Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Amyloid peptide hydrogels via formation of coordination polymers

with Ag⁺ by its core peptide equipped with a C-cysteine

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1. Materials

KLVFFC peptides (L-/D-**KLVFFC**, >98%) and A β (1-40) peptide (>95%) were custom synthesized by GL Biochem. Silver nitrate (AgNO₃, ≥99.8%) and hydrogen nitrate (HNO₃, 65%~68%) were purchased from Sinopharm Chemical Reagent Ltd. Hexafluoro-2-propanol (HFIP) was purchased from Meryer co. Ltd. Thioflavin T (ThT) was purchased from Energy Chemical Reagent Ltd. All reagents of analytical grade were used without further purification.

2. Methods

Aβ (1-40) sample preparation

A β (1-40) peptide was disaggregated and prepared according to a classic protocol as previously described.¹ Briefly, 1 mL HFIP was added into 1 mg A β peptide followed by sonication to disaggregate the peptide into monomer form. HFIP was then removed by a slow stream of dry N₂ gas. The procedure was repeated three times and a colorless transparent peptide film was observed on the wall of Eppendorf Protein LoBind tubes. The peptide film was then dried under fume hood overnight and stored at -20 °C.

Thioflavin T aggregation assay

A β (1-40) monomer film was suspended in DMSO to a concentration of 2.5 mM, followed by vortex sonication, before diluted with PBS buffer (pH 7.5) to a final concentration of 50 μ M. Stock ThT solution was prepared by dissolving ThT powder to 5 mg/mL in water. Prior the fluorescence measurement, the ThT solution was diluted to 25 μ M with PBS buffer and added to A β (1-40) peptide aggregates at different incubation time.² $\lambda_{ex} = 430$ nm, the excitation and emission slit width were set at 5 nm and 10 nm, respectively

TEM and SEM imaging

TEM images were obtained by JEM-1400 transmission electron microscope. For sample preparation, drop-casting of 10 μ L **KC** or Ag⁺-**KC** coordination polymers were applied to carbon film supported copper grid of 400 mesh. The grids were air-dried and applied for TEM imaging. SEM imaging was conducted on Hitachi S-4800 scanning electron microscope. Lyophilized hydrogels at 2 wt% were applied to conductive tape for SEM observation.

Cell Culture and Cytotoxicity

HeLa cells were incubated in DMEM medium with 10% FBS and 1% antibiotic (penicillin-

streptomycin, 10 000 U mL⁻¹) in a humidified atmosphere with 5% CO₂ at 37 °C. The cytotoxicity of Ag⁺-L-**KC** against HeLa cells at pH 7.4 was studied by CCK-8 assay. Cells were seeded on 96-well plates with a density of 10000 cells per well. The medium was removed and various concentrations of Ag⁺-L-**KC** in DMEM with 10% FBS at pH 7.4 were added. The cells were incubated for 48 h before CCK-8 was added. The optical density (OD) at 450 nm was determined via a microplate reader. The relative cell viability was defined by: cell viability (%) = OD_(sample) / OD_(control) × 100%. For control experiment, the OD value in the absence of Ag⁺-L-**KC** was measured in a similar way.

Absorption spectra were recorded on a Thermo Evolution 300 spectrophotometer. CD spectra were conducted using JASCO J-1500 Circular Dichroism Spectrometer. Fluorescence spectra were recorded using Horiba Fluoromax-4 spectrofluorometer. FT-IR spectra were recorded using Thermofisher Nicolet iS50 FT-IR spectrometer. XRD measurements were obtained using Rigaku Smartlab-SE X-ray diffractometer. Rheometric measurements were obtained using DHR-2 rotary rheometer. ¹H NMR spectra were recorded on a Bruker Avance III HD 850 MHz NMR Spectrometer using tetramethylsilane as an internal standard. MALDI-TOF MS spectra were acquired on a Bruker autoflex maX MALDI-TOF Mass Spectrometer.

