923w, 2236m, 1495m, 1358s; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{24}H_{24}NO_3S$ [M + H]⁺: 406.1471; found 406.1466.

To an oven-dried flask were charged with amide $\mathbf{S1}^7$ (1.2 g, 4.50 mmol), 1,1-dibromo-1-alkene $\mathbf{S2}^8$ (1.0 g, 3.00 mmol), Cs_2CO_3 (3.9 g, 12.00 mmol), CuI (68.6 mg, 0.36 mmol) and 1,4-dioxane (5.6 mL). Then DMEDA (59.3 µL, 0.54 mmol) was added gradually to the flask. The reaction was stirred at 60 °C for 13.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 12:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford *o*-butoxyphenyl-substituted ynamide **1p** (432.0 mg, 1.00 mmol) in 33% yield.

1p: $R_f = 0.46$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.36-7.34 (m, 2H), 7.28-7.22 (m, 5H), 7.19-7.13 (m, 2H), 6.81-6.76 (m, 2H), 4.57 (s, 2H), 3.91 (t, 2H, J = 6.4 Hz), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.75-1.68 (m, 2H), 1.48-1.39 (m, 2H), 0.90 (t, 3H, J = 7.2 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 159.1, 144.4, 134.9, 134.7, 132.7, 129.6, 128.9, 128.8, 128.4, 128.2, 127.7, 120.1, 112.4, 111.7, 86.4, 68.2, 67.7, 55.9, 31.3, 21.6, 19.2, 13.9; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3449s, 2958m, 2870w, 2234m, 1597w, 1365s; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₆H₂₈NO₃S [M + H]⁺: 434.1784; found 434.1775.

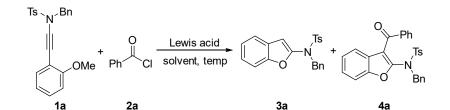
Synthesis of o-Anisole-Substituted Ynamide 1m.



To an oven-dried flask were charged with alkynyl bromide $S3^{12}$ (253.2 mg, 1.20 mmol), amide S4 (163.2 mg, 1.00 mmol), CuSO₄·5H₂O (25.0 mg, 0.10 mmol), 1,10-phenanthroline (36.0 mg, 0.20 mmol) and K₂CO₃ (276.4 mg, 2.00 mmol), toluene (6.0 mL). The reaction was stirred at 80 °C for 22.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 4:1~2:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1m** (275.2 mg, 0.94 mmol) in 94% yield.

1m: $R_f = 0.37$ [2:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 110–111 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.46-7.39 (m, 5H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 2H), 6.83-6.76 (m, 2H), 5.16 (dd, 1H, J = 8.8, 7.1 Hz), 4.77 (t, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 4.31 (dd, 1H, J = 9.0, 7.1 Hz), 3.72 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 160.0, 155.6, 136.3, 133.6, 129.7, 129.5, 129.3, 127.2, 120.4, 111.5, 110.8, 81.8, 70.9, 69.3, 62.4, 55.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 2965w, 2255w, 1757s, 1497m, 1252m, 1116m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₉H₂₀NO₄ [M + MeOH + H]⁺: 294.1125; found 294.1119.

1.2 Optimization of the Intermolecular Reaction (Table S1).



Entry ^a	Catalyst (equiv)	Solvent	Temp (°C)	Time (h)	$\operatorname{Yield}^{b}(\%)$	
					3 a	4 a
1	BF ₃ •Et ₂ O (0.15)	CH_2Cl_2	30	11.0	19	56
2	AlCl ₃ (0.15)	CH_2Cl_2	30	10.0	5	48
3	FeCl ₃ (0.15)	CH_2Cl_2	30	3.0	7	78
4	$ZnCl_2(0.15)$	CH_2Cl_2	30	10.0	23	74
5	$ZnBr_{2}(0.15)$	CH_2Cl_2	30	6.0	34	50
6	$SnCl_4(0.15)$	CH_2Cl_2	30	12.0	10	86
7	$SnCl_4(0.15)$	DCE	30	5.0	7	87
8	$SnCl_4(0.15)$	toluene	30	27.0	7	28
9	$SnCl_4(0.15)$	THF	30	11.0	31	0
10	$SnCl_4(0.15)$	EtOAc	30	32.0	43	0
11	$SnCl_4(0.3)$	DCE	30	4.0	4	91
12	$SnCl_4(0.3)$	DCE	50	2.5	0	97
13	$\operatorname{SnCl}_4(0.3)$	DCE	70	0.5	0	85
14^c	$SnCl_4(0.3)$	DCE	50	3.0	13	82
15^d	$SnCl_4(0.3)$	DCE	50	3.5	9	69
16 ^e	$SnCl_4(0.3)$	DCE	50	2.5	0	96

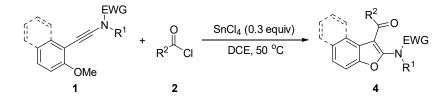
^{*a*}Unless otherwise specified, reactions were carried out using **1a** (0.20 mmol), **2a** (0.40 mmol) with catalyst in solvent (2.0 mL). ^{*b*}Isolated yields. ^{*c*}**1**.5 equiv of **2a** was used. ^{*d*}**1**.2 equiv of **2a** was used. ^{*e*}**1a** (1.00 mmol) and **2a** (2.00 mmol) were added.

Entry 16: To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (391.5 mg, 1.00 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (232.0 μ L, 2.00 mmol), DCE (10.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (300.0 μ L, 0.30 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 2.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum

ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran 4a (461.8 mg, 0.96 mmol) in 96% yield.

1.3 Cyclization of *o*-Anisole-Substituted Ynamides with Acyl Chlorides.

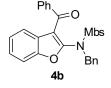
3-Acyl-2-amidobenzofurans 4a-4mm were new compounds.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 2.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4a** (93.5 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 97% yield.



4a: $R_f = 0.31$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 136–137 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.59-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.41 (d, 2H, J = 8.5 Hz), 7.36-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.15 (m, 8H), 4.77 (s, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.1, 151.5, 149.1, 144.6, 137.9, 135.3, 134.4, 132.9, 129.9, 129.6, 129.4, 128.6, 128.4, 128.0, 126.8, 125.8, 124.0, 122.0, 115.6, 111.3, 54.2, 21.7, one carbon missing due to overlap, overlapped signal at 128.4 ppm; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3448s, 2926w, 1568m, 1362s, 1177m, 1096w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₂₄NO₄S [M + H]⁺: 482.1421; found 482.1424.



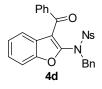
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1b** (81.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 1.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 8:1~4:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4b** (87.3 mg, 0.18 mmol) in 88% yield.

4b: $R_f = 0.18$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 120–121 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (dt, 2H, J = 9.0, 3.0 Hz), 7.59-7.53 (m, 3H), 7.43-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.37-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.21-7.18 (m, 6H), 6.84 (dt, 2H, J = 9.0, 3.0 Hz), 4.76 (s, 2H), 3.78 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.1, 163.6, 151.5, 149.3, 137.9, 134.4, 132.9, 130.3, 129.74, 129.67, 129.4, 128.7, 128.41, 128.38, 126.9, 125.8, 124.0, 122.1, 115.6, 114.4, 111.3, 55.8, 54.1; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2924w, 1499m, 1159s, 1026w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₂₄NO₅S [M + H]⁺:498.1370; found 498.1371.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1c** (82.4 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 9.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4c** (96.0 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 96% yield.

4c: $R_f = 0.38$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 112-113 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (dt, 2H, J = 8.6, 2.6 Hz), 7.60-7.55 (m, 3H), 7.43 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.40-7.31 (s, 6H), 7.22-7.18 (m, 6H), 4.79 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.9, 151.5, 148.9, 140.2, 137.7, 137.0, 134.1, 133.2, 129.6, 129.5, 129.44, 129.39, 128.7, 128.5, 126.6, 126.0, 124.2, 122.1, 116.0, 111.4, 54.7, one carbon missing due to overlap, overlapped signal at 128.5 ppm; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3441s, 3088w, 1651s, 1362s, 1167m, 893m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₈H₂₁ClNO₄S [M + H]⁺: 502.0874; found 502.0875.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1d** (84.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 11.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4d** (99.4 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 97% yield.

4d: $R_f = 0.31$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 150–151 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 8.13 (dt, 2H, J = 8.9, 2.2 Hz), 7.87 (dt, 2H, J = 8.9, 2.4 Hz), 7.61-7.57 (m, 3H), 7.44 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.40-7.31 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.17 (m, 6H), 4.89 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.6, 151.5, 150.3, 148.6, 144.3, 137.4, 133.9, 133.5, 129.6, 129.3, 129.2, 128.8, 128.63, 128.56, 126.3, 126.2, 124.29, 124.27, 122.1, 116.4, 111.6, 55.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3441s, 2850w, 1652s, 1449m, 1241m, 1061w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₈H₂₁N₂O₆S [M+H]⁺: 513.1115; found 513.1118.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1e** (63.1 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 9.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 8:1~4:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4e** (76.8 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 95% yield.

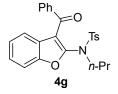
4e: R_f = 0.21 [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70-7.68 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.58 (m, 1H), 7.48 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.45-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.36-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.25-7.18 (m, 6H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 3.08 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.5, 151.5, 150.6, 138.0, 134.5, 133.4, 129.6, 129.1, 128.9, 128.6, 126.4, 126.0, 124.2, 122.1, 114.7, 111.6, 55.1, 41.4, one carbon missing due to overlap, overlapped signal at 128.6 ppm; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3450s, 2925w, 1675m, 1654m, 1160m, 1602w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₃H₂₀NO₄S [M+H]⁺:406,1108; found 406.1107.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide $1f^2$ (63.1 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride 2a (46.4 µL, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 µL, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 3.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4f** (73.7 mg, 0.18 mmol) in 91% yield.

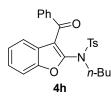
4f: $R_f = 0.29$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 129–130 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86-7.83 (m, 2H), 7.70 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.63-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.53 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz),

7.51-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.42-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.36 (td, 1H, J = 7.0, 1.4 Hz), 7.31-7.27 (m, 1H), 7.19 (d, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 3.19 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.5, 151.5, 150.8, 144.6, 138.2, 134.5, 133.0, 129.9, 129.5, 128.4, 127.9, 126.7, 125.9, 124.3, 122.2, 114.2, 111.3, 37.1, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3430s, 2844w, 1654s, 1449s, 1235w, 1169s; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₃H₂₀NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 406.1108; found 406.1109.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide $1g^3$ (68.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride 2a (46.4 µL, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 µL, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 2.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 20:1~15:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4g** (78.8 mg, 0.18 mmol) in 91% yield.

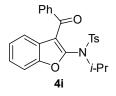
4g: $R_f = 0.35$ [10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 89–90 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86-7.83 (m, 2H), 7.63-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.49-7.42 (m, 4H), 7.39-7.34 (m, 1H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.15 (d, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 3.59-3.56 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.63-1.55 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, 3H, J = 7.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.3, 151.6, 149.6, 144.3, 138.0, 135.7, 133.3, 129.83, 129.82, 128.5, 127.9, 126.8, 125.9, 124.1, 122.0, 116.2, 111.5, 52.9, 22.1, 21.7, 11.3; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3438w, 1649s, 1597s, 1448s, 1358s, 1234m, 1172s, 1107m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₅H₂₄NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 434.1421; found 434.1422.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1h** (71.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 4.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4h** (80.2 mg, 0.18 mmol) in 90% yield.

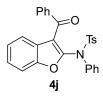
4h: R_f = 0.35 [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.86-7.83 (m, 2H), 7.63-7.58 (m, 3H), 7.49-7.42 (m, 4H), 7.36 (td, 1H, *J* = 7.2, 1.3 Hz), 7.26-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.14 (d,

2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 3.61 (t, 2H, J = 7.6 Hz), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.59-1.51 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.26 (m, 2H), 0.84 (t, 3H, J = 7.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.3, 151.6, 149.6, 144.3, 138.0, 135.6, 133.2, 129.81, 129.79, 128.5, 127.9, 126.8, 125.9, 124.1, 122.0, 116.2, 111.5, 51.0, 30.8, 21.7, 19.9, 13.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3435s, 3608w, 2928m, 1167s, 1606s, 1449w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₆H₂₆NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 448.1577; found 448.1577.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1i** (68.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 4.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 20:1~15:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4i** (67.3 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 78% yield.

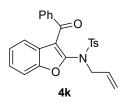
4i: $R_f = 0.37$ [10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 120–121 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95-7.92 (m, 2H), 7.79 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.64-7.60 (m, 1H), 7.52-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.41-7.36 (m, 2H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 3H), 4.22-4.12 (m, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.09 (d, 6H, J = 6.7 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.3, 151.8, 146.9, 144.2, 137.8, 136.7, 133.5, 130.1, 129.8, 128.6, 128.3, 126.7, 126.1, 123.9, 122.0, 119.2, 111.7, 54.2, 21.9, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442w, 1653s, 1597s, 1451s, 1342s, 1231m, 1123m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₅H₂₄NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 434.1421; found 434.1424.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide $1j^3$ (75.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 µL, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 µL, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 3.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4j** (63.7 mg, 0.14 mmol) in 68% yield.

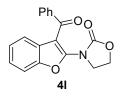
4j: $R_f = 0.43$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid, mp = 200–201 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.92-7.89 (m, 2H), 7.72-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.56-7.52 (m, 4H), 7.48 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.39 (td, 1H, J = 7.2, 1.4 Hz), 7.30 (td, 1H, J = 7.8, 1.2 Hz), 7.23-7.15 (m, 5H), 6.91-6.88 (m, 2H), 2.41 (s,

3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.5, 151.8, 150.6, 144.7, 138.8, 138.4, 135.3, 133.3, 129.9, 129.6, 129.2, 128.69, 128.65, 128.60, 126.8, 126.2, 124.4, 122.5, 115.1, 111.4, 21.8, one carbon missing due to overlap, overlapped signal at 128.69 ppm; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2847w, 1664s, 1453m, 1241m, 1167s, 1072w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₈H₂₂NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 468.1264; found 468.1264.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1k** (68.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 4.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4k** (45.5 mg, 0.11 mmol) in 53% yield.

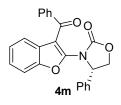
4k: $R_f = 0.37$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 100-101 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85-7.83 (m, 2H), 7.63-7.59 (m, 3H), 7.51-7.43 (m, 4H), 7.36 (td, 1H, J = 7.2, 1.4 Hz), 7.27-7.23 (m, 1H), 7.17 (d, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 5.85-5.75 (m, 1H), 5.20 (dd, 1H, J = 17.1, 1.4 Hz), 5.11 (dd, 1H, J = 10.1, 1.2 Hz), 4.22 (d, 2H, J = 6.7 Hz), 2.35 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.3, 151.6, 149.6, 144.5, 138.1, 135.5, 133.2, 131.8, 129.9, 129.8, 128.5, 128.0, 126.7, 125.9, 124.1, 122.2, 126.5, 116.0, 111.5, 53.6, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2850w, 1649s, 1448m, 1168s, 1059w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₅H₂₂NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 432.1264; found 432.1264.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **11** (43.4 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 1.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 4:1~2:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4I** (55.4 mg, 0.18 mmol) in 90% yield.

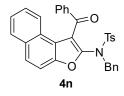
41: $R_f = 0.19$ [2:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid, mp = 178–179 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87-7.84 (m, 2H), 7.61-7.53 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.46 (m, 3H), 7.34 (td, 1H, J = 7.5, 1.4 Hz),

7.28-7.24 (m, 1H), 4.38 (t, 2H, J = 7.4 Hz), 4.12 (t, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.3, 153.9, 151.0, 149.2, 138.6, 133.1, 129.1, 128.6, 126.8, 125.3, 124.5, 121.7, 111.2, 109.3, 63.1, 45.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3445s, 2848w, 1770s, 1597s, 1382w, 1023w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₈H₁₄NO₄ [M+H]⁺: 308.0918; found 308.0917.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1m** (58.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 2.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 4:1~2:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4m** (63.6 mg, 0.17 mmol) in 83% yield.

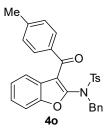
4m: $R_f = 0.38$ [2:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.74-7.72 (m, 2H), 7.62-7.57 (m, 1H), 7.47-7.43 (m, 2H), 7.40-7.35 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.27 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 2H), 7.15-7.11 (m, 1H), 5.48 (t, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 4.70 (t, 1H, J = 8.8 Hz), 4.27 (t, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.2, 154.0, 151.1, 148.7, 138.5, 136.2, 133.1, 129.5, 129.33, 129.28, 128.6, 127.4, 126.5, 125.1, 124.1, 121.5, 111.3, 110.5, 71.0, 60.9; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3439s, 2926w, 1778s, 1655m, 1411m, 1114w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₄H₁₈NO₄ [M+H]⁺: 384.1230; found 384.1221.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1n** (88.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 45.0 minutes. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4n** (89.4 mg, 0.17 mmol) in 84% yield.

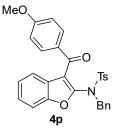
4n: $R_f = 0.31$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 63–64 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.85 (d, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.77 (d, 1H, J = 9.0 Hz), 7.70-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.64 (d, 1H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.59 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.55-7.50 (m, 2H), 7.39-7.35 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.22 (m, 3H), 7.17-7.12 (m, 7H),

4.78 (s, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 191.4, 149.5, 146.2, 144.4, 137.5, 135.5, 134.5, 133.5, 131.0, 130.0, 129.8, 129.4, 129.1, 128.64, 128.59, 128.3, 128.0, 127.8, 127.2, 126.8, 125.1, 124.7, 121.1, 118.7, 112.0, 55.1, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3438s, 2922w, 1629w, 1575w, 1360m, 1114s; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₃H₂₆NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 532.1577; found 532.1589.



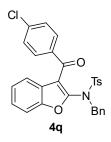
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2b** (52.9 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 3.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4o** (95.2 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 95% yield.

40: $R_f = 0.34$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 105–106 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 (d, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.51 (d, 2H, J = 7.1 Hz), 7.41 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.37 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.33-7.29 (m, 1H), 7.25-7.14 (m, 10H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.6, 151.5, 148.9, 144.5, 143.9, 135.4, 135.3, 134.6, 129.90, 129.87, 129.4, 129.1, 128.6, 128.3, 128.0, 126.9, 125.7, 123.9, 122.1, 115.9, 111.3, 54.4, 22.0, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3425s, 2852w, 1652s, 1459m, 1167s, 1019w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₀H₂₆NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 496.1577; found 496.1575.



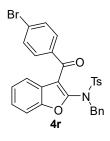
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2c** (68.2 mg, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 3.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4p** (96.2 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 94% yield.

4p: $R_f = 0.26$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 51–52 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63-7.59 (m, 4H), 7.41-7.38 (m, 2H), 7.30 (td, 1H, J = 7.2, 1.1 Hz), 7.25-7.18 (m, 6H), 7.16 (d, 2H, J = 7.9 Hz), 6.82 (dt, 2H, J = 8.9, 2.8 Hz), 4.81 (s, 2H), 3.86 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 188.4, 163.6, 151.4, 148.5, 144.5, 135.4, 134.6, 132.1, 130.6, 129.8, 129.3, 128.6, 128.3, 128.0, 127.0, 125.7, 123.9, 122.0, 115.9, 113.6, 111.3, 55.6, 54.4, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3435s, 2925w, 1651w, 1450w, 1169m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₀H₂₆NO₅S [M+H]⁺: 512.1526; found 512.1526.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2d** (51.1 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 4.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4q** (84.6 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 82% yield.

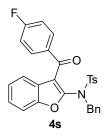
4q: $R_f = 0.36$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 64-65 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.50 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.46 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.41 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.33 (td, 1H, J = 7.3, 1.1 Hz), 7.28-7.19 (m, 10 H), 4.75 (s, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 188.9, 151.5, 148.9, 144.8, 139.1, 136.2, 135.1, 134.2, 131.0, 129.97, 129.62, 128.74, 128.67, 128.56, 128.0, 126.8, 125.9, 124.2, 122.0, 115.2, 111.3, 53.8, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3433s, 2850w, 1652m, 1366m, 1168s, 882m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₂₃ClNO₄S [M+H]⁺: 516.1031; found 516.1031.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2e** (87.8 mg, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 3.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by

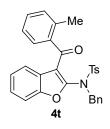
flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4r** (91.1 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 81% yield.

4r: $R_f = 0.41$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 47–48 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.50 (d, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.45-7.37 (m, 5H), 7.34 (td, 1H, J = 7.4, 1.4 Hz), 7.26-7.20 (m, 8H), 4.75 (s, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.1, 151.5, 148.9, 144.8, 136.7, 135.1, 134.2, 131.7, 131.1, 130.0, 129.6, 128.8, 128.6, 128.0, 127.8, 126.8, 125.9, 124.3, 122.0, 115.2, 111.3, 53.8, 21.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 3032w, 2852w, 1653m, 1365m, 1168m, 1010w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₂₃BrNO₄S [M+H]⁺: 560.0526; found 560.0523.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2f** (47.3 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 5.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4s** (80.9 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 81% yield.

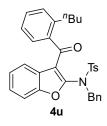
4s: $R_f = 0.40$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid, mp = 122–123 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60-7.54 (m, 4H), 7.50 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.42 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.33 (td, 1H, J = 7.2, 1.4 Hz), 7.25-7.20 (m, 8H), 6.98 (t, 2H, J = 8.7 Hz), 4.75 (s, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 188.6, 165.6 (d, J = 252.4 Hz), 151.5, 148.7, 144.7, 135.1, 134.21, 134.18 (d, J = 2.9 Hz), 132.2 (d, J = 9.1 Hz), 130.0, 129.6, 128.7, 128.5, 128.0, 126.9, 125.9, 124.2, 122.0, 115.5 (d, J = 21.8), 115.4, 111.3, 53.8, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3428m, 2850w, 1652s, 1362m, 1169s, 930w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₂₃FNO₄S [M+H]⁺: 500.1326; found 500.1325.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (79.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2g** (52.2 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 3.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and

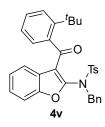
filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4t** (85.3 mg, 0.17 mmol) in 86% yield.

4t: $R_f = 0.38$ [10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.42-7.28 (m, 5H), 7.24-7.14 (m, 8H), 7.05-6.97 (m, 2H), 4.70 (s, 2H), 2.391 (s, 3H), 2.386 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.1, 151.4, 150.0, 144.6, 138.6, 138.0, 135.3, 134.2, 131.4, 131.0, 129.9, 129.5, 129.4, 128.6, 128.3, 128.1, 126.6, 125.7, 125.5, 124.2, 122.1, 116.2, 111.2, 53.7, 21.8, 20.1; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3450w, 1651m, 1597m, 1451s, 1366s, 1168s, 1089m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₀H₂₆NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 496.1577; found 496.1565.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (79.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2h** (78.7 mg, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 3.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 30:1~20:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4u** (90.6 mg, 0.17 mmol) in 84% yield.

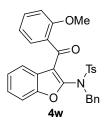
4u: $R_f = 0.30$ [10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.67 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.43-7.40 (m, 2H), 7.35-7.27 (m, 3H), 7.24 (s, 1H), 7.19-7.12 (m, 6H), 7.08-7.05 (m, 2H), 6.98-6.96 (m, 1H), 4.76 (s, 2H), 2.69 (t, 2H, J = 7.8 Hz), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.57-1.51 (m, 2H), 1.32-1.25 (m, 2H), 0.85 (t, 3H, J = 7.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 192.0, 151.5, 150.6, 144.6, 142.6, 138.8, 135.6, 134.5, 130.9, 130.5, 129.9, 129.3, 129.2, 128.6, 128.28, 128.26, 126.4, 125.7, 125.5, 124.1, 122.1, 116.2, 111.4, 53.9, 34.1, 32.9, 22.9, 21.8, 14.1; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3450w, 1660m, 1598m, 1451m, 1365s, 1168s, 1090w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₃H₃₂NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 538.2047; found 538.2042.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (79.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2i** (78.7 mg, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 M), and SnCl₄ (60.0 µL,

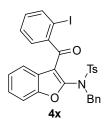
0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH_2Cl_2) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 3.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: $30:1\sim20:1$ petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4v** (94.6 mg, 0.18 mmol) in 88% yield.

4v: $R_f = 0.35$ [10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.88 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.57 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.40 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.32 (d, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.28-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.10 (m, 5H), 6.93 (t, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 6.72 (dd, 1H, J = 7.6, 1.1 Hz), 6.15 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 4.98 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.30 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 193.0, 152.2, 151.5, 147.5, 144.5, 140.6, 136.1, 134.9, 129.9, 129.7, 128.58, 128.56, 128.3, 128.1, 127.5, 127.2, 125.7, 125.5, 125.4, 123.9, 121.6, 115.4, 111.6, 53.3, 36.3, 32.1, 21.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442w, 1666m, 1556m, 1451s, 1365s, 1168s, 1090m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₃H₃₂NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 538.2047; found 538.2036.



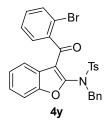
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2j** (57.6 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 4.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 8:1~4:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4w** (85.2 mg, 0.17 mmol) in 83% yield.

4w: $R_f = 0.19$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 72–73 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.49 (td, 1H, J = 8.3, 1.7 Hz), 7.38 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.28-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.21 (d, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.16-7.09 (m, 7H), 6.99-6.92 (m, 2H), 4.77 (s, 2H), 3.55 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.4, 157.8, 151.3, 150.5, 144.3, 135.9, 134.9, 132.9, 130.2, 129.7, 129.4, 128.9, 128.5, 128.2, 128.0, 126.1, 125.5, 123.9, 121.5, 120.5, 116.7, 111.6, 111.3, 55.6, 54.3, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2848w, 1655s, 1485w, 1249m, 1103m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₀H₂₆NO₅S [M+H]⁺: 512.1526; found 512.1526.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2k** (55.2 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 4.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4x** (103.8 mg, 0.17 mmol) in 85% yield.

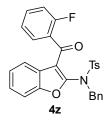
4x: R_f = 0.36 [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 90–91 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.87 (d, 1H, *J* = 7.9 Hz), 7.63 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.3 Hz), 7.42-7.30 (m, 4H), 7.26-7.20 (m, 5H), 7.19-7.13 (m, 3H), 7.10-7.08 (m, 2H), 4.69 (s, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 191.2, 151.5, 151.3, 144.7, 143.9, 140.1, 135.5, 134.3, 131.7, 129.9, 129.8, 129.2, 128.7, 128.4, 128.24, 128.15, 126.2, 126.0, 124.5, 122.1, 114.8, 111.3, 92.5, 53.8, 21.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2845w, 1663m, 1451m, 1366m, 1265m, 1016w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₂₃INO₄S [M+H]⁺: 608.0387; found 608.0383.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2l** (52.8 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 4.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4y** (93.4 mg, 0.17 mmol) in 83% yield.

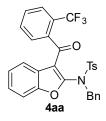
4y: $R_f = 0.34$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 118–119 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.63 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.58-7.56 (m, 1H), 7.41 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.37-7.32 (m, 3H), 7.31-7.23 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.13 (m, 4H), 7.09-7.07 (m, 2H), 4.68 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.9, 151.5, 151.2, 144.7, 140.8, 135.5, 134.3, 133.5, 131.7, 130.2, 129.9, 129.2, 128.7, 128.3, 128.2, 127.5, 126.010, 125.995, 124.5, 122.0, 119.9, 115.5, 111.3, 53.8, 21.8; IR (KBr)

(cm⁻¹) 3446s, 2853w, 1654m, 1385w, 1265w, 1168s, 1057w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{29}H_{23}BrNO_4S [M+H]^+$: 560.0526; found 560.0522.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2m** (47.3 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 5.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4z** (82.8 mg, 0.17 mmol) in 83% yield.

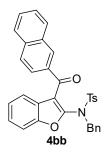
4z: R_f = 0.37 [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.57 (d, 2H, *J* = 8.4 Hz), 7.53-7.47 (m, 2H), 7.40 (d, 1H, *J* = 8.2 Hz), 7.36-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.24-7.18 (m, 8H), 7.12 (td, 1H, *J* = 7.6, 0.9 Hz), 7.06-7.01 (m, 1H), 4.72 (s, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 187.0, 160.5 (d, *J* = 254.0 Hz), 151.4, 150.3, 144.6, 135.3, 134.2, 133.5 (d, *J* = 8.6 Hz), 131.1 (d, *J* = 2.1 Hz), 129.9, 129.4, 128.6, 128.4, 128.0, 127.7 (d, *J* = 12.1 Hz), 126.2, 125.9, 124.4, 124.1 (d, *J* = 3.8 Hz), 121.8, 116.4 (d, *J* = 21.4 Hz), 116.3, 111.3, 53.9, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3428s, 2850w, 1655m, 1451s, 1292w, 1168s, 1006w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₂₃FNO₄S [M+H]⁺: 500.1326; found 500.1323.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2n** (52.9 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 8.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4aa** (83.3 mg, 0.15 mmol) in 76% yield.

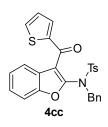
4aa: $R_f = 0.30$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 122–123 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.77 (d, 1H, J = 7.7 Hz), 7.70 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.62 (t, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.55 (t, 1H, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.41 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.32-7.23 (m, 4H), 7.17-7.07 (m, 6H), 6.98 (d, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz),

4.74 (s, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.0, 152.0, 151.5, 144.8, 138.8 (q, J = 2.0 Hz), 135.6, 134.3, 131.9, 130.4, 129.9, 128.9, 128.8, 128.6, 128.29, 128.27, 127.8 (q, J = 32.1 Hz), 127.0 (q, J = 4.8 Hz), 126.0, 125.7, 124.5, 123.7 (q, J = 272.5 Hz), 121.8, 115.2, 111.5, 54.0, 21.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3446s, 2854w, 1667m, 1558m, 1314m, 1067w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₀H₂₃F₃NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 550.1294; found 550.1293.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2o** (76.3 mg, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 1.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4bb** (100.8 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 95% yield.

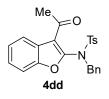
4bb: $R_f = 0.31$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.13 (s, 1H), 7.90 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.85 (d, 1H, J = 8.6 Hz), 7.79 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.77-7.74 (m, 1H), 7.66 (d, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.63-7.59 (m, 1H), 7.54-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.45 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.35-7.30 (m, 2H), 7.18-7.10 (m, 8H), 4.79 (s, 2H), 2.23 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.8, 151.6, 149.3, 144.5, 135.8, 135.4, 135.2, 134.6, 132.4, 131.8, 130.0, 129.8, 129.2, 128.68, 128.64, 128.32, 128.29, 128.16, 127.9, 126.81, 126.75, 125.8, 125.2, 124.0, 122.0, 116.0, 111.5, 54.8, 21.6; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3434m, 2848w, 1653m, 1451m, 1362s, 1089m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₃H₂₆NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 532.1577; found 532.1577.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2p** (42.8 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 2.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford

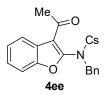
3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran 4cc (88.8 mg, 0.18 mmol) in 92% yield.

4cc: $R_f = 0.32$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 125–126 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (dd, 1H, J = 4.9, 1.2 Hz), 7.64-7.62 (m, 2H), 7.53 (d, 1H, J = 7.5 Hz), 7.41 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.32 (td, 1H, J = 7.2, 1.2 Hz), 7.27-7.19 (m, 6H), 7.17-7.14 (m, 3H), 6.96 (dd, 1H, J = 4.9, 3.7 Hz), 4.86 (s, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 181.4, 151.5, 148.3, 144.6, 144.3, 135.4, 135.0, 134.6, 134.5, 129.8, 129.3, 128.7, 128.4, 128.03, 127.96, 126.5, 125.9, 124.0, 121.8, 115.9, 111.4, 54.8, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3449s, 2854w, 1654w, 1355w, 1169m, 1089w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₇H₂₂NO₄S₂ [M+H]⁺: 488.0983; found 488.0985.



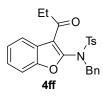
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2q** (28.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 1.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 12:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4dd** (66.0 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 79% yield.

4dd: $R_f = 0.39$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 124–125 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.18-8.15 (m, 1H), 7.66 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.36-7.28 (m, 5H), 7.23-7.19 (m, 5H), 4.73 (s, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.40 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.7, 151.4, 149.9, 145.1, 134.7, 133.6, 130.1, 129.6, 128.87, 128.85, 128.29, 126.2, 125.8, 124.7, 123.7, 118.4, 110.7, 54.2, 29.1, 21.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3436m, 2926w, 1670s, 1449m, 1168s, 958w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₄H₂₂NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 420.1264; found 420.1260.



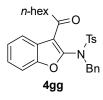
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1c** (82.4 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2q** (28.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 1.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 12:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4ee** (70.8 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 80% yield.

4ee: $R_f = 0.49$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 136–137 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.17-8.14 (m, 1H), 7.71 (dt, 2H, J = 8.7, 2.4 Hz), 7.52 (dt, 2H, J = 8.7, 2.4 Hz), 7.39-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.25-7.20 (m, 5H), 4.75 (s, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.4, 151.5, 149.3, 140.7, 136.3, 133.3, 129.8, 129.69, 129.67, 129.03, 128.97, 126.4, 125.7, 124.8, 123.8, 118.5, 110.8, 54.6, 29.2; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3441s, 2856w, 1665s, 1585m, 1371s, 1072m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₃H₁₉ClNO₂₄S [M+H]⁺: 440.0718; found 440.0714.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2r** (34.9 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 3.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 12:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4ff** (73.1 mg, 0.17 mmol) in 84% yield.

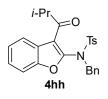
4ff: $R_f = 0.38$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 75–76 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15-8.13 (m, 1H), 7.66 (d, 2H, J = 8.4, 2.3 Hz), 7.34-7.27 (m, 5H), 7.19-7.22 (m, 5H), 4.73 (s, 2H), 2.82 (q, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.47 (s, 3H), 0.99 (t, 3H, J = 7.2 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.7, 151.5, 149.3, 145.0, 134.8, 133.8, 130.04, 129.60, 128.79, 128.77, 128.3, 126.1, 126.0, 124.6, 123.6, 118.0, 110.8, 54.3, 34.0, 21.8, 7.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2850w, 1665s, 1449m, 1089m, 947w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₅H₂₄NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 434.1421; found 434.1421.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2s** (61.9 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 0.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 12:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4gg** (75.0 mg, 0.15 mmol) in 77% yield.

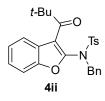
4gg: $R_f = 0.43$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15-8.13 (m, 1H), 7.67 (d, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.35-7.30 (m, 5H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 5H), 4.74 (s, 2H), 2.76 (t, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz)

7.4 Hz), 2.48 (s, 3H), 1.52-1.45 (m, 2H), 1.33-1.20 (m, 6H), 0.90 (t, 3H, J = 6.8 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.5, 151.5, 149.2, 145.0, 135.0, 134.0, 130.1, 129.7, 128.9, 128.8, 128.3, 126.12 126.09, 124.6, 123.6, 118.2, 110.8, 54.2, 40.9, 31.9, 29.0, 23.6, 22.7, 21.9, 14.3; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2851w, 1598m, 1365m, 1266w, 1168m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₃₂NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 490.2046; found 490.2043.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2t** (41.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 45.0 minutes. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 12:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4hh** (72.5 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 81% yield.

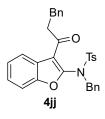
4hh: $R_f = 0.38$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 124–125 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.04 (d, 1H, J = 7.1 Hz), 7.60 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.33-7.28 (m, 5H), 7.27-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.23-7.20 (m, 3H), 4.76 (s, 2H), 3.60-3.50 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 0.91 (d, 6H, J = 6.8 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 202.0, 151.5, 148.6, 144.9, 134.7, 134.0, 130.1, 129.6, 128.9, 128.7, 128.1, 126.4, 126.0, 124.4, 123.2, 116.7, 110.8, 53.7, 37.4, 21.8, 18.7, one carbon missing due to overlap, overlapped signal at 21.8 ppm; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3440s, 2853w, 1660s, 1451m, 1061m, 952w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₆H₂₆NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 448.1577; found 448.1578.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2u** (47.8 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 1.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 12:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4ii** (75.7 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 82% yield.

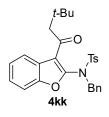
4ii: $R_f = 0.44$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 117–118 °C ; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.60 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.43 (d, 1H, J = 7.9 Hz), 7.32-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.24-7.22 (m, 3H),

7.21-7.18 (m, 3H), 4.80 (s, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.16 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 206.3, 151.1, 144.6, 144.1, 135.4, 134.3, 129.9, 129.8, 128.6, 128.4, 127.9, 127.5, 125.5, 123.8, 121.4, 117.2, 111.0, 53.9, 45.2, 26.8, 21.8, two carbons missing due to overlap, overlapped signals at 26.8 ppm; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2923m, 2852w, 1600m, 1356m, 1170s, 1012w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₇H₂₈NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 462.1734; found 462.1732.



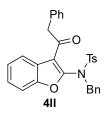
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2v** (61.3 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 3.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 12:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4jj** (80.6 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 79% yield.

4jj: $R_f = 0.39$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; mp = 102–103 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.15-8.12 (m, 1H), 7.64 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.33-7.27 (m, 7H), 7.22-7.20 (m, 1H), 7.16 (d, 3H, J =7.2 Hz), 7.13 (d, 2H, J = 7.1 Hz), 7.08-7.05 (m, 2H), 4.71 (s, 2H), 3.11 (t, 2H, J = 7.7 Hz), 2.89 (t, 2H, J = 7.1 Hz), 2.46 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 196.1, 151.5, 149.4, 145.0, 141.4, 134.8, 133.7, 130.1, 129.6, 128.8, 128.7, 128.6, 128.4, 128.3, 126.2, 125.93, 125.92, 124.6, 123.5, 118.1, 110.8, 54.2, 42.0, 29.4, 21.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3448s, 2923w, 1668m, 1447m, 1165s, 1011w, 934w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₁H₂₈NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 510.1730; found 510.1734.



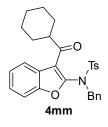
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2w** (56.1 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 2.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 12:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4kk** (75.3 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 79% yield.

4kk: $R_f = 0.44$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 164–165 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.10-8.07 (m, 1H), 7.60 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.32-7.31 (m, 3H), 7.30-7.22 (m, 7H), 4.76 (s, 2H), 2.69 (s, 2H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 0.84 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 197.3, 151.4, 148.5, 144.9, 134.9, 134.1, 130.1, 129.8, 129.0, 128.8, 128.1, 126.1, 126.0, 124.4, 123.3, 119.0, 110.7, 53.7, 52.4, 31.4, 29.7, 21.8, two carbons missing due to overlap, overlapped signals at 29.7 ppm; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3451s, 2928w, 1645m, 1452w, 1163m, 1008w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₈H₃₀NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 476.1890; found 476.1887.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2x** (52.9 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 45.0 minutes. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4ll** (78.6 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 79% yield.

41: $R_f = 0.34$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 122–123 °C ; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.12 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.67 (d, 2H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.35-7.32 (m, 4H), 7.31-7.26 (m, 6H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 3H), 6.97 (d, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 4.79 (s, 2H), 4.13 (s, 2H), 2.48 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 194.4, 151.5, 149.6, 145.2, 134.7, 134.6, 133.9, 130.19, 130.15, 129.8, 129.1, 129.0, 128.34, 128.29, 126.7, 126.3, 126.0, 124.7, 123.7, 118.1, 110.7, 54.2, 47.1, 21.9; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3455s, 3092w, 2853w, 1671m, 1449m, 1282w, 1061m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₃₀H₂₆NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 496.1577; found 496.1576.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), acyl chloride **2y** (53.7 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (60.0 μ L, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 2.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford

3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran 4mm (62.7 mg, 0.13 mmol) in 64% yield.

4mm: $R_f = 0.46$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 146–147 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 8.08-8.06 (m, 1H), 7.65 (d, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.33-7.28 (m, 5H), 7.25-7.21 (m, 5H), 4.73 (s, 2H), 3.33-3.26 (m, 1H), 2.47 (s, 3H), 1.73-1.67 (m, 4H), 1.34-1.17 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 201.3, 151.5, 148.7, 145.0, 134.8, 134.0, 130.1, 129.6, 128.9, 128.7, 128.3, 126.6, 126.0, 124.5, 123.4, 117.0, 110.7, 53.9, 47.5, 28.9, 26.1, 25.9, 21.9; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3446s, 2927m, 1669m, 1451m, 1165m, 950w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₃₀NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 488.1890; found 488.1888.

Ţs Ts Lewis acid Bn solvent. 50 °C Βn OMe 1a 3a Entry^a Time (h) $\operatorname{Yield}^{b}(\%)$ Acid (equiv) Solvent 1 $SnCl_4$ (0.3 eq) DCE 26.0 62 2 SnCl₄ (0.6 eq) DCE 7.0 68 3 $ZnCl_2(0.6 eq)$ DCE 28.0 70^c 4 68^d $ZnBr_2(0.6 eq)$ DCE 30.0 5 $FeCl_3(0.6 eq)$ DCE 8.0 49 AlCl₃ (0.6 eq) 6 DCE 47.0 40 7 BF₃•Et₂O (0.6 eq) DCE 30.0 28 8 SnCl₄ (1.0 eq) DCE 4.0 51 9 $ZnCl_2(1.0 eq)$ DCE 11.0 96 10 $ZnBr_2$ (1.0 eq) DCE 14.0 84 11 ZnCl₂ (1.0 eq) CH_2Cl_2 23.0 86 12 $ZnCl_2(1.0 eq)$ 27.0 91 toluene $ZnCl_2(1.0 eq)$ THF 13 33.0 35 14 $ZnCl_2(1.0 eq)$ EtOAc 28.0 53 15^{e} $ZnCl_2(1.0 eq)$ DCE 11.0 95 ^aUnless otherwise specified, reactions were carried out using **1a** (0.20 mmol)

1.4 Optimization of the Intramolecular Reaction (Table S2).

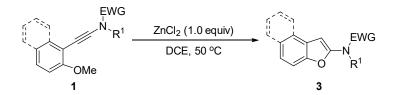
^{*a*}Unless otherwise specified, reactions were carried out using **1a** (0.20 mmol) with Lewis acid in solvent (2.0 mL) at 50 °C. ^{*b*}Isolated yields. ^{*c*}Recovery of **1a**, 27%. ^{*d*}Recovery of **1a**, 30%. ^{*e*}**1a** (1.00 mmol) was added.

Entry 15: To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (391.5 mg, 1.00 mmol), DCE (10.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 M), and ZnCl₂ (136.3 mg, 1.00 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 11.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography

[gradient eluent: 15:1~10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3a** (358.5 mg, 0.95 mmol) in 95% yield.

1.5 Intramolecular Reaction of o-Anisole-Substituted Ynamides.

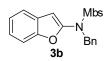
3-Unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofurans $3a^{15}$ and $3m^{16}$ were known compounds, the data were matched with the reported values. 3-Unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofurans 3b, 3c, 3d, 3e, 3f, 3g, 3h, 3i, 3j, 3k, 3l and 3n were new compounds.



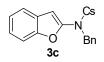
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (78.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and $ZnCl_2$ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 11.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 15:1~10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3a** (72.4 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 96% yield.

3a: $R_f = 0.46$ [8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 112–113 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.46-7.43 (m, 1H), 7.31-7.29 (m, 4H), 7.27-7.24 (m, 3H), 7.23-7.21 (m, 2H), 7.17 (td, 1H, J = 7.4, 1.3 Hz), 6.48 (d, 1H, J = 0.6 Hz), 4.80 (s, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.4, 147.8, 144.4, 135.8, 135.4, 129.9, 128.64, 128.57, 128.1, 128.0, 127.8, 124.6, 123.1, 121.3, 111.1, 103.1, 53.3, 21.8. Spectral data are in agreement with literature values.¹³

To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1b** (81.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and $ZnCl_2$ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 9.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: $12:1\sim8:1$ petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3b** (63.6 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 81% yield.

