

## Electronic Supplementary Information

### Development of 3-Triazenylnaryne and Its Application to Iterative Aryne Reactions via *o*-Triazenylnarylboronic Acids

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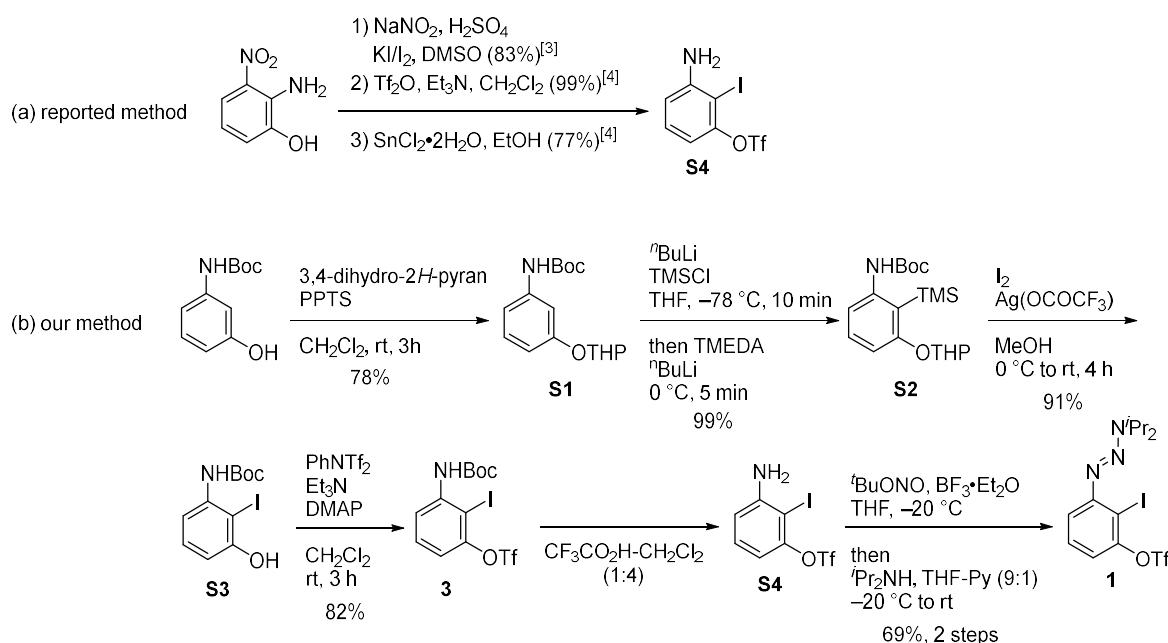
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## Experimental Section

**General.** All melting points were measured on a Yanagimoto micro melting point apparatus. IR spectra were recorded on a JASCO FT/IR-4100 spectrometer and absorbance bands are reported in wavenumber ( $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ).  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra were recorded on JEOL JNM-AL 300 (300 MHz) spectrometer or JEOL JNM-ECA 400 (400 MHz) spectrometer or JEOL JNM-ECZ 500 (500 MHz) spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported relative to internal standard (tetramethylsilane at  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  0.00,  $\text{CDCl}_3$  at  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  7.26,  $\text{CD}_3\text{CN}$  at  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  1.94,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$  at  $\delta_{\text{H}}$  3.31). Data are presented as follows: chemical shift ( $\delta$ , ppm), multiplicity (s = singlet, d = doublet, t = triplet, q = quartet, m = multiplet), coupling constant and integration.  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectra were recorded on JEOL JNM-ECA 400 (100 MHz) spectrometer or JEOL JNM-ECZ 500 (125 MHz) spectrometer. Chemical shifts are reported relative to internal standard ( $\text{CDCl}_3$  at  $\delta$  77.00,  $\text{CD}_3\text{CN}$  at  $\delta$  118.26,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$  at  $\delta$  49.00.). Mass spectra were recorded on JEOL JMS 700 (EI) or JEOL JMS-T100LC (ESI) instrument with a direct inlet system. Column chromatography was carried out on Kanto silica gel 60 N (spherical, neutral, particle size 40–50  $\mu\text{m}$ ) or MP Alumina N Super I (neutral, particle size 50–200  $\mu\text{m}$ ). Analytical thin layer chromatography (TLC) was carried out on Merck Kieselgel 60 F<sub>254</sub> plates with visualization by ultraviolet, anisaldehyde stain solution or phosphomolybdic acid stain solution. All non-aqueous reactions were carried out in flame-dried glassware under Ar atmosphere unless otherwise noted. Reagents and solvents were used without purification. *N*-Boc-3-aminophenol was synthesized from 3-aminophenol by a conventional *N*-Boc protection procedure. 3,17-*O*-Bis(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-17 $\alpha$ -ethynylestradiol (**6d**)<sup>[1]</sup> and 6-phenylhexa-1,3-diyne (**6e**)<sup>[2]</sup> were synthesized according to the literature procedures.  $\text{TMSCH}_2\text{MgCl}$  (1.0 M in THF) was purchased from FUJIFILM Wako Pure Chemical Co. For aryne generation from *o*-triazenarylboronic acids **2**, silica gel, which was the same as that used for column chromatography, was used after dryness under vacuum at 200 °C.

## 1. Preparation of 3-triazenylaryne precursor (**1**).

In the literature, the synthesis of 3-amino-2-iodotriflate (**S4**) from 2-amino-3-nitrophenol was reported through three step transformations including Sandmeyer reaction, triflation, and reduction of nitro group (Scheme S1a).<sup>[3,4]</sup> On the other hand, we prepared **S4** from *N*-Boc-amide **3**, which was prepared from *N*-Boc-3-aminophenol in four steps (Scheme S1b). 3-Triazenylnaryne precursor **1** was obtained from **3** via removal of Boc group and triazene formation. The experimental procedure of our method (Scheme S1b) is described below.



**Scheme S1**

To a solution of *N*-Boc-3-aminophenol (6.01 g, 28.7 mmol) in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (287 mL) was added 3,4-dihydro-2*H*-pyran (3.11 mL, 34.4 mmol) and PPTS (1.44 g, 5.74 mmol) at  $0^\circ\text{C}$ . After stirring at room temperature for 3 hours, the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo, and the crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 5:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt) to give **S1** (6.11 g, 78%) as a colorless solid: mp 104–106 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2930, 1714, 1605, 1539, 1159, 911  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  1.51 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.59–1.70 (m, 3H, THP), 1.82–1.86 (m, 2H, THP), 1.95–2.05 (m, 1H, THP), 3.57–3.63 (m, 1H,  $-\text{OCHH}-$ ), 3.90 (ddd,  $J = 3.2, 10.0, 11.2$  Hz, 1H,  $-\text{OCHH}-$ ), 5.42 (t,  $J = 3.2$  Hz, 1H,  $-\text{OCHO}-$ ), 6.44 (brs, 1H, *N*Boc), 6.73 (dd,  $J = 2.4, 8.2$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.92 (d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.15–7.19 (m, 2H, ArH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  18.5 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 25.1 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 28.2 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 30.2 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 61.7 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 80.2 (C), 96.1 (CH), 106.9 (CH), 110.8 (CH), 111.6 (CH), 129.4 (CH), 139.4 (C), 152.6 (C), 157.6 (C=O); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{23}\text{NO}_4$  [M] $^+$  293.1627, found 293.1625.

To a solution of **S1** (5.33 g, 18.2 mmol) in THF (73 mL) was added *n*BuLi (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 25.0 mL, 40.0 mmol) at -78 °C. After stirring at the same temperature for 10 min, TMSCl (5.05 mL, 40.0 mmol) was added. After stirring at the same temperature for 10 min, TMEDA (6.50 mL, 43.6 mmol) and *n*BuLi (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 27.3 mL, 43.6 mmol) were added, and dry ice/MeOH bath was replaced by ice water bath. After stirring at 0 °C for 5 min, the reaction was quenched with 1 M HCl, and the whole mixture was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were successively washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and evaporation in vacuo furnished the crude mixture, which was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt) to give **S2** (6.64 g, 99%) as a colorless solid: mp 81–83 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2941, 1732, 1220, 1157, 983 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.40 (s, 9H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub>), 1.50 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.59–1.74 (m, 3H, THP), 1.85–2.02 (m, 3H, THP), 3.61–3.65 (m, 1H, –OCHH–), 3.85–3.91 (m, 1H, –OCHH–), 5.39 (t, *J* = 3.2 Hz, 1H, –OCHO–), 6.71 (brs, 1H, NHBoc), 6.91 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.25 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.36 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 19.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 25.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 28.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 30.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 62.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 79.9 (C), 96.8 (CH), 109.2 (CH), 116.3 (CH), 117.9 (C), 131.0 (CH), 143.4 (C), 153.3 (C), 162.8 (C=O); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>19</sub>H<sub>31</sub>NO<sub>4</sub>Si [M]<sup>+</sup> 365.2022, found 365.2020.

To a solution of **S2** (6.13 g, 16.7 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (56 mL) was added Ag(OCOCF<sub>3</sub>) (4.45 g, 20.0 mmol) and I<sub>2</sub> (5.09 g, 20.0 mmol) at 0 °C. After stirring at the same temperature for 1 hour and then at room temperature for 3 hours, the reaction was quenched with aqueous 10% Na<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> solution, and the whole mixture was filtered through a pad of Celite. The filtrate was extracted with Et<sub>2</sub>O and the combined organic layers were successively washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and evaporation in vacuo furnished the crude mixture, which was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt) to give **S3** (5.14 g, 91%) as a beige solid: mp 113–115 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2980, 1698, 1525, 1466, 1157 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.53 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 5.65 (brs, 1H, OH), 6.66 (dd, *J* = 1.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.75 (brs, 1H, NHBoc), 7.15 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.54 (dd, *J* = 1.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  28.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 81.2 (C), 81.4 (C), 109.9 (CH), 112.7 (CH), 129.8 (CH), 139.4 (C), 152.6 (C), 155.1 (C=O); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>14</sub>INO<sub>3</sub> [M]<sup>+</sup> 335.0018, found 335.0017.

To a solution of **S3** (4.80 g, 14.3 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (57 mL) was added PhNTf<sub>2</sub> (5.61 g, 15.7 mmol), Et<sub>3</sub>N (5.98 mL, 42.9 mmol), and DMAP (175 mg, 1.43 mmol) at room temperature. After stirring at the same temperature for 3 hours, the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo, and the crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 5:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt) to give **3** (5.49 g, 82%) as a colorless solid: mp 103–105 °C; IR

(KBr)  $\nu$  1738, 1514, 1410, 1220, 1154 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (300 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.55 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 7.01 (dd, *J* = 1.2, 8.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.04 (brs, 1H, NHBoc), 7.38 (t, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.13 (dd, *J* = 1.2, 8.2 Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  28.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 81.9 (C), 84.6 (C), 115.8 (CH), 118.6 (q, *J* = 319 Hz, CF<sub>3</sub>), 118.9 (CH), 130.2 (CH), 141.7 (C), 150.1 (C), 152.2 (C=O); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>12</sub>H<sub>13</sub>F<sub>3</sub>INO<sub>5</sub>S [M]<sup>+</sup> 466.9511, found 466.9514.

To a solution of **3** (4.64 g, 9.93 mmol) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (20 mL) was added CF<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (5.0 mL) at 0 °C. After stirring at room temperature for 3 hours, the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo, and the crude amine **S4** was used without further purification. To a solution of crude amine **S4** in THF (5.0 mL) was added BF<sub>3</sub>•Et<sub>2</sub>O (1.88 mL, 14.9 mmol) and 'BuONO (1.77 mL, 14.9 mmol) at -20 °C. After stirring at the same temperature overnight, the formed precipitates were collected by suction and washed with Et<sub>2</sub>O to give crude diazonium salt. The crude diazonium salt was added to a solution of *i*Pr<sub>2</sub>NH (4.18 mL, 29.7 mmol) in THF-pyridine (9:1, 13.2 mL) at -20 °C, and the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. After stirring overnight, the reaction was quenched with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl, and the whole mixture was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were successively washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and evaporation in vacuo furnished the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt) to give triazene **1** (3.30 g, 69%) as a yellow oil: IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2978, 1403, 1213, 1140, 967 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.33 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>) 1.38 (d, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.05 (septet, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 5.18 (septet, *J* = 6.8 Hz, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 7.02 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.28 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.35 (dd, *J* = 1.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  18.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 23.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 48.3 (CH), 50.4 (CH), 92.1 (C), 116.3 (CH), 117.0 (CH), 118.8 (q, *J* = 319 Hz, CF<sub>3</sub>), 129.3 (CH), 151.0 (C), 153.7 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>13</sub>H<sub>17</sub>F<sub>3</sub>IN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>3</sub>S [M]<sup>+</sup> 478.9987, found 478.9986.

## 2. Optimization of Reaction Conditions for 3-Triazenylnaryne Generation from 1

Table S1

entry	substrate	R-M	temp (°C)	yield (%)
1	R = Tf ( <b>1</b> )	<i>n</i> BuLi (2.0 equiv)	-78	9
2	R = Tf ( <b>1</b> )	<i>i</i> PrMgCl (1.5 equiv)	-30	16
3	R = Tf ( <b>1</b> )	TMSCH <sub>2</sub> MgCl (1.5 equiv)	-30	17
4	R = Tf ( <b>1</b> )	TMSCH <sub>2</sub> MgCl (3.0 equiv)	-30	34
5	R = Tf ( <b>1</b> )	TMSCH <sub>2</sub> MgCl (5.0 equiv)	-30	64
6	R = Tf ( <b>1</b> )	TMSCH <sub>2</sub> MgCl (5.0 equiv)	rt	91
7	R = Ts ( <b>S5</b> )	TMSCH <sub>2</sub> MgCl (5.0 equiv)	rt	trace
8	R = 4-CIC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> ( <b>S6</b> )	TMSCH <sub>2</sub> MgCl (5.0 equiv)	rt	59
9	R = 4-O <sub>2</sub> NC <sub>6</sub> H <sub>4</sub> SO <sub>2</sub> ( <b>S7</b> )	TMSCH <sub>2</sub> MgCl (5.0 equiv)	rt	ND*

\* Removal of arylsulfonyl group occurred, and 2-ido-3-triazenylphenol was obtained in 74% yield.

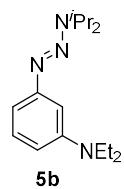
## 2. General Procedure for Reactions of 1 and Arynophiles using TMSCH<sub>2</sub>MgCl

To a solution of **1** (1.00 equiv.) in THF (0.10 M) was added arynophile **4** (5 equiv.) and TMSCH<sub>2</sub>MgCl (1.0 M in THF, 5–10 equiv.) at room temperature. After stirring at the same temperature overnight, the reaction was quenched with water, and the whole mixture was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were successively washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and evaporation in vacuo furnished the crude mixture, which was purified by column chromatography.

### 1-(1,4-Dimethyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalen-5-yl)-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (**5a**)

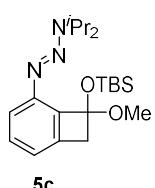
The reaction was performed using **1** (47.9 mg, 0.100 mmol), 2,5-dimethylfuran (**4a**, 49.0 μL, 0.500 mmol) and TMSCH<sub>2</sub>MgCl (1.0 M in THF, 0.50 mL, 0.500 mmol), and **5a** (27.2 mg, 91%) was obtained as a yellow oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2974, 1600, 1408, 1245, 1152, 858 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.30 (broad doublet, 12H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.87 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.09 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 4.12 (broad, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.99 (broad, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 6.72 (d, *J* = 5.2 Hz, 1H, CH=CH), 6.82–6.91 (m, 3H, CH=CH and ArH), 7.11(d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  15.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 18.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 20.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 47.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>×2), 88.2 (C), 90.0 (C), 114.4 (CH), 114.7 (CH), 125.5 (CH), 143.9 (C), 145.0 (C), 146.4 (CH), 147.3 (CH), 154.4 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>25</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O [M]<sup>+</sup> 299.1998, found 299.2000.

**3-(3,3-Diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-N,N-diethylaniline (5b)**



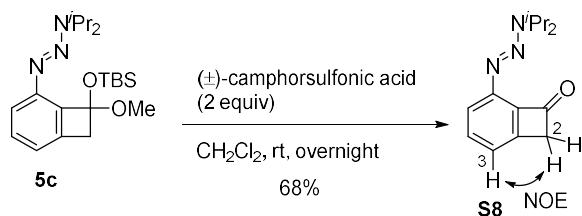
The reaction was performed using **1** (95.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), diethylamine (**4b**, 104  $\mu$ L mg, 1.00 mmol) and  $\text{TMSCl}_2\text{MgCl}$  (1.0 M in THF, 2.0 mL, 2.00 mmol), and **5b** (31.8 mg, 58%) was obtained as a yellow oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 20:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2971, 1596, 1422, 1224, 1153, 1022  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (300 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  1.18 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ), 1.30 (d,  $J = 6.6$  Hz, 12H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 3.37 (q,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 4H,  $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ), 4.63 (broad, 2H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 6.48 d(d,  $J = 2.7, 8.1$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.75–6.80 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.16 (t,  $J = 8.1$  Hz, 1H, ArH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  12.7 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 21.7 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 44.5 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 47.2 (CH), 105.3 (CH), 108.1 (CH), 109.4 (CH), 129.3 (CH), 148.8 (C), 153.0 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{16}\text{H}_{28}\text{N}_4$  [M] $^+$  276.2314, found 276.2311.

**1-[(*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]-6-(3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-1-methoxybenzocyclobutene (5c)**



The reaction was performed using **1** (479 mg, 1.00 mmol), 1-(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1-methoxyethene (**4c**, 1.08 mL, 5.00 mmol) and  $\text{TMSCl}_2\text{MgCl}$  (1.0 M in THF, 10 mL, 10.0 mmol), and **5c** (248 mg, 63%) was obtained as a yellow oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 20:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2930, 1600, 1403, 1247, 1137  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  −0.08 (s, 3H,  $\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)(\text{CH}_3)$ ), −0.06 (s, 3H,  $\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)(\text{CH}_3)$ ), 0.85 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.19 (broad, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.33 (broad, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 3.28 (d,  $J = 14.0$  Hz, 1H, ArCHH), 3.44 (d,  $J = 14.0$  Hz, 1H, ArCHH), 3.53 (s, 3H,  $\text{OCH}_3$ ), 3.94 (broad, 1H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 5.22 (broad, 1H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 6.86–6.90 (m, 1H, ArH), 7.18–7.22 (m, 2H, ArH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  −4.10 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), −3.82 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 18.0 (C), 19.3 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 23.8 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 25.7 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 46.0 (CH), 47.8 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 49.1 (CH), 52.8 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 103.3 (C), 116.3 (CH), 119.4 (CH), 130.4 (CH), 139.8 (C), 141.8 (C), 144.9 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{21}\text{H}_{37}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2\text{Si}$  [M] $^+$  391.2655, found 391.2656.

The regioselectivity was verified by NOE correlation between C2–H and C3–H of corresponding benzocyclobuten-1-one **S8**.



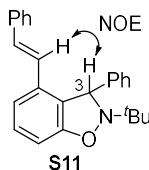
To a solution of **5c** (29.5 mg, 0.0750 mmol) in  $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$  (0.75 mL) was added (±)-

camphorsulfonic acid (35.0 mg, 0.150 mmol) at room temperature. After stirring at the same temperature overnight, the reaction was quenched with aqueous sat.  $\text{NaHCO}_3$  solution, and the whole mixture was extracted with  $\text{AcOEt}$ . The combined organic layers were successively washed with brine and dried over anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ . Filtration and evaporation in vacuo furnished the crude mixture, which was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 20:1 *n*-hexane/ $\text{AcOEt}$ ) to give benzocyclobuten-1-one **S8** (12.6 mg, 68%) as a colorless oil: IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2970, 1764, 1375, 1248, 1152  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  1.25 (d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.49 (d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 3.88 (s, 2H,  $\text{ArCH}_2\text{O}$ ), 4.06 (septet, 1H,  $J = 6.8$  Hz,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 5.41 (septet,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 7.14 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.29 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.46 (t,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H, ArH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  19.3 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 23.3 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 46.5 (CH), 49.9 (CH), 51.5 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 118.1 (CH), 121.7 (CH), 136.2 (CH), 137.1 (C), 146.4 (C), 151.4 (C), 186.4 (C=O); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{19}\text{N}_3\text{O}$  [M]<sup>+</sup> 245.1528, found 245.1527.

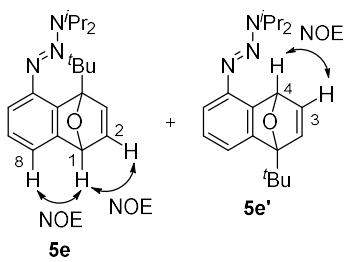
### **2-(*tert*-Butyl)-4-(3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[*d*]isoxazole (5d)**

The reaction was performed using **1** (479 mg, 1.00 mmol), *N*-*tert*-butyl- $\alpha$ -phenylnitrone (**4d**, 886 mg, 5.00 mmol) and  $\text{TMSCH}_2\text{MgCl}$  (1.0 M in THF, 10 mL, 10.0 mmol), and **5d** (217 mg, 57%) was obtained as a red-brown solid after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 20:1 *n*-hexane/ $\text{AcOEt}$ ): mp 78–81 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2972, 1594, 1407, 1240, 1007  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{CN}$ ):  $\delta$  1.16 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.22 (d,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, 12H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 4.13 (broad, 1H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 4.93 (broad, 1H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 5.84 (s, 1H, ArCHN), 6.56 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.90 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.13–7.19 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.22–7.29 (m, 4H, ArH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ ):  $\delta$  19.3 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 24.0 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 25.8 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 47.4 (CH), 50.2 (CH), 62.7 (C), 67.4 (CH), 103.1 (CH), 112.1 (CH), 122.1 (C), 128.2 (CH), 129.2 ( $\text{CH} \times 2$ ), 130.6 (CH), 144.4 (C), 148.4 (C), 159.9 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{23}\text{H}_{32}\text{N}_4\text{O}$  [M]<sup>+</sup> 380.2576, found 380.2572.

