Formal nucleophilic pyrrolylmethylation via palladium-based auto-tandem catalysis: switchable regiodivergent synthesis and remote chirality transfer

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1. General methods

Unless otherwise noted, all reactions were carried out at ambient temperature; when the reactions required heating, the heat source was oil bath. ¹H NMR (400 or 600 MHz), ¹³C NMR (100 or 150 MHz) and ¹⁹F NMR (375 MHz) spectra were recorded on Varian INOVA-400/54, Agilent DD2-600/54 or Bruker AscendTM 400 instruments (Chemical shifts were reported in ppm from tetramethylsilane with the solvent resonance as the internal standard in CDCl₃ solution, unless otherwise noted). The following abbreviations were used to explain the multiplicities: s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, dd = double doublet, dt = double triplet; m = multiplet, brs = broad singlet andcoupling constants (J) are reported in Hertz (Hz). High resolution mass spectra (HRMS) were recorded on a Waters SYNAPT G2, Agilent G1969-85000 or Shimadzu LCMS-IT-TOF using a timeof-flight mass spectrometer equipped with electrospray ionization (ESI) source. X-ray diffraction experiments were carried out on an Agilent Xcalibur or Bruker APEX-II CCD diffractometer, and the data obtained were deposited at the Cambridge Crystallographic Data Centre (CCDC 2184605 and 2184606). In each case, enantiomeric excess was determined by HPLC (Agilent Technologies: 1220 Infinity II, 1200 Series, 1260 Infinity) analysis on a chiral column in comparison with authentic racemate, using a using a Daicel chiralpak IB Column (250 × 4.6 mm), Daicel chiralpak AS-H Column (250 × 4.6 mm), Daicel Chiralpak AD-H Column (250 × 4.6 mm) or Daicel Chiralpak IC Column (250×4.6 mm). UV detection was monitored at 254 nm. The specific optical rotation was obtained from Rudolph Research Analytical Autopol I automatic polarimeter in CHCl3 solution at 25 °C. The melting point was obtained from WRX-4 Mel-Temp apparatus. Column chromatography was performed on silica gel (200–300 mesh) eluting with ethyl acetate (EtOAc)/petroleum ether. TLC was performed on glass-backed silica plates. UV light, I₂, and solution of potassium permanganate were used to visualize products or starting materials. All chemicals were used without purification as commercially available unless otherwise noted. Petroleum ether and EtOAc were distilled. Experiments involving moisture and/or air sensitive components were performed under a positive pressure of argon in oven-dried glassware equipped with a rubber septum inlet. Toluene was freshly distilled from CaH₂ under an atmosphere of dry argon. Dry solvents and liquid reagents were transferred by oven-dried syringe.

2. Preparation and characterization of starting materials

The propargylamines 1,^{1a,1b} allylic carbonate 2,^{1c} aldehyde imines 3,² 1,6-enynes 5,^{3a,3b} and 9^{3c,3d} were prepared according to the literature procedure. Compounds 1a–c,^{1a,1b} 2,^{1c} 3a–m,² 5a,^{3a} 5b–c,^{3b} 9^{3c} and 17^{3d} are know compounds and the spectroscopic data were consistent with the literature report.

2.1 Preparation of 1,6-enyne 5



To a solution of aldimine **3** (4.0 mmol) in distilled THF (10.0 mL) was added vinylmagnesium bromide (5.0 mL, 1.25 equiv, 5.0 mmol, 1 M in THF) dropwise under argon atmosphere at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred for 2 h at room temperature. After completion (monitored by TLC), the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl aqueous solution and extracted with EtOAc (20.0 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10.0 mL × 2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/10) to give **S1**. The allylic amine **S1** (2.0 mmol) was dissolved in DMF (5.0 mL) and potassium carbonate (0.30 g, 1.1 equiv, 2.2 mmol) was added. The mixture was stired at room temperature for 10 min before propargyl bromide (0.20 mL, 1.1 equiv, 2.2 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After completion (monitored by TLC), the reaction was quenched with water and extracted with EtOAc (20.0 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10.0 mL × 2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/20) to give 1,6-enyne substrate **5**.

Characterization for selected 1,6-enynes 5



112, 111), 5.15 (d, J = 17.0 112, 111), 4.14 (dd, J = 16.0, 2.4 112, 111), 5.76 (dd, J = 16.0, 2.4 112, 111), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.03 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 143.3, 137.8, 137.7, 134.8, 134.2, 129.24, 129.20, 128.1, 127.9, 119.0, 79.5, 72.6, 63.6, 33.8, 21.6, 21.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $C_{20}H_{21}NO_2SNa^+$ 362.1185; Found 362.1192.

Ts

 $N-(1-(4-Chlorophenyl)allyl)-4-methyl-N-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (5e): white solid, 430 mg, 79% yield for two steps; mp 103–105 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): <math>\delta$ (ppm) 7.77 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33–7.17 (m, 6H), 6.23–6.07 (m, 1H), 5.56 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 5.27 (d, J = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 5.15 (d, J = 17.0 Hz, 1H),

4.13 (dd, J = 18.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.81 (dd, J = 18.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.05 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 143.5, 137.4, 136.4, 133.9, 133.5, 129.6, 129.3, 128.7, 127.8, 119.8, 79.1, 73.0, 63.1, 34.0, 21.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₁₉H₁₈³⁵ClNO₂SNa⁺ 382.0639; Found 382.0634; Calcd for C₁₉H₁₈³⁷ClNO₂SNa⁺ 384.0609; Found 384.0608.

= N-(1-(Furan-2-yl)allyl)-4-methyl-N-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (5f):white solid, 482 mg, 76% yield for two steps; mp 59–61 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.81 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.26–7.24 (m, 1H), 7.02–6.80 (m, 2H), 6.32–6.12 (m, 1H), 5.81 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 5.38–5.21 (m, 2H), 4.17 (dd, J = 18.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.88 (dd, J = 18.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.05 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 143.5, 141.6, 137.4, 133.7, 129.3, 127.8, 127.1, 126.9, 126.2, 119.4, 79.3, 72.6, 59.6, 33.4, 21.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₁₇H₁₇NO₃SNa⁺ 338.0821; Found 338.0829.

4-Methyl-*N***-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)***-N***-(1-(thiophen-2-yl)allyl)benzenesulfonamide (5g)**: white solid, 476 mg, 73% yield for two steps; mp 62–64 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.79 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.30–7.27 (m, 2H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 4.0 Hz, 1H), 6.32–6.26 (m, 1H), 6.24–6.19 (m, 1H), 6.18–6.03 (m, 1H), 5.70 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.34 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 5.33–5.25 (m, 1H), 4.03 (dd, *J* = 18.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.94 (dd, *J* = 18.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.97 (t, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 150.7, 143.3, 142.6, 137.3, 132.5, 129.2, 127.8, 119.4, 110.3, 109.9, 78.9, 71.9, 57.3, 33.7, 21.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₁₇H₁₇NO₂S₂Na⁺ 354.0593; Found 354.0601.

(E)-4-Methyl-N-(1-phenylpenta-1,4-dien-3-yl)-N-(prop-2-yn-1yl)benzenesulfonamide (5h): white solid, 325 mg, 52% yield for two steps; mp 53–55 °C; ¹H NMR $(400 MHz, CDCl₃): <math>\delta$ (ppm) 7.80 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.36–7.19 (m, 7H), 6.38 (d, J =1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.21 (dd, J = 16.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 6.07–5.85 (m, 1H), 5.31–5.21 (m, 2H), 5.17–5.07 (m, 1H), 4.18 (dd, J = 18.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.08 (dd, J = 18.4, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.16 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 143.4, 137.5, 136.2, 134.8, 133.8, 129.3, 128.5, 128.0, 127.8, 126.5, 125.5, 119.0, 79.9, 72.8, 61.8, 33.7, 21.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₁H₂₁NO₂SNa⁺ 374.1185; Found 374.1186.

= N-(Hept-1-en-3-yl)-4-methyl-N-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide(5i): colorless oil, 388 mg, 65% yield for two steps; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.78 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.81–5.59 (m, 1H), 5.23–4.83 (m, 2H), 4.40–4.28 (m, 1H), 4.10 (dd, J = 18.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (dd, J = 18.6, 2.4 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.14 (t, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 1.71–1.58 (m, 2H), 1.36–1.16 (m, 4H), 0.83 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 143.2, 137.8, 136.0, 129.3, 127.6, 117.7, 79.9, 72.1, 60.0, 32.4, 31.4, 28.4, 22.3, 21.5, 13.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₁₇H₂₃NO₂SNa⁺ 328.1342; Found 328.1344.

4-Methyl-*N***-(4-methylpent-1-en-3-yl)***-N***-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (5j)**: white solid, 412 mg, 68% yield for two steps; mp 35–37 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.75 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 9.2 Hz, 2H), 5.83–5.65 (m, 1H), 5.07 (d, *J* = 10.4 Hz, 1H), 4.98 (d, *J* = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, *J* = 18.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.99 (dd, *J* = 18.6, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 3.94–3.86 (m, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.13 (t, *J* = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.03–1.87 (m, 1H), 0.99 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H), 0.89 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 143.1, 137.7, 134.3, 129.2, 127.7, 119.2, 79.6, 72.5, 67.6, 33.1, 29.7, 21.5, 20.22, 20.17; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₁₆H₂₁NO₂SNa⁺ 314.1185; Found 314.1194.

= N-(1-Cyclohexylallyl)-4-methyl-N-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (5k):white solid, 476 mg, 78% yield for two steps; mp 69–72 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.74 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.24 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.90–5.59 (m, 1H), 5.05 (d, J = 10.2 Hz, 1H), 4.95 (d, J = 17.2 Hz, 1H), 4.05 (dd, J = 18.4, 2.6 Hz, 1H), 4.02–3.93 (m, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.13 (t, J = 2.6 Hz, 1H), 2.01–1.86 (m, 1H), 1.81–1.59 (m, 4H), 1.27–1.10 (m, 4H), 1.02–0.76 (m, 2H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 143.1, 137.7, 134.0, 129.2, 127.7, 119.2, 79.6, 72.3, 66.5, 38.7, 33.0, 30.6, 30.3, 26.2, 26.1, 25.8, 21.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₁₉H₂₅NO₂SNa⁺ 354.1498; Found 354.1507.

2.2 Preparation of chiral propargyl amine (S)-1



To a stirred solution of isopropylmagnesium chloride (10.0 mL, 2.0 equiv, 20.0 mmol, 2 M in THF) was added ethynyltrimethylsilane (3.4 mL, 2.4 equiv, 24 mmol) at 0 °C under argon atmosphere. The mixture was stirred for 30 min before warmed to room temperature, and stirred for another 10 min. The freshly prepared trimethylsilylethynylmagnesium chloride solution was added to a stirred solution of (R_s)-N-benzylidene-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide **S2a** (2.09 g, 10.0 mmol) in dry DCM (50.0 mL) dropwise at -78 °C under argon atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 2 h before warmed gradually to room temperature and stirred for another 5 h. After completion (monitored by TLC), the reaction was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution and extracted with EtOAc (20.0 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10.0 mL × 2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/10) to give **S3a**: 2.50 g (8.14 mmol), as a white solid, 81% yield.

Hydrogen chloride ethanol solution (4.0 mL, 2.0 equiv, 16 mmol, 4 M) was added to a stirred solution of **S3a** (2.46 g, 8.00 mmol) in ethanol (20.0 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. After completion (monitored by TLC), ethanol was removed in vacuo. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (50.0 mL) and basified with 10% sodium hydroxide solution to pH 11. The organic layer was separated, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in DCM (70.0 mL), tosyl chloride (2.30 g, 1.5 equiv, 12.0 mmol) and pyridine (1.9 mL, 3.0 equiv, 24 mmol) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred at 45 °C overnight. After completion, the reaction was quenched with water and extracted with DCM (20.0 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10.0 mL × 2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/10 to 1/5) to give **S4a**: 1.70 g (4.76 mmol), as a white solid, 59% yield.

To a stirred solution of **S4a** (1.80 g, 5.03 mmol) in THF (20.0 mL) was added tetrabutylammonium fluoride solution (6.0 mL, 1.2 equiv, 6.0 mmol, 1 M in THF) under argon atmosphere at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 10 min. After completion (monitored by

TLC), the reaction mixture was quenched with saturated NH₄Cl solution and extracted with EtOAc (20.0 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10.0 mL × 2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/10 to 1/5) to give crude product (*S*)-**1b** as a white solid. The solid was dissolved in hot EtOAc (10.0 mL) and petroleum ether (5.0 mL), and the resultant solution was gradually cooled to room temperature and left for 1 h. The solid (*S*)-**1b** was collected by filtration: 1.10 g (3.85 mmol), as a whilte solid, 77% yield; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 27.0$ (*c* = 0.46 in CHCl₃); 99% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak IB, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 95/5, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 220 nm) t_R = 21.08 min (major), t_R = 23.23 min (minor). The NMR spectra were consistent with the literature report.^{1b}

The chiral propargyl amine (*S*)-1c was obtained as a whilte solid via the same procedure described above: 73% yield; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 44.3$ (*c* = 0.56 in CHCl₃); 95% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak IC, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 220 nm) t_R = 14.54 min (major), t_R = 17.34 min (minor). The NMR spectra were consistent with the literature report.^{1b}

2.3 Procedure for preparation of enantioenriched 1,6-enyne (R)-5b



To a stirred solution of dimethylzinc (12.8 mL, 1.7 equiv, 12.8 mmol, 1 M in toluene) was added vinylmagnesium bromide (11.3 mL, 1.5 equiv, 11.3 mmol) at 0 °C under argon. The mixture was stirred at 0 °C for 30 min. The freshly prepared divinylzinc solution was added to a stirred solution of (*Rs*)-*N*-benzylidene-2-methylpropane-2-sulfinamide **S2** (1.57 g, 7.50 mmol) in distilled THF (35.0 mL) dropwise at -78 °C under argon atmosphere. The mixture was stirred at -78 °C for 2 h before warmed gradually to room temperature and stirred for another 5 h. After completion, the reaction was quenched with 0.5 M hydrochloric acid solution and extracted with EtOAc (20.0 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10.0 mL × 2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/10) to give **S5**: 1.30 g (5.48 mmol), as a colorless oil, 73% yield.

