

Figure S1. A schematic illustration of the layer-by-layer solution coating method to prepare CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>.

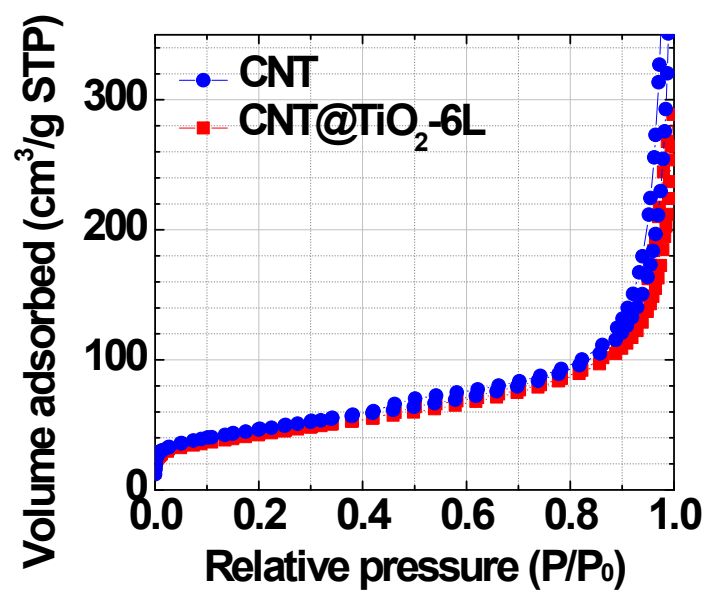


Figure S2. N<sub>2</sub> adsorption/desorption isotherms of CNT and CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>.