3. References

- W. B. Stine, K. N. Dahlgren, G. A. Krafft and M. J. LaDu, *J. Biol. Chem.*, 2003, 278, 11612-11622.
- D. Shea, C.-C. Hsu, T. M. Bi, N. Paranjapye, M. C. Childers, J. Cochran, C. P. Tomberlin,
 L. Wang, D. Paris, J. Zonderman, G. Varani, C. D. Link, M. Mullan and V. Daggett, *Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. U.S.A.*, 2019, **116**, 8895-8900.

4. Experimental Data

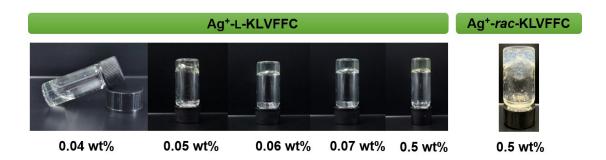


Fig. S1 Photographs of Ag+-L-KLVFFC hydrogels at 0.04 wt% - 0.5 wt% and Ag+-rac-KLVFFC

hydrogels at 0.5 wt%.



Fig. S2 Left to right are TEM image, photograph of self-assembled L-KLVFF peptide and Zn⁺-L-

KLVFFC at 1.0 wt%.

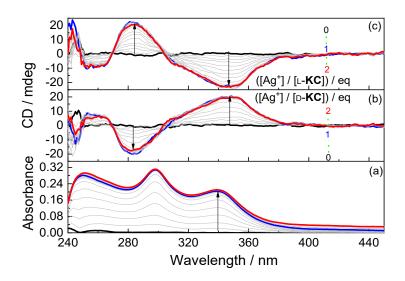


Fig. S3 Absorption (a) spectra of L-KC and CD (b, c) spectra of L-KC and D-KC peptide in the presence Ag^+ in pH = 5.0 buffer. [L-KC] = [D-KC] = 50 μ M (0.0038 wt%), $[Ag^+] = 0 - 100 \mu$ M.

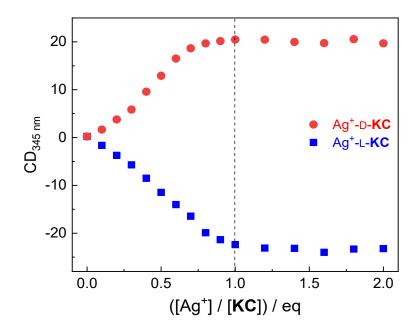


Fig. S4 Plots of CD signal at 345 nm of L-KC or D-KC peptide versus concentration of Ag⁺. [L-KC] = $[D-KC] = 50 \ \mu M \ (0.0038 \ wt\%), \ [Ag^+] = 0 - 100 \ \mu M.$

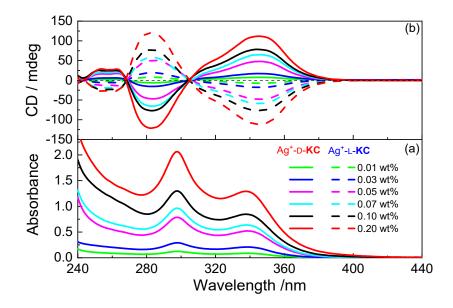


Fig. S5 Absorption (a) and CD (b) spectra of Ag⁺-L-KC and Ag⁺-D-KC coordination polymers of increasing concentration showing hydrogelation at high concentration. Spectra were all measured using a 1-mm cuvette.

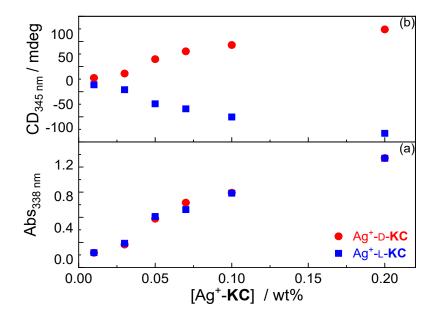


Fig. S6 (a) Absorbance at 338 nm and (b) CD signal at 345 nm of Ag⁺-KC coordination polymers of increasing concentration.

