

## Electronic Supporting Information

### Enhanced Photostability of CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br-based Perovskite Solar Cells through suppression of the phase segregation using a zwitterionic additive

Mikhail K. Kuznetsov,<sup>a,b</sup> Nikita A. Emelianov,<sup>a</sup> Denis V. Korchagin,<sup>a</sup> Gennady V. Shilov,<sup>a</sup> Sergey M. Aldoshin,<sup>a</sup> Pavel A. Troshin<sup>c,a</sup> and Lyubov A. Frolova,<sup>a\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Institute for Problems of Chemical Physics of RAS, Chernogolovka 142432, Russia

<sup>b</sup> Faculty of Fundamental Physics & Chemical Engineering, Lomonosov Moscow State University, Moscow 119991, Russia

<sup>c</sup> Silesian University of Technology, 44-100, Gliwice, Poland

Contents:

**Fig. S1.** FTIR spectrum of the D,L-asparagine powder.

**Fig. S2.** Grain size distribution for the pristine and modified CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br films with 0.5%, 1%, and 2% **Asn** loadings.

**Fig. S3.** The evolution of the PL spectra of CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br (a) and CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br + 2% **Asn** (b) with increase in the laser power ( $\lambda = 450$  nm) and a double logarithmic plot of the integrated PL intensity as a function of the excitation power (c).

**Fig. S4.** A comparison of the PL-spectra of the perovskite films before and after light soaking at  $100 \pm 5$  mW/cm<sup>2</sup> and  $35 \pm 2$  °C for 2000 h for the samples with different **Asn** loadings: (a) pristine - 0%, (b) 0.5%, (c) 1%, and (d) 2%.

**Fig. S5.** A comparison of the absorption spectra of the pristine CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br films (a) and the films with 2% **Asn** loading (b) before and after annealing at  $85 \pm 3$  °C for 150 h.

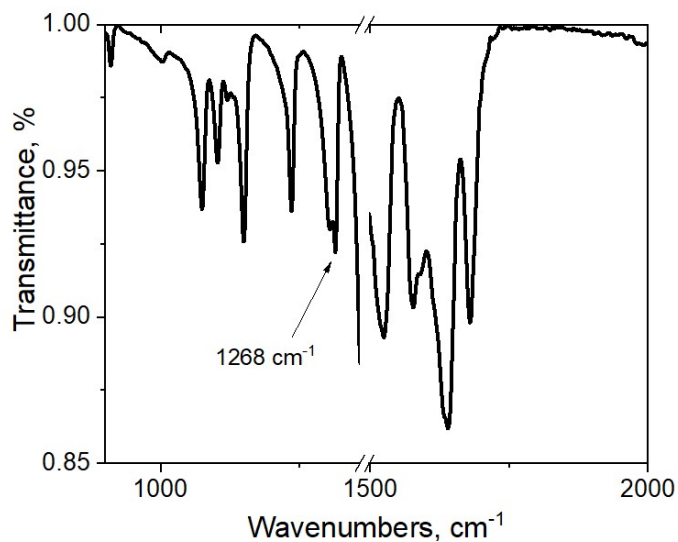
**Fig. S6.** The evolution of the power conversion efficiency (PCE) (a), open circuit voltage ( $V_{OC}$ ) (b), short circuit current density ( $J_{SC}$ ) (c), and fill factor (FF) (d) values of the devices depending on the **Asn** loading in the CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br films.

**Fig. S7.** The evolution of the normalized open circuit voltage ( $V_{OC}$ ) (a), short circuit current ( $J_{SC}$ ) (b), and fill factor values (FF) (c) of the devices depending on the **Asn**

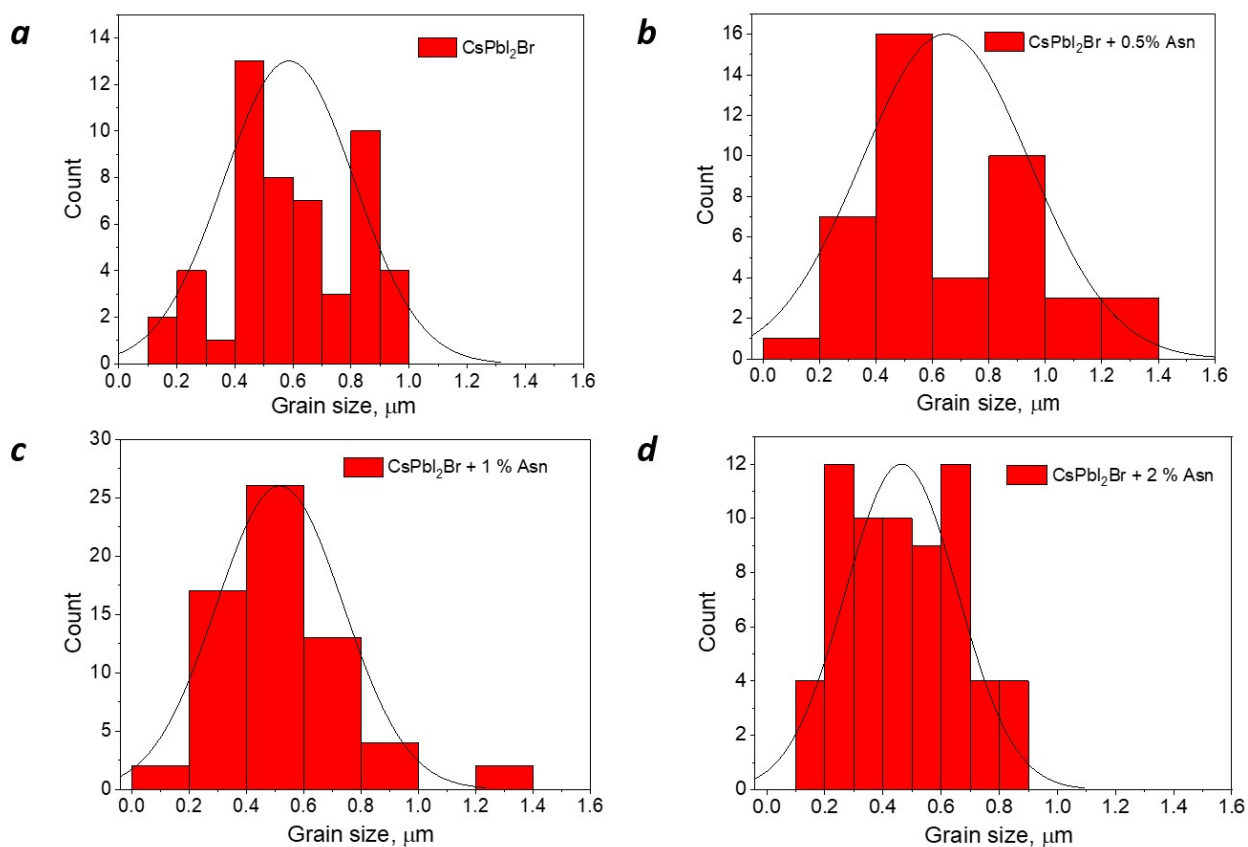
loading in the CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br films during 1500 h exposure under continuous light soaking (100±5 mW/cm<sup>2</sup>, T= 35±2°C).