The regioselectivity was verified by NOE correlation between C3–H and alkenyl proton of compound **S11**. For the synthesis of **S11**, see next section.



**1-(1-*tert*-Butyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalen-5-yl)-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (5e) and 1-(4-*tert*-Butyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalen-5-yl)-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (5e')**



The reaction was performed using **1** (95.8 mg, 0.200 mmol), 2-*tert*-butylfuran (**4e**, 143  $\mu$ L, 1.00 mmol) and TMSCH<sub>2</sub>MgCl (1.0 M in THF, 2.0 mL, 2.00 mmol), and **5e** (24.5 mg, 37%) and **5e'** (16.1 mg, 25%) were obtained after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt then silica gel, CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>).

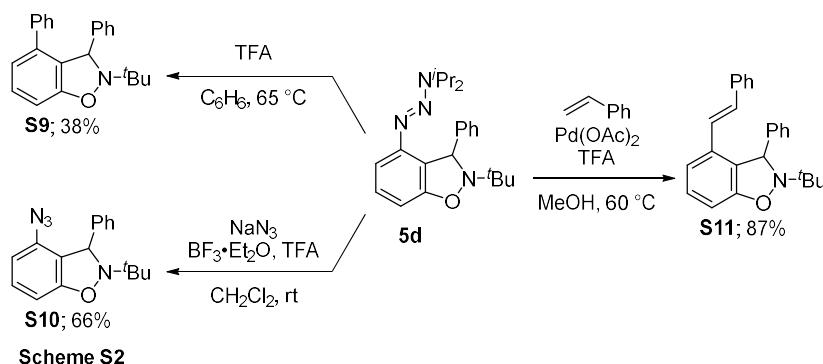
**5e:** a colorless oil; IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2973, 1409, 1225, 1155, 912, 746  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.29 (broad, 2H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and *t*-Bu), 4.04 (broad, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 5.28 (broad, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 6.03 (d, *J* = 2.0 Hz, 1H, -CH=CH-CH-), 6.94 (dd, *J* = 7.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.98 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H, -CH=CH-CH-), 7.01 (dd, *J* = 1.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.07 (dd, *J* = 2.0, 5.5 Hz, 1H, -CH=CH-CH-), 7.17 (d, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  19.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 23.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 26.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 32.5 (C), 45.9 (CH), 48.4 (CH), 80.9 (CH), 99.3 (C), 118.2 (CH), 118.7 (CH), 125.0 (CH), 141.9 (C), 142.8 (CH), 144.3 (CH), 144.4 (C), 150.2 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O [M]<sup>+</sup> 327.2311, found 327.2313.

The structure of **5e** was verified by NOE correlations between C1–H and C2–H, and C1–H and C8–H.

**5e':** a colorless oil; IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2975, 1427, 1222, 1154, 909  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.22–1.35 (m, 2H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> and *t*-Bu), 3.96 (broad, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 5.43 (broad, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 5.61 (s, 1H, -CH=CH-CH-), 6.91 (dd, *J* = 7.0, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.96–6.97 (m, 3H, CH=CH and ArH), 7.11 (dd, *J* = 1.0, 7.0 Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  19.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 27.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 32.7 (C), 45.7 (CH), 48.0 (CH), 81.2 (CH), 102.8 (C), 115.8 (CH), 116.3 (CH), 125.6 (CH), 141.1 (C), 143.2 (CH), 143.6 (CH), 144.9 (C), 153.3 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>20</sub>H<sub>29</sub>N<sub>3</sub>O [M]<sup>+</sup> 327.2311, found 327.2313.

The structure of **5e'** was verified by NOE correlation between C3–H and C4–H.

### 3. Transformation of triazenyl group of **5d**.



#### 2-(*tert*-Butyl)-3,4-diphenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[*d*]isoxazole (**S9**)

To a solution of **5d** (38.0 mg, 0.100 mmol) in  $C_6H_6$  (1.0 mL) was added  $CF_3CO_2H$  (15  $\mu$ L, 0.200 mmol) at 65 °C. After stirring at the same temperature for 3 hours, the reaction was quenched with aqueous sat.  $NaHCO_3$  solution, and the whole mixture was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were successively washed with brine and dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ . Filtration and evaporation in vacuo furnished the crude mixture, which was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt) to give **S9** (12.6 mg, 38%) as an orange oil: IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2971, 1585, 1454, 1207, 756  $cm^{-1}$ ;  $^1H$  NMR (400 MHz,  $CD_3OD$ ):  $\delta$  1.10 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 5.67 (s, 1H, ArCHN), 6.71–6.78 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.95–6.98 (m, 5H, ArH), 7.12–7.21 (m, 4H, ArH);  $^{13}C$  NMR (100 MHz,  $CD_3OD$ ):  $\delta$  25.7 ( $CH_3$ ), 62.7 (C), 67.7 (CH), 106.4 (CH), 123.1 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.3 (CH), 128.4 (C), 128.8 (CH), 129.1 (CH), 129.2 ( $CH \times 2$ ), 130.6 (CH), 140.3 (C), 141.0 (C), 144.1 (C), 159.0 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $C_{23}H_{23}NO$  [M] $^+$  329.1780, found 329.1781.

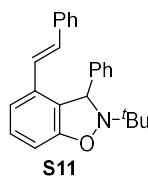
#### 4-Azido-2-(*tert*-butyl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[*d*]isoxazole (**S10**)

**[CAUTION!** Sodium azido produces explosive species under certain reaction conditions, and azido-containing compounds are presumed to be potentially explosive. Although we have never experienced such an explosion with azido compounds used in this study, all manipulations should be carefully carried out behind a safety shield in a hood.]

To a solution of **5d** (38.0 mg, 0.100 mmol) and  $NaN_3$  (13.0 mg, 0.200 mmol) in  $CH_2Cl_2$  (1.0 mL) was added  $BF_3 \cdot Et_2O$  (25  $\mu$ L, 0.200 mmol) and  $CF_3CO_2H$  (15  $\mu$ L, 0.200 mmol) at room temperature. After stirring at the same temperature overnight, the reaction was quenched with water, and the whole mixture was extracted with  $Et_2O$ . The combined organic layers were successively washed with brine and dried over anhydrous  $Na_2SO_4$ . Filtration and evaporation in vacuo

furnished the crude mixture, which was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 20:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt) to give **S10** (19.6 mg, 68%) as a brown solid: mp 101–103 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2972, 1602, 1455, 1302, 1200, 765 cm<sup>−1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.16 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 5.53 (s, 1H, ArCHN), 6.62 (d, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 2H, ArH), 7.20 (t, *J* = 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.26–7.32 (m, 5H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  25.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 61.5 (C), 65.1 (CH), 103.2 (CH), 110.5 (CH), 120.0 (C), 127.5 (CH), 127.6 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 130.3 (CH), 135.8 (C), 142.5 (C), 158.9 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>17</sub>H<sub>18</sub>N<sub>4</sub>O [M]<sup>+</sup> 294.1481, found 294.1478.

### 2-(*tert*-Butyl)-3-phenyl-4-styryl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[*d*]isoxazole (**S11**)



To a solution of **5d** (76.0 mg, 0.200 mmol) in MeOH (2.0 mL) was added Pd(OAc)<sub>2</sub> (4.5 mg, 0.0200 mmol, 10 mol%), styrene (46  $\mu$ L, 0.400 mmol), CF<sub>3</sub>CO<sub>2</sub>H (31  $\mu$ L, 0.400 mmol) at room temperature. After stirring at 65 °C for 1 hour, the reaction mixture was concentrated in vacuo, and the crude product was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt) to give **S11** (62.4 mg, 87%) as a colorless solid: mp 142–145 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2973, 1580, 1453, 1250, 963 cm<sup>−1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.20 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 5.69 (s, 1H, ArCHN), 6.76–6.81 (m, 2H, ArH and Ar—CH=CH—Ph), 6.93 (d, *J* = 16.0 Hz, 1H, Ar—CH=CH—Ph), 7.14 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.20–7.35 (m, 11H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  25.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 61.5 (C), 66.5 (CH), 105.6 (CH), 117.5 (CH), 124.7 (CH), 126.5 (CH), 126.9 (C), 127.7 (CH), 127.8 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 128.8 (CH), 129.3 (CH), 130.4 (CH), 133.4 (C), 137.0 (C), 143.1 (C), 157.7(C); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>25</sub>H<sub>25</sub>NO [M]<sup>+</sup> 355.1936, found 355.1937.

### 4. General Procedure for Iodoalkynylation of **1**

To a solution of alkyne **6** (2.10 equiv) in THF (5 mL for 1.00 mmol of **1**) was added <sup>7</sup>BuLi (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 2.0 equiv) at −78 °C. After stirring at the same temperature for 10 min, to the reaction mixture was added a solution of **1** (1.00 equiv.) in THF (5 mL for 1.00 mmol of **1**) via cannula, and dry ice/MeOH bath was replaced by ice water bath. After stirring at 0 °C for 3 hours, the reaction was quenched with water, and the whole mixture was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were successively washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and evaporation in vacuo furnished the crude mixture, which was purified by column chromatography to give **7**.

### 1-{2-Iodo-3-[(trimethylsilyl)ethynyl]phenyl}-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (**7a**)

The reaction was performed using **1** (239 mg, 0.500 mmol), trimethylsilylacetylene (**6a**, 145  $\mu$ L, 1.05 mmol) and  $^n\text{BuLi}$  (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 0.625 mL, 1.00 mmol), and **7a** (144 mg, 68%) was obtained as a brown oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2970, 2156, 1405, 1240, 844  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  0.30 (s, 9H,  $\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)_3$ ), 1.33 (broad doublet, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.38 (broad doublet, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 4.04 (broad, 1H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 5.20 (broad, 1H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 7.16–7.27 (m, 3H, ArH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  0.00 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 19.2 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 23.9 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 47.9 (CH), 50.0 (CH), 98.0 (C), 103.5 (C), 107.6 (C), 117.2 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 129.2 (CH), 130.7 (C), 151.8 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{26}\text{IN}_3\text{Si}$  [M] $^+$  427.0941, found 427.0939.

### 1-[2-Iodo-3-(phenylethynyl)phenyl]-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (**7b**)

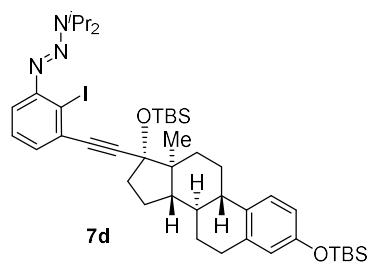
The reaction was performed using **1** (95.9 mg, 0.200 mmol), phenylacetylene (**6b**, 46  $\mu$ L, 0.420 mmol) and  $^n\text{BuLi}$  (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 0.250 mL, 0.400 mmol), and **7b** (57.0 mg, 66%) was obtained as a yellow oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2973, 1404, 1240, 1156, 755  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  1.33 (broad doublet,  $J$  = 6.4 Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.38 (broad doublet,  $J$  = 6.4 Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 4.03 (broad septet,  $J$  = 6.4 Hz, 1H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 5.21 (broad septet,  $J$  = 6.4 Hz, 1H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 7.21–7.38 (m, 6H, ArH), 7.61–7.64 (m, 2H, ArH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  19.1 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 23.8 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 47.8 (CH), 49.9 (CH), 92.4 (C), 92.6 (C), 103.3 (C), 116.9 (CH), 123.3 (C), 128.1 (CH), 128.3 (CH $\times$ 2), 128.7 (CH), 130.7 (C), 131.6 (CH), 151.7 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{22}\text{IN}_3$  [M] $^+$  431.0858, found 431.0863.

### 1-{3-[4-(*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-but-1-yn-1-yl]-2-iodophenyl}-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (**7c**)

The reaction was performed using **1** (240 mg, 0.500 mmol), 4-(*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-1-butyne (**6c**, 230  $\mu$ L, 1.05 mmol) and  $^n\text{BuLi}$  (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 0.625 mL, 1.00 mmol), and **7c** (121 mg, 47%) was obtained as a pale yellow oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt then silica gel, 4:1 *n*-hexane/ $\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2$ ): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2939, 1404, 1240, 1103, 837, 778  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (500 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  0.11 (s, 6H,  $\text{Si}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 0.92 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.33 (broad doublet,  $J$  = 6.0 Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.39 (broad doublet,  $J$  = 6.0 Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 2.71 (t,  $J$  = 7.5 Hz, 2H, -

$CH_2CH_2O-$ ), 3.89 (t,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 2H,  $-CH_2CH_2O-$ ), 4.04 (broad, 1H,  $CH(CH_3)_2$ ), 5.20 (broad, 1H,  $CH(CH_3)_2$ ), 7.15–7.17 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.22 (dd,  $J = 3.0, 6.0$  Hz, 1H, ArH);  $^{13}C$  NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –5.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 18.4 (C), 19.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 23.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 25.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 47.7 (CH), 49.8 (CH), 61.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 84.6 (C), 90.7 (C), 103.3 (C), 116.4 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 128.8 (CH), 131.2 (C), 151.6 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>36</sub>IN<sub>3</sub>OSi [M]<sup>+</sup> 513.1672, found 513.1673.

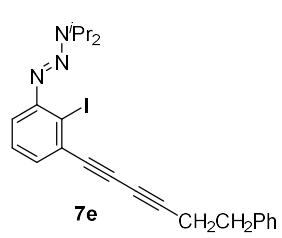
### 3,17-*O*-Bis(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-17*α*-[{2-iodo-3-(3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)phenyl}ethynyl]estradiol (**7d**)



The reaction was performed using **1** (95.9 mg, 0.200 mmol),

3,17-*O*-bis(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-17*α*-ethynylestradiol<sup>[1]</sup> (**6d**, 220 mg, 0.420 mmol) and <sup>7</sup>BuLi (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 0.250 mL, 0.400 mmol), and **7d** (100 mg, 58%) was obtained as a colorless solid after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): mp 89–91 °C;  $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -51.9$  (c 0.585, CHCl<sub>3</sub>); IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2929, 1496, 1406, 1241, 778 cm<sup>–1</sup>;  $^1H$  NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.18 (s, 6H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 0.25 (s, 6H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 0.90 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.92 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 0.97 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.26–1.53 (m, 16H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>×2 and 4H), 1.71–1.74 (m, 1H), 1.83–1.89 (m, 2H), 2.03 (dt,  $J = 4.0, 14.2$  Hz, 1H), 2.11–2.22 (m, 2H), 2.27–2.36 (m, 2H), 2.42–2.49 (m, 1H), 2.74–2.83 (m, 2H, C6-H), 4.02 (broad septet,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 5.14 (broad septet,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 6.54 (d,  $J = 2.4$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.60 (dd,  $J = 2.4, 8.4$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.12–7.25 (m, 4H, ArH);  $^{13}C$  NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  –4.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), –2.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 13.4 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 18.2 (C), 18.3 (C), 19.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 23.3 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 23.7 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 25.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 26.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 26.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 27.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 29.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 33.1 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 39.8 (CH), 40.5 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 43.7 (CH), 48.2 (CH), 49.0 (C), 50.3 (CH×2), 81.5 (C), 89.3 (C), 97.2 (C), 103.0 (C), 116.7 (CH), 117.1 (CH), 119.9 (CH), 126.2 (CH), 128.1 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 131.2 (C), 133.6 (C), 137.9 (C), 151.9 (C), 153.3 (C); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>44</sub>H<sub>69</sub>IN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 854.3973, found 854.3978.

### 1-[2-Iodo-3-(6-phenylhexa-1,3-diyne-1-yl)phenyl]-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (**7e**)



The reaction was performed using **1** (280 mg, 0.584 mmol),

6-phenylhexa-1,3-diyne<sup>[2]</sup> (**6e**, 189 mg, 1.23 mmol) and <sup>7</sup>BuLi (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 0.73 mL, 1.17 mmol), and **7e** (207 mg, 73%) was obtained as a pale yellow oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 4:1 *n*-hexane/CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2973, 1404, 1240, 1156, 789 cm<sup>–1</sup>;  $^1H$  NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.33 (d,  $J = 6.5$  Hz, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.39 (d,  $J = 6.5$  Hz,

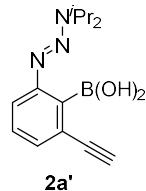
6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 2.68 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.92 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.04 (broad septet, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 5.19 (broad septet, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 7.17–7.33 (m, 8H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 19.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 22.0 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 23.8 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 34.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 47.9 (CH), 50.0 (CH), 66.0 (C), 77.2 (C), 77.5 (C), 85.0 (C), 103.2 (C), 117.5 (CH), 126.5 (CH), 128.2 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 129.7 (C), 130.1 (CH), 140.1 (C), 151.7 (C); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>27</sub>IN<sub>3</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 484.1250, found 484.1251.

## 5. General Procedure for Synthesis of *o*-Triazenylarylboronic acids 2

To a solution of **7** (1.00 equiv) in THF (0.20 M) was added <sup>7</sup>BuLi (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 2.0 equiv) at –78 °C. After stirring at the same temperature for 30 min, a solution of B(OMe)<sub>3</sub> (2.00 equiv) in THF (1.0 M) was added, and the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. After stirring overnight, the reaction was quenched with water, and the whole mixture was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were successively washed with saturated aqueous NH<sub>4</sub>Cl and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and evaporation in vacuo furnished the crude mixture, which was purified by column chromatography or reprecipitation to give **2**.

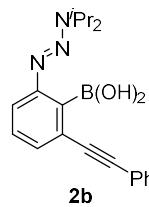
### [*(3,3*-Diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-6-ethynylphenyl]boronic acid (**2a'**)

The reaction was performed using **7a** (230 mg, 0.540 mmol), <sup>7</sup>BuLi (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 0.675 mL, 1.08 mmol) and B(OMe)<sub>3</sub> (112 mg, 1.08 mmol). Obtained crude mixture contained **2a** and **2a'**. Therefore, the crude mixture was treated with TBAF (1.0 M in THF, 0.650 mL, 0.650 mmol) in THF (5 mL) at room temperature. After stirring for 1 hour, the reaction was quenched with water, and the whole mixture was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were successively washed with brine and dried over anhydrous Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub>. Filtration and evaporation in vacuo furnished the crude mixture, which was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>/THF (contains no BHT as a stabilizer)) to give **2a'** (68.1 mg, 46%) as a pale brown solid: mp 121–124 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu$  3296, 2979, 1417, 1240 cm<sup>−1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 1.31 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.43 (d, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 3.52 (s, 1H, –C≡CH), 4.10 (septet, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.99 (septet, *J* = 6.4 Hz, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 7.33–7.40 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.65 (dd, *J* = 1.2, 7.6 Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.50 (s, 2H, B(OH)<sub>2</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>): δ 19.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 24.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 48.1 (CH), 49.8 (CH), 81.7 (C), 85.2 (CH), 117.3 (CH), 126.4 (C), 130.6 (CH), 131.2 (CH), 156.6 (C) (C–B was not detected.); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>16</sub>H<sub>24</sub>BN<sub>3</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Na [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 324.1859, found 324.1862 [Molecular ion peak was detected as



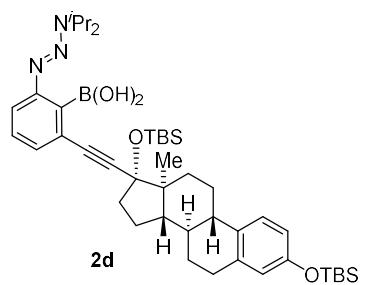
dimethyl boronate ( $\text{Ar-B(OMe)}_2$ ), because MeOH was used as a solvent for ionization.].

### [2-(3,3-Diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-6-(phenylethyanyl)phenyl]boronic acid (2b)



The reaction was performed using **7b** (266 mg, 0.610 mmol),  $^7\text{BuLi}$  (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 0.763 mL, 1.22 mmol) and  $\text{B(OMe)}_3$  (127 mg, 1.08 mmol), and **2b** (101 mg, 47%) was obtained as a pale brown oil after purification by column chromatography (neutral alumina, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  3549, 2924, 1559, 1417, 1240, 1099  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  1.32 (d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH(CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.37 (d,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH(CH}_3)_2$ ), 4.10 (septet,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{CH(CH}_3)_2$ ), 5.00 (septet,  $J = 6.8$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{CH(CH}_3)_2$ ), 7.36–7.40 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.43 (dd,  $J = 1.2, 7.2$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.57–7.59 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.64 (dd,  $J = 1.6, 8.4$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.55 (s, 2H,  $\text{B(OH)}_2$ );  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  19.1 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 24.0 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 48.0 (CH), 49.7 (CH), 90.1 (C), 93.9 (C), 116.8 (CH), 121.9 (C), 127.7 (C), 128.5 (CH), 129.0 (CH), 130.6 ( $\text{CH} \times 2$ ), 131.6 (CH), 156.6 (C) (C–B was not detected.); HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{22}\text{H}_{29}\text{BN}_3\text{O}_2$  [ $\text{M+H}^+$ ] 378.2353, found 378.2357 [Molecular ion peak was detected as dimethyl boronate ( $\text{Ar-B(OMe)}_2$ ), because MeOH was used as a solvent for ionization.].

