ARTICLE

Supporting Information

A mild, versatile and time-saving interfacial gelation blackening strategy for fabricating high-quality 3D porous solar steam evaporator

Xiangyi Zhang, ^a Kaimin Deng, ^b Chunhua Zhang, ^{ab} Bin Shang *ab and Xin Liu *ab

^a School of Materials Science and Engineering, Wuhan Textile University, Wuhan,430200, P. R. China ^b State Key Laboratory of New Textile Materials and Advanced Processing Technologies, Wuhan Textile University, Wuhan 430073, P. R. China. Email: bshang@wtu.edu.cn; xinliu@wtu.edu.cn



Fig. S1 Water wetting behavior on raw MF surface.



Fig. S2 Process diagram of the SA/TA mixture wetting the MF.



Fig. S3 Sectional picture of MF-SA/TA-Fe³⁺ and SEM image of the internal structure.



Fig. S4 UV/vis/NIR absorption spectra of different samples.



Fig. S5 Water wetting behavior on MF-SA/TA-Fe³⁺ surface.

Number	Composition		
	SA (%)	TA (%)	FeCl ₃ (%)
Sample 1	2.0	0.2	2.0
Sample 2	2.0	0.4	2.0
Sample 3	2.0	0.8	2.0
Sample 4	2.0	1.2	2.0
Sample 5	2.0	1.6	2.0

Table S1. Formulation for preparation of the MF-SA/TA-Fe³⁺.



Fig. S6 Photographs of the obtained different samples and corresponding UV/vis/NIR absorption spectra, the surface blackening time is 8 minutes.



Fig. S7 Photographs of the obtained samples with different surface blackening time, the concentration of SA, TA and Fe^{3+} is 2%, 0.4% and 2%, respectively.



Fig. S8 Photograph of the obtained MF-SA/TA-Fe³⁺ self-float in water.

Supplementary movie captions

Movie S1: This movie shows the wetting behavior of water on the surface of raw MF.

Movie S2: This movie shows the wetting behavior of water on the surface of MF-SA/TA-Fe³⁺.

Movie S3: This movie shows the sliding behavior of methylene chloride on the surface of MF-SA/TA-Fe³⁺.

Movie S4: This movie shows the adhesion of methylene chloride on the surface of MF-SA/TA-Fe³⁺.