**Table S1.** Overview of the relevant literature data on the perovskite solar cells based on CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br films loaded with different additives.

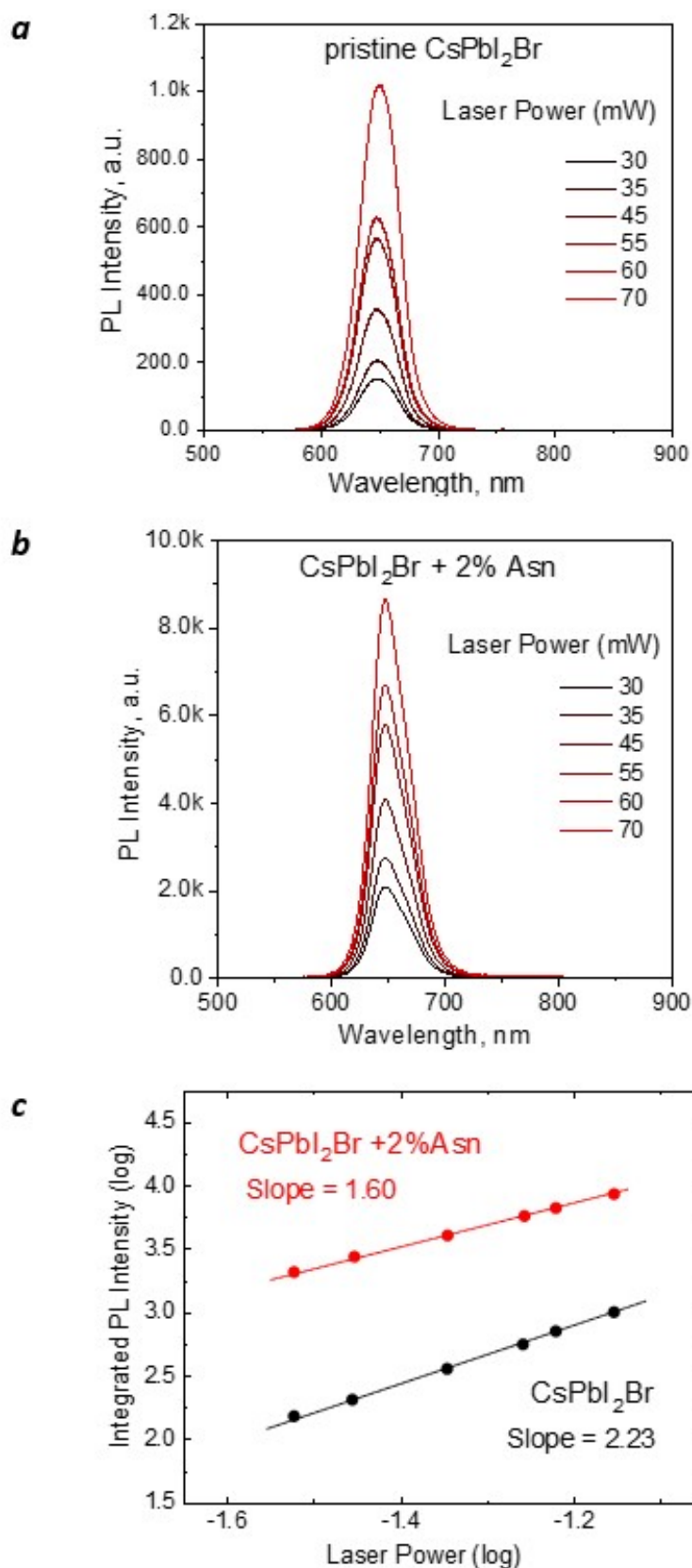
**Table S2.** The average and the best (in brackets) values of power conversion efficiency (*PCE*), open-circuit voltage (*V<sub>OC</sub>*), short-circuit current density (*J<sub>SC</sub>*), and fill factor (*FF*) of the devices with different **Asn** loadings.