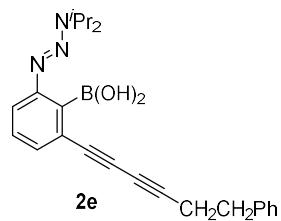
### 3,17-*O*-Bis(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-17*α*-[{2-borono-3-(3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)phenyl}ethynyl]estradiol (2d)



The reaction was performed using **7d** (371 mg, 0.440 mmol),  $^7\text{BuLi}$  (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 0.540 mL, 0.880 mmol) and  $\text{B(OMe)}_3$  (91.4 mg, 0.880 mmol), and **2d** (233 mg, 69%) was obtained as a colorless solid after purification by column chromatography (neutral alumina, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): mp 104–106 °C;  $[\alpha]_D^{24} = -77.7$  (c 0.500,  $\text{CHCl}_3$ ); IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2929, 1418, 1252, 1090, 838  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  0.18 (s, 6H,  $\text{Si(CH}_3)_2$ ), 0.19 (s, 3H,  $\text{Si(CH}_3)(\text{CH}_3)$ ), 0.20 (s, 3H,  $\text{Si(CH}_3)(\text{CH}_3)$ ), 0.90 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 0.91 (s, 3H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 0.97 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.26–1.50 (m, 16H,  $\text{CH(CH}_3)_2 \times 2$  and 4H), 1.68–1.76 (m, 1H), 1.80–1.93 (m, 4H), 2.08 (dt,  $J = 4.0, 15.0$  Hz, 1H), 2.21 (dt,  $J = 4.0, 10.8$  Hz, 1H), 2.32–2.43 (m, 2H), 2.78–2.82 (m, 2H, C6-H), 4.09 (septet,  $J = 6.5$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{CH(CH}_3)_2$ ), 4.98 (septet,  $J = 6.5$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{CH(CH}_3)_2$ ), 6.53 (d,  $J = 2.4$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.59 (dd,  $J = 2.4, 8.4$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.11 (d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.33–7.37 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.59–7.62 (m, 1H, ArH), 8.46 (s, 2H,  $\text{B(OH)}_2$ );  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  −4.4 ( $\text{CH}_3 \times 2$ ), −3.0 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), −2.9 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 13.4 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 18.1 (C), 18.2 (C), 19.2 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 23.1 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 24.0 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 25.7 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 25.8 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 26.4 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 27.3 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 29.7 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 33.2 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 39.5 (CH), 40.2 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 43.6 (CH), 48.0 (CH), 48.7 (CH), 49.0 (C), 49.7 (CH), 81.4 (C), 87.3 (C), 99.1 (C), 116.7 (CH), 117.1 (CH), 119.9 (CH), 126.2 (CH), 127.8 (C),

130.7 (CH), 130.8 (CH), 133.2 (C), 137.9 (C), 153.2 (C), 156.7 (C) (C–B was not detected.); HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{46}H_{75}BN_3O_4Si_2$  [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 800.5389, found 800.5394 [Molecular ion peak was detected as dimethyl boronate (Ar-B(OMe)<sub>2</sub>), because MeOH was used as a solvent for ionization.].

### [2-(3,3-Diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-6-(6-phenylhexa-1,3-diyn-1-yl)phenyl]boronic acid (2e)

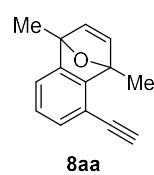


The reaction was performed using **7e** (105 mg, 0.217 mmol), "BuLi (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 0.27 mL, 0.434 mmol) and B(OMe)<sub>3</sub> (45.1 mg, 0.434 mmol), and **2e** (48.1 mg, 55%) was obtained as a beige solid after reprecipitation from Et<sub>2</sub>O–*n*-hexane: mp 106–109 °C; IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2976, 1417, 1379, 1240, 1128, 1033, 805, 747 cm<sup>−1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.31 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 1.42 (d, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 6H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 2.68 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.91 (t, *J* = 7.5 Hz, 2H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 4.10 (septet, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 4.98 (septet, *J* = 6.5 Hz, 1H, CH(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 7.23–7.26 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.31–7.34 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.38 (dd, *J* = 1.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.63 (dd, *J* = 1.5, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 8.23 (s, 2H, B(OH)<sub>2</sub>); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  19.2 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 21.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 24.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 34.4 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 48.1 (CH), 49.8 (CH), 65.1 (C), 75.4 (C), 78.8 (C), 86.3 (C), 117.3 (CH), 126.6 (CH), 126.7 (C), 128.4 (CH), 128.6 (CH), 130.7 (CH), 132.0 (CH), 139.9 (C), 156.6 (C) (C–B was not detected.); HRMS (ESI) calcd for  $C_{26}H_{32}BN_3O_2Na$  [M+Na]<sup>+</sup> 452.2485, found 452.2483[Molecular ion peak was detected as dimethyl boronate (Ar-B(OMe)<sub>2</sub>), because MeOH was used as a solvent for ionization.].

## 6. General Procedure for Reactions of *o*-Triazenylarylboronic acids 2 with arynophiles 4

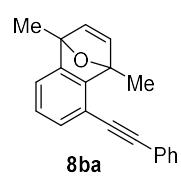
A suspension of *o*-triazenylarylboronic acid **2** (0.100 mmol), pinacol (11.8 mg, 0.100 mmol), Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (200 mg) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (1.0 mL) was stirred at room temperature. After stirring at the same temperature for 4 h, arynophile (**4**, 0.150 mmol) and silica gel (neutral, spherical, 40–50 μm, 200 mg, dried under vacuum at 200 °C) were added to the suspension. After stirring at room temperature for 16 h, silica gel was filtered off, and the eluent was concentrated in vacuo to furnish the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography to give **8**.

### 5-Ethynyl-1,4-dimethyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (8aa)



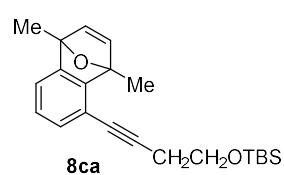
The reaction was performed using **2a'** (27.3 mg, 0.100 mmol) and 2,5-dimethylfuran (16  $\mu$ L, 0.150 mmol), and **8aa** (12.0 mg, 63%) was obtained as a colorless oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  3285, 2932, 1382, 1139, 859  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  1.88 (s, 3H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 2.10 (s, 3H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.18 (s, 1H,  $-\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$ ), 6.75 (d,  $J$  = 5.6 Hz, 1H,  $-\text{HC}=\text{CH}-$ ), 6.83 (d,  $J$  = 5.6 Hz, 1H,  $-\text{HC}=\text{CH}-$ ), 6.93 (dd,  $J$  = 7.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.04 (dd,  $J$  = 0.8, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.08 (dd,  $J$  = 0.8, 7.2 Hz, 1H, ArH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  15.1 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 16.5 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 80.3 (C), 80.9 (CH), 87.9 (C), 89.8 (C), 114.1 (C), 118.6 (CH), 124.9 (CH), 129.4 (CH), 146.6 (CH), 146.8 (CH), 153.5 (C), 153.9 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{12}\text{O}$  [M] $^+$  196.0888, found 196.0889.

### 1,4-Dimethyl-5-(phenylethyynyl)-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (8ba)



The reaction was performed using **2b** (34.9 mg, 0.100 mmol) and 2,5-dimethylfuran (**4a**, 16  $\mu$ L, 0.150 mmol), and **8ba** (17.2 mg, 63%) was obtained as a colorless oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2979, 1491, 1382, 1139, 859, 756  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  1.90 (s, 3H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 2.19 (s, 3H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 6.77 (d,  $J$  = 5.2 Hz, 1H,  $-\text{HC}=\text{CH}-$ ), 6.87 (d,  $J$  = 5.2 Hz, 1H,  $-\text{HC}=\text{CH}-$ ), 6.96 (t,  $J$  = 7.4 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.07–7.10 (m, 2H, ArH), 7.35–7.37 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.51–7.54 (m, 2H, ArH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  15.1 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 16.7 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 86.7 (C), 88.1 (C), 89.9 (C), 92.1 (C), 115.2 (C), 118.2 (CH), 123.2 (C), 124.9 (CH), 128.4 (CH $\times$ 2), 128.7 (CH), 131.3 (CH), 146.8 (CH $\times$ 2), 153.2 (C), 153.4 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{20}\text{H}_{16}\text{O}$  [M] $^+$  272.1201, found 272.1199.

### 5-(4-(*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-but-1-yn-1-yl)-1,4-dimethyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (8ca)



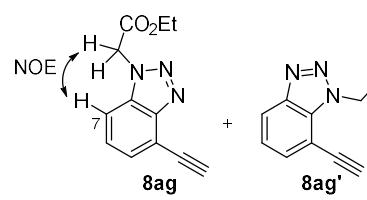
To a solution of **7c** (107 mg, 0.208 mmol) in THF (2.1 mL) was added *"BuLi* (1.6 M in *n*-hexane, 0.261 mL, 0.417 mmol) at –78 °C. After stirring at the same temperature for 30 min, a solution of  $\text{B}(\text{OMe})_3$  (43.3 mg, 0.417 mmol) in THF (0.42 mL) was added, and the mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature. After stirring overnight, the reaction was quenched with water, and the whole mixture was extracted with AcOEt. The combined organic layers were successively washed with saturated aqueous  $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl}$  and dried over anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ . Filtration and evaporation in vacuo furnished the crude **2c**. To a solution of crude **2c**

was added pinacol (24.6 mg, 0.208 mmol), Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> (417 mg) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (2.1 mL) at room temperature. After stirring at the same temperature for 4 h, 2,5-dimethylfuran (**4a**, 33 µL, 0.312 mmol) and silica gel (417 mg) were added to the suspension. After stirring at room temperature for 16 h, silica gel was filtered off, and the eluent was concentrated in vacuo to furnish the crude product, which was purified by column chromatography to give **8ca** as a pale orange oil (48.9 mg, 66%): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2931, 1462, 1382, 1301, 1254, 1106, 837, 777 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.09 (s, 6H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 0.91 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.86 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.08 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.64 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-), 3.82 (t, *J* = 7.0 Hz, 2H, -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>O-), 6.73 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H, -HC=CH-), 6.82 (d, *J* = 5.5 Hz, 1H, -HC=CH-), 6.88 (dd, *J* = 6.5, 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.95 (dd, *J* = 1.0, 7.5 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.02 (dd, *J* = 1.0, 6.5 Hz, 1H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  -5.3 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 15.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 16.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 18.3 (C), 23.9 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 25.9 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 61.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 78.7 (C), 87.9 (C), 89.8 (C), 90.3 (C), 115.7 (C), 117.6 (CH), 124.8 (CH), 129.0 (CH), 146.7 (CH<sub>2</sub> × 2), 152.9 (C), 153.2 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>22</sub>H<sub>30</sub>O<sub>2</sub>Si [M]<sup>+</sup> 354.2015, found 354.2013.

### 5-Ethynyl-9-phenyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epiminonaphthalene (**8af**)

The reaction was performed using **2a'** (27.3 mg, 0.100 mmol) and *N*-phenylpyrrole (**4f**, 21.4 mg, 0.150 mmol), and **8af** (14.4 mg, 59%) was obtained as a colorless oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  3283, 1597, 1496, 1306, 773 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  3.21 (s, 1H, -C≡CH), 5.45 (broad, 1H, ArCHN), 5.63 (broad, 1H, ArCHN), 6.82–6.90 (m, 4H, ArH), 6.96–7.02 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.16–7.22 (m, 3H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (100 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  68.1 (CH), 69.8 (CH), 79.3 (C), 81.0 (CH), 116.0 (C), 117.9 (CH), 121.0 (CH), 121.8 (CH), 125.0 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 128.9 (CH), 141.5 (CH), 142.3 (CH), 146.6 (C), 148.8 (C), 152.1 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>18</sub>H<sub>13</sub>N [M]<sup>+</sup> 243.1048, found 243.1044.

### Ethyl 2-(4-Ethynyl-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)acetate (**8ag**) and Ethyl 2-(7-Ethynyl-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)acetate (**8ag'**)



The reaction was performed using **2a'** (27.3 mg, 0.100 mmol) and ethyl azidoacetate (**4g**, 17 µL, 0.150 mmol), and **8ag** (5.6 mg, 24%) and **8ag'** (4.8 mg, 20%) were obtained as a colorless oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt).

**8ag:** IR (KBr)  $\nu$  3274, 3072, 1748, 1218, 1014 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.27 (t, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 3H, CO<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>), 3.57 (s, 1H, -C≡CH), 4.25 (q, *J* = 7.2 Hz, 2H,

$\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.44 (s, 2H,  $\text{NCH}_2\text{CO}$ ), 7.48–7.49 (m, 2H,  $\text{ArH}$ ), 7.57 (dd,  $J = 3.6, 4.4$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ );  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  14.0 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 49.3 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 62.4 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 78.7 (C), 83.6 (CH), 110.2 (CH), 114.5 (C), 127.6 (CH), 128.7 (CH), 133.4 (C), 146.4 (C), 166.1 (C=O); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$  [M] $^+$  229.0851, found 229.0852.

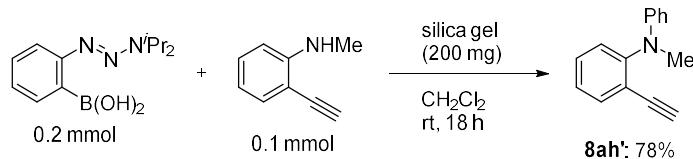
The structure of **8ag** was verified by NOE correlation between C7–H and  $\alpha$ -methylene protons.

**8ag'**: IR (KBr)  $\nu$  3257, 2984, 1752, 1212, 1024  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  1.25 (t,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 3H,  $\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ), 3.42 (s, 1H,  $-\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$ ), 4.26 (q,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{CO}_2\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_3$ ), 5.73 (s, 2H,  $\text{NCH}_2\text{CO}$ ), 7.35 (dd,  $J = 7.2, 8.4$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ ), 7.65 (d,  $J = 7.2$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ ), 8.10 (d,  $J = 8.4$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ );  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  14.1 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 50.0 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 62.2 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 78.4 (C), 83.0 (CH), 105.0 (C), 121.6 (CH), 124.1 (CH), 133.0 (CH), 133.0 (C), 146.3 (C), 167.0 (C=O); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{11}\text{N}_3\text{O}_2$  [M] $^+$  229.0851, found 229.0850.

### 3-Ethynyl-N-methyl-N-phenylaniline (**8ah**) and 2-Ethynyl-N-methyl-N-phenylaniline (**8ah'**)

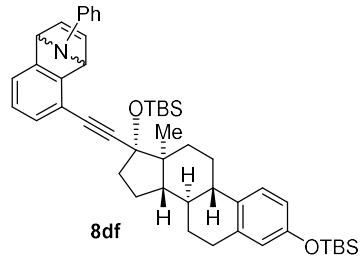
The reaction was performed using **2a'** (27.3 mg, 0.100 mmol) and *N*-methylaniline (**4h**, 16  $\mu\text{L}$ , 0.150 mmol), and a mixture of **8ah** and **8ah'** (9.1 mg, 43%, **8ah**:**8ah'** = 72:28) was obtained as a colorless oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt). IR (KBr)  $\nu$  3292, 1589, 1496, 1344, 753  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  3.02 (s, 1H,  $-\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$  for **8ah**), 3.12 (s, 1H,  $-\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$  for **8ah'**), 3.30 (s, 3H,  $\text{CH}_3$  for **8ah**), 3.32 (s, 3H,  $\text{CH}_3$ , for **8ah'**), 6.71 (d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArH}$  for **8ah'**), 6.77 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$  for **8ah'**), 6.93 (dd,  $J = 2.4, 8.4$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$  for **8ah**), 7.02–7.34 (m, 8H,  $\text{ArH}$  for **8ah** and 5H,  $\text{ArH}$  for **8ah'**), 7.56 (d,  $J = 8.0$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$  for **8ah'**); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{13}\text{N}$  [M] $^+$  207.1048, found 207.1049.

An isomer **8ah'** was synthesized by the reaction of *N*-methyl-2-ethynylaniline<sup>[5]</sup> with benzyne.<sup>[6]</sup> It was confirmed that **8ah'** was the minor product by comparing  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectrum of regioisomeric mixture with authentic sample.



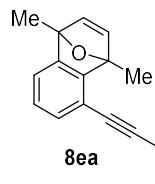
**8ah'**:  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  3.12 (s, 1H,  $-\text{C}\equiv\text{CH}$ ), 3.32 (s, 3H,  $\text{CH}_3$ ), 6.71 (d,  $J = 8.8$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{ArH}$ ), 6.77 (t,  $J = 7.4$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ ), 7.15–7.22 (m, 4H,  $\text{ArH}$ ), 7.34 (dt,  $J = 1.6, 7.6$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ ), 7.56 (dd,  $J = 2.0, 8.0$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{ArH}$ ).

**3,17-O-Bis(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-17 $\alpha$ -{(9-phenyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epiminonaphthalen-5-yl)ethynyl}estradiol (**8df**)**



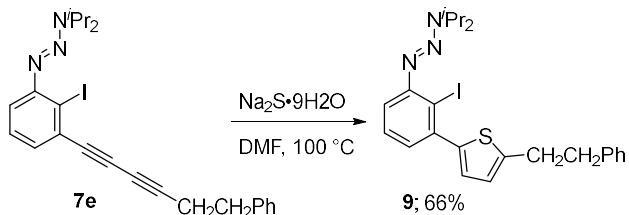
The reaction was performed using **2d** (77.2 mg, 0.100 mmol) and *N*-phenylpyrrole (**4f**, 21.4 mg, 0.150 mmol), and **8df** (31.7 mg, 42%, dr ~1:1) was obtained as a colorless oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2929, 1600, 1496, 1254, 778 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  0.19 (s, 6H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 0.23–0.25 (s, 6H, Si(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>), 0.92 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 0.93 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 0.98 (s, 9H, *t*-Bu), 1.27–1.57 (m, 4H), 1.80–1.94 (m, 4H), 2.02–2.11 (m, 2H), 2.25–2.30 (m, 1H), 2.34–2.42 (m, 2H), 2.76–2.85 (m, 2H), 5.43 (broad doublet, 1H, ArCHN), 5.62 (broad doublet, 1H, ArCHN), 6.56 (m, 1H, –CH=CH–), 6.61–6.64 (m, 1H, –CH=CH–), 6.78–6.80 (m, 3H, ArH), 6.87 (dt,  $J$ =1.2, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.93–6.98 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.07–7.18 (m, 4H, ArH); HRMS (ESI) calcd for C<sub>48</sub>H<sub>64</sub>NO<sub>2</sub>Si<sub>2</sub> [M+H]<sup>+</sup> 742.4476, found 742.4478.

**1,4-Dimethyl-5-(6-phenylhexa-1,3-diyn-1-yl)-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (**8ea**)**



The reaction was performed using **2e** (23.1 mg, 0.0575 mmol) and 2,5-dimethylfuran (**4a**, 9  $\mu$ L, 0.0863 mmol), and **8ea** (15.9 mg, 85%) was obtained as a colorless oil after purification by column chromatography (silica gel, 10:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt): IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2931, 1454, 1382, 1301, 1137, 859, 780 cm<sup>-1</sup>; <sup>1</sup>H NMR (500 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  1.87 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.08 (s, 3H, CH<sub>3</sub>), 2.67 (t,  $J$ =7.5 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 2.90 (t,  $J$ =7.5 Hz, 1H, CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>), 6.74 (d,  $J$ =5.5 Hz, 1H, -CH=CH-), 6.82 (d,  $J$ =5.5 Hz, 1H, -CH=CH-), 6.91 (dd,  $J$ =7.5, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.02 (dd,  $J$ =0.5, 8.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.07 (dd,  $J$ =0.5, 7.0 Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.23–7.25 (m, 3H, ArH), 7.30–7.33 (m, 2H, ArH); <sup>13</sup>C NMR (125 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  15.1 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 16.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>), 21.8 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 34.6 (CH<sub>2</sub>), 65.8 (C), 72.2 (C), 77.1 (C), 84.2 (C), 88.0 (C), 89.8 (C), 114.0 (C), 118.6 (CH), 125.0 (CH), 126.5 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 129.5 (CH), 140.0 (C), 146.6 (CH), 146.9 (CH), 153.5 (C), 154.9 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for C<sub>24</sub>H<sub>20</sub>O [M]<sup>+</sup> 324.1514, found 324.1512.

**7. Synthesis of 1-(2-iodo-3-(5-phenethylthiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (**9**) from **7e****

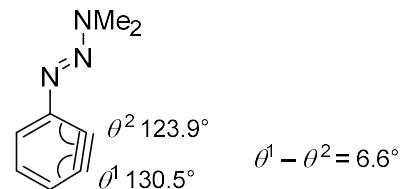


A suspension of **7e** (24.2 mg, 0.0500 mmol), and  $\text{Na}_2\text{S}\bullet 9\text{H}_2\text{O}$  (36.0 mg, 0.150 mmol) in DMF (0.5 mL) was stirred at 100 °C. After stirring at the same temperature for 6 hours, the reaction was quenched with water, and the whole mixture was extracted with  $\text{Et}_2\text{O}$ . The combined organic layers were successively washed with brine and dried over anhydrous  $\text{Na}_2\text{SO}_4$ . Filtration and evaporation in vacuo furnished the crude mixture, which was purified by column chromatography (silica gel, 20:1 *n*-hexane/AcOEt) to give **9** (17.0 mg, 66%) as an colorless oil: IR (KBr)  $\nu$  2972, 1403, 1239, 1155, 1010, 793  $\text{cm}^{-1}$ ;  $^1\text{H}$  NMR (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  1.34 (broad doublet,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 1.40 (broad doublet,  $J = 7.5$  Hz, 6H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 3.04 (dd,  $J = 6.4, 9.2$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$ ), 3.15 (dd,  $J = 6.4, 9.2$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{CH}_2\text{CH}_2$ ), 4.06 (broad, 1H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 5.23 (broad, 1H,  $\text{CH}(\text{CH}_3)_2$ ), 6.76 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 6.96 (d,  $J = 4.0$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.14 (dd,  $J = 2.5, 9.0$  Hz, 1H, ArH), 7.19–7.25 (m, 4H, ArH), 7.27–7.32 (m, 3H, ArH);  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR (100 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  19.2 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 23.8 ( $\text{CH}_3$ ), 32.1 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 37.9 ( $\text{CH}_2$ ), 47.7 (CH), 49.8 (CH), 102.8 (C), 116.7 (CH), 123.9 (CH), 126.1 (CH), 127.3 (CH), 127.5 (CH), 128.0 (CH), 128.4 (CH), 128.5 (CH), 140.9 (C), 141.2 (C), 143.7 (C), 144.7 (C), 151.8 (C); HRMS (EI) calcd for  $\text{C}_{24}\text{H}_{28}\text{IN}_3\text{S} [\text{M}]^+$  517.1049, found 517.1050.