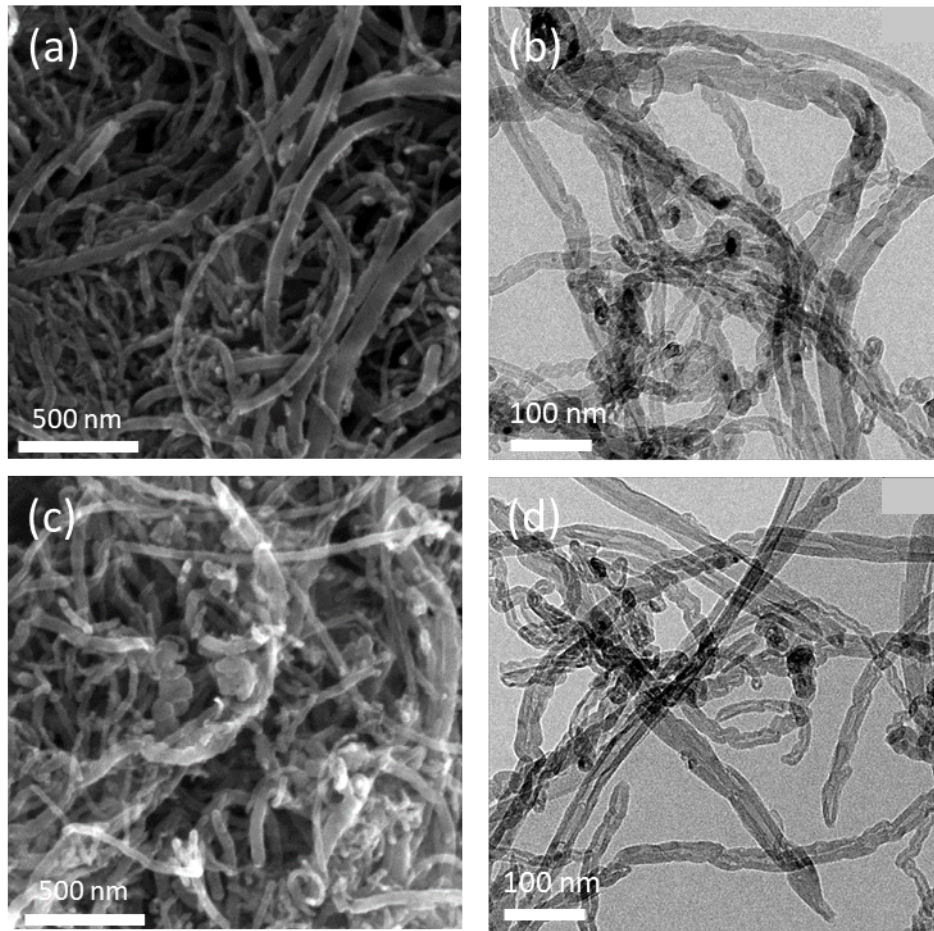


Figure S3. (a) SEM and (b) TEM images of as-purchased multiwall CNTs. (c) SEM and (d) TEM images of acid-treated CNTs.

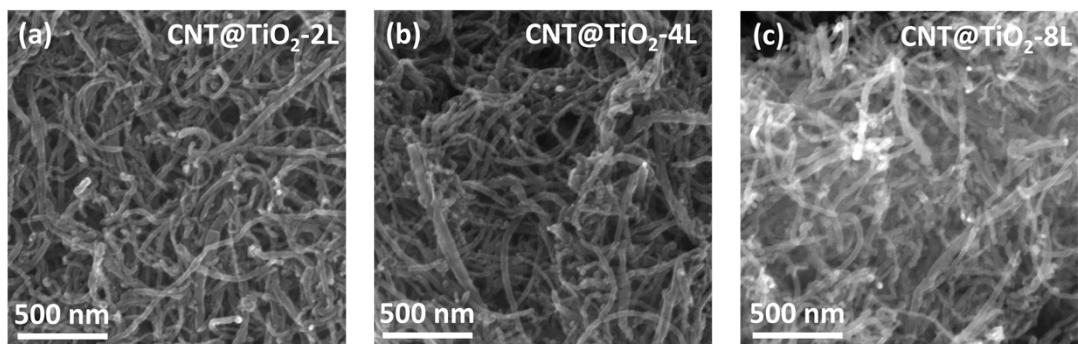


Figure S4. SEM images of (a) CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>-2L, (b) CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>-4L and (c) CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>-8L nanocomposites.

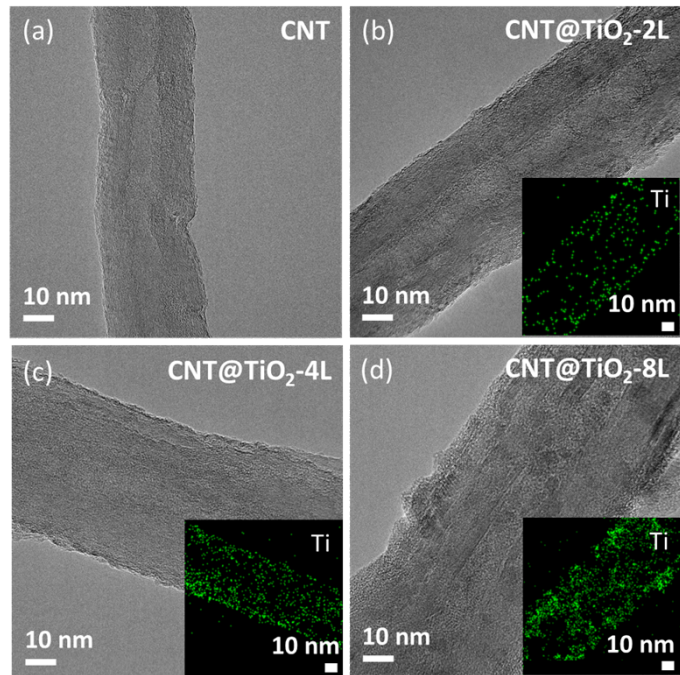


Figure S5. TEM images of (a) CNT, (b) CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>-2L, (c) CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>-4L and (d) CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>-8L nanocomposites. Insets are EDS mapping images for Ti.

Table S1. Titanium (Ti) composition in CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>-nL (n=2, 4, 6, and 8) nanocomposites measured using EDS.