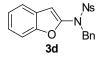


3b: $R_f = 0.30$ [8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 127–128 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.70 (d, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz), 7.43 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.31-7.29 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.19 (m, 4H), 7.16 (td, 1H, J = 7.2, 0.8 Hz), 6.93 (dt, 2H, J = 8.9, 3.0 Hz), 6.47-6.46 (m, 1H), 4.79 (s, 2H), 3.84 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 163.5, 152.4, 147.9, 135.5, 130.3, 129.9, 128.62, 128.56, 128.0, 124.6, 123.1, 121.3, 114.4, 111.1, 103.0, 55.8, 53.3, one carbon missing due to overlap, overlapped signal at 128.56 ppm; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2917w, 1579m, 1454m, 1354m, 1160s; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₂H₂₀NO₄S [M+H]⁺: 394.1108; found 394.1108.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide 1c (82.4 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and $ZnCl_2$ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 35.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 15:1~10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3c** (76.6 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 96% yield.

3c: $R_f = 0.48$ [8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 70–71 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.68 (dt, 2H, J = 8.6, 2.6 Hz), 7.45-7.40 (m, 3H), 7.31-7.27 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.20 (m, 4H), 7.16 (td, 1H, J = 7.5, 1.3 Hz), 6.49 (d, 1H, J = 1.0 Hz), 4.80 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.4, 147.2, 140.0, 137.4, 135.1, 129.6, 129.1, 128.7, 128.6, 128.2, 127.8, 124.9, 123.3, 121.4, 111.1, 103.5, 53.6; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3448s, 2920w, 1648w, 1452m, 1357s, 1165s; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₁H₁₇CINO₃S [M+H]⁺: 398.0612; found 398.0615.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1d** (84.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and $ZnCl_2$ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 48.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 15:1~10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3d** (78.9 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 97% yield.

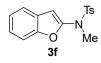
3d: $R_f = 0.41$ [8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; yellow solid; mp = 143–144 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz,

CDCl₃) δ 8.28 (dt, 2H, J = 8.9, 2.5 Hz), 7.90 (dt, 2H, J = 8.9, 2.5 Hz), 7.47 (d, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.32-7.28 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.23 (m, 4H), 7.20 (td, 1H, J = 7.6, 1.4 Hz), 6.54 (d, 1H, J = 0.4 Hz), 4.84 (s, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.5, 150.4, 146.4, 144.7, 134.6, 129.0, 128.8, 128.7, 128.5, 127.7, 125.2, 124.4, 123.5, 121.6, 111.2, 104.2, 54.0; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2917w, 11610m, 1451m, 1167s, 1088w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₁H₁₇N₂O₂S [M+H]⁺: 409.0853; found 409.0856.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1e** (63.1 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and $ZnCl_2$ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 23.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 12:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3e** (58.8 mg, 0.20 mmol) in 98% yield.

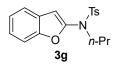
3e: $R_f = 0.28$ [8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 70–71 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.45 (d, 1H, J = 7.7 Hz), 7.40 (d, 1H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.36-7.33 (m, 2H), 7.31-7.25 (m, 4H), 7.21-7.17 (m, 1H), 6.45 (s, 1H), 4.90 (s, 2H), 3.03 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.5, 147.7, 135.5, 128.8, 128.7, 128.3, 128.0, 124.9, 123.3, 121.5, 111.2, 102.8, 54.0, 40.1; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3039s, 3108w, 2926w, 1454m, 1349s, 1041w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₆H₁₆NO₃S [M+H]⁺: 302.0845; found 302.0845.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1f** (63.1 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and $ZnCl_2$ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 24.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 15:1~10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3f** (36.8 mg, 0.12 mmol) in 61% yield.

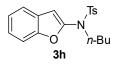
3f: $R_f = 0.45$ [8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 77–78 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.62 (dt, 2H, J = 8.4, 2.1 Hz), 7.53-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.24 (m, 3H), 7.23-7.21 (m, 1H), 6.56 (d, 1H, J = 0.9 Hz), 3.27 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.1, 149.7, 144.5, 134.3, 129.9, 128.2, 127.8, 124.4, 123.3, 121.2, 111.1, 99.6, 36.7, 21.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹)

3439s, 2923w, 1597w, 1358m, 1166s, 1056w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{16}H_{16}NO_3S$ [M+H]⁺: 302.0845; found 302.0842.



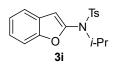
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1g** (68.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and $ZnCl_2$ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 26.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 20:1~15:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3g** (42.3 mg, 0.13 mmol) in 64% yield.

3g: $R_f = 0.51$ [10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 68–69 °C;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.54-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.33 (d, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.28-7.20 (m, 4H), 6.62 (d, 1H, J = 0.7 Hz), 3.57 (t, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.60-1.51 (m, 2H), 0.92 (t, 3H, J = 7.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.5, 148.1, 144.1, 135.8, 129.8, 128.1, 127.7, 124.7, 123.2, 121.3, 111.2, 103.0, 51.4, 21.9, 21.8, 11.1; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3424m, 1597m, 1453m, 1356s, 1254w, 1164s, 1054m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₀NO₃S [M+H]⁺: 330.1158; found 330.1161.



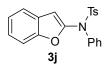
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1h** (71.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and $ZnCl_2$ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 22.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 15:1~10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3h** (45.3 mg, 0.13 mmol) in 66% yield.

3h: $R_f = 0.49$ [8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.65 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.54-7.52 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.32 (m, 1H), 7.28-7.25 (m, 3H), 7.24-7.20 (m, 1H), 6.61 (d, 1H, J = 0.6 Hz), 3.60 (t, 2H, J = 7.2 Hz), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.55-1.47 (m, 2H), 1.40-1.33 (m, 2H), 0.87 (t, 3H, J = 7.3 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.5, 148.2, 144.1, 135.8, 129.8, 128.1, 127.7, 124.7, 123.2, 121.3, 111.2, 103.0, 49.5, 30.6, 21.7, 19.7, 13.7; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2870w, 1611m, 1454m, 1257w, 1169s, 1093w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₉H₂₂NO₃S [M+H]⁺: 344.1315; found 344.1320.



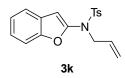
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1i** (68.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and $ZnCl_2$ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 24.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3i** (46.1 mg, 0.14 mmol) in 70% yield.

3i: $R_f = 0.55$ [10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 128–129 °C;¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.79 (d, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.56 (d, 1H, J = 7.6 Hz), 7.43 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.34-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.22 (m, 1H), 6.58 (s, 1H), 4.44-4.34 (m, 1H), 2.45 (s, 3H), 1.12 (d, 6H, J = 6.7 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.1, 145.5, 143.9, 137.5, 129.8, 127.83, 127.77, 125.2, 123.1, 121.5, 111.6, 106.8, 52.4, 21.9, 21.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3451w, 1608m, 1453m, 1345s, 1167s, 1084m, 1010m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₈H₂₀NO₃S [M+H]⁺: 330.1158; found 330.1155.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1j** (75.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and ZnCl₂ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 22.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: $15:1\sim10:1$ petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3j** (53.2 mg, 0.15 mmol) in 73% yield.

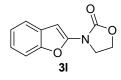
3j: $R_f = 0.47$ [8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 134–135 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.64 (dt, 2H, J = 8.3, 2.2 Hz), 7.53-7.50 (m, 1H), 7.37-7.34 (m, 3H), 7.33-7.30 (m, 3H), 7.28-7.23 (m, 3H), 7.20 (td, 1H, J = 8.5, 1.1 Hz), 6.66 (d, 1H, J = 0.9 Hz), 2.43 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.6, 148.8, 144.5, 139.2, 135.9, 129.7, 129.4, 128.6, 128.5, 128.3, 127.9, 125.0, 123.2, 121.5, 111.4, 102.8, 21.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3442s, 2848w, 1599w, 1362m, 1161s, 1074w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₁H₁₈NO₃S [M+H]⁺: 364.1002; found 364.1005.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide 1k (68.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 M), and ZnCl₂ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction

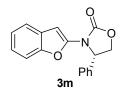
vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 7.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 15:1~10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3k** (47.1 mg, 0.14 mmol) in 72% yield.

3k: $R_f = 0.45$ [8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 63–64 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.66 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.53-7.51 (m, 1H), 7.32 (d, 1H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.29-7.25 (m, 3H), 7.21 (td, 1H, J = 7.4, 1.5 Hz), 6.59 (s, 1H), 5.87-5.77 (m, 1H), 5.20 (dd, 1H, J = 17.1, 1.4 Hz), 5.11 (dd, 1H, J = 10.1, 1.2 Hz), 4.24 (dt, 2H, J = 6.3, 1.4 Hz), 2.43 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.5, 148.1, 144.3, 135.8, 132.1, 129.9, 128.0, 127.8, 124.7, 123.2, 121.3, 119.6, 111.2, 102.8, 52.5, 21.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3436m, 2922w, 1593m, 1453m, 1356s, 1090m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₈H₁₈NO₃S [M+H]⁺: 328.1002; found 328.1002.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **11** (43.4 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and $ZnCl_2$ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 26.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 6:1~2:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **31** (34.5 mg, 0.17 mmol) in 85% yield.

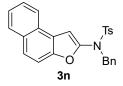
31: $R_f = 0.34$ [2:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 145–146 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.50-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.39-7.36 (m, 1H), 7.24-7.17 (m, 2H), 7.65 (d, 1H, J = 0.7 Hz), 4.54 (t, 2H, J = 7.6 Hz), 4.22 (t, 2H, J = 8.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 153.9, 150.6, 147.8, 129.3, 123.6, 122.9, 120.5, 110.5, 89.6, 62.8, 44.2. IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3448m, 2923w, 1754s, 1604s, 1416s, 1113m, 1016w; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₁H₁₀NO₃ [M+H]⁺: 204.0655; found 204.0654.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide 1m (58.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and ZnCl₂ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 50.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient

eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3m** (43.6 mg, 0.16 mmol) in 78% yield.

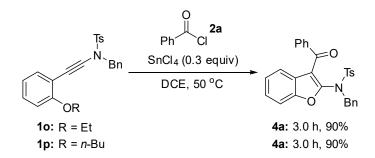
3m: $R_f = 0.22$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 128–129 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.42-7.40 (m, 1H), 7.35-7.27 (m, 5H), 7.25-7.22 (m, 1H), 7.15-7.09 (m, 2H), 6.60 (s, 1H), 5.50 (dd, 1H, J = 8.7, 5.0 Hz), 4.80 (t, 1H, J = 8.7 Hz), 4.30 (dd, 1H, J = 8.8, 5.0 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ 154.2, 150.9, 146.8, 138.3, 129.3, 129.1, 128.7, 126.3, 123.3, 123.2, 120.6, 110.7, 93.2, 70.8, 59.9. Spectral data are in agreement with literature values.¹⁴



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1n** (88.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and ZnCl₂ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 22.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: $15:1\sim10:1$ petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3n** (83.2 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 97% yield.

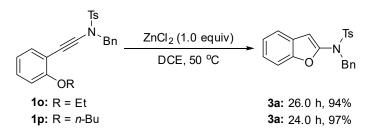
3n: $R_f = 0.40$ [8:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 115–116 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.95 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.83 (d, 1H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.67-7.61 (m, 3H), 7.51-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.44-7.39 (m, 2H), 7.31 (d, 2H, J = 7.0 Hz), 7.24-7.17 (m, 5H), 6.97 (s, 1H), 4.84 (s, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 149.8, 146.9, 144.3, 135.8, 135.4, 130.3, 129.9, 128.8, 128.6, 128.1, 127.7, 127.5, 126.6, 125.6, 124.9, 123.6, 123.3, 112.0, 102.8, 53.6, 21.7, one carbon missing due to overlap, overlapped signal at 128.6 ppm; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3438s, 2922w, 1629w, 1575w, 1360m, 1114s; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₆H₂₂NO₃S [M+H]⁺: 428.1315; found 428.1305.

1.6 Cyclizations of Other *o*-Alkyloxyphenyl-Substituted Ynamides (Scheme 2).



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-alkyloxyphenyl-substituted ynamide **10** (81.1 mg, 0.2 mmol) or **1p** (86.7 mg, 0.2 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (46.4 μ L, 0.40 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide

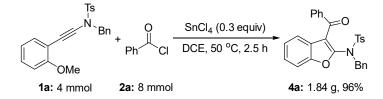
 $concn = 0.10 \ M$), and SnCl₄ (60.0 µL, 0.06 mmol, 1.0 M in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for the corresponding reaction time. The reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4a**.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-alkyloxyphenyl-substituted ynamide **1o** (81.1 mg, 0.2 mmol) or **1p** (86.7 mg, 0.2 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and ZnCl₂ (27.3 mg, 0.20 mmol). The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for the corresponding reaction time. The reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: $15:1\sim10:1$ petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3a**.

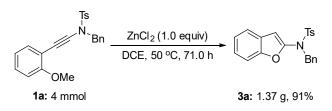
1.7 Gram-Scale Synthesis and Chemical Transformations (Scheme 3).

Gram-Scale Intermolecular Cyclization.



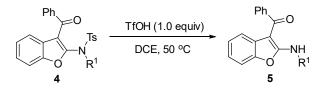
To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (1.57 g, 4.00 mmol), acyl chloride **2a** (0.93 mL, 8.00 mmol), DCE (40.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and SnCl₄ (1.20 mL, 1.20 mmol, 1.0 *M* in CH₂Cl₂) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 2.5 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: $10:1\sim6:1$ petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4a** (1.84 g, 3.82 mmol) in 96% yield.

Gram-Scale Intramolecular Cyclization.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added *o*-anisole-substituted ynamide **1a** (1.57 g, 4.00 mmol), DCE (40.0 mL, ynamide *concn* = 0.10 *M*), and ZnCl₂ (545.12 mg, 4.00 mmol) at 50 °C. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C for 71.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: $15:1\sim10:1$ petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-unsubstituted 2-amidobenzofuran **3a** (1.37 g, 3.63 mmol) in 91% yield.

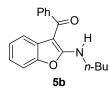
Synthesis of 3-Acyl-2-Amidobenzofurans 5a, 5b and 5c.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran 4a (96.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL), and TfOH (17.7 μ L, 0.20 mmol) in sequence. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C in an oil bath for 6.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran 5a (64.4 mg, 0.20 mmol) in 98% yield.



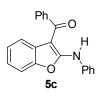
5a: $R_f = 0.40$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; yellow solid; mp = 120–121 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.34 (t, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 7.70-7.67 (m, 2H), 7.52-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.42-7.35 (m, 4H), 7.33-7.24 (m, 2H), 7.05-6.97 (m, 2H), 6.89-6.87 (m, 1H), 4.81 (d, 2H, J = 6.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.0, 166.7, 149.6, 141.2, 137.3, 130.8, 129.0, 128.5, 128.0, 127.6, 127.5, 126.7, 124.0, 121.7, 118.9, 110.3, 94.0, 46.1; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3432s, 2923w, 1642s, 1553w, 1478w, 1182m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₂H₁₈NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 328.1332; found 328.1329.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4h** (89.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL), and TfOH (17.7 μ L, 0.20 mmol) in sequence. The reaction vessel was capped and

stirred at 50 °C in an oil bath for 5.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **5b** (54.2 mg, 0.18 mmol) in 92% yield.

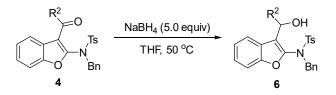
5b: $R_f = 0.42$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; yellow solid; mp = 87–88 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 9.06 (t, 1H, J = 6.3 Hz), 7.69-7.66 (m, 2H), 7.54-7.45 (m, 3H), 7.26-7.24 (m, 1H), 7.03-6.95 (m, 2H), 6.86-6.83 (m, 1H), 3.62 (dd, 2H, J = 13.5, 6.8 Hz), 1.77-1.69 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.44 (m, 2H), 0.99 (t, 3H, J = 7.4 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 189.6, 167.1, 149.6, 141.4, 130.6, 128.5, 127.5, 126.8, 123.9, 121.5, 118.7, 110.2, 93.7, 42.0, 32.2, 20.1, 13.9; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3440s, 2963w, 1645s, 1592w, 1494w, 1182m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₁₉H₂₀NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 294.1489; found 294.1487.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4j** (93.5 mg, 0.20 mmol), DCE (2.0 mL), and TfOH (17.7 μ L, 0.20 mmol) in sequence. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C in an oil bath for 6.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 15:1~10:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **5c** (58.8 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 94% yield.

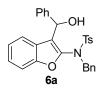
5c: $R_f = 0.60$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; yellow solid; mp = 122–123 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 11.3 (s, 1H), 7.75-7.73 (m, 2H), 7.59-7.49 (m, 5H), 7.45-7.41 (m, 2H), 7.38 (d, 1H, J = 7.7 Hz), 7.19 (t, 1H, J = 7.4 Hz), 7.10 (td, 1H, J = 7.5, 1.2 Hz), 7.05 (td, 1H, J = 7.8, 1.0 Hz), 6.96-6.94 (m, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 190.7, 163.0, 149.7, 140.9, 137.2, 131.2, 129.7, 128.6, 127.7, 125.6, 124.6, 124.3, 122.5, 120.1, 119.3, 110.7, 95.5; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3440s, 2921w, 1638s, 1561m, 1457w, 1167m; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₁H₁₆NO₂ [M+H]⁺: 314.1176; found 314.1166.

Synthesis of 3-Alkyl-2-Amidobenzofurans 6a, 6b and 6c.¹⁷

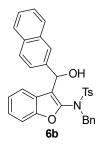


To an oven-dried sealed tube was added 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran 4a (96.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), THF

(2.0 mL), and NaBH₄ (37.8 mg, 1.00 mmol) in sequence. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C in an oil bath for 24.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-alkyl-2-amidobenzofuran **6a** (93.4 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 97% yield.



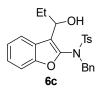
6a: $R_f = 0.38$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 142–143 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (d, 2H, J = 8.0 Hz), 7.35 (d, 2H, J = 8.1 Hz), 7.31-7.23 (m, 6H), 7.19-7.14 (m, 4H), 6.96-6.86 (m, 4H), 5.85 (s, 1H), 4.98 (d, 1H, J = 10.6 Hz), 4.51 (d, 1H, J = 12.6 Hz), 2.48 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.5, 144.8, 144.1, 140.7, 135.2, 134.7, 130.1, 129.5, 129.1, 128.6, 128.04, 127.98, 126.9, 125.81, 125.78, 125.2, 123.0, 122.0, 121.4, 111.0, 66.3, 53.4, 21.9; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3449s, 2848w, 1632w, 1451m, 1164s; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₉H₂₅NO₄SNa [M+Na]⁺: 506.1396; found 506.1392.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4bb** (106.3 mg, 0.20 mmol), THF (2.0 mL), and NaBH₄ (37.8 mg, 1.00 mmol) in sequence. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C in an oil bath for 24.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: 10:1~6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-alkyl-2-amidobenzofuran **6b** (105.8 mg, 0.20 mmol) in 99% yield.

6b: $R_f = 0.33$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; white solid; mp = 115–116 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.76-7.70 (m, 5H), 7.53 (d, 1H, J = 8.2 Hz), 7.44-7.37 (m, 2H), 7.34-7.23 (m, 8H), 7.15-7.10 (m, 1H), 6.84-6.81 (m, 2H), 6.60 (s, 1H), 6.01 (s, 1H), 5.02 (s, 1H), 4.51 (d, 1H, J = 11.5 Hz), 2.44 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.5, 144.9, 144.2, 138.2, 135.1, 134.7, 133.2, 132.6, 130.1, 129.5, 129.1, 128.7, 128.3, 128.0, 127.64, 127.59, 125.9, 125.8, 125.7, 125.2, 124.4, 124.0, 123.0, 122.0, 121.1, 111.0, 66.4, 53.3, 21.8; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3441s, 2923w, 1626w, 1450m,

1352s, 1235w, 1165s; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for $C_{33}H_{27}NO_4SNa [M+Na]^+$: 556.1553; found 556.1550.



To an oven-dried sealed tube was added 3-acyl-2-amidobenzofuran **4ff** (86.7 mg, 0.20 mmol), THF (2.0 mL), and NaBH₄ (37.8 mg, 1.00 mmol) in sequence. The reaction vessel was capped and stirred at 50 °C in an oil bath for 72.0 h. After the reaction was judged to be complete by TLC, the reaction mixture was cooled to rt and filtered through a short pad of silica gel. Then the filtrate was concentrated in vacuo and purified by flash silica gel column chromatography [gradient eluent: $10:1\sim6:1$ petroleum ether/EtOAc] to afford 3-alkyl-2-amidobenzofuran **6c** (84.3 mg, 0.19 mmol) in 97% yield.

6c: $R_f = 0.33$ [6:1 petroleum ether/EtOAc]; colorless oil; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 7.71 (d, 1H, J = 7.8 Hz), 7.65 (d, 2H, J = 8.3 Hz), 7.32-7.26 (m, 4H), 7.23-7.16 (m, 6H), 4.83 (d, 1H, J = 11.6 Hz), 4.56-4.46 (m, 2H), 2.46 (s, 3H), 1.97-1.86 (m, 1H), 1.61-1.50 (m, 1H), 0.56 (t, 3H, J = 7.9 Hz); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃) δ 152.4, 144.6, 143.3, 135.4, 134.7, 130.0, 129.4, 128.7, 128.4, 128.0, 126.2, 125.2, 123.0, 121.9, 121.2, 111.2, 68.0, 53.3, 27.7, 21.8, 10.3; IR (KBr) (cm⁻¹) 3432s, 2963w, 1631m, 1452m, 1357m, 1236w, 1166s; HRMS (ESI): m/z calcd for C₂₅H₂₅NO₄SNa [M+Na]⁺: 458.1396; found 458.1392.

References

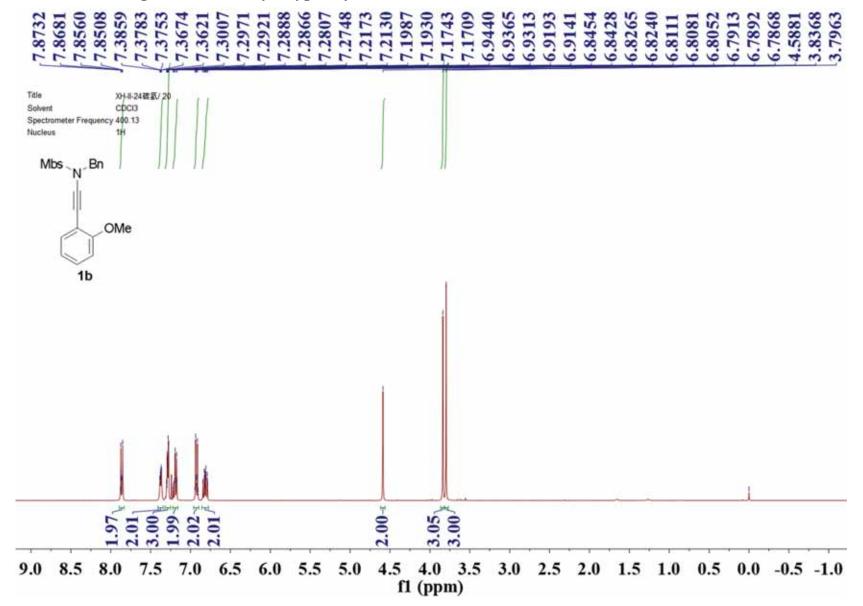
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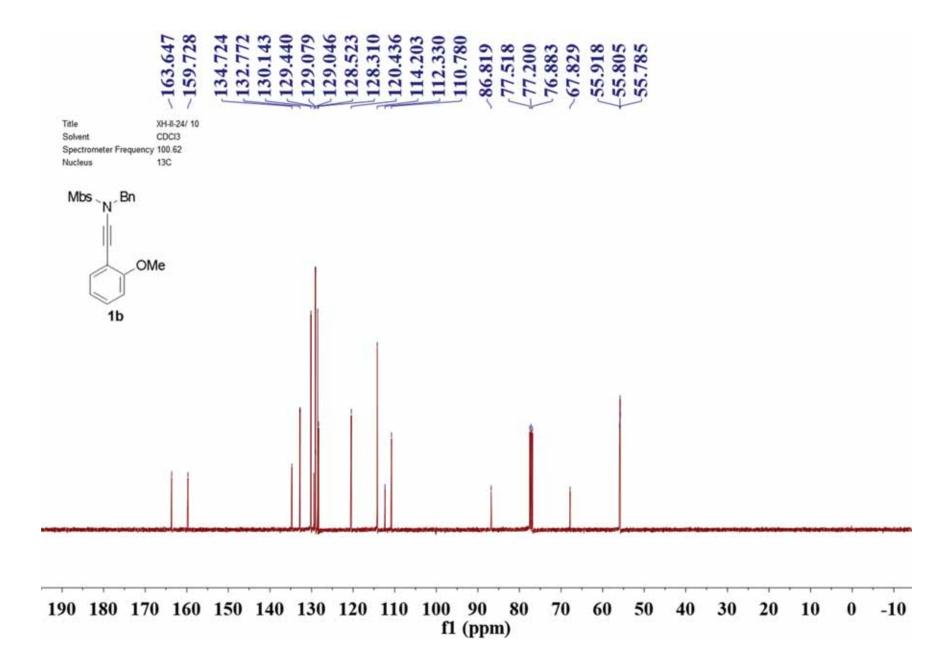
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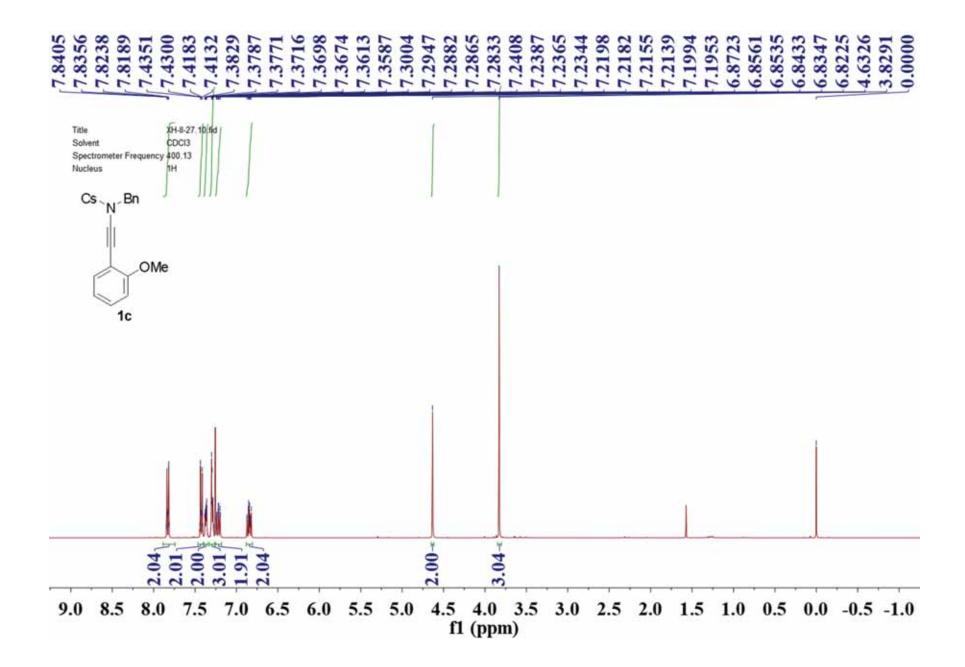
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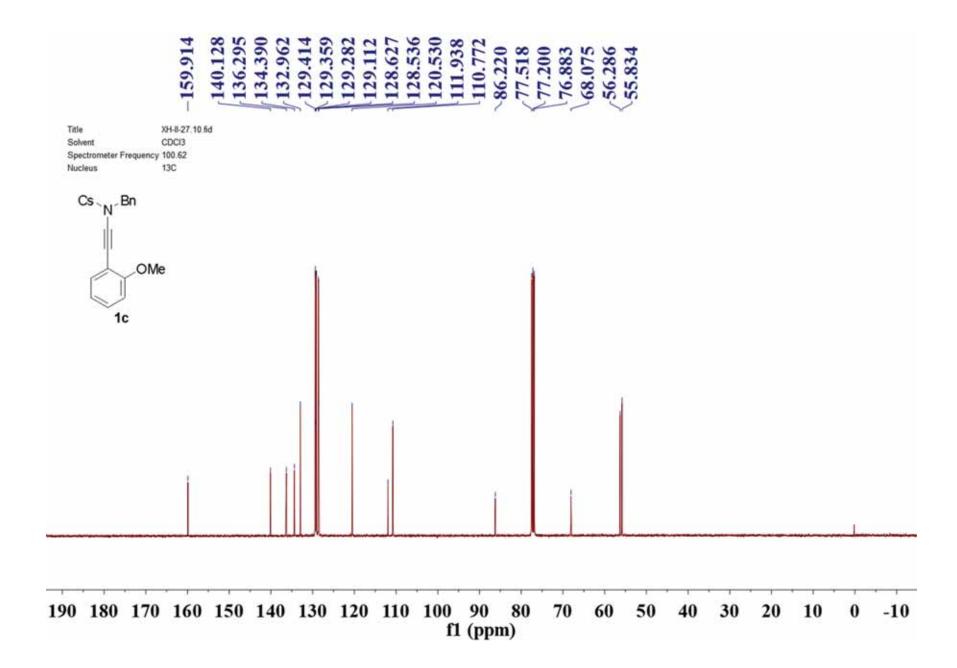
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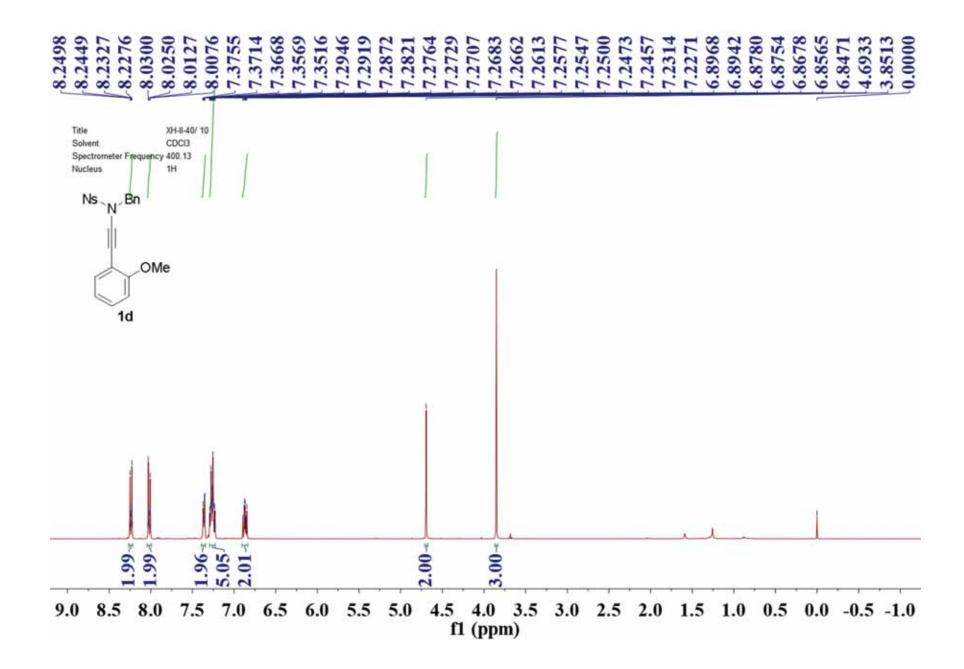
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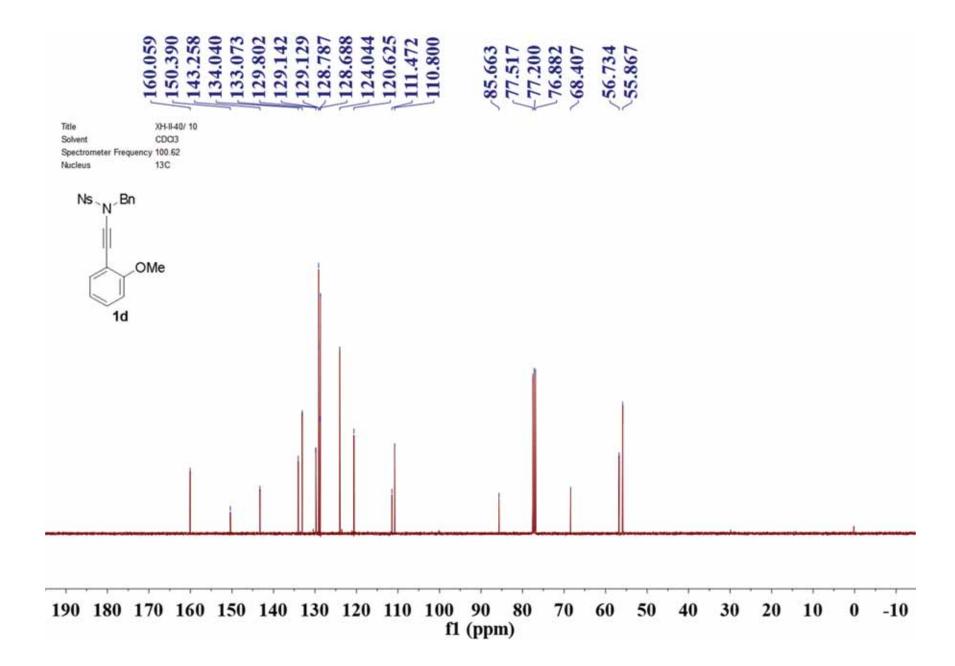


