Supplementary Material

A Novel Mesna-Based Electrochemical Sensor Embellished with Silver

Nanoparticles for Ultrasensitive Analysis of Modafinil

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Fig. S1: Factors affecting the formation of MSN encrusted with silver nanoparticles on PGE surface: A. MSN concentration, B. deposition potential and C. time, D. number of cycles, E. scan rate, and F. silver nanoparticles concentration required for deposition process.



Fig. S2: A. UV spectrum and B. TEM images of the prepared Ag_{NPs}.



Fig. S3: Voltammograms of Fe(CN)₆]⁻³/ [Fe(CN)₆]⁻⁴ mixture (1.0 mM) in KCl (0.5 M) recorded at A. Ag_{NPs}@MSN/PGE and B. bare PGE electrodes over potential of -0.2 to 0.6 V and scan rate of 0.025-0.800 V. s⁻¹. C. is the plot of peak current against the square root of scan rate.



Fig. S4: A. The influence of different pHs of the supporting electrolyte (0.04 M of B.R buffer solutions) on the oxidation of MOD (0.3 mM) at Ag_{NPs}@MSN/PGE sensor. B. Linear curve of potential (*Ep*) against pH of the supporting electrolyte. C and D are the effects of deposition potential and time on the current intensities of MOD, respectively.