

Electronic Supplementary Information

Reusable alcohol oxidase-nPtCu/alginate beads for highly sensitive ethanol assay in beverages

Nataliya Stasyuk^{a,b*}, Olha Demkiv^a, Galina Gayda^a, Oksana Zakalska^a, Andriy Zakalskiy^{a,d}, Roman Serkiz^{a,c}, Taras Kavetsky^{b,e} and Mykhailo Gonchar^{a,b*}

^aInstitute of Cell Biology, National Academy of Sciences of Ukraine, Lviv, Ukraine; stasuk_natalia@ukr.net (N.S.); demkiv@yahoo.com (O.D.) galina.gayda@gmail.com (G.G.); zakalska@yahoo.com (O.Z.); andriy.zakalskiy@yahoo.com (A.Z); mykhailo1952@gmail.com (M.G.)

^bDrohobych Ivan Franko State Pedagogical University, Drohobych, Ukraine (N.S., T.K., M.G.);

^cIvan Franko National University of Lviv, Department of Solid State Physics, Lviv, Ukraine; rserkiz@gmail.com (R.S.);

^dInstitute of Animal Biology of the National Academy of Agrarian Sciences of Ukraine, Lviv, Ukraine;

^eThe John Paul II Catholic University of Lublin, 20-950 Lublin, Poland kavetsky@yahoo.com (T.K.).

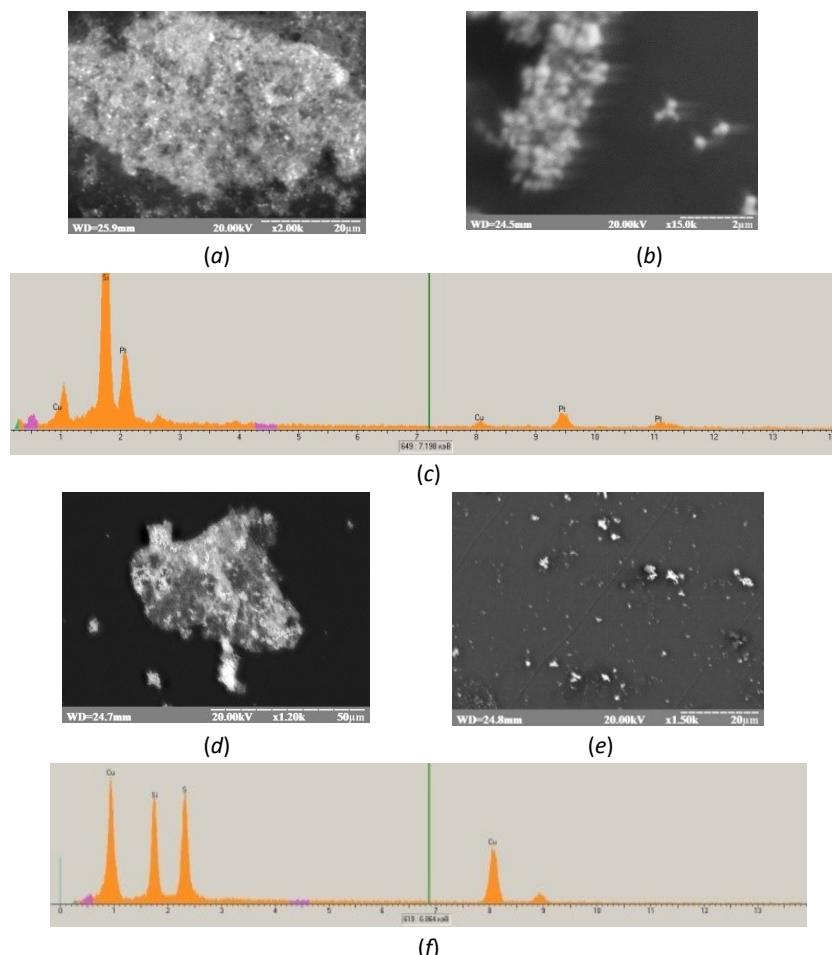


Fig. ESI 1. Characteristics of the nPtCu (*a – c*) and nCu (*d – f*): SEM images for $\times 2.000$ magnification (*a*) (scale bar 20 μm), for $\times 15.000$ magnification (scale bar 2 μm) (*b*), for $\times 1.200$ magnification (scale bar 50 μm) (*d*) and for $\times 6.000$ magnification (scale bar 10 μm) (*e*); X-ray spectral microanalysis (*c* and *f*). The accelerating voltage was 20 kV for all images.

