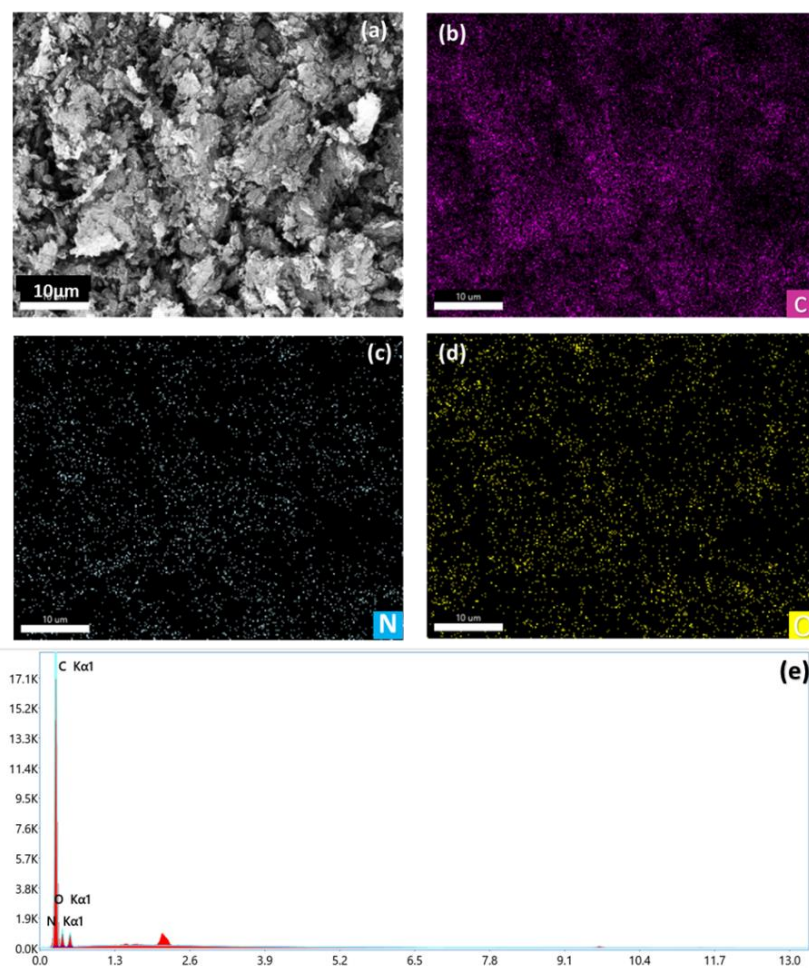
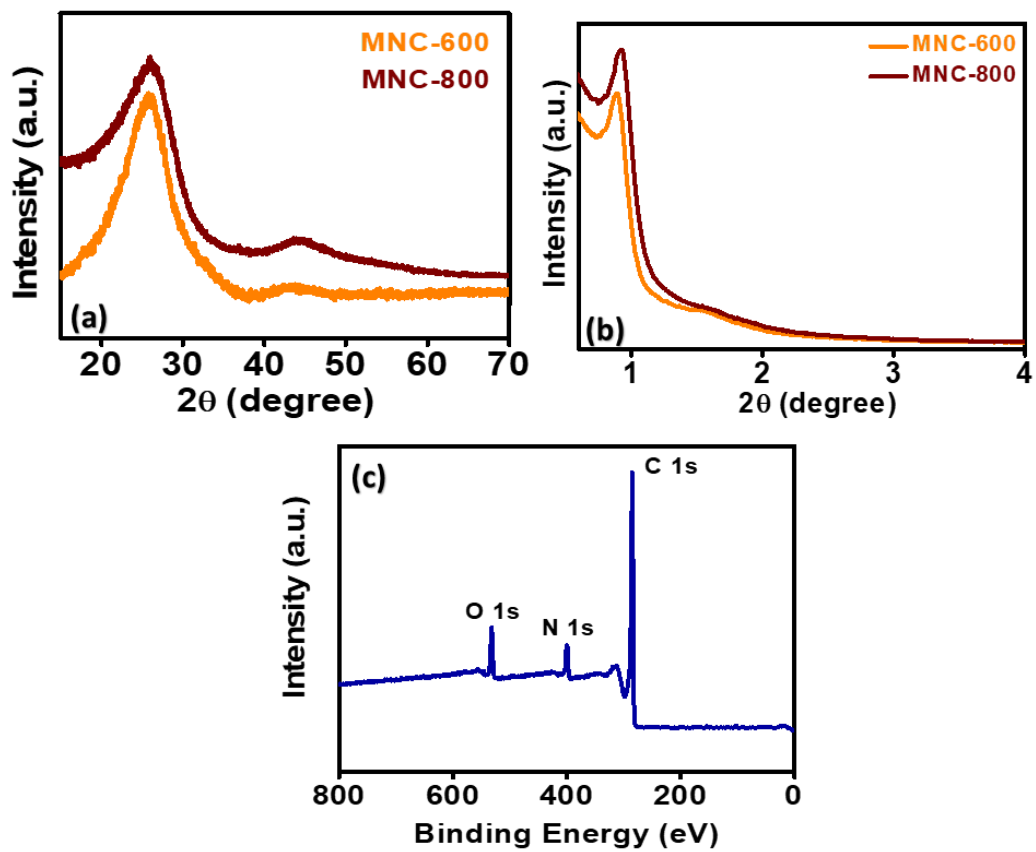