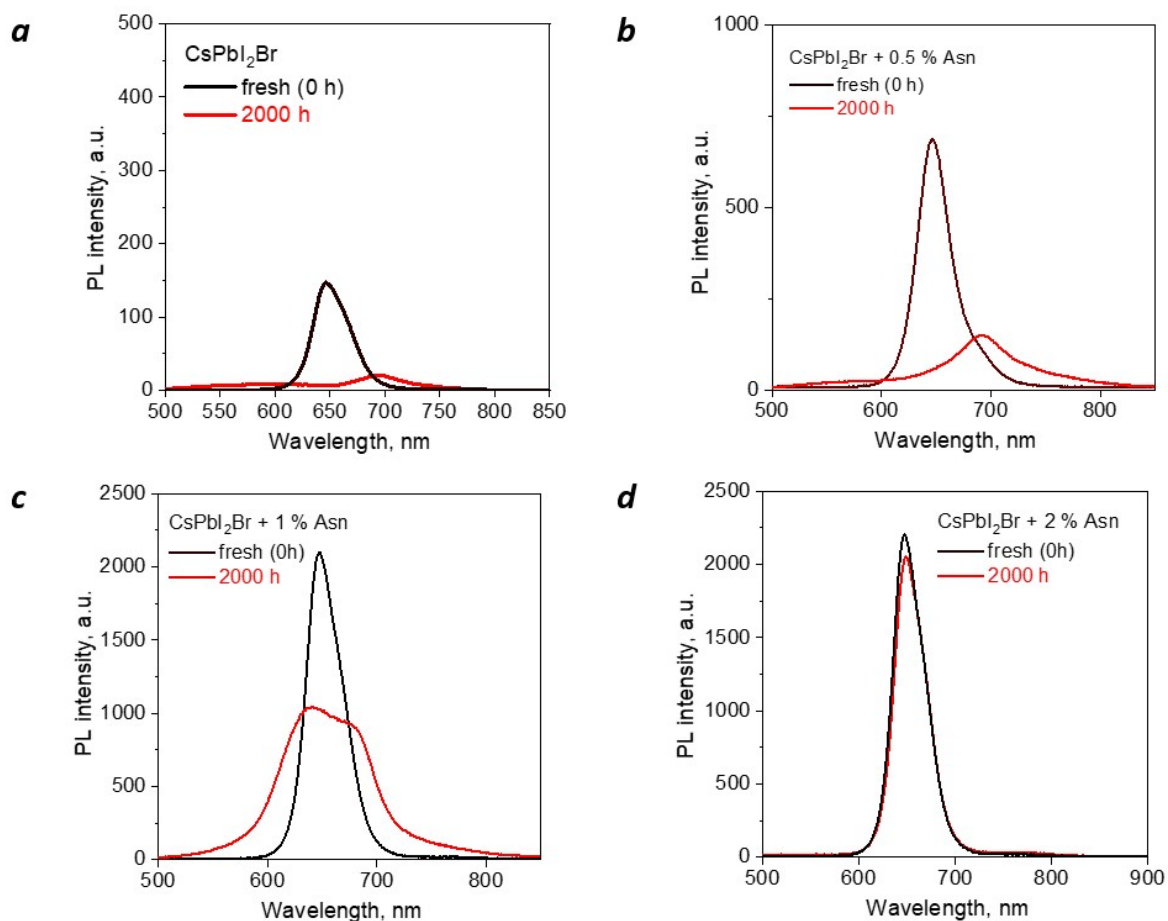
**Fig. S1.** ATR FTIR spectrum of the D,L-asparagine powder.



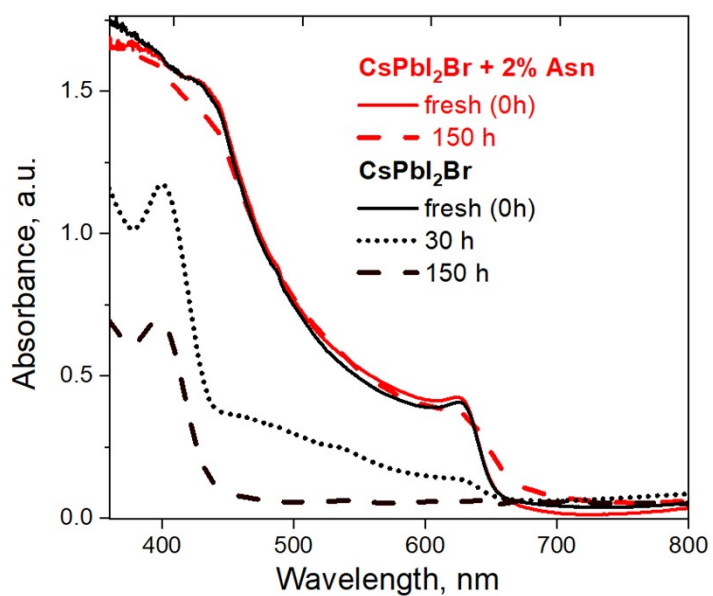
**Fig. S2.** Grain size distribution for the pristine and modified CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br films with 0.5%, 1%, and 2% Asn loadings.