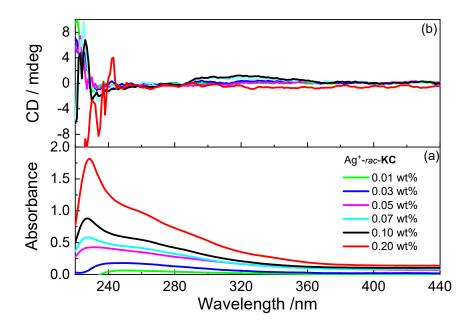


Fig. S7 Absorption (a) and CD (b) spectra of Ag⁺-*rac*-**KC** coordination polymers of increasing concentration. Spectra were all measured using a 1-mm cuvette.

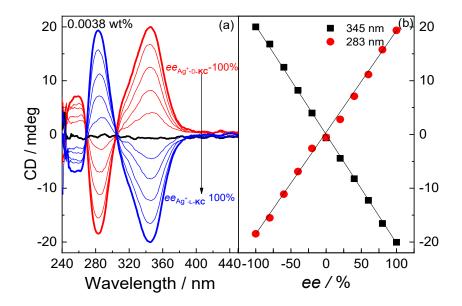


Fig. S8 (a) CD spectra and (b) plot of CD signals of Ag^+ -KC coordination polymers of varying *ee* of KC in pH = 5 buffer. Spectra were all measured in a 10-mm cuvette. [L-KC] + [D-KC] = [Ag⁺] = 50 μ M (0.0038 wt%).

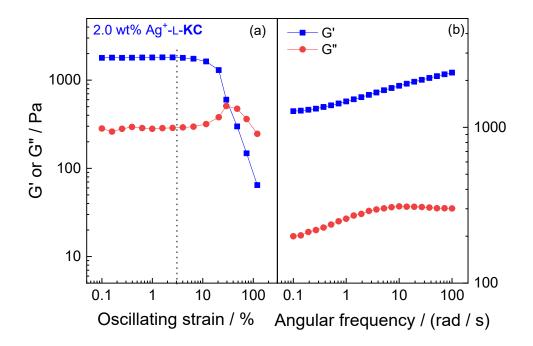


Fig. S9 Storage modulus (G') and loss modulus (G'') of 2.0 wt% Ag⁺-L-KC hydrogel (a) at different oscillating strain and (b) at different frequencies under a strain of 3%.

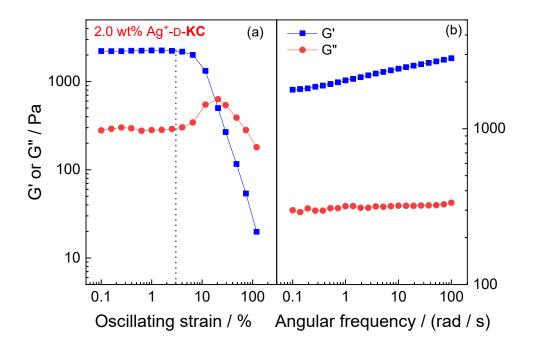


Fig S10 Storage modulus (G') and loss modulus (G'') of 2.0 wt% Ag⁺-D-**KC** hydrogel (a) at different oscillating strain and (b) at different frequencies under a strain of 3%.

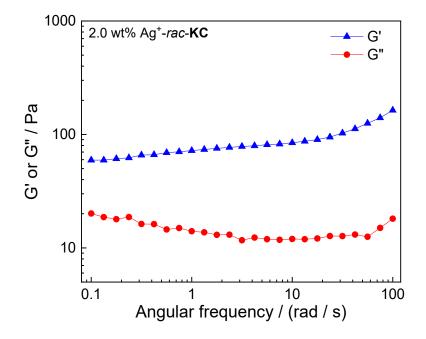


Fig S11 Storage modulus (G') and loss modulus (G'') of 2.0 wt% Ag⁺-*rac*-**KC** hydrogel at different frequencies under a strain of 1%.