## 8. DFT calculation

All calculations were performed with the Gaussian 09 program package.<sup>[7]</sup> The groundstate geometries were optimized at the B3LYP/6-31+G(d,p) basis set without an implicit solvation model.

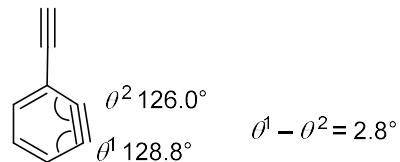
### 3-(3,3-dimethyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)benzyne



#### Cartesian coordinates

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C	3.2121720	0.8362300	0.0282130
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H	-3.0035970	-2.1130330	-0.0411340
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### 3-ethinylbenzyne



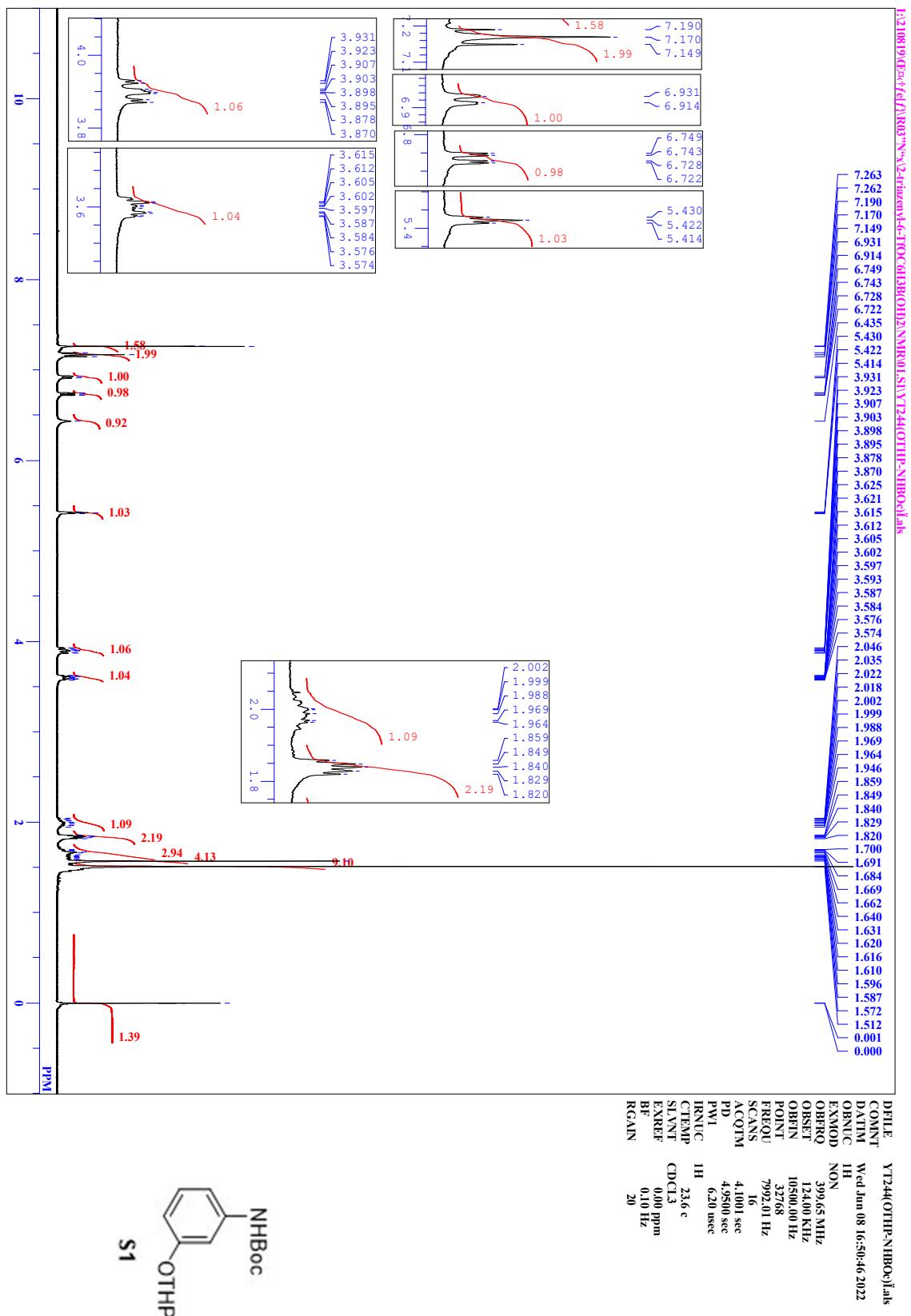
Cartesian coordinates

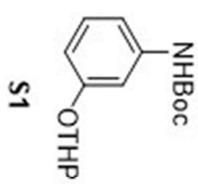
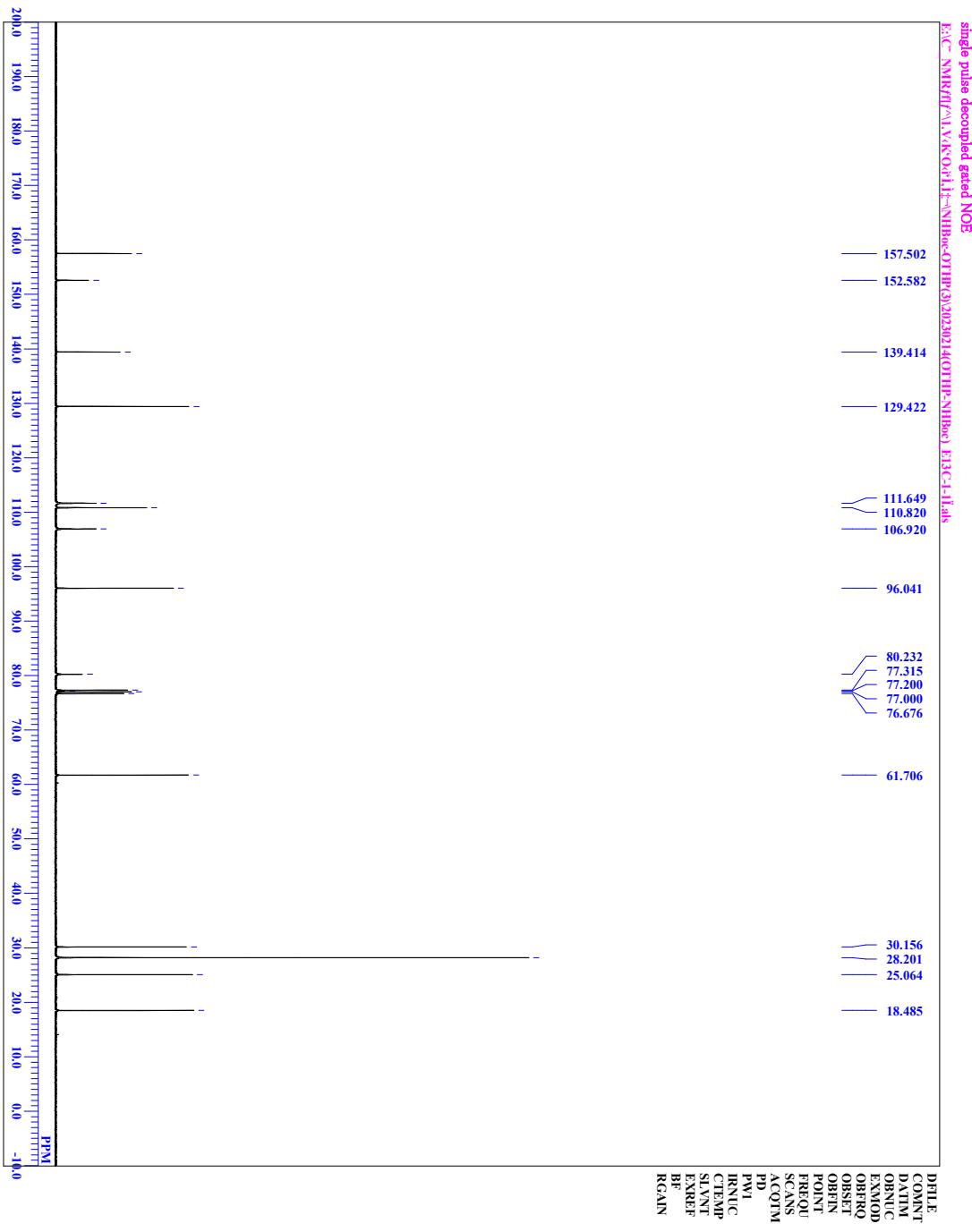
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## References

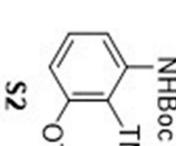
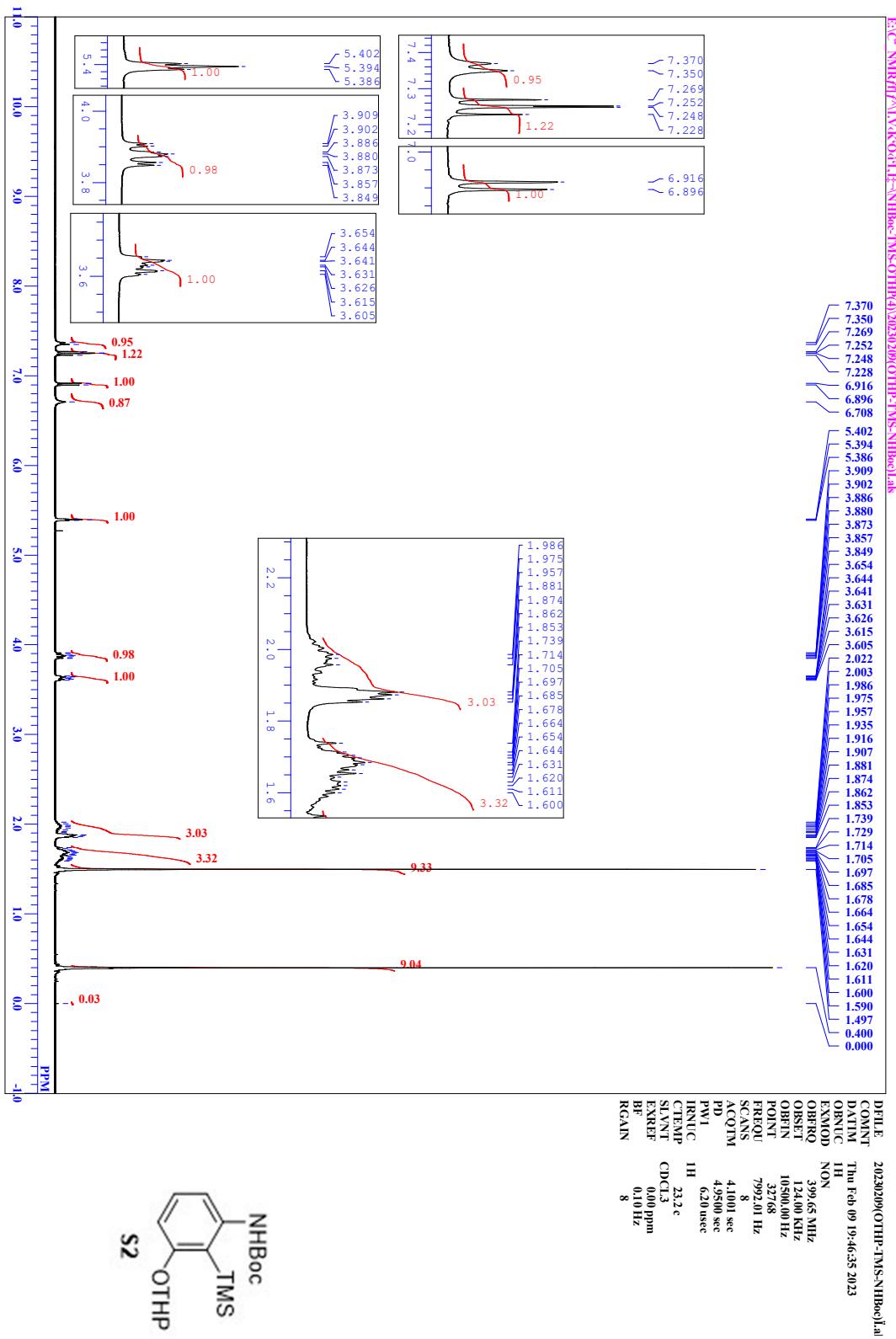
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- [7] Gaussian 09, Revision D.01, M. J. Frisch, G. W. Trucks, H. B. Schlegel, G. E. Scuseria, M. A. Robb, J. R. Cheeseman, G. Scalmani, V. Barone, B. Mennucci, G. A. Petersson, H. Nakatsuji, M. Caricato, X. Li, H. P. Hratchian, A. F. Izmaylov, J. Bloino, G. Zheng, J. L. Sonnenberg, M. Hada, M. Ehara, K. Toyota, R. Fukuda, J. Hasegawa, M. Ishida, T. Nakajima, Y. Honda, O. Kitao, H. Nakai, T. Vreven, J. A. Montgomery, Jr., J. E. Peralta, F. Ogliaro, M. Bearpark, J. J. Heyd, E. Brothers, K. N. Kudin, V. N. Staroverov, T. Keith, R. Kobayashi, J. Normand, K. Raghavachari, A. Rendell, J. C. Burant, S. S. Iyengar, J. Tomasi, M. Cossi, N. Rega, J. M. Millam, M. Klene, J. E. Knox, J. B. Cross, V. Bakken, C. Adamo, J. Jaramillo, R. Gomperts, R. E. Stratmann, O. Yazyev, A. J. Austin, R. Cammi, C. Pomelli, J. W. Ochterski, R. L. Martin, K. Morokuma, V. G. Zakrzewski, G. A. Voth, P. Salvador, J. J. Dannenberg, S. Dapprich, A. D. Daniels, O. Farkas, J. B. Foresman, J. V. Ortiz, J. Cioslowski, and D. J. Fox, Gaussian, Inc., Wallingford CT, 2013.

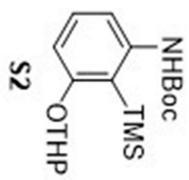
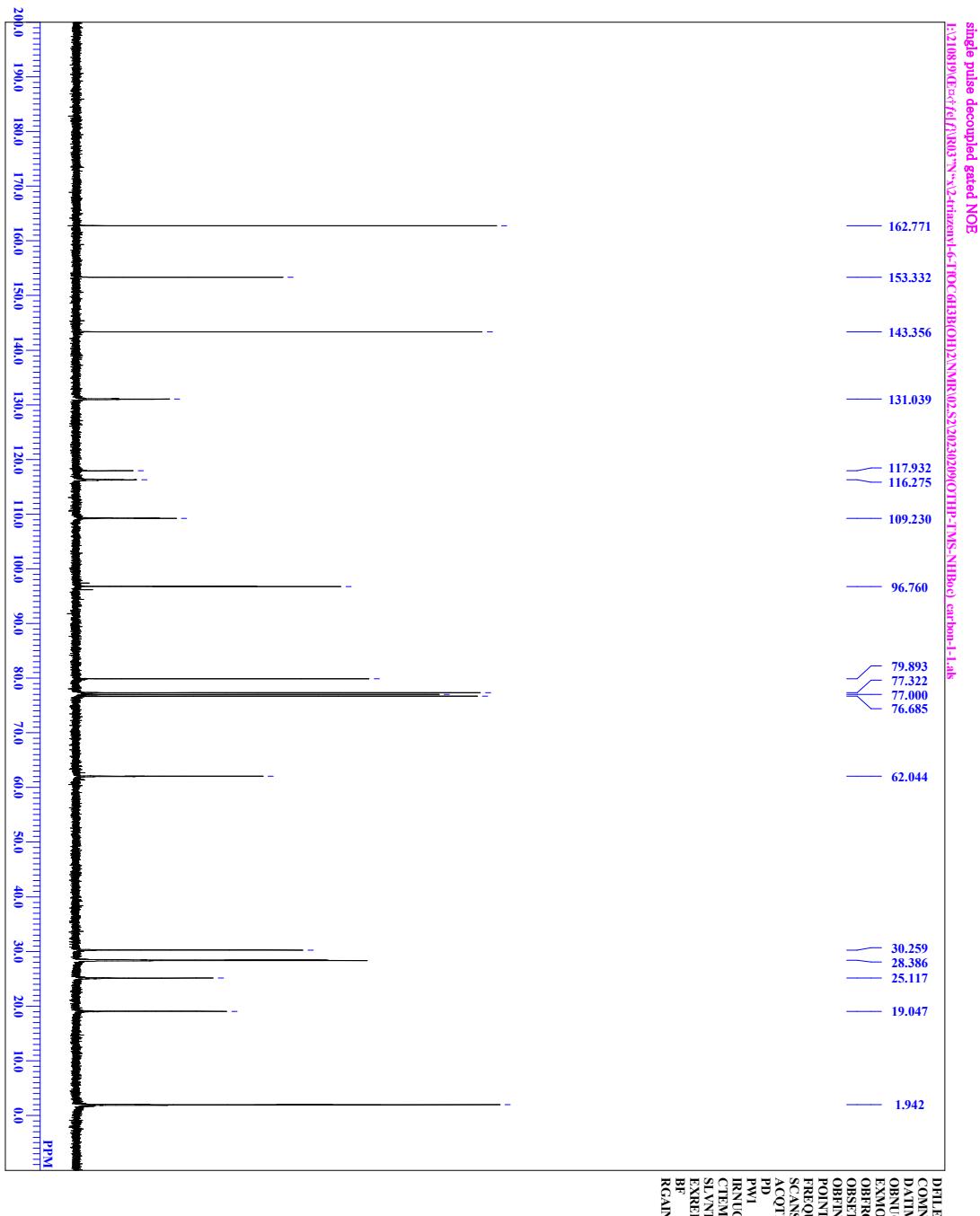
**tert-Butyl [3-{(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy}phenyl]carbamate (S1)**