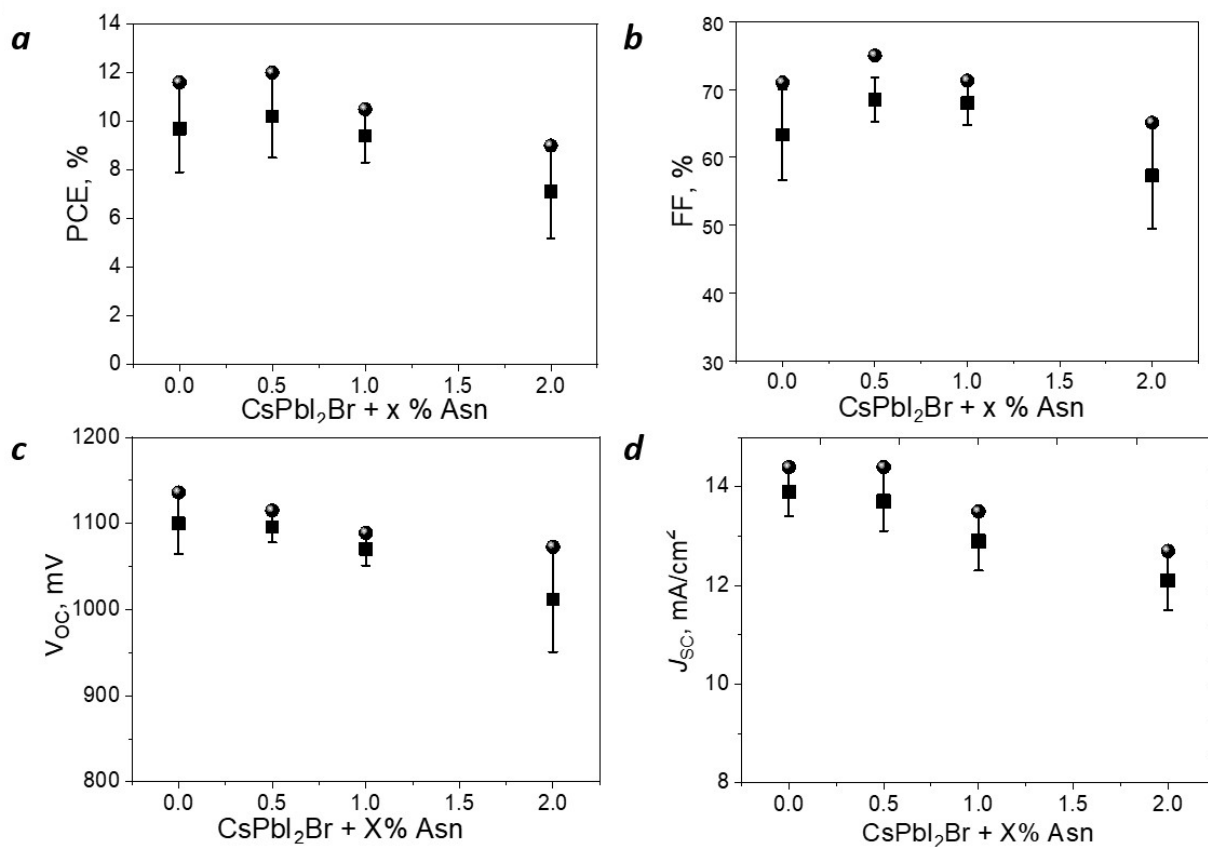
**Figure S3.** The evolution of the PL spectra of CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br (a) and CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br + 2% Asn (b) with increase in the laser power ( $\lambda = 450$  nm) and a double logarithmic plot of the integrated PL intensity as a function of the excitation power (c).



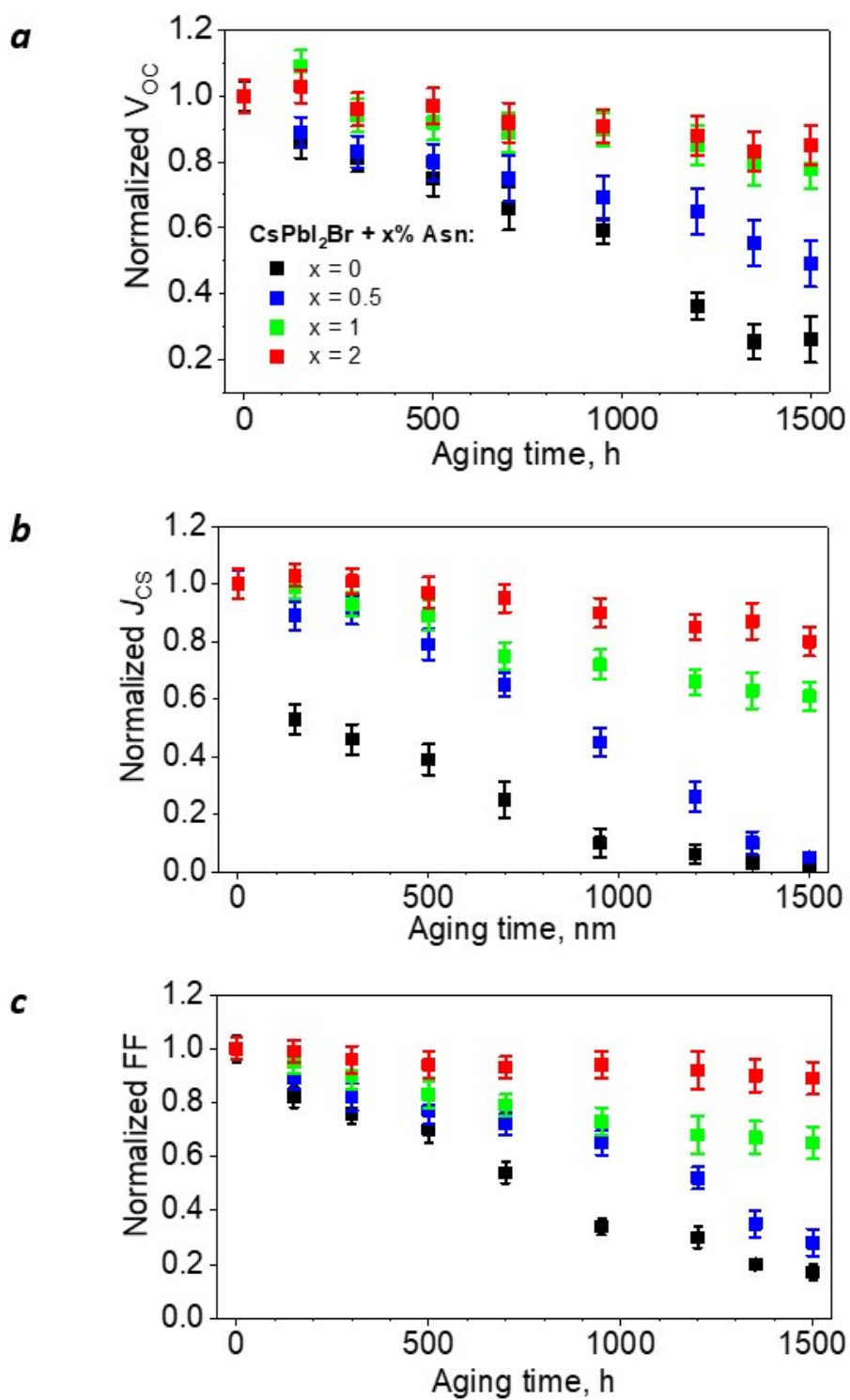
**Figure S4.** A comparison of the PL-spectra of the perovskite films before and after light soaking at  $100 \pm 5$  mW/cm<sup>2</sup> and  $35 \pm 2$  °C for 2000 h for the samples with different **Asn** loadings: (a) pristine - 0%, (b) 0.5%, (c) 1%, and (d) 2%.