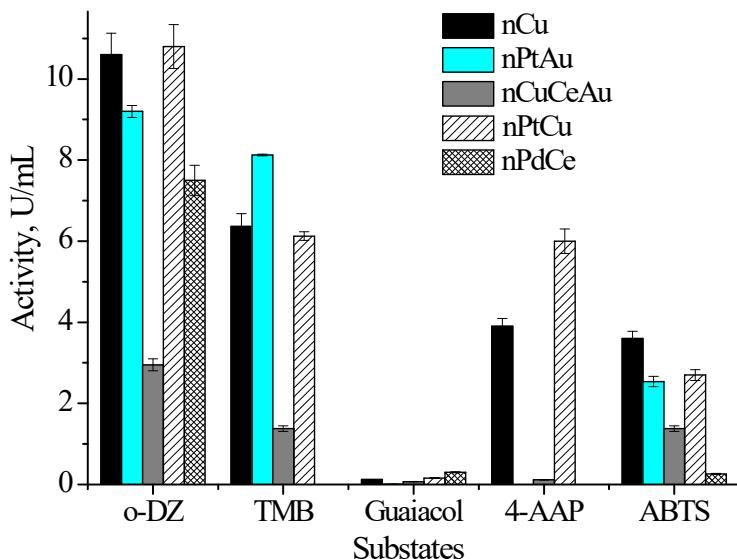


Fig. ESI 2. Substrate specificity of synthesized NZs in peroxidative reaction. ABTS, 4-AAP, guaiacol, TMB and *o*-DZ . ABTS – (2,2'-azino-bis(3-ethylbenzothiazoline-6-sulfonic acid); 4-AAP – 4-aminoantipyrine; TMB – 3,3',5,5' -tetramethyl benzidine and *o*-DZ – *o*-dianisidine.

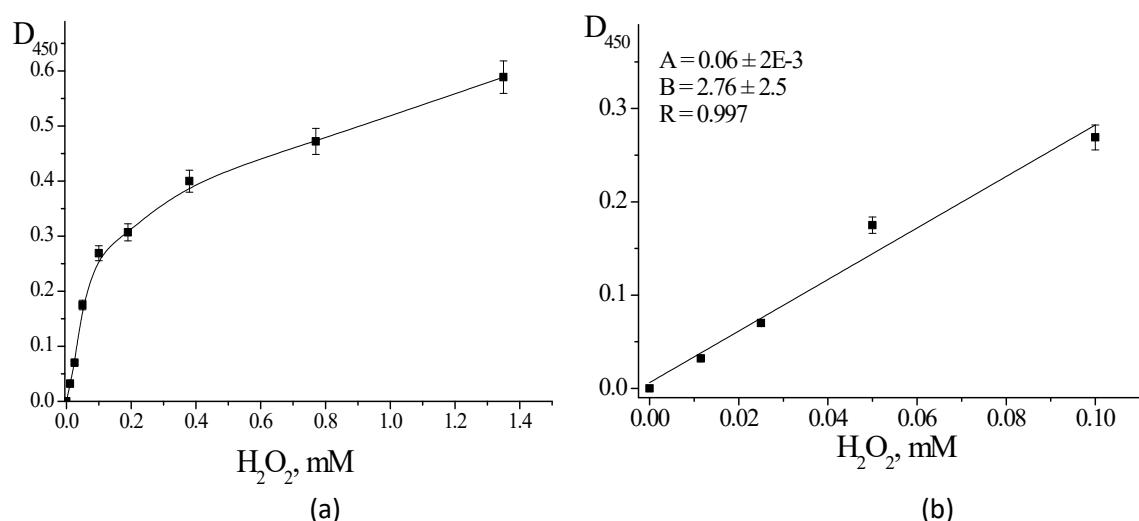


Fig. ESI 3. The dependence of OD of reaction mixture on the concentrations of H₂O₂ in final mixture (a) and linear calibration curve (b) for alginate beads loaded with nPtCu. A, B - parameters for the linear regression line; R - correlation coefficient.