Hydrogen chloride ethanol solution (2.5 mL, 2.0 equiv, 10 mmol, 4M) was added to a stirred

solution of **S5** (1.19 g, 5.02 mmol) in ethanol (15.0 mL) at 0 °C. The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 2 h. After completion (monitored by TLC), ethanol was removed in vacuo. The residue was diluted with EtOAc (50.0 mL) and basified with 10% sodium hydroxide solution to pH 11. The organic layer was separated, washed with brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was dissolved in DCM (60.0 mL), tosyl chloride (1.14 g, 1.2 equiv, 6.00 mmol) and triethylamine (1.4 mL, 2.0 equiv, 10 mmol) were added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After completion (monitored by TLC), the reaction was quenched with water and extracted with DCM (20.0 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10.0 mL × 2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/10 to 1/5) to give (*R*)-**S1b**: 1.03 g (3.58 mmol), as a yellow solid, 72% yield.

(*R*)-**S1b** (0.86 g, 3.0 mmol) and potassium carbonate (0.46 g, 1.1 equiv, 3.3 mmol) were added to DMF (10.0 mL). The mixture was stired at room temperature for 10 min, and propargyl bromide (0.28 mL, 1.1 equiv, 3.3 mmol) was added. The mixture was stirred at room temperature overnight. After completion (monitored by TLC), the reaction was quenched with water and extracted with EtOAc (10.0 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (10.0 mL × 2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/20) to give (*R*)-**5b**: 0.80 g (2.4 mmol), as a whilte solid, 82% yield; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 16.9$ (*c* = 0.49 in CHCl₃); 87% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak AS-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 90/10, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 16.56 min (major), t_R = 23.75 min (minor). The NMR spectra were consistent with the literature report.^{3b}

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3. Detailed screening conditions

Table S3.1. Detailed screening conditions for synthesis of $4a^a$

	TsHN	OBoc + + Ph 2a 3a	[Pd] (10 mc NTs L (20 mol ⁶ Acid (x mol Solvent, 4 Å 70 °C, Ar, 2	N%) %) MS 24 h 4	A NHTS Ph	5a
	PAr ₃ L1 Ar = Ph L2 Ar = 4-N L3 Ar = 4-F R^2 R^1	PPh ₂ C_6H_4 C_6H_4 A1 R ¹ = R ² = H A2 R ¹ = H, R ² = F A3 R ¹ = R ² = Me	$ \begin{array}{c} PPh_{2} \\ Ph_{1} \\ Ph_{2} \\ Ph_{2} \\ Ph_{2} \\ Ph_{2} \\ Ph_{3} \\ Ph_{4} \\ Ph_$	Ph_2P PP L5 BnCO ₂ H A5	h ₂ O L6 CO ₂ H A6 A7	PCy ₂ O
Entry	[Pd]	L	Acid	х	Solvent	Yield $(\%)^b$
1	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L1	A1	20	toluene	54
2	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L2	A1	20	toluene	53
3	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L3	A1	20	toluene	NR
4	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L4	A1	20	toluene	NR
5	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L5	A1	20	toluene	NR
6	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L6	A1	20	toluene	trace
7	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A1	0	toluene	5a , 95
8	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A1	10	toluene	50
9	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A1	20	toluene	58
10	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A1	40	toluene	68
11	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A1	80	toluene	68
12	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A1	100	toluene	64
13	Pd(PPh3)4	/	A2	40	toluene	86
14	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A3	40	toluene	54
15	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A4	40	toluene	65
16	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A5	40	toluene	66

17	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A6	40	toluene	47
18	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A7	40	toluene	50
19	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A2	40	THF	trace
20	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A2	40	xylene	41
21 ^c	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A2	40	toluene	70
22^d	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A2	40	toluene	80
22 ^e	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A2	40	toluene	80

^{*a*} Unless noted otherwise, reactions were performed with **1a** (0.1 mmol), **2a** (0.1 mmol), **3a** (0.05 mmol), [Pd] source (10 mol%), L (20 mol%), acid (x mol%) and 4 Å MS (20 mg) in degassed dry solvent (0.5 mL) at 70 °C for 24 h under Ar. ^{*b*} Yield of isolated product **4a**. ^{*c*} At 60 °C. ^{*d*} At 80 °C. ^{*e*} Without 4 Å MS. NR = no reaction.

Table S3.2. Detailed screening conditions for the regiodivergent tandem reaction^a

	Ph $3a$ $+$ R^2 $+$ R^2 $+$ R^2 $+$ R^2 $+$ $ -$	$R^{1} = R^{1}$ $R^{2} = R$ $R^{2} = R$ $R^{2} = R$	[Pd] (10 mol%) L (20 mol%) Acid (x mol%) Toluene, 4 Å MS 70 °C, Ar, 12 h	Ph N Ts 7a	NHTs Ph NHTs A Ph + NHTs N Ts 8a	Ph
Entry	[Pd]	L	Acid	х	Yield $(\%)^b$	rr ^c
1	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A1	20	75	52:48
2	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A2	20	65	63:37
3	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A3	20	60	54:46
4	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A4	20	52	69:31
5	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A1	50	90	75:25
6	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A1	100	91	94:6
7	$Pd(OAc)_2$	/	A1	20	48	60:40
8	[Pd(allyl)Cl] ₂	PPh ₃	A1	20	36	67:33
9	Pd(allyl)Cp	PPh ₃	A1	20	71	13:87
10	Pd(PPh ₃) ₂ Cl ₂	PPh ₃	A1	20	NR	/
11	Pd(MeCN) ₂ Cl ₂	PPh ₃	A1	20	NR	/
12	Pd(MeCN) ₂ (BF ₄) ₂	PPh ₃	A1	20	NR	/

13	Pd(allyl)Cp	PPh ₃	A2	20	80	40:60
14	Pd(allyl)Cp	PPh ₃	A3	20	82	8:92
15	Pd(allyl)Cp	PPh ₃	A4	20	47	24:76
16	Pd(allyl)Cp	PPh ₃	A5	20	trace	/
17	Pd(allyl)Cp	PPh ₃	A6	20	trace	/
18	Pd(allyl)Cp	PPh ₃	A3	10	46	10:90
19	Pd(allyl)Cp	PPh ₃	A3	40	56	22:78
20	Pd(allyl)Cp	PPh ₃	A3	60	68	33:67
21	Pd(allyl)Cp	PPh ₃	A3	100	62	44:56
22 ^{<i>d</i>}	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A1	100	87	96:4
23 ^{<i>d</i>}	Pd(allyl)Cp	PPh ₃	A3	20	73	30:70
24 ^e	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄	/	A2	40	80	95:5

^{*a*} Unless noted otherwise, reactions were performed with 1,6-enyne **5b** (0.1 mmol), imine **3a** (0.05 mmol), [Pd] source (10 mol%), **L** (20 mol%), acid (x mol%) and 4 Å MS (20 mg) in degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) at 70 °C for 12 h under Ar. ^{*b*} Isolated yield. ^{*c*} rr = **7a:8a**, determined by ¹H-NMR analysis. ^{*d*} With **5c** (0.1 mmol) instead of **5b**. ^{*e*} With **1b** (0.1 mmol) and **2a** (0.1 mmol) instead of **5b** at 80 °C for 96 h.

After identifying the optimal palladium source [Pd(allyl)Cp], acid additive (A3) for the synthesis of 8a, other reaction parameters, such as solvent, temperature and concentration were further screened. The results were summarized in Table S3.3.

Table S3.3. Detailed screening conditions for the synthesis of $8a^a$

	NTs Ph + N 3a 5	$ \begin{array}{c} Pd(allyl)Cp\\ L1 (20)\\ A3 (20)\\ Ph \\ Solvent\\ T °C, A b $	(10 mol%) mol%) mol%) , 4 Å MS Ar, 12 h	Ph A B A B A B A A A A A A A A A A A A A	IHTs Ph
Entry	Solvent	<i>T</i> (°C)	Conc.	Yield $(\%)^b$	rr^{c}
1	toluene	60	0.1 M	bad conv.	/
2	toluene	60	0.2 M	38	16:84
3	toluene	70	0.05 M	bad conv.	/
4	toluene	70	0.2 M	66	7:97

5	toluene	80	0.1 M	55	27:73
6	toluene	80	0.2 M	48	16:84
7	THF	70	0.1 M	trace	/
8	xylene	70	0.1 M	60	8:92
9	PhCF ₃	70	0.1 M	43	19:81

^{*a*} Unless noted otherwise, reactions were performed with 1,6-enyne **5b** (0.1 mmol), imine **3a** (0.05 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (10 mol%), PPh₃ (20 mol%), **A3** (20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (20 mg) in degassed dry solvent for 12 h under Ar. ^{*b*} Isolated yield of **8a**. ^{*c*} rr = **7a**:**8a**, determined by ¹H NMR analysis.

4. General procedure for synthesis of products 4



General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a** (31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), aldimine **3** (0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h to 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5 to 1/4) to give product **4**.

Synthesis of 4a: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a** (31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4a**: 43.7 mg (0.0859 mmol), as a white solid, 86% yield; mp 76–78 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.63 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.44 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.27 (d, J = 9.8 Hz, 2H), 7.20–7.07 (m, 5H), 7.02–6.89 (m, 2H), 6.74–6.70 (m, 1H), 6.67–6.60 (m, 1H), 4.72 (d, J = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.31 (dt, J = 6.8, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.72 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.64 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.8, 143.3, 140.3, 136.9, 136.1, 129.9, 129.4, 128.4, 127.6, 127.0, 126.7, 126.5, 124.2, 123.6, 119.3, 118.4, 57.5, 33.7, 21.6, 21.5, 9.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₇H₂₈N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 531.1383; Found 531.1383.



Synthesis of 4b: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl) benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a**

(31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(2-methylbenzylidene)benzenesulfonamide **3b** (27.3 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4b**: 48.5 mg (0.0928 mmol), as a white solid, 93% yield; mp 49–50 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.99–6.94 (m, 1H), 6.94–6.90 (m, 2H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 6.68–6.63 (m, 1H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.84 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.48 (dt, *J* = 6.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.86–2.59 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.28 (s, 3H), 1.83 (s, 3H), 1.57 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.9, 143.1, 138.6, 136.9, 136.1, 134.8, 130.1, 129.9, 129.3, 127.2, 126.9, 126.7, 126.3, 125.8, 124.3, 123.6, 119.4, 118.2, 53.1, 33.0, 21.6, 21.4, 18.8, 9.8; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₈H₃₀N₂O4S₂Na⁺ 545.1539; Found 545.1537.



Synthesis of 4c: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl) benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate

2a (31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(3-methylbenzylidene)benzenesulfonamide **3c** (27.3 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and

monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4c**: 36.8 mg (0.0704 mmol), as a white solid, 70% yield; mp 58–59 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.56 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.23–7.18 (m, 2H), 7.04 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.99–6.93 (m, 1H), 6.89 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.69 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.65–6.59 (m, 3H), 4.75–4.63 (m, 1H), 4.20 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.63 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 2.11 (s, 3H), 1.58 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.9, 143.4, 138.9, 137.2, 136.3, 135.0, 130.3, 130.1, 129.5, 127.4, 127.1, 126.9, 126.5, 126.0, 124.5, 123.8, 119.6, 118.4, 53.4, 33.3, 21.8, 21.6, 19.1, 10.0; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₈H₃₁N₂O₄S₂⁺ 523.1720; Found 523.1717.



Synthesis of 4d: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl) benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate

2a (31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(4-methylbenzylidene)benzenesulfonamide **3d** (27.3 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4d**: 41.7 mg (0.0797 mmol), as a yellow solid, 80% yield; mp 52–54 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.68–6.62 (m, 1H), 6.60–6.55 (m, 1H), 4.70–4.56 (m, 1H), 4.24–4.07 (m, 1H), 2.64 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 2.21 (s, 3H), 1.58 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.7, 143.2, 137.4, 137.2, 137.0, 136.2, 129.9, 129.4, 129.0, 127.0, 126.7, 126.4, 124.3, 123.9, 119.4, 118.3, 57.3, 33.7, 21.6, 21.5, 21.1, 9.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + H]⁺ Calcd for C₂₈H₃₁N₂O₄S₂⁺ 523.1720; Found 523.1720.



Synthesis of 4e: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl) benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate

2a (31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-ylmethylene]-4-methylbenzene sulfonamide **3e** (33.5 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40

mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4e**: 46.4 mg (0.0794 mmol), as a white solid, 79% yield; mp 55–57 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.48–7.42 (m, 2H), 7.41–7.33 (m, 4H), 7.32–7.22 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.66 (s, 1H), 6.63 (s, 1H), 4.85–4.72 (m, 1H), 4.29 (dt, *J* = 6.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.68 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.29–2.22 (m, 6H), 1.62 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.7, 143.2, 140.5, 140.4, 139.3, 136.9, 136.1, 129.9, 129.4, 128.8, 127.4, 127.01, 127.00, 126.97, 126.94, 126.6, 124.1, 123.6, 119.3, 118.4, 57.2, 33.6, 21.5, 21.4, 9.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₂N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 607.1696; Found 607.1692.



Synthesis of 4f: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl) benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate

2a (31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(4-fluorobenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3f** (27.7 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4f**: 35.6 mg (0.0676 mmol), as a white solid, 68% yield; mp 44–46 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 9.8 Hz, 3H), 7.06 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.89–6.80 (m, 2H), 6.76–6.67 (m, 2H), 6.69–6.64 (m, 1H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.22 (dt, *J* = 6.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.72–2.53 (m, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.59 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 162.0 (d, ¹*J*_{FC} = 246.2 Hz), 144.9, 143.4, 136.8, 136.2 (d, ⁴*J*_{FC} = 3.3 Hz), 136.0, 130.0, 129.4, 128.2 (d, ³*J*_{FC} = 8.2 Hz), 127.0, 126.7, 124.0, 123.4, 119.3, 118.5, 115.2 (d, ²*J*_{FC} = 21.4 Hz), 56.8, 33.8, 21.6, 21.5, 9.9; ¹⁹F NMR (375 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) – 114.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₇H₂₇FN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 549.1288; Found 549.1287.



Synthesis of 4g: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl) benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate

2a (31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(4-chlorobenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3g** (29.3 mg, 0.0997 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4g**: 40.2 mg (0.0742 mmol), as a white solid, 74% yield; mp 53–54 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.55 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.05 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.98 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 6.80 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 6.71–6.61 (m, 1H), 6.58 (d, J = 2.4 Hz, 1H), 4.87 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.20 (dt, J = 6.8, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 3.81–3.63 (m, 1H), 2.68–2.52 (m, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.59 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.9, 143.5, 138.9, 136.7, 136.0, 133.3, 130.0, 129.5, 128.4, 128.0, 127.0, 126.7, 123.9, 123.2, 119.3, 118.5, 56.9, 33.6, 21.6, 21.5, 9.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₇H₂₇³⁵ClN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 565.0993; Found 565.0993; Calcd for C₂₇H₂₇³⁷ClN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 567.0969; Found 567.0978.