## Supporting Information

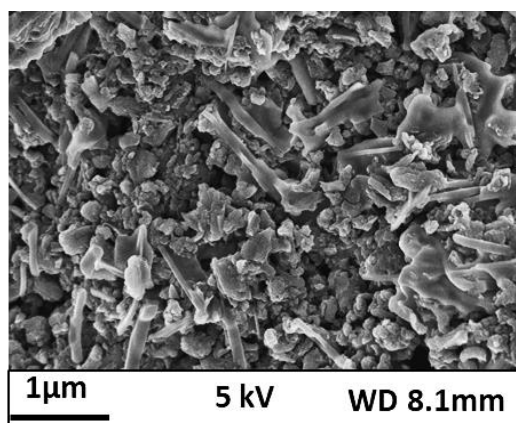
### Realizing the label free sensitive detection of carcinoembryogenic antigen (CEA) in blood serum *via* MNC decorated flexible immunosensor



**Fig. S1** SEM image for (a) MNC-600, (b-d) Elemental dot mapping of C, N and O respectively, (e) graph showing the EDS spectra of different elements present in MNC-600.



**Fig. S2** (a-b) P-XRD patterns for MNC-600 and MNC-800, (c) XPS survey spectrum of showing the presence of different elements.



**Fig. S3** FE-SEM image of MNC-600 after the immobilization of AbCEA molecules.

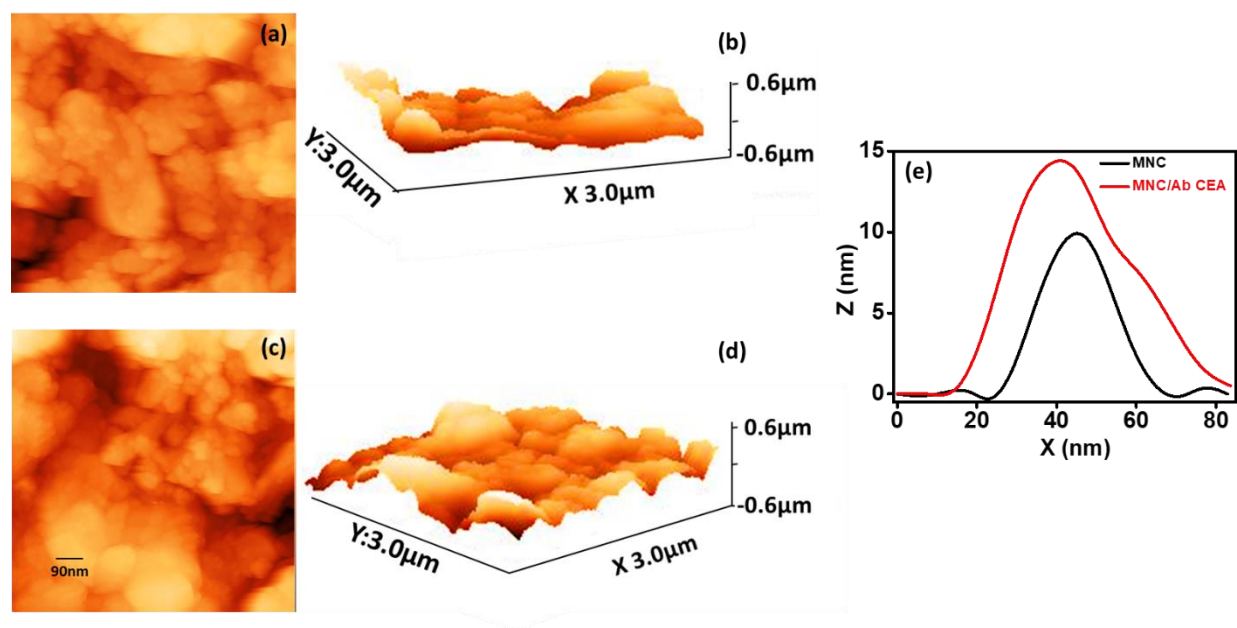


Figure S4. AFM images (a) Before immobilization of AbCEA (b) corresponding 3D image (c) After immobilization step (d) Corresponding 3D-image.

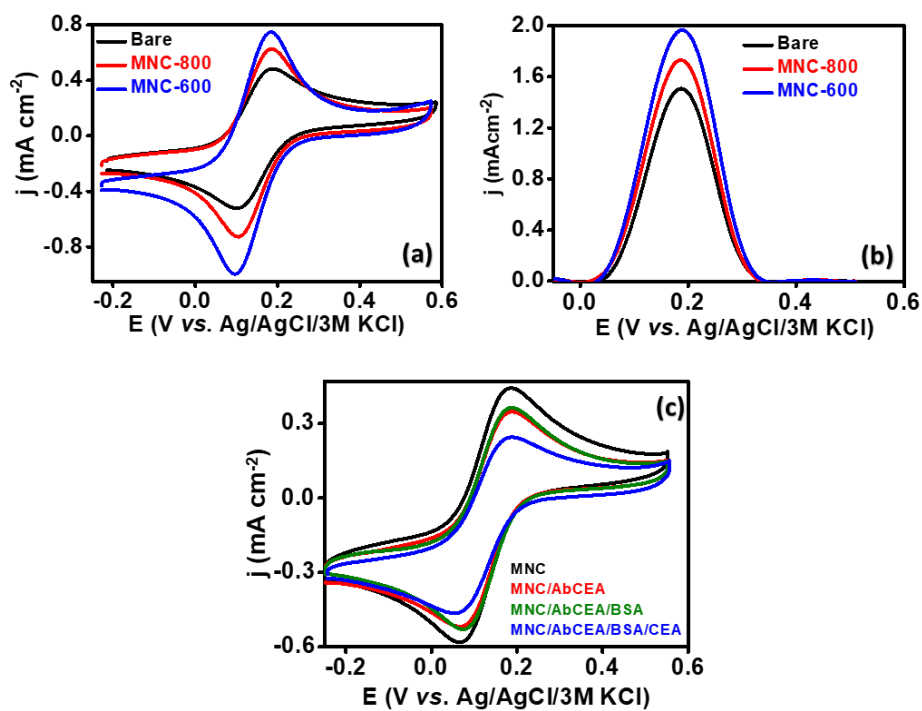
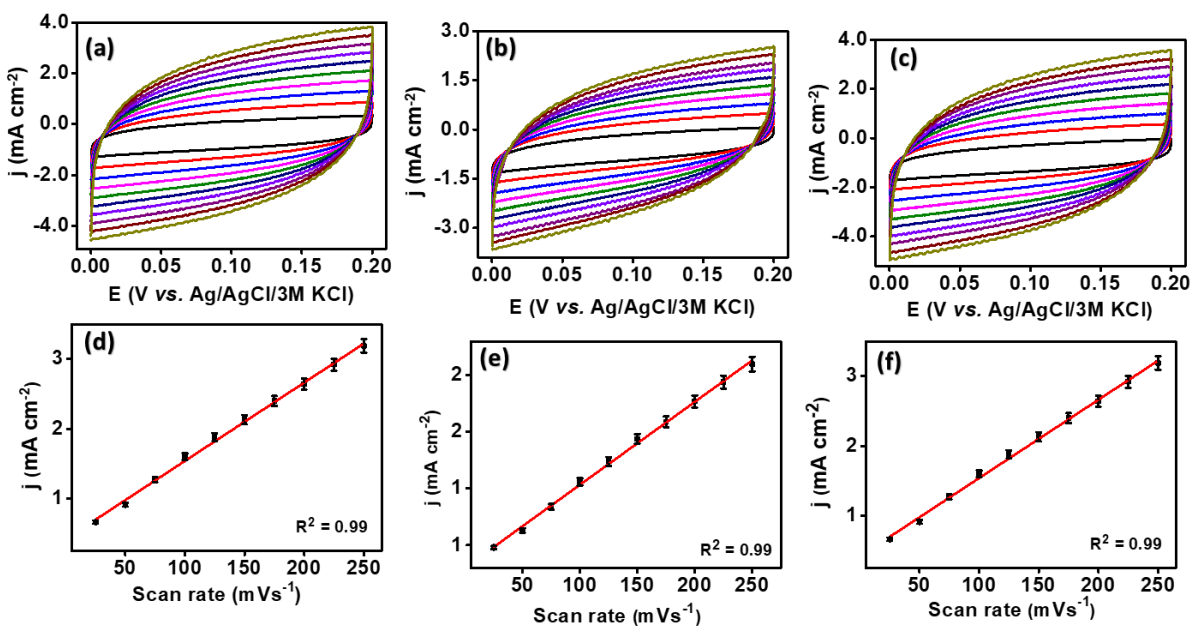