Sample name	Ti (at.%)
CNT@TiO <sub>2</sub> -2L	1.1
CNT@TiO <sub>2</sub> -4L	3.4
CNT@TiO <sub>2</sub> -6L	5.3
CNT@TiO <sub>2</sub> -8L	5.5

Table S2. Ir content in Ir/CNT and Ir/CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>-nL (n=2, 4, 6, and 8) nanocomposites measured using ICP-MS.

Sample name	Ir (wt.%)
Ir/CNT	38.8
Ir/CNT@TiO <sub>2</sub> -2L	39.2
Ir/CNT@TiO <sub>2</sub> -4L	39.4
Ir/CNT@TiO <sub>2</sub> -6L	39.3
Ir/CNT@TiO <sub>2</sub> -8L	38.6

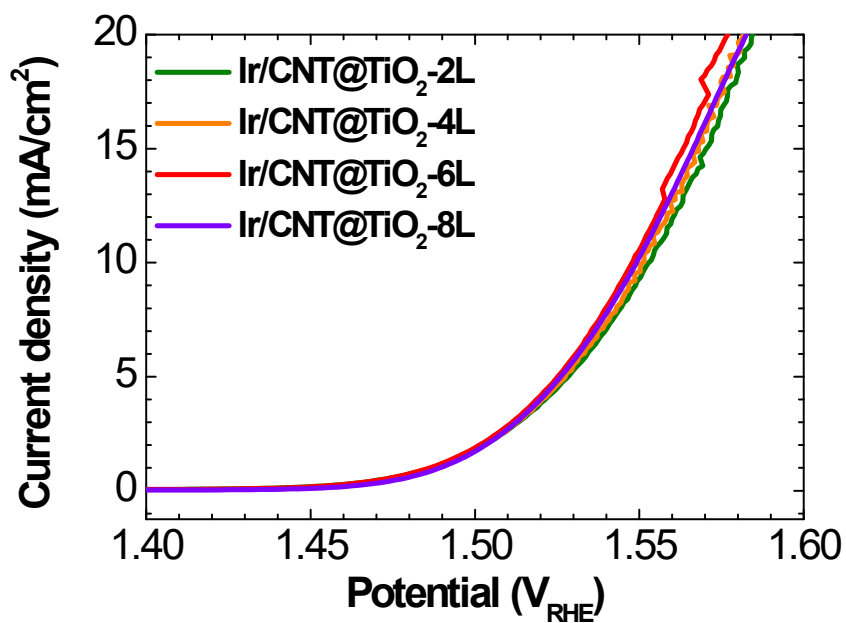


Figure S6. Polarization curve of Ir/CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>-nL (n=2, 4, 6, and 8).

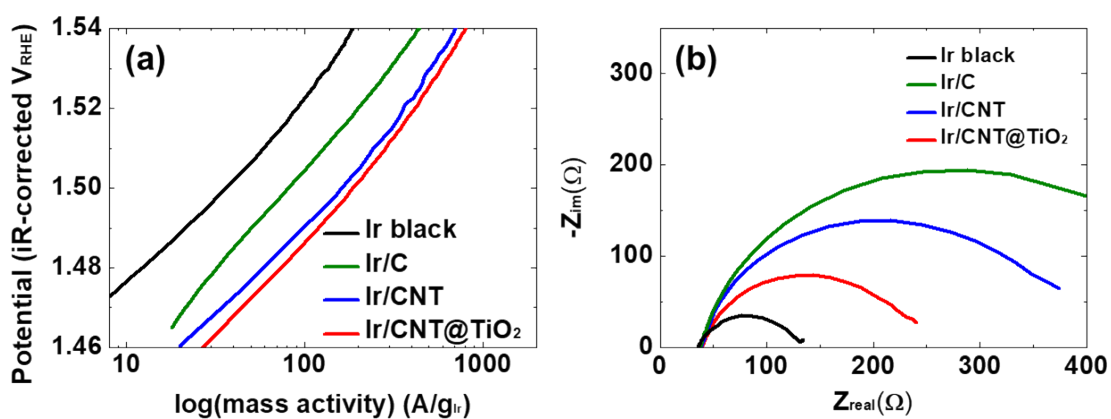


Figure S7. (a) Tafel plots and (b) Nyquist plots for Ir black, Ir/C, Ir/CNT and Ir/CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>.