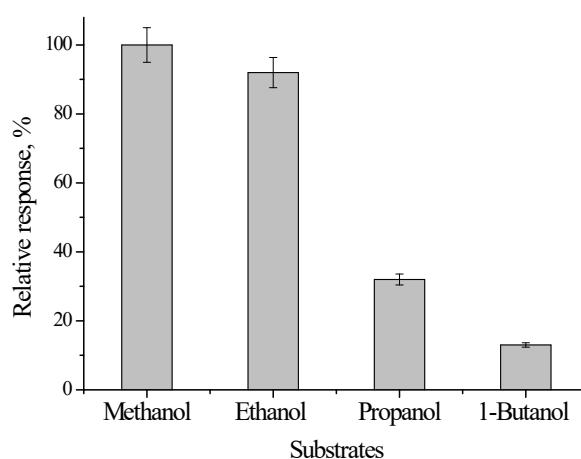


Fig. ESI 4. Relative response of nPtCu-AO/alginate beads toward various 1 mM alcohols. The analytical signal was exposed in relative units (%) referred to the maximum value for methanol (100%).

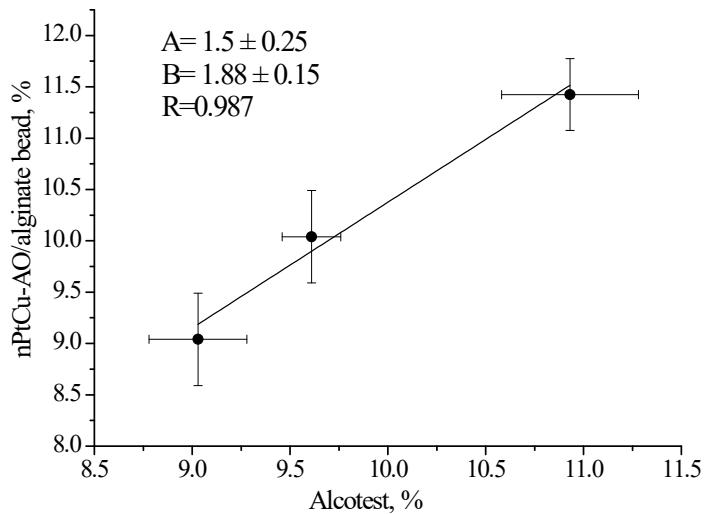


Fig. ESI 5. Correlations between the results of ethanol determination by two methods: “nPtCu-AO/alginate bead” and reference method by the use of “Alcotest”. Tested samples: liquor “Aperitif” (**a**), champagne “Latini Sparkling” (**b**), and wine “Aznauri” (**c**).

Table ESI 1. Methods of synthesis of NZs

No	NZs	Mixture 1	Mixture 2	Mixture 3
1	PtCu	5 mL 10 mM H ₂ PtCl ₆ + 10 mL 15 mM CTAB + 0.2 mL 100 mM AA	Mixture 1 + 5 mL 50 mM CuSO ₄ + 0.2 mL 100 mM AA	-
2	PdCe	5 mL 50 mM CeCl ₃ + 10 mL 15 mM CTAB + 0.1 mL 10 mM AA	Mixture 1 + 5 mL 10 mM PdCl ₃ + 0.5 mL 10 mM AA	-
3	PtCu	2 mL 10 mM H ₂ PtCl ₆ + 10 mL 15 mM CTAB, + 0.2 mL 10 mM AA	Mixture 1 + 5 mL 10 mM CuSO ₄ + 0.2 mL 10 mM AA	-
4	PtAu	2 mL 10 mM H ₂ PtCl ₆ + 10 mL 15 mM CTAB + 0.1 mL 10 mM AA	Mixture 1 + 2 mL 17 mM HAuCl ₄ + 0.2 mL 10 mM AA	-
5	FePtAu	0.5 mL 100 mM FeCl ₂ + 10 mL 15 mM CTAB + 0.1 mL 10 mM AA	Mixture 1 + 0.5 mL 10 mM H ₂ PtCl ₆ + 0.2 mL 10 mM AA + 0.2 mL 10 mM KJ	0.1 mL 17 mM HAuCl ₄