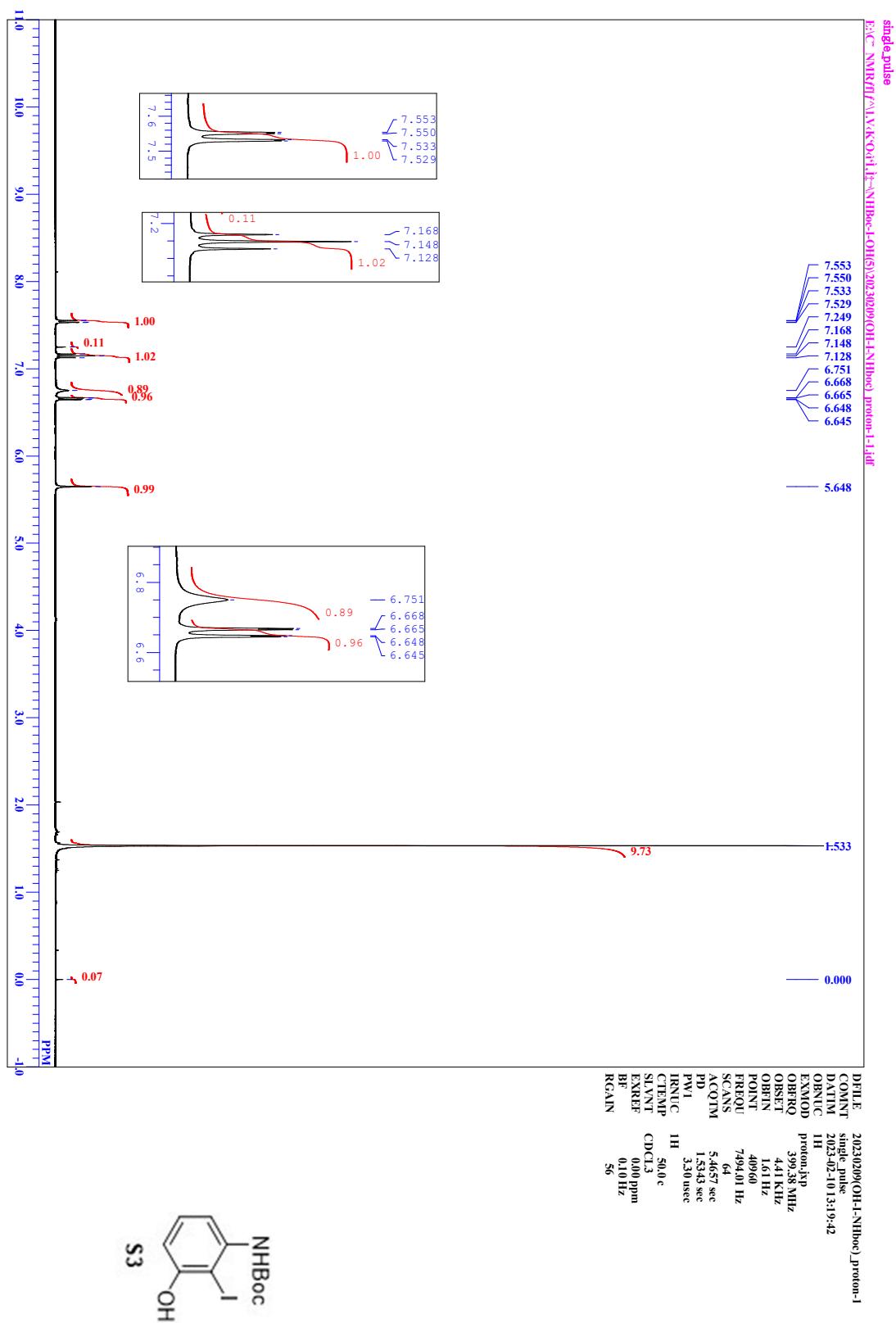


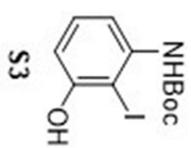
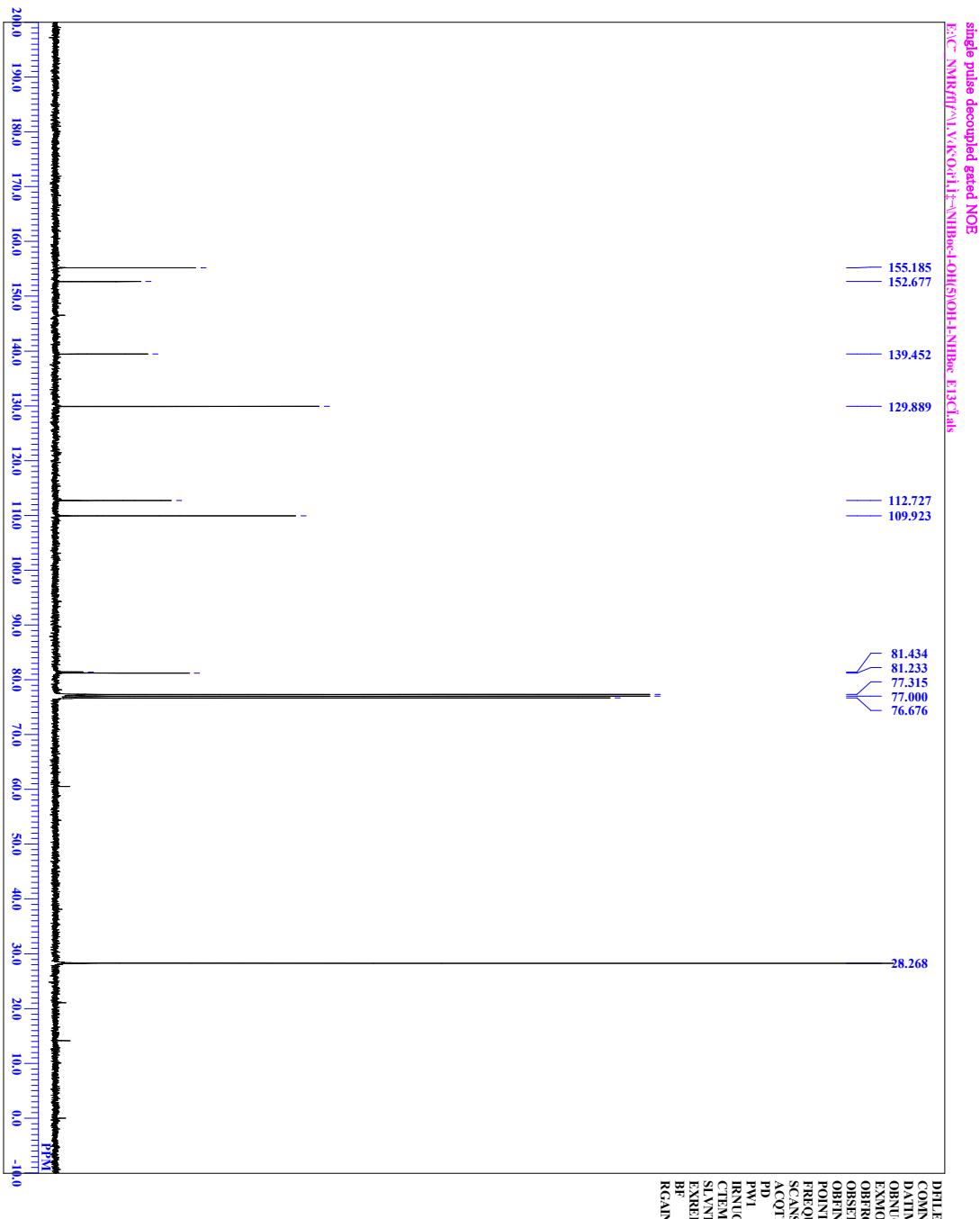
**tert-Butyl [3-{(tetrahydro-2H-pyran-2-yl)oxy}-2-(trimethylsilyl)phenyl]carbamate (S2)**



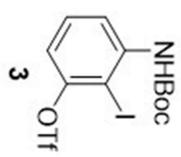
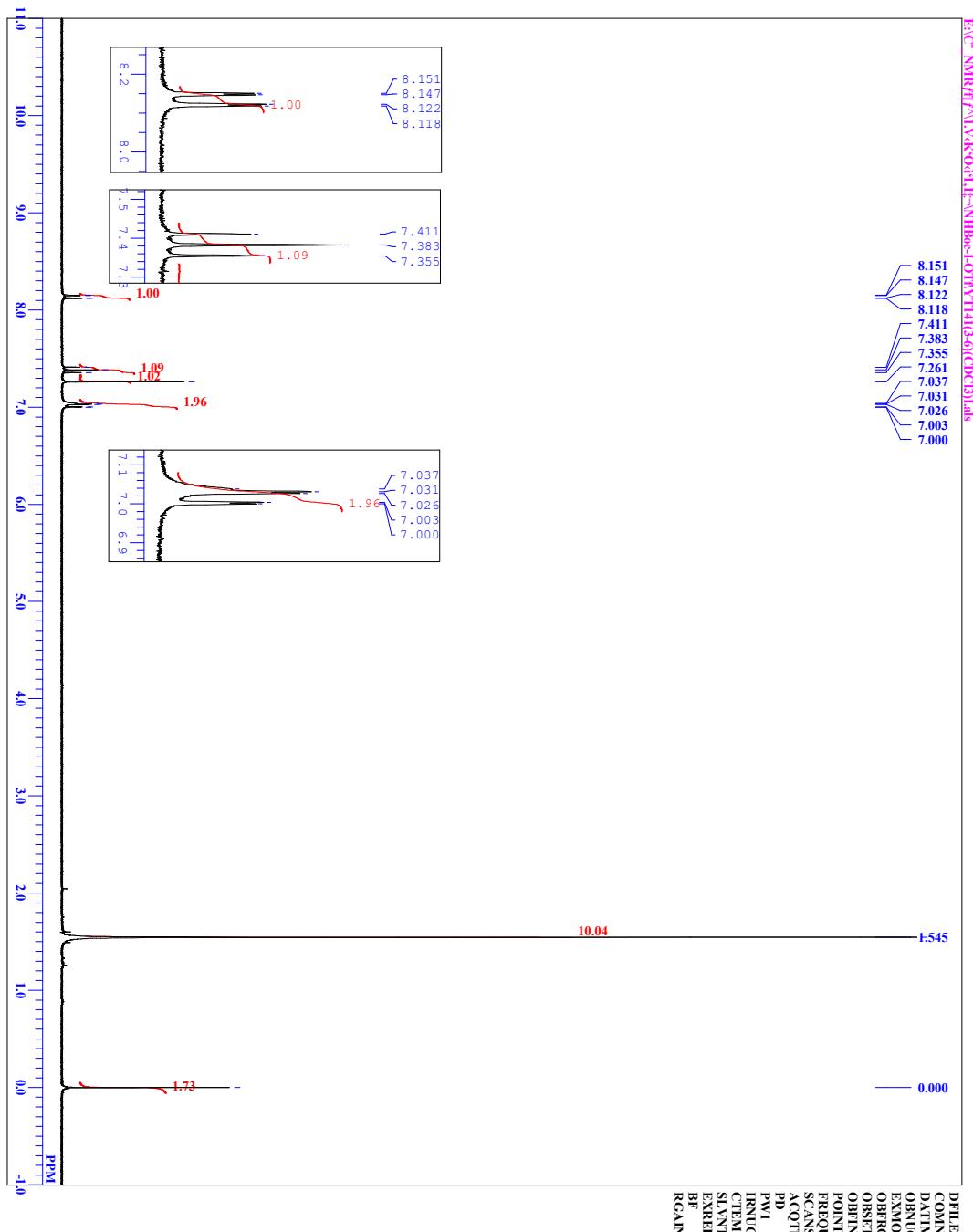


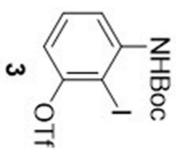
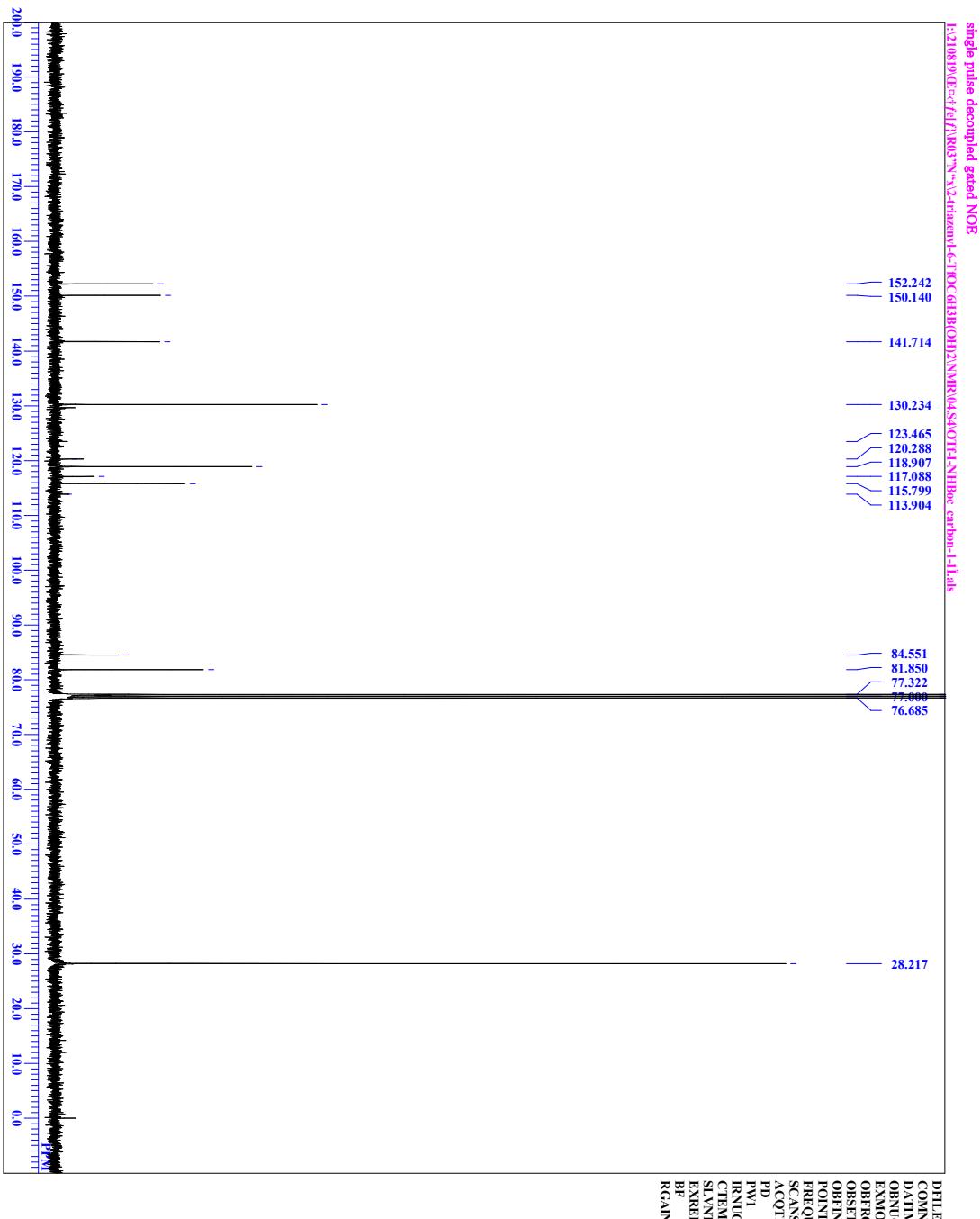
**tert-Butyl (3-hydroxy-2-iodophenyl)carbamate (S3)**



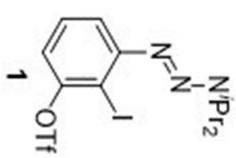
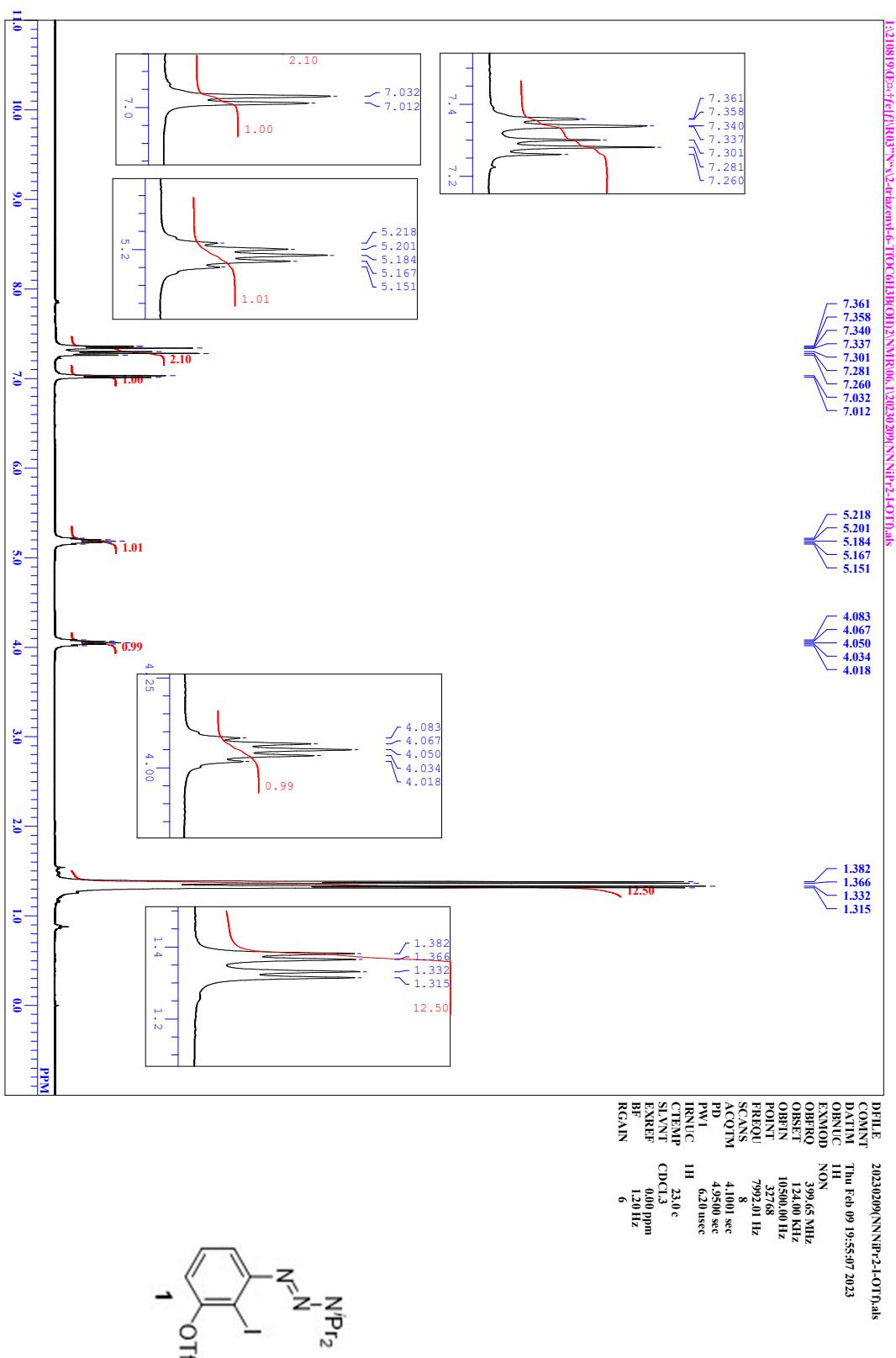


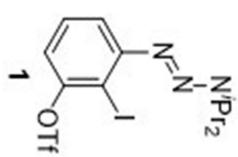
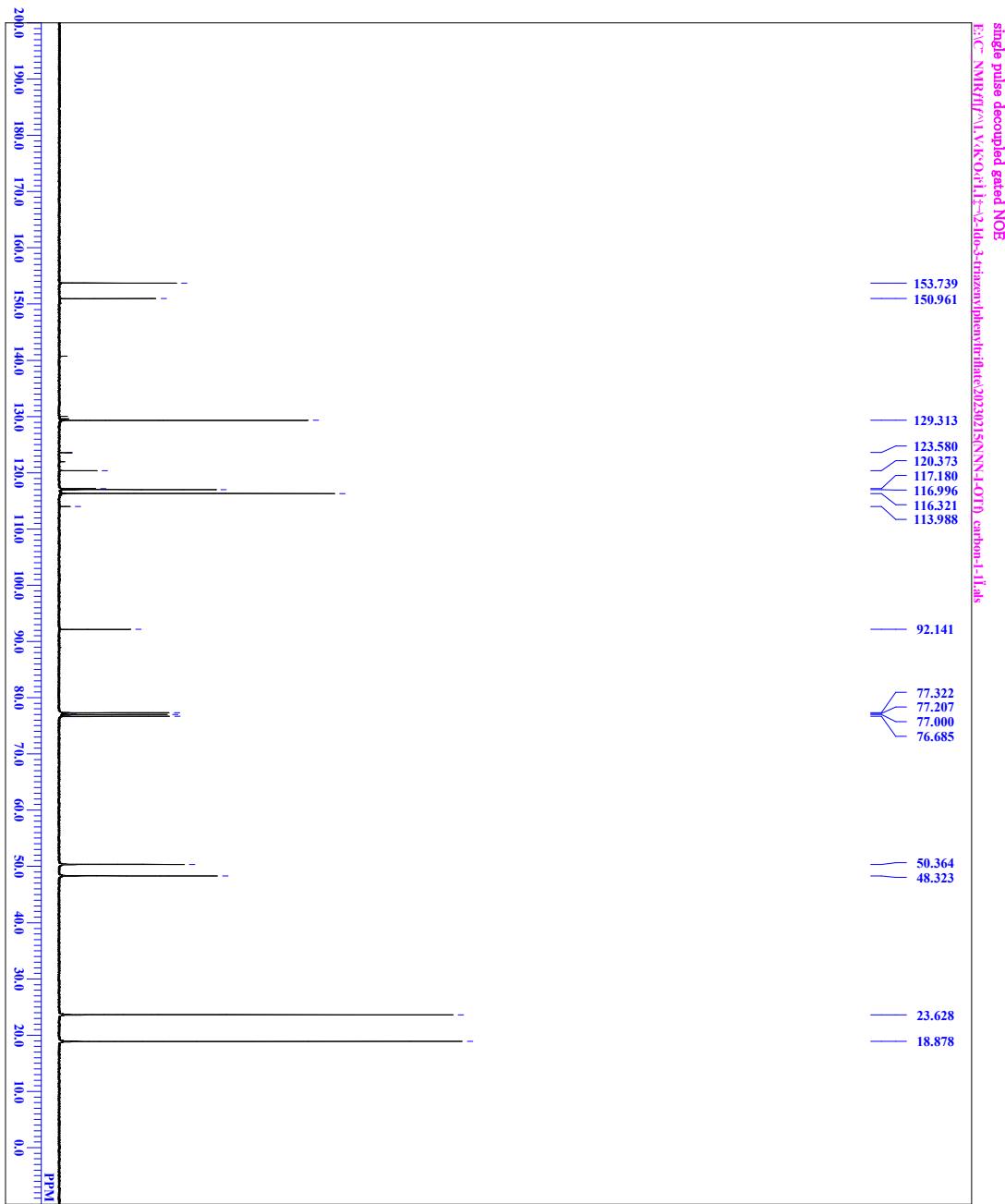
**3-{(tert-Butoxycarbonyl)amino}-2-iodophenyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (3)**