**Figure S5.** A comparison of the absorption spectra of the pristine CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br films (a) and the films with 2% Asn loading (b) before and after annealing at  $85 \pm 3$  °C for 150 h.



**Figure S6.** The evolution of the power conversion efficiency (PCE) (a), open circuit voltage ( $V_{oc}$ ) (b), short circuit current density ( $J_{sc}$ ) (c), and fill factor (FF) (d) values of the devices depending on the **Asn** loading in the CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br films.



**Figure S7.** The evolution of the normalized open circuit voltage ( $V_{oc}$ ) (a), short circuit current ( $J_{sc}$ ) (b), and fill factor values (FF) (c) of the devices depending on the **Asn** loading in the CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br films during 1500 h exposure under continuous light soaking ( $100 \pm 5$  mW/cm<sup>2</sup>,  $T = 35 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ).



**Table S1.** Overview of the relevant literature data on the perovskite solar cells based on CsPbI<sub>2</sub>Br films loaded with different additives.

Additive	PCE, %	Aging conditions	Aging time / Retained fraction (%) of the initial efficiency of PSCs	Aging time during which the films remain stable	Ref.
1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium tetrafluoroborate (BMIMBF <sub>4</sub> )	13.21%	Dark, N <sub>2</sub> atmosphere  Dark, T=30°C, RH =35 %	1080 h / 86.9%  500 h / ~80%		S1
Methylamine acetate (MAAC)	8.7%	Dark, RT, ambient air	168 h / 68%		S2
Phenylethylammonium bromide	16.70%	Dark, RT, inert atmosphere	1000 h / 92%		S3
CH <sub>3</sub> NH <sub>3</sub> Cl	12.9%	Light (100 mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ), RT, RH ~30 %	10 h / ~75%		S4
2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate (HEMA)	16.13%	Dark, RT, RH=30%	1000 h / 78%		S5
Tetrabutylammonium (TBA) iodide	11.05%	Dark, RT, ambient air	1080 h / 60 %		S6
HPbI <sub>3+x</sub> (DMA=dimethylamine)	10.56%	Dark, RT, RH <20 %	-	168 h	S7
HC(NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> I	12.28%	Dark, RT, RH ~25-80 %	1440 h / ~100%		S8
HC(NH <sub>2</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> I (QD)	14.12%	Dark, RT, RH ~20-30 %	720 h / ~85%		S9
Tetramethylammonium chloride	14.12%	Dark, RT, ambient air Dark, T=85°C, N <sub>2</sub> atmosphere	720 h / ~60% 168 h / ~80%		S10
Cs <sub>4</sub> PbBr <sub>6</sub> <u>nanocrystals</u>	15.52%	Dark, RT, RH ~40 %	500 h / ~90%		S11

Additive	PCE, %	Aging conditions	Aging time / Retained fraction (%) of the initial efficiency of PSCs	Aging time during which the films remain stable	Ref.
5-aminovaleric acid hydrobromide (5-AVABr)	16.58%	Dark, RT, ambient air Dark, T=85°C, inert atmosphere	1560 h / 93% 288 h / 80%		S12
Levulinic acid (LA)	11.68%	Dark, RT, RH ~35 %	240 h / 50%		S13
(P3CT) carboxylated conjugated polymer	12.25%	-	-	-	S14
Sulfur-contained aminothiazolium iodide (ATI)	13.91%	Dark, RT, RH ~60 % Dark, T=80°C, RH=60%	12 h / 90% 200 h / ~90%		S15
4-chlorobenzoic acid (CBA)	14.3%	Dark, RT, RH ~20 %	500 h / 95%		S16
4-bromobenzylamine (BrBeAl)	14.63%	Dark, RT, RH=60%		20 min	S17
Pb(Ac) <sub>2</sub>	12%	Dark, RT, inert atmosphere	~750 h / 90%		S18
Pb(II) propionate	14.58%	-	-	-	S19
1-butyl-3-methylimidazolium hexafluorophosphate (BMIMPF <sub>6</sub> ),	16.2%	Dark, RT, inert atmosphere Dark, RT, RH=30% 200 thermal cycles (25–100oC)	1200 h / 98.9% 1000 h / 88.6% 99.5%		S20
Guanidinium bromine (GABr)	16.97%	Dark, T=85oC, inert	120 h / 85%		S21

