

A novel smart composite: from self-powered sensors to multi-responsive shape memory actuators

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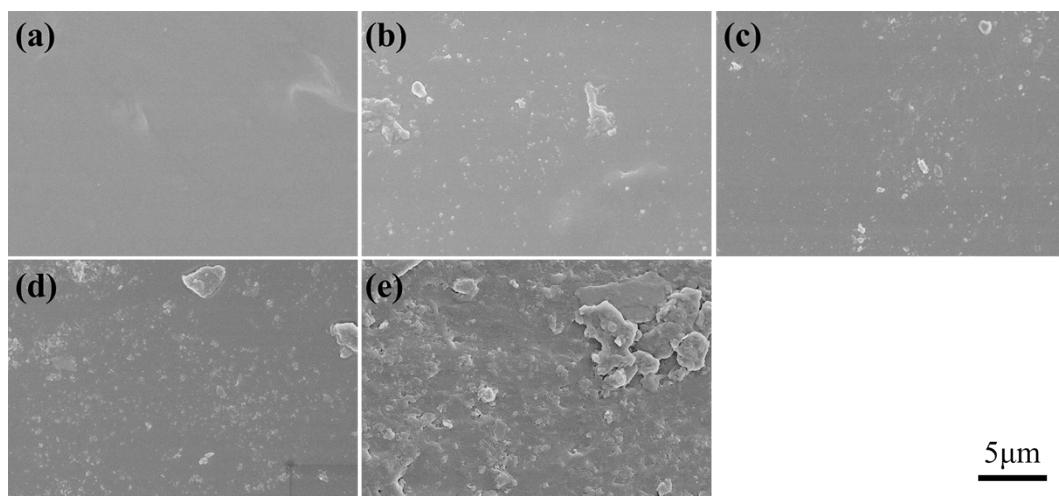


Figure S1 SEM image of (a) AP, (b) APG1, (c) APG2, (d) APG3, and (f)APG4.

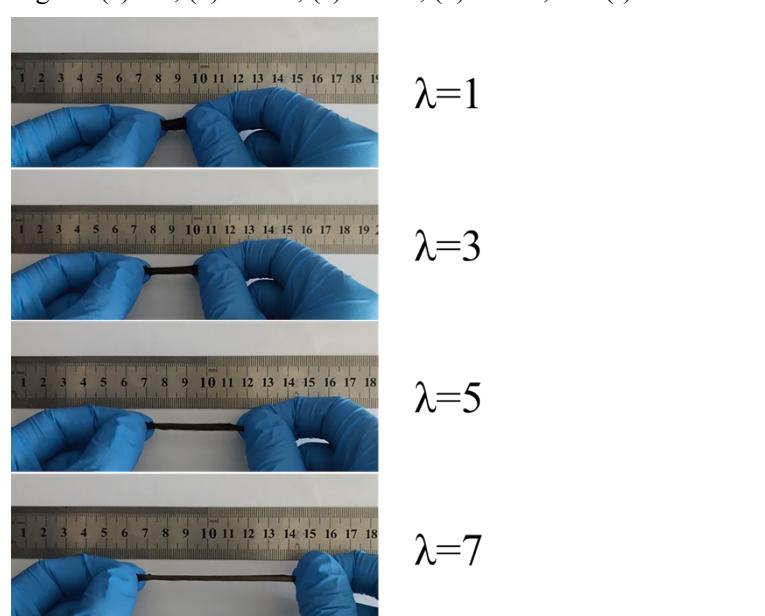


Figure S2 Digital photographs of the APG2 under different strain.

