Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for Analytical Methods. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry 2023

Supporting Information

for

Screening for electrically conductive defects in thin functional films using electrochemiluminescence

Harley Quinn, a Wenlu Wang, Jörg G. Werner, ab and Keith A. Brown*abc

^aDivision of Materials Science & Engineering, Boston University, Boston, MA, 02215, USA.

^bDepartment of Mechanical Engineering, Boston University, Boston, MA, 02215, USA

^cDepartment of Physics, Boston University, Boston, MA, 02215, USA

*E-mail: brownka@bu.edu

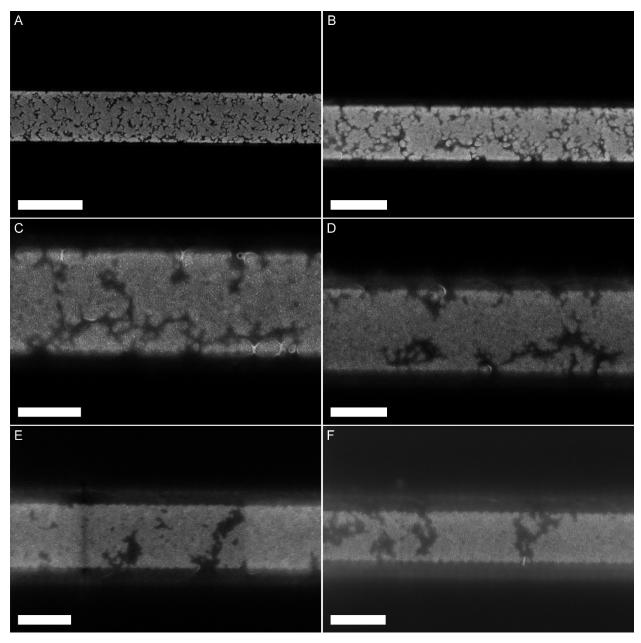


Figure S1: Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) images of lines of exposed indium tin oxide (ITO) with measured widths of (A) 1.46 μ m (B) 0.93 μ m (C) 0.77 μ m (D) 0.72 μ m (E) 0.60 μ m (F) 0.44 μ m. The background region is covered by a polymethylmethacrylate film. Scale bar for (A) is 2 μ m. Scale bar for (B) is 1 μ m. Scale bars for (C), (D), (E), and (F) are 500 nm.

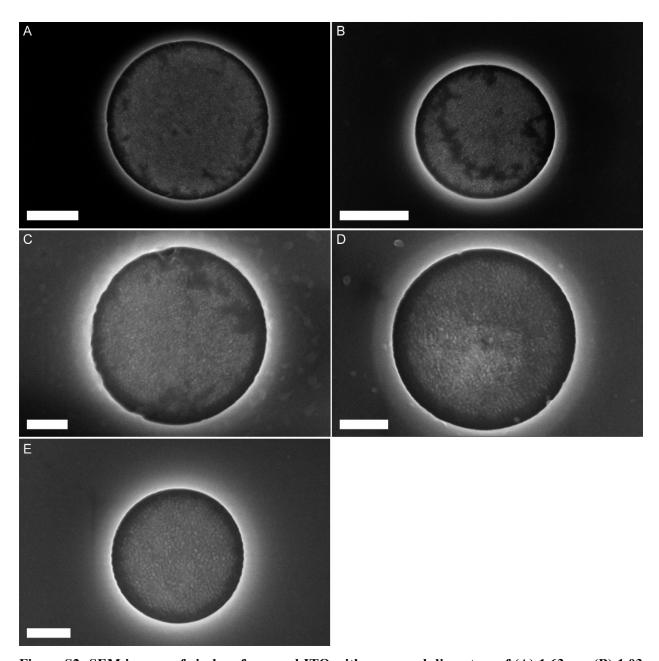


Figure S2: SEM images of circles of exposed ITO with measured diameters of (A) 1.63 μ m (B) 1.03 μ m (C) 0.90 μ m (D) 0.78 μ m (E) 0.62 μ m. The background region is covered by a polymethylmethacrylate film. Scale bars for (A) and (B) are 500 nm. Scale bars for (C), (D), and (E) are 200 nm.