<b>Additive</b>	<b>PCE, %</b>	<b>Aging conditions</b>	<b>Aging time / Retained fraction (%) of the initial efficiency of PSCs</b>	<b>Aging time during which the films remain stable</b>	<b>Ref.</b>
		atmosphere Dark, RT, RH<20%	1000 h / 85%		
4-guanidinobenzoic-acid hydrochloride (4-GBACl)	15.59%	Dark, RT, RH<20%	1200 h / 88%		S22
Phenethylammonium chlorine (PEACl)	15.64%	Dark, RT, RH=20%	1000 h / 87.2%		S23
4-fluoro-phenethylammonium chlorine (F-PEACl)	16.29%				
p-type molecule (BTEC-2F)	16.25%	Dark, RT, RH=25%	500 h / 80%		S24
4-Aminobenzoic acid (ABA)	8.44%				S25
Butylamine iodine (BAI)	12%	Dark, RT, RH=35%		48 h	S26
Biuret additive consisting of functional amino and carbonyl groups	13.3%	Dark, RT, RH=20%	1000 h / ~80%		S27
Polymethylmethacrylate (PMMA)	11.18%	Dark, RT, inert atmosphere	~500 h / 80%		S28
Polyethylene glycol (PEG)	12.92%	Dark, RT, ambient air	2880 h / 90%		S29
Polyethylene glycol (PEG)	13.59%	Dark, RT, inert atmosphere	500 h / 85%		S30
Polyvinylpyrrolidone (PVP)	10.47%	Dark, RT, RH=50-60%		96 h	S31
Poly(N-alkyldiketopyrrolo-pyrrole dithienylthieno[3,2-b]thio-phene) (DPP-DTT)	15.14%	Dark, T=85°C, inert atmosphere	600 h / 90%		S32
		Dark, RT,	~530 h / ~96%		

Additive	PCE, %	Aging conditions	Aging time / Retained fraction (%) of the initial efficiency of PSCs	Aging time during which the films remain stable	Ref.
		RH<30%			
Polyethyleneimine (PEI) with multiple amino-groups	15.48%	Dark, RT, RH<20±5%	500 h / 81.9%		S33
Phenylethylammonium chlorine (PEACl)	14.05%	Dark, RT, RH<60%	12 h / 80%		S34
CH <sub>3</sub> COOCs	10.53%	Dark, T=20 °C, RH ≈ 30%	~475 h / ~60%		S35
Sm(AcAc) <sub>3</sub>	12.85%	Dark, T= 85 °C	200 h / 85%		S36
FeCl <sub>2</sub>	17.1%	Light (100 mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ), RT, inert atmosphere	420 h / 76%		S37
Eu(Ac) <sub>3</sub>	15.25%	Dark, room temperature, RH =35-40 %	720 h / 80%		S38
Eu(Ac) <sub>3</sub>	12.1%	Dark, T=85°C, inert atmosphere Dark, RT, RH=40%	200 h / 80% 500 h / 80%		S39
SrI <sub>2</sub>	16.61%	Dark, RT, ambient air	100 h / 85%		S40
BaI <sub>2</sub>	14.85 %	Dark, T=85°C, ambient air	450 h / ~80%		S41
LaCl <sub>3</sub>	8.03%	Dark, T=85°C, RT, ambient air	450 h / ~80%		S42
Nb <sup>5+</sup>	10.42%	-	-	-	S43
InCl <sub>3</sub>	13.74%	-	-	-	S44
Nil <sub>2</sub>	15.88%	Dark, RT, RH	550 h /		S45

Additive	PCE, %	Aging conditions	Aging time / Retained fraction (%) of the initial efficiency of PSCs	Aging time during which the films remain stable	Ref.
		~35 %	70%		
GeI <sub>2</sub>	10.8 %	Dark, RT, RH ~30 %	7 h / ~100%		S46
YbI <sub>2</sub>	14.04%	Dark, T=85°C, RH ~30 %	280 h / 85%		S47
CuBr <sub>2</sub>	16.15%	-	-		S48
MgCl <sub>2</sub>	13.47%	Dark, T=25°C, RH ~25 %	840 h / ~95%		S49
CaCl <sub>2</sub>	16.79%	Dark, T=85°C, room temperature, ambient air	1000 h / 90%		S50
CsBr	10.7%	Light (100 mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ), T=60°C, inert atmosphere	500 h / ~70%	1000 h	S51
CsBr	6.7%	Dark, T=85°C, RH ~85 %	240 h / 90%		S53
Lewis base adducts PbI <sub>2</sub> (DMSO) and PbBr <sub>2</sub> (DMSO)	14.78%	Dark, RT, RH ~20 %	500 h / ~95%		S54
Organic ligands armored ZnO		Light (100 mW/cm <sup>2</sup> ), RT, ambient atmosphere Dark, T=85°C, inert atmosphere	200 h / ~90% 400 h / ~85%		S55

**Table S2.** The average and the best (in brackets) values of power conversion efficiency (*PCE*), open-circuit voltage ( $V_{OC}$ ), short-circuit current density ( $J_{SC}$ ), and fill factor (*FF*) of the devices with different **Asn** loadings.\*

<b>Asn loading, %</b>	<b><math>V_{OC}</math>, V</b>	<b><math>J_{SC}</math>, mA cm<sup>-2</sup></b>	<b><i>FF</i>, %</b>	<b>PCE, %</b>
0	(1.136) 1.100 ± 0.036	(14.4) 13.9 ± 0.5	(71.0) 63.3 ± 6.7	(11.6) 9.7 ± 1.8
0.5	(1.115) 1.096 ± 0.018	(14.4) 13.7 ± 0.6	(75.2) 68.1 ± 6.9	(12.1) 10.2 ± 1.7
1.0	(1.089) 1.070 ± 0.019	(13.5) 12.9 ± 0.6	(71.3) 68.0 ± 3.3	(10.5) 9.4 ± 1.1
2.0	(1.074) 1.012 ± 0.061	(12.8) 12.1 ± 0.8	(66.3) 58.3 ± 7.8	(9.1) 7.1 ± 2.0