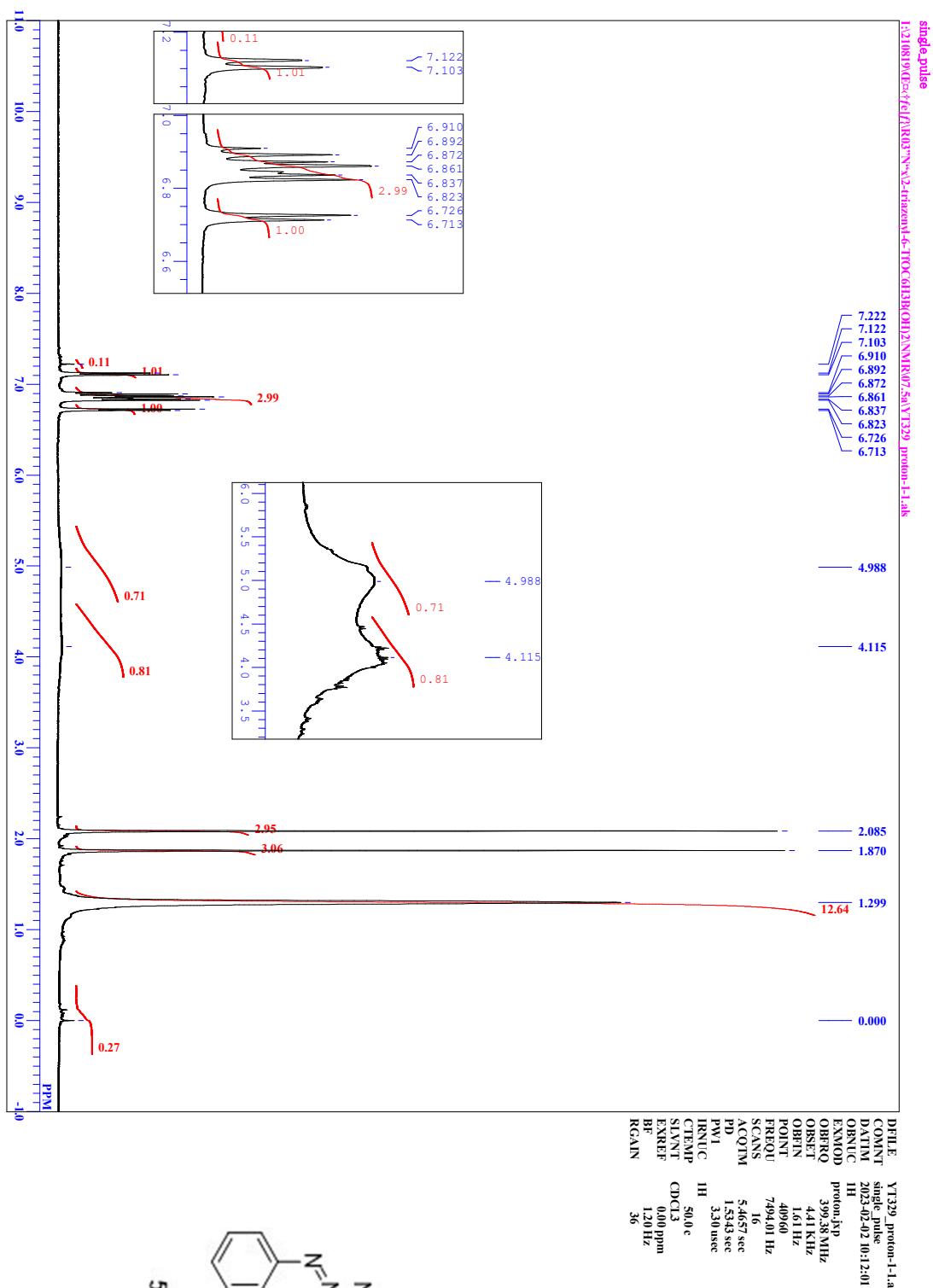


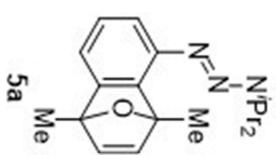
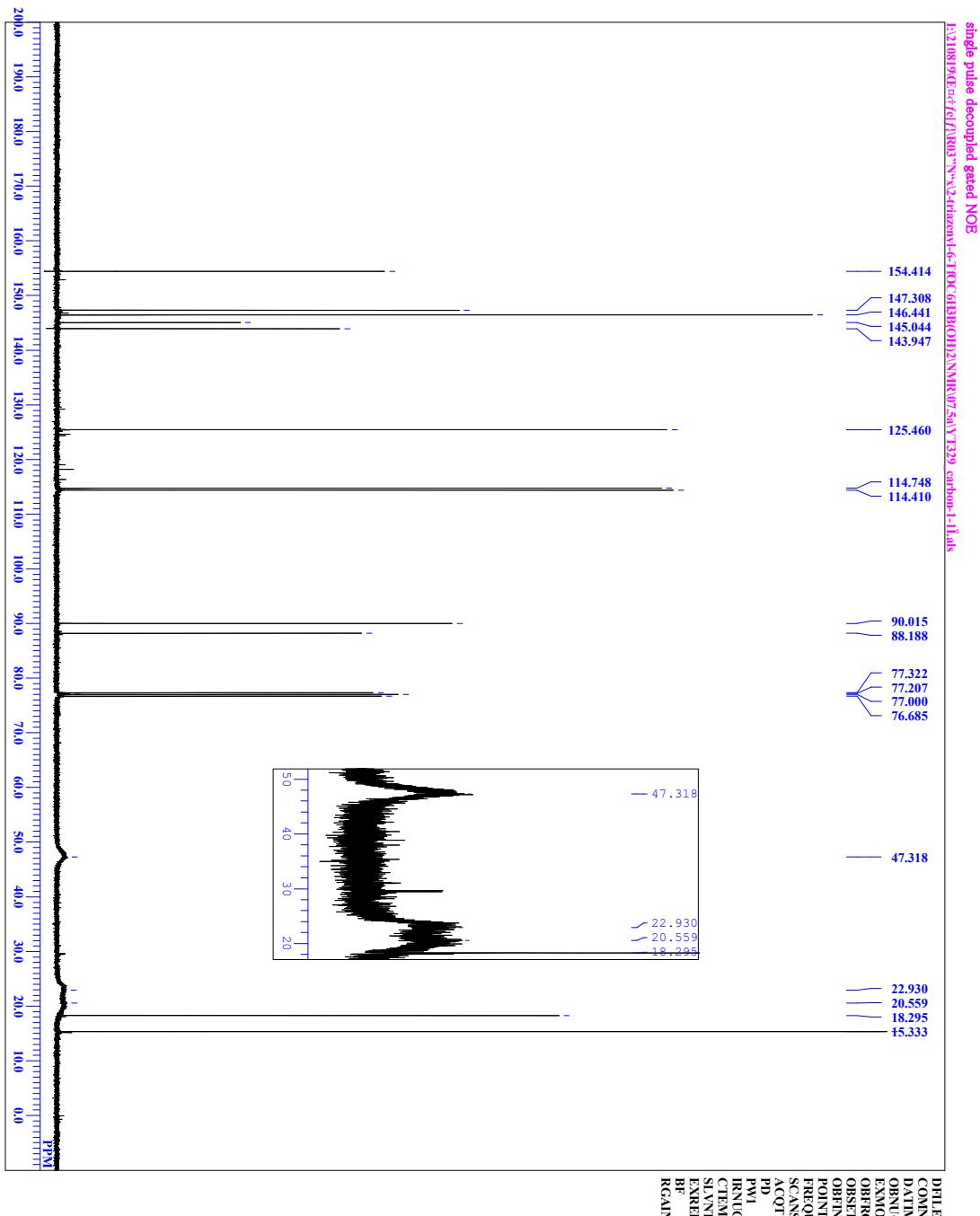
3-(3,3-Diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-2-iodophenyl trifluoromethanesulfonate (1)



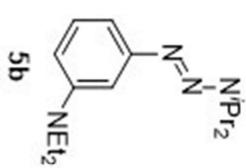
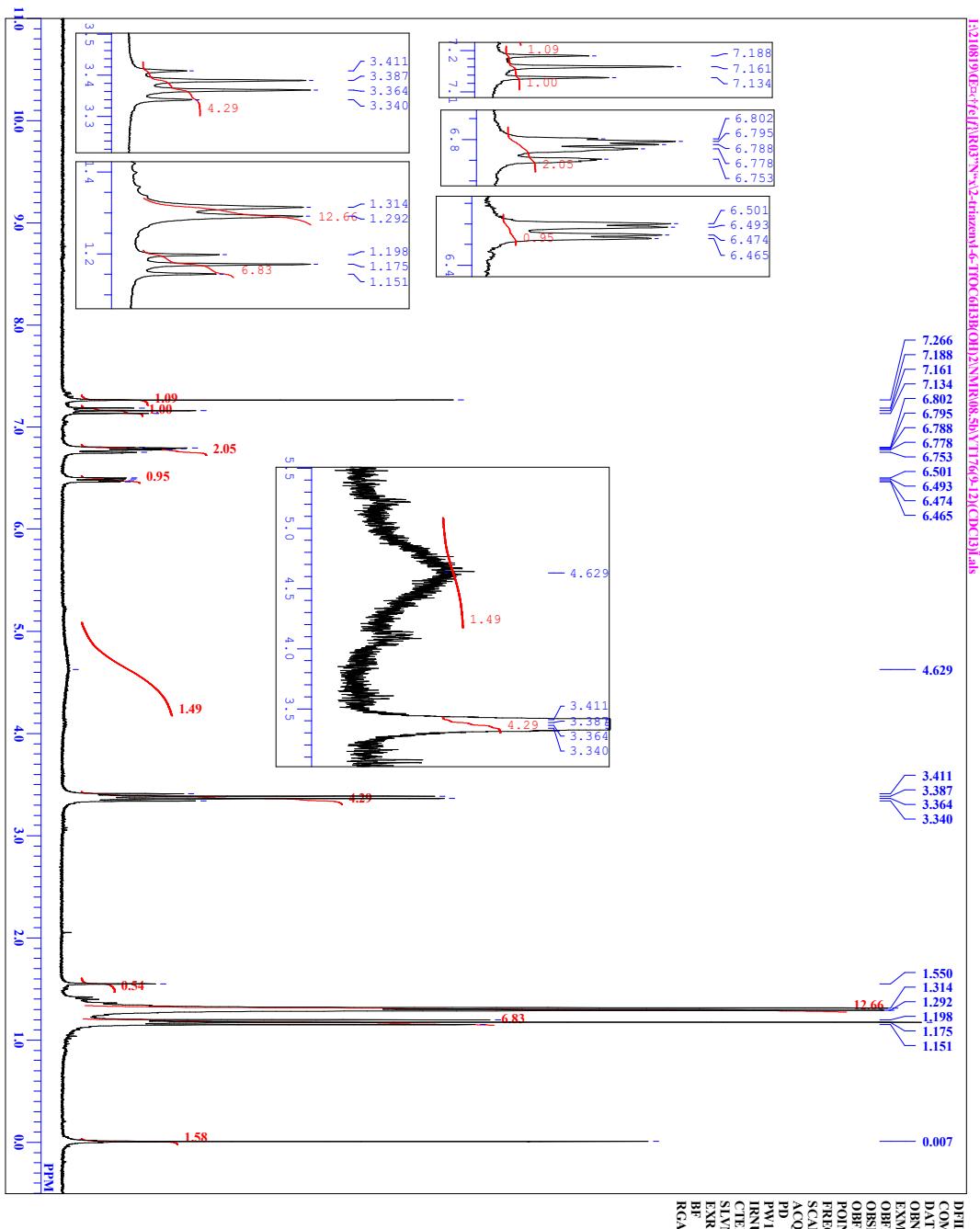


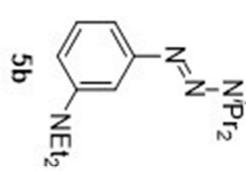
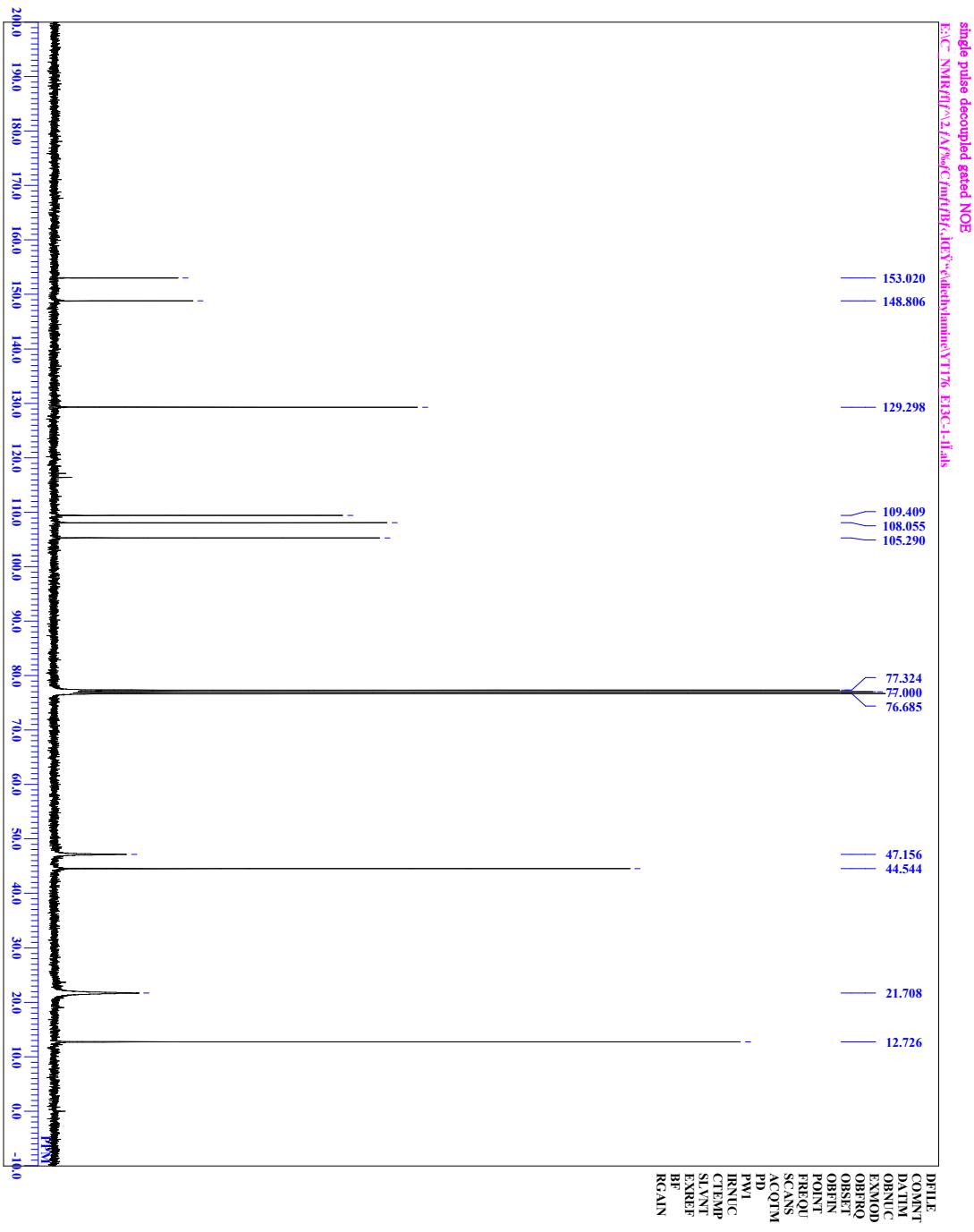
**1-(1,4-Dimethyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalen-5-yl)-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (5a)**



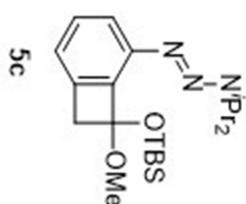
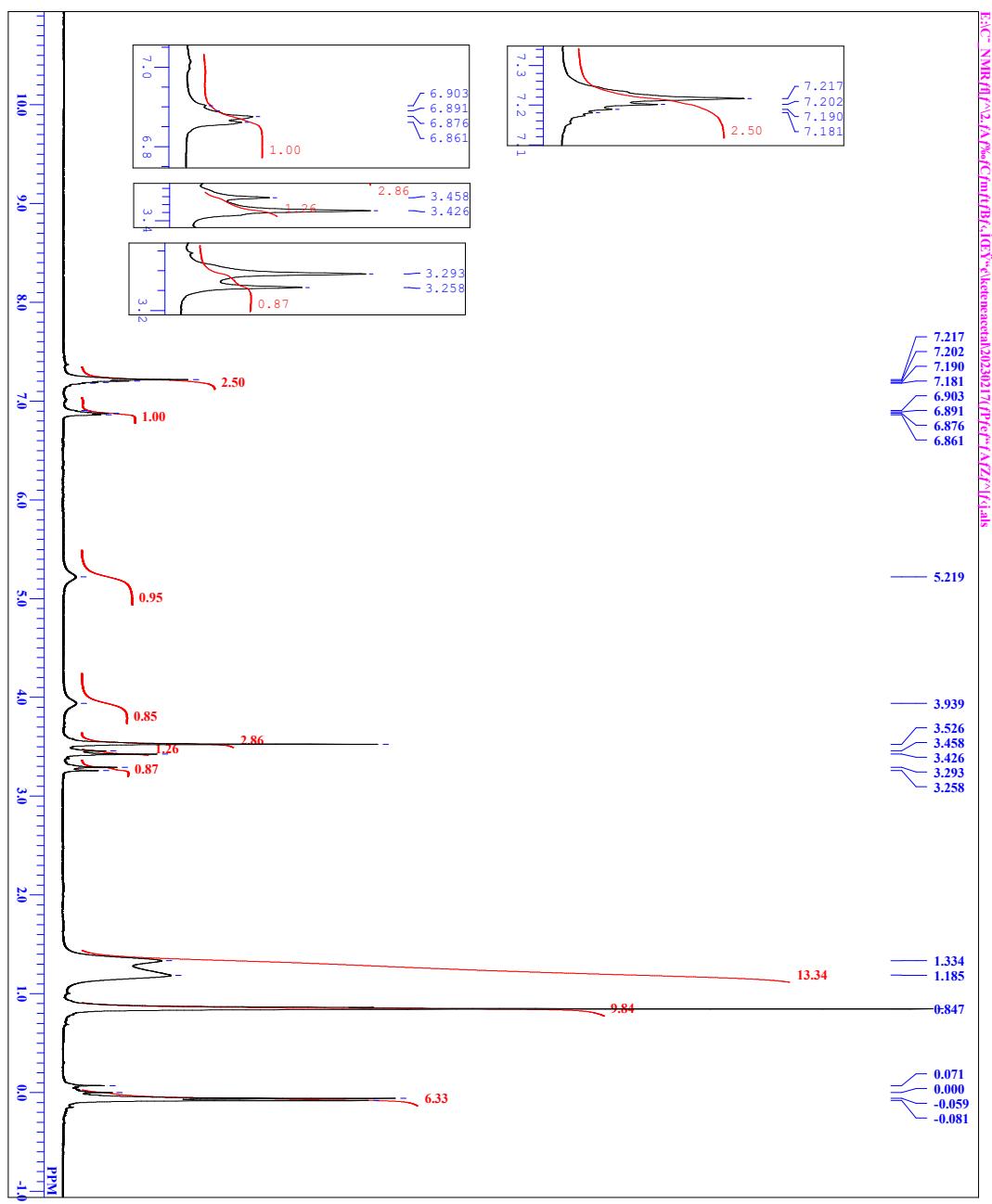


### **3-(3,3-Diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-*N,N*-diethylaniline (5b)**





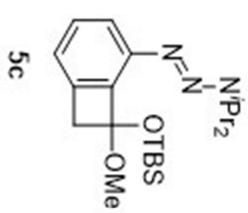
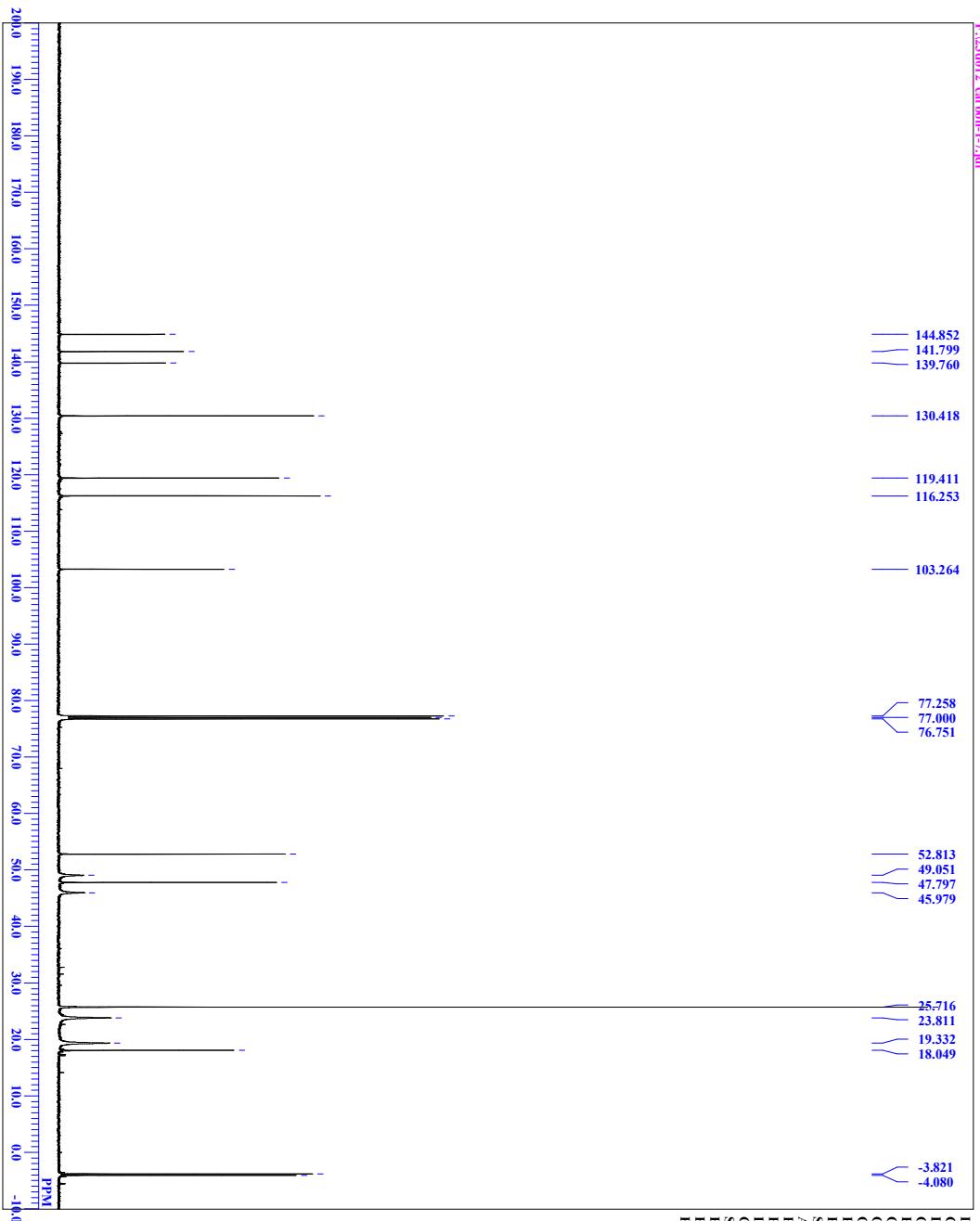
**1-[*(tert*-Butyldimethylsilyl)oxy]-6-(3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-1-methoxy benzocyclobutene (**5c**)**