Table S3. OER mass activity of Ir/CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub> and previously-reported supported Ir-based catalysts measured in acidic media.

Catalyst	Electrolyte	Activity ( $A g^{-1}_{Ir}$ )			Reference
		1.525 V	1.53 V	1.55 V	
<b>Ir/CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub></b>	<b>0.05 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub></b>	<b>496</b>	<b>587</b>	<b>1055</b>	<b>This work</b>
Ir/ATO-10-NF	<b>0.05 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub></b>			1750	<b>[1]</b>
Ir/TiO <sub>2</sub> -MoO <sub>x</sub>	0.05 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>			573	<b>[2]</b>
IrO <sub>x</sub> /ATO <sup>b</sup>	0.05 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>		100 <sup>a</sup>		<b>[3]</b>
IrO <sub>2</sub> /TiO <sub>2</sub>	0.1 M HClO <sub>4</sub>	70			<b>[4]</b>
IrO <sub>2</sub> /TiO <sub>2</sub>	0.1 M HClO <sub>4</sub>	51			<b>[5]</b>
IrO <sub>2</sub> /NbTiO <sub>2</sub>	0.1 M HClO <sub>4</sub>			190 <sup>a</sup>	<b>[6]</b>
IrO <sub>2</sub> /NbTiO <sub>2</sub>	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>			160 <sup>a</sup>	<b>[7]</b>
IrRuO <sub>x</sub> /NbTiO <sub>2</sub>	0.5 M H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>			570 <sup>a</sup>	<b>[8]</b>

<sup>a</sup> graph-derived values, <sup>b</sup> ATO(Antimony doped tin oxide)

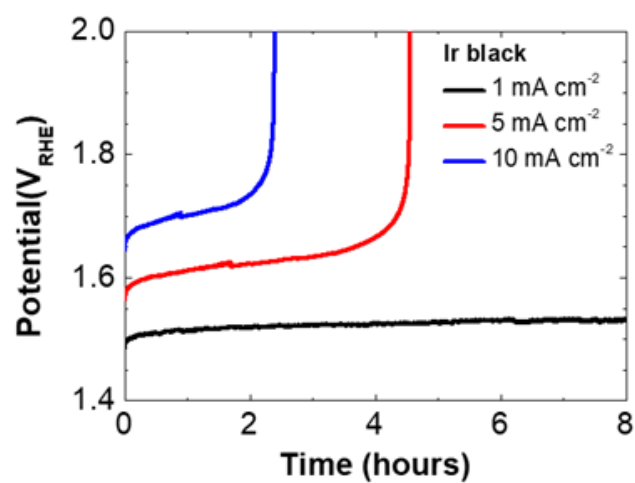


Figure S8. Chronopotentiometry curves of Ir black at 1, 5 and 10 mA cm<sup>-2</sup>. (Measurement conditions; 37.5 μg<sub>Ir</sub>·cm<sup>-2</sup>, Ar-saturated 0.05 M H<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> solution, 1600 rpm, 25 °C)