Fig. S5 (a) CV, (b) SWV curves showing the comparison electrochemical activities of different variants of MNC in 0.1 M PBS solution containing 5 mM of  $\text{Fe}^{3+}/\text{Fe}^{2+}$  solution, (d) CV plot showing the effect of BSA on modified electrode.

<b>Table S1. Calculation of charge transfer resistance (<math>R_{ct}</math>)</b>			
<b>Material</b>	<b><math>R_{ct}</math> (<math>\Omega</math>)</b>	<b>Rate constant (<math>K_s</math>) (<math>s^{-1}</math>)</b>	<b>Surface Coverage (<math>\theta</math>)</b>
MNC	136	$12.6 \times 10^{-6}$	$18.6 \times 10^{-3}$
MNC/Anti-CEA	162.5	$10.5 \times 10^{-6}$	$14.9 \times 10^{-3}$
MNC/Anti-CEA/CEA	202.2	$8.5 \times 10^{-6}$	$10.6 \times 10^{-3}$

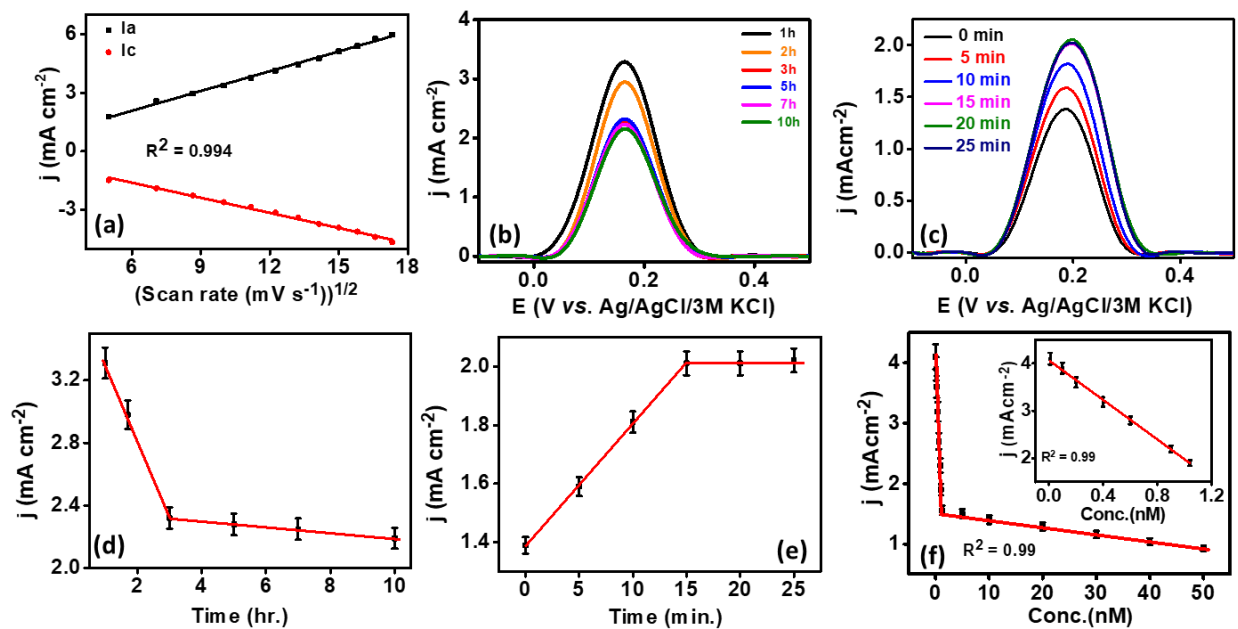
#### **Electrochemical surface area (ECSA) analysis:**