Synthesis of 4h: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl

carbonate **2a** (31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(naphthalen-2-ylmethylene) benzenesulfonamide **3h** (30.9 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4h**: 37.0 mg (0.0662 mmol), as a yellow solid, 66% yield; mp 150–152 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.82–7.71 (m, 1H), 7.64–7.56 (m, 2H), 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.47–7.37 (m, 4H), 7.32 (s, 1H), 7.16–7.07 (m, 3H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.79–6.66 (m, 2H), 5.07–4.83 (m, 1H), 4.50 (dt, *J* = 6.8, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.83 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.23 (s, 3H), 1.69 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR

(100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.7, 143.2, 137.4, 137.0, 136.1, 133.0, 132.8, 129.9, 129.3, 128.4, 127.9, 127.6, 127.0, 126.6, 126.2, 126.04, 125.96, 124.19 124.16, 123.7, 119.5, 118.4, 57.7, 33.5, 21.6, 21.3, 10.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₁H₃₀N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 581.1539; Found 581.1545.



Synthesis of 4i: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl) benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a**

(31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(furan-2-ylmethylene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3i** (24.9 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4i**: 39.7 mg (0.0796 mmol), as a brown solid, 80% yield; mp 74–76 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.62 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.29–7.21 (m, 2H), 7.22–7.16 (m, 3H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 6.64 (s, 1H), 6.20–6.05 (m, 1H), 5.79 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.84–4.72 (m, 1H), 4.48 (dt, *J* = 7.6, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.82 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.40–2.37 (m, 6H), 1.75 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 152.3, 144.7, 143.3, 141.9, 137.3, 136.2, 129.9, 129.5, 126.9, 126.7, 124.3, 123.3, 119.4, 118.1, 110.2, 107.4, 51.6, 30.8, 21.6, 21.5, 9.9; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₅H₂₆N₂O₅S₂Na⁺ 521.1175; Found 521.1185.



Synthesis of 4j: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added, 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl) benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a**

(31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), 4-methyl-*N*-(thiophen-2ylmethylene)benzenesulfonamide **3j** (26.5 mg, 0.0999 mmol), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4j**: 36.9 mg (0.0717 mmol), as a white solid, 72% yield; mp 54–56 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.54 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.47 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.21–7.17 (m, 2H), 7.11 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.03 (dd, J = 5.0, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.71 (dd, J = 5.0, 3.6 Hz, 1H), 6.67–6.64 (m, 1H), 6.63–6.60 (m, 1H), 6.55 (d, J = 3.4 Hz, 1H), 4.69 (d, J = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.64–4.53 (m, 1H), 2.76 (dd, J = 6.8, 2.6 Hz, 2H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 2.32 (s, 3H), 1.69 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.7, 144.2, 143.4, 137.1, 136.1, 129.9, 129.5, 127.0, 126.7, 126.6, 125.0, 124.8, 124.2, 123.3, 119.5, 118.2, 53.4, 34.2, 21.6, 21.5, 10.0; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₅H₂₆N₂O₄S₃Na⁺ 537.0947; Found 537.0956.

Synthesis of 4k: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk NHTs tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-N-(prop-2-yn-1yl)benzenesulfonamide 1a (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl tert-butyl carbonate 2a (31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-N-(3-phenylpropylidene)benzenesulfonamide 3k (28.7 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), A2 (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product 4k: 33.2 mg (0.0618 mmol), as a colorless oil, 62% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.61 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.48 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.18–7.07 (m, 7H), 6.90 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 6.69 (s, 1H), 6.65 (s, 1H), 4.25 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 3.18 (dt, J = 6.8, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.43-2.36 (m, 4H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.72-1.58 (m, 5H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.8, 143.4, 141.0, 137.5, 136.2, 130.0, 129.7, 128.4, 128.3, 127.0, 126.7, 126.0, 124.15, 124.10, 119.1, 118.5, 52.9, 36.1, 31.5, 31.0, 21.6, 21.5, 10.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for C₂₉H₃₂N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 559.1696; Found 559.1686.



Synthesis of 41: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl) benzenesulfonamide **1a** (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a**

(31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(cyclohexylmethylene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3l** (26.5 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash

chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4I**: 11.8 mg (0.0229 mmol), as a colorless oil, 23% yield; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.68 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.29–7.24 (m, 2H), 7.20 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.73 (d, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (s, 1H), 4.42–4.13 (m, 1H), 3.24–2.99 (m, 1H), 2.48–2.42 (m, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.33–2.19 (m, 1H), 1.74 (s, 3H), 1.72–1.60 (m, 3H), 1.54–1.35 (m, 2H), 1.17–0.81 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (150 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.7, 143.2, 137.6, 136.3, 129.9, 129.5, 126.9, 126.7, 124.8, 123.9, 118.9, 118.4, 58.1, 40.6, 28.8, 27.8, 27.6, 26.4, 26.2, 26.1, 21.6, 21.5, 10.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₇H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 537.1852; Found 537.1846

Synthesis of 4m: General procedure A: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a** (31.6 mg, 0.200 mmol), *(E)*-*N*-benzylidene-4-nitrobenzenesulfonamide **3m** (26.5 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4m**: 28.0 mg (0.0519 mmol), as a colorless thick oil, 52% yield: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 8.07 (d, *J* = 8.8 Hz, 2H), 7.68–7.60 (m, 4H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 3H), 7.19–7.06 (m, 3H), 6.97–6.91 (m, 2H), 6.80–6.71 (m, 2H), 5.09 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H), 4.49 (dt, *J* = 7.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.76 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.72 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 149.6, 146.0, 144.9, 139.5, 136.0, 130.0, 128.5, 128.1, 128.0, 126.8, 126.5, 123.9, 123.8, 123.1, 119.3, 118.5, 57.9, 33.6, 21.6, 10.0; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₆H₂₅N₃O₆S₂Na⁺ 562.1077; Found 562.1080.

Reaction with aldimine bearing other protecting groups:



Synthesis of 4n: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added *N*-benzylidenebenzamide 3n (20.9 mg, 0.0999 mmol), *N*-allyl-4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide 5a (49.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg,

0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%) and A1 (2.4 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **4n**: 32.1 mg (0.0700 mmol), as a colorless thick oil, 70% yield: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.70 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 7.56 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.52–7.48 (m, 1H), 7.45–7.41 (m, 2H), 7.35–7.26 (m, 3H), 7.22–7.17 (m, 2H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.81 (s, 1H), 6.76 (s, 1H), 6.38 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 3.04–2.86 (m, 2H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.82 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 166.7, 144.5, 141.4, 136.2, 134.4, 131.6, 129.8, 128.73, 128,67, 127.6, 126.9, 126.62, 126.56, 124.71, 124.66, 119.1, 118.3, 53.5, 32.2, 21.6, 10.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₇H₂₆N₂O₃SNa⁺ 481.1556 Found 481.1556



Synthesis of 40: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added imine **30** (21.2 mg, 0.0999 mmol), *N*-allyl-4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5a** (49.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄

(11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%) and A1 (2.4 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **40**: 41.4 mg (0.0897 mmol), as a colorless thick oil, 90% yield: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.31–7.25 (m, 5H), 7.20–7.09 (m, 2H), 6.85–6.74 (m, 2H), 4.59–4.50 (m, 1H), 4.45 (dt, *J* = 6.8, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.89–2.71 (m, 2H), 2.47 (s, 6H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.79 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.7, 141.4, 136.1, 129.9, 128.6, 127.8, 126.7, 126.6, 124.4, 123.8, 119.6, 118.4, 57.8, 37.4, 33.8, 21.6, 10.0; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₂H₂₇N₃O₄S₂Na⁺ 484.1335; Found 484.1335.

Ts -N Pr

Synthesis of 4a on a 1.0 mmol scale: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl) benzenesulfonamide **1a** (420.0 mg, 2.007 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a**

(316.4 mg, 2.000 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (259.3 mg, 0.9999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (115.6 mg, 0.1000 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (56.0 mg, 0.400 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS

(400 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (10.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the solvent was removed in vacuo, and the residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5 to 1/4) to give product **4a**: 418.2 mg (0.8229 mmol), as a white solid, 82% yield.

Reaction with a ketimine derived from isatin



To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added *tert*-butyl (*E*)-(1-methyl-2-oxoindolin-3-ylidene)carbamate **3p** (26.0 mg, 0.0999 mmol), *N*-allyl-4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5a** (49.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (2.2 mg, 0.0098 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and **A1** (2.4 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 48 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/4). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5 to 1/4) to give product **4p**: 22.4 mg (0.0439 mmol), as a yellow solid, 44% yield; mp 89–91 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) δ 7.61 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.26–7.19 (m, 1H), 7.13–7.05 (m, 1H), 7.05–6.97 (m, 1H), 6.71 (s, 1H), 6.52 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 6.37 (s, 1H), 5.17 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.96–2.86 (m, 4H), 2.86–2.79 (m, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 1.67 (s, 3H), 1.22 (brs, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 176.2, 153.7, 144.7, 143.4, 136.1, 129.8, 128.9, 128.0, 126.9, 124.6, 122.8, 122.4, 120.2, 119.6, 117.4, 107.8, 80.5, 62.2, 32.9, 28.0, 25.9, 21.6, 10.0; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₇H₃₁N₃O₅SNa⁺ 532.1877; Found 532.1877.

5. General procedure for synthesis of 3-pyrrolylmethylation products 7





added 1,6-enyne **5** (0.200 mmol), aldimine **3** (0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h to 60 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give 3-pyrrolylmethylation product 7.



Synthesis of 7a: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-

methyl benzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7a**: 52.4 mg (0.0896 mmol), as a light yellow solid, 90% yield; 95:5 rr; mp 77–79 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 7.32–7.26 (m, 1H), 7.25–7.18 (m, 1H), 7.18–7.11 (m, 5H), 7.11–7.04 (m, 5H), 7.02 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.85–6.74 (m, 2H), 6.46 (brs, 1H), 4.58 (s, 1H), 4.09 (dt, *J* = 7.8, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.59–2.44 (m, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.82 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.2, 140.8, 136.8, 135.8, 132.6, 131.9, 129.9, 129.39, 129.37, 128.5, 128.3, 127.7, 127.3, 127.1, 126.9, 126.2, 123.2, 121.5, 119.9, 57.7, 33.2, 21.6, 21.5, 10.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₂N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 607.1696; Found 607.1696.



Synthesis of 7b: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(2-

methylbenzylidene)benzenesulfonamide 3b (27.3 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100

mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7b**: 45.5 mg (0.0759 mmol), as a light yellow solid, 76% yield; >95:5 rr; mp 85–87 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.37 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35–7.28 (m, 2H), 7.19–7.08 (m, 6H), 7.08–6.94 (m, 4H), 6.93–6.80 (m, 3H), 6.40 (brs, 1H), 4.57 (d, *J* = 5.4 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (dt, *J* = 7.2, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 2.63–2.52 (m, 1H), 2.50–2.42 (m, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.86 (s, 3H), 1.76 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.2, 139.2, 136.9, 135.9, 134.7, 132.7, 131.9, 130.2, 129.9, 129.4, 128.5, 127.6, 127.12, 127.09, 126.9, 126.4, 126.0, 123.1, 121.8, 119.9, 53.7, 32.4, 21.6, 21.5, 18.6, 10.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₄H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 621.1858; Found 621.1863.



Synthesis of 7c: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(3-methylbenzylidene)benzenesulfonamide **3c** (27.3 mg, 0.0999 mmol),

Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7c**: 52.6 mg (0.0878 mmol), as a white solid, 88% yield; >95:5 rr; mp 135–137 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.44–7.36 (m, 2H), 7.36–7.28 (m, 2H), 7.20–7.11 (m, 5H), 7.11–7.00 (m, 4H), 6.98–6.88 (m, 2H), 6.65–6.53 (m, 2H), 6.48 (brs, 1H), 4.51 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.06 (dt, *J* = 7.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.60–2.44 (m, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.13 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.1, 140.6, 137.9, 136.9, 135.8, 132.5, 131.9, 129.9, 129.4, 129.3, 128.5, 128.14, 128.09, 127.6, 127.1, 126.9,

126.8, 123.5, 123.2, 121.5, 119.9, 57.7, 33.2, 21.6, 21.5, 21.2, 10.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₄H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 621.1858; Found 621.1864.



Synthesis of 7d: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-

methyl-*N*-(4-methylbenzylidene)benzenesulfonamide **3d** (27.3 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7d**: 42.5 mg (0.0709 mmol), as a light yellow solid, 71% yield; >955 rr; mp 175–176 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35 (d, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 7.28 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.24–7.05 (m, 8H), 7.02 (s, 1H), 6.88 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.69 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 6.45 (brs, 1H), 4.45 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.04 (dt, *J* = 7.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.60–2.44 (m, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.25 (s, 3H), 1.83 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.2, 137.8, 137.0, 136.8, 135.9, 132.5, 131.9, 129.9, 129.38, 129.35, 129.0, 128.5, 127.6, 127.1, 126.9, 126.1, 123.3, 121.5, 119.9, 57.5, 33.2, 21.6, 21.5, 21.0, 10.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₄H₃₄N₂O4₅₂Na⁺ 621.1858; Found 621.1860.



Synthesis of 7e: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-

[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-ylmethylene]-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3e** (33.5 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on

silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7e**: 42.5 mg (0.0643 mmol), as a light yellow solid, 64% yield; 91:9 rr; mp 91–93 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.55–7.46 (m, 2H), 7.46–7.39 (m, 4H), 7.37–7.31 (m, 3H), 7.29–7.22 (m, 2H), 7.18–7.10 (m, 5H), 7.09–7.01 (m, 4H), 6.84 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.39 (brs, 1H), 4.58 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 1H), 4.15 (dt, *J* = 7.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.64–2.55 (m, 1H), 2.56–2.48 (m, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.30 (s, 3H), 1.88 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.3, 140.7, 140.3, 140.0, 136.9, 135.8, 132.6, 131.8, 129.8, 129.4, 129.3, 128.8, 128.5, 127.6, 127.3, 127.1, 126.99, 126.97, 126.92, 126.7, 123.0, 121.4, 120.0, 57.5, 33.2, 21.54, 21.49, 10.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₉H₃₆N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 683.2014; Found 683.2011.



