## **Supplementary Material**

## Electronic Structure, Magnetoresistance and Spin Filtering in Gr|2ML-CrI<sub>3</sub>|Gr van der Waals Magnetic Tunnel Junctions

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**FIG. S1** The spin-polarized band structure and the density of state (DOS) of the monolayer  $CrI_3$  obtained with PBE+U calculations. The blue and red curves denote the spin-up and spin-down bands (left panel), respectively; blue and green lines denote the Cr and I atoms (right panel), respectively.

FIG. S2 The band structure of the graphene monolayer obtained with PBE+U calculations.

**FIG. S3.** (a) Spin-up density difference and (b) spin-down density difference  $\rho = \rho_{(\text{Heter})} - \rho_{(\text{CrI3})} - \rho_{(\text{Gr})}$  of Gr|2ML-CrI<sub>3</sub>|Gr heterostructure from side-view (Isosurface value: 0.0015 e/Å<sup>3</sup>). Green and blue colors denote the accumulation and depletion of density regions, respectively.

**FIG. S4.** Band structures of Gr|2ML-CrI<sub>3</sub>(AB')|Gr heterostructure with inter-layer ferromagetic (FM) ordering between CrI<sub>3</sub> layers.

**FIG. S5.** Band structures of  $Gr|2ML-CrI_3(AB')|Gr$  heterostructure with inter-layer antiferromagetic (AFM) ordering between  $CrI_3$  layers.



**FIG. S1** The spin-polarized band structure and the density of state (DOS) of the monolayer  $CrI_3$  obtained with PBE+U calculations. The blue and red curves denote the spin-up and spin-down bands (left panel), respectively; blue and green lines denote the Cr and I atoms (right panel), respectively.



FIG. S2 The band structure of the graphene monolayer obtained with PBE+U calculations.



**FIG. S3.** (a) Spin-up density difference and (b) spin-down density difference  $\rho = \rho_{(Heter)} - \rho_{(CrI3)} - \rho_{(Gr)}$  of Gr|2ML-CrI<sub>3</sub>|Gr heterostructure from side-view (Isosurface value: 0.0015 e/Å<sup>3</sup>). Green and blue colors denote the accumulation and depletion of density regions, respectively.

Note:

(i) The charge transferred from the spin-up states is more than that from the spindown states for Gr layers, resulting in the negative magnetic moment on C atoms; (ii) all the charges transferred from Gr layers are filled in the spin-up states of  $CrI_3$  layers, indicating that the band gap and thus the spin-dependent tunneling barrier height will be changed to influence the transport properties; (iii) charge transfers from the spindown states (blue colors in Fig.S3b) to the spin-up states in Cr atoms (green colors in Fig.S3a) will enhance the local magnetic moment of Cr atoms.



**FIG. S4.** Band structures of Gr|2ML-CrI<sub>3</sub>(AB')|Gr heterostructure with inter-layer ferromagetic (FM) ordering between CrI<sub>3</sub> layers.



**FIG. S5.** Band structures of  $Gr|2ML-CrI_3(AB')|Gr$  heterostructure with inter-layer antiferromagetic (AFM) ordering between  $CrI_3$  layers.