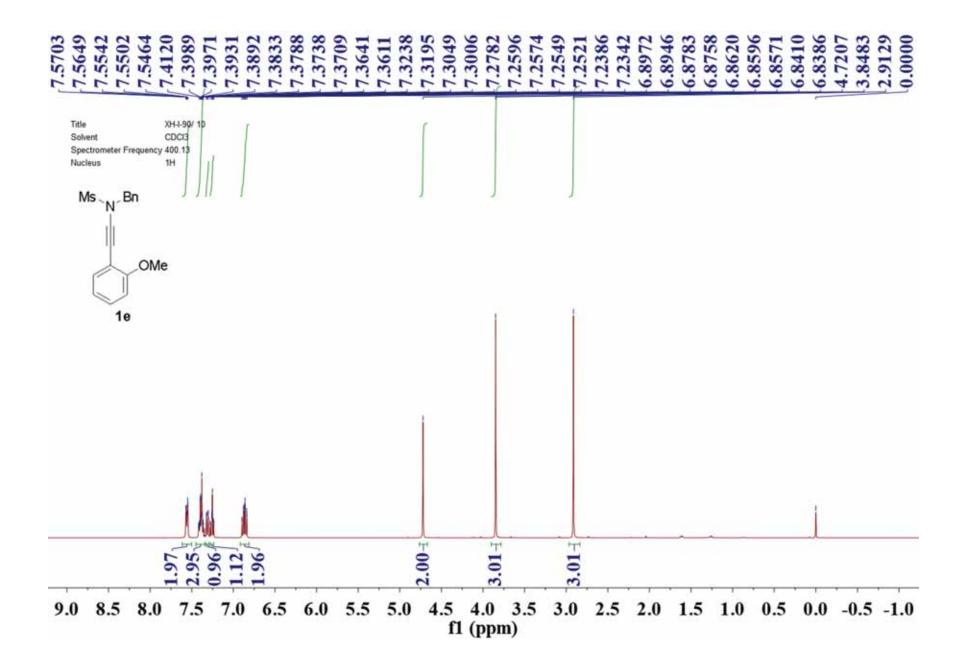


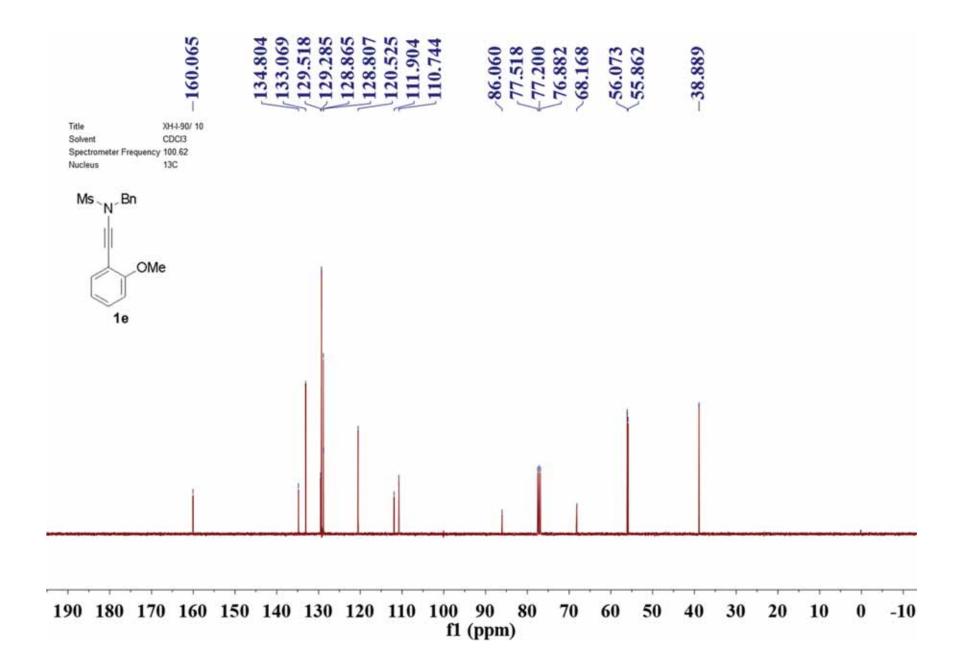


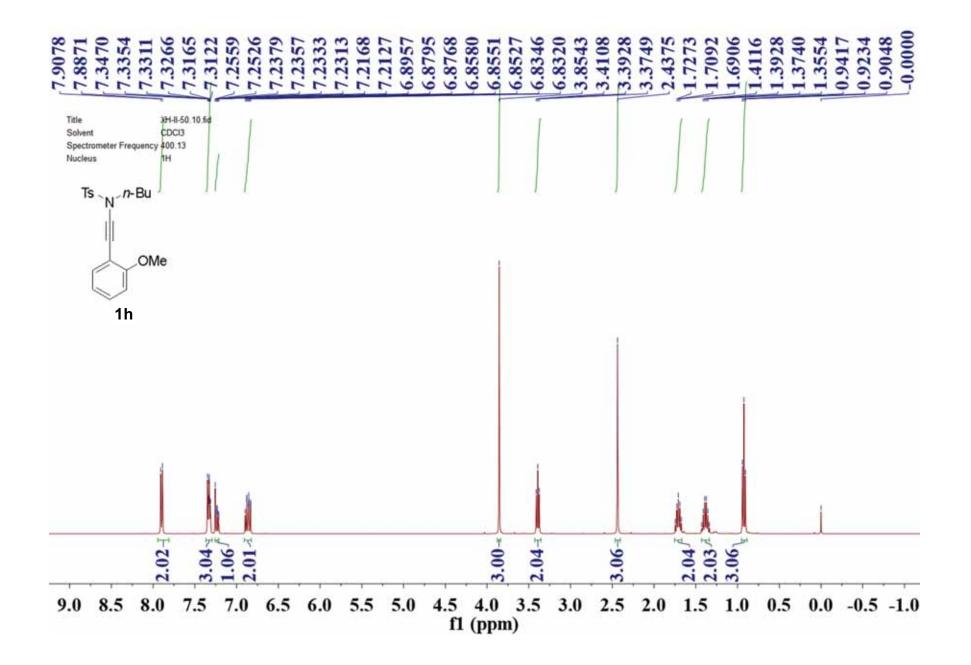


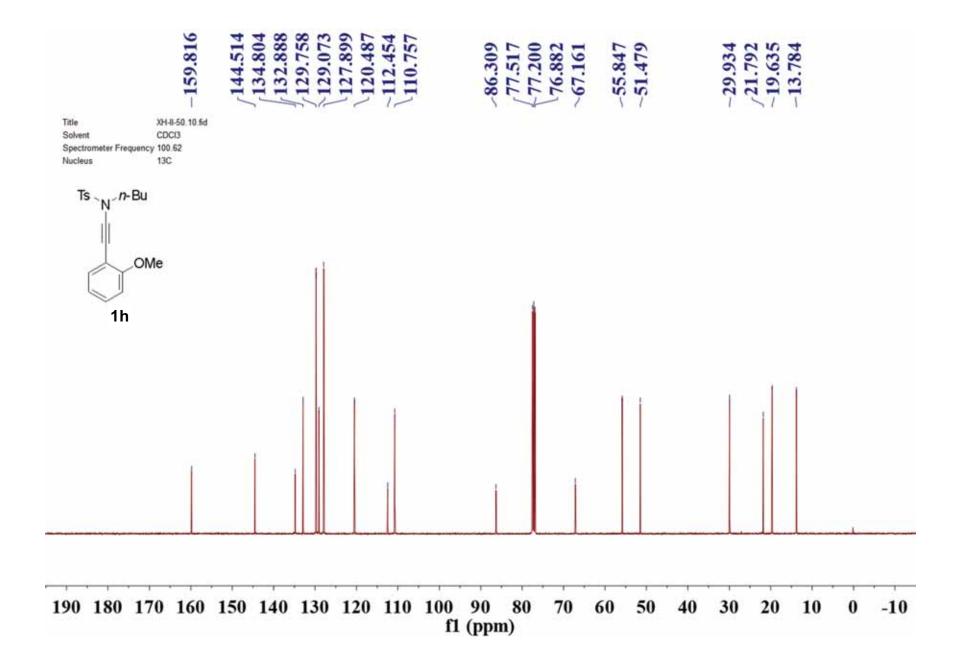


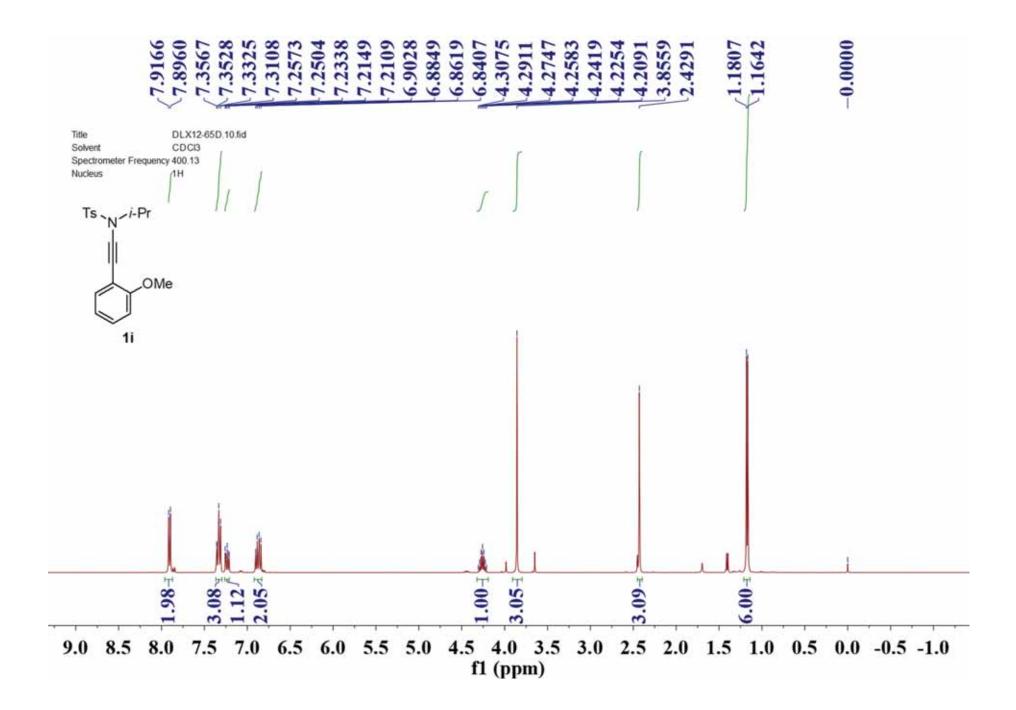


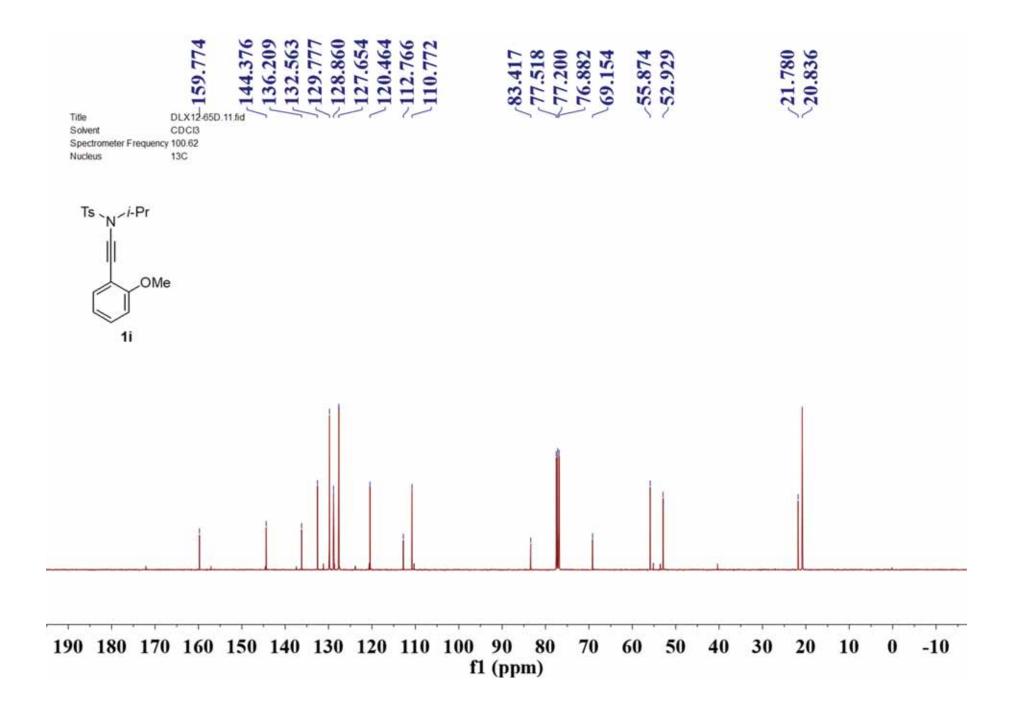


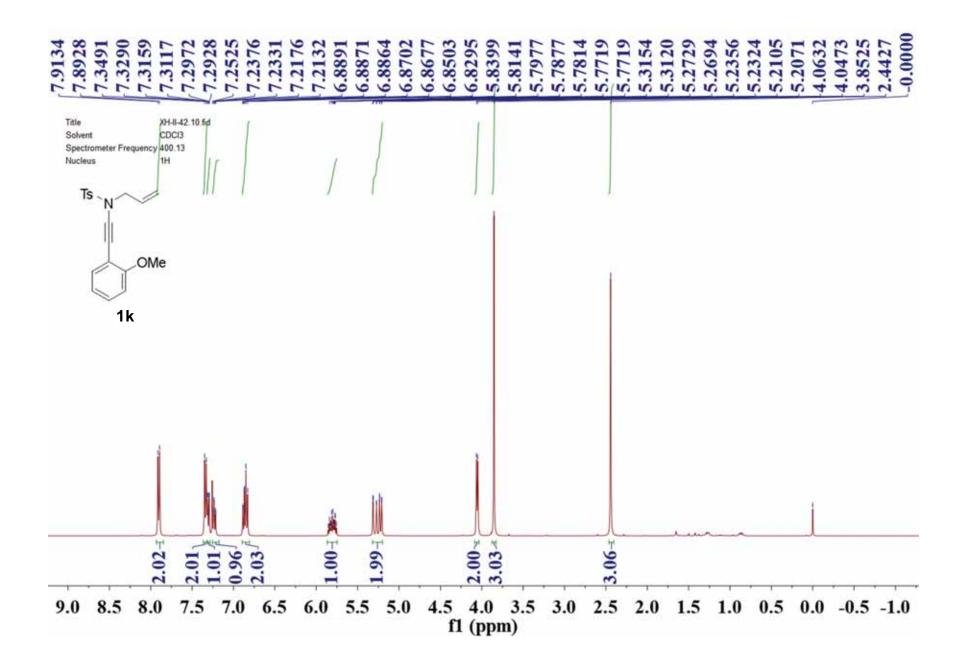


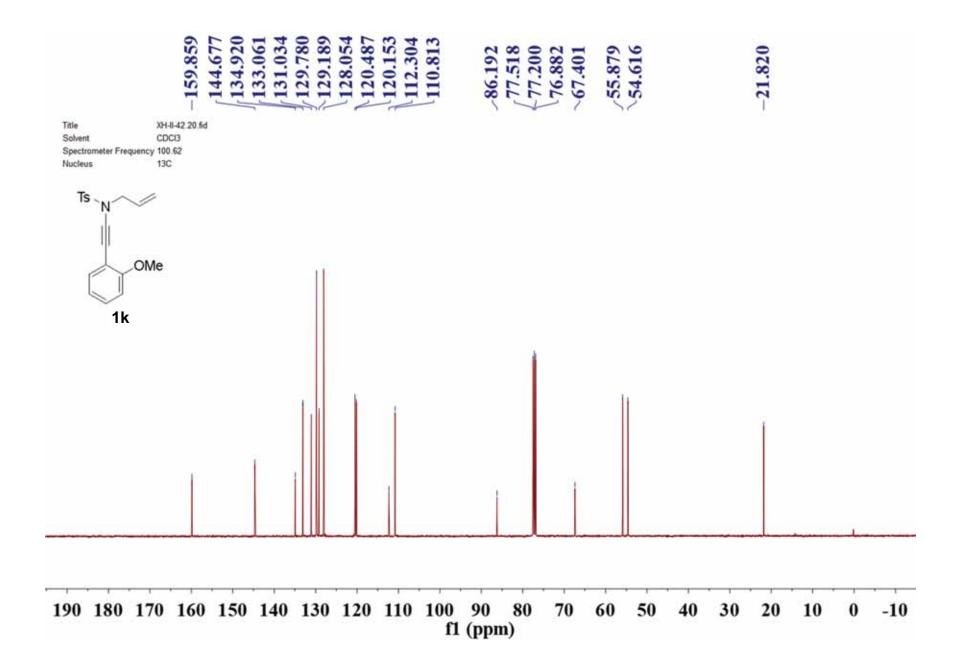


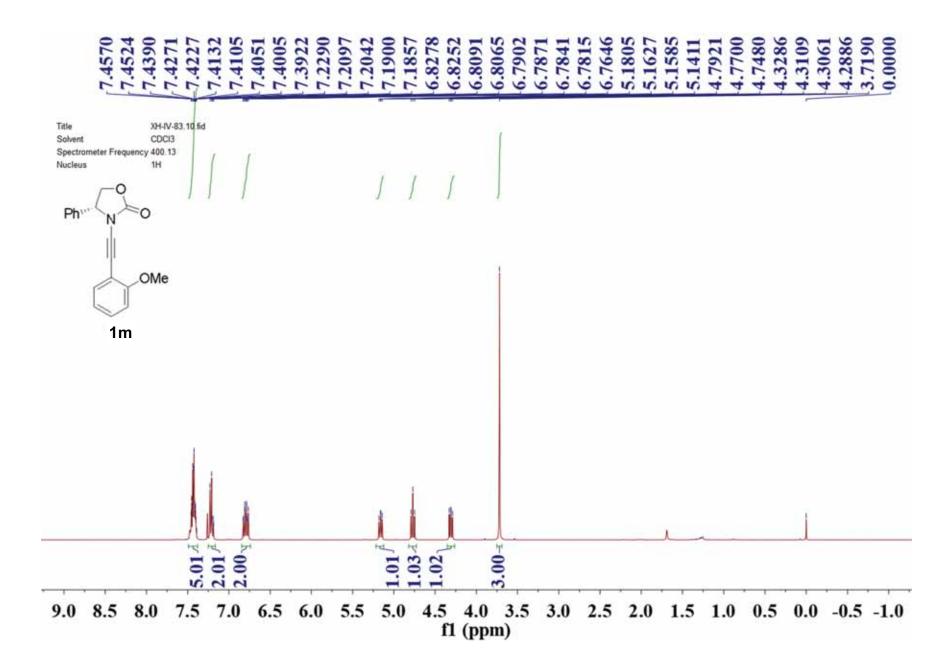


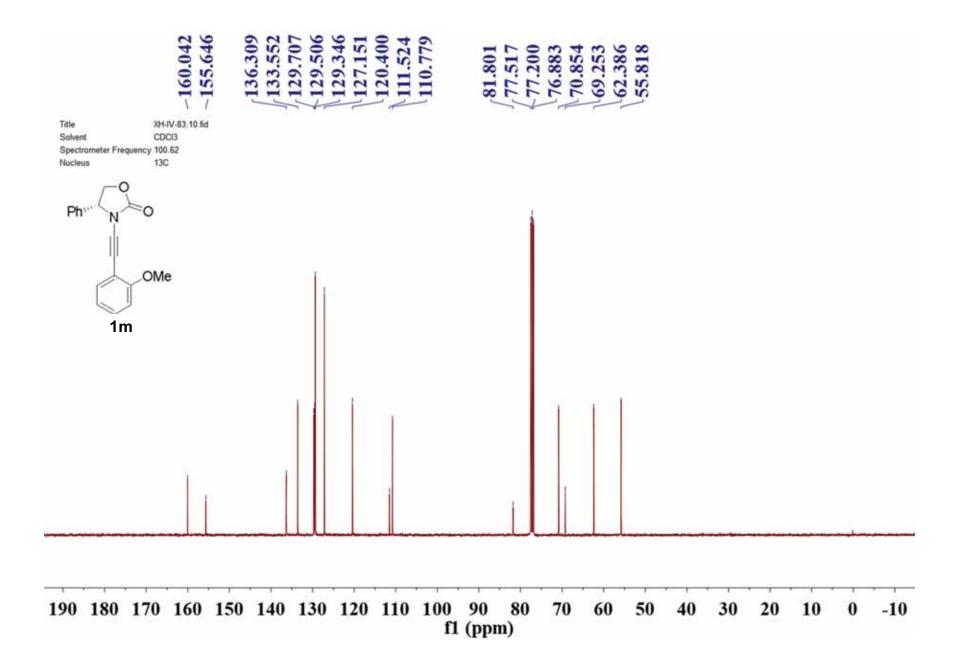


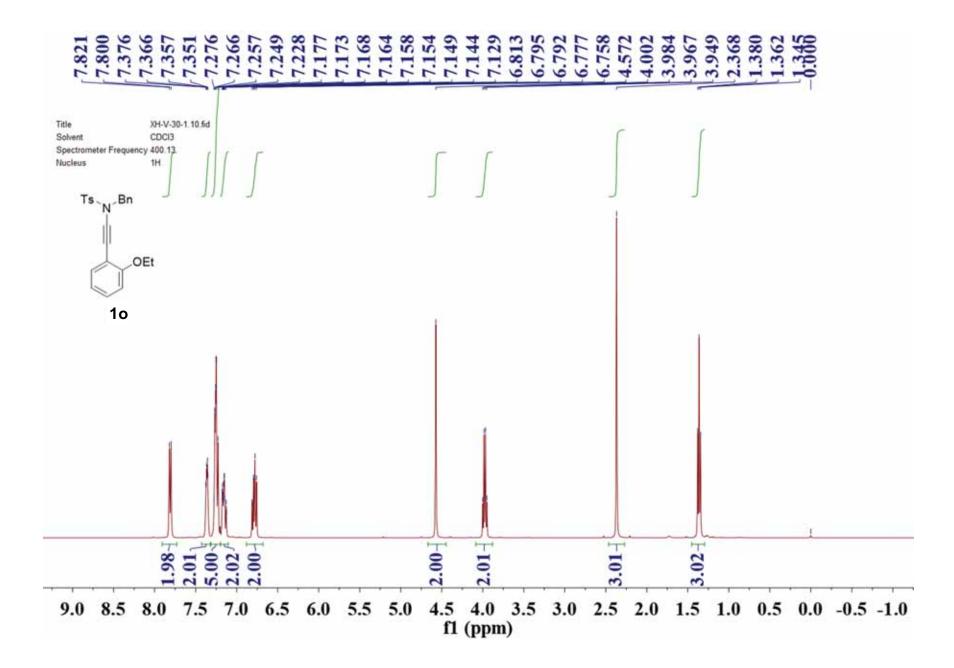


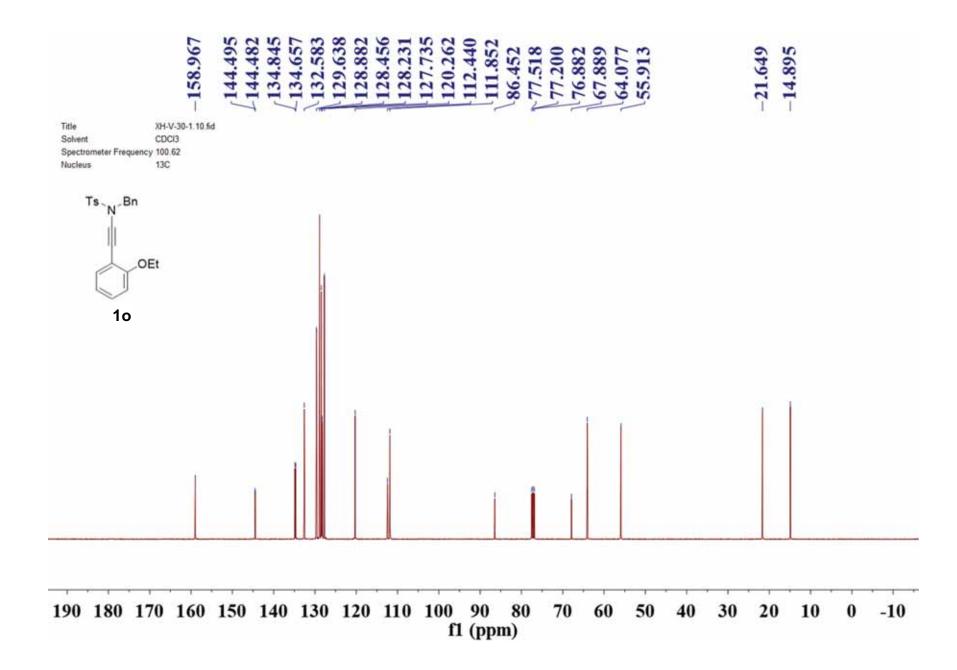


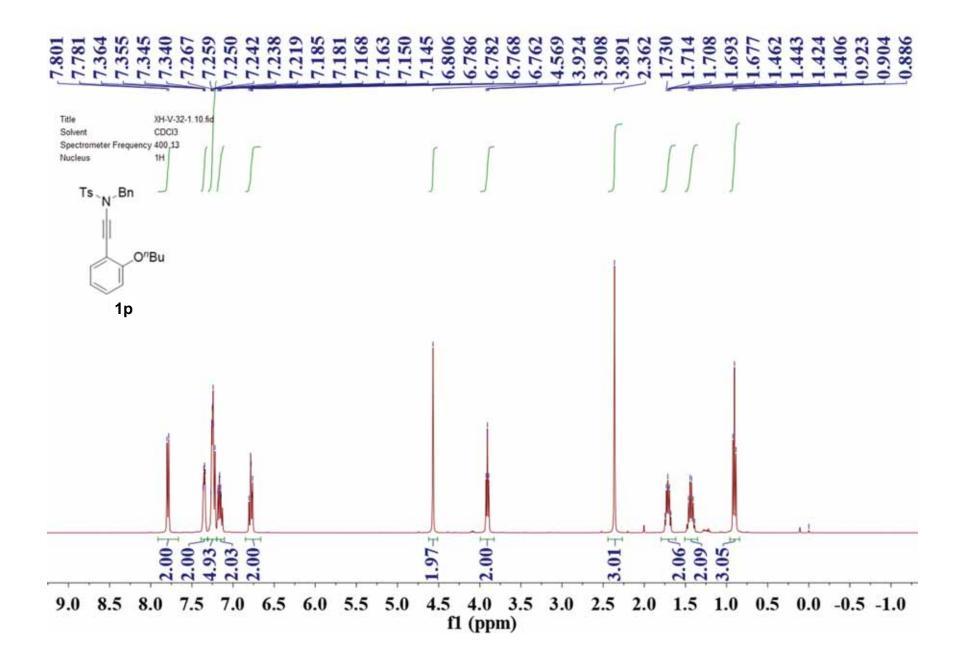


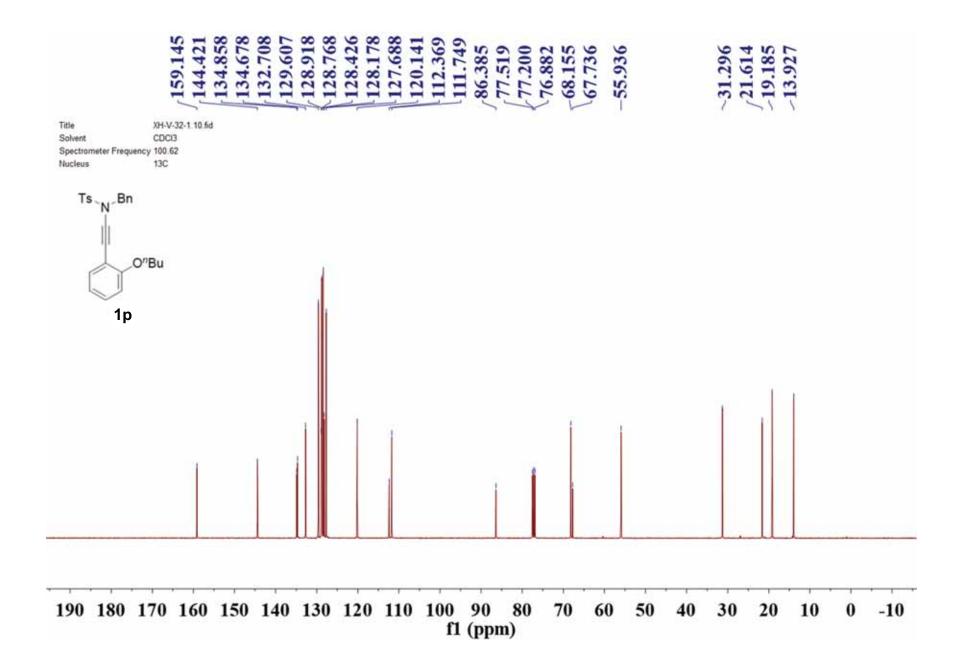


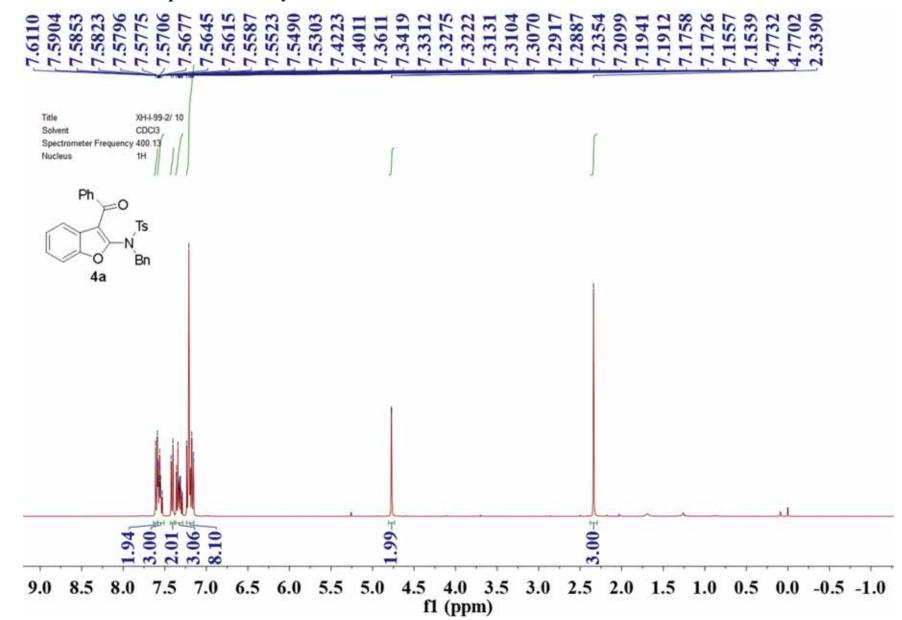




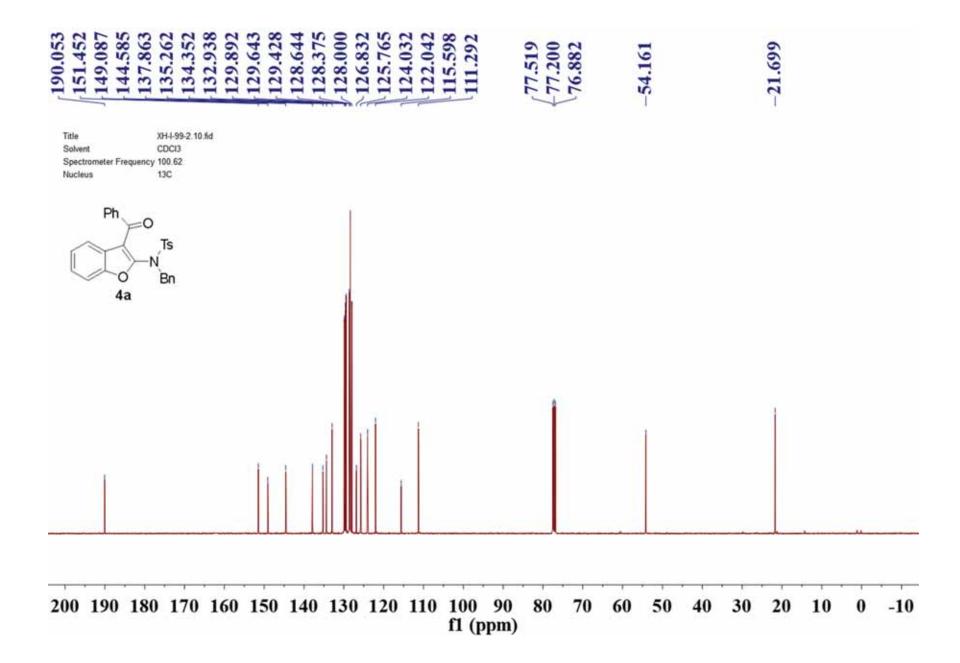


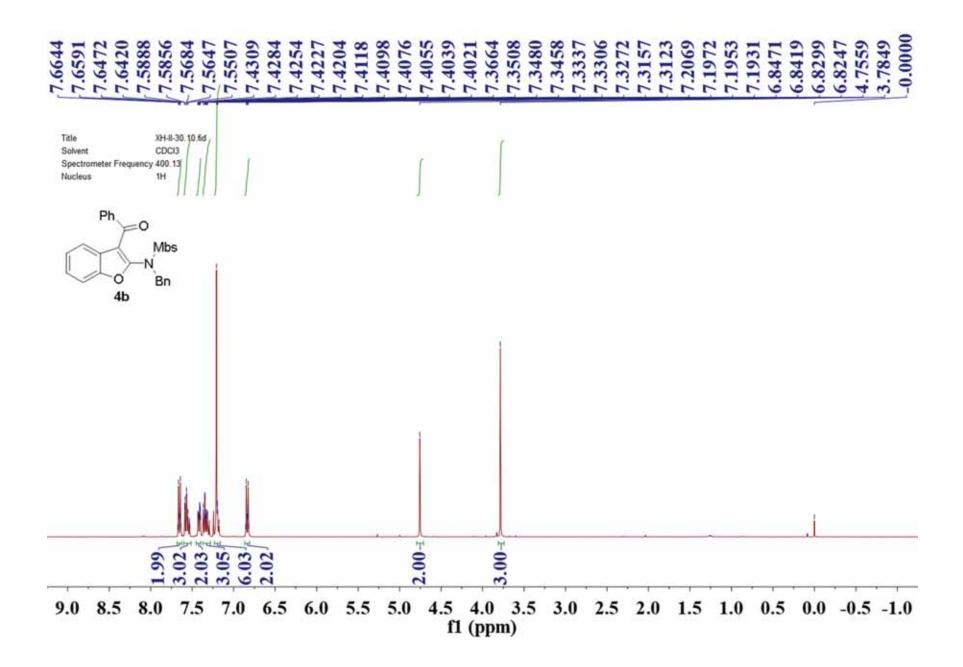


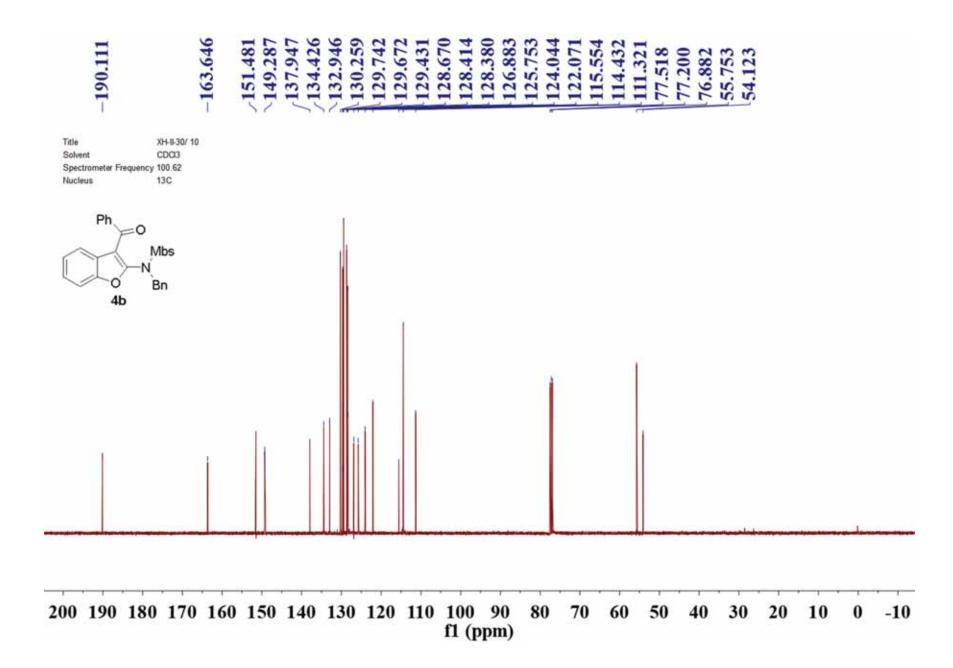


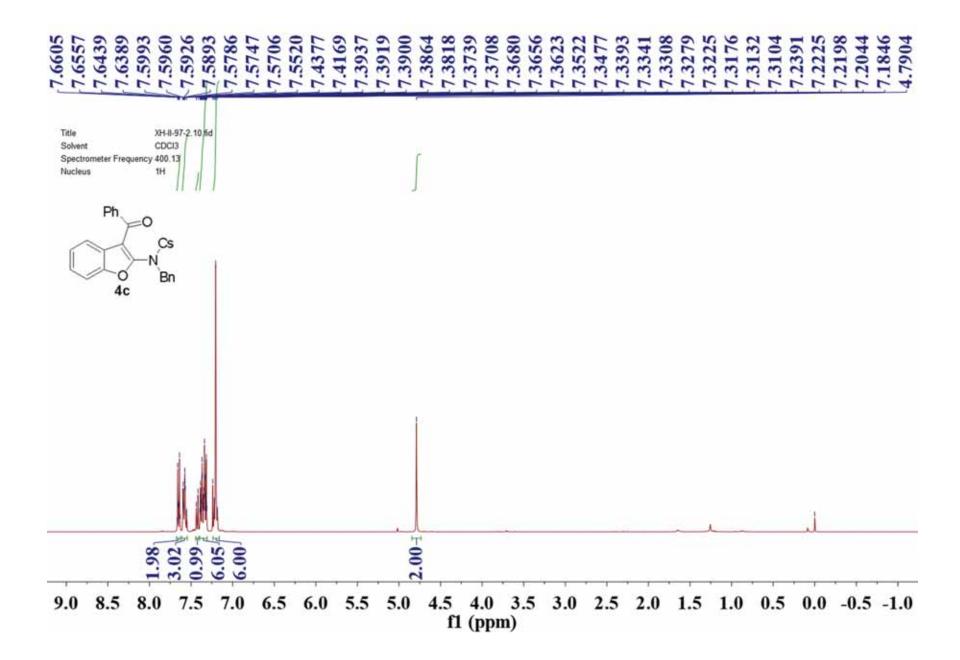


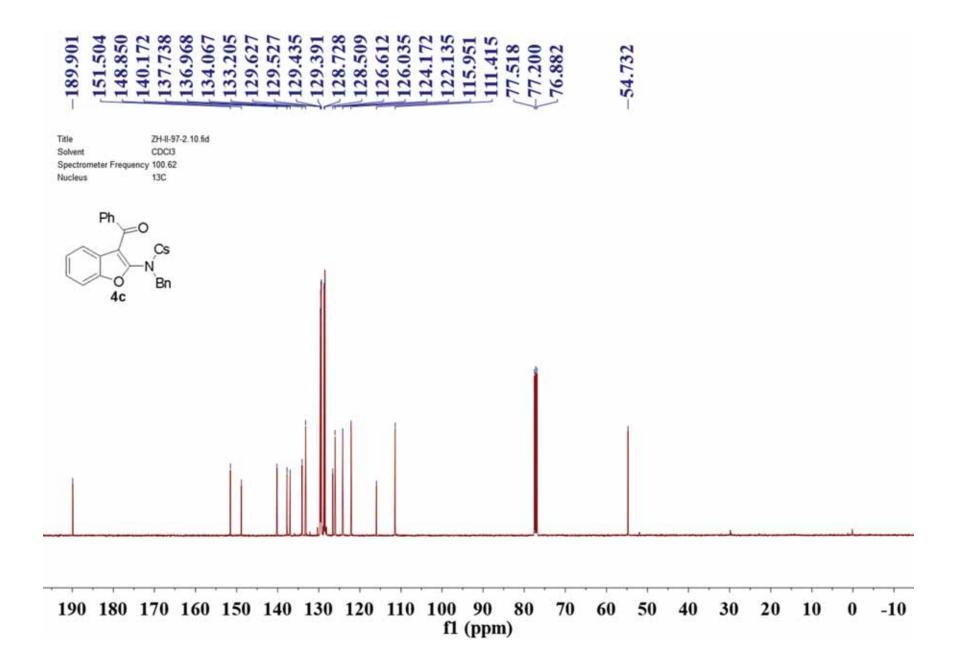
¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 3-Acyl-2-Amidobenzofurans 4.