Synthesis of 7f: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(2-fluoro-

benzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide 3m (27.7 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), A1 (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL \times 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7f**: 34.0 mg (0.0564 mmol), as a light yellow solid, 56% yield; 81:19 rr; mp 85–87 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.40 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.36 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 7.20–7.03 (m, 10H), 7.00 (s, 1H), 6.92–6.79 (m, 2H), 6.81–6.69 (m, 1H), 6.47 (brs, 1H), 4.60 (d, J = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 4.34 (dt, J = 7.6, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.62–2.46 (m, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.84 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 156.0 (d, ¹J_{FC} = 245.2 Hz), 144.5, 143.2, 136.5, 135.8, 132.6, 131.8, 129.8, 129.4 (d, ${}^{3}J_{FC} = 3.3$ Hz), 128.9, 128.9, 128.6, 128.5 (d, ${}^{3}J_{FC}$ = 4.4 Hz), 127.9, 127.7, 127.1, 126.8, 124.1 (d, ${}^{4}J_{FC}$ = 3.3 Hz), 122.9, 121.5, 119.9, 115.4 (d, $^{2}J_{\text{FC}} = 21.7 \text{ Hz}$, 53.3, 31.5, 21.6, 21.5, 10.1; ¹⁹F NMR (375 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) –119.3; HRMS $(ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]^+ Calcd for C_{33}H_{31}FN_2O_4S_2Na^+ 625.1607; Found 625.1604.$



Synthesis of 7g: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(4-

fluorobenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3f** (27.7 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7g**: 45.3 mg (0.0752 mmol), as a light yellow solid, 75% yield; 93:7 rr; mp 151–153 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.44–7.35 (m, 3H), 7.24–7.11 (m, 6H), 7.12–6.97 (m, 4H), 6.80–6.70 (m, 4H), 6.45 (brs, 1H), 4.57–4.44 (m, 1H), 4.08 (dt, *J* = 7.0, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.56–2.44 (m, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.83 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 162.0 (d, ¹*J*_{FC} = 246.0 Hz), 144.6, 143.4, 136.8, 136.5 (d, ⁴*J*_{FC} =3.2 Hz), 135.8, 132.6, 131.8, 129.8, 129.4 (d, ³*J*_{FC} = 5.1 Hz), 128.6, 128.0, 127.9, 127.7, 127.1, 126.9, 122.8, 121.3, 120.0, 115.1 (d, ²*J*_{FC} =21.5 Hz), 57.1, 33.2, 21.6, 21.5 10.4; ¹⁹F NMR (375 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) – 115.1; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁FN₂O4S₂Na⁺ 625.1607; Found 625.1610.



Synthesis of 7h: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(4-

chlorobenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3g** (29.3 mg, 0.0997 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7h**: 50.9 mg (0.0822 mmol), as a white solid, 82% yield; 95:5 rr; mp 109–110 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.42–7.31 (m, 3H), 7.30–

7.20 (m, 2H), 7.20–7.03 (m, 8H), 7.00 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 6.70 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 6.37 (brs, 1H), 4.56–4.48 (m, 1H), 4.06 (dt, J = 7.0, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.57–2.44 (m, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 151.7, 144.6, 143.5, 139.2, 136.7, 135.8, 133.1, 132.6, 131.8, 129.7, 129.5, 129.4, 128.6, 128.4, 127.7, 127.1, 126.9, 122.6, 121.2, 120.0, 57.1, 33.1, 21.6, 21.5, 10.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁³⁵ClN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 641.1311; Found 641.1307; Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁³⁷ClN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 643.1282; Found 643.1289.



Synthesis of 7i: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-

methyl-*N*-(naphthalen-2-ylmethylene)benzenesulfonamide **3h** (30.9 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7i**: 50.9 mg (0.0822 mmol), as a yellow solid, 82% yield; 90:10 rr; mp 142–144 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.67–7.56 (m, 1H), 7.46–7.26 (m, 5H), 7.26–7.19 (m, 3H), 7.18–7.09 (m, 4H), 7.12–7.00 (m, 5H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.48 (brs, 1H), 5.07–4.55 (m, 2H), 2.86–2.70 (m, 1H), 2.69–2.54 (m, 1H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.96 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.3, 136.4, 135.8, 135.0, 133.6, 132.5, 132.1, 131.8, 130.1, 129.9, 129.4, 129.3, 128.8, 128.6, 127.9, 127.8, 127.1, 126.9, 126.0, 125.3, 125.2, 123.2, 121.9, 121.4, 119.85, 32.23, 32.20, 21.6, 21.5, 10.7; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₇H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 657.1852; Found 657.1845.



Synthesis of 7j: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(furan-2-

ylmethylene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3i** (24.9 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added

via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7j**: 42.7 mg (0.0742 mmol), as a yellow solid, 74% yield; >95:5 rr; mp 67–68 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.42 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.39–7.32 (m, 1H), 7.31–7.25 (m, 2H), 7.22–7.12 (m, 5H), 7.12–7.04 (m, 3H), 7.03 (s, 1H), 6.72 (brs, 1H), 6.08 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.74 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.50 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 4.26 (dt, *J* = 7.8, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.71–2.52 (m, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.88 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 152.4, 144.4, 143.2, 141.8, 137.1, 135.9, 132.7, 131.9, 130.0, 129.4, 129.3, 128.5, 127.6, 127.1, 126.7, 122.8, 121.6, 119.8, 110.1, 107.0, 51.4, 30.2, 21.6, 21.5, 10.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₁H₃₀N₂O₅S₂Na⁺ 597.1494; Found 597.1490.



Synthesis of 7k: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-

(thiophen-2-yl methylene)benzenesulfonamide **3j** (26.5 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7k**: 30.0 mg (0.0508 mmol), as a yellow solid, 51% yield; >95:5 rr; mp 75–77 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.44 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.39–7.25 (m, 3H), 7.25–7.17 (m, 3H), 7.14 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.05–6.99 (m, 2H), 6.77–6.71 (m, 1H), 6.63 (brs, 1H), 6.54 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.51–4.36 (m, 2H), 2.63 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 2.44 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.88 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.8, 144.5, 143.4, 137.0, 135.9, 132.7, 131.9, 129.9, 129.5, 129.4, 128.6, 127.7, 127.1, 126.8, 126.6, 124.5, 124.4, 122.9, 121.4, 119.9, 53.4, 33.5, 21.6, 21.5, 10.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₁H₃₀N₂O₄S₃Na⁺ 613.1265; Found 613.1266.



Synthesis of 71: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-*N*-(1-(*p*-tolyl)allyl)benzenesulfonamide **5d** (67.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg,

0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **71**: 48.0 mg (0.0805 mmol), as a light yellow solid, 81% yield; 93:7 rr; mp 137–139 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.38 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.23–7.13 (m, 5H), 7.13–7.05 (m, 6H), 7.02–6.96 (m, 2H), 6.86 (d, *J* = 6.6 Hz, 2H), 6.38 (brs, 1H), 4.47 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.10 (dt, *J* = 8.0, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.56–2.44 (m, 2H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.79 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.2, 141.0, 138.5, 136.8, 135.9, 132.7, 131.7, 129.42, 129.37, 129.35, 128.5, 128.3, 127.3, 127.1, 126.8, 126.2, 123.0, 121.5, 119.8, 57.7, 33.2, 21.6, 21.5, 21.4, 10.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₄H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 621.1858; Found 621.1857.



Synthesis of 7m: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added *N*-(1-(4-chlorophenyl)allyl)-4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5e** (71.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg,

0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), A1 (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7m**: 47.1 mg (0.0762 mmol), as a light yellow solid, 76% yield; 92:8 rr; mp 131–133 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.39 (d, *J* =

8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.23–7.08 (m, 10H), 7.06–7.01 (m, 3H), 6.73 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 6.28 (brs, 1H), 4.64 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 4.09 (dt, J = 7.2, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.68–2.40 (m, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.85 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.7, 143.3, 140.2, 136.9, 135.7, 134.6, 133.1, 132.9, 131.3, 129.5, 129.4, 128.4, 128.3, 127.8, 127.4, 127.0, 126.9, 126.3, 123.6, 121.9, 120.3, 57.7, 33.2, 21.6, 21.5, 10.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁³⁵ClN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 641.1311; Found 641.1303; Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁³⁷ClN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 643.1282; Found 643.1288.



Synthesis of 7n: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added *N*-(1-(furan-2-yl)allyl)-4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5f** (63.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-methyl benzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg,

0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine, dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7n**: 51.5 mg (0.0896 mmol), as a yellow solid, 90% yield; >95:5 rr; mp 79–81 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.53–7.50 (m, 1H), 7.43–7.38 (m, 4H), 7.21 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.17–7.13 (m, 4H), 7.12 (s, 1H), 7.04–6.97 (m, 2H), 6.96 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 1H), 6.48 (dd, *J* = 3.2, 2.0 Hz, 1H), 6.23 (d, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.96–4.89 (m, 1H), 4.20–4.06 (m, 1H), 2.61–2.44 (m, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 1.67 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.7, 143.2, 141.2, 136.7, 135.7, 132.1, 129.52, 129.46, 129.4, 128.5, 128.4, 127.4, 127.2, 126.9, 126.8, 126.2, 126.0, 123.6, 120.9, 57.6, 33.4, 21.6, 21.5, 10.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₁H₃₀N₂O₅S₂Na⁺ 597.1488; Found 597.1485.



Synthesis of 70: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-*N*-(1- (thiophen-2-yl)allyl)benzenesulfonamide **5g** (66.2 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄

(11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), A1 (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0

mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **70**: 47.2 mg (0.0798 mmol), as a yellow solid, 80% yield; >95:5 rr; mp 76–78 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.2, 1H), 7.39 (dd, *J* = 5.2, 1.2 Hz, 1H), 7.26–7.22 (m, 2H), 7.18 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.16–7.09 (m, 5H), 7.06–7.00 (m, 2H), 6.99–6.92 (m, 2H), 6.67 (d, *J* = 3.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67–4.56 (m, 1H), 4.16 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.60–2.52 (m, 2H), 2.43 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.79 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.9, 143.5, 143.1, 142.3, 141.2, 136.7, 135.9, 129.6, 129.3, 128.3, 127.4, 127.13, 127.08, 126.9, 126.2, 121.9, 121.5, 121.3, 114.2, 111.1, 57.3, 33.5, 21.6, 21.5, 10.0; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₁H₃₀N₂O₄S₃Na⁺ 613.1260; Found 613.1263.



Synthesis of 7p: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*E*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylpenta-1,4-dien-3-yl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5h** (70.2 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄

(11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 48 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7p**: 22.0 mg (0.0360 mmol), as a yellow solid, 36% yield; >95:5 rr; mp 93–95 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.59–7.52 (m, 2H), 7.46–7.35 (m, 6H), 7.36–7.27 (m, 2H), 7.23–7.11 (m, 4H), 7.15–7.05 (m, 3H), 7.03 (d, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 6.96–6.86 (m, 2H), 6.35 (d, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.29 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.03–2.87 (m, 1H), 2.83–2.71 (m, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.71 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.8, 143.3, 140.6, 136.9, 136.6, 135.9, 132.7, 130.7, 129.7, 129.5, 128.8, 128.4, 128.1, 127.5, 127.0, 126.9, 126.5, 126.3, 123.2, 122.8, 120.1, 117.4, 57.5, 33.9, 21.6, 21.5, 10.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₅H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 631.1852; Found



Synthesis of 7q: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added *N*-(hept-1-en-3-yl)-4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5i** (61.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg,

0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 48 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7q**: 49.0 mg (0.0867 mmol), as a yellow solid, 87% yield; >95:5 rr; mp 71–73 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.54 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.43 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.29 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.16–7.08 (m, 3H), 7.07–6.99 (m, 2H), 6.87 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 1H), 6.85–6.80 (m, 2H), 4.81 (d, *J* = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.18 (dt, *J* = 7.2, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.70 (dd, *J* = 14.2, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (dd, *J* = 14.1, 8.0 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.31–2.24 (m, 2H), 1.59 (d, *J* = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 1.32–1.10 (m, 4H), 0.81 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.3, 140.3, 136.9, 136.8, 133.9, 129.9, 129.4, 128.2, 127.0, 126.44, 126.36, 122.4, 121.1, 119.5, 58.0, 33.7, 32.9, 25.1, 22.6, 21.6, 21.5, 13.7, 10.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₁H₃₆N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 587.2009; Found 587.2001.

NHTs Synthesis of 7r: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(4-methylpent-1-en-3-yl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5i** (58.2 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-

4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 48 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether =

1/5) to give product **7r**: 25.8 mg (0.0469 mmol), as a light yellow solid, 47% yield; >95:5 rr; mp 82–84 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.54 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.21–7.08 (m, 5H), 7.07–7.00 (m, 2H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 4.81 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 4.32 (dt, J = 7.0, 6.6 Hz, 1H), 2.82 (dd, J = 14.6, 8.6 Hz, 1H), 2.65 (dd, J = 14.6, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.63 (d, J = 1.2 Hz, 3H), 1.07 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H), 0.85 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.6, 143.2, 140.8, 137.9, 137.1, 136.8, 129.9, 129.3, 128.3, 127.5, 127.1, 126.5, 126.4, 121.8, 120.5, 119.8, 57.8, 34.3, 22.4, 22.0, 21.6, 21.4, 10.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₀H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 573.1858; Found 573.1855.



Synthesis of 7s: General procedure B: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added *N*-(1-cyclohexylallyl)-4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5k** (58.2 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzylid-ene-4-methylbenzene sulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg,

0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 48 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was diluted with EtOAc (15.0 mL), washed with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (5.0 mL × 3) and brine (5.0 mL), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **7s**: 46.9 mg (0.0794 mmol), as a yellow solid, 79% yield; >95:5 rr; mp 81–83 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.58 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.41 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.22–7.16 (m, 3H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.10–7.04 (m, 2H), 6.94 (s, 1H), 4.85 (d, *J* = 5.0 Hz, 1H), 4.30 (dt, *J* = 7.2, 6.4 Hz, 2H), 3.17–2.93 (m, 1H), 2.82 (dd, *J* = 14.6, 9.0 Hz, 1H), 2.64 (dd, *J* = 14.6, 6.8 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 1.82–1.66 (m, 2H), 1.61 (s, 3H), 1.54–1.36 (m, 2H), 1.22–0.91 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.7, 143.2, 141.1, 137.2, 137.0, 136.8, 129.9, 129.3, 128.4, 127.5, 127.1, 126.6, 126.5, 121.7, 120.4, 119.4, 57.9, 36.5, 34.5, 33.0, 32.4, 27.3, 27.1, 25.8, 21.6, 21.5, 10.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₈N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 613.2171; Found 613.2166.