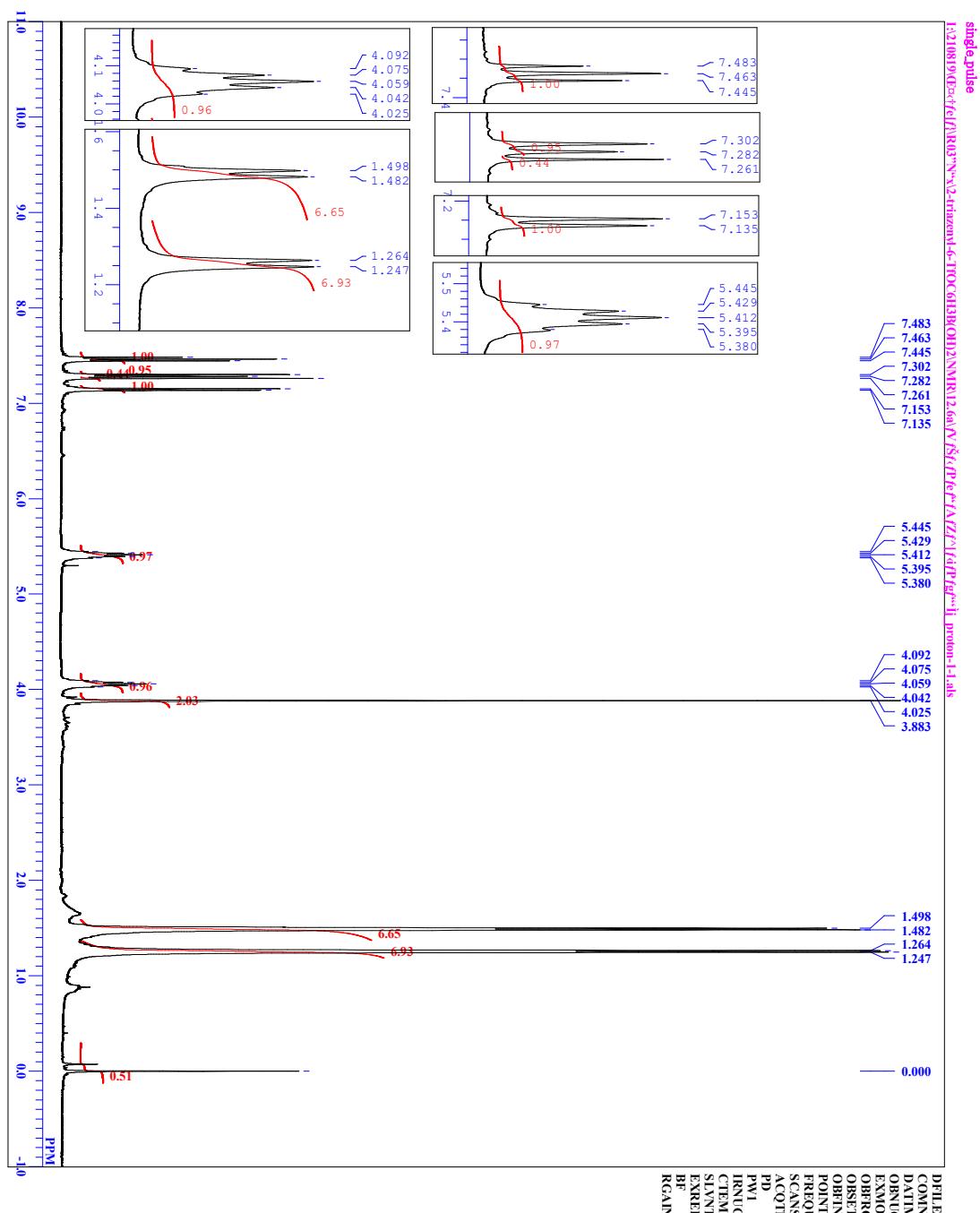
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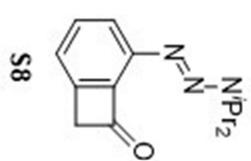
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CONT  
DAXIM  
QINUC  
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OBSET  
OFIN  
POINT  
FREQU  
SCANS  
ACQTM  
PD  
PWI  
IRNUC  
CTEMP  
SLVNT  
EXREF  
BF  
RGAIN

234012\_carbon-1-7.jdf  
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carbon-13p  
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3.45 kHz  
6.00 Hz  
32780  
39062.50 Hz  
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CDCL3  
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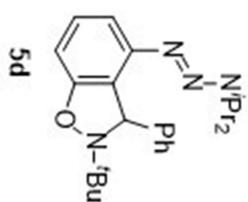
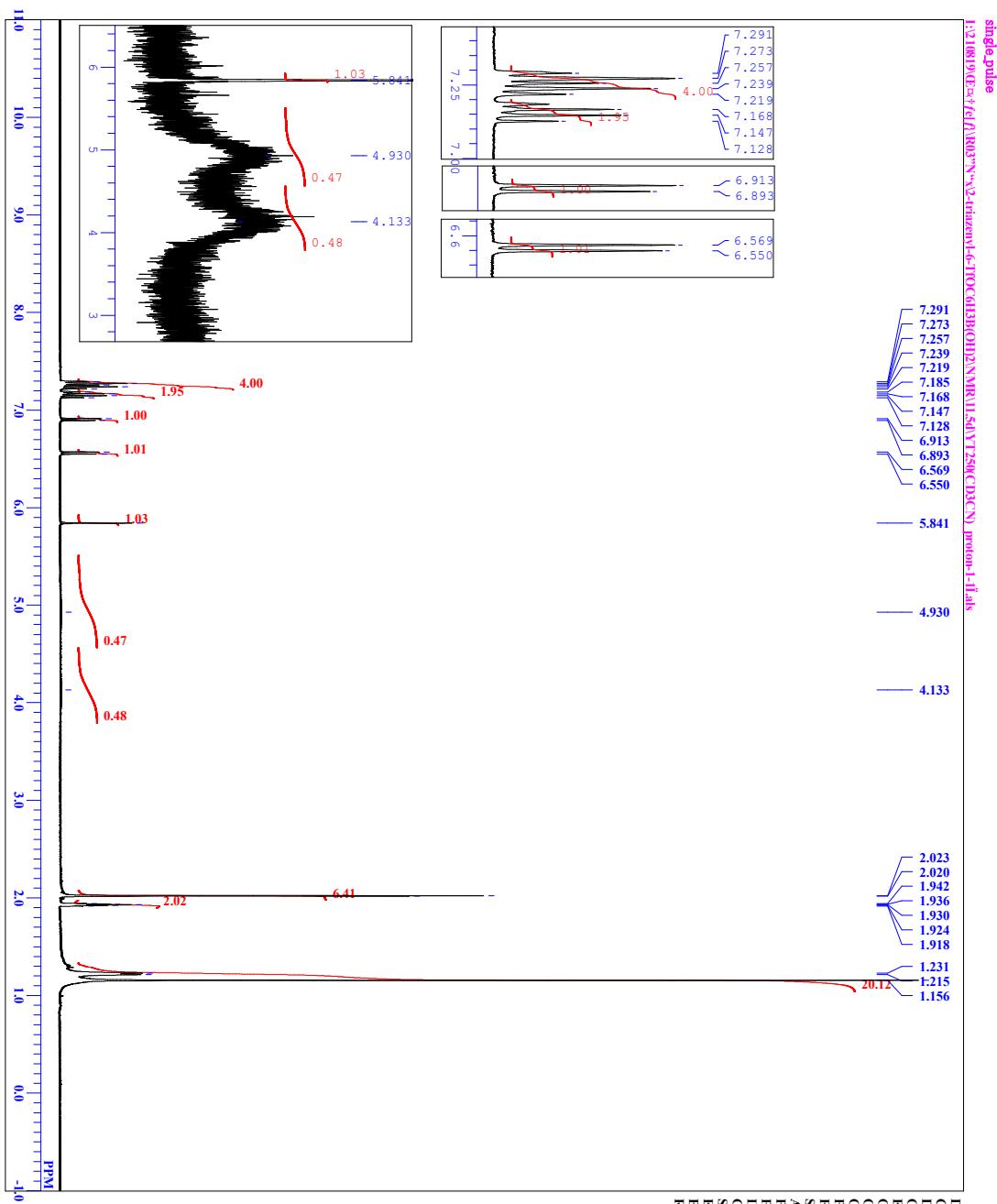


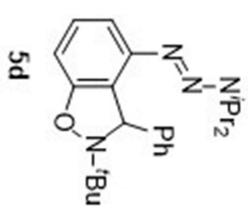
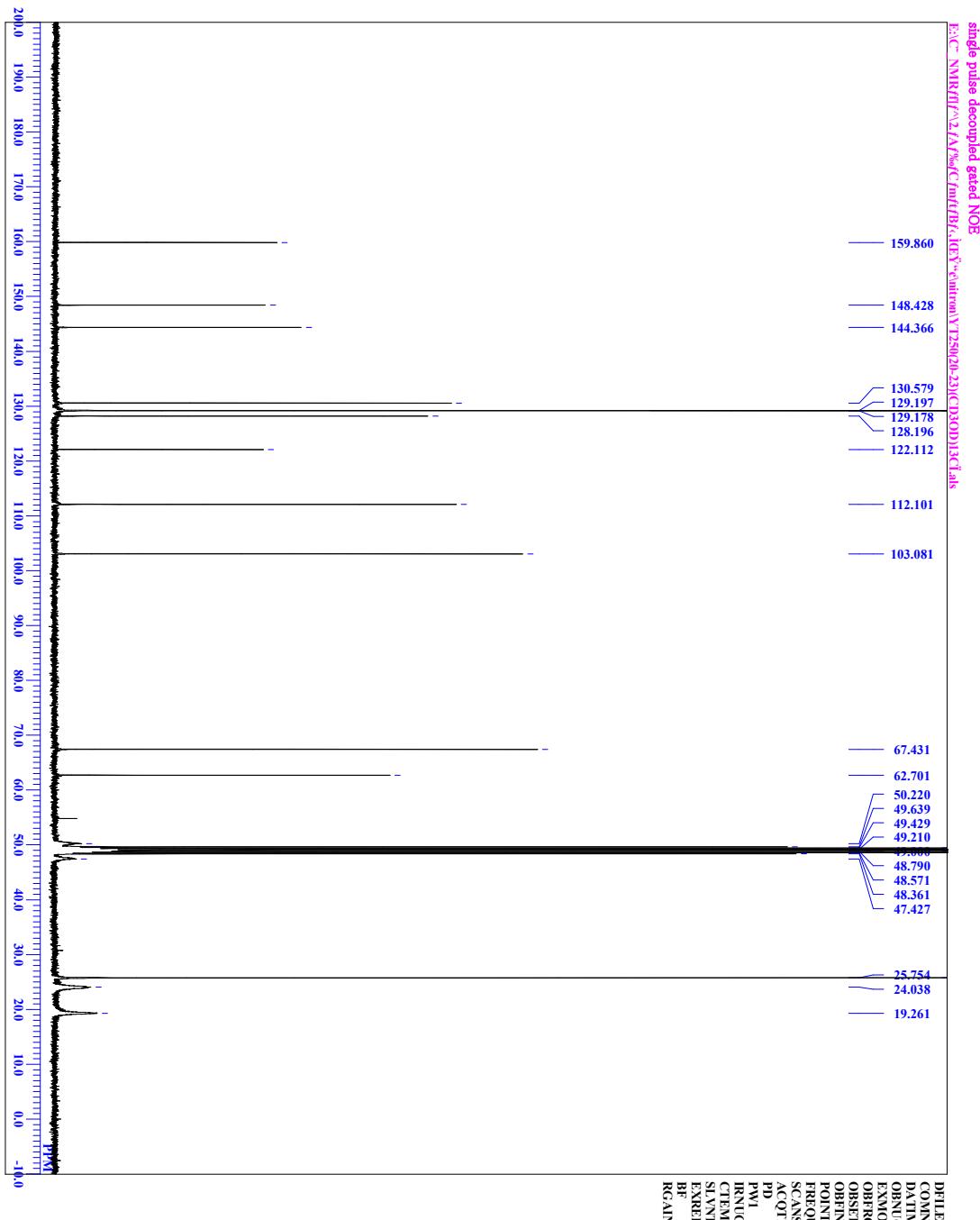
### 6-(3,3-Diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)benzocyclobuten-1-one (S8)



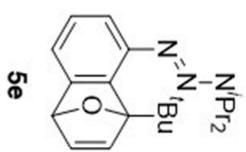
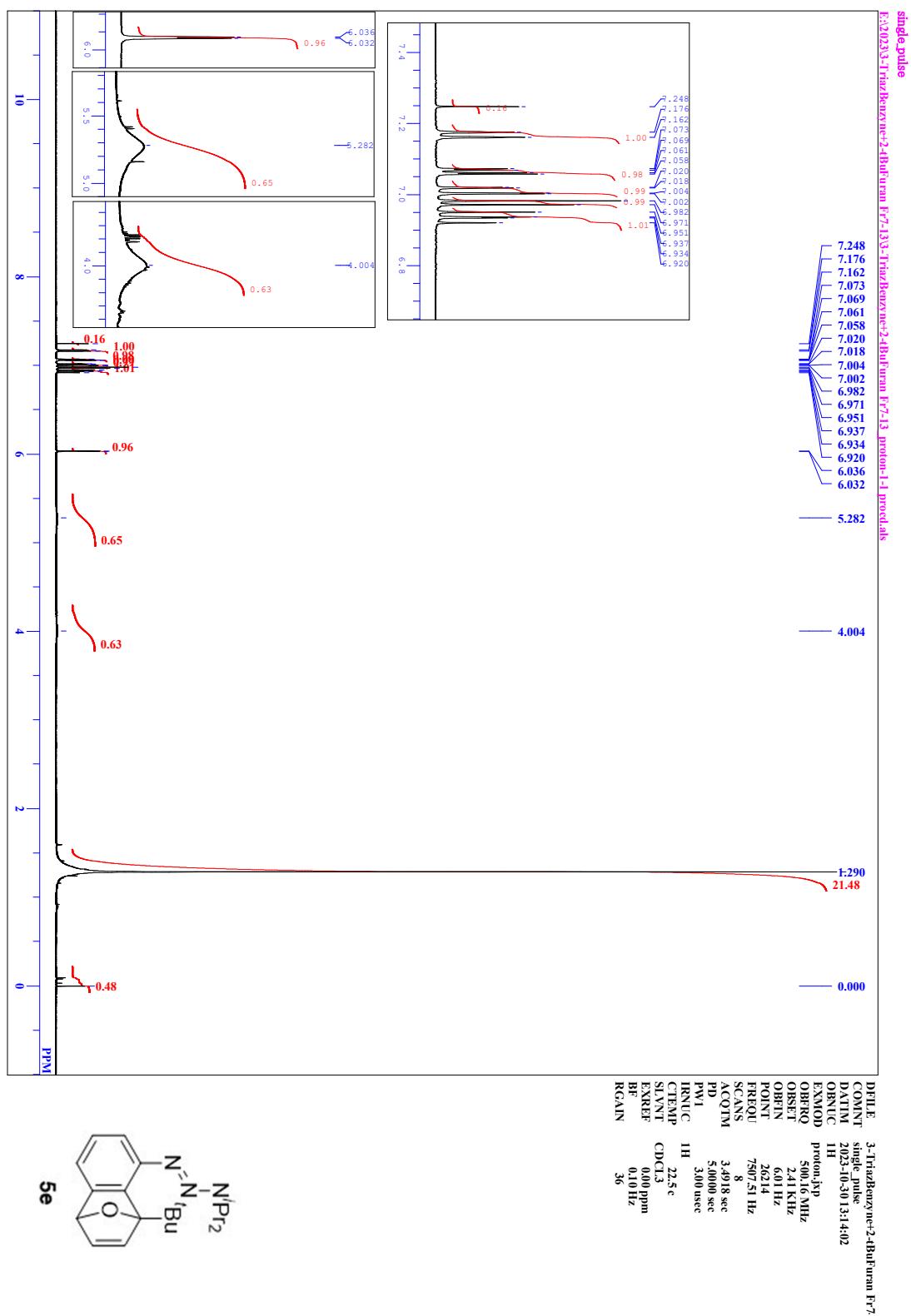


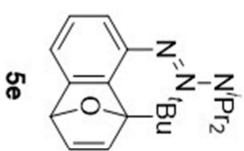
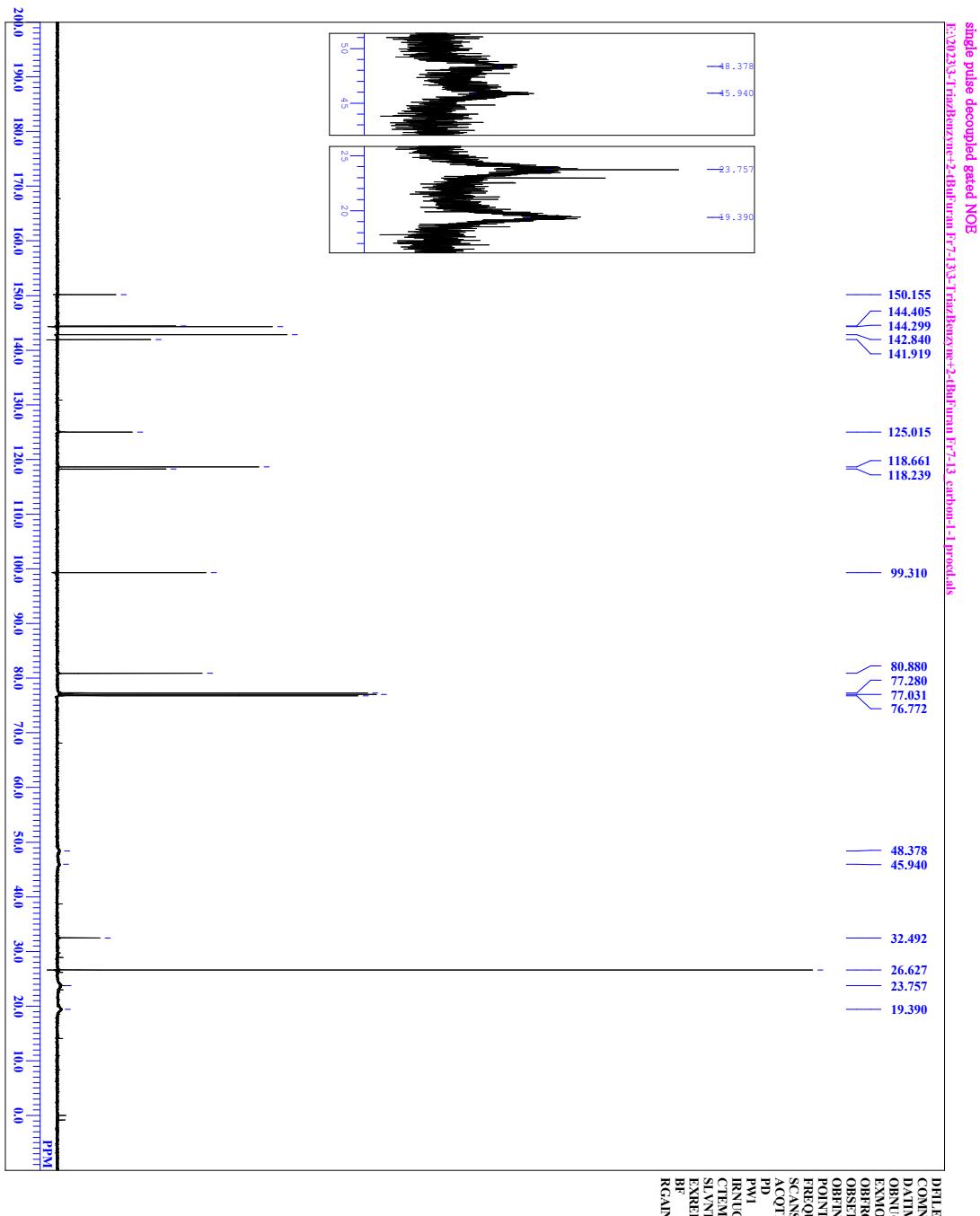
**2-(*tert*-Butyl)-4-(3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[*d*]isoxazole (5d)**