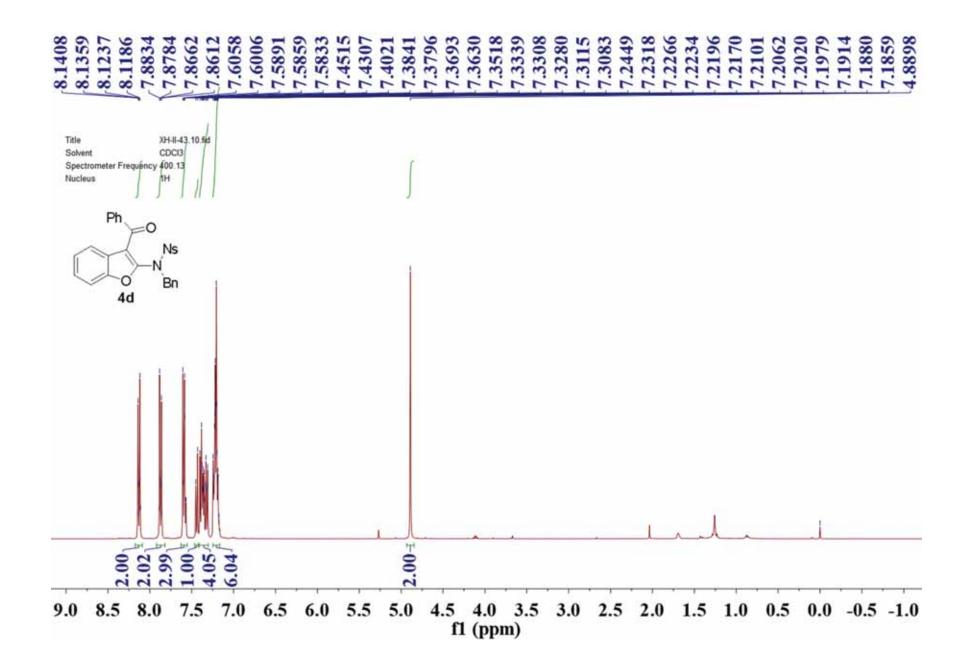


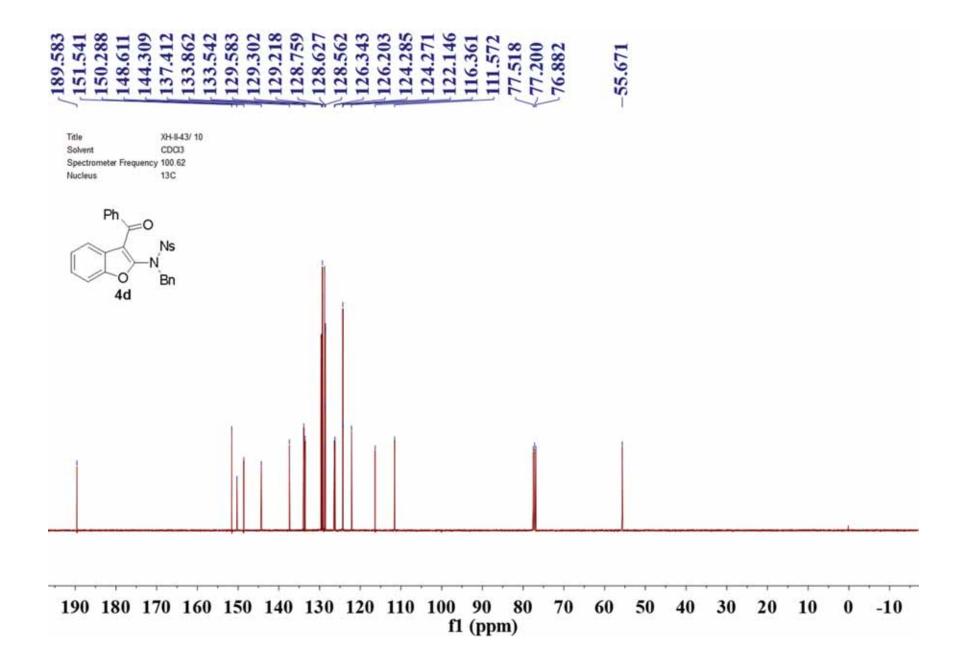


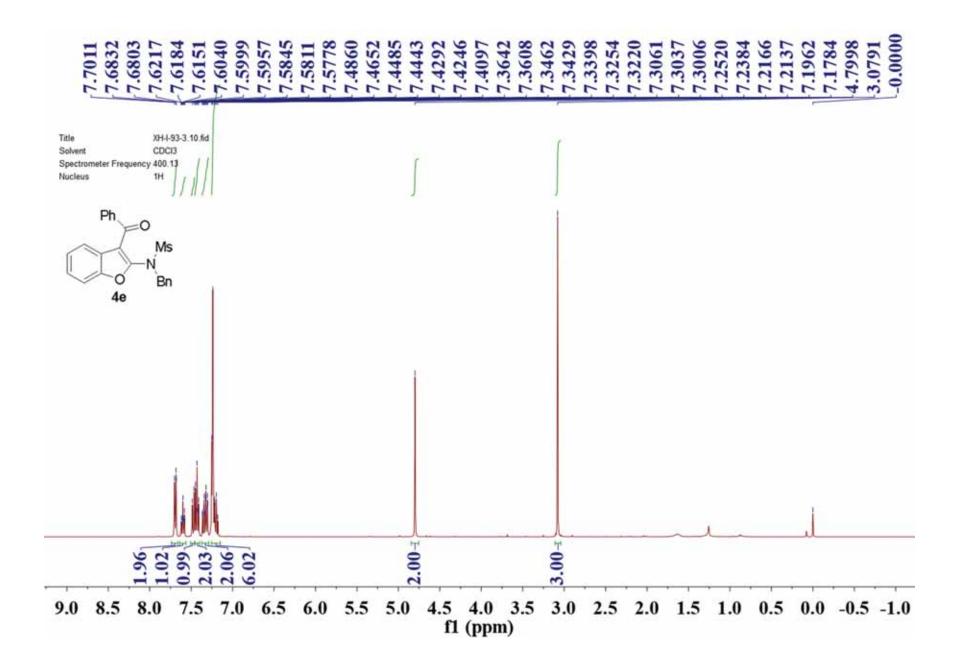


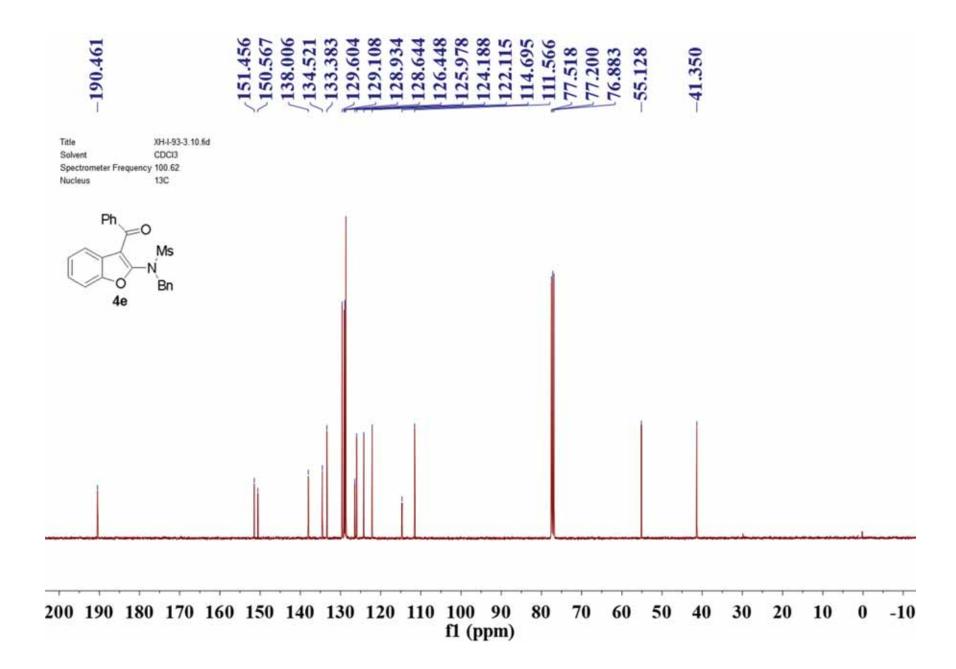


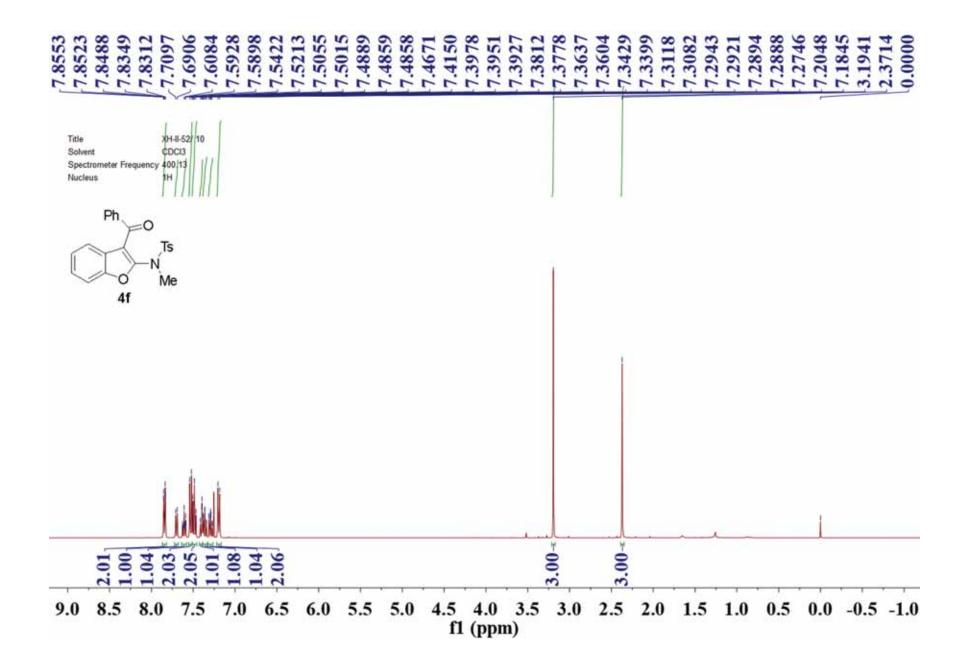


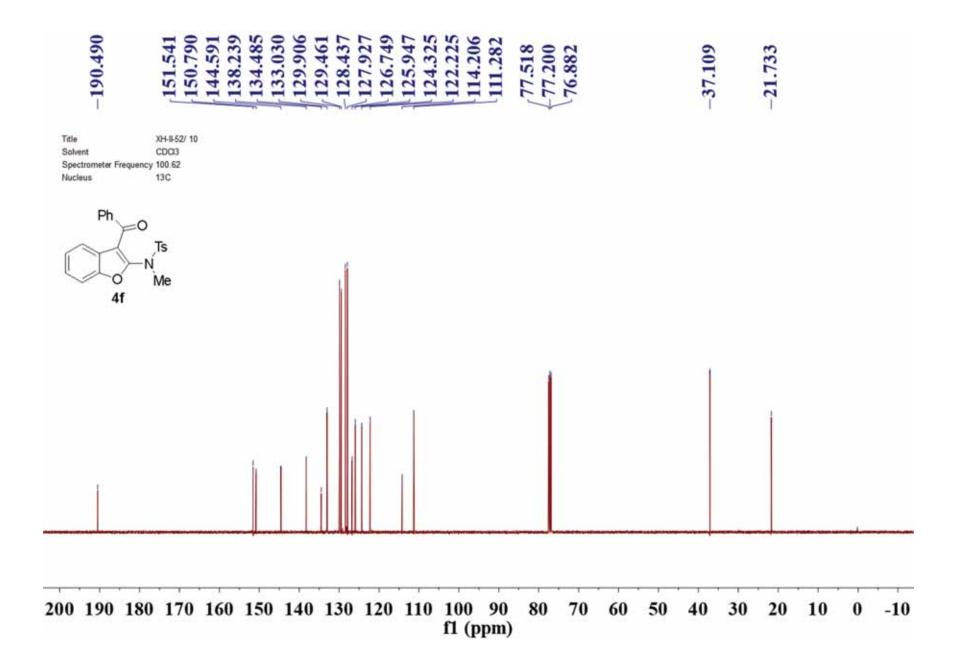


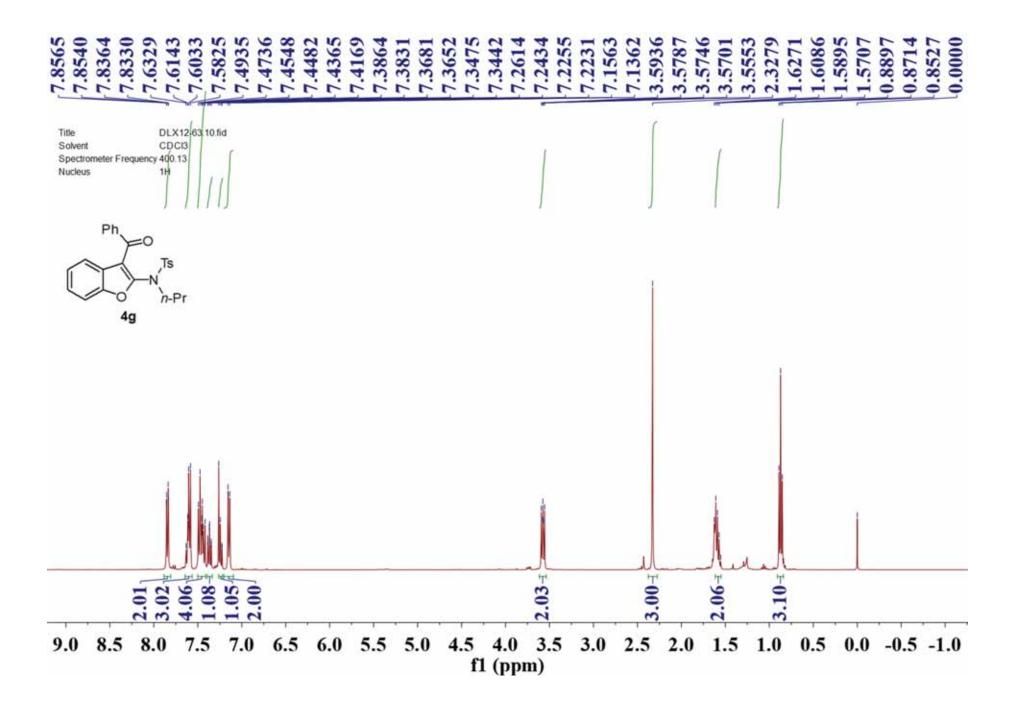


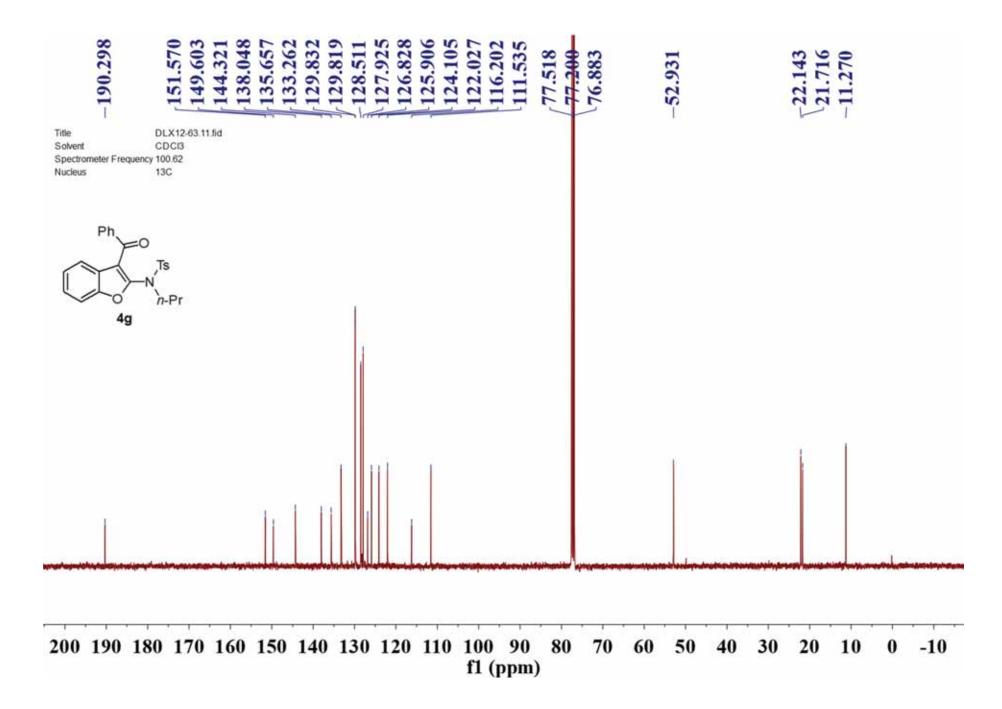


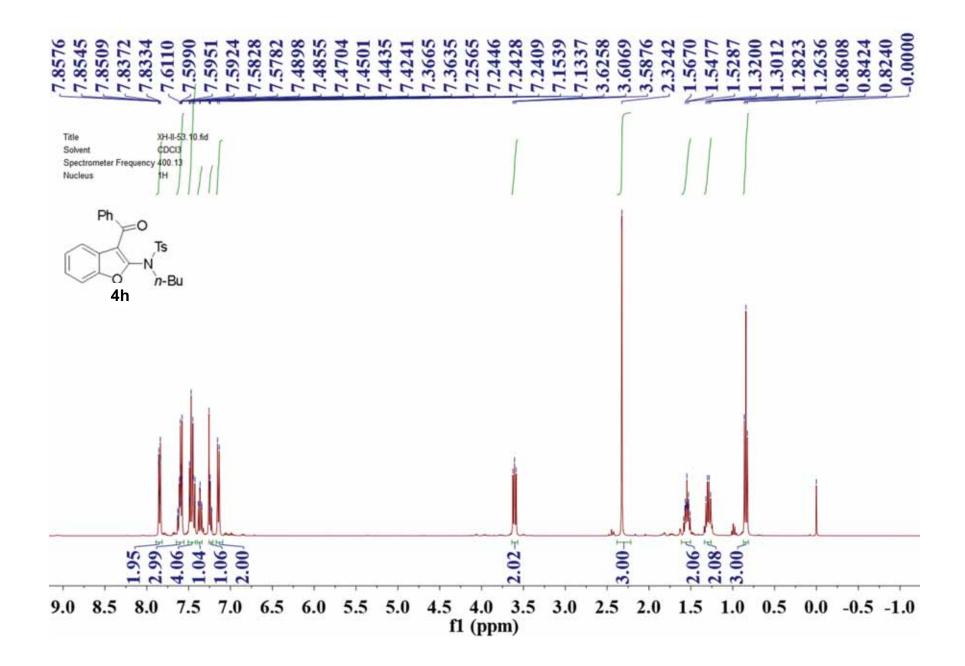


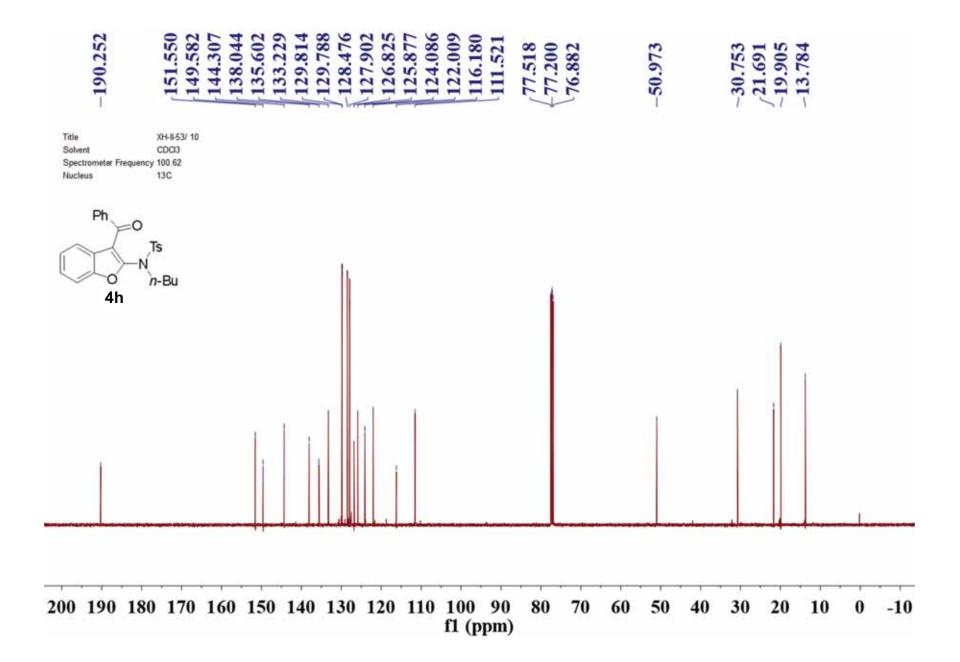


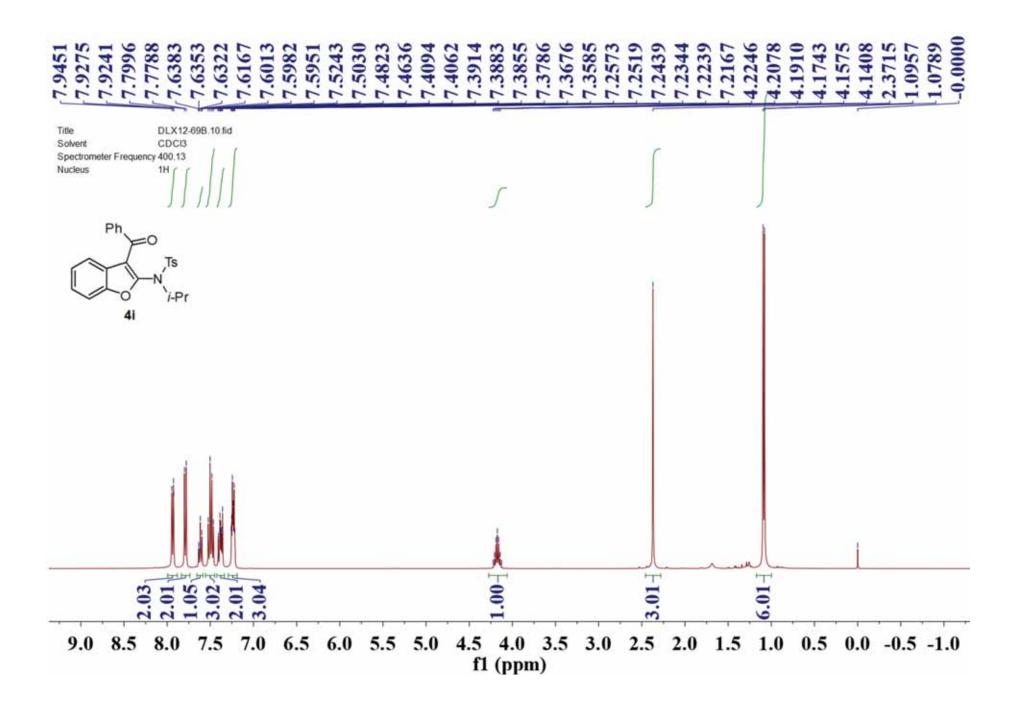


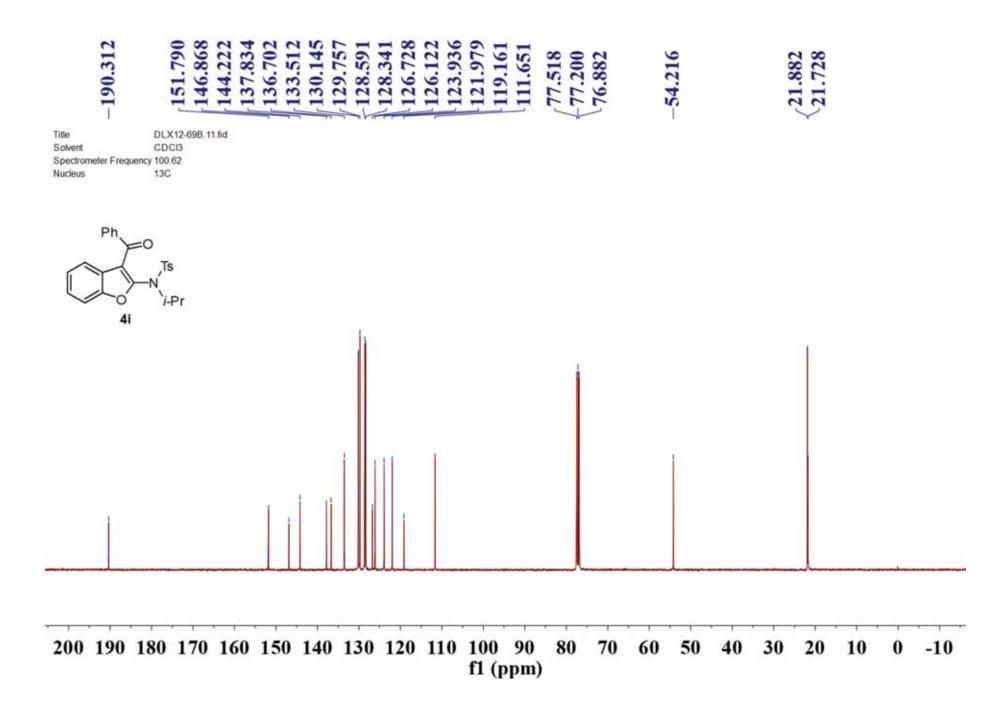


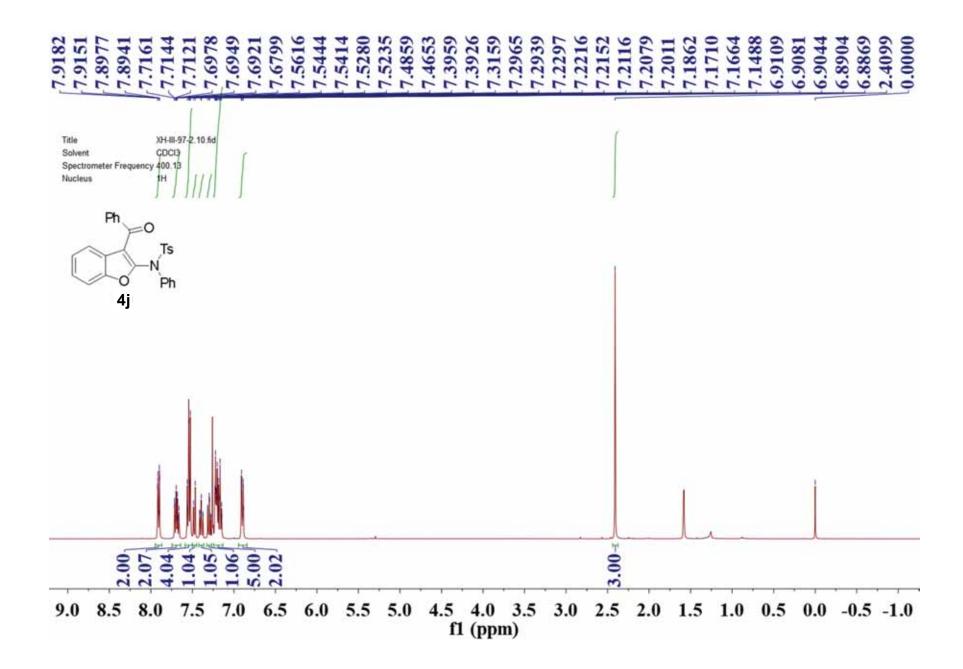


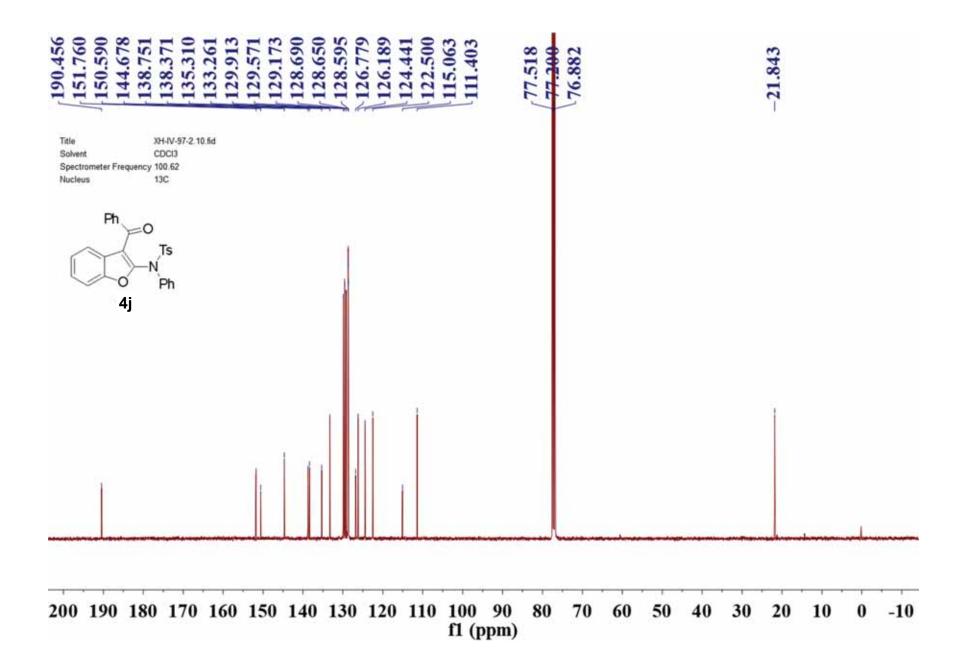


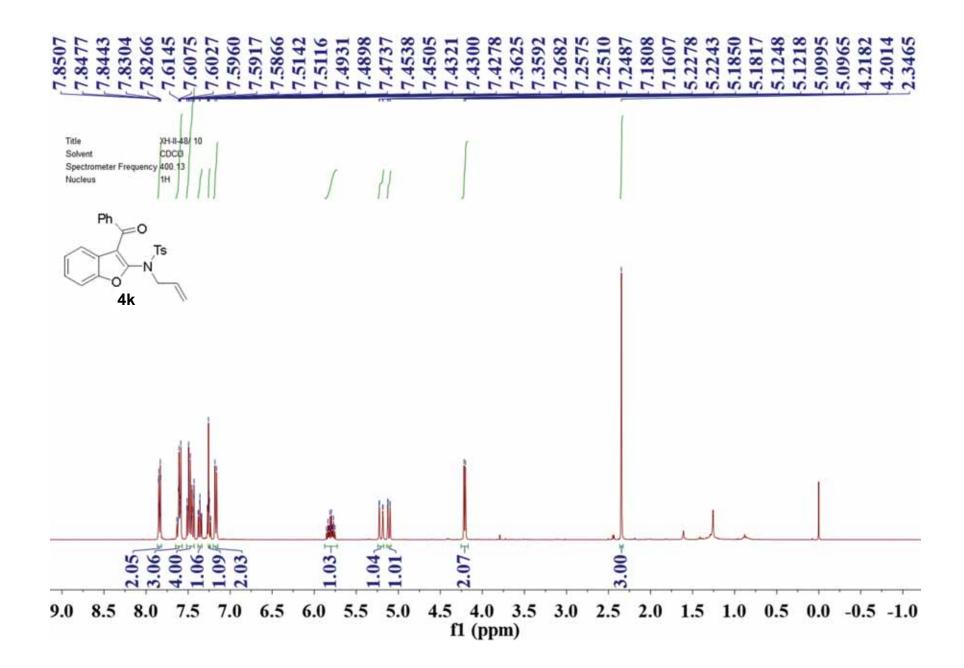


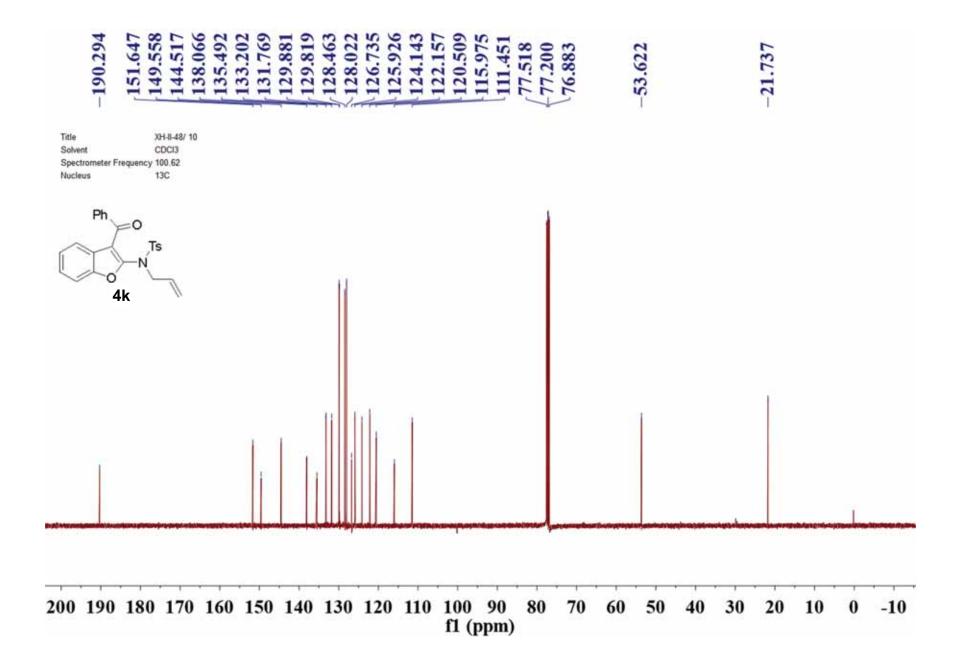


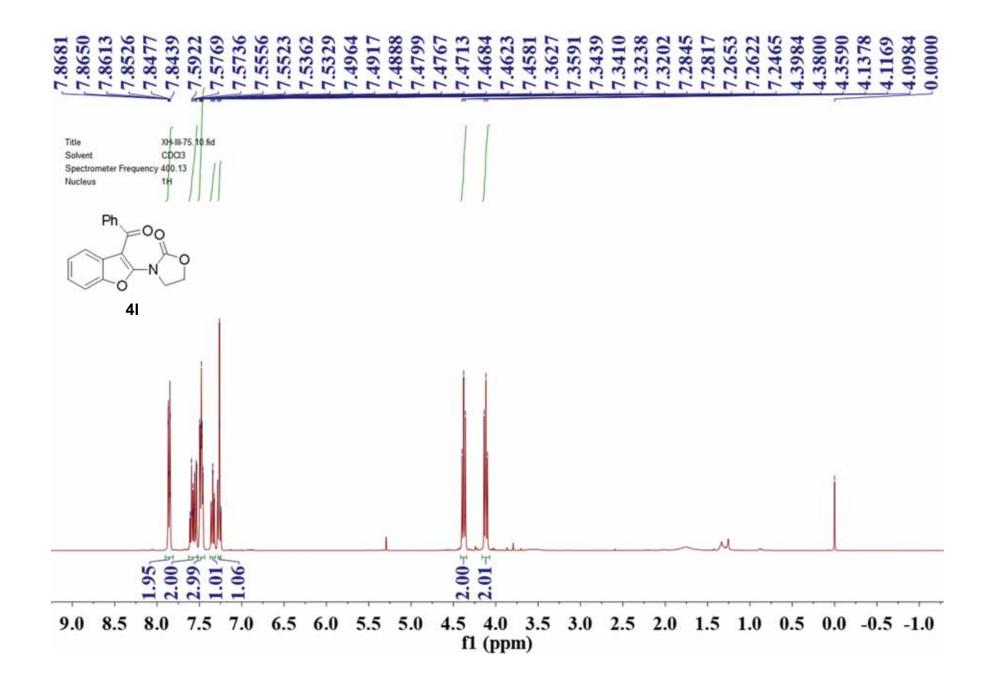


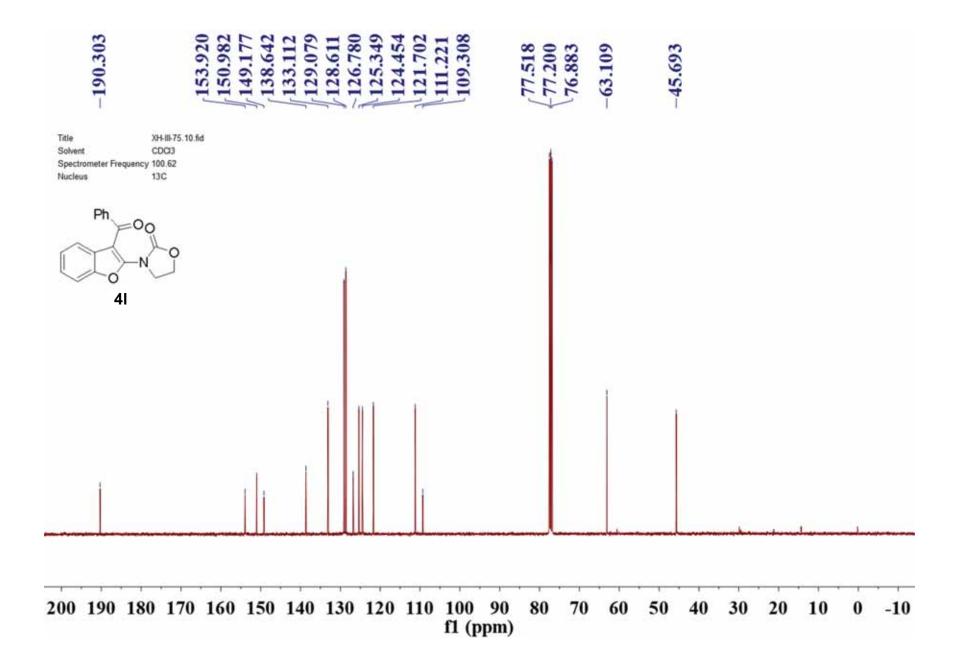


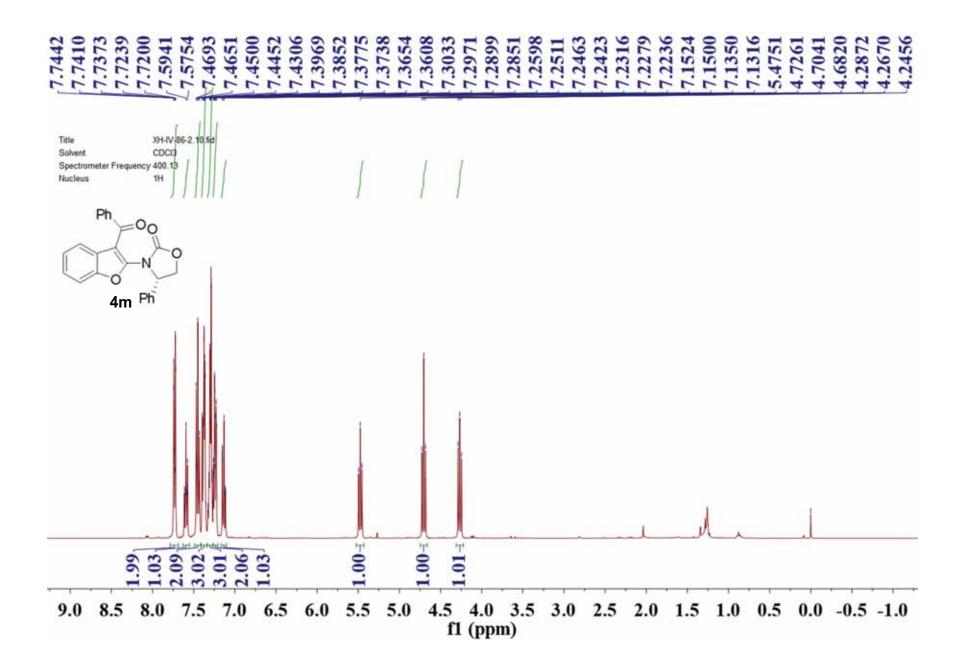


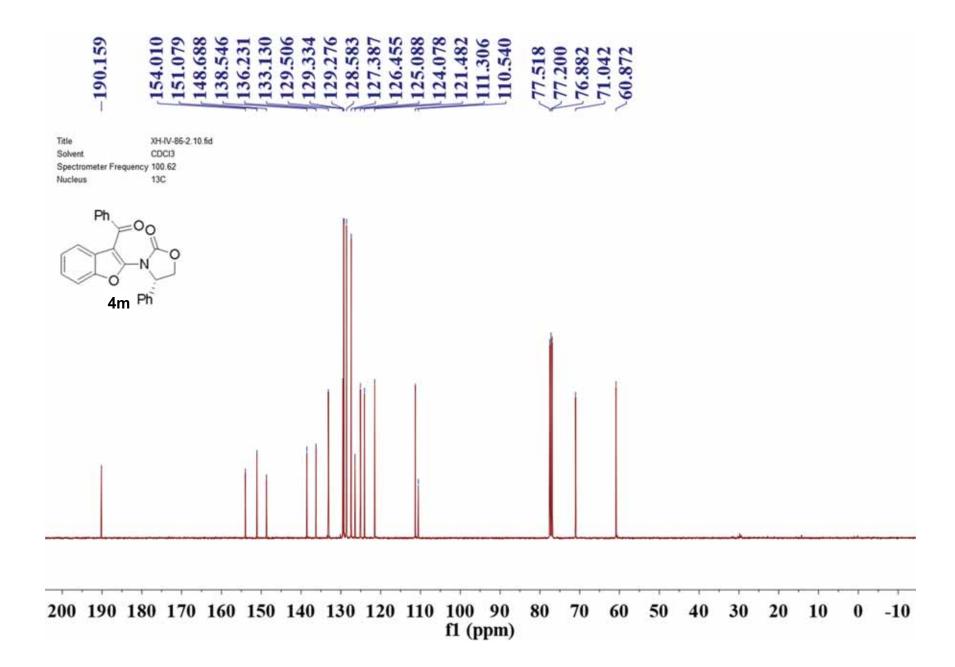


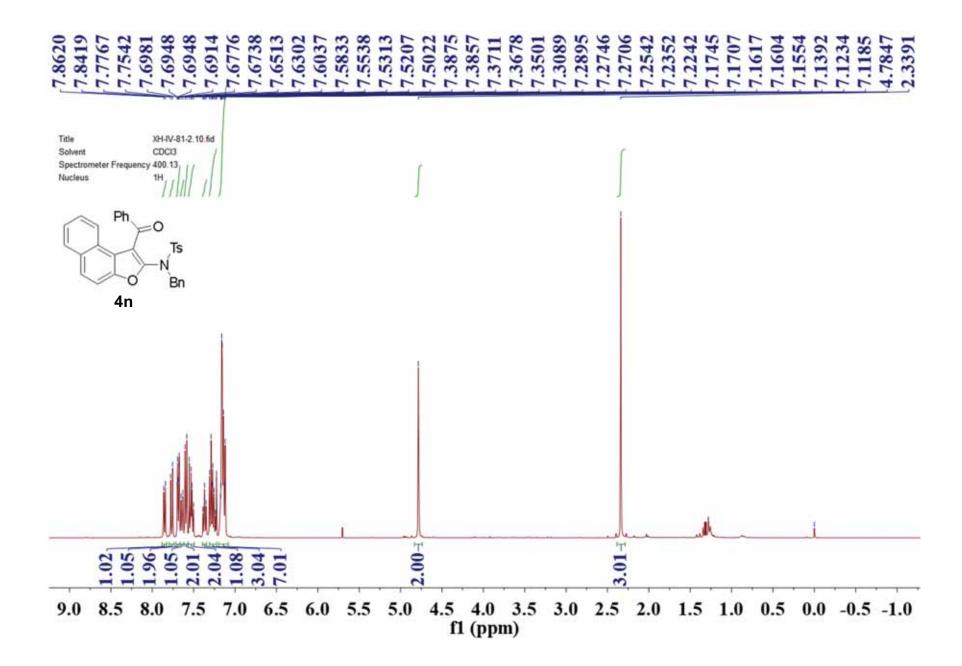


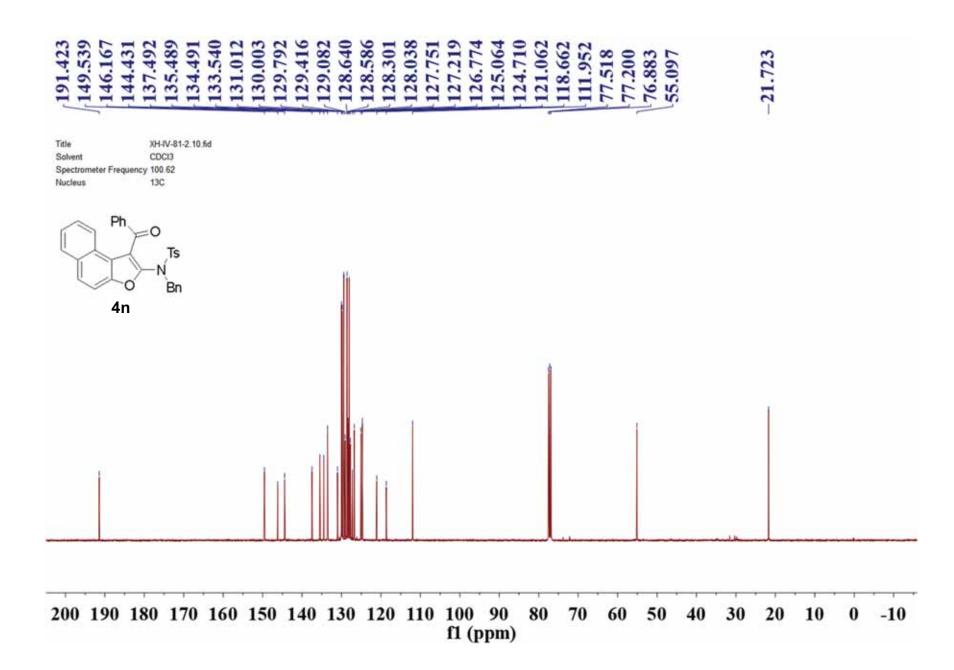


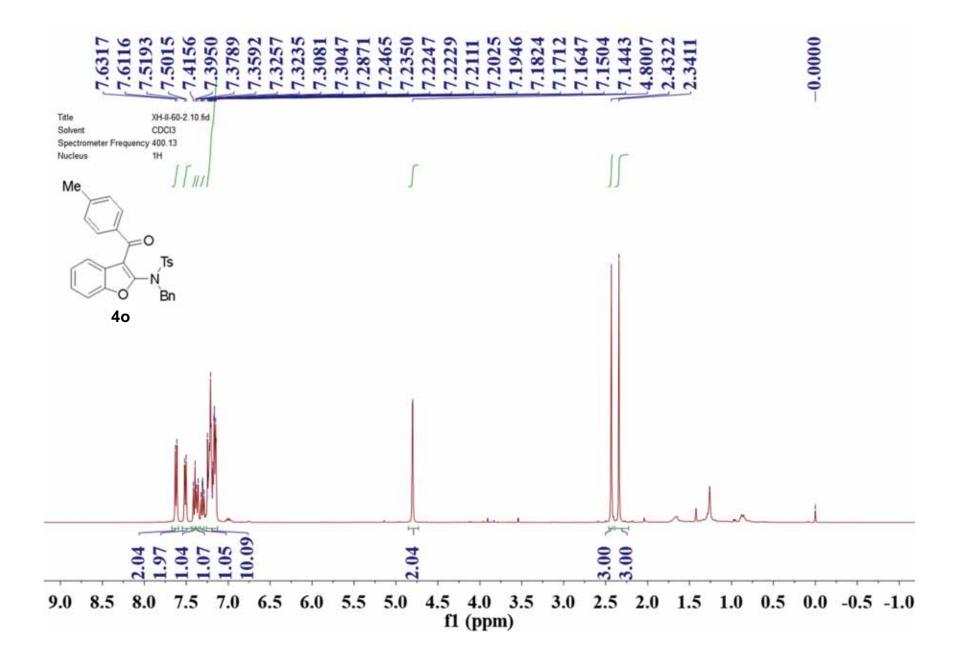