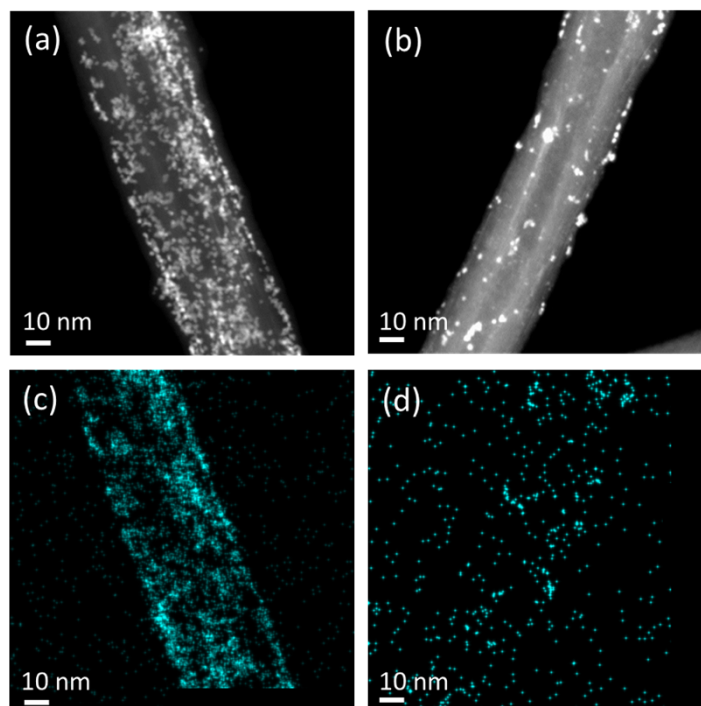


Figure S9. (a), (b) HAADF STEM images of Ir/CNT and (c), (d) EDS elemental mapping

image for Ir (a), (c) before and (b), (d) after the durability test.

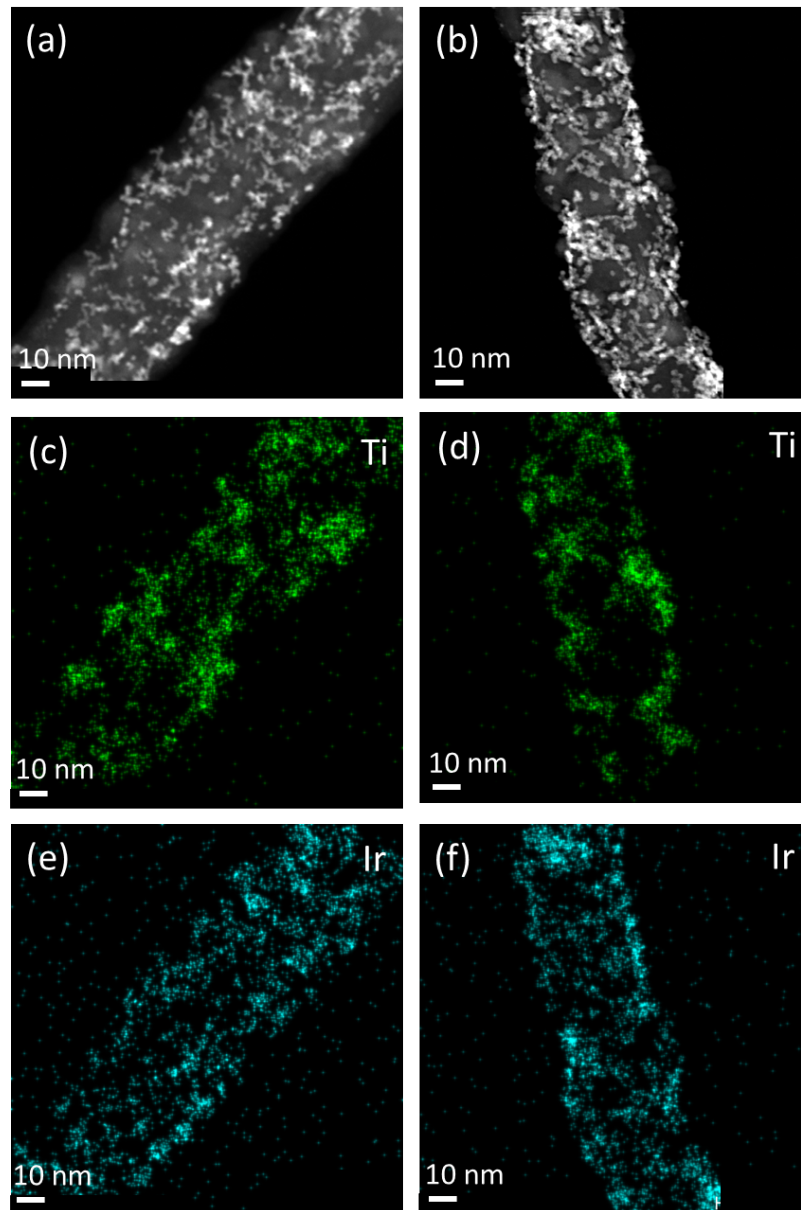


Figure S10. (a), (b) HAADF STEM images of Ir/CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub> and EDS elemental mapping image for (c), (d) Ti and (e), (f) Ir (a), (c), (e) before and (b), (d), (f) after the durability test.