6. General procedure for synthesis of 4-pyrrolylmethylation products 8



General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 1,6-enyne **5** (0.200 mmol), aldimine **3** (0.100 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h to 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give 4-pyrrolylmethylation product **8**.



Synthesis of 8a: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-

methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8a**: 43.6 mg (0.0746 mmol), as a white solid, 75% yield; 7:93 rr; mp 90–92 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.50 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.39–7.27 (m, 3H), 7.22–7.17 (m, 3H), 7.17–7.10 (m, 6H), 7.04–6.94 (m, 5H), 4.77 (d, J = 5.8 Hz, 1H), 4.40 (dt, J = 6.8, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 2.80 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.39–2.35 (m, 6H), 1.43 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.3, 140.3, 137.1, 135.7, 132.02, 131.98, 131.7, 130.5, 129.5, 128.4, 128.2, 127.7, 127.3, 127.12, 127.09, 126.6, 123.7, 122.1, 121.2, 57.4, 34.0, 21.6, 21.5, 9.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₂N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 607.1696; Found 607.1691.



Synthesis of 8b: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(2-methylbenzylidene)benzenesulfonamide **3b** (27.3 mg, 0.0999 mmol),

Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8b**: 44.5 mg (0.0743 mmol), as a yellow solid, 74% yield; 7:93 rr; mp 81–83 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.37–7.28 (m, 3H), 7.17–7.10 (m, 6H), 7.09–7.04 (m, 1H), 7.04–6.98 (m, 4H), 6.97–6.91 (m, 2H), 4.81 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.66 (dt, *J* = 6.8, 6.2 Hz, 1H), 2.88–2.68 (m, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.04 (s, 3H), 1.44 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.2, 138.6, 137.1, 135.7, 134.9, 131.9, 131.7, 130.5, 130.2, 129.44, 129.38, 128.2, 127.3, 127.2, 127.1, 127.0, 126.3, 125.9, 123.7, 122.0, 121.2, 53.0, 33.2, 21.6, 21.5, 19.0, 9.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₄H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 621.1852; Found 621.1861.



Synthesis of 8c: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(3-methylbenzylidene)benzenesulfonamide **3c** (27.3 mg, 0.0999 mmol),

Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8c**: 39.3 mg (0.0656 mmol), as a white thick oil, 66% yield; 10:90 rr; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.49 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.35–7.28 (m, 3H), 7.17–7.11 (m, 6H), 7.07–7.03 (m, 2H), 7.02–6.96 (m, 3H), 6.79 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 4.89 (brs, 1H), 4.37 (t, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.78 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.20 (s, 3H), 1.43 (s, 3H); ¹³C

NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.2, 140.2, 138.0, 137.2, 135.7, 131.9, 131.7, 130.6, 129.5, 129.3, 128.4, 128.3, 128.1, 127.32, 127.28, 127.14, 127.07, 123.74, 123.73, 122.2, 121.2, 57.4, 33.9, 21.6, 21.5, 21.3, 9.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₄H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 621.1858; Found 621.1850.



Synthesis of 8d: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(4-methylbenzylidene)benzenesulfonamide **3d** (27.3 mg,

0.0999 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and backfilled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8d**: 40.1 mg (0.0670 mmol), as a yellow solid, 67% yield; 18:82 rr; mp 76–78 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.50 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.42–7.29 (m, 3H), 7.13 (d, *J* = 6.0 Hz, 6H), 7.06–6.94 (m, 5H), 6.89 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 2H), 4.75 (d, *J* = 5.6 Hz, 1H), 4.33 (dt, *J* = 6.6, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.79 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.31 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.2, 137.4, 137.1, 135.7, 131.9, 131.7, 130.5, 129.8, 129.4, 129.1, 128.6, 128.1, 127.3, 127.2, 127.1, 126.5, 123.7, 122.3, 121.2, 57.2, 33.9, 21.6, 21.5, 21.1, 9.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₄H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 621.1858; Found 621.1861.



Synthesis of 8e: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-[(1,1'-biphenyl)-4-ylmethylene]-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3e** (33.5

mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel
(EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8e**: 47.3 mg (0.0716 mmol), as a brown thick oil, 72% yield; <5:95 rr; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.58–7.47 (m, 4H), 7.48–7.41 (m, 2H), 7.40–7.27 (m, 3H), 7.35–7.27 (m, 4H), 7.19–7.11 (m, 4H), 7.11–7.04 (m, 4H), 7.04–6.99 (m, 2H), 4.93–4.82 (m, 1H), 4.45 (dt, *J* = 6.6, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.83 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 2.33 (s, 3H), 1.49 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.3, 140.6, 139.3, 137.1, 135.7, 132.0, 131.7, 130.5, 129.44, 129.42, 128.8, 128.5, 128.2, 127.4, 127.3, 127.2, 127.1, 127.12, 127.08, 127.06, 127.00, 123.6, 122.1, 121.2, 57.1, 33.9, 21.6, 21.5, 9.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₉H₃₆N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 683.2014; Found 683.2017.



Synthesis of 8f: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(2-fluorobenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3m** (27.7 mg, 0.0999 mmol),

Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8f**: 32.3 mg (0.0536 mmol), as a yellow thick oil, 54% yield; <5:95 rr; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.49 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.37–7.26 (m, 3H), 7.20–7.10 (m, 6H), 7.11–7.03 (m, 2H), 7.02–6.92 (m, 4H), 6.92–6.82 (m, 1H), 5.11–4.93 (m, 1H), 4.75–4.57 (m, 1H), 2.81 (d, J = 7.2 Hz, 2H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.34 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.6, 143.3, 136.8, 135.7, 131.7, 130.5, 129.5, 129.4, 129.2, 128.2, 127.3, 127.1, 127.0, 124.1, 123.5, 121.8, 121.2, 115.4 (d, ² $_{FC}$ = 21.7 Hz), 52.7, 32.7, 21.6, 21.5, 9.4; ¹⁹F NMR (375 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) –119.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁FN₂O4S₂Na⁺ 625.1607; Found 625.1602.



Synthesis of 8g: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(4-fluorobenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3f** (27.7 mg, 0.0999

mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), A3 (3.0

mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8g**: 43.6 mg (0.0724 mmol), as a yellow solid, 72% yield; <5:95 rr; mp 90–92 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.48 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.38–7.28 (m, 3H), 7.21–7.10 (m, 6H), 7.05–7.01 (m, 2H), 7.01–6.93 (m, 3H), 6.89–6.79 (m, 2H), 5.02–4.74 (brs, 1H), 4.38 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.83–2.70 (m, 2H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.45 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 162.1 (d, ¹*J*_{FC} = 246.3 Hz), 144.6, 143.4, 137.0, 136.2 (d, ⁴*J*_{FC} = 3.2 Hz), 135.6, 132.1, 131.7, 130.4, 129.5, 128.4, 128.3 (d, ³*J*_{FC} = 4.2 Hz), 127.4, 127.1, 127.1, 123.4, 121.8, 121.1, 115.2 (d, ²*J*_{FC} = 21.3 Hz), 56.8, 34.0, 21.6, 21.5, 9.5; ¹⁹F NMR (375 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) –114.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁FN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 625.1607; Found 625.1612.



Synthesis of 8h: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(4-chlorobenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3g** (29.3 mg, 0.0997

mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8h**: 45.4 mg (0.0733 mmol), as a yellow solid, 73% yield; <5:95 rr; mp 96–98 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.46 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.40–7.28 (m, 4H), 7.25–7.22 (m, 1H), 7.18–7.10 (m, 7H), 7.04–6.99 (m, 2H), 6.94 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 4.94 (brs, 1H), 4.36 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.78–2.72 (m, 1H), 2.48–2.41 (m, 1H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 1.46 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.6, 143.5, 139.0, 136.9, 135.6, 133.4, 132.1, 131.7, 130.4, 129.5, 128.5, 128.2, 128.1, 127.4, 127.3, 127.12, 127.08, 123.3, 121.6, 121.1, 56.8, 33.9, 21.6, 21.5, 9.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁³⁵ClN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 641.1311; Found 641.1309; Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁³⁷ClN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 643.1282; Found 643.1290.



Synthesis of 8i: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-N-(1-phenylallyl)-N-(prop-2-vn-1-vl)benzenesulfonamide 5b (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-

methyl-N-(naphthalen-2-ylmethylene)benzenesulfonamide 3h (30.9 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), A3 (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8i**: 43.7 mg (0.0689 mmol), as a vellow solid, 69% yield; 14:86 rr; mp 98–100 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.88 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 1H), 7.84–7.79 (m, 1H), 7.70 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 7.51–7.39 (m, 4H), 7.36–7.26 (m, 4H), 7.16–7.05 (m, 6H), 7.04–6.94 (m, 4H), 5.29 (dt, J = 6.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 4.99 (d, J = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 3.07–2.99 (m, 1H), 2.98–2.88 (m, 1H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 2.29 (s, 3H), 1.35 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.2, 136.8, 135.9, 135.5, 133.7, 132.0, 131.6, 130.5, 130.4, 129.4, 129.3, 129.0, 128.2, 128.1, 127.3, 127.1, 127.0, 126.3, 125.6, 125.0, 124.2, 123.8, 122.2, 122.1, 121.3, 53.1, 33.0, 21.6, 21.4, 9.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₇H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 657.1852; Found 657.1859.



Synthesis of 8j: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-N-(1-phenylallyl)-N-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide 5b (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), N-(furan-2ylmethylene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide 3i (24.9 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), A3 (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give products 7i and 8i as inseparable regioselective isomers: 40.4 mg (0.0703 mmol), as a white solid, 70% yield; 20:80 rr; mp 63–65 °C; For **8**j ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.61 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.35– 7.28 (m, 3H), 7.25–7.17 (m, 4H), 7.12 (t, J = 6.3 Hz, 5H), 7.04–6.98 (m, 2H), 6.96 (s, 1H), 6.18 (t, J = 3.2, 1.8 Hz, 1H), 5.87 (d, J = 3.2 Hz, 1H), 4.82 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 1H), 4.57 (dt, J = 7.4, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.90 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.57 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 152.3, 144.4, 143.3, 142.0, 137.4, 135.7, 131.7, 130.6, 129.5, 129.4, 129.3, 128.1, 127.3, 127.1, 127.0, 123.6, 121.7, 121.2, 110.2, 107.5, 51.5, 31.1, 21.6, 21.5, 9.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₁H₃₀N₂O₅S₂Na⁺ 597.1494; Found 597.1497.

Synthesis of 8k: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube



equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-N-(1-phenylallyl)-N-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide 5b (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-N-(thiophen-2-ylmethylene)benzenesulfonamide 3j (26.5 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), A3 (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product 8k: 35.4 mg (0.0599 mmol), as a yellow solid, 60% yield; 26:74 rr; mp 68-69 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.60 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.36–7.27 (m, 3H), 7.21 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.15 (d, J = 5.2 Hz, 1H), 7.12–7.07 (m, 4H), 7.05–6.99 (m, 3H), 6.83 (t, J = 5.0, 3.4 Hz, 1H), 6.68 (d, J = 3.4Hz, 1H), 4.87–4.80 (m, 1H), 4.79–4.70 (m, 1H), 3.05–2.83 (m, 2H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.58 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): *δ* (ppm) 144.4, 144.1, 143.4, 137.2, 135.7, 131.8, 131.7, 130.5, 129.5, 129.4, 128.5, 128.1, 127.3, 127.1, 127.0, 126.6, 125.2, 124.9, 123.6, 121.8, 121.3, 53.3, 34.6, 21.6, 21.5, 9.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₁H₃₀N₂O₄S₃Na⁺ 613.1266; Found 613.1262.



Synthesis of 81: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-N-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-N-(1-(otolyl)allyl)benzenesulfonamide 51 (67.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), N-benzylidene-4methylbenzenesulfonamide 3a (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg,

0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), A3 (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give the product **8**I: 43.6 mg (0.0728 mmol), as a yellow solid, 73% yield; <5:95 rr; 1:1 dr for atropisomer; mp 74–75 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.56 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.53 (d, J = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.24–7.10 (m, 20H), 7.09–7.03 (m, 4H), 7.01–6.89 (m, 6H), 6.74 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 6.73 (d, J = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 4.99–4.86 (m, 2H), 4.53–4.31 (m, 2H), 3.02–2.68 (m, 4H), 2.40–2.38 (m, 6H), 2.38– 2.35 (m, 6H), 1.73 (s, 3H), 1.71 (s, 3H), 1.37–1.27 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.6, 144.5, 143.3, 140.3, 140.2, 139.9, 139.8, 137.3, 137.2, 135.9, 135.8, 132.3, 132.2, 130.4, 130.3, 130.1, 130.0, 129.44, 129.42, 129.35, 128.84, 128.78, 128.39, 128.36, 127.59, 127.57, 127.4, 127.1, 126.7, 126.6, 124.63, 124.60, 123.3, 123.1, 121.5, 121.1, 120.4, 58.1, 57.5, 34.1, 34.0, 21.6, 21.5, 19.50, 19.47, 9.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₄H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 621.1858; Found 621.1859.



Synthesis of 8m: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)-*N*-(1-(*p*-tolyl)allyl)benzenesulfonamide **5d** (67.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzyli-dene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg,

0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8m**: 37.3 mg (0.0623 mmol), as a yellow solid, 62% yield; 18:82 rr; mp 101–103 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.49 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.21–7.14 (m, 7H), 7.14–7.09 (m, 3H), 7.01–6.95 (m, 3H), 6.90 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 4.84 (brs, 1H), 4.38 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.77 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H), 2.38–2.34 (m, 6H), 1.41 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.5, 143.3, 140.4, 138.0, 137.0, 135.7, 132.1, 131.5, 129.4, 129.3, 128.4, 128.1, 127.6, 127.5, 127.12, 127.09, 126.6, 123.6, 122.2, 121.1, 57.4, 34.0, 21.6, 21.5, 21.4, 9.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₄H₃₄N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 621.1858; Found 621.1860.