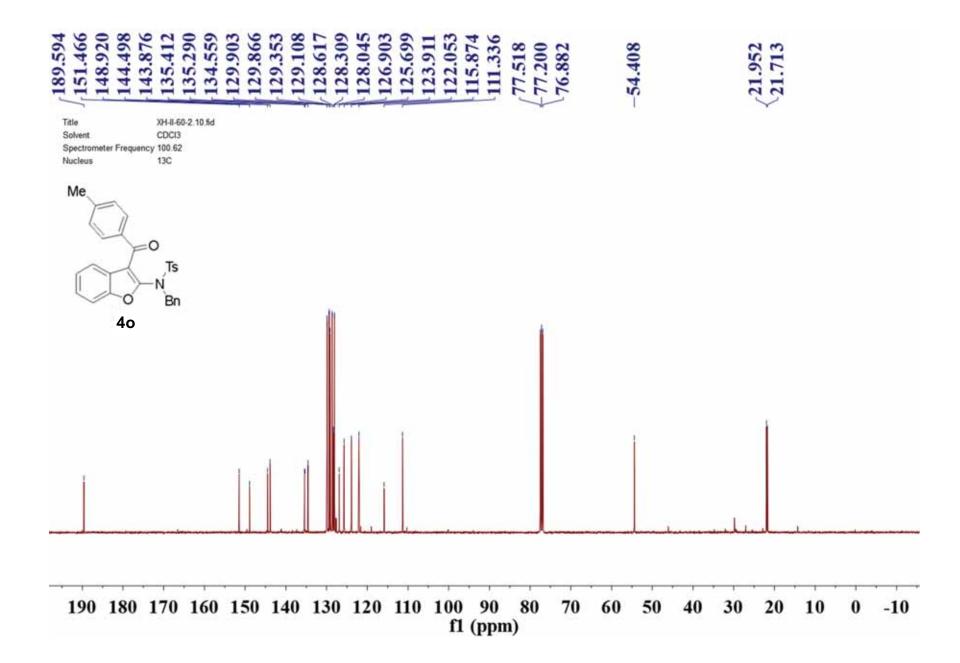


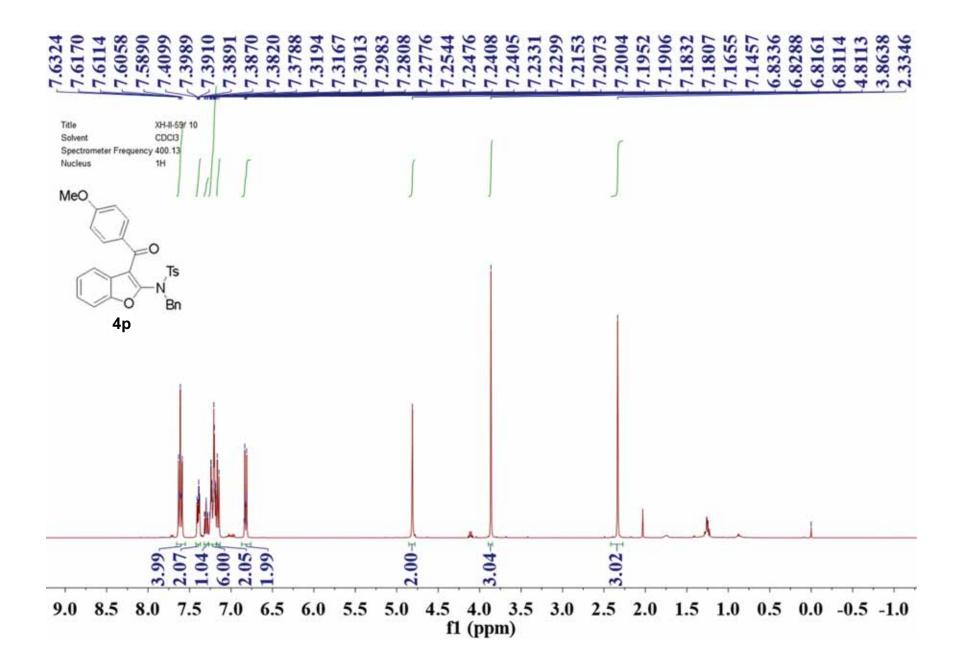


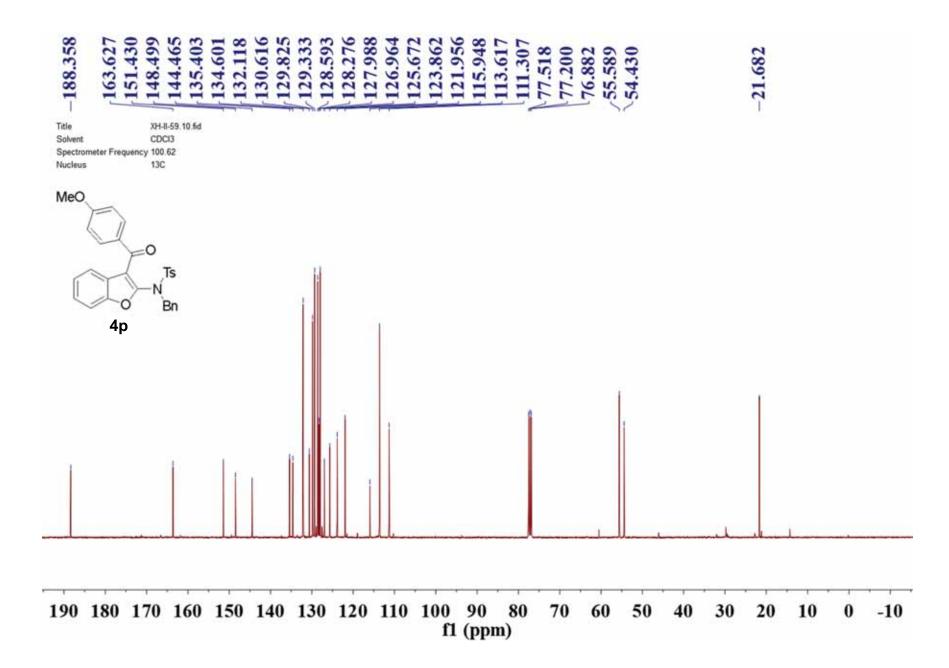


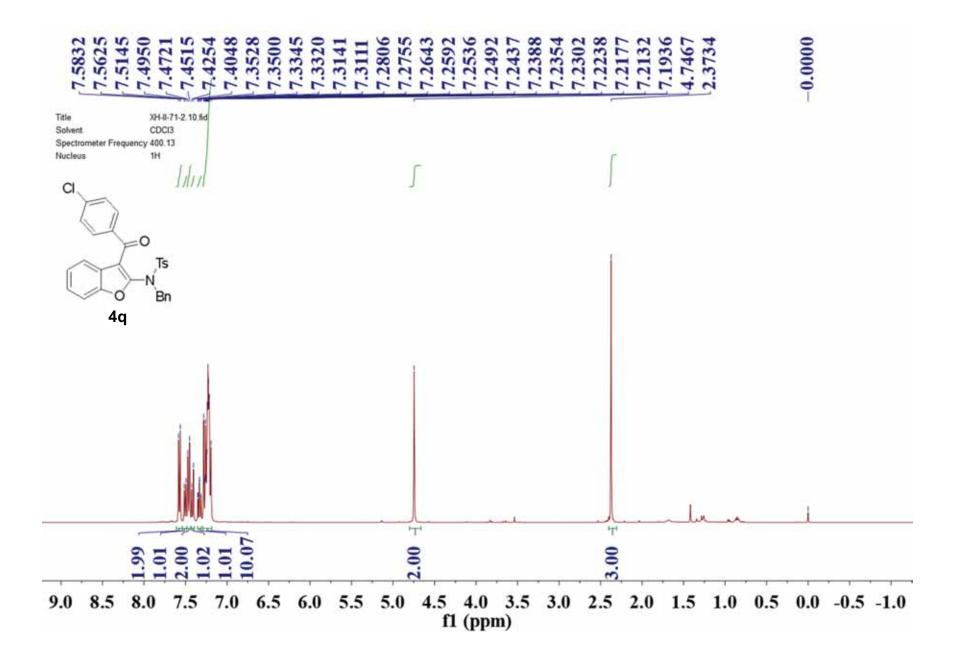


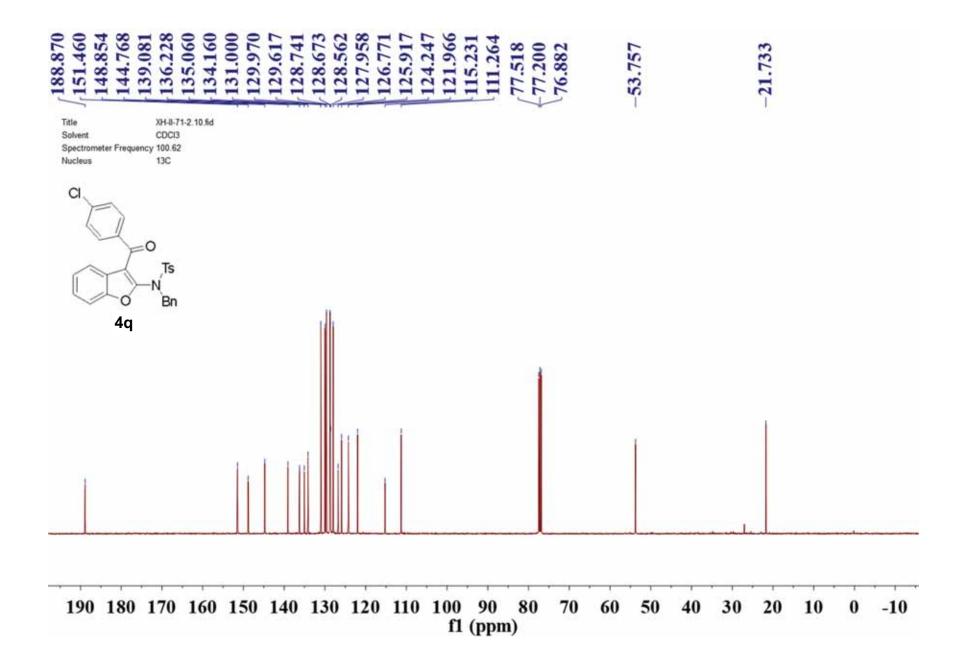


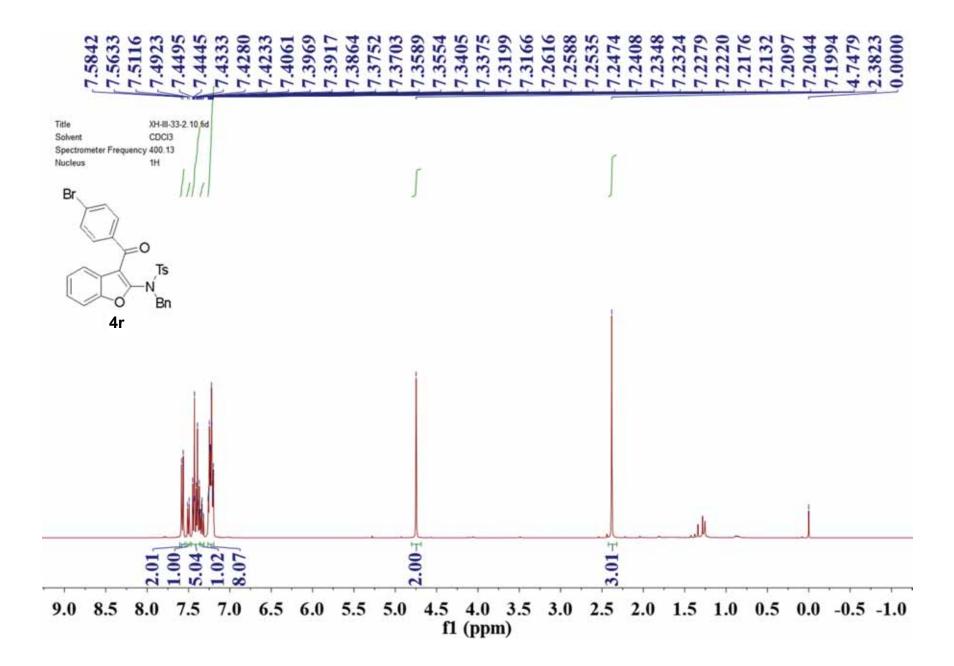


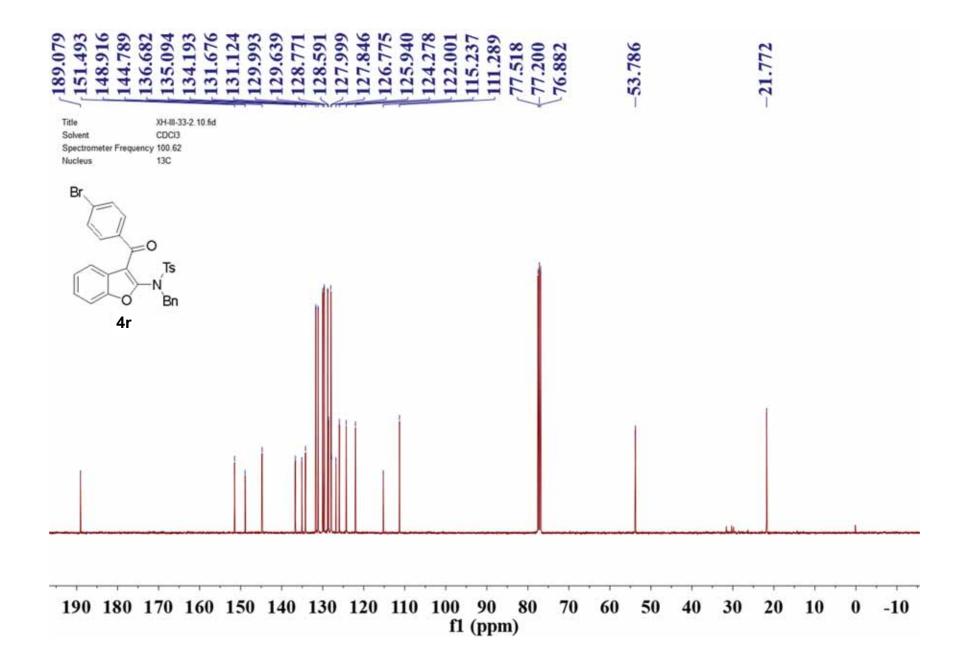


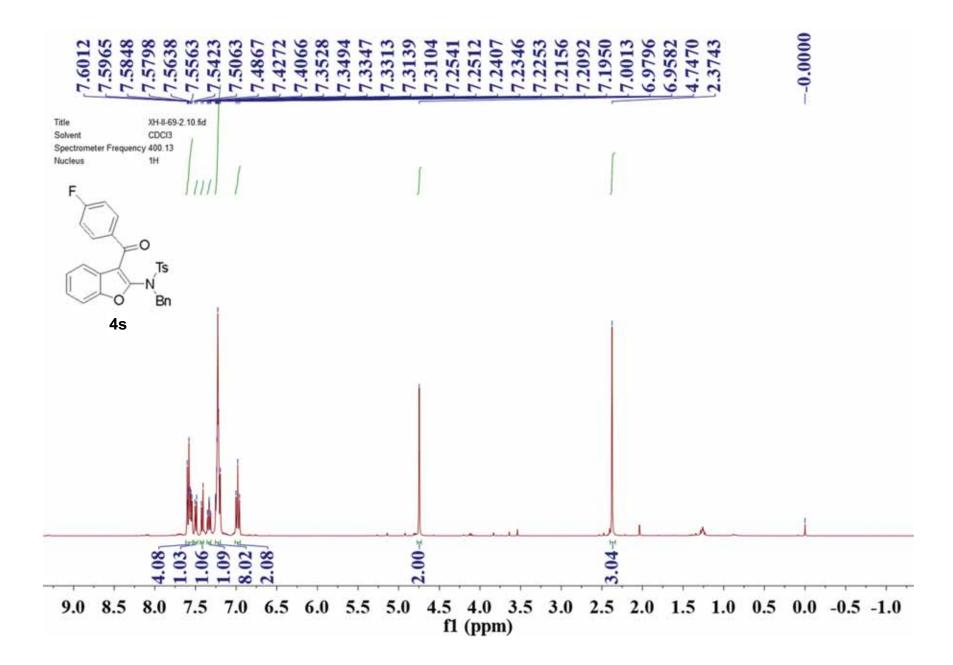


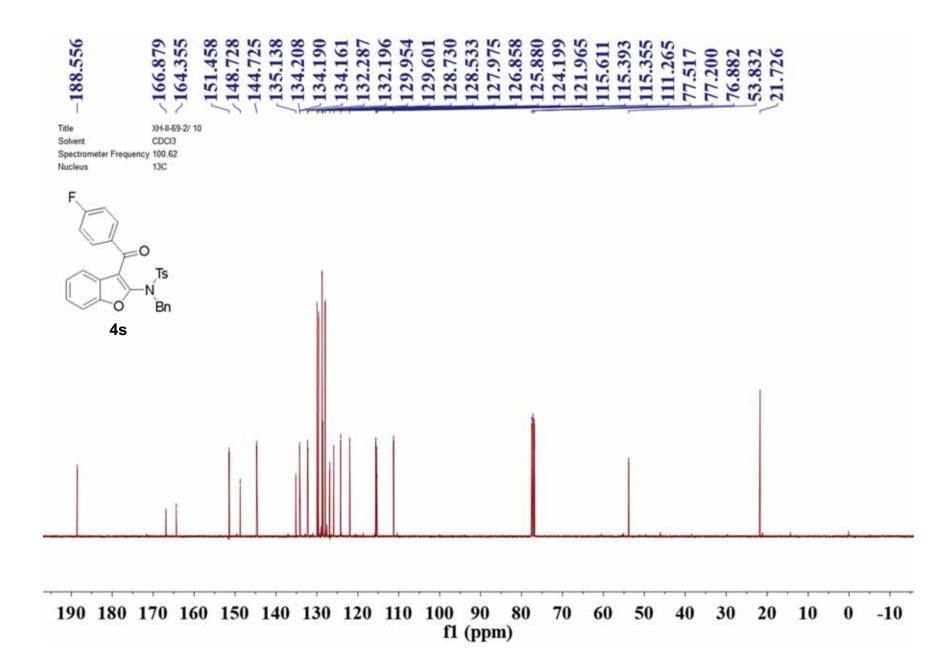


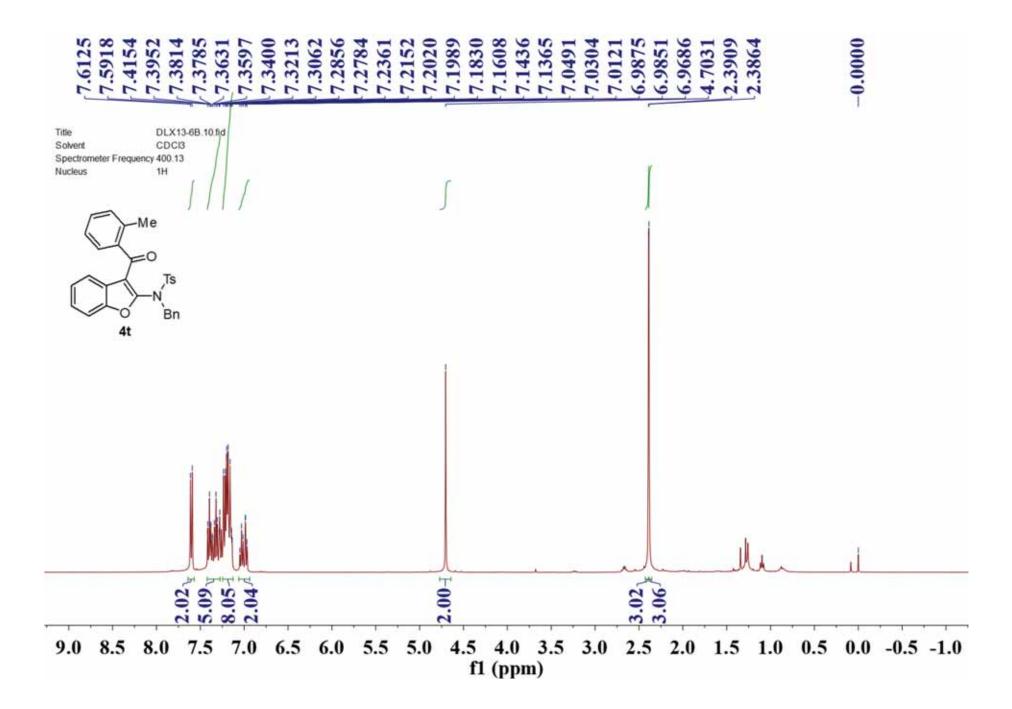


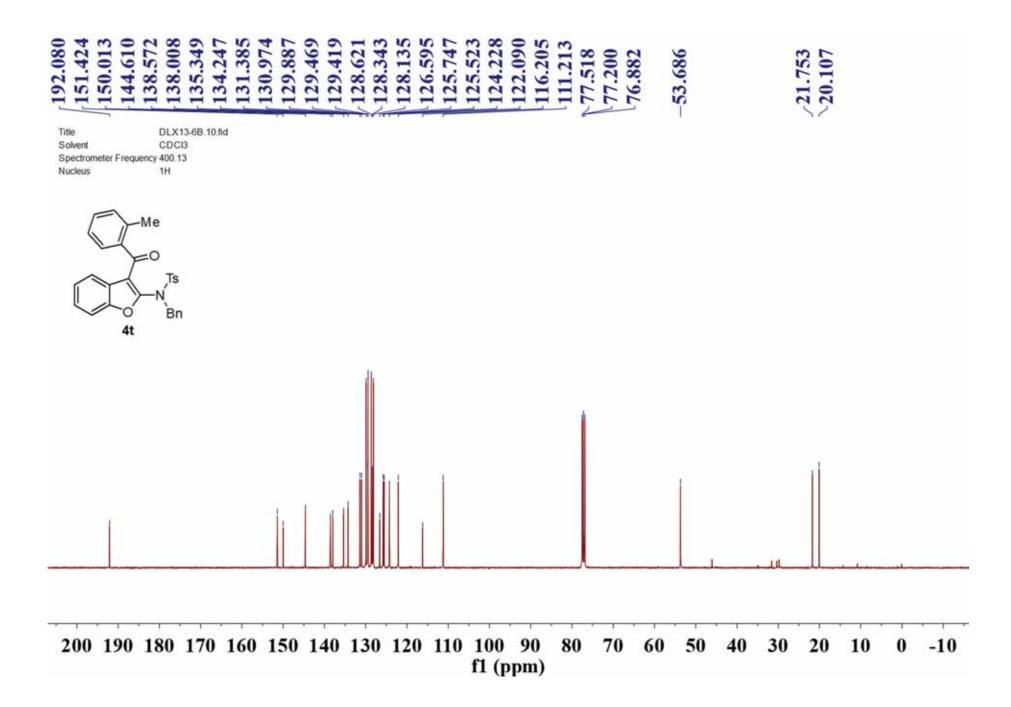


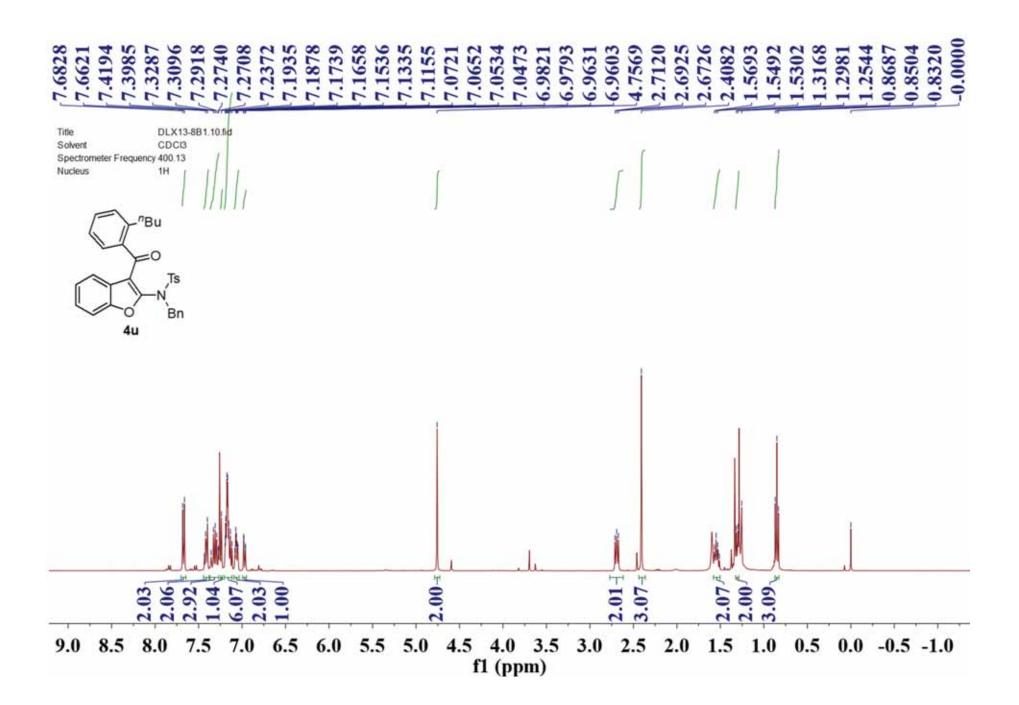


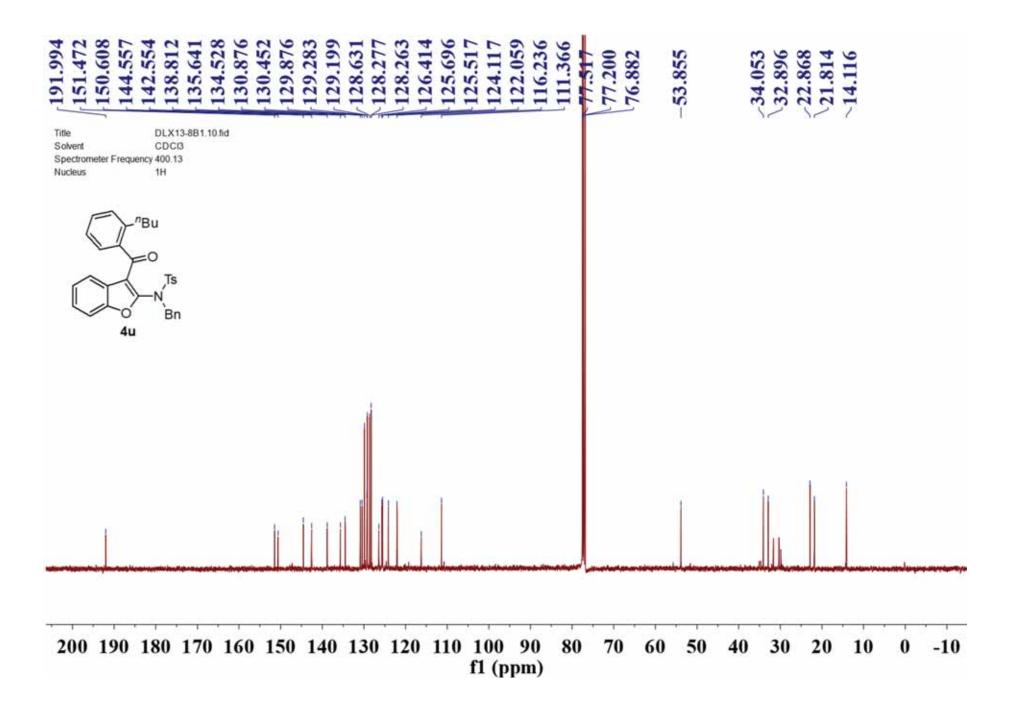


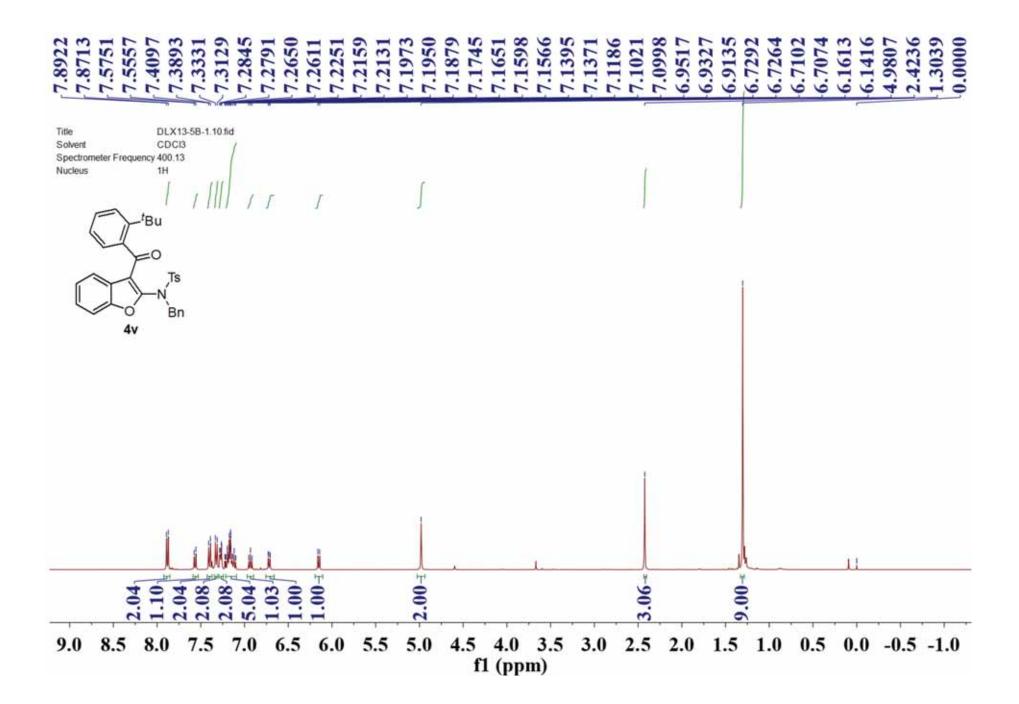


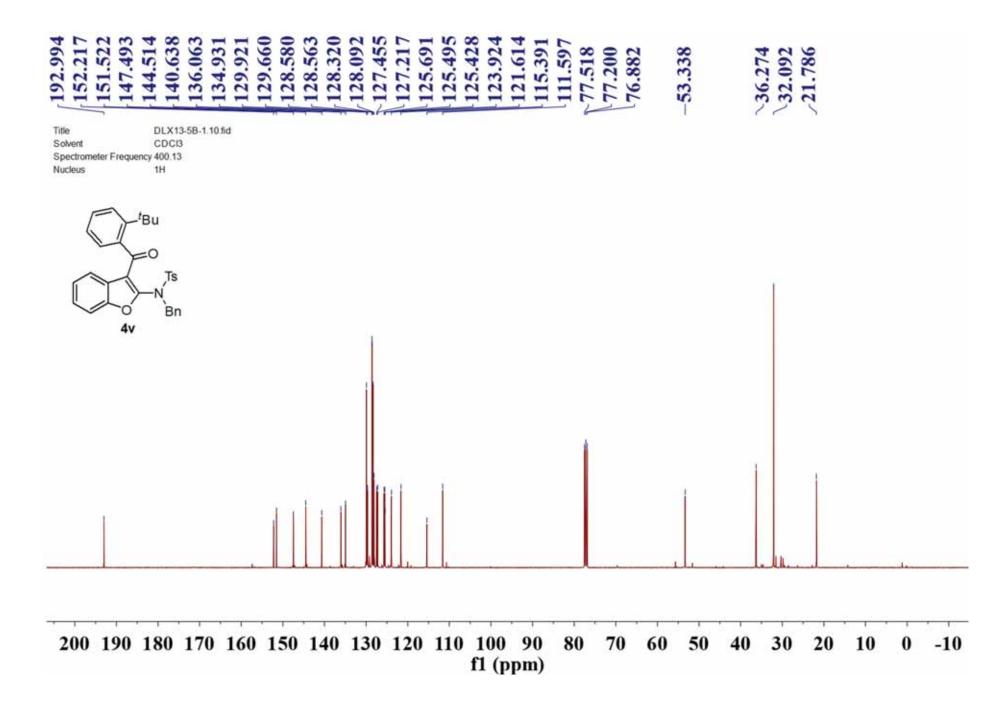


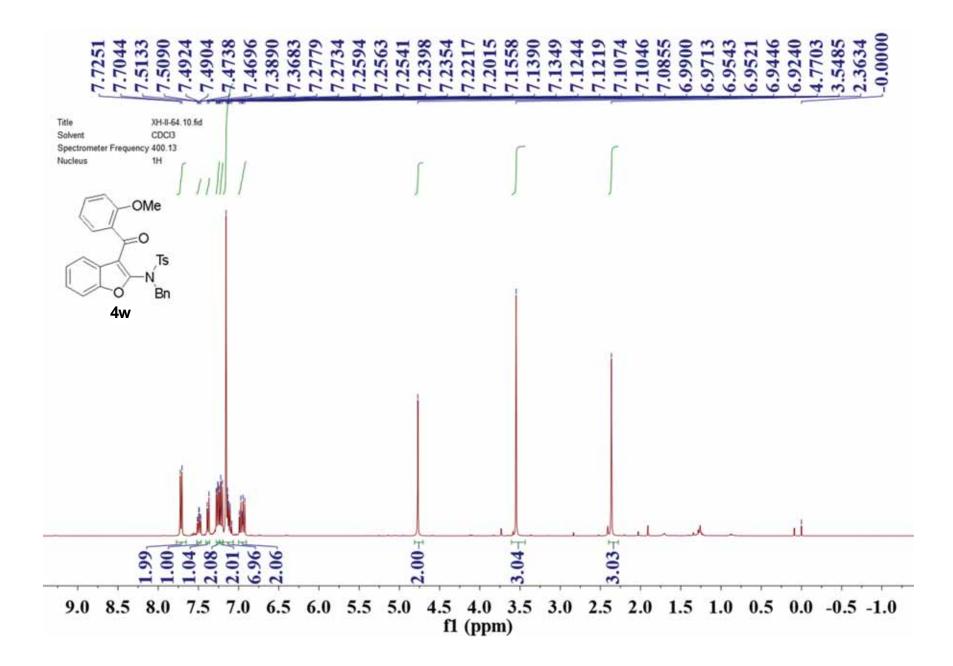


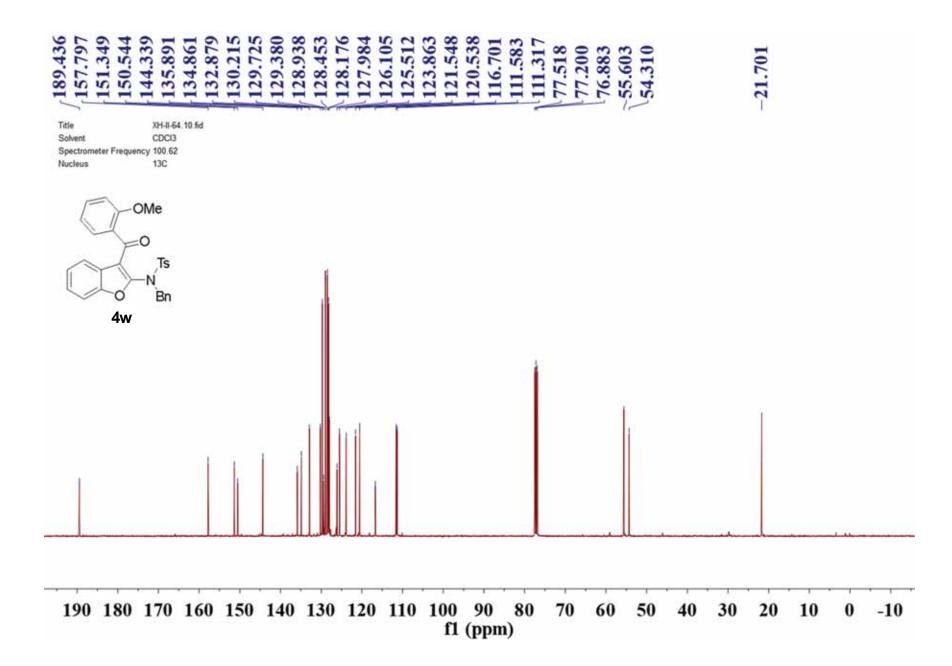


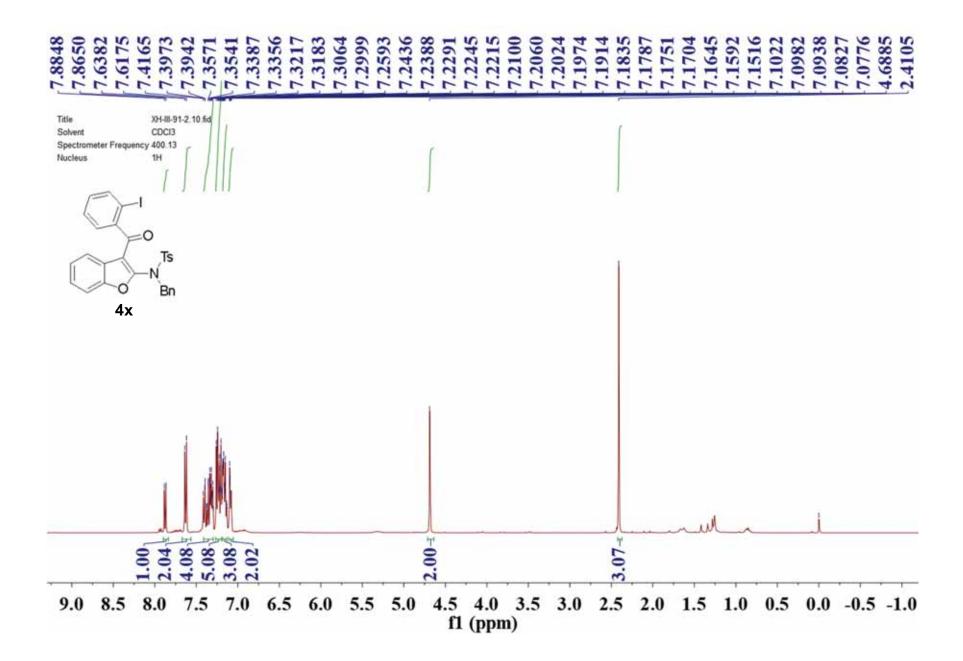


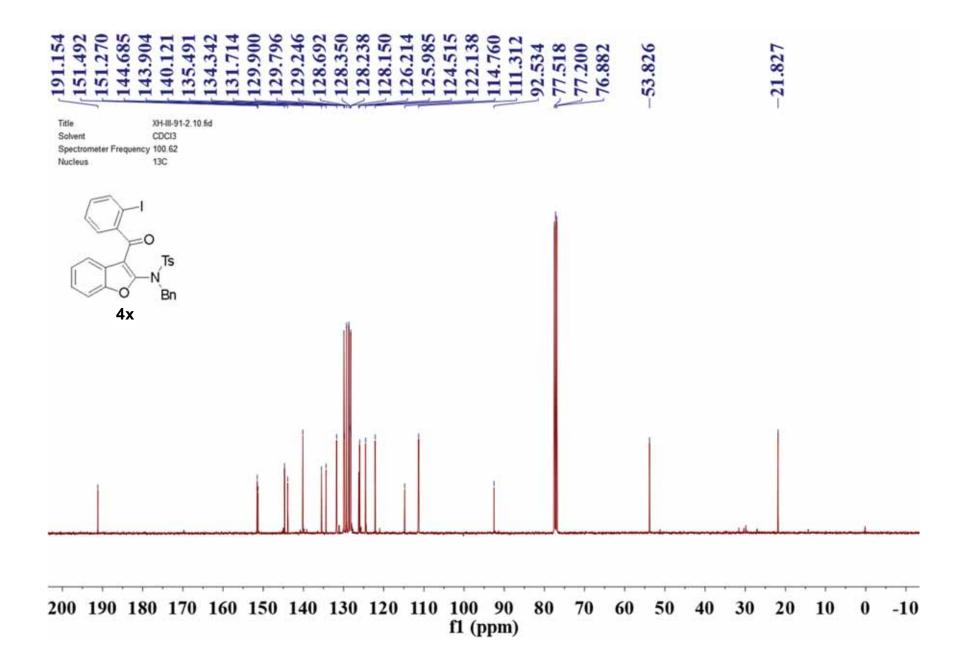


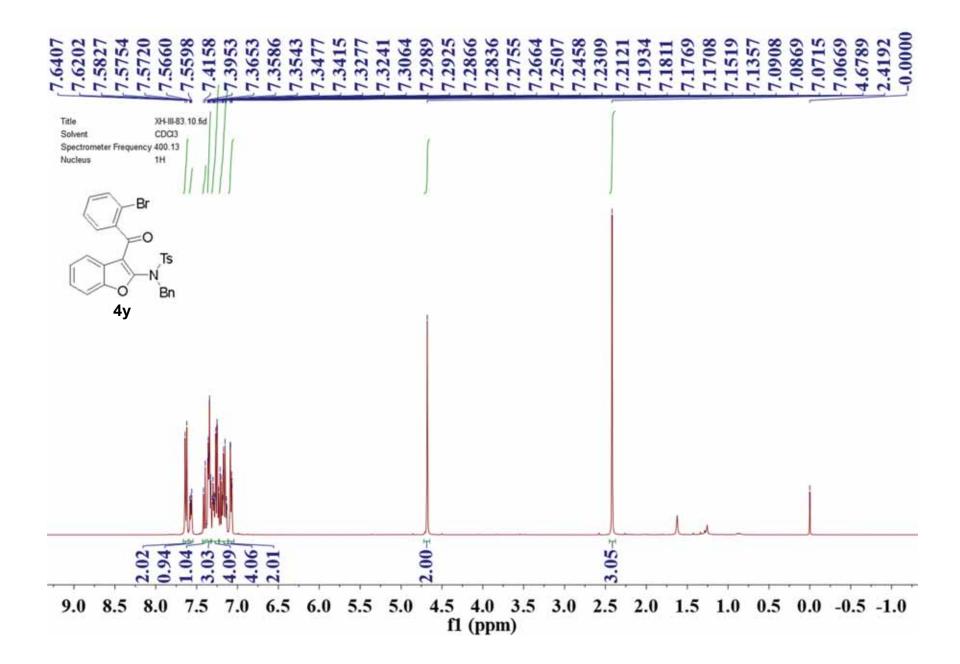


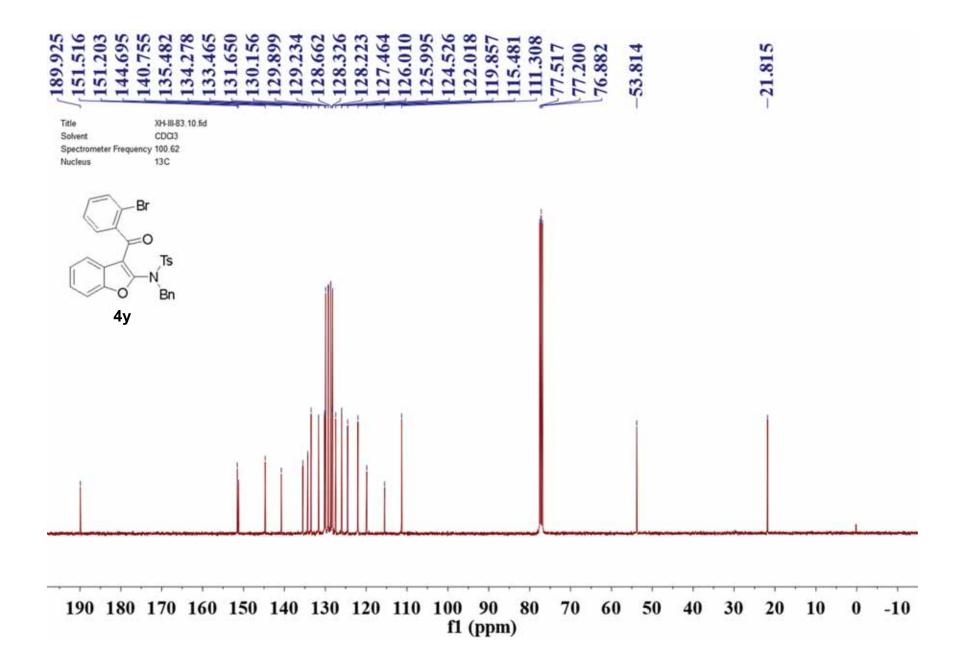


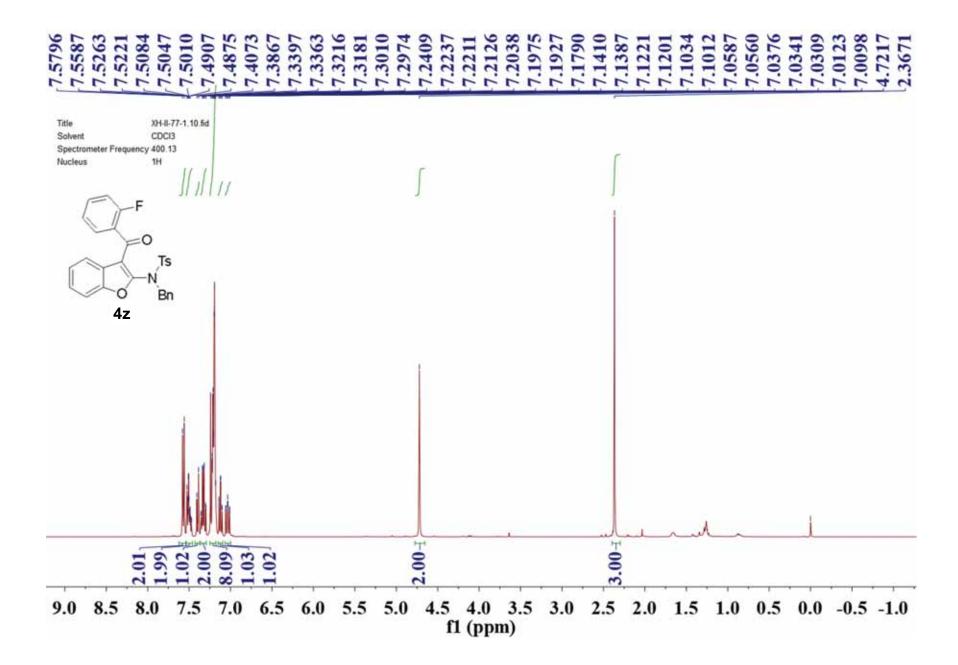


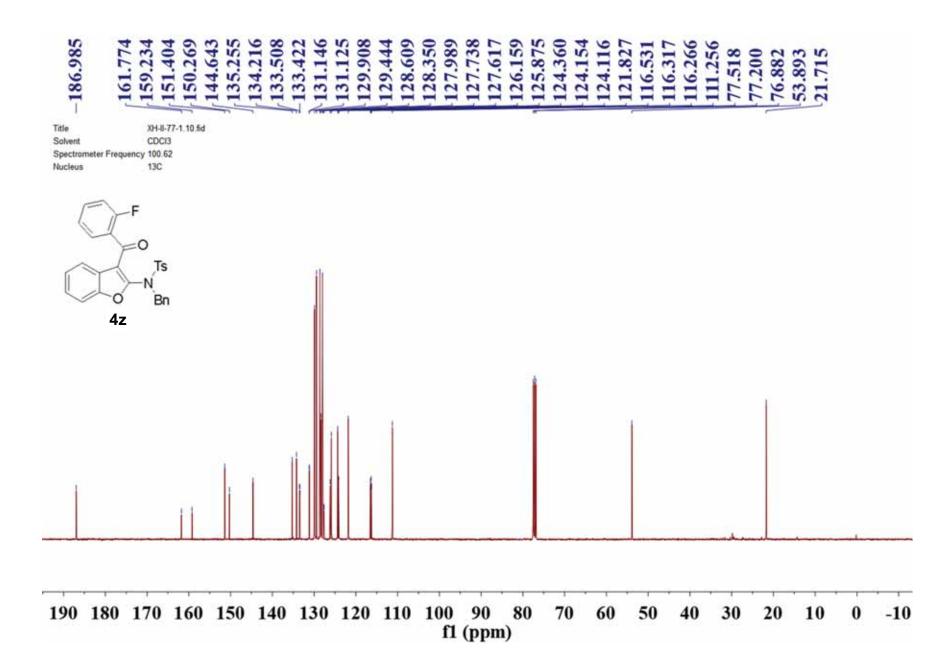


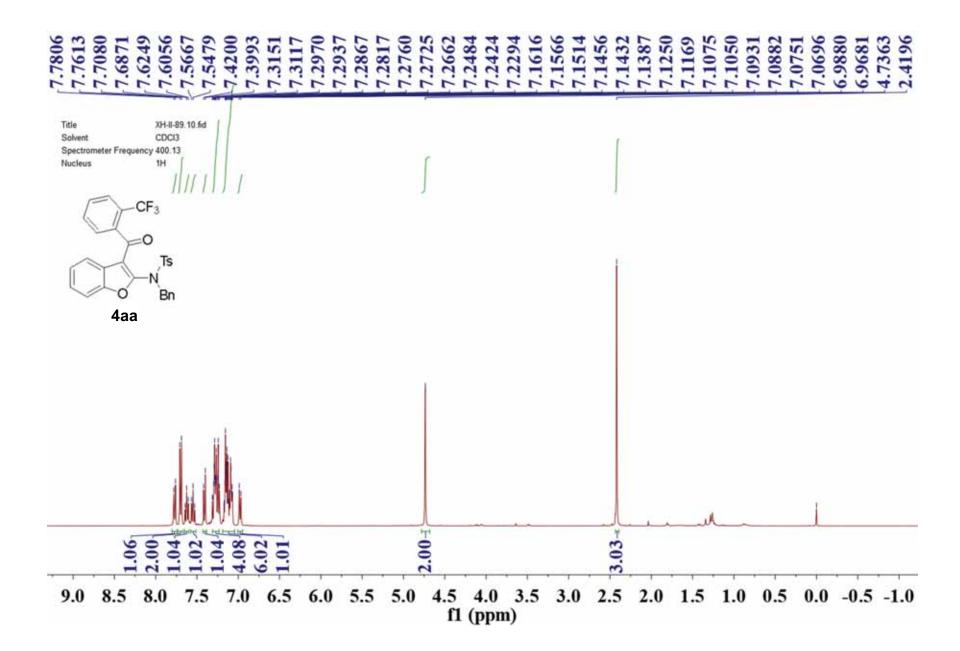