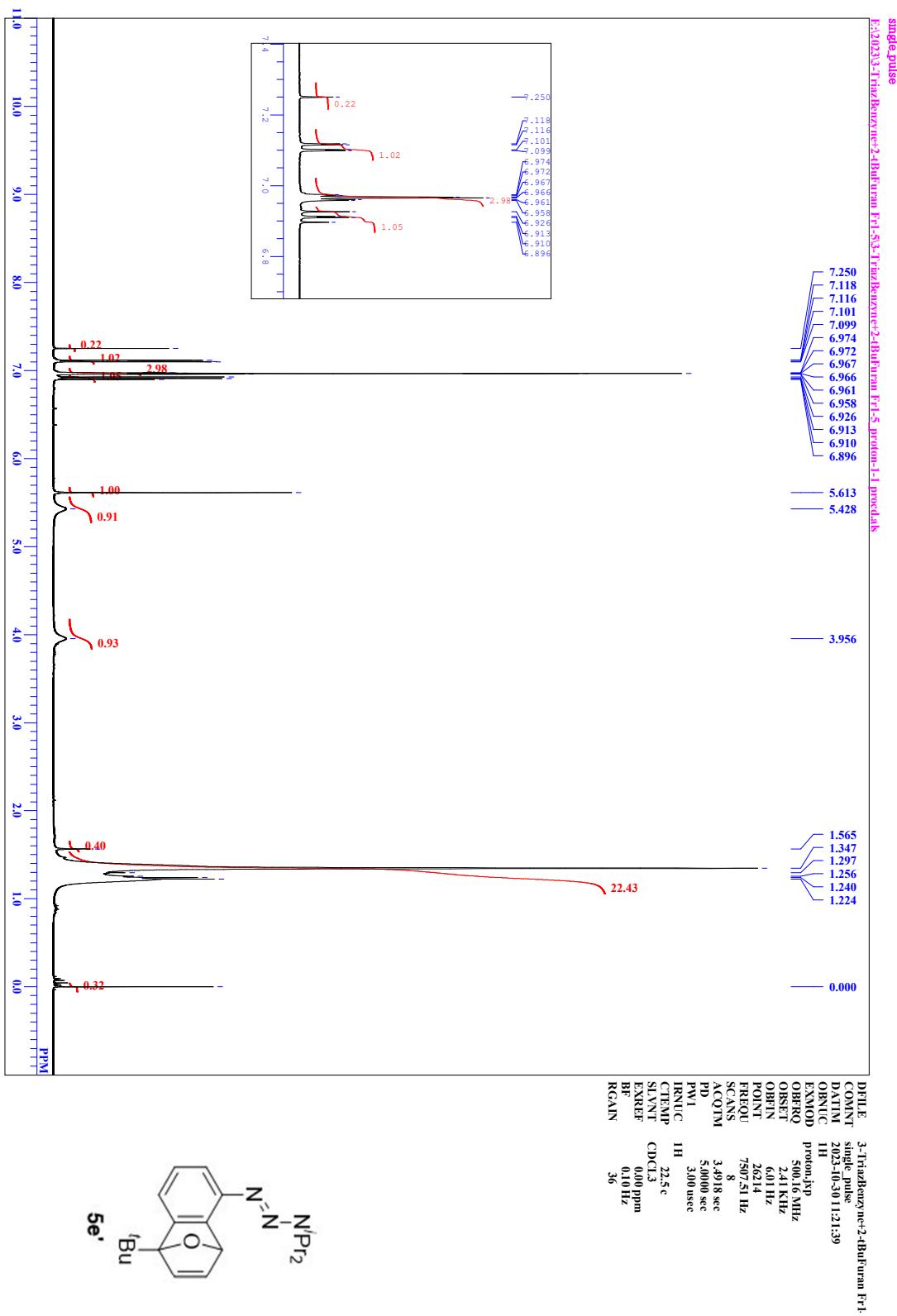


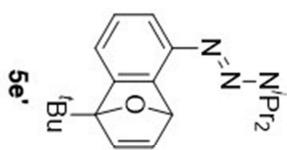
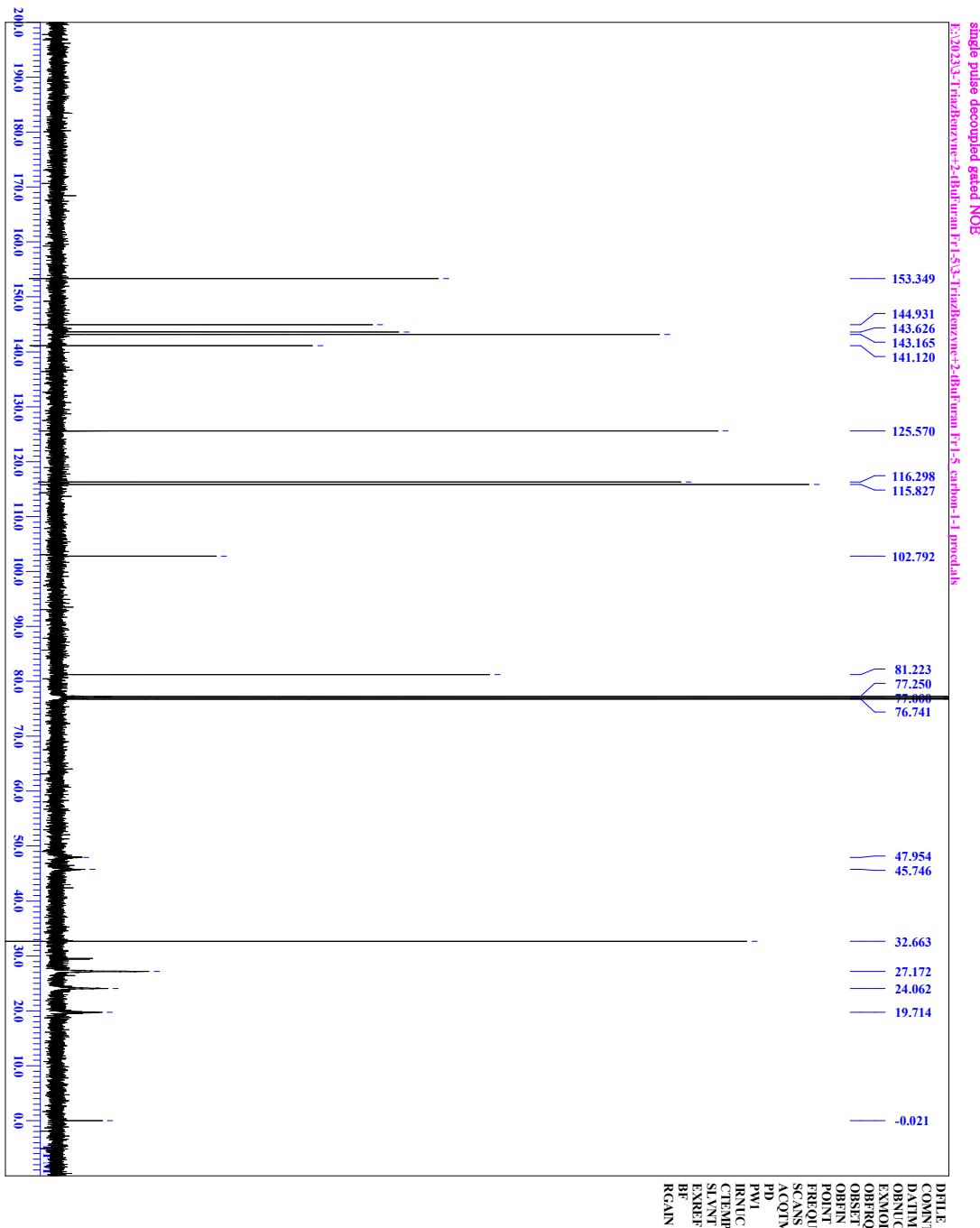
**1-(1-*tert*-Butyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalen-5-yl)-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (5e)**



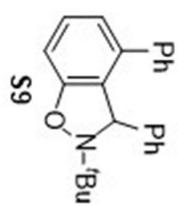
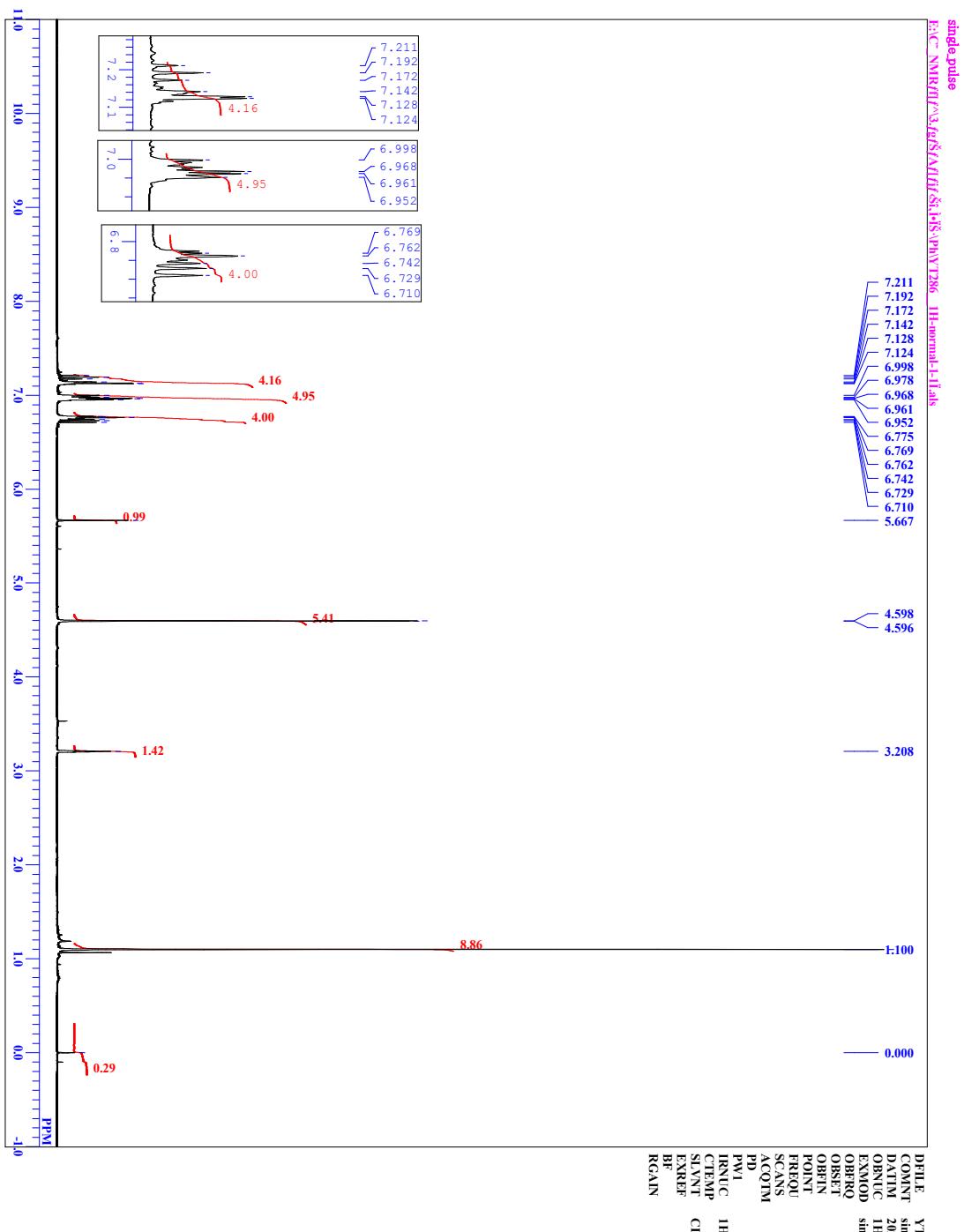


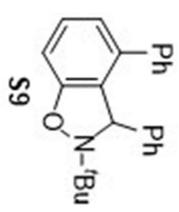
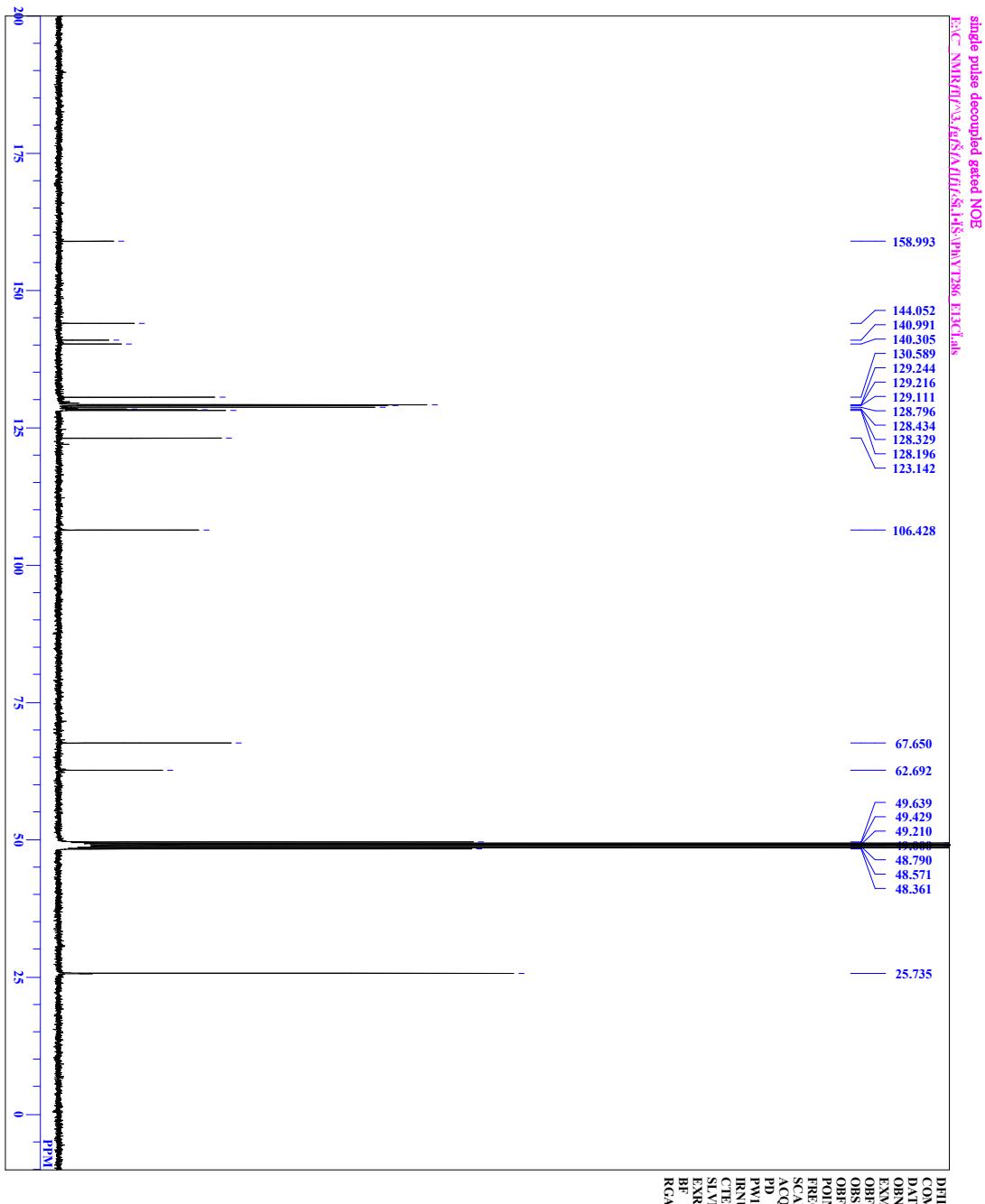
**1-(4-*tert*-Butyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalen-5-yl)-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (**5e'**)**



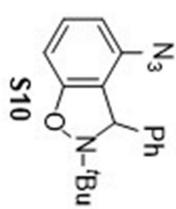
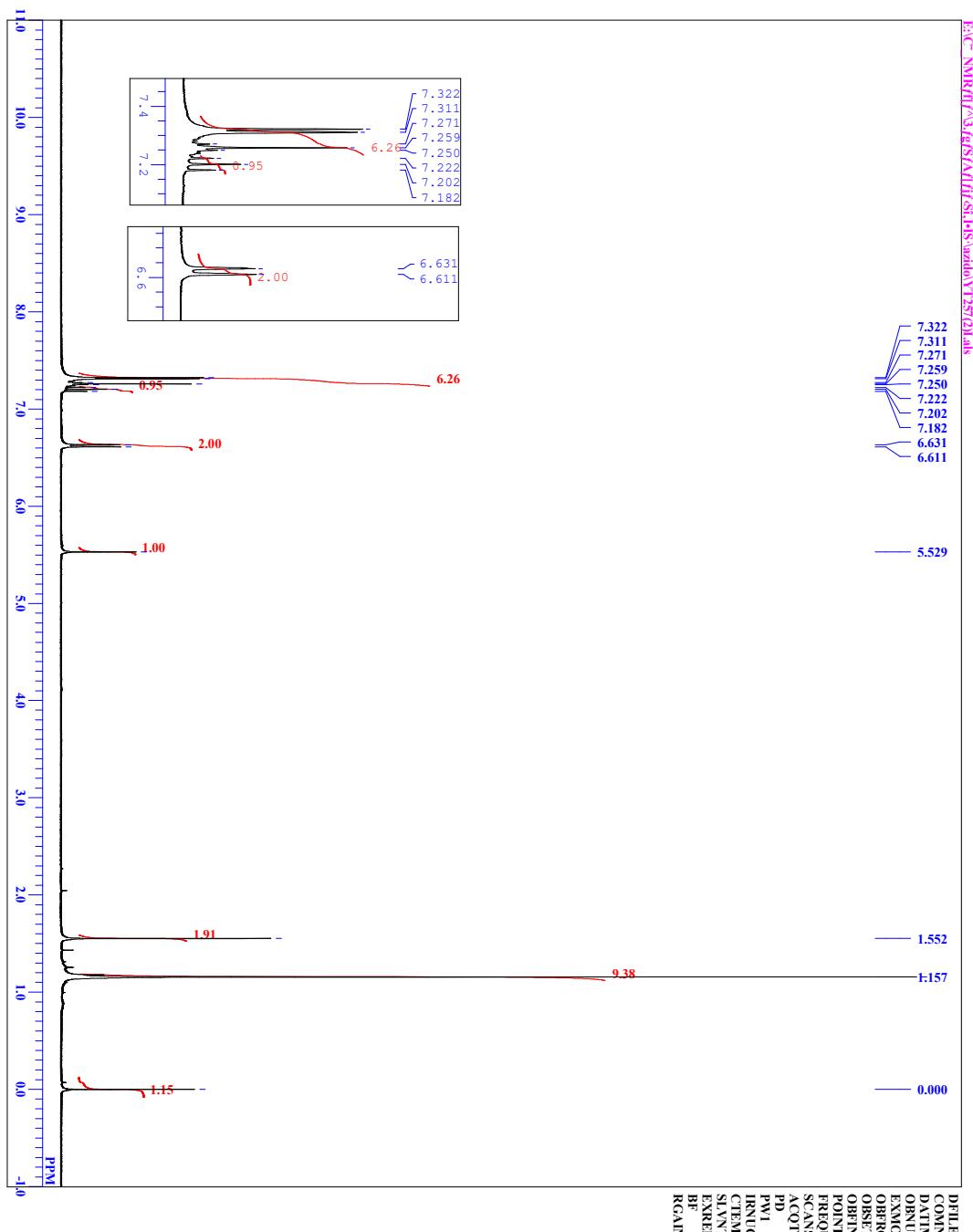


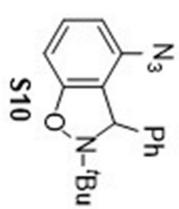
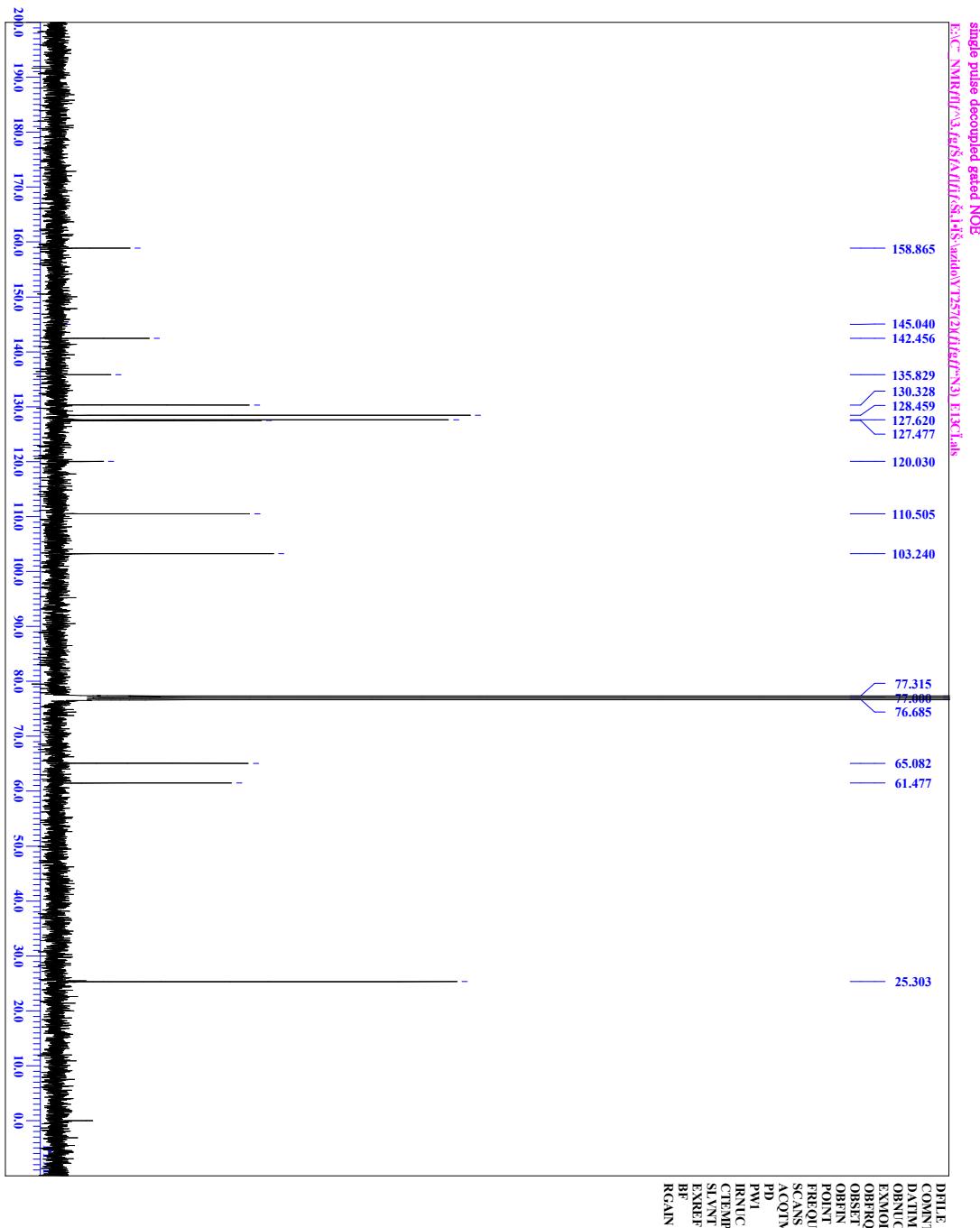
### 2-(*tert*-Butyl)-3,4-diphenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[*d*]isoxazole (S9)



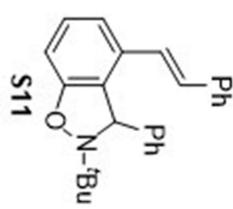