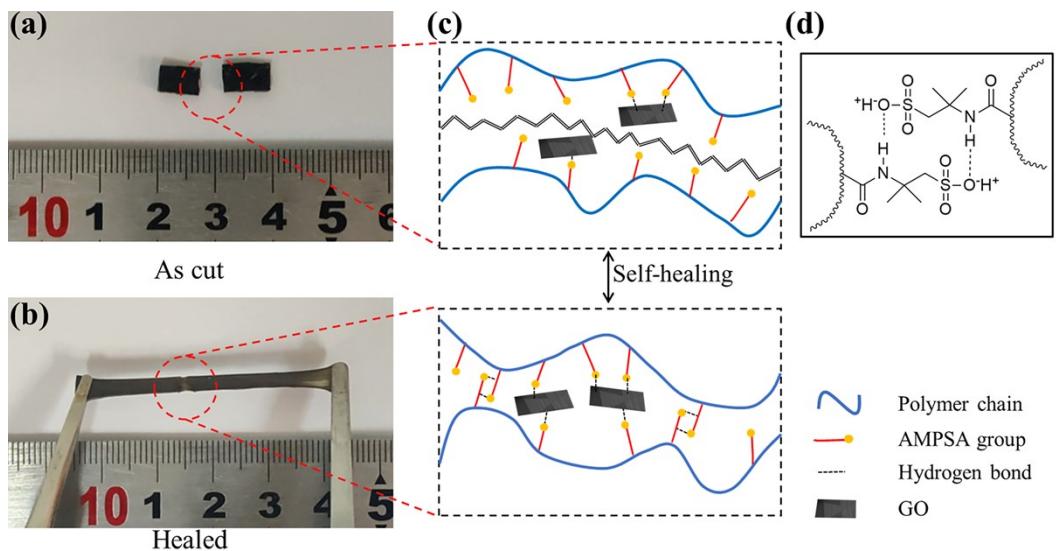


Figure S3 (a) Damaged sample. (b) Healed sample. (c) Schematic illustration of self-healing mechanism. (d) Hydrogen bond interaction of AMPSA groups.

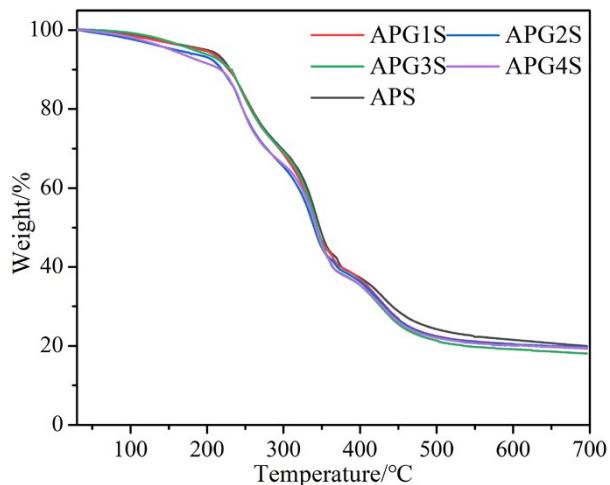


Figure S4 TGA curves of APGxS composites.

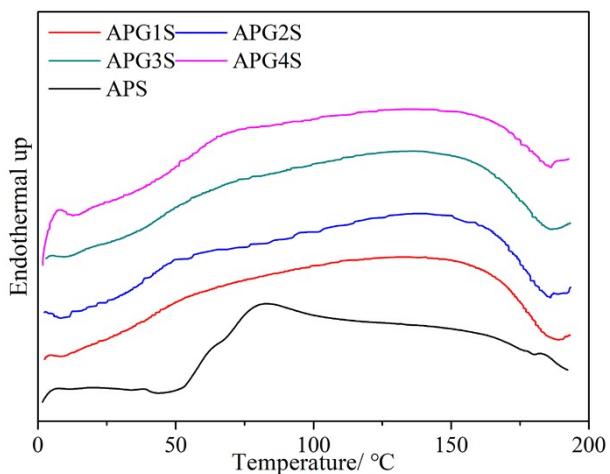


Figure S5 DSC curves of APGxs composites

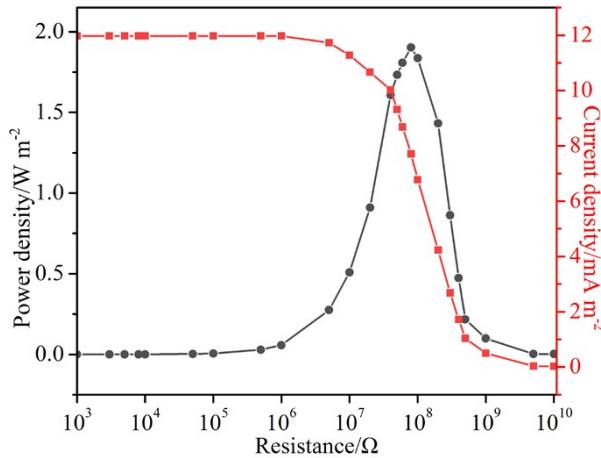


Figure S6 Current and peak power density depending on external resistances of reconstructed H-TENG

