SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIAL



Fig. S1. Area per lipid, RMSD and radius of gyration (Rg) values of wild-type and mutant DDR2-risperidone systems. Area per lipid (A), RMSD (B), and Rg (C) values of $DDR2_{WT}$ -risperidone (black line), $DDR2_{L94A}$ -risperidone (red line), $DDR2_{W100L}$ -risperidone (blue line) and $DDR2_{W100A}$ -risperidone (magenta line).



Fig. S2. RMSF analysis of wild-type and mutant DRD2-risperidone systems. A) RMSF values of the $DDR2_{WT}$ -risperidone (black line) and $DDR2_{L94A}$ -risperidone (red line) systems. B) RMSF values of the $DDR2_{WT}$ -risperidone (black line) and $DDR2_{W100L}$ -risperidone (red line) systems. C) RMSF values of the $DDR2_{WT}$ -risperidone (black line) and $DDR2_{W100L}$ -risperidone (red line) systems.



Fig. S3. Protein–ligand interactions of the cocrystallized ligand (risperidone) in DDR2 (PDB entry 6CM4, chain A).



Fig. S4. Graphic depiction of the projection on wild-type and mutant DRD2-ligand systems. Depiction of the two extreme projections along PC1 vs. PC2 for $DDR2_{WT}$ -risperidone (A), $DDR2_{L94A}$ -risperidone (B), $DDR2_{W100L}$ -risperidone (C) and $DDR2_{W100A}$ -risperidone (D). Porcupine drawings indicate the magnitude and direction of movements.



Fig. S5. Interactions around 4 Å of residue at 100 positions of wild type and mutant DDR2risperidone systems. $DDR2_{WT}$ -risperidone (A), $DDR2_{L94A}$ -risperidone (B), $DDR2_{W100L}$ risperidone (C) and $DDR2_{W100A}$ -risperidone (D). Residue at 100 position and residues around 4 Å of it are in salmon and green stick representations.