Synthesis of 8n: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added *N*-(1-(2-chlorophenyl)allyl)-4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5m** (71.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzyli-dene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1

mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8n**: 41.9 mg (0.0677 mmol), as a light yellow solid, 67% yield; <5:95 rr; 1:1 dr for atropisomer; mp 71–72 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.59–7.51 (m, 4H), 7.33–7.27 (m, 1H), 7.26–7.21 (m, 4H), 7.20–7.12 (m, 16H), 7.11–7.04 (m, 2H), 7.03–6.95 (m, 4H), 6.94–6.90 (m, 2H), 4.98–4.72 (m, 2H), 4.54–4.24 (m, 2H), 3.02–2.63 (m, 4H), 2.40–2.38 (m, 6H), 2.38 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.44–1.28 (m, 6H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.6, 143.3, 143.3, 140.11, 140.08, 137.2, 137.1, 136.3, 136.20, 135.7, 135.6, 134.4, 134.2, 130.1, 129.72, 129.67, 129.56, 129.54, 129.49, 129.4, 128.9, 128.40, 128.38, 127.84, 127.79, 127.6, 127.5, 127.3, 127.2, 127.14, 127.12, 126.7, 126.6, 125.7, 124.9, 124.8, 121.5, 121.3, 121.0, 120.9, 58.0, 57.4, 34.0, 33.8, 21.6, 21.50, 21.48, 9.4; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁³⁵ClN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 641.1311; Found 641.1304; Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁³⁷ClN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 643.1282; Found 643.1288.

7. Asymmetric auto-tandem catalytic reaction exploration





3	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L8	A1	20	36	-8
4	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L9	A1	20	trace	/
5	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L10	A1	20	trace	/
6	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L11	A1	20	NR	/
7	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L12	A1	20	NR	/
8	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L13	A1	20	42	-3
9	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L14	A1	20	36	1
10	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L15	A1	20	38	4
11	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L16	A1	20	84	2
12	$Pd(OAc)_2$	L6	A1	20	26	45
13	Pd(allyl)Cp	L6	A1	20	49	46
14	[Pd(allyl)Cl] ₂	L6	A1	20	messy	/
15	Pd ₂ dba ₃ ·CHCl ₃	L6	A1	20	63	40
16	Pddba ₂	L6	A1	20	62	42
17	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L6	A3	20	88	37
18	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L6	A4	20	78	31
19	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L6	A6	20	29	33
20	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L6	A1	10	48	43
21	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L6	A1	60	81	24
22	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L6	A1	100	98	8
23 ^{<i>d</i>}	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L6	A1	20	60	26
24 ^e	Pd ₂ dba ₃	L6	A1	20	messy	/

^{*a*} Unless noted otherwise, reactions were performed with 1,6-enyne **5a** (0.1 mmol), imine **3a** (0.05 mmol), [Pd] source (10 mol%), L (20 mol%), acid (x mol%) and 4 Å MS (20 mg) in degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) at 70 °C for 12 h under Ar. ^{*b*} Isolated yield. ^{*c*} Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase. ^{*d*} With *t*-BuOH (0.1 mmol). ^{*e*} At 60 °C.



Asymetric synthesis of 4a via asymmetric catalysis: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added Pd₂dba₃ (4.6 mg, 0.0050 mmol, 5 mol%), L6 (15.6 mg, 0.0200 mmol, 20 mol%) and A1 (2.4 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. Then *N*-allyl-4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5a** (49.8 mg, 0.200 mmol) and *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzene sulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol) in degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) were added to the mixture via syringe under argon atmosphere (0.1 M total concentration), and the tube was evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times again. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4a**: 44.9 mg (0.0883 mmol), as whilte solid, 88% yield; [α]_D²⁵ = 13.6 (*c* = 1.50 in CHCl₃); 46% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 60/40, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 9.99 min (minor), t_R = 11.83 min (major).

The above reaction was performed with *t*-BuOH (14.8 mg, 19.1 μ L, 0.200 mmol) as additive to give product **4a**: 30.5 mg (0.0600 mmol), 60% yield, 26% ee.



Asymetric synthesis of 4a via three component auto-tamdem catalysis: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added Pd₂dba₃ (4.6 mg, 0.0050 mmol, 5 mol%), L6 (15.6 mg, 0.0200 mmol, 20 mol%) and A1 (2.4 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at room temperature. Then 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide 1a (42.0 mg, 0.201 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate 2a (31.6 mg, 0.200

mmol) and *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol) in degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) were added to the mixture via syringe sequentially under argon atmosphere (0.1 M total concentration), and the tube was evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times again. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4a**: 12.2 mg (0.0240 mmol), as a whilte solid, 24% yield; 11% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 60/40, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 10.00 min (minor), t_R = 11.87 min (major).

8. Asymmetric synthesis through remote chirality transfer

Ts (S	HN Ph c)-1b 99% ee	cO NTs P Ph – 2a 3a	Pd(PPh ₃) ₄ (10 Acid (x mol 4 Å MS, A T °C, Tolue	$ \begin{array}{c} \text{mol\%}) \\ \hline \% \\ \hline \Lambda r \\ \text{ne} \\ Ph \\ (R)-7a \end{array} $	HTs Ph + Ph	Ph NHTs 8a
	R^2 CO_2H R^1	A1 R ¹ = R ² = H A2 R ¹ = H, R ² = F	Ph Ph Ph	-CO ₂ H R ¹	A8 R ¹ = A9 R ¹ = CO ₂ H A10 R ¹	F CF ₃ = NO ₂
Entry	Acid	Х	<i>T</i> (°C)	Yield $(\%)^b$	\mathbf{rr}^{c}	ee^d
1	A1	40	80	82	84:16	97/80
2	A2	40	80	81	97:3	97/ND
3	A4	40	80	trace	/	/
4	A8	40	80	56	96:4	96/ND
5	A9	40	80	trace	/	/
6	A10	40	80	trace	/	/
7	A2	60	80	79	92:8	96/ND
8	A2	100	80	57	99:1	94/ND
9	A2	40	60	messy	/	/
10	A2	40	100	53	80:20	94/60

Table S8.1. Detailed screening conditions for asymmetric synthesis of (R)-7a from (S)-1b^a

^{*a*} Unless noted otherwise, reactions were performed with (*S*)-1b (0.1 mmol), 2a (0.15 mmol), 3a (0.05 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (10 mol%), acid (x mol%) and 4 Å MS (20 mg) in degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) for 96 h under Ar. ^{*b*} Isolated yield of (*R*)-7a. ^{*c*} rr = 7a:8a, determined by ¹H NMR analysis. ^{*d*} Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

$Ts - N$ Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph $R) - 5b 87\% ee$ $Ts - N$ $Pd(PPh_3)_4 (10 mol\%)$ $Acid (x mol\%)$ $Toluene, 4 Å MS, Ar$ Ph Ph $S) - 7a$ Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph Ph						
	R ² CCC	A1 R ¹ = A2 R ¹ = A3 R ¹ =	= R ² = H = H, R ² = F = R ² = Me	Ph Ph → CO₂H Ph A4		
Entry	Acid	Х	Yield $(\%)^b$	rr^{c}	ee^d	
1	A1	20	75	50:50	83/59	
2	A1	50	90	75:25	78/70	
3	A1	100	91	94:6	70/ND	
4	A2	20	65	63:37	70/65	
5	A3	20	60	54:46	70/64	
6	A4	20	52	75:25	87/75	
7	A4	100	48	97:3	86/ND	

Table S8.2. Detailed screening conditions for asymmetric synthesis of (S)-7a from (R)- $5b^a$

^{*a*} Unless noted otherwise, reactions were performed with (*R*)-**5b** (0.1 mmol), **3a** (0.05 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (10 mol%), acid (x mol%) and 4 Å MS (20 mg) in degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) at 70 °C for 24 h under Ar. ^{*b*} Isolated yield of (*S*)-**7a**. ^{*c*} rr = **7a**:**8a**, determined by ¹H-NMR analysis. ^{*d*} Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

Table S8.3. Detailed screening	conditions for asy	mmetric synthesis of (R)-8a from (R)-5b ⁴
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Ts —I PI (<i>R</i>)- 5	[Pd] (NTs [20] NTs A3 (2) Ph Ph Toluen b 87% ee 3a 70 °C	10 mol%) 0 mol%) 0 mol%) =, 4 Å MS , Ar, 12 h	NHTs Ph 7a	s-N Ph (R)-	Ph NHTs 8a
PA	$hr_3 L1 Ar = Ph$ L2 Ar = 4-MeOC ₆ H ₄	PPh ₂ PPh ₂	² Ph ₂ PPPh L5		е О ₂ Н 3
Entry	[Pd]	L	Yield $(\%)^b$	rr^{c}	ee^d
1	Pd(allyl)Cp	L1	75	5:95	ND/68
2	Pd(allyl)Cp	L2	48	17:83	85/66
3	Pd(allyl)Cp	L4	trace	/	/
4	Pd(allyl)Cp	L5	NR	/	/

^{*a*} Unless noted otherwise, reactions were performed with (*R*)-**5b** (0.1 mmol), **3a** (0.05 mmol), [Pd] source (10 mol%), L (20 mol%), A3 (20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (20 mg) in degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) at 70 °C for 24 h under Ar. ^{*b*} Isolated yield of (*R*)-**8a**. ^{*c*} rr = **7a**:**8a**, determined by ¹H-NMR analysis. ^{*d*} Determined by HPLC analysis on a chiral stationary phase.

8.1 Asymmetric synthesis of chiral product (R)-7 from (S)-1



General procedure D: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*S*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*S*)-1b (57.0 ng, 0.200 mmol) or (*S*)-N-(hept-1-yn-3-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (*S*)-1c (63.0 mg, 0.0200 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate 2a (47.4 mg, 0.299 mmol), aldimine 3 (0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), A2 (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-7.



tert-butyl carbonate **2a** (47.4 mg, 0.299 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-**7a**: 46.7 mg (0.0798 mmol), as a whilte solid, 80% yield; >95:5 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 28.9$ (*c* = 0.27 in CHCl₃); 97% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH =

80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 18.33 min (minor), t_R = 20.76 min (major).



Synthesis of chiral (*R***)-7b: General procedure D:** To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*S*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*S*)-1b (57.0 ng, 0.200 mmol),

allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a** (47.4 mg, 0.299 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(2-methylbenzylidene) benzenesulfonamide **3b** (27.3 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-**7b**: 42.7 mg (0.0713 mmol), as a light yellow solid, 71% yield; >95:5 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -18.9$ (*c* = 1.92 in CHCl₃); 95% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 16.89 min (major), t_R = 20.87 min (minor).



Synthesis of chiral (*R***)-7d: General procedure D:** To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*S*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*S*)-1b (57.0 ng, 0.200

mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a** (47.4 mg, 0.299 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(4-methylbenzylidene) benzenesulfonamide **3d** (27.3 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-**7d**: 35.2 mg (0.0588 mmol), as a whilte solid, 59% yield; >95:5 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -16.9$ (*c* = 1.56 in CHCl₃); 95% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 18.09 min (major), t_R = 20.46 min (minor).



Synthesis of chiral (*R***)-7g: General procedure D:** To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*S*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*S*)-1b (57.0 ng, 0.200

mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a** (47.4 mg, 0.299 mmol), *N*-(4-fluorobenzylidene)-4-methyl benzenesulfonamide **3f** (27.7 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-**7g**: 38.5 mg (0.0638 mmol), as a whilte solid, 64% yield; >95:5 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 3.3$ (*c* = 1.56 in CHCl₃); 97% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 17.27 min (minor), t_R = 18.98 min (major).



Synthesis of chiral (*R***)-7h: General procedure D:** To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*S*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*S*)-1b (57.0 ng, 0.200

mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a** (47.4 mg, 0.299 mmol), *N*-(4-chlorobenzylidene)-4-methyl benzenesulfonamide **3g** (29.3 mg, 0.0997 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-**7h**: 42.6 mg (0.0688 mmol), as a whilte solid, 69% yield; >95:5 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 4.4$ (*c* = 2.08 in CHCl₃); 96% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 16.87 min (major), t_R = 19.05 min (minor).



Synthesis of chiral (*R***)-7j: General procedure D:** To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*S*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*S*)-1b (57.0 ng, 0.200 mmol), allyl

tert-butyl carbonate **2a** (47.4 mg, 0.299 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(thiophen-2-ylmethylene)benzenesulfonamide **3j** (26.5 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-7j: 44.2 mg (0.0770 mmol), as a whilte solid, 77% yield; >95:5 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 1.0$ (*c* = 1.92 in CHCl₃); 96% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 16.15 min (major), t_R = 19.42 min (minor).



Synthesis of chiral (*R***)-7k: General procedure D:** To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*S*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylprop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*S*)-1b (57.0 ng, 0.200 mmol), allyl

tert-butyl carbonate **2a** (47.4 mg, 0.299 mmol), *N*-(furan-2-ylmethylene)-4-methylbenzene sulfonamide **3i** (24.9 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 96 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-**7k**: 35.6 mg (0.0602 mmol), as whilte solid, 60% yield; >95:5 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -6.4$ (*c* = 1.57 in CHCl₃); 95% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak IA, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 14.82 min (major), t_R = 16.76 min (minor).



Synthesis of chiral (*R***)-7q: General procedure D:** To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*S*)-*N*-(hept-1-yn-3-yl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide (*S*)-1c (63.0 mg, 0.0200 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl

carbonate 2a (47.4 mg, 0.299 mmol), N-benzylidene-4-methylbenzene-

sulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A2** (5.6 mg, 0.040 mmol, 40 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 48 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-**7q**: 40.6 mg (0.0719 mmol), as yellow solid, 72% yield; >95:5 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -5.6$ (*c* = 0.61 in CHCl₃); 90% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak IA, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 9.89 min (minor), t_R = 11.15 min

(major).

8.2 Asymmetric synthesis of (S)-7a from (R)-5b



To a 10mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*R*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenyl allyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*R*)-**5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-methyl benzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A4** (28.8 mg, 0.0999 mmol, 100 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and backfilled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give chiral product (*S*)-**7a**: 28.2 mg (0.0482 mmol), as whilte solid, 48% yield; >95:5 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = -19.3$ (*c* = 0.43 in CHCl₃); 86% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 18.25 min (major), t_R = 20.65 min (minor).

8.3 Asymmetric synthesis of chiral 8 from (R)-5b



General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*R*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*R*)-**5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), aldimine **3** (0.100 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h to 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give chiral product **8**.