**Notes:** \* *J*–*V* curves were measured in forward directions with a scan rate of 0.01 V/s

## References

- S1. A. Wang, X. Deng, J. Wang, S. Wang, X. Niu, F. Hao and L. Ding, *Nano Energy*, 2021, **81**, 105631.
- S2. F. Hong, Y. Li, W. Xiang, X. Liu, Z. Jiang, Z. Ma and F. Xu, *Chem. Lett.*, 2021, **50**, 1500–1503.
- S3. J. He, J. Su, Z. Lin, J. Ma, L. Zhou, S. Zhang, S. Liu, J. Chang and Y. Hao, *Adv. Sci.*, 2021, **8**, 2101367.
- S4. C.-L. Chen, S.-S. Zhang, T.-L. Liu, S.-H. Wu, Z.-C. Yang, W.-T. Chen, R. Chen and W. Chen, *Rare Metals*, 2020, **39**, 131–138.
- S5. S. Fu, J. Wang, X. Liu, H. Yuan, Z. Xu, Y. Long, J. Zhang, L. Huang, Z. Hu and Y. Zhu, *Chem. Eng. J.*, 2021, 422, 130572.
- S6. I. Poli, S. Eslava and P. Cameron, *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2017, **5**, 22325–22333.
- S7. Y. Wang, T. Zhang, F. Xu, Y. Li and Y. Zhao, *Solar RRL*, 2018, **2**, 1700180.
- S8. M. Chen, S. R. Sahamir, G. Kapil, A. K. Baranwal, M. A. Kamarudin, Y. Zhang, K. Nishimura, C. Ding, D. Liu, D. Hirotsani, Q. Shen and S. Hayase, *Sol. Energy Mater. Sol. Cells*, 2020, **218**, 110741.
- S9. J. Zhang, Z. Jin, L. Liang, H. Wang, D. Bai, H. Bian, K. Wang, Q. Wang, N. Yuan, J. Ding and S. F. Liu, *Adv. Sci.*, 2018, **5**, 1801123.
- S10. I. S. Jin, B. Parida and J. W. Jung, *J. Mater. Sci. Technol.*, 2022, **102**, 224–231.
- S11. W. Liu, M. Cao, J. Zhang, J. Jiang, H. Yu, X. Hao, J. Zhang, H. Guo, B. Fang, N. Yuan, X. Fan, S. Zhang and J. Ding, *Journal of Power Sources*, 2022, **530**, 231294.
- S12. C. Duan, J. Li, Z. Liu, Q. Wen, H. Tang and K. Yan, *Chem. Eng. J.*, 2021, **417**, 128053.
- S13. H. Liu, X. Xiao, Z. Bi, J. Wang, Y. Liu, Y. Zhu, X. Xu and G. Xu, *Solar Energy*, 2020, **195**, 544–551.
- S14. Y. Chung, K. S. Kim and J. W. Jung, *Int. J. Energy Res.*, 2022, **46**, 6012–6021.
- S15. Z. Wang, A. K. Baranwal, M. Akmal kamarudin, P. Zhang, G. Kapil, T. Ma and S. Hayase, *Nano Energy*, 2019, **66**, 104180.
- S16. Z. Li, W. Wu, G. Ren, W. Han, N. Li, C. Liu and W. Guo, *Solar RRL*, 2021, **5**, 2100347.

- S17. J. Zhuang, Y. Wei, Y. Luan, N. Chen, P. Mao, S. Cao and J. Wang, *Nanoscale*, 2019, **11**, 14553–14560.
- S18. Z. Zeng, J. Zhang, X. Gan, H. Sun, M. Shang, D. Hou, C. Lu, R. Chen, Y. Zhu and L. Han, *Adv. Energy Mater.*, 2018, **8**, 1801050.
- S19. S. Öz, A. K. Jena, A. Kulkarni, K. Mouri, T. Yokoyama, I. Takeji, F. Ünlü, S. Mathur and T. Miyasaka, *ACS Energy Letters*, 2020, **5**, 1292–1299.
- S20. A. Wang, J. Wang, X. Niu, C. Zuo, F. Hao and L. Ding, *InfoMat*, 2021, **4**, e12263.
- S21. J. Ma, Z. Lin, X. Guo, L. Zhou, J. He, Z. Yang, J. Zhang, Y. Hao, S. Liu and J. Chang, *J. Energy Chem.*, 2021, **63**, 558–565.
- S22. H. Li, X. Hao, B. Chang, Z. Li, L. Wang, L. Pan, X. Chen and L. Yin, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2021, **13**, 40489–40501.
- S23. J. Wang, S. Fu, X. Liu, H. Yuan, Z. Xu, C. Wang, J. Zhang, L. Huang, Z. Hu and Y. Zhu, *J. Alloys Compd.*, 2022, **891**, 161971.
- S24. K. Zheng, J. Ge, C. Liu, Q. Lou, X. Chen, Y. Meng, X. Yin, S. Bu, C. Liu and Z. Ge, *InfoMat*, 2021, **3**, 1431–1444.
- S25. T. Zhang, H. Li, S. Liu, X. Wang, X. Gong, Q. Sun, Y. Shen and M. Wang, *J. Phys. Chem. Lett.*, 2019, **10**, 200–205.
- S26. X.-M. Liu, Y.-H. Li, X.-T. Wang, Y.-X. Zhao and School of Environmental Science and Engineering, Shanghai Jiao Tong University, Shanghai 200240, China, *Acta. Phys. Sin.*, 2019, **68**, 158805.
- S27. J. Wang, L. Chen, Z. Qian, G. Ren, J. Wu and H. Zhang, *J. Mater. Chem. A*, 2020, **8**, 25336–25344.
- S28. B. Yuan, C. Li, W. Yi, F. Juan, H. Yu, F. Xu, C. Li and B. Cao, *J. Phys. Chem. Solids*, 2021, **153**, 110000.
- S29. J. Wei, X. Wang, X. Sun, Z. Yang, I. Moreels, K. Xu and H. Li, *Nano Research*, 2020, **13**, 684–690.
- S30. C. Zhang, X. Wan, J. Zang, Q. Liu, Y. Fei and Z. Yu, *Surf. Interfaces.*, 2021, **22**, 100809.
- S31. S. Ullah, P. Yang, J. Wang, L. Liu, S.-E. Yang, T. Xia and Y. Chen, *J. Solid State Chem.*, 2022, **305**, 122656.



