## Electronic supplementary information (ESI) †

## Aloe-derived Nanovesicles Attenuate Inflammation and Enhance Tight Junction Proteins for Acute Colitis Treatment †

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## Table S1. Scoring system to calculate the disease activity index (DAI)

Score	Weight loss	Stool consistency	Visible blood feces
0	None	Normal	None
1	1~5%		
2	6~10%	Loose	Slight bleeding
3	11~ <b>20%</b>		
4	<20%	Diarrhea	Gross bleeding

The DAI value was calculated as the sum of the scores for weight loss, steel consistency, and occult/gross blood.



Figure S1. The optimized isolation method of aloe-derived nanovesicles.



DAI score

**Figure S2.** Total DAI scores with or without VNV, ANV, and SNV administration in DSS-induced acute colitis in mice evaluated at the end of the treatment are shown. ##p < 0.01, #p < 0.05 between DSS vs. VNVs, ANVs, and SNVs groups. Significance of the values for each group was determined using ANOVA and Tukey's HSD test. Data represent means ± S.E.M.



Figure S3. Cell cytotoxicity of T84 cells using aloe-derived nanovesicles.



Figure S4. Cell cytotoxicity of HT-29 cells using aloe-derived nanovesicles.



**Figure S5.** VNVs protected the levels of tight junction (TJ) and adherent junction (AJ) proteins in DSS-induced HT-29 cells. Enhancement of TJ protein markers (ZO-1, claudin4, and occludin) in HT-29 cells treated with VNVs. Enhancement of AJ protein markers ( $\gamma$ -catenin,  $\alpha$ -tubulin, and E-cadherin) in HT-29 cells treated with VNVs. Various letters in the superscripts indicate significant differences in the specific VNVs concentration (compared to the control; 0 µg/mL) as analyzed using one-way ANOVA followed by Duncan's multiple range test (p < 0.05)

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HT-29 cells



Figure S6. Immunofluorescence imaging of tight junction (TJ) protein enhancement in VNV-treated HT-29 cells.