The electrochemical surface area (ECSA) was ascertained by calculating the “double-layer pseudo-capacitance” ( $C_{dl}$ ) in 0.1 M PBS (pH 7.4) containing 5 mM of  $Fe^{3+}/Fe^{2+}$ . Cyclic voltammetry tests were performed in the non-faradic region at various scan rates from 10 to 300  $mV s^{-1}$  over a potential range from 0.0 to 0.2 V. Slope obtained from the plot of averaged current  $(I_a+I_c)/2$ ; ( $I_a$  denotes anodic current and  $I_c$  is for cathodic current) density at a potential 0.11 V vs. the scan rate gave  $C_{dl}$ . The obtained  $C_{dl}$  was divided with the specific capacitance of the flat standard surface (20-60  $\mu F cm^{-2}$ ) which in the current study is considered to be 40  $\mu F cm^{-2}$ , gives electrochemical surface area (ECSA).<sup>1</sup> The roughness of the surface was calculated by dividing the obtained ECSA with the geometrical surface area to result in the roughness factor ( $R_f$ ).

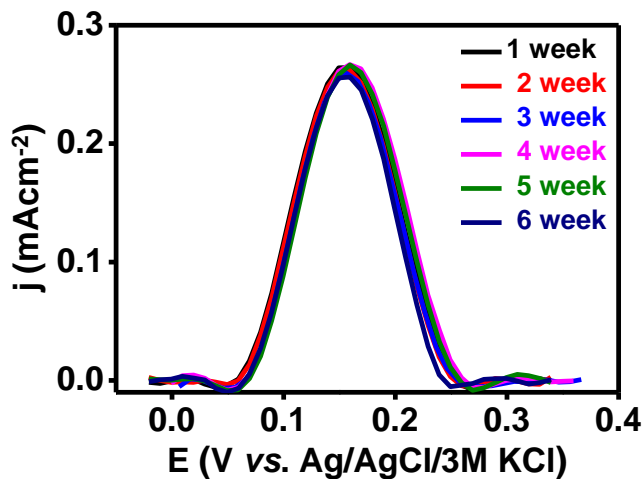


**Fig. S6** Cyclic voltammogram of (a) MNC (b) MNC/Ab CEA and (c) MNC/Ab CEA/CEA respectively in the non-faradic region at various scan rates ranging from 10 to 300 mV s<sup>-1</sup> and (d-f) corresponding plot of average current densities versus scan rate.

Table S2. Electrochemical surface area (ECSA) analysis					
Sr. No	Catalyst	Electrolyte	$C_{dl}$ ( $\mu$ F) at 0.11 V	ECSA (cm <sup>2</sup> )	Roughness factor (a.u.)
1	MNC	0.1 M PBS + 5 mM K <sub>4</sub> [Fe (CN) <sub>6</sub> ]	12.3	0.31	10
2	MNC/AntiCEA	0.1 M PBS + 5 mM K <sub>4</sub> [Fe (CN) <sub>6</sub> ]	11.2	0.28	9.03
3	MNC/Anti-CEA/CEA	0.1 M PBS + 5mM K <sub>4</sub> [Fe (CN) <sub>6</sub> ]	7.3	0.18	5.80



**Fig. S7** (a) The linear curves between average current density versus scan rate extracted from fig. 2d.SWV showing optimization of incubation time for (b) AbCEA (c) CEA in 0.1 M PBS (pH 7.4) containing 5 mM of Fe<sup>3+</sup>/Fe<sup>2+</sup> solution and (d-e) corresponding calibration graphs. (f) Linear range curves extracted from Fig. 2e, (inset: graph showing the linearity from 10 pM to 1 nM).