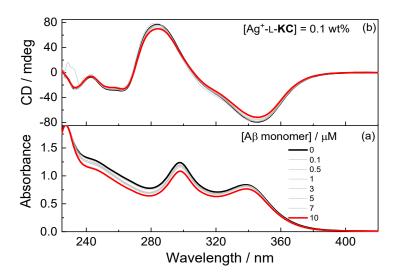


Fig. S12 Absorption (a) and CD (b) spectra of 0.1 wt % Ag⁺-L-**KC** hydrogel in the presence of A β (1-40) monomer of increasing concentration. Spectra were all measured using a 1-mm cuvette. [A β (1-40)] = 0.1 - 10 μ M.

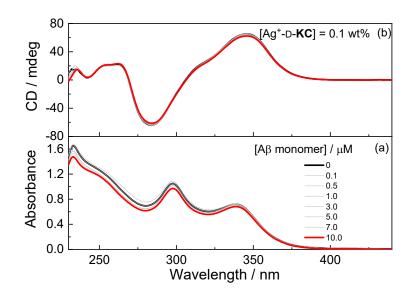


Fig. S13 Absorption (a) and CD (b) spectra of 0.1 wt % Ag⁺-D-KC hydrogels in the presence of A β (1-40) monomer of increasing concentration. Spectra were all measured using a 1-mm cuvette. [A β (1-40)] = 0.1 - 10 μ M.

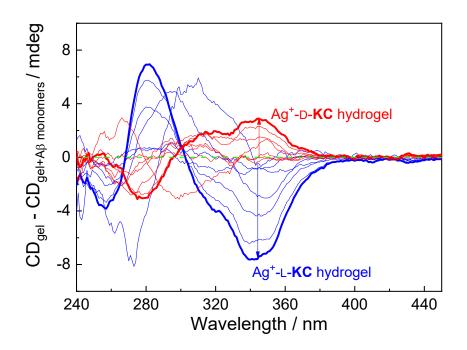


Fig. S14 CD spectra of 0.1 wt % Ag⁺-L-**KC** or Ag⁺-D-**KC** hydrogel in the presence of A β (1-40) monomer of increasing concentration. [A β (1-40)] = 0.1 - 10 μ M.

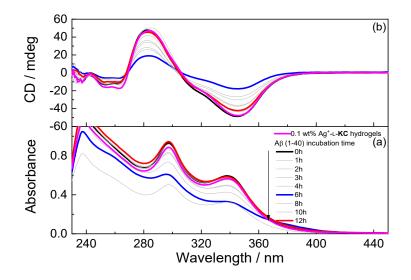


Fig. S15 Absorption (a) and CD (b) spectra of 0.1 wt % Ag⁺-L-KC hydrogel in the presence of 1 μ M A β (1-40) after different duration of incubation. Spectra were all measured using a 1-mm cuvette.

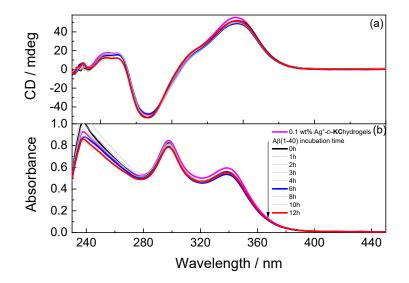


Fig. S16 Absorption (a) and CD (b) spectra of 0.1 wt % Ag⁺-D-KC hydrogel in the presence of 1 μ M A β (1-40) after different duration of incubation. Spectra were all measured using a 1-mm cuvette.

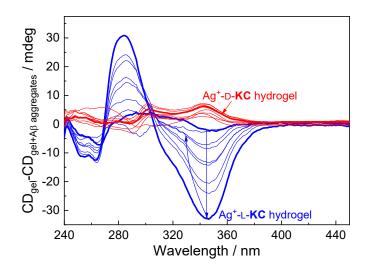


Fig. S17 CD spectra of 0.1 wt % Ag⁺-L-KC or Ag⁺-D-KC hydrogel with 1 μ M A β (1-40) aggregates after different duration of incubation ranging from 0 to 12 h.

