Supporting Information

Poly(*N*,*N*-dimethyl)acrylamide-based Ion-conductive Gel with Transparency, Self-adhesion and Rapid Self-healing Properties for

Human Motion Detection

Ling Wang, Shengjie Liu, Jingjing Cheng, Yao Peng, Fangfei Meng, Zhaoqiang Wu*, and Hong Chen

Key Laboratory of Polymeric Materials Design and Synthesis for Biomedical Function, College of Chemistry, Chemical Engineering and Materials Science, Soochow University, Suzhou 215123, P. R. China

*Corresponding author: E-mail: wzqwhu@suda.edu.cn (Q.Z. Wu); Tel: +86-512-65884279, Fax: +86-512-65880567

Supplementary Results



Fig. S1 (a) Tensile testing stress-strain curves, (b) stress at break and strain at break, (c) Young's modulus and toughness of the PDMA ion-conductive gels with various $[BMIM][Tf_2N]$ contents. Error bars represent the standard deviation (n = 3).



Fig. S2 (a) Nyquist plots of impedance spectra and (b) electrical conductivity of the ion-conductive gels with different [BMIM][Tf₂N] contents. Error bars represent the standard deviation (n = 3).



Fig. S3 FTIR spectra of DMA, $[BMIM][Tf_2N]$ and ion-conductive gel. (a) Full spectra and (b) expanded spectra.



Fig. S4 EDS image and data of the ion-conductive gel.



Fig. S5 Possible adhesion mechanism of ion-conductive gels on different substrate surfaces.