- S32. H. Zhao, S. Yang, Y. Han, S. Yuan, H. Jiang, C. Duan, Z. Liu and S. (Frank) Liu, *Adv. Mater. Technol.*, 2019, **4**, 1900311.
- S33. H. Peng, M. Cai, J. Zhou, Y. Yang, X. Ding, Y. Tao, G. Wu, X. Liu, J. H. Pan and S. Dai, *Solar RRL*, 2020, **4**, 2000216.
- S34. H. Wang, H. Bian, Z. Jin, L. Liang, D. Bai, Q. Wang and S. F. Liu, *Solar RRL*, 2018, **2**, 1800216.
- S35. L. Yu, J. Zhang, H. Yuan, H. Sun, X. Gan, Z. Hu and Y. Zhu, *ACS Appl. Energy Mater.*, 2020, **3**, 1076–1081.
- S36. J. V. Patil, S. S. Mali and C. K. Hong, *ACS Sustain. Chem. Eng.*, 2020, **8**, 16364–16371.
- S37. J. Tian, J. Wang, Q. Xue, T. Niu, L. Yan, Z. Zhu, N. Li, C. J. Brabec, H. Yip and Y. Cao, *Adv. Funct. Mater.*, 2020, **30**, 2001764.
- S38. S. Yang, H. Zhao, Y. Han, C. Duan, Z. Liu and S. (Frank) Liu, *Small*, 2019, **15**, 1904387.
- S39. L. Chen, W. Wu, J. Wang, Z. Qian, R. Liu, Y. Niu, Y. Chen, X. Xie and H. Zhang, *ACS Appl. Energy Mater.*, 2021, **4**, 3937–3944.
- S40. J. V. Patil, S. S. Mali and C. K. Hong, *J. Energy Chem.*, 2021, **62**, 451–458.
- S41. S. S. Mali, J. V. Patil and C. K. Hong, *Nano Letters*, 2019, **19**, 6213–6220.
- S42. S. Chen, T. Zhang, X. Liu, J. Qiao, L. Peng, J. Wang, Y. Liu, T. Yang and J. Lin, *J. Mater. Chem. C*, 2020, **8**, 3351–3358.
- S43. Z. Guo, S. Zhao, A. Liu, Y. Kamata, S. Teo, S. Yang, Z. Xu, S. Hayase and T. Ma, *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces*, 2019, **11**, 19994–20003.
- S44. C. Liu, W. Li, H. Li, H. Wang, C. Zhang, Y. Yang, X. Gao, Q. Xue, H.-L. Yip, J. Fan, R. E. I. Schropp and Y. Mai, *Adv. Energy Mater.*, 2019, **9**, 1803572.
- S45. H. Zhao, Z. Xu, Y. Che, Y. Han, S. Yang, C. Duan, J. Cui, S. Dai, Z. Liu and S. (Frank) Liu, *J. Power Sources*, 2021, **492**, 229580.
- S46. F. Yang, D. Hirotsu, G. Kapil, M. A. Kamarudin, C. H. Ng, Y. Zhang, Q. Shen and S. Hayase, *Angew. Chem. Int. Ed.*, 2018, **57**, 12745–12749.
- S47. J. V. Patil, S. S. Mali, D. W. Park and C. K. Hong, *Mater. Today Chem.*, 2021, **22**, 100557.
- S48. K.-L. Wang, R. Wang, Z.-K. Wang, M. Li, Y. Zhang, H. Ma, L.-S. Liao and Y. Yang, *Nano Letters*, 2019, **19**, 5176–5184.

- S49. D. Bai, J. Zhang, Z. Jin, H. Bian, K. Wang, H. Wang, L. Liang, Q. Wang and S. F. Liu, *ACS Energy Letters*, 2018, **3**, 970–978.
- S50. Y. Han, H. Zhao, C. Duan, S. Yang, Z. Yang, Z. Liu and S. (Frank) Liu, *Adv. Funct. Mater.*, 2020, **30**, 1909972.
- S51. L. A. Frolova, Q. Chang, S. Y. Luchkin, D. Zhao, A. F. Akbulatov, N. N. Dremova, A. V. Ivanov, E. E. M. Chia, K. J. Stevenson and P. A. Troshin, *J. Mater.s Chem. C*, 2019, **7**, 5314–5323.
- S52. Q. Ma, S. Huang, S. Chen, M. Zhang, C. F. J. Lau, M. N. Lockrey, H. K. Mulmudi, Y. Shan, J. Yao, J. Zheng, X. Deng, K. Catchpole, M. A. Green and A. W. Y. Ho-Baillie, *J. Phys. Chem. C*, 2017, **121**, 19642–19649
- S54. G. Yin, H. Zhao, H. Jiang, S. Yuan, T. Niu, K. Zhao, Z. Liu and S. F. Liu, *Adv. Funct. Mater.*, 2018, **28**, 1803269
- S55. P. Wang, H. Wang, Y. Mao, H. Zhang, F. Ye, D. Liu and T. Wang, *Adv. Sci.*, 2020, **7**, 2000421.