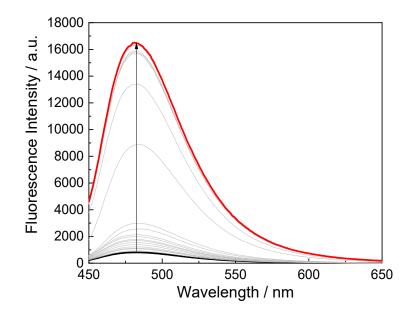


Fig. S18 Fluorescence spectra of ThT after incubation with A β (1-40) for different duration. λ_{ex} = 430 nm, excitation and emission slits were set at 5 nm and 10 nm, respectively. [ThT] = 25 μ M, [A β (1-40)] = 50 μ M.

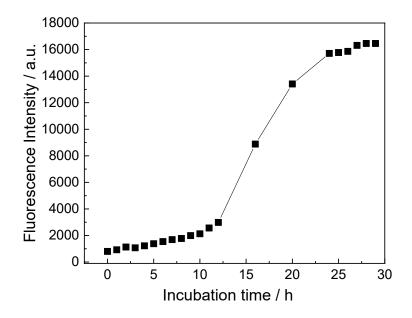


Fig. S19 Plots of fluorescence intensity of ThT at 483 nm versus incubation time with $A\beta(1-40)$. [ThT] = 25 μ M, [$A\beta(1-40)$] = 50 μ M.

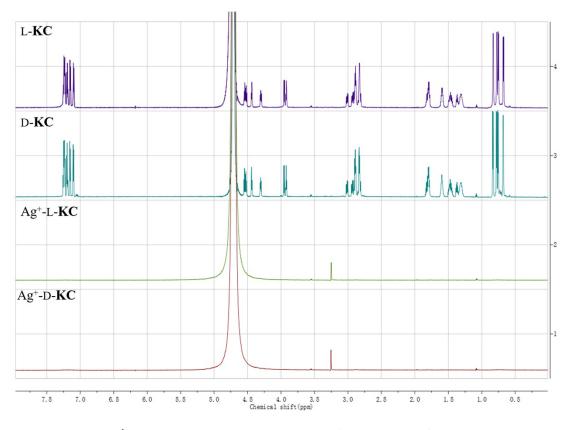


Fig. S20 850 MHz ¹H NMR spectra of L-KC, D-KC, Ag⁺-L-KC and Ag⁺-D-KC in D₂O, at 0.66 mM.

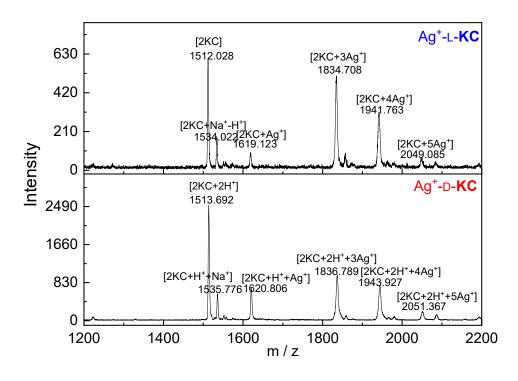


Fig. S21 MALDI-TOF mass spectra of Ag⁺-L-KC and Ag⁺-D-KC hydrogels.

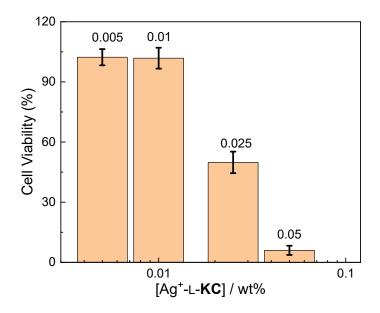


Fig. S22 Cytotoxicity of Ag⁺-L-**KC** at concentrations of 0.005 wt%, 0.01 wt%, 0.025 wt% and 0.05 wt%, respectively.