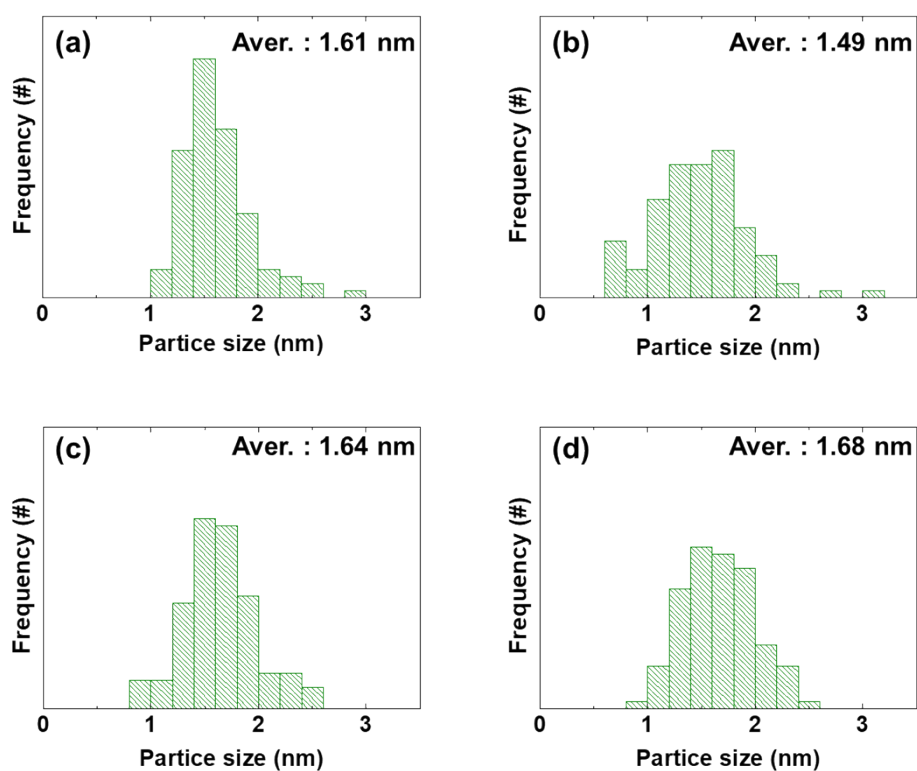


Figure S11. Particle size distribution of Ir nanoparticles of (a),(b) the Ir/CNT and (c),(d) the Ir/CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub> before and after the durability test.

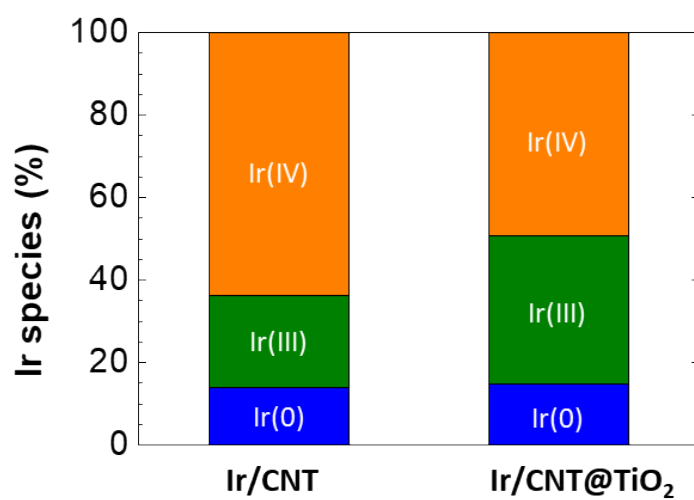


Figure S12. Composition of Ir species for Ir/CNT and Ir/CNT@TiO<sub>2</sub>

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