Table S1 Composition and mechanical properties of APGx hydrogels

| Sample | GO content (%) | σ (MPa) | ε (%) |
|--------|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| AP | 0 | 0.147±0.004 | 798±84 |
| APG1 | 0.25 | 0.147±0.001 | 887±13 |
| APG2 | 0.5 | 0.242±0.02 | 1179±44 |
| APG3 | 0.75 | 0.203±0.03 | 1009±84 |
| APG4 | 1 | 0.182±0.014 | 953±26 |

Table S2 Mechanical properties, glass transition temperature, thermo- and NIR light-induced shape memory properties of APGxS composites

| sample | σ (MPa) | ε (%) | T _g (°C) | R _f ^a (%) | R _r ^a (%) | R _f ^b (%) | R _r ^b (%) |
|--------|----------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| APS | 26.9±0.9 | 16.7±0.5 | 56.7 | 95.5±2.6 | 87.4±3.3 | / | / |
| APG1S | 30.6±2.3 | 17.5±1.4 | 54.4 | 96.1±1.5 | 95.7±2.2 | 98.1±1.1 | 95.1±1.3 |
| APG2S | 38.5±1.4 | 19.1±0.8 | 56.9 | 98.8±2.1 | 96.7±2.4 | 97.8±2.2 | 96.5±1.8 |
| APG3S | 26.0±1.8 | 18.6±0.6 | 54.6 | 98.4±2.3 | 95.2±3.5 | 98.6±1.5 | 95.1±2.7 |
| APG4S | 24.4±1.5 | 17.2±0.7 | 57.1 | 98.8±2.1 | 94.3±3.4 | 98.4±1.4 | 93.4±2.4 |

Note: a, thermo-induced shape memory properties; b, NIR light-induced shape memory properties.

Table S3 property comparison of hydrogel based TENG reported in recent years

| Materials | Self-healing | Self-adhesive | Voltage | Power density | Year | Ref. |
|----------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------|----------------------------------|------|------|
| PVA/agarose/MWCNT hydrogel | Yes | N/A | 95V | 0.75 W/m ² (500MΩ) | 2019 | [1] |
| PVA hydrogel | Yes | N/A | 20V | 5 mW/m ² (110MΩ) | 2019 | [2] |
| Chitosan/AgNW hydrogel | N/A | N/A | 182V | 2 W/m ² | 2019 | [3] |

| | | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----|-----|------|------------------------------------|-----------|------|
| PAM/HEC/LiCl hydrogel | N/A | N/A | 285V | 0.626 W/m ² (30MΩ) | 2020 | [4] |
| PNA/PMA hydrogel fiber | Yes | N/A | 36V | 88 mW/m ² (200MΩ) | 2020 | [5] |
| PVA/PAM hydrogel | N/A | N/A | 345V | 1.81 W/m ² (10MΩ) | 2021 | [6] |
| PAM/Clay hydrogel | Yes | N/A | 157V | 0.71 W/m ² (20MΩ) | 2021 | [7] |
| PAM/SA/Ca ²⁺ hydrogel | N/A | N/A | 22V | 6.79 mW/m ² (700 kΩ) | 2022 | [8] |
| PHAM/PAA hydrogel | Yes | Yes | 123V | 0.209 W/m ² (30MΩ) | 2022 | [9] |
| PVA/PAM/EG hydrogel | N/A | N/A | 200V | 0.943 W/m ² (100 MΩ) | 2022 | [10] |
| PAA/PA hydrogel | N/A | N/A | 201V | 1.33 W/m ² (500 MΩ) | 2022 | [11] |
| ECTFE hydrogel | N/A | N/A | 332V | 1.85 W/m ² (1.8 MΩ) | 2022 | [12] |
| PAM/alginate hydrogel | N/A | N/A | 380V | 5.7 mW/m ² (2400 MΩ) | 2022 | [13] |
| PAMPSCA/GO hydrogel | Yes | Yes | 162V | 2 W/m ² (80MΩ) | This work | |

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