**Fig. S8** SWV representing the long term storage stability of immunosensor.

**Table S3.** Comparison of MNC based immunosensor with previously reported labelled and label free immunosensors.

Material	Technique	Detection Range ng ml <sup>-1</sup>	Incubation Time of immunocomplex (min.)	Storage stability (Weeks)	LOD (ng ml <sup>-1</sup> )	Ref
Rh@PdNDs/MWCNTs -SO <sub>3</sub> H	Label free	25x 10 <sup>-6</sup> - 100	25	2.1	8.3x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	2
polyCBMA/PANI	Label free	0.01 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> - 0.1	45	01	3.05 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	3
Ag/MoS <sub>2</sub> @Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	Labelled	0.0001– 20	90	3.6	0.03 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	4
Au-Ag/rGO@PDA	Label free	0.001 - 80	40	04	0.286 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	5
Graphene-zirconia nanocomposite (GZ)	Label free	0.01 - 10	75	2.8	4.25 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	6
PPI and CNDTs	Label free	0.005 - 300	50	02	0.00145	7
Au@Bi nanospheres (NSs)	Labelled	50 – 100	30	2.1	9.83 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	8
Ni/C@SiO <sub>2</sub>	Labelled	0.006 - 12	20	04	1.56 x 10 <sup>-6</sup>	9
GO/Fe <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> -Pd- Ag	Label free	1 x 10 <sup>-3</sup> - 80	30	04	0.2 x 10 <sup>-3</sup>	10
CSAuNPs-PEDOT-PB cry/SPCE	Label free	1.0 × 10 <sup>-4</sup> - 1.0 × 10 <sup>3</sup>	15	05	5.05 X 10 <sup>-5</sup>	11
MoS <sub>2</sub> -AuNPs	Labelled	10× 10 <sup>-4</sup> –1.0	50	2.2	1.2 X 10 <sup>-5</sup>	12
Au-β-CD/MXene @PANI/FTO	Label free	0.5 – 350	40	1.4	0.0429 X 10 <sup>-5</sup>	13
Au@Bi NSs	Label free	50 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> –100	30	2.1	9.83 X 10 <sup>-5</sup>	14
PtNPs@rGO@PS NS	Label free	0.05 - 70	60	0.7	0.01	15
Cu-THQ	Labelled	1 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> - 40	35	3.5	0.477X10 <sup>-6</sup>	16
Ag@CNCs	Label free	0.0001 - 100	30	1.4	5.12 X10 <sup>-3</sup>	17
CuCo/CNC	Labelled	0.0001–80	25	05	0.031 X 10 <sup>-5</sup>	18
Ag@SiO <sub>2</sub>	Label free	0.5 - 10	17	04	0.01	19
tCHI/dPNMA/SPCE	Label free	0.01 – 30	40	3.8	0.01	20
<b>Mesoporous nitrogen carbon (MNC)</b>	<b>Label free</b>	<b>0.009 – 1000</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>06</b>	<b>9.04 X 10<sup>-3</sup></b>	<b>This Work</b>

Table S4. Human serum sample analysis for CEA.					
	Actual conc. (pM)	Conc. Added (pM)	Conc. Found (pM)	Recovery (%)	RSD (%)
1.	23.2	200	223	99.3	1.8
2	23.2	400	438	103.7	0.64
3	23.2	600	642	101.4	0.04
4	23.2	800	861	103.3	0.05

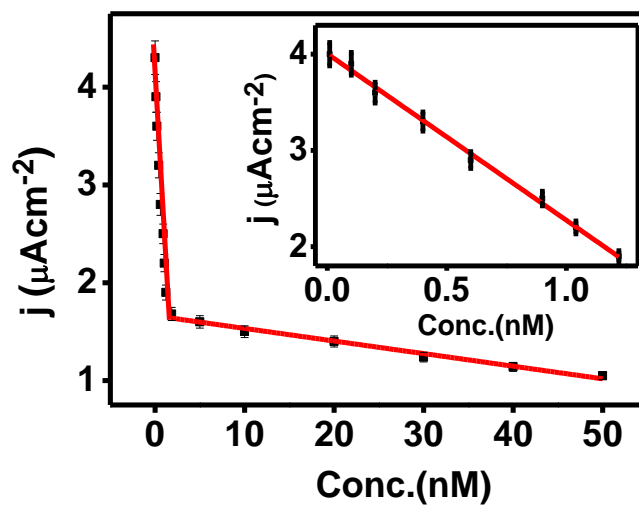


Fig. S9 The linear curves between average current density versus concentration extracted from figure 4d.



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