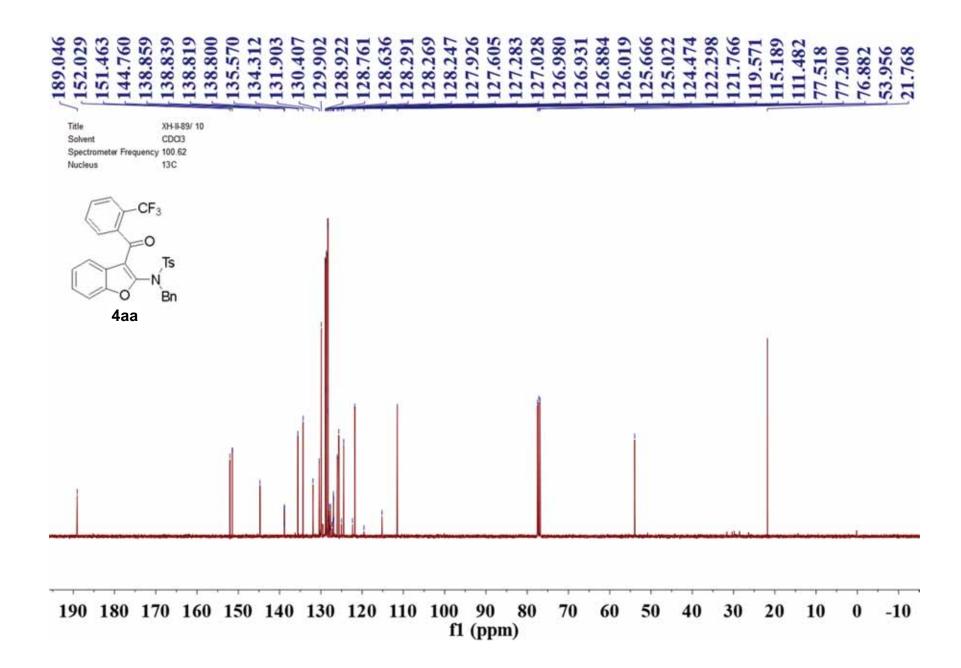


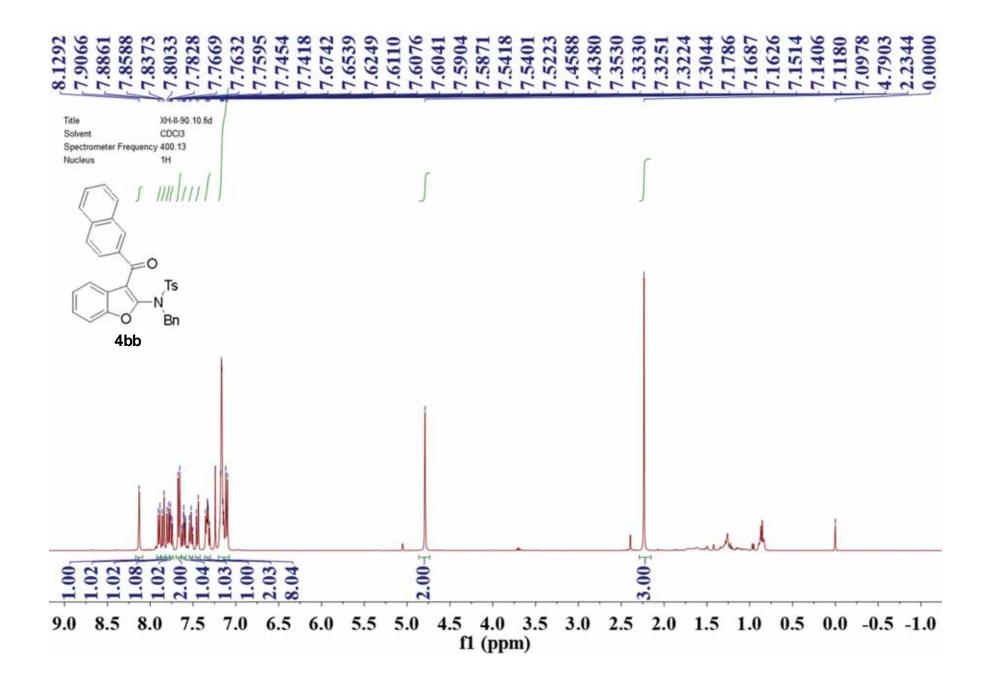


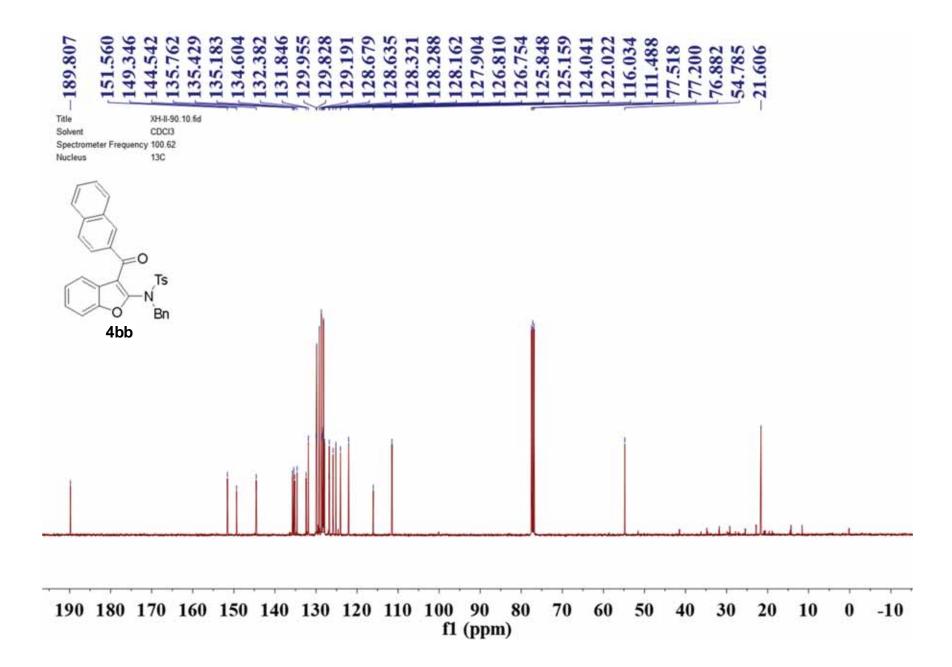


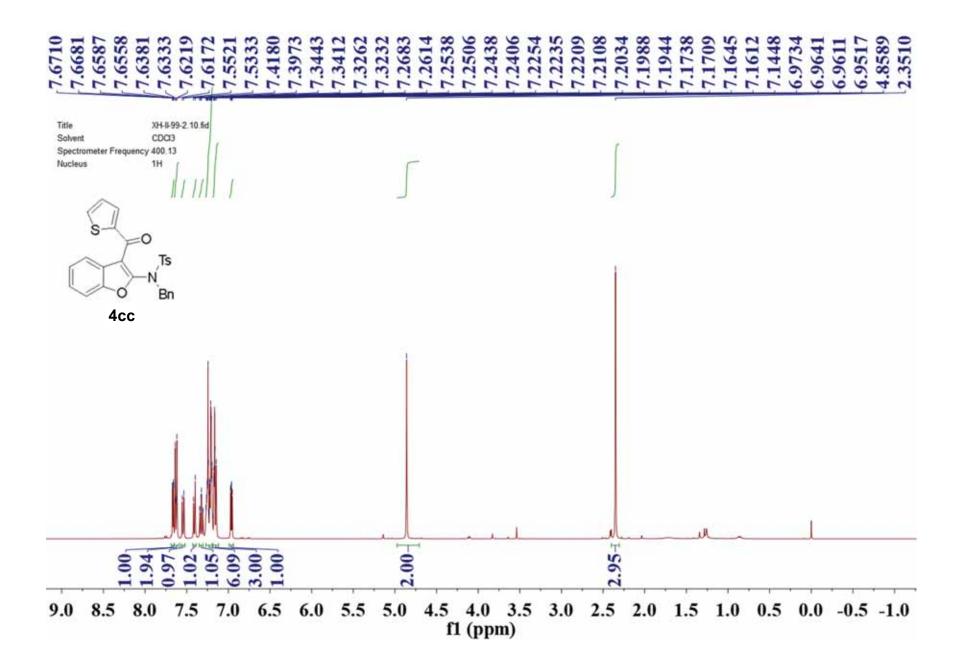


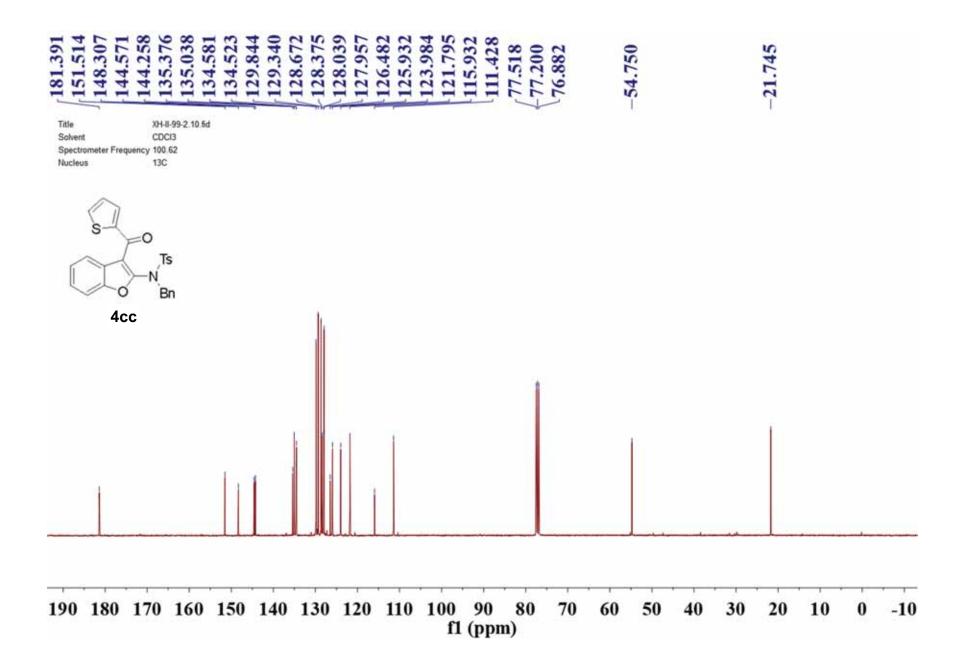


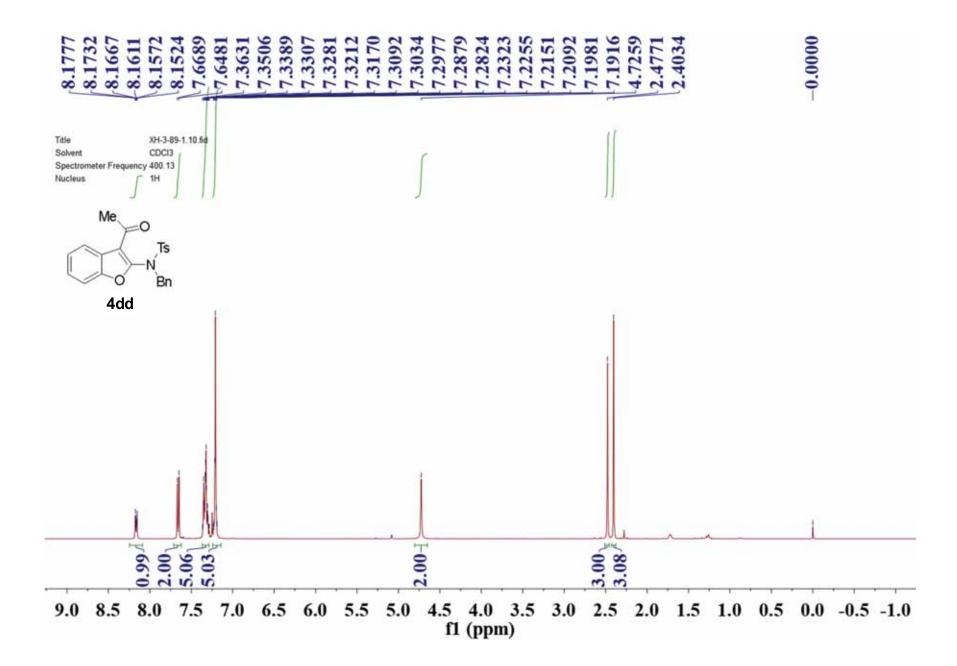


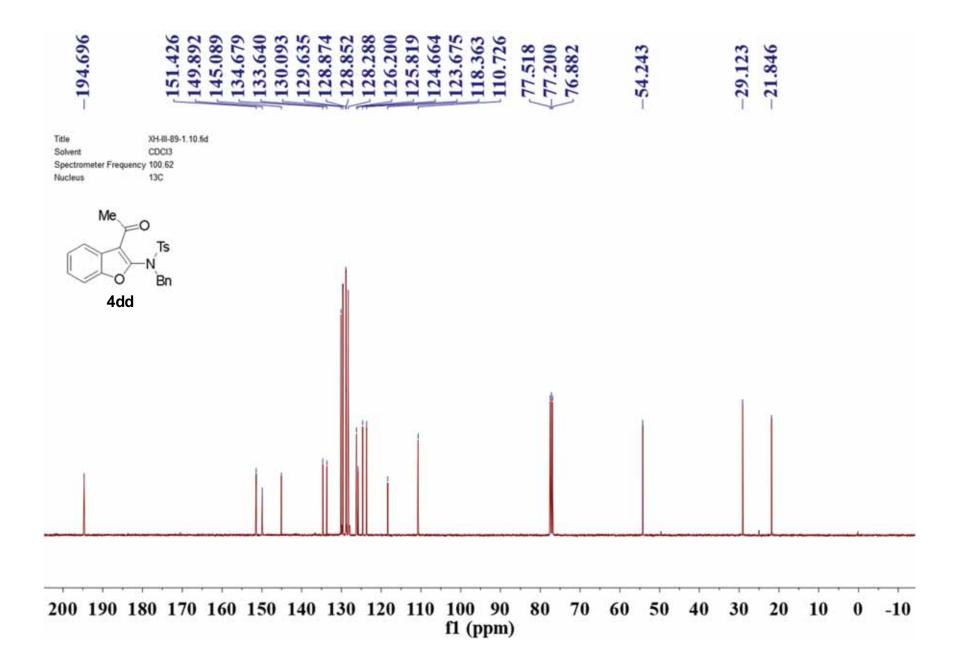


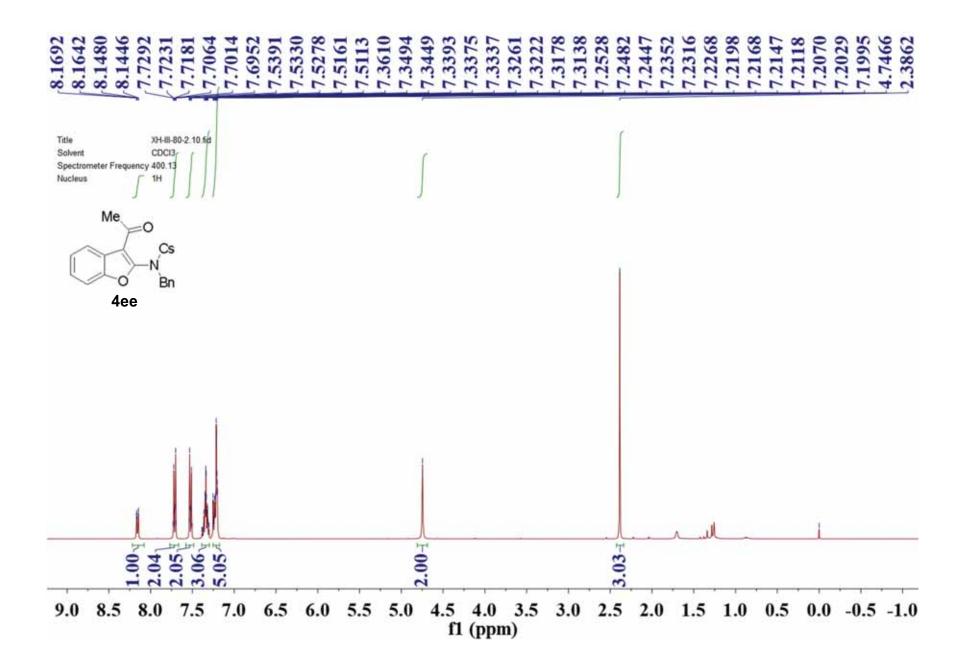


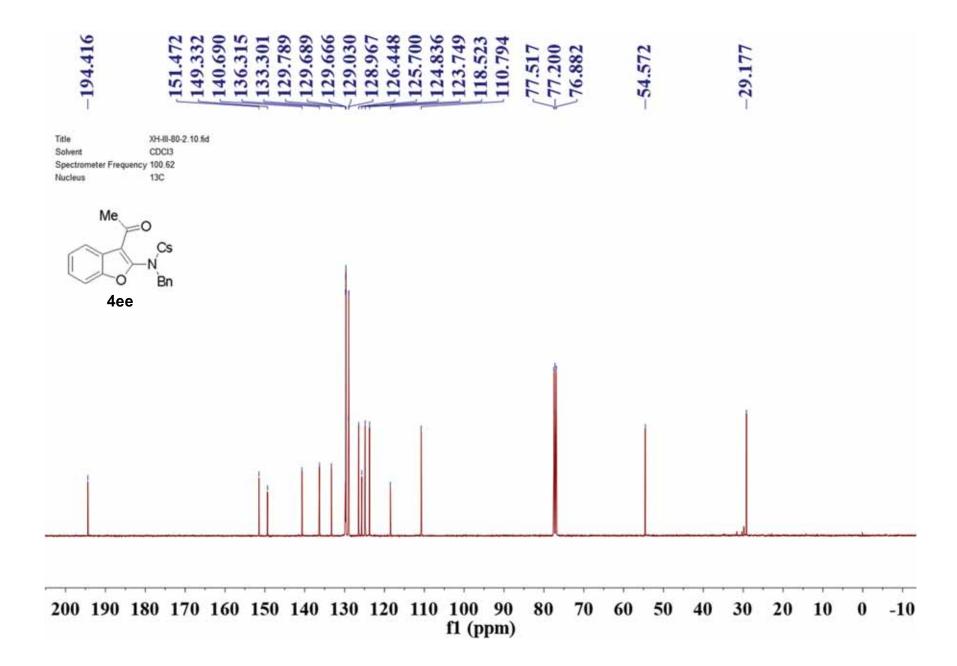


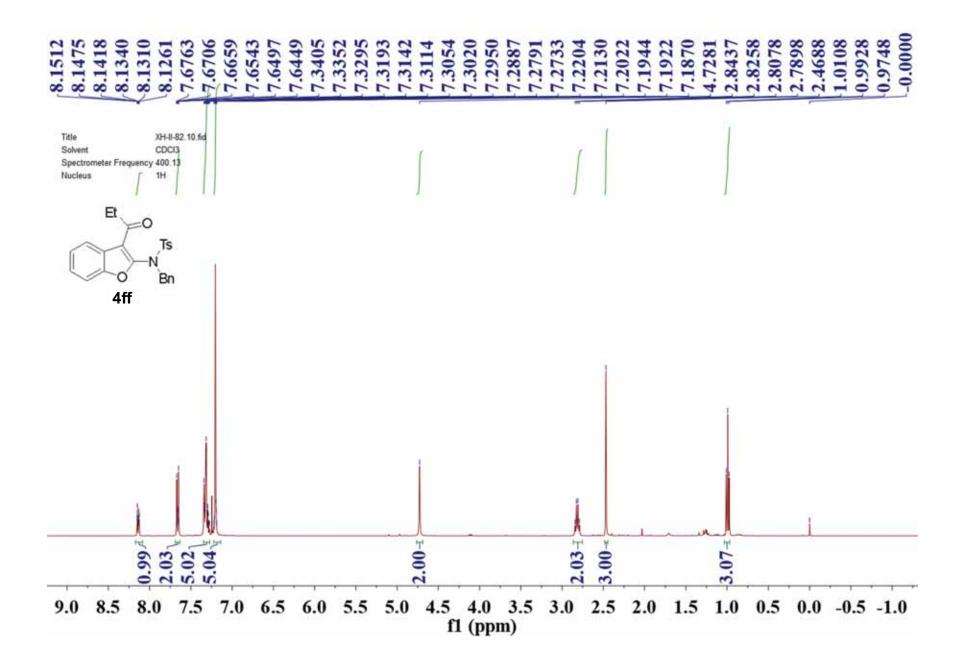


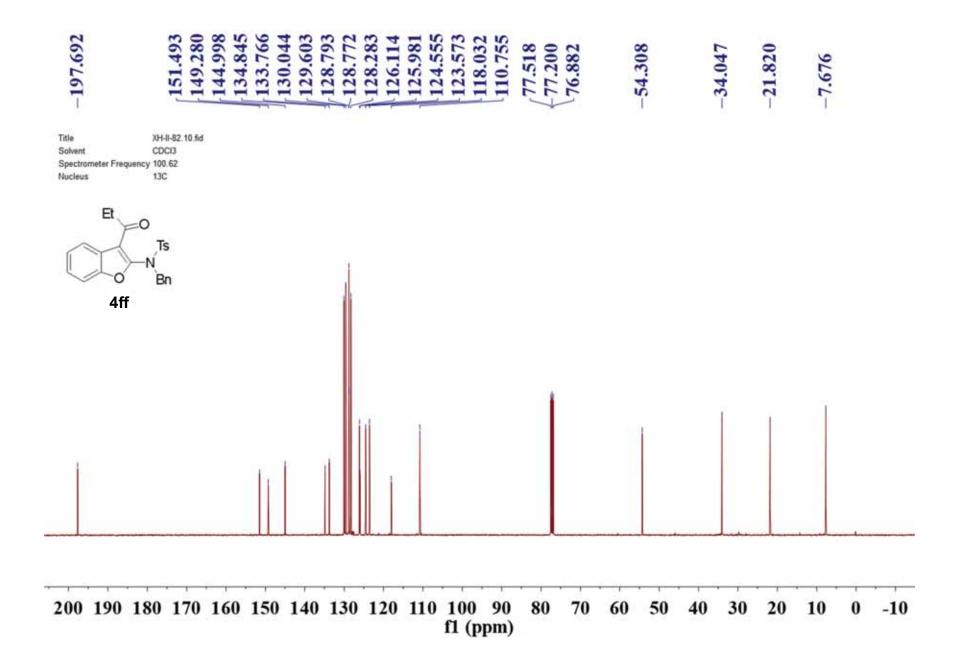


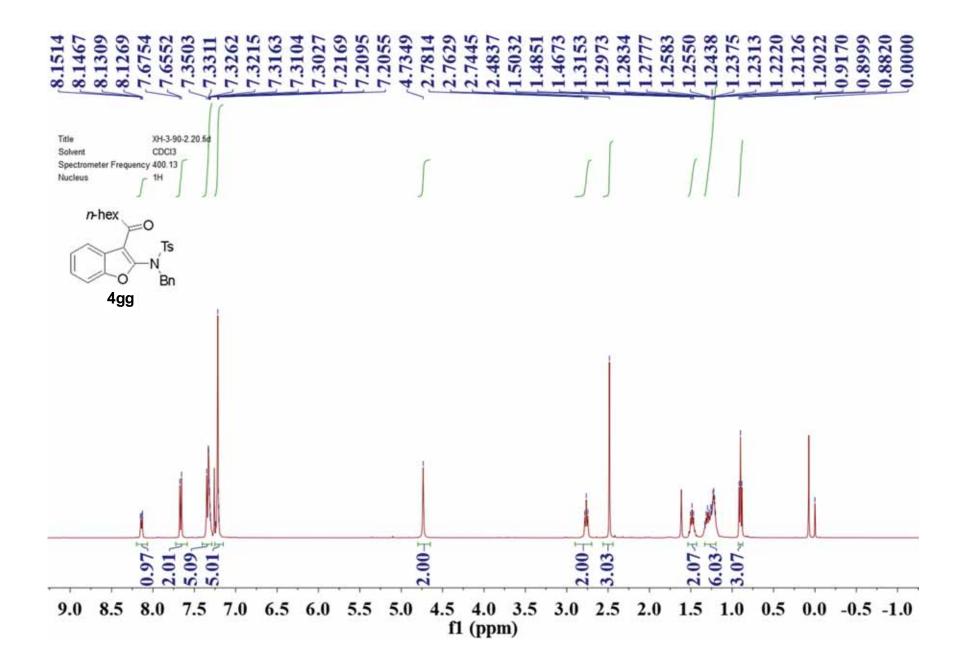


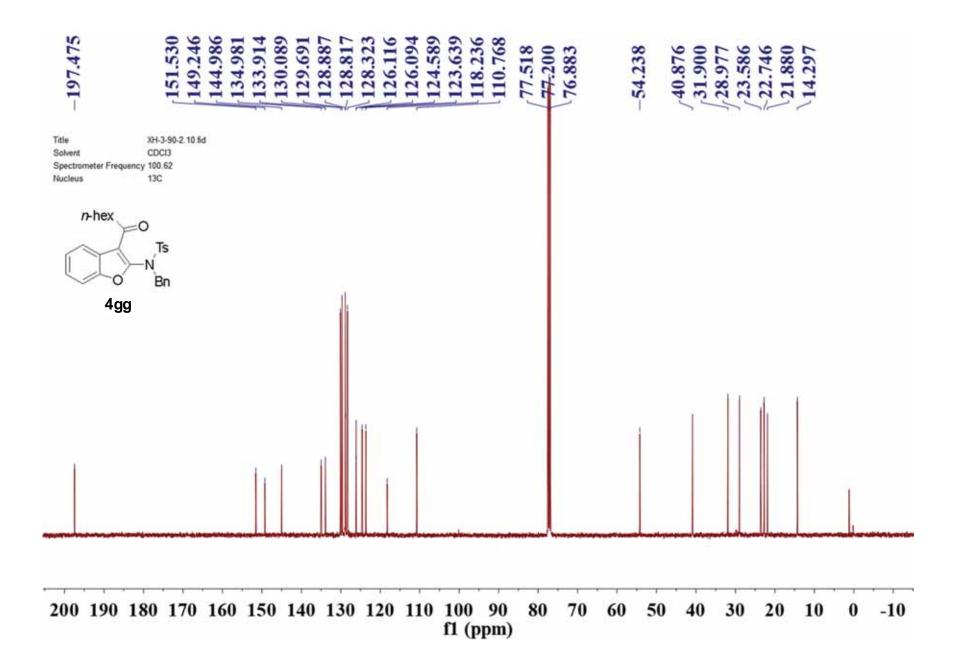


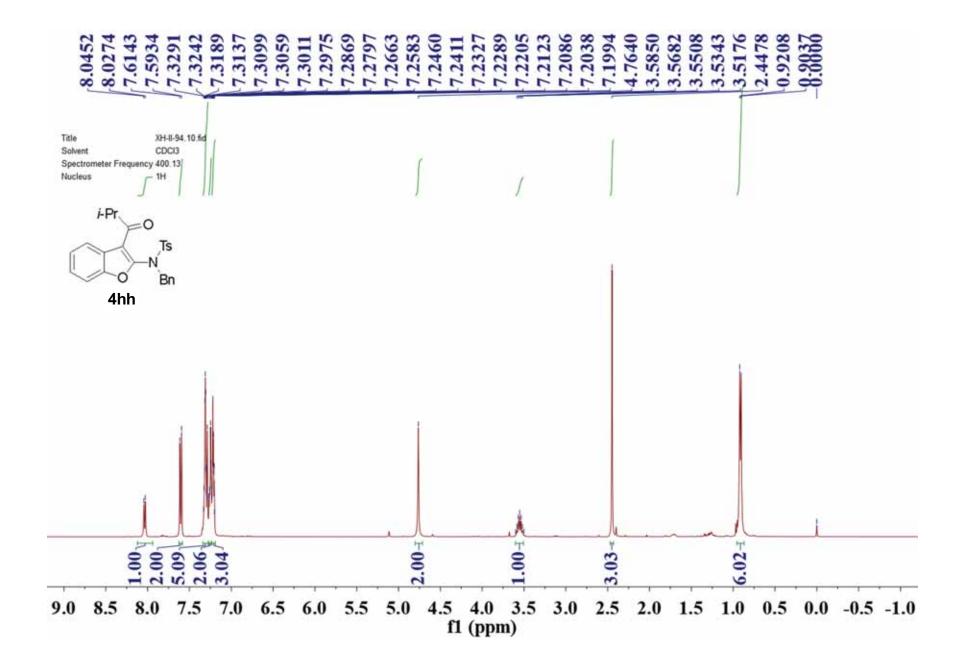


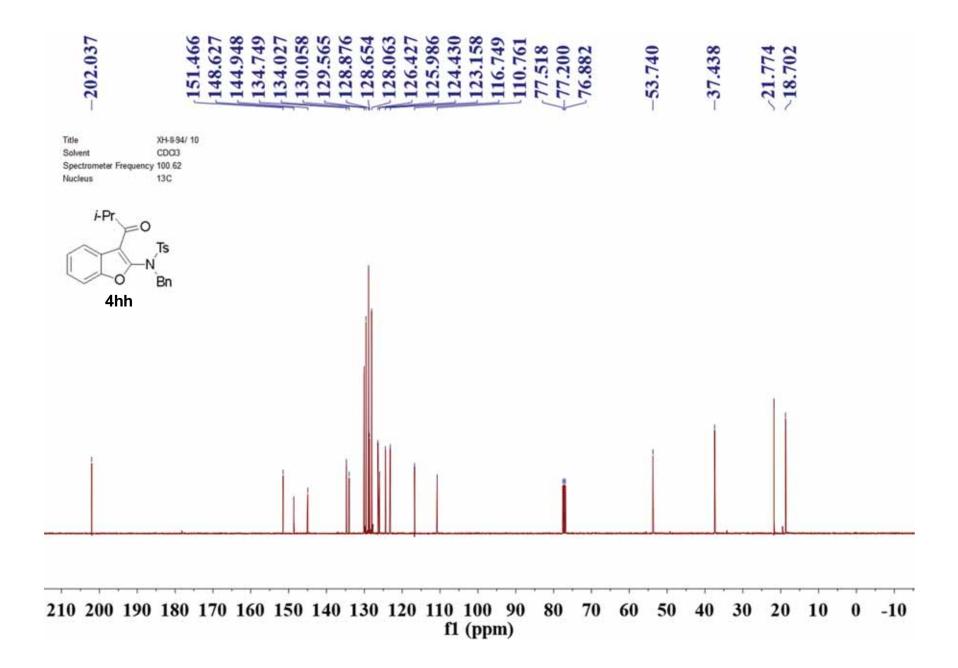


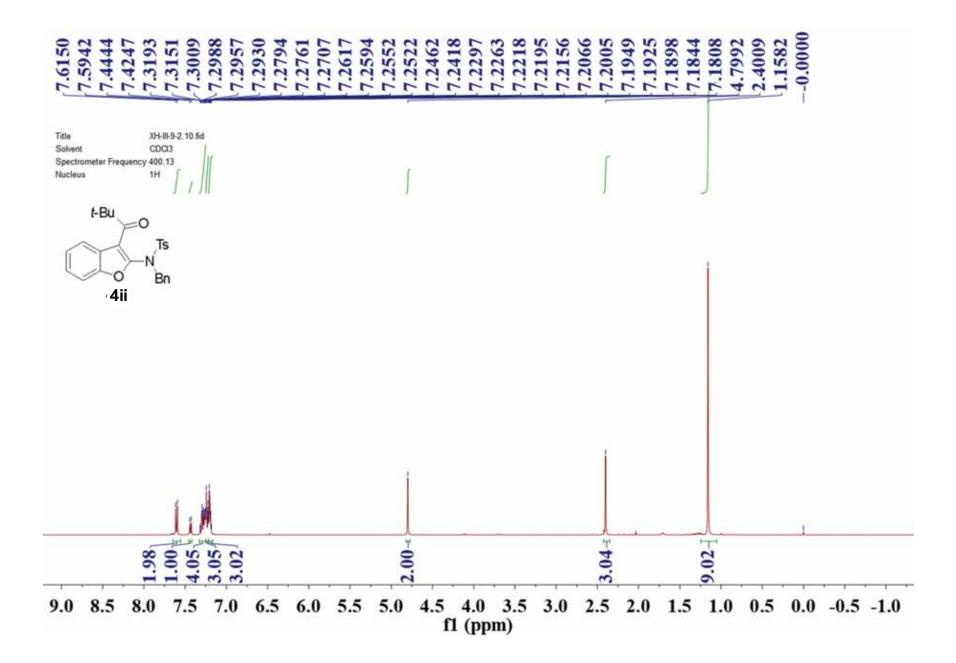


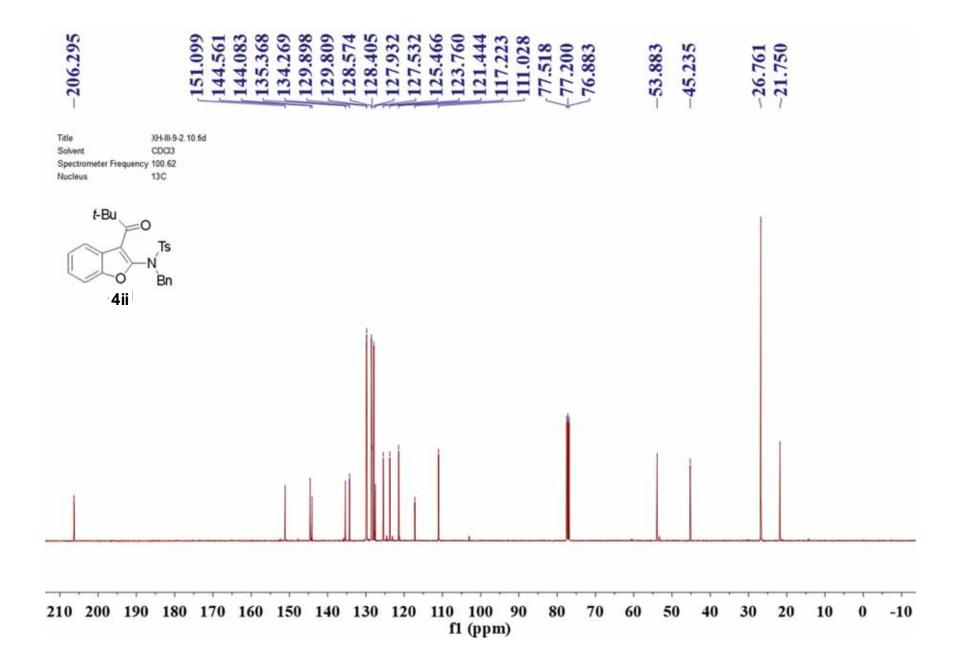


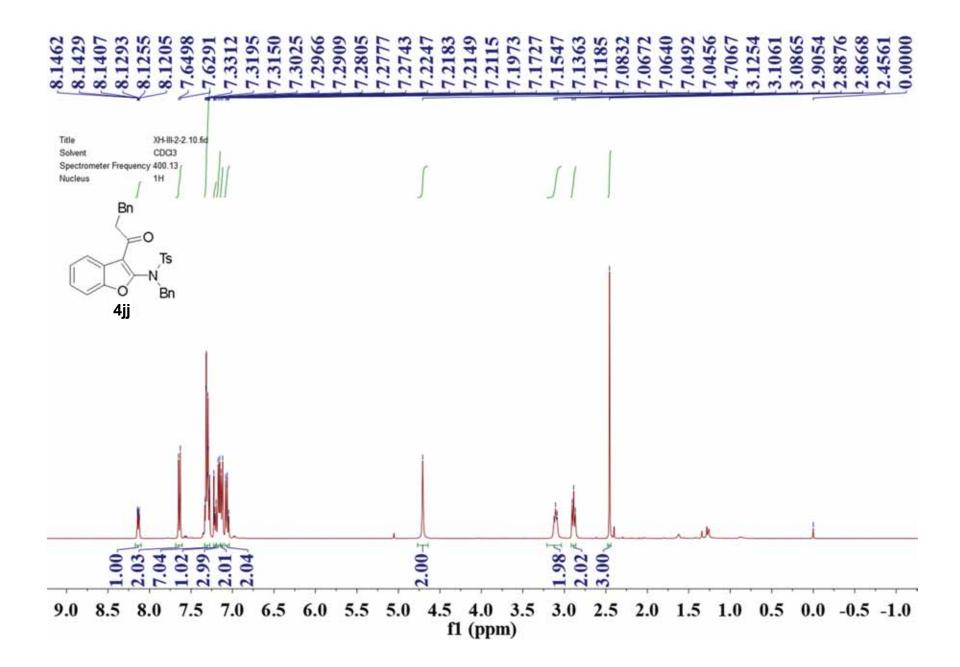


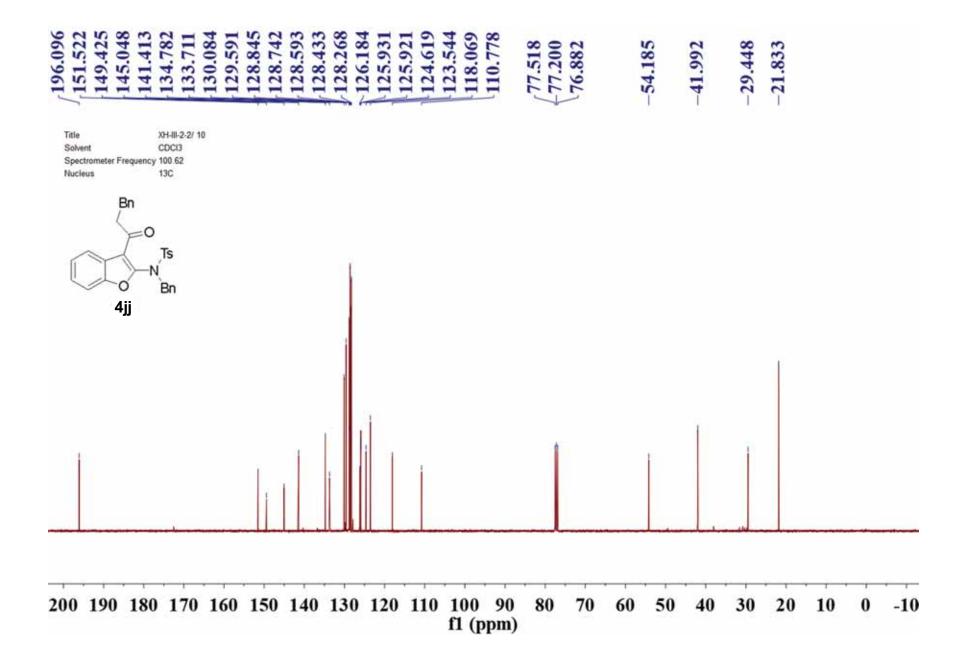


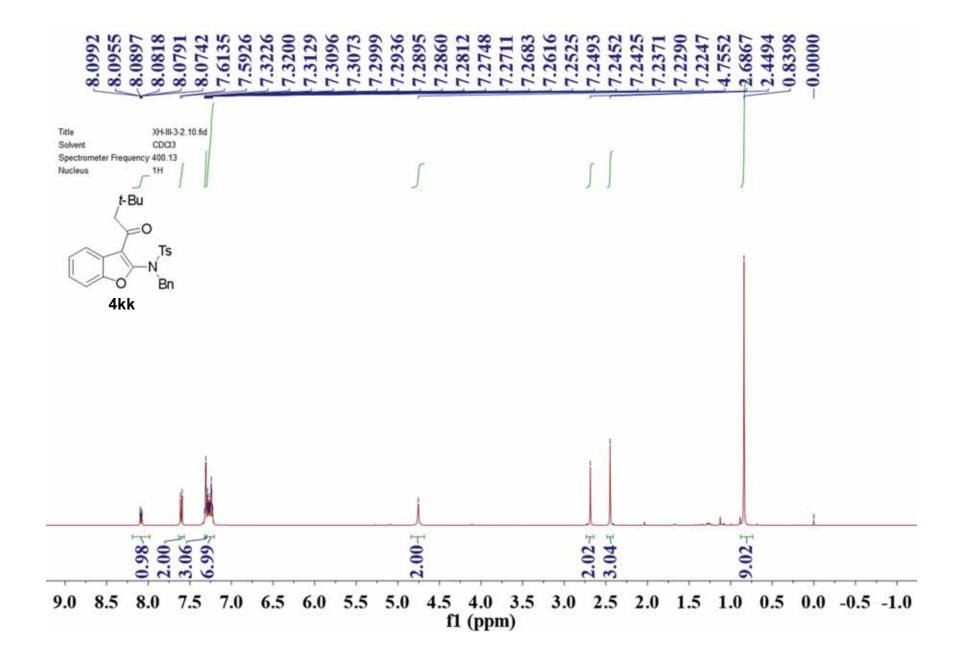


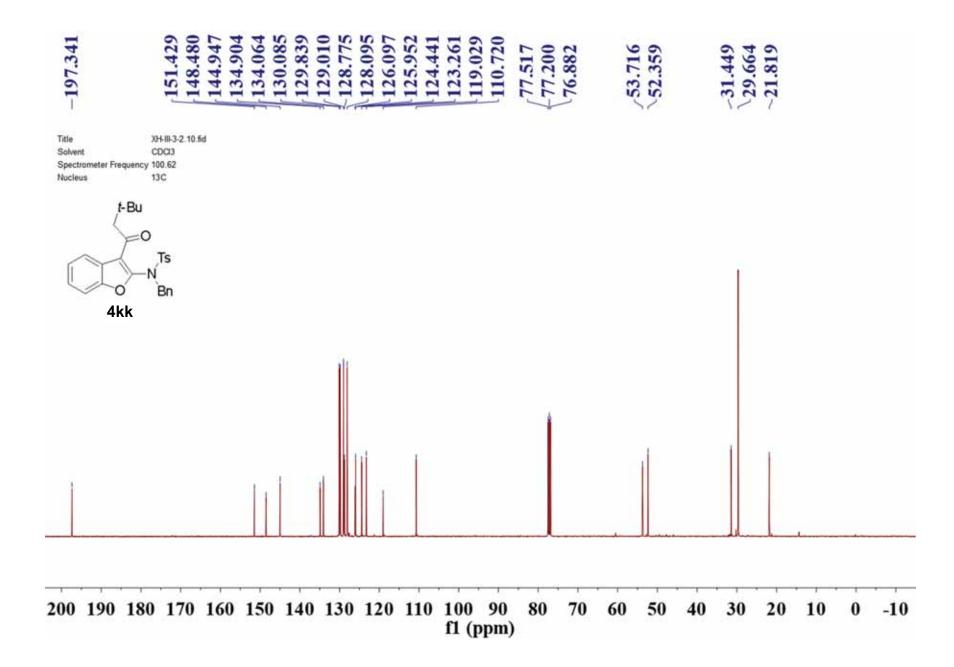


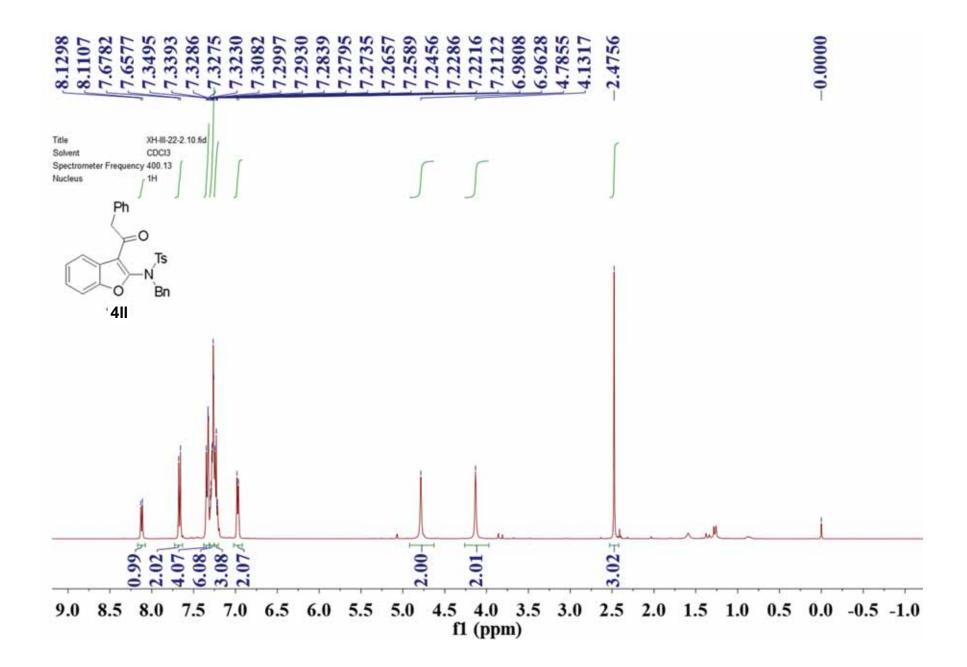


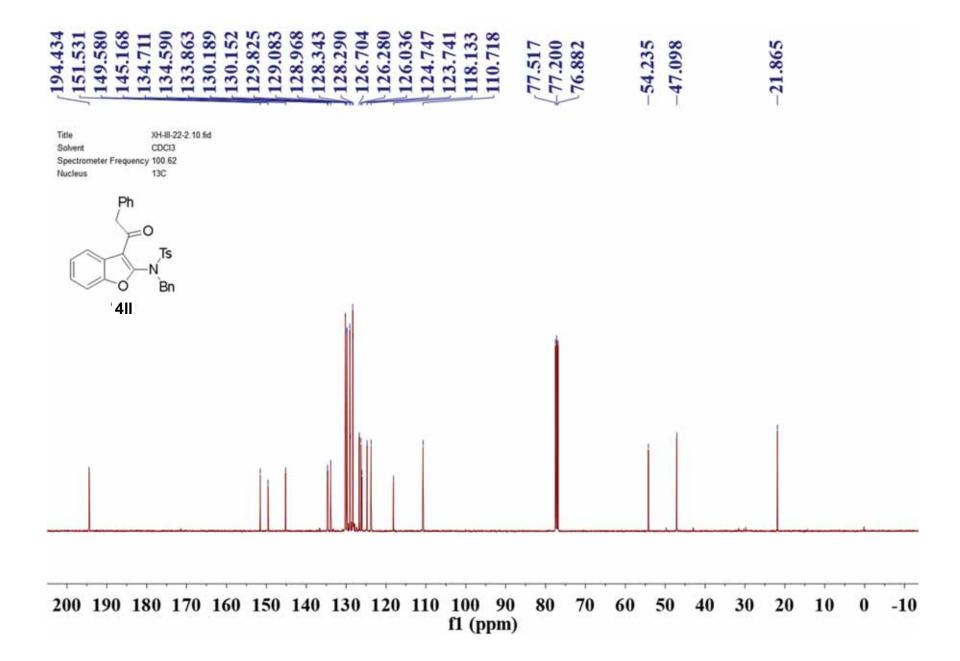