Ts -N Ph Ph Synthesis of chiral (*R*)-8a: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*R*)-4-methyl-N-(1-phenylallyl)-N-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*R*)-5b (65.0 mg, 0.200

mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-**8a**: 43.2 mg (0.0739 mmol), as a white solid, 74% yield; 5:95 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 13.0$ (*c* = 0.68 in CHCl₃); 68% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak AD-H, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 14.21 min (minor), t_R = 16.46 min (major).



Synthesis of chiral (*R*)-8b: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*R*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*R*)-5b (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), 4-methyl-*N*-(2-methylbenzylidene)benzenesulfonamide 3b (27.3 mg,

0.0999 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), A**3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-**8b**: 46.6 mg (0.0779mmol), as a yellow solid, 78% yield; 5:95 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 10.8$ (*c* = 2.15 in CHCl₃); 80% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak IE, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 60/40, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 19.45 min (major), t_R = 21.79 min (minor).



Synthesis of chiral (*R*)-8g: General procedure C: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*R*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*R*)-5b (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(4-fluorobenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide 3f (27.7 mg,

0.0999 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh3 (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%),

A3 (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and backfilled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-8g: 44.8 mg (0.0743mmol), as a yellow solid, 74% yield; <5:95 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 22.6$ (*c* = 2.85 in CHCl₃); 74% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak IE, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 80/20, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 51.97 min (major), t_R = 59.34 min (minor).



Synthesis of chiral (*R***)-8h: General procedure C:** To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added (*R*)-4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide (*R*)-**5b** (65.0 mg, 0.200 mmol), *N*-(4-chlorobenzylidene)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3g** (29.3 mg,

0.0997 mmol), Pd(allyl)Cp (2.1 mg, 0.0099 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), A**3** (3.0 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 24 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give chiral product (*R*)-**8h**: 46.6 mg (0.0753mmol), as a yellow solid, 75% yield; <5:95 rr; $[\alpha]_D^{25} = 20.4$ (*c* = 2.30 in CHCl₃); 78% ee, determined by HPLC analysis (Daicel chiralpak IE, *n*-hexane/*i*-PrOH = 60/40, flow rate = 1.0 mL/min, 1 = 254 nm) t_R = 16.23 min (major), t_R = 18.54 min (minor).

9. Exploration of other substrates

9.1 Exploration of more 1,6-enynes



Synthesis of 10 and 11: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), 3-(prop-2-yn-1-

yloxy)prop-1-ene **9** (34.4 mg, 0.200 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%), **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.100 mmol, 100 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 36 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give products **10** and **11** as inseparable regioselective isomers: 17.2 mg (0.0399 mmol), as a colorless oil, 40% yield; **10**:11 = 7:1; for **10**: ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.46–7.39 (m, 4H), 7.39–7.34 (m, 2H), 7.31–7.27 (m, 1H), 7.17–7.12 (m, 3H), 7.10–7.05 (m, 3H), 7.04–6.99 (m, 2H), 4.95–4.79 (m, 1H), 4.37 (dt, *J* = 7.4, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 3.13 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.93 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 7.4 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.68 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 150.4, 143.1, 140.6, 138.3, 136.8, 131.2, 129.3, 128.7, 128.4, 127.6, 127.4, 127.0, 126.5, 125.8, 122.0, 116.3, 57.8, 32.9, 21.5, 8.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₆H₂₅NO₃SNa⁺ 454.1447; Found 454.1449.



Synthesis of 18 and 19: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), di-*tert*-butyl 2-allyl-2-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)malonate **17** (58.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (2.2 mg, 0.0098 mmol, 10 mol%), PPh₃ (5.2 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%), **A1** (2.4 mg, 0.020 mmol, 20 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 48 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/8 to 1/5) to give products **18** and **19** as inseparable isomers: 34.2 mg (0.0617 mmol), as a colorless oil, 62% total yield; **18**:**19** = 1:1; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) δ 7.64 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.55 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.26 (d, *J* = 4.2 Hz, 4H), 7.22–7.11 (m, 8H), 7.08–6.99 (m, 2H), 5.81 (s, 1H), 5.75 (s, 1H), 5.13 (dd, *J* = 9.4, 6.0 Hz, 1H), 5.06–4.96 (m, 2H), 4.90 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H), 4.80–4.71 (m, 2H), 4.44 (dt, *J* = 7.2, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 3.15–2.99 (m, 2H), 2.98–2.84 (m, 2H), 2.68 (dd, *J* = 14.6, 7.2 Hz, 1H), 2.59 (dd, *J* = 14.8, 7.0 Hz, 1H), 2.37 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H), 1.54–1.49 (m, 12H), 1.43 (s, 9H), 1.41 (s, 9H), 1.39 (s, 9H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 169.69,

169.66, 169.62, 169.2, 149.9, 146.5, 143.09, 143.07, 142.5, 140.4, 137.9, 137.1, 134.9, 132.4, 129.4, 129.3, 128.7, 128.4, 127.8, 127.5, 127.4, 127.3, 126.8, 126.6, 118.4, 103.9, 81.84, 81.76, 81.72, 81.70, 65.2, 65.0, 57.3, 56.2, 37.4, 35.4, 34.7, 27.9, 27.83, 27.82, 27.81, 21.4, 12.3; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: $[M + Na]^+$ Calcd for $C_{31}H_{39}NO_6SNa^+$ 576.2390; Found 576.2387.

9.2 Unsuccessful substrates attempts



More types of activated ketimine, aldehyde, ketone and Michael acceptors were employed to react with **5a** under the optimal condition. Unfortunately, complex reaction profiles or no obvious conversions were generally observed as outlined above.



On the other hand, the above outlined enynes (bearing different substituents or linkers) were generally inert to the reation with **3a**.

10. Synthetic transformations



Synthesis of 12: To a 10 mL tube equipped with a stirring bar were added **4a** (30.6 mg, 0.0602 mmol), N-Bromosuccinimide (23.5 mg, 0.132 mmol) and CCl₄ (0.5 mL). The mixture was stirred at 90 °C for 2 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/10). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **12**: 37.2 mg (0.0558 mmol), as a white solid, 93% yield; mp 69–71 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.76 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.25 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.17–7.11 (m, 3H), 7.08 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 7.06–7.00 (m, 2H), 4.95–4.82 (m, 1H), 4.30–4.17 (m, 1H), 2.69 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 9.2 Hz, 1H), 2.53 (dd, *J* = 14.4, 5.8 Hz, 1H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 2.35 (s, 3H), 1.52 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 145.7, 143.6, 140.8, 136.6, 135.4, 130.0, 129.5, 128.6, 127.7, 127.6, 126.7, 126.2, 125.9, 125.8, 102.2, 101.9, 57.4, 34.7, 21.73, 21.67, 11.2; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₂₇H₂₆⁷⁹Br₂N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 686.9593; Found 686.9686; Calcd for C₂₇H₂₆⁷⁹Br⁸¹Br N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 688.9573; Found 688.9568; Calcd for C₂₇H₂₆⁸¹Br₂ N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 690.9552; Found 690.9548.



Synthesis of 8m: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added N-(2-(2,5-dibromo-4-methyl-1-tosyl-1*H*-pyrrol-3-yl)-1-phenylethyl)-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide 12 (39.8 mg, 0.600 mmol), 4-tolylboronic acid (17.9 mg, 0. 132 mmol), potassium carbonate (20.7 mg, 0.150 mmol) and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (6.9 mg, 0.0060 mmol, 10 mol%).The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed DMF (0.3 mL) and H₂O (0.2 mL) were added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 100 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the reaction was cooled down to room temperature, and diluted with H₂O (3.0 mL) and extracted with EtOAc (3.0 mL × 3). The combined organic layers

were washed with brine (3.0 mL \times 2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/6 to 1/5) to give product **8m**, which was determined by H-NMR and ¹³C-NMR, 21.1 mg (0.0352 mmol), as a white solid, 59% yield.



Synthesis of 13: To a stirred solution of phenyliodine bis(trifluoroacetate) (31.0 mg, 0.0721 mmol) in DCM (0.5 mL) was added boron trifluoride diethyl etherate (20.3 mg, 0.144 mmol) and trimethylsilyl cyanide (10.7 mg, 0.108 mmol) via syringe sequentially at 0 °C under argon atmosphere. The mixture was stirred for 30 min at 0 °C before 7a (35.0 mg, 0.0599 mmol) in DCM (0.5 mL) was added. Then the mixture was gradually warmed to room temperature, and stirred for another 2 h. After completion (monitored by TLC), the mixture was guenched with saturated sodium bicarbonate solution (2.0 mL) and saturated sodium thiosulfate solution (2.0 mL), then extracted with EtOAc (3.0 mL \times 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3.0 mL \times 2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product 13: 18.3 mg (0.0300 mmol), as a white solid, 50% yield; mp 79–81 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.49–7.46 (m, 1H), 7.45–7.41 (m, 2H), 7.39 (d, J = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.24–7.18 (m, 5H), 7.18–7.08 (m, 5H), 6.78 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 2H), 6.67 (d, J = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 4.51 (d, J = 7.0 Hz, 1H), 4.14–3.98 (m, 1H), 2.61–2.52 (m, 1H), 2.48 (s, 3H), 2.46– 2.41 (m, 1H), 2.40 (s, 3H), 1.97 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 145.9, 144.0, 140.3, 138.3, 137.0, 136.7, 134.8, 131.5, 131.2, 129.9, 129.6, 128.9, 128.7, 128.1, 127.8, 127.7, 126.7, 126.0, 123.2, 112.4, 103.8, 57.6, 32.8, 21.7, 21.6, 10.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₄H₃₁N₃O₄S₂Na⁺ 632.1648; Found 632.1649.



Synthesis of 14: To a stirred solution of **7a** (35.0 mg, 0.0599 mmol) in MeCN (0.6 mL) was added N-Bromosuccinimide (12.8 mg, 0.719 mmol). The mixture was stirred at room temperature for 3 h. After completion (monitored by TLC), the solvent was concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **14**: 18.9 mg (0.0285 mmol), as a white solid, 48% yield; mp 75–76 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.48–7.33 (m, 4H), 7.34–7.28 (m, 1H), 7.27–7.19 (m, 2H), 7.23–7.11 (m, 4H), 7.14–7.03 (m, 5H), 6.82 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 2H), 6.45 (brs, 1H), 4.74 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 4.32–4.04 (m, 3H), 2.76–2.59 (m, 2H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 2.37 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 145.0, 143.3, 140.7, 137.1, 135.2, 133.4, 129.7, 129.5, 129.4, 129.1, 128.9, 128.4, 127.8, 127.4, 127.3, 127.0, 126.2, 122.07, 122.05, 121.8, 57.6, 33.1, 24.7, 21.6, 21.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁⁷⁹BrN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 685.0801; Found 685.0798; Calcd for C₃₃H₃₁⁸¹BrN₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 687.0780; Found 687.0780.



Synthesis of 15: To a stirred solution of 14 (39.8 mg, 0.0600 mmol) in DMF (1.2 mL) was added potassium carbonate (16.6 mg, 0.120 mmol), the mixture was stirred at room temperature for 12 h. After completion (monitored by TLC), the mixture was quenched with water and extracted with EtOAc (3.0 mL × 3). The combined organic layers were washed with brine (3.0 mL × 2), dried over Na₂SO₄, filtrated, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product 15: 22.0 mg (0.0378 mmol), as a white solid, 63% yield; mp 74–86 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.65–7.54 (m, 2H), 7.37–7.27 (m, 4H), 7.23–7.10 (m, 8H), 7.10–7.01 (m, 4H), 6.95 (s, 1H), 6.93 (s, 1H), 5.33 (d, *J* = 6.2 Hz, 1H), 4.79 (d, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 3.84 (d, *J* = 16.6 Hz, 1H), 2.57 (d, *J* = 1.6 Hz, 1H), 2.49 (dd, *J* = 16.8, 6.4 Hz, 1H), 2.42 (s, 3H), 2.36 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 144.7, 143.1, 138.3, 137.7, 135.8, 131., 130.3, 129.9, 129.4, 128.4, 127.6, 127.5, 127.24, 127.18, 120.8, 118.9, 116.7, 53.8, 38.7, 23.6, 21.7, 21.4.; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₃₃H₃₀N₂O₄S₂Na⁺ 605.1539; Found 605.1549.

11. Mechanism and regiodivergence studies



11.1 Elucidation of the process of tandem reaction

Step I: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **1a** (21.0 mg, 0.100 mmol), allyl *tert*-butyl carbonate **2a** (15.8 mg, 0.0999 mmol) and Pd(PPh₃)₄ (5.8 mg, 0.0050 mmol, 5 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 2 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/10). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/20) to give *N*-allyl-4-methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfon amide **5a**: 23.4 mg (0.0938 mmol), as a white solid, 94% yield.

Step II: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added *N*-allyl-4methyl-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5a** (24.9 mg, 0.0999 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (5.8 mg, 0.0050 mmol, 5 mol%) and **A1** (2.4 mg, 0.0197 mmol 20 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 2 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/10). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/20) to give 3,4-dimethylene-1-tosylpyrrolidine **6a**: 13.5 mg (0.0542 mmol), as a white solid, 54% yield. The NMR spectra were consistent with the literature report (*Nat. Prod. Rep.* **2010**, *27*, 1801).

Notably, no reaction was observed in the absence of *A1*, which indicated that acid was crucial for the cycloisomerization of enyne.

Step III and Step IV: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added *N*-benzylidene-4-methylbenzenesulfonamide **3a** (13.0 mg, 0.0501 mmol) 3,4-dimethylene-1-tosylpyrrolidine **6a** (14.9, 0.0598 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (5.8 mg, 0.0050 mmol, 5 mol%) and **A1** (2.4 mg, 0.0197 mmol 20 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (0.5 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product **4a**: 16.1 mg (0.0317 mmol), as a white solid, 63% yield.

Both **3a** and **6a** were consumed completely, but no product **4a** was detected without **A1**. No obvious conversion was observed without Pd(PPh₃)₄. *These results demonstrated that both palladium and acid are crucial in the vinylogous addition and aromatization steps*.

Othe Lewis acid, such as $Pd(OAc)_2$, $Sc(OTf)_3$ could not promote the transformation, which indicated the mechanism would not involve an Alder-ene type process.

11.2 Rationale for regioselective 3-pyrrolylmethylation



Synthesis of 6b: To an oven-dried 100 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-*N*-(1-phenylallyl)-*N*-(prop-2-yn-1-yl)benzenesulfonamide **5b** (488.1 mg, 1.500 mmol), Pd(OAc)₂ (16.8 mg, 0.0748 mmol, 5 mol%) and PPh₃ (39.0 mg, 0.149 mmol, 10 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (15.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 2 h, and monitored by TLC (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/10). After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/20) to give 3,4-dimethylene-2-phenyl-1-tosylpyrrolidine **6b**: 268.5 mg (0.8249 mmol), as a white solid, 55% yield, mp 93–94 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.52 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.29–7.24 (m, 5H), 7.19 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H), 5.54–5.33 (m, 2H), 5.23 (s, 1H), 5.00 (s, 1H), 4.71 (s, 1H), 4.34–4.17 (m, 2H), 2.39 (s, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 146.8, 143.4, 141.3, 141.1, 134.7, 129.4, 128.4, 127.7, 127.6, 127.4, 108.2, 105.9 , 67.9, 52.8, 21.5; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₁₉H₁₉NO₂SNa⁺ 348.1029 Found 348.1036.



Isomerization of 6b to 16: To an oven-dried 50 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 3,4-dimethylene-2-phenyl-1-tosylpyrrolidine **6b** (162.7 mg, 0.5000 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (28.9 mg, 0.0248 mmol, 5 mol%), and **A1** (12.2 mg, 0.0998 mmol, 100 mol%). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (5.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 60 °C for 2 h, and monitored by ¹H-NMR analysis. After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/20) to give **16**: 100.8 mg (0.3097 mmol), as a white solid, 62% yield, mp 138–139 °C; ¹H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 7.58 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.33–7.20 (m, 7H), 6.73 (s, 1H), 5.05 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 4.65 (d, *J* = 3.0 Hz, 1H), 4.38 (t, *J* = 2.2 Hz, 1H), 2.41 (s, 3H), 1.73 (d, *J* = 1.4 Hz, 3H); ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl₃): δ (ppm) 153.2, 143.8, 140.7, 133.9, 132.5, 129.7, 128.5, 127.9, 127.6, 127.3, 121.6, 101.3, 67.9, 21.6, 9.6; HRMS (ESI-TOF) m/z: [M + Na]⁺ Calcd for C₁₉H₁₉NO₂SNa⁺ 348.1029; Found 348.1036

About 60% conversion was determined by ¹H-NMR analysis in the presence of **A1** (20 mol%) in 2 h. *These results clearly demonstrated that increasing the loadings of acid additive could facilitate the isomerization of 6b to 16.*



Synthesis of 7a from the reaction of 16 and 3a: To an oven-dried 10 mL Schlenk tube equipped with a stirring bar were added 4-methyl-3-methylene-2-phenyl-1-tosyl-2,3-dihydro-1*H*-pyrrole 16 (39.0 mg, 0.120 mmol), *N*-benzylidene-4-methyl benzenesulfonamide 3a (25.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), Pd(PPh₃)₄ (11.6 mg, 0.0100 mmol, 10 mol%) and 4 Å MS (40 mg). The tube was capped, evacuated and back-filled with argon for five times. Then degassed dry toluene (1.0 mL) was added via syringe. The mixture was stirred at 70 °C for 12 h, and monitored by TLC. After completion, the mixture was directly purified by flash chromatography on silica gel (EtOAc/petroleum ether = 1/5) to give product 7a: 52.6 mg (0.0900 mmol), as a yellow solid, 90% yield; >95:5 rr.

In conclusion, increasing the amounts of acid additive could improve the formation of 3pyrrolylmethylated product 7*a* by rapid generation of 16.

11.3 Rationale for regioselective 4-pyrrolylmethylation



As outlined above, the reaction of *n*-butyl substituted enyne **5i** with **3a** still delivered 3pyrrolylmethylated product **7q** exclusively under the catalysis of Pd(allyl)Cp, PPh₃ and acid **A3**, but using phenyl-subsituted enyne **5b** gave 4-pyrrolylmethylated product **8a** exclusively under the same catalytic conditions. *The results indicated that a phenyl group on* **5b** *was crucial for the formation of* 4-pyrrolylmethylated **8a**, probably a π - π stacking between intermediate **6b** and ligand PPh₃, as outlined in **Int-C**, might help direct and stabilize the η^2 -Pd⁰-diene complex, which would result in the generation of 4-pyrrolylmethylated **8a**. Menawhile, allyl cyclopentadiene formed in situ might also play a significant role as a ligand,

12. Crystal data, ECD spectra and structural refinement

Procedure for the recrystallization of 4a: to a 10 mL tube containing **4a** (20 mg) was added petroleum ether (3.6 mL) and *i*-PrOH (2.4 mL). The mixture was heated until a clear solution was formed, which was kept aside overnight at room temperature to obtain crystals. The crystals were subjected for single crystal XRD to determine the structure of **4a**. The data were collected by an Agilent Gemini equipped with a Cu radiation source (K = 1.54184 Å) at 296.9 K. CCDC 2184605 (**4a**) contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data_request/cif.



(ellipsoid contour probability 50%)	
Identification code	4a
Empirical formula	$C_{27}H_{28}N_2O_4S_2$
Formula weight	508.63
Temperature/K	296.87(12)
Crystal system	monoclinic
Space group	$P2_1/n$
a/Å	9.4288(3)
b/Å	10.4362(3)
c/Å	26.2815(7)
$\alpha/^{\circ}$	90
β/°	96.065(3)
$\gamma/^{\circ}$	90
Volume/Å ³	2571.67(13)
Z	4
$\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.314
μ/mm^{-1}	2.169
F(000)	1072.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.5 imes 0.35 imes 0.1
Radiation	$CuK\alpha$ ($\lambda = 1.54184$)
2Θ range for data collection/°	6.764 to 142.66
Index ranges	$-11 \le h \le 11, -8 \le k \le 12, -31 \le l \le 27$
Reflections collected	14349
Independent reflections	4931 [$R_{int} = 0.0507, R_{sigma} = 0.0434$]
Data/restraints/parameters	4931/0/319
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.021
Final R indexes [I>= 2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0639, wR_2 = 0.1703$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0749, wR_2 = 0.1898$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.46/-0.29

Procedure for the recrystallization of 70: To a 10 mL tube containing **70** (40 mg) was added petroleum ether, EtOAc and DCM (10:3:1, about 6.0 mL). The mixture was heated until a clear

solution was formed, which was kept aside overnight at room temperature to obtain crystals. The crystals were subjected for single crystal XRD to determine the structure of **70**. The data were collected by an Agilent Gemini equipped with a Mo radiation source (K = 0.71073 Å) at 302.0 K. CCDC 2184606 (**70**) contains the supplementary crystallographic data for this paper. These data can be obtained free of charge via www.ccdc.cam.ac.uk/data request/cif.



(ellipsoid contour probability 50%) Identification code 70 Empirical formula $C_{31}H_{30}N_2O_4S_3$ Formula weight 590.75 302.0 Temperature/K Crystal system monoclinic C2/cSpace group a/Å 29.5374(19) b/Å 9.7700(5) c/Å 24.882(3) $\alpha/^{\circ}$ 90 β/° 122.932(2) $\gamma/^{\circ}$ 90 Volume/Å³ 6026.6(8) Ζ 8 $\rho_{calc}g/cm^3$ 1.302 μ/mm^{-1} 0.284 F(000) 2480.0 Crystal size/mm³ $0.35 \times 0.28 \times 0.14$ Radiation MoK α ($\lambda = 0.71073$) 20 range for data collection/° 3.9 to 54.992 Index ranges $-38 \le h \le 38, -12 \le k \le 10, -32 \le l \le 32$

Reflections collected	37923
Independent reflections	$6899 \ [R_{int} = 0.0619, R_{sigma} = 0.0388]$
Data/restraints/parameters	6899/0/378
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.018
Final R indexes [I>= 2σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0497, wR_2 = 0.1164$
Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0920, \mathrm{w}R_2 = 0.1404$
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	0.31/-0.32

ECD spectra and structural refinement for enantioenriched 7a and 8b

Computation details

Conformational search of investigated compounds has been carried out by using Molclus software (version 1.9.9.4) together with Gaussian 09 software package.⁵ All stable conformations obtained are then optimized using DFT at the PBE1PBE/6-31G(d) level, and the harmonic vibrational frequencies of each conformation were calculated at the same level. The self-consistent reaction field (SCRF) and SMD⁶ solvation model was adopted to evaluate the effect of solvent (Methanol). The energy of each conformer and Boltzmann distribution was calculated. Based on the Boltzmann distribution of each conformer, the ECD of each represent conformer was calculated by TDDFT at the pbe1pbe/def2tzvp level and the weighted ECD spectrums were plotted by Multiwfn software.⁷

(5) L. Tian, Molclus program, Version 1.9.9.4, http://www.keinsci.com/research/ molclus.html

(6) S. Grimme, S. Ehrlich and L. Goerigk, J. Comput. Chem. 2011, 32, 1456.

(7) T. Lu, and F. Chen, J. Comput. Chem. 2012, 33, 580.

Results:



The Boltzmann distribution of molecule (S)-7a and weighted ECD spectrum were given in Table S12.1 and Figure S12.1 respectively. The experimental ECD spectrum of (S)-7a is opposite to the predicted ECD spectrum, which means the experimental ECD of molecule 7a is in *R*-configuration.

Table 12.1 The Boltzmann distribution of the investigated molecule (S)-7a.

(S)-7 a	Index	DG(kcal/mol)	Qi(Relat)	Percent
S-cluster6.log	1	0	1	59.47%
S-cluster4.log	2	0.70532124	0.304084886	18.08%
S-cluster8.log	3	0.96322785	0.196764875	11.70%
S-cluster5.log	4	1.066767	0.165216222	9.83%
S-cluster10.log	6	2.88340845	0.007699143	0.46%
S-cluster9.log	7	3.23544156	0.004250106	0.25%
S-cluster3.log	8	3.35466846	0.003475407	0.21%
S-cluster7.log	9	14.22941676	3.71315E-11	0.00%



Figure S12.1. The experimental and predicted ECD of (S)-7a.



The molecule of (S)-8b may have different conformers in solvents and each conformer owns different ECD absorbing spectra. Hence, the ECD spectrum of experimental results is the average ECD spectrum of each conformer.

Conformational search shows that (S)-8b have 9 different conformer clusters, and 9 representative

conformers were chosen from each cluster. The Boltzmann distribution of 9 representative conformers was given in **Table S12.2**. The proportion of each conformer ranges from 2.14% to 41.69%. Hence, the ECD of 9 representative conformers were predicted and the weighted ECD spectrum was given in **Figure S12.2**.

The predicted ECD spectrum of (S)-**8b** is opposite to the experimental results in 300 nm wavelength, which means that the experimental product is in *R*-configuration.

(S)- 8b	Index	DG(kcal/mol)	$Q_{i(Relat)}$	Percent
conf26.log	1	0	1	41.69%
conf18.log	2	0.44929716	0.468449	19.53%
conf22.log	3	0.65072787	0.333436	13.90%
conf17.log	4	0.94000998	0.204629	8.53%
conf10.log	5	1.08998487	0.158867	6.62%
conf13.log	6	1.56626496	0.071108	2.96%
conf9.log	7	1.69866957	0.056867	2.37%
conf14.log	8	1.73067258	0.053877	2.25%
conf12.log	9	1.75891053	0.05137	2.14%

Table S12.2. The Boltzmann distribution of the investigated molecule (S)-8b.



Figure S12.2. The experimental and predicted ECD of (S)-8b.



13. NMR, HRMS spectra and HPLC chromatograms








































544.94 544.96 544.98 545 545.02 545.04 545.06 545.08 545.13 545.12 545.14 545.16 545.18 545.2 545.22 545.24 545.26 545.28 545.3 545.32 545.34 545.36 545.3 Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)











S91






































Spectrum from 20220820.wiff2 (sample 2) - 2, +TOF MS (300 - 600) from 0.061 to 0.086 min, Recalibrated, centroided















533.1926

5.0e5 4.0e5



















S123











0.5-0.45-0.35-0.35-0.25-0.25-0.15-0.15-0.05-





10 0 -10 -20 -30 -40 -50 -60 -70 -80 -90 -100 -110 -120 -130 -140 -150 -160 -170 -180 -190 -200 -210 f1 (ppm)









S131















621.09 621.1 621.12 621.13 621.14 621.15 621.16 621.17 621.18 621.19 621.2 621.21 621.22 621.23 621.24 621.25 621.26 621.27 621.28 621.29 621.3 621.31 Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)






























































Counts vs. Mass-to-Charge (m/z)



















77 7585 77 7585 75 7557 75 7557 75 7557 75 7557 75 7557 75 7557 75 7557 75 7557 75 7557 75 7557 77 7525 77 7255 77 72 7255 77 7255






























































[min]	1 ype	[mm]	[MAU]	[MAU^S]	[%0]
16.565	BBA	0.81	984.4285	49063.5547	93.5542
23.745	BBA	0.78	68.7986	3380.4258	6.4458
			Totals:	52443.9805	100.0000





S201















Ret Time [min]	Peak Type	Width [min]	Height [mAU]	Area [mAU*s]	Area [%]
16.868	BB	0.53	733.2902	24794.3203	97.7492
20.866	BBA	0.65	13.8482	570.9182	2.2508
			Totals:	25365.2385	100.0000









[min]	Туре	[min]	[mAU]	[mAU*s]	[%]
17.270	BB	0.51	3.4593	114.2187	1.3739
18.978	BB	0.60	213.5724	8198.9922	98.6261
			Totals:	8313.2109	100.0000





[min]	Туре	[min]	[mAU]	[mAU*s]	[%]
16.858	BB	0.54	168.9910	5843.0757	98.1324
19.051	BB	0.59	2.8021	111.2027	1.8676
			Totals:	5954.2784	100.0000





T-+-1	1(229 5(40	100 0000
Totais:	10228.3049	100.0000





[]	- JPC	[]			[* *]
14.824	BB	0.38	232.6911	5829.2886	97.5254
16.756	BBA	0.41	5.4741	147.9142	2.4746
			Totals:	5977.2028	100.0000









82.3596

100.0000

S2:	12
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16.463

BBA

0.55

329.7209

Totals:

11710.7334

14219.0298





Totals:	11851.1584	100.0000





[min]	Реак Туре	[min]	[mAU]	Area [mAU*s]	Area [%]
51.966	MM	2.01	74.1474	8934.3047	86.8233
59.339	MM	2.10	10.7680	1355.9113	13.1767
			Totals:	10290.2159	100.0000