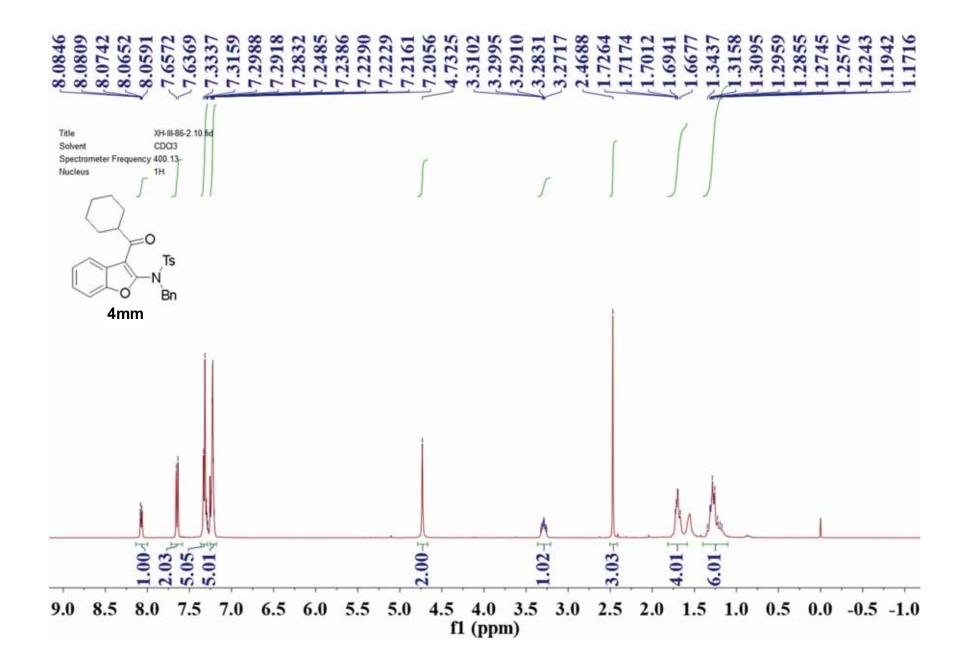


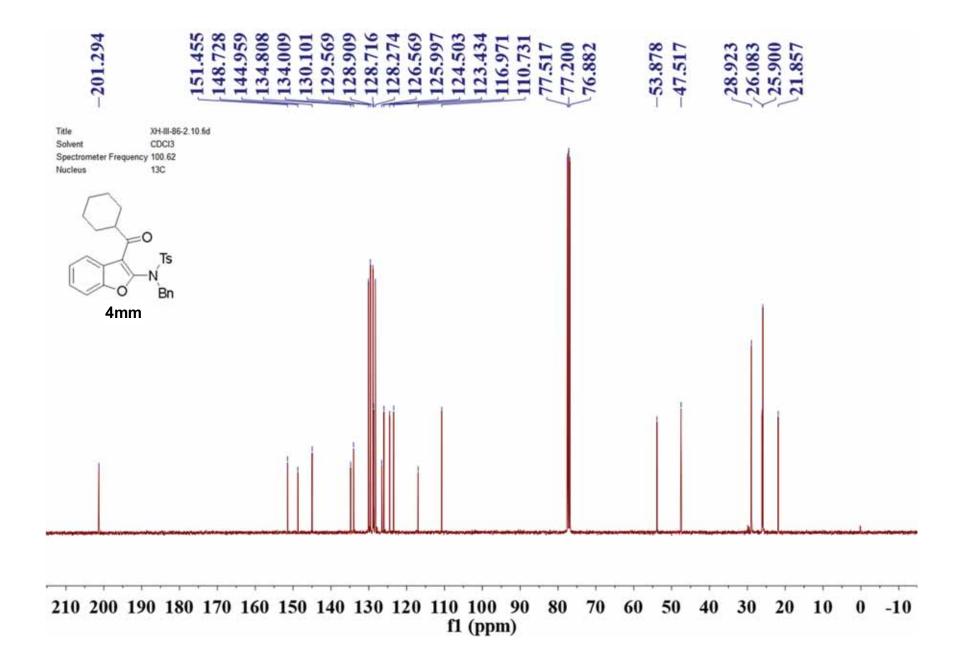


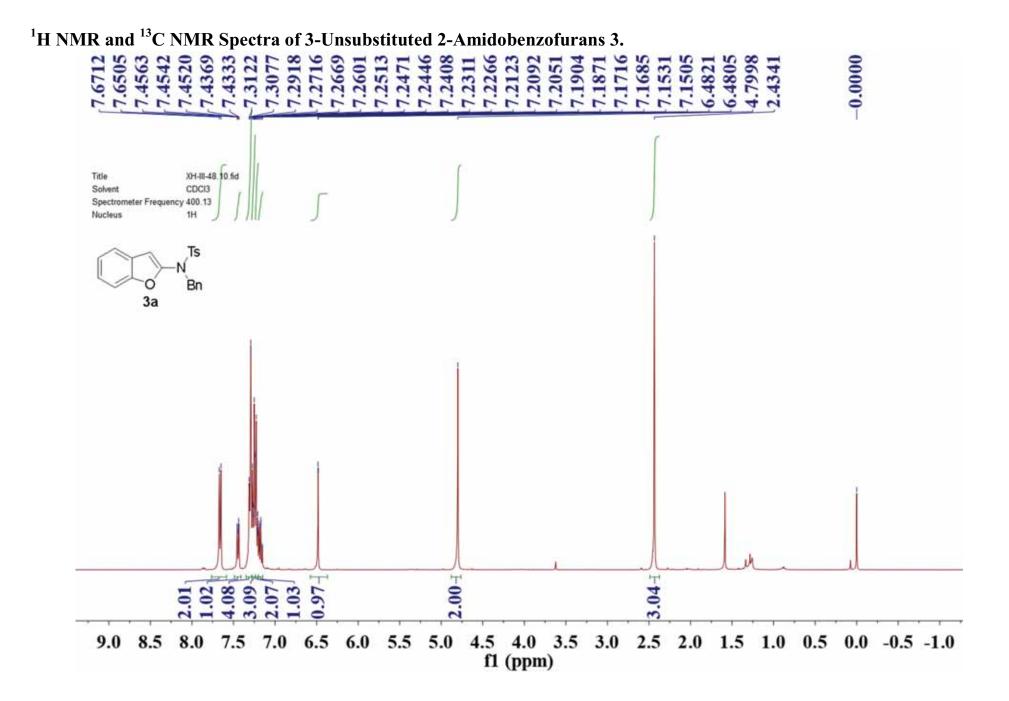


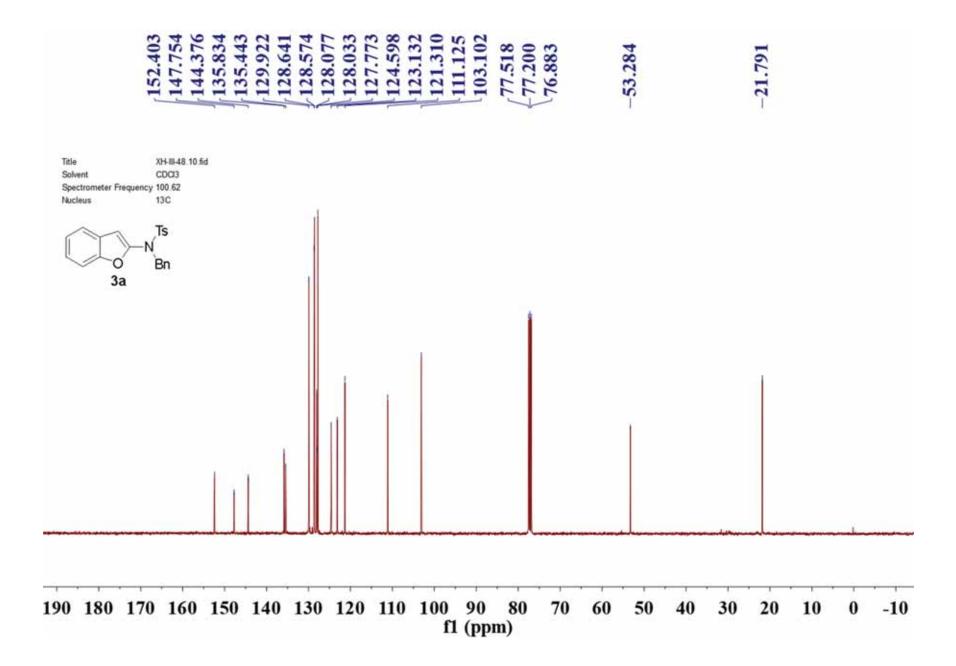


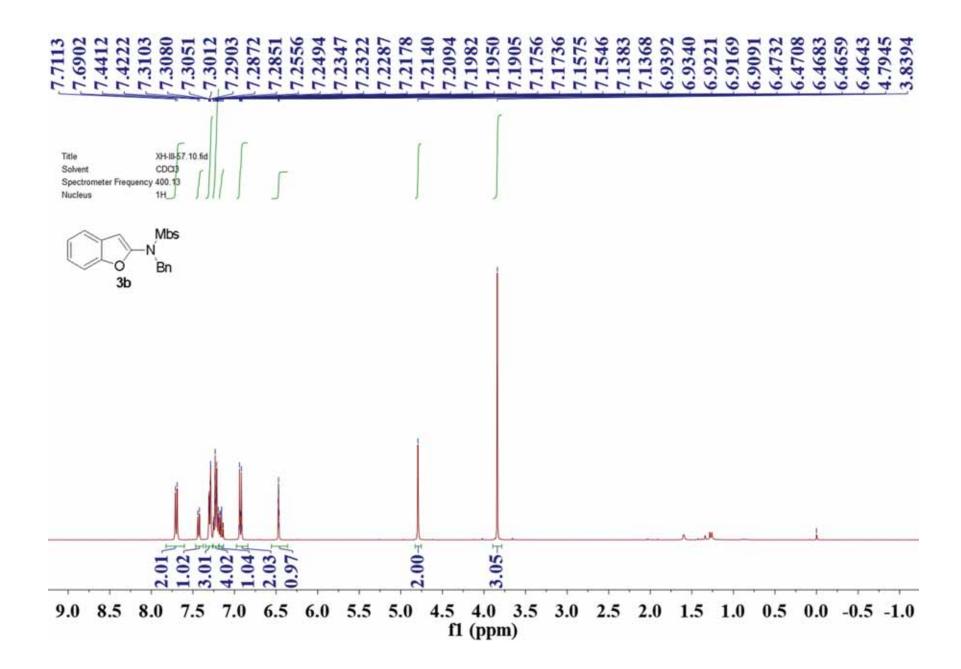


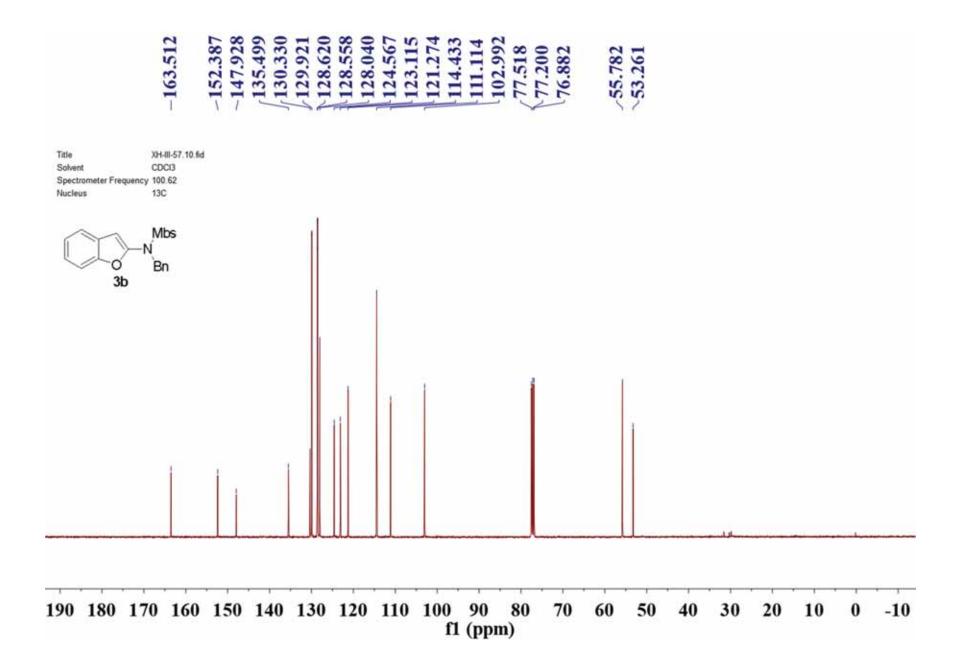


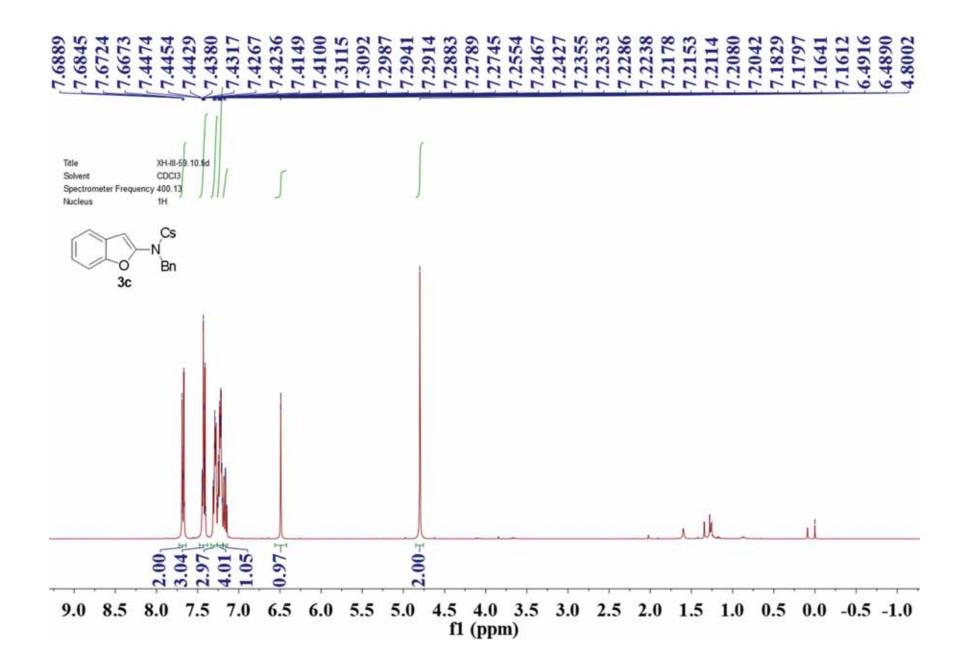


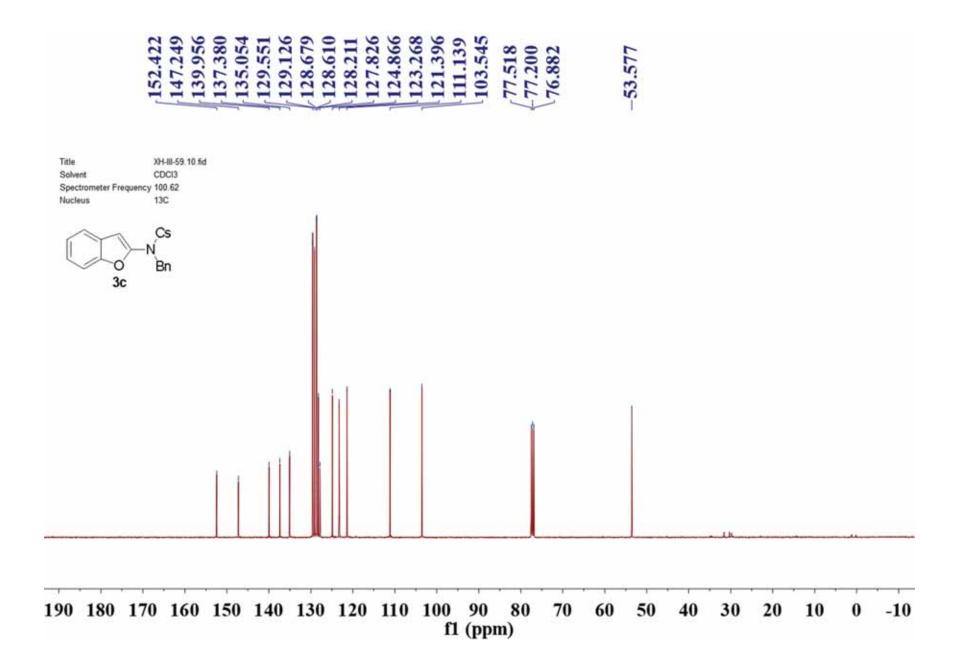


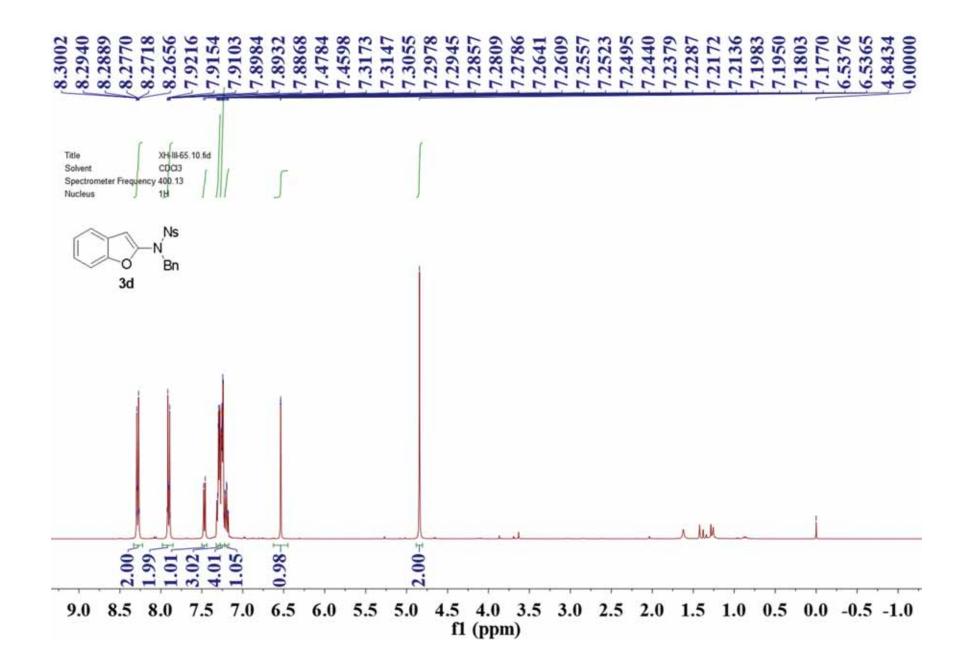


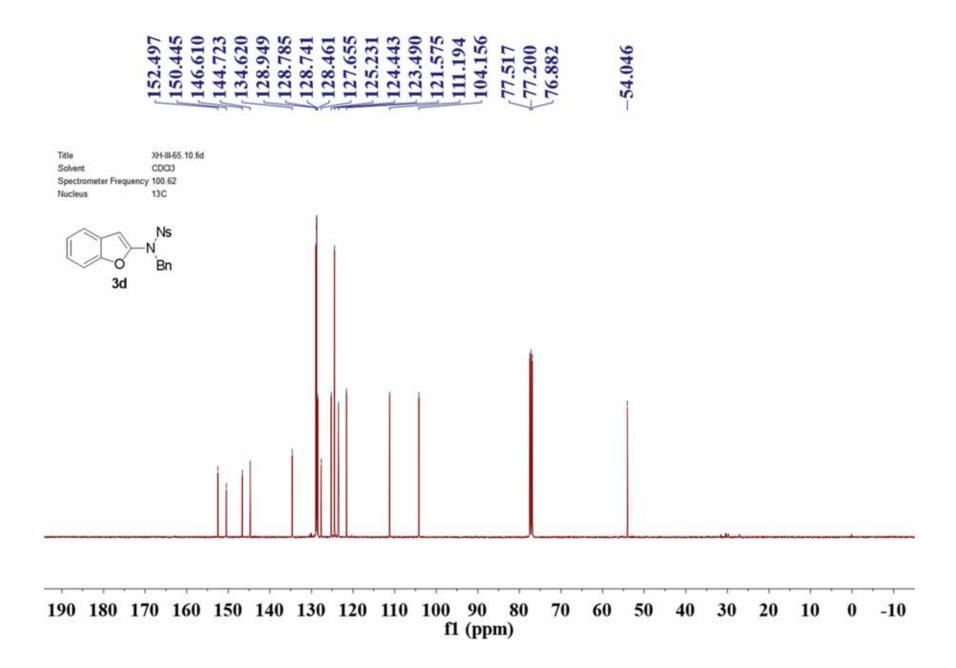


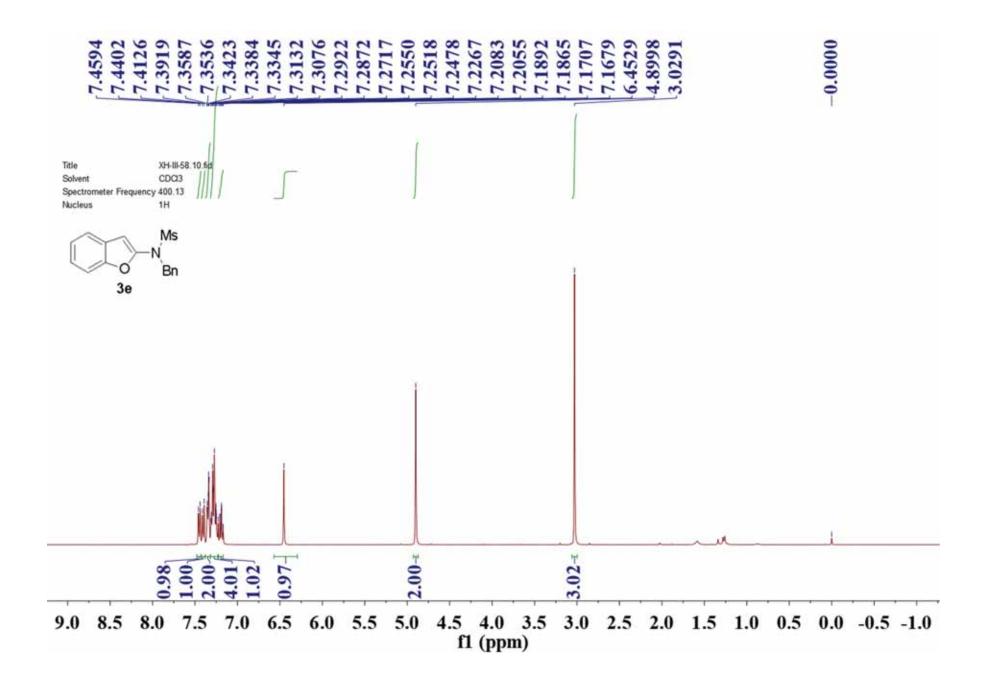


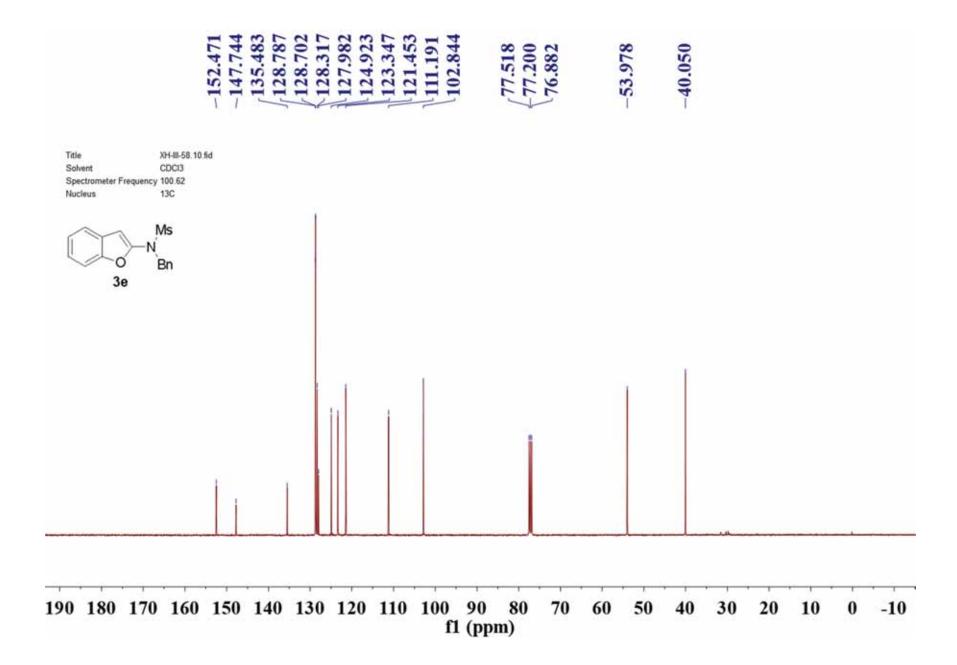


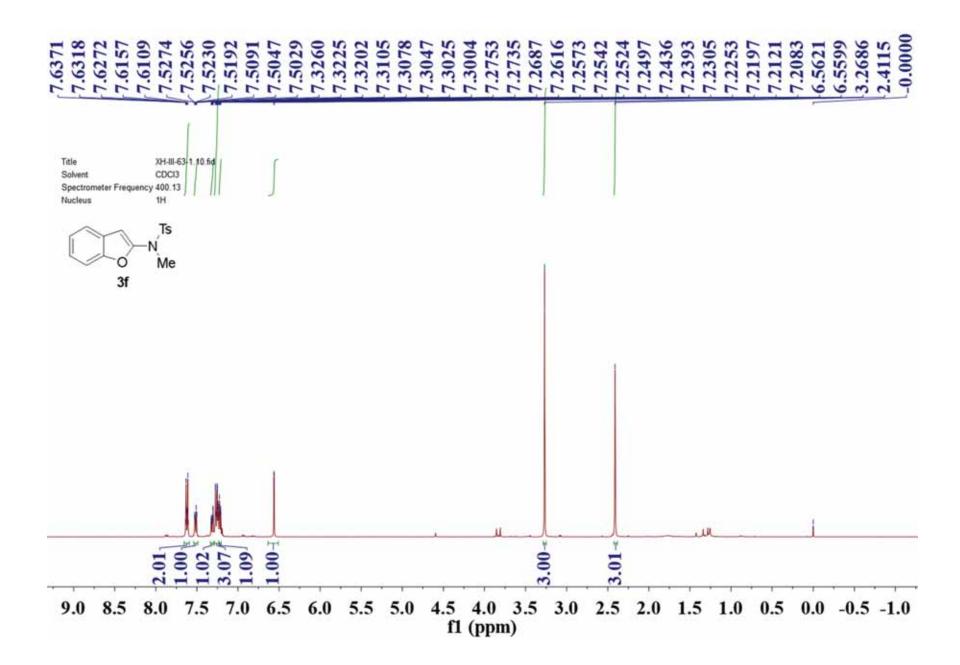


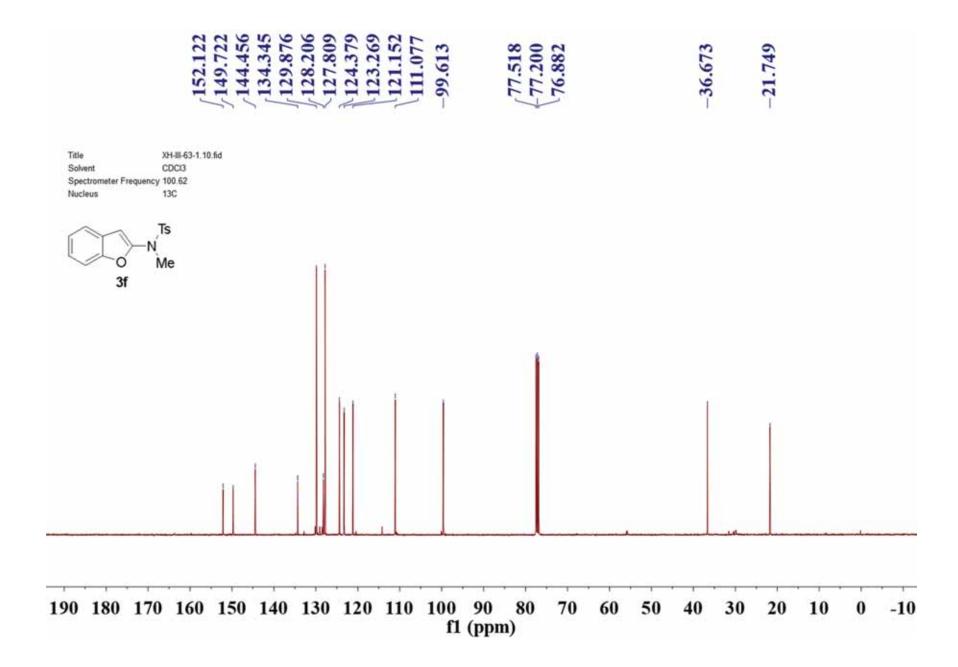


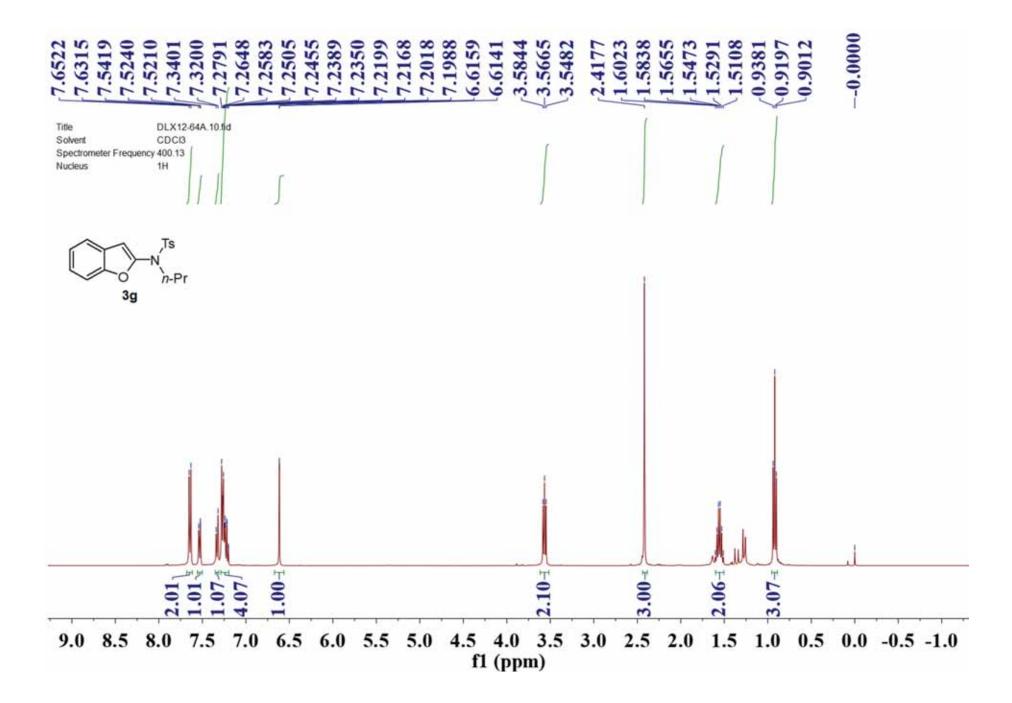


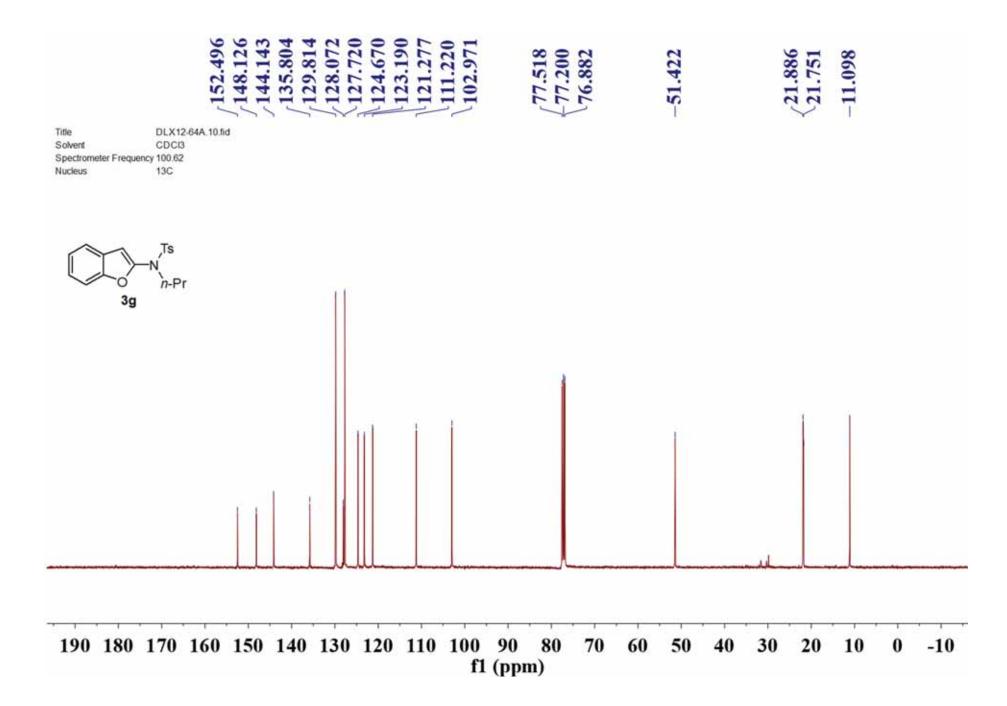


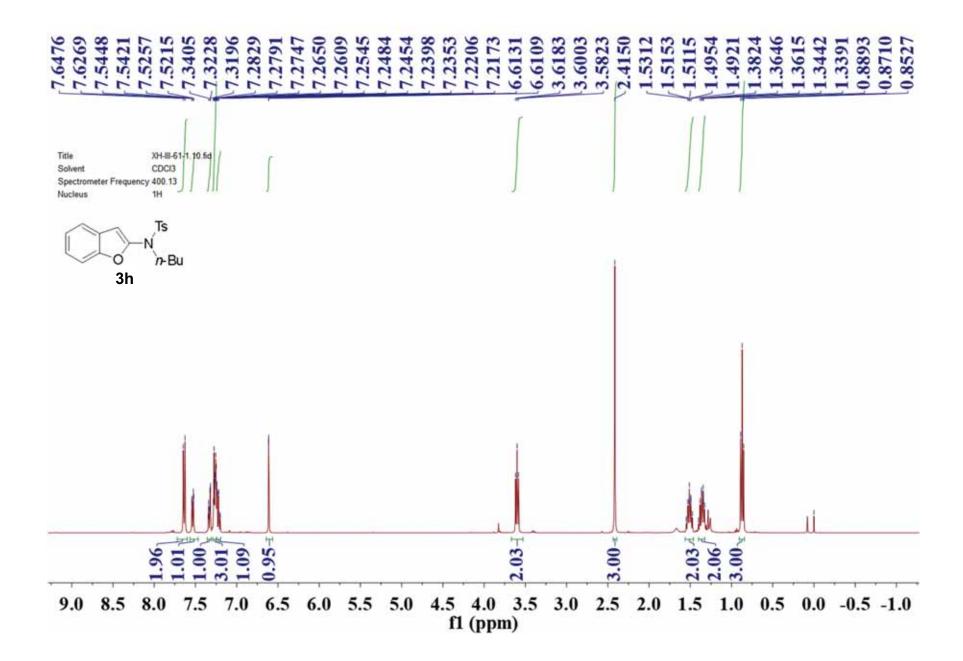


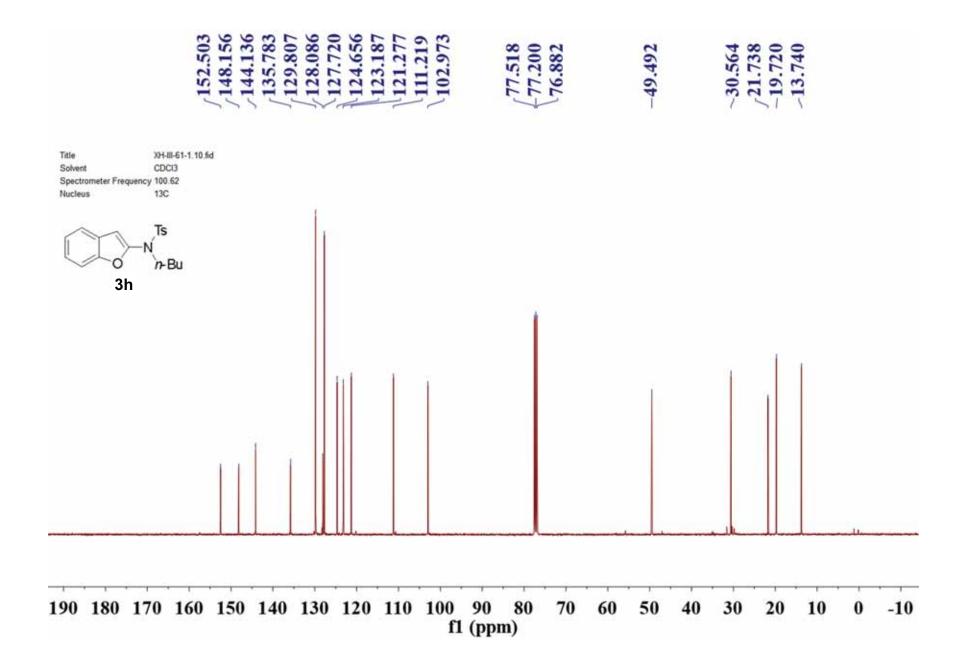


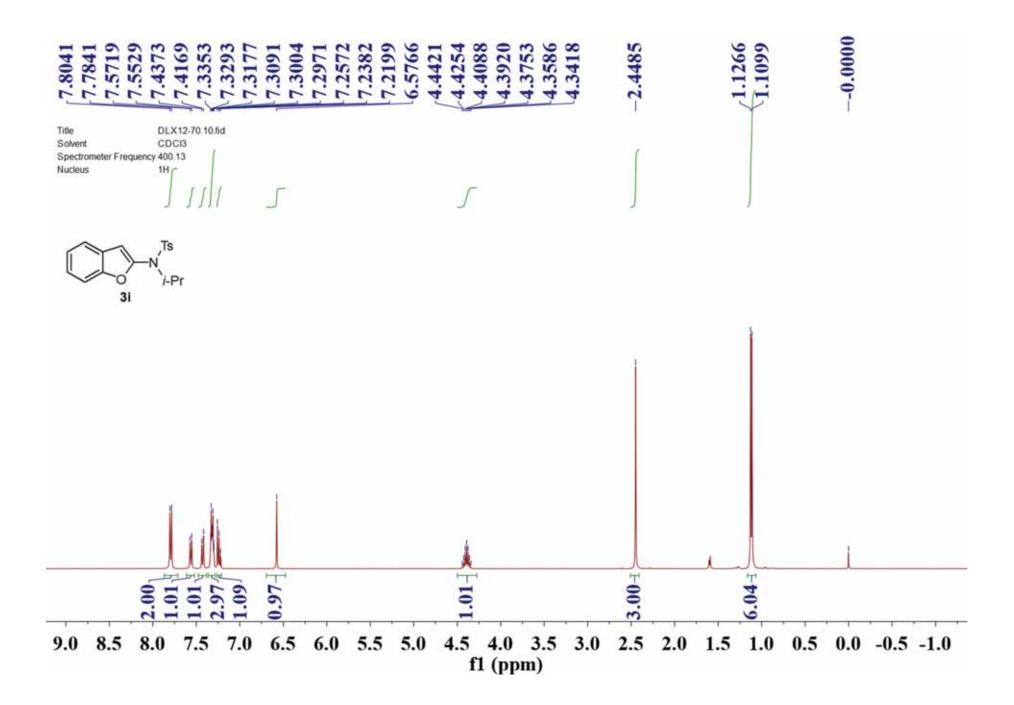


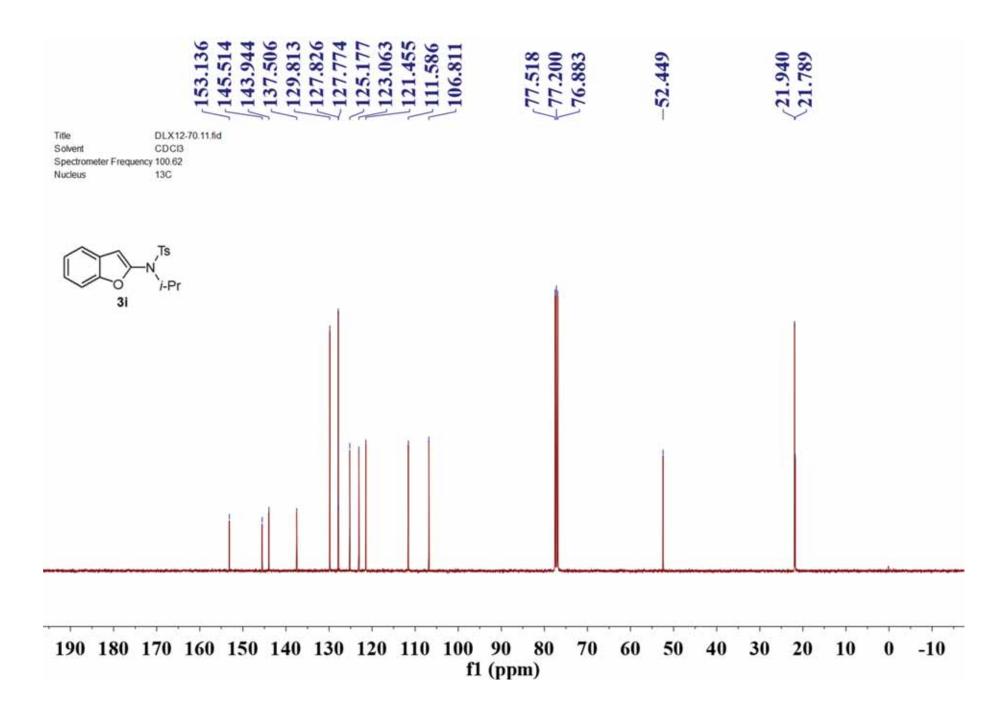


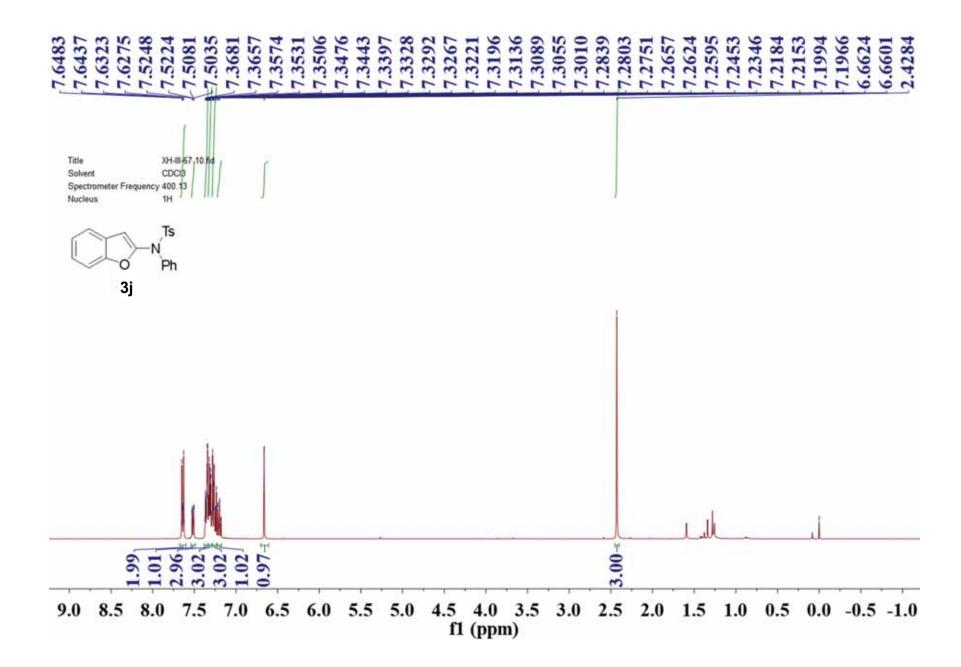


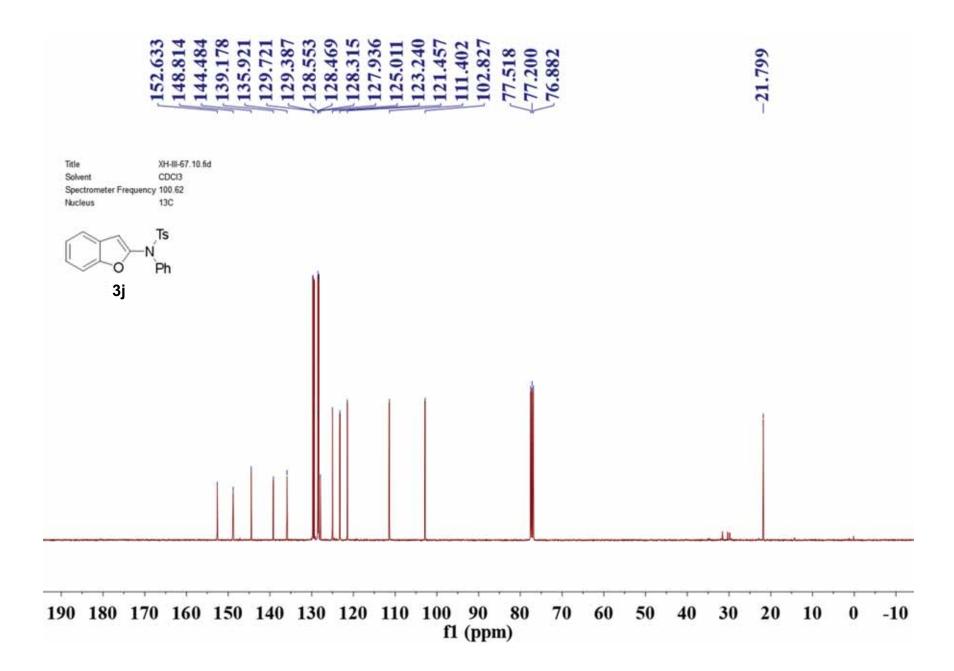


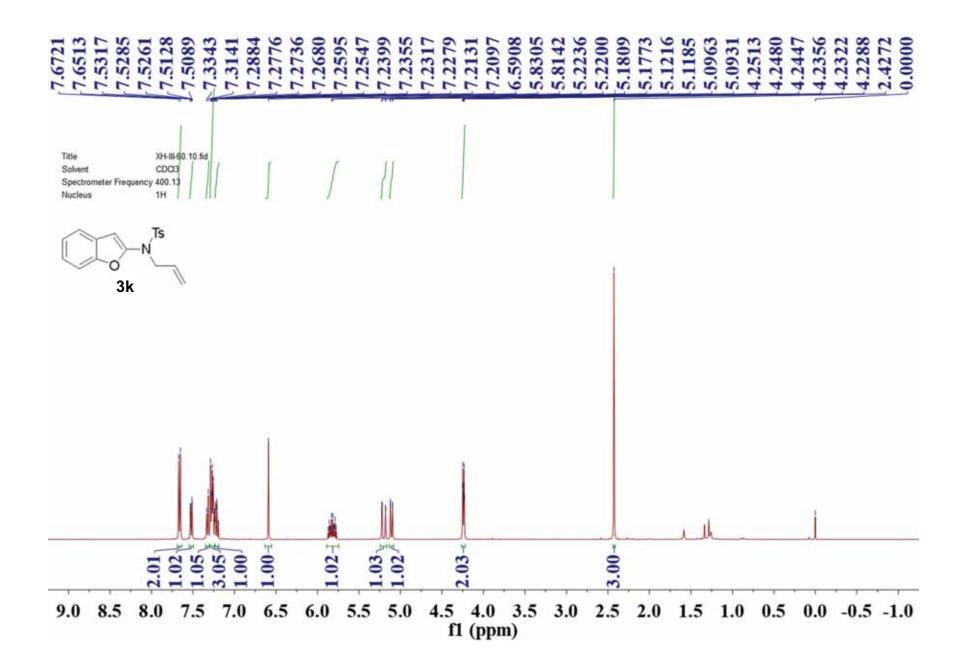


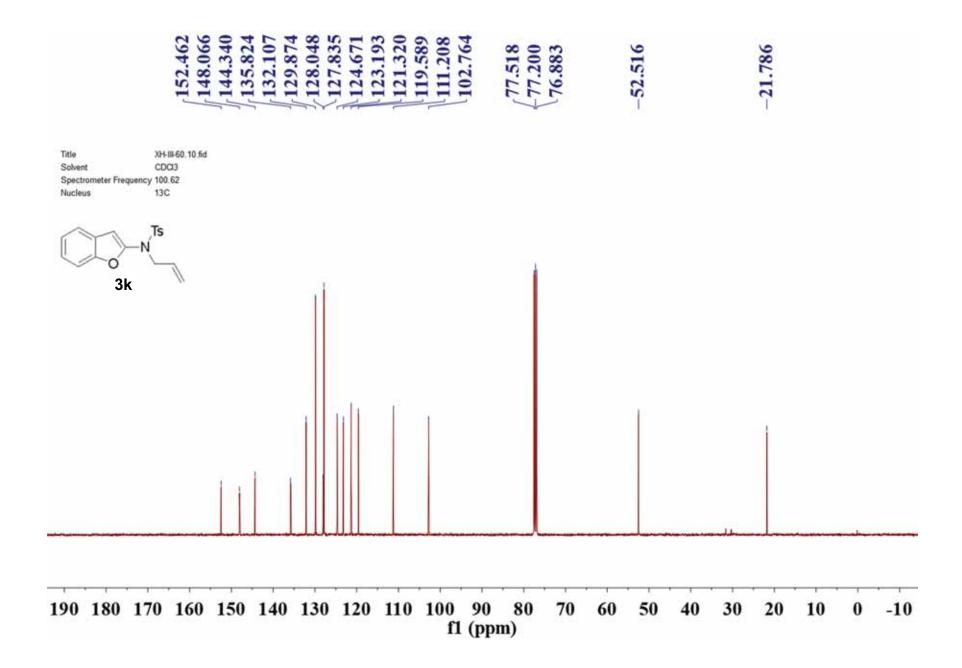


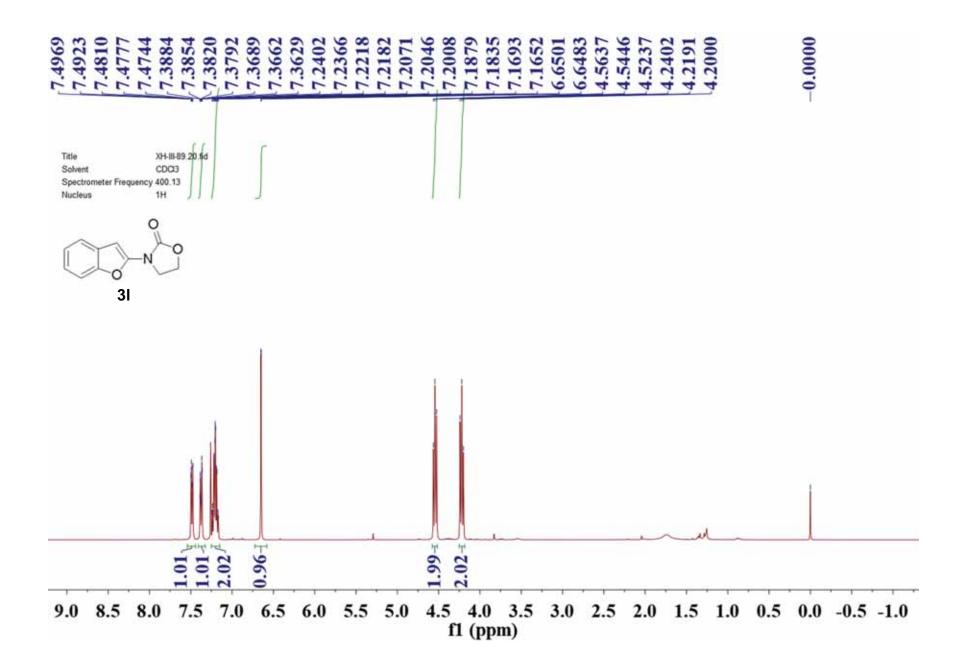


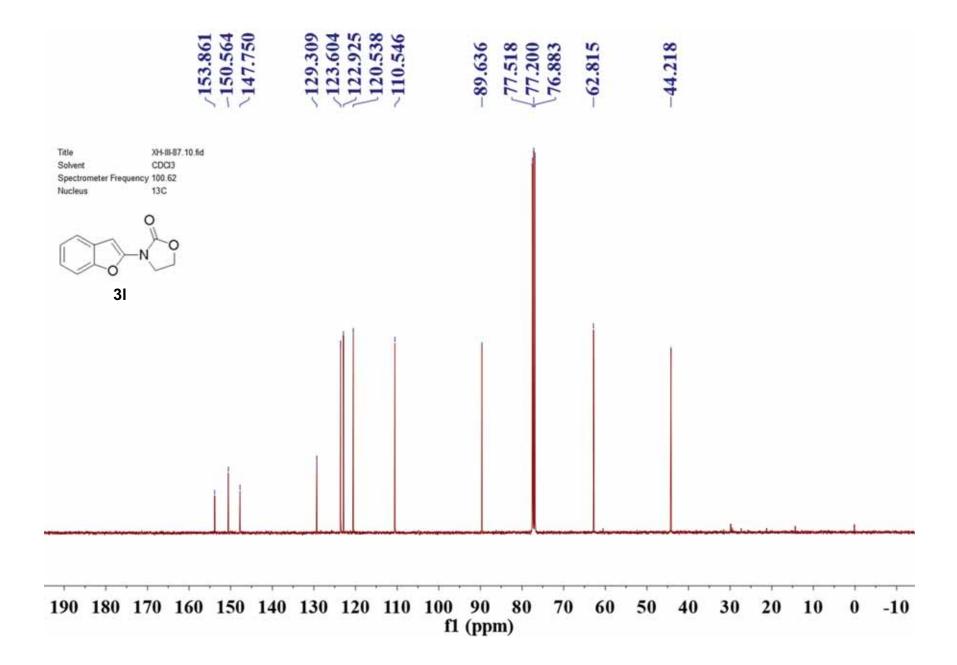


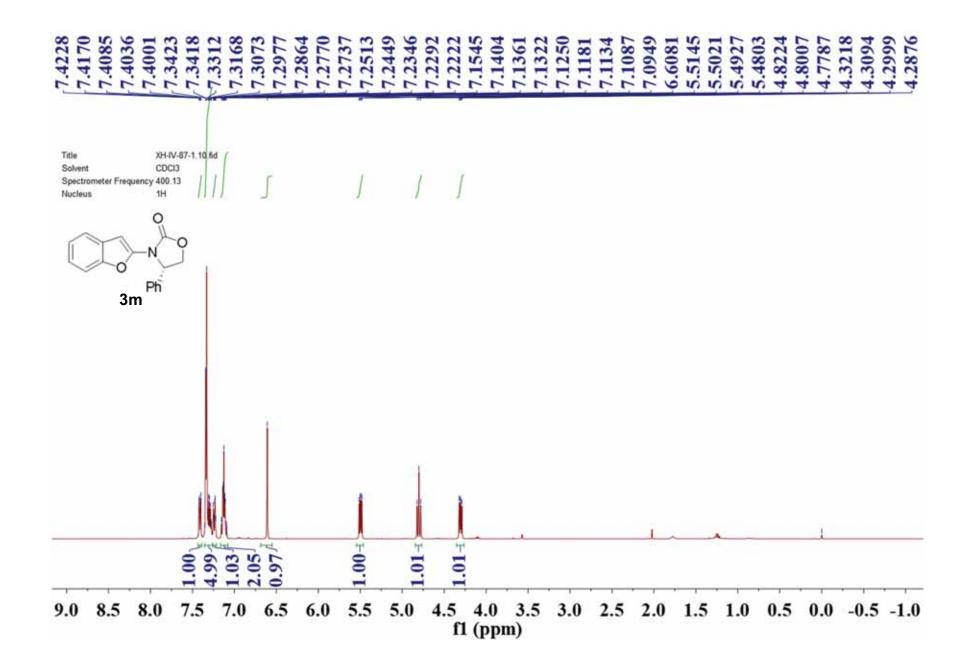


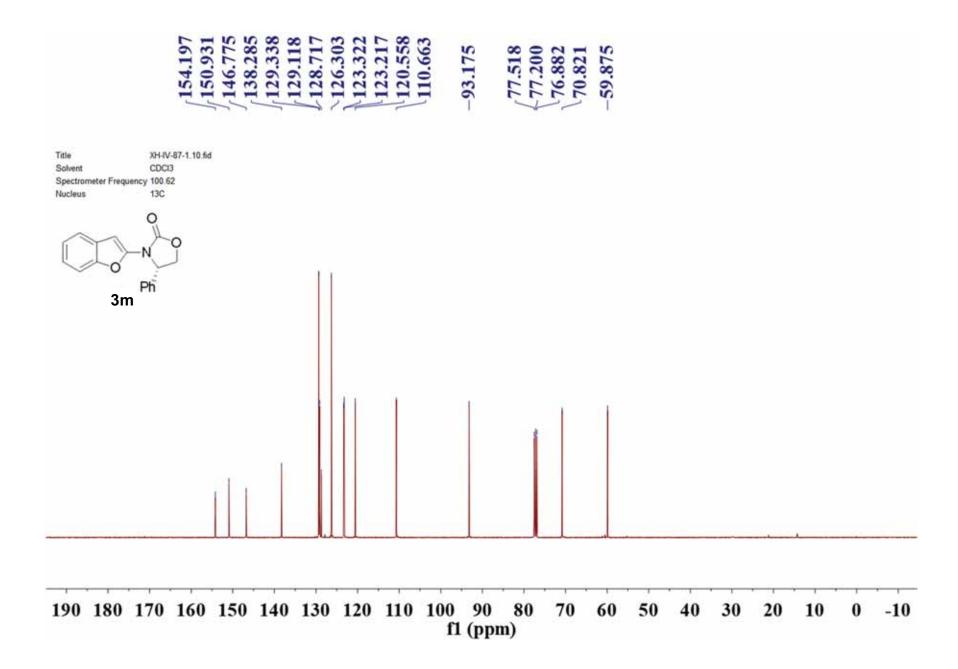


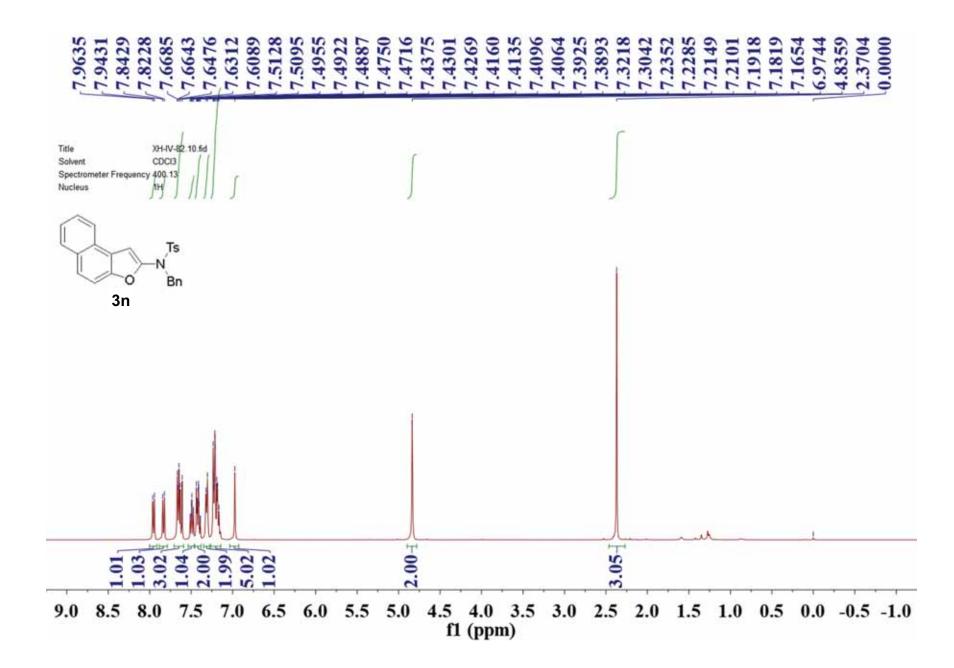


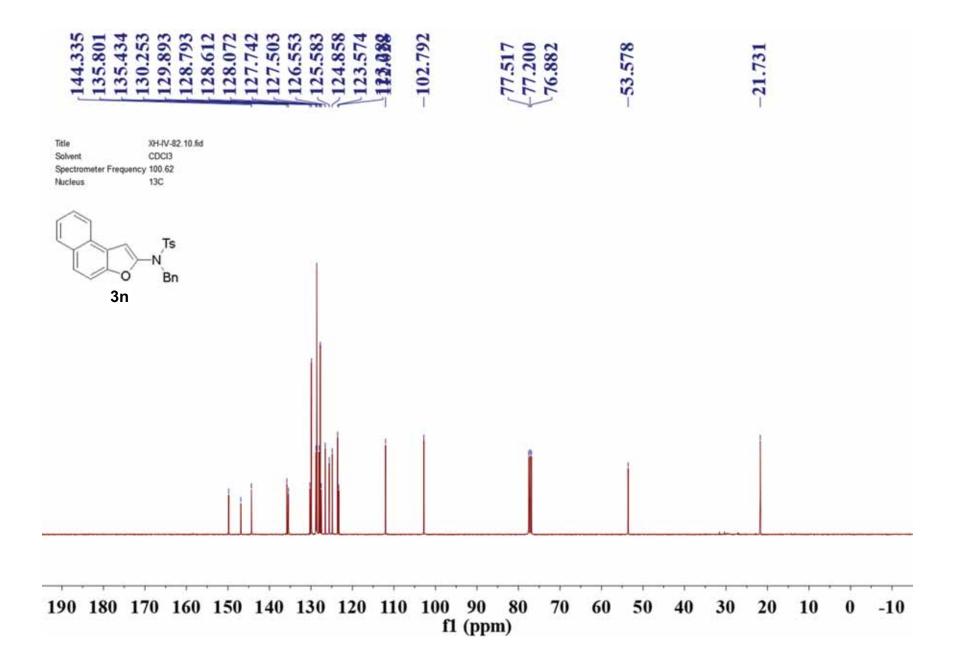


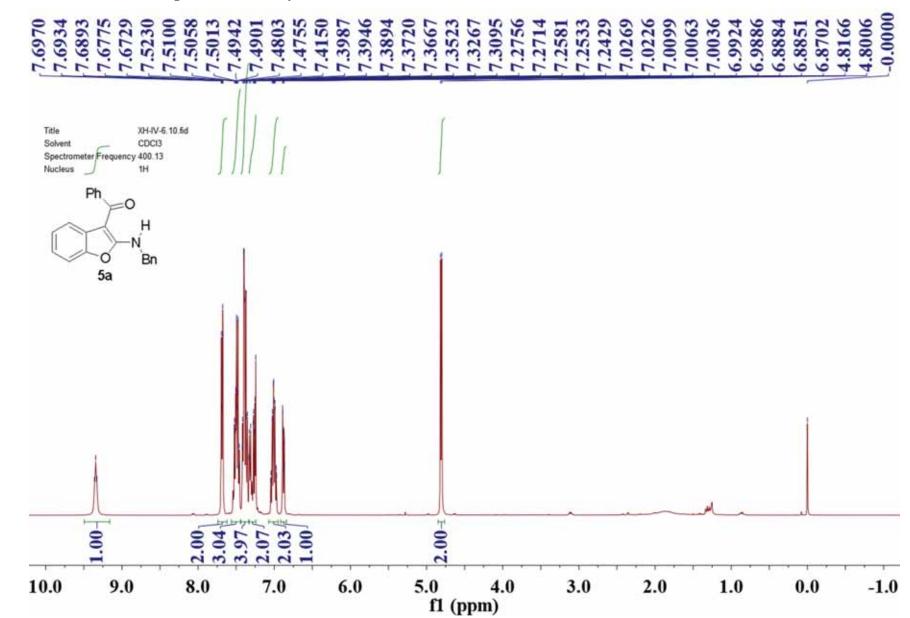




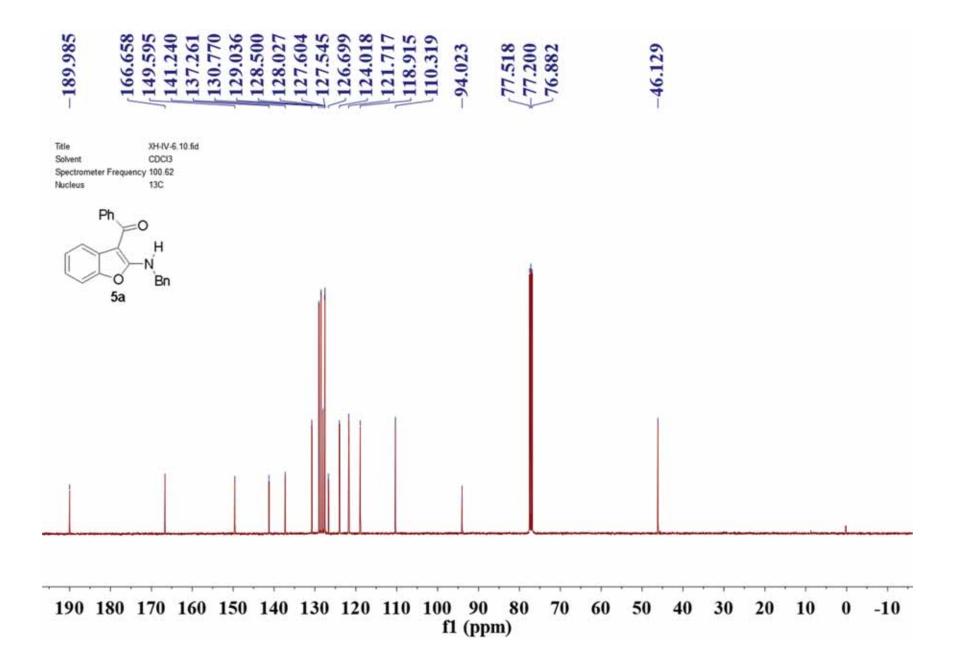


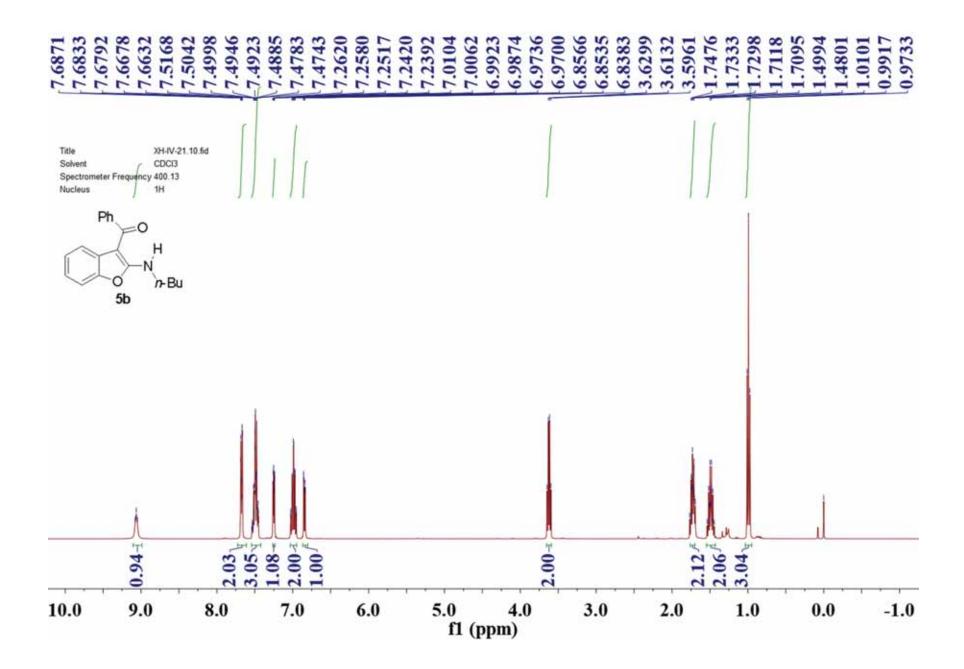


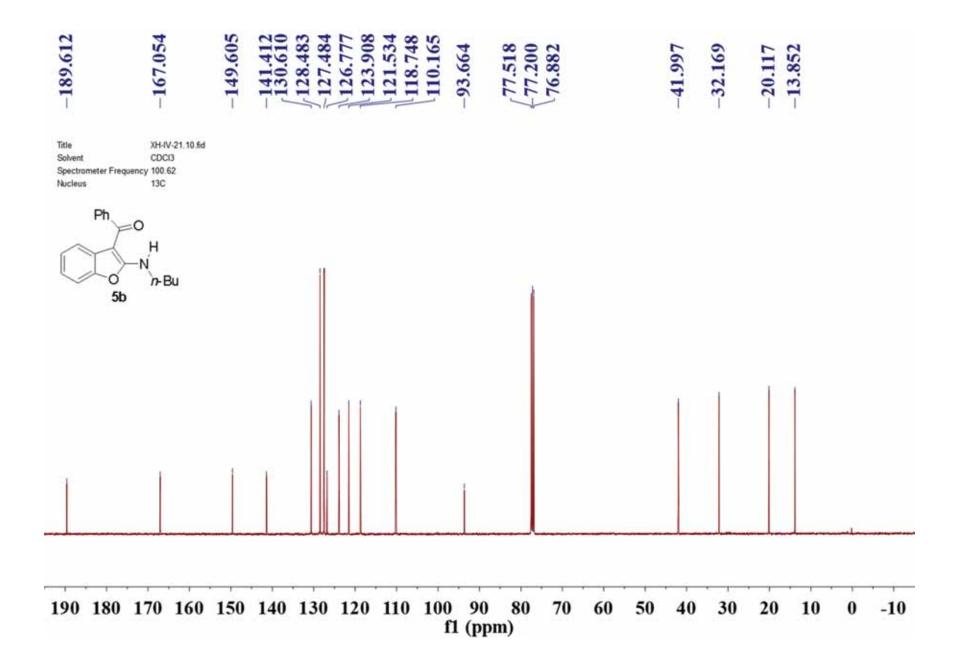


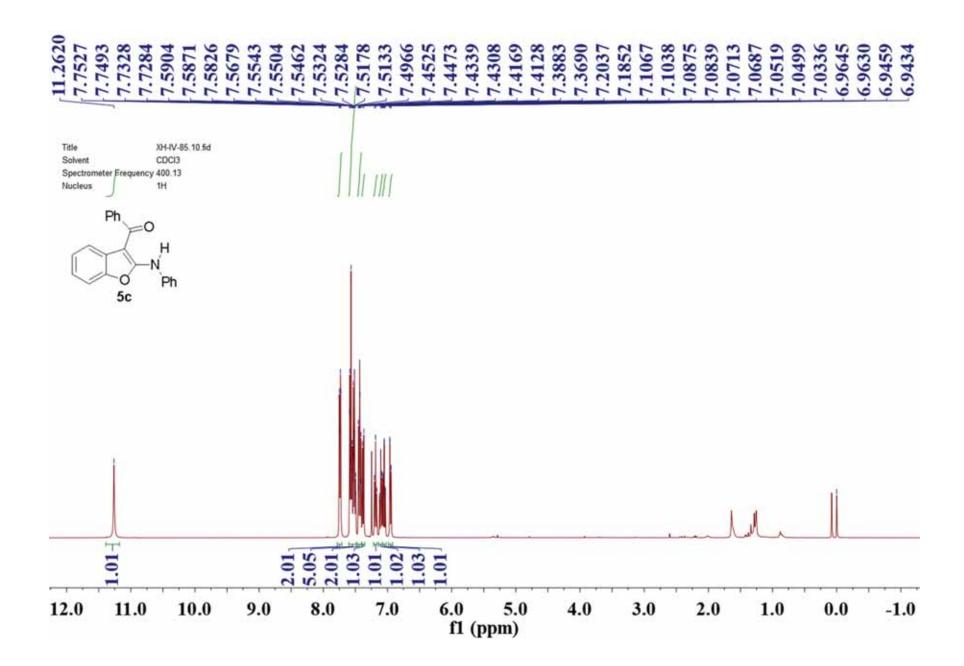


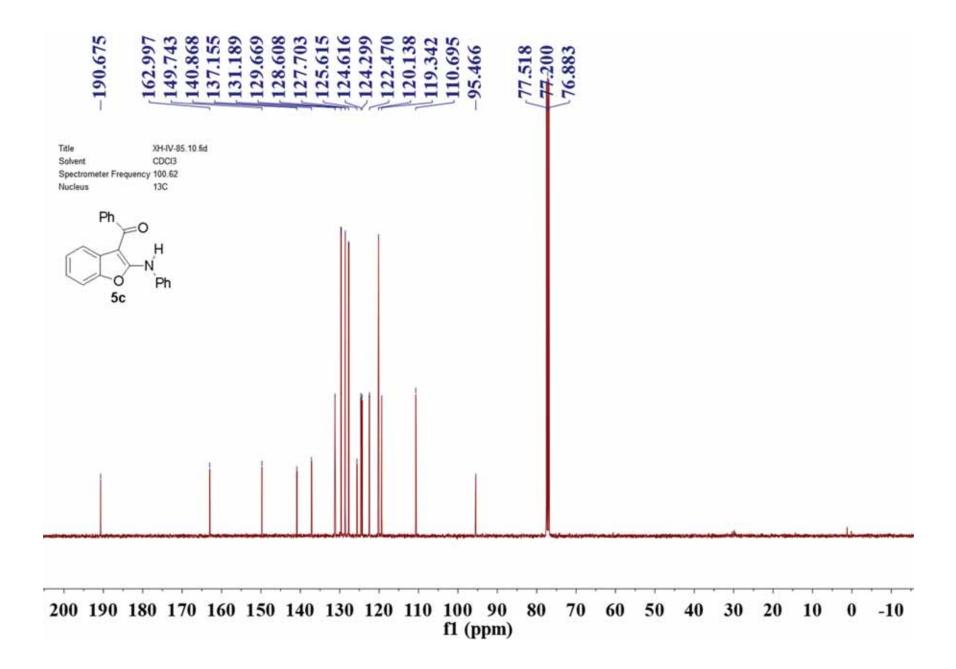
¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 3-Acyl-2-Amidobenzofurans 5.

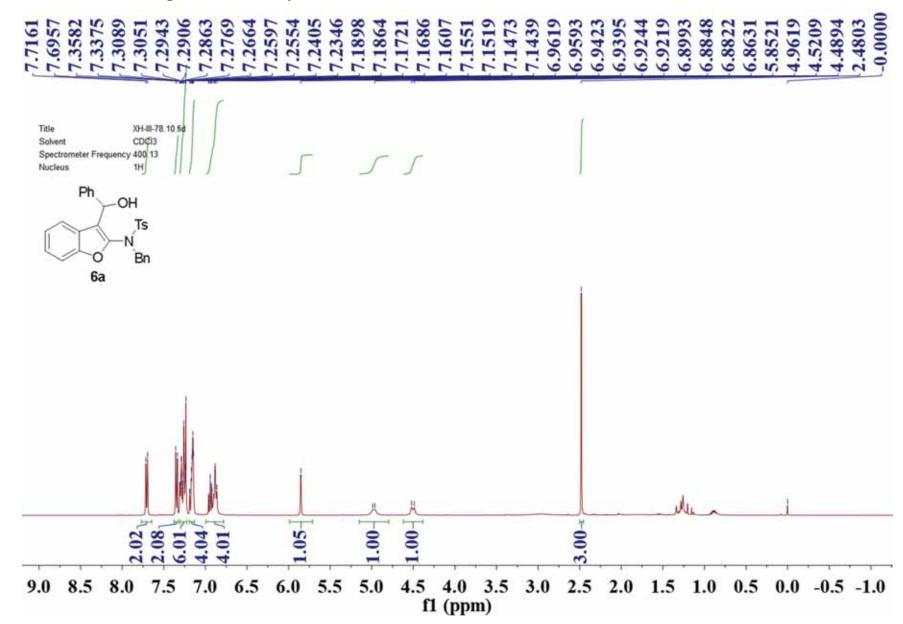




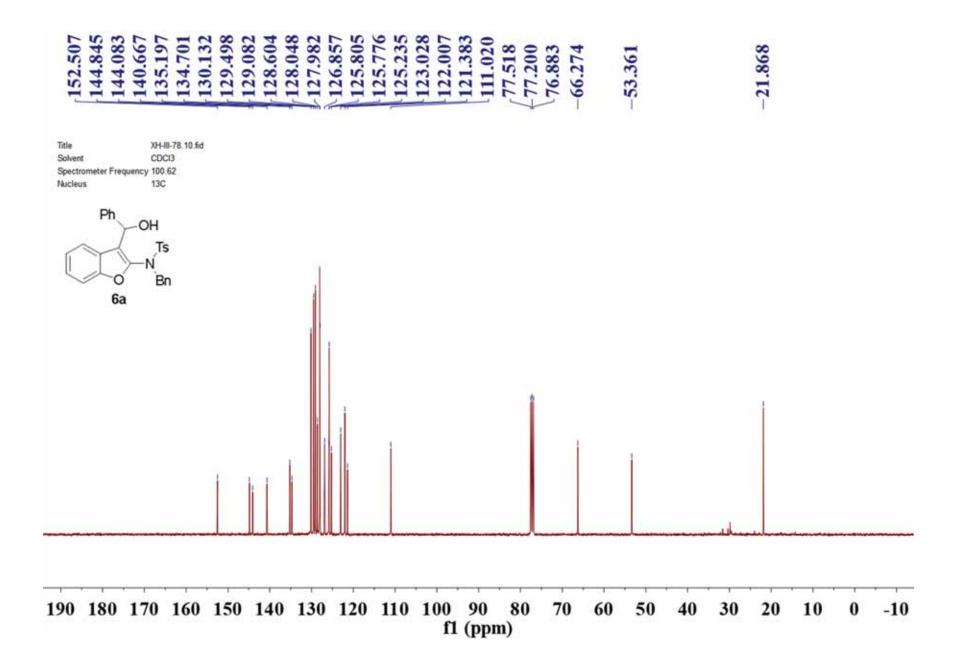


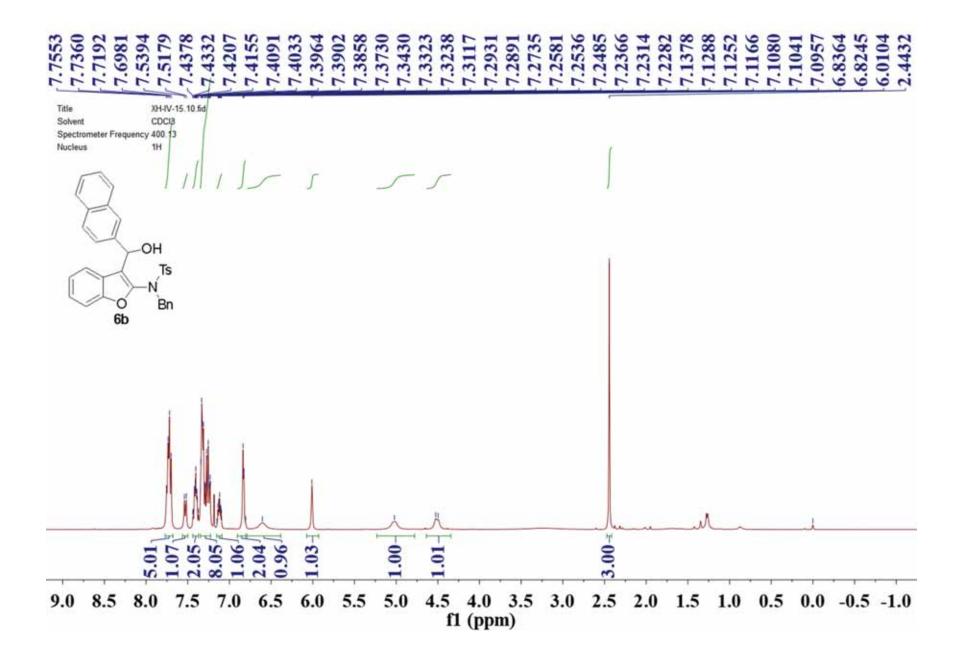


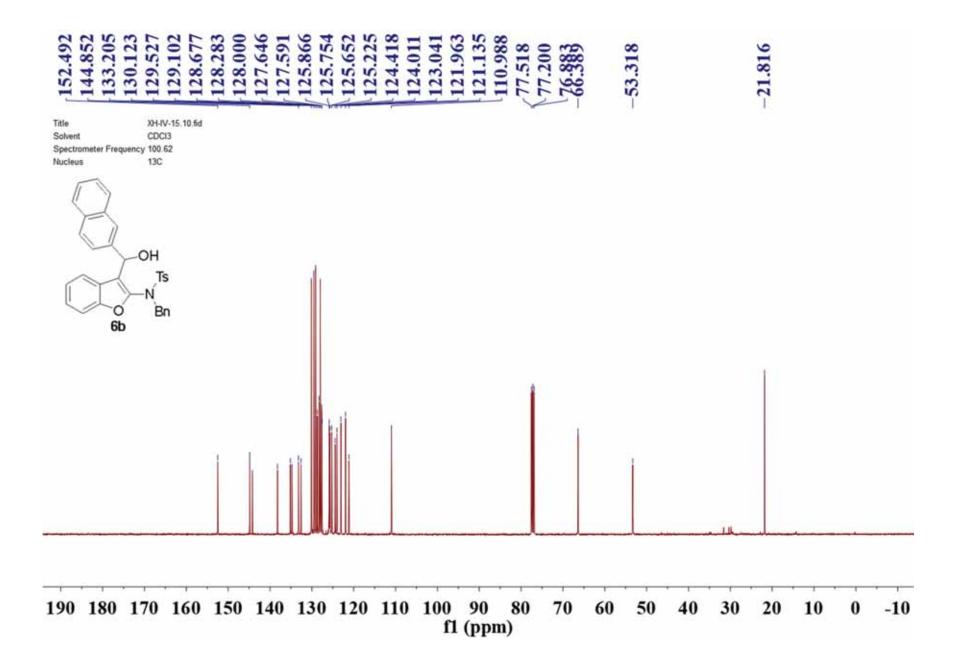


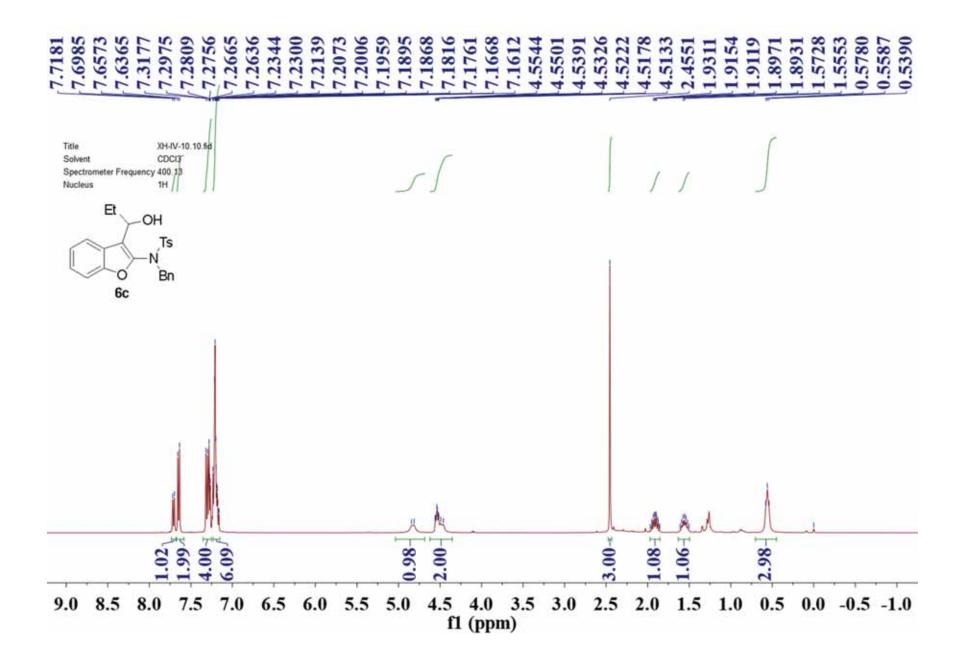


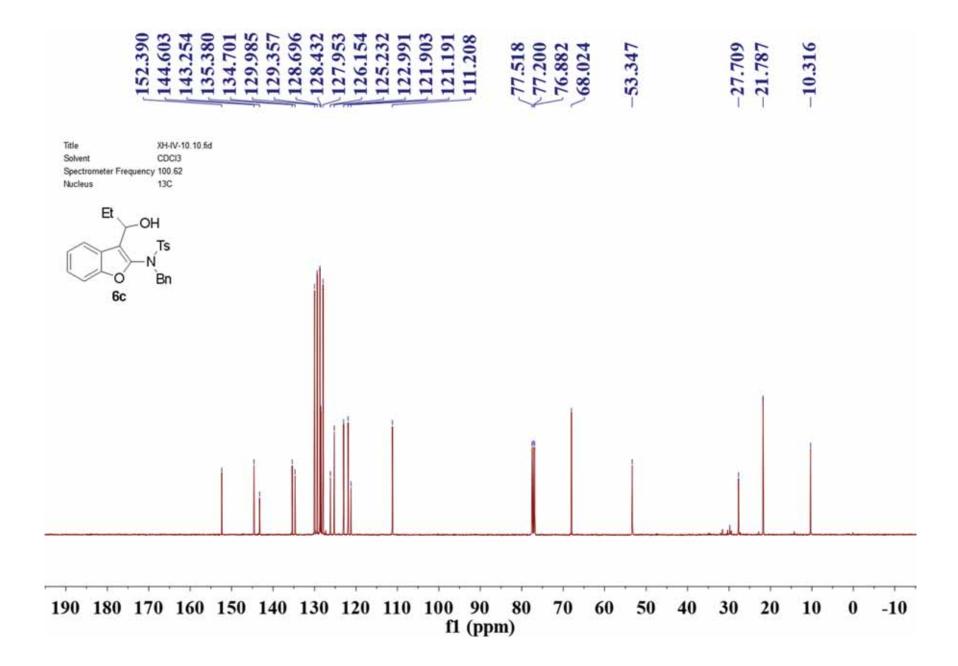
¹H NMR and ¹³C NMR Spectra of 3-Alkyl-2-Amidobenzofurans 6.











MS (ESI) of *n*-BuCl: m/z [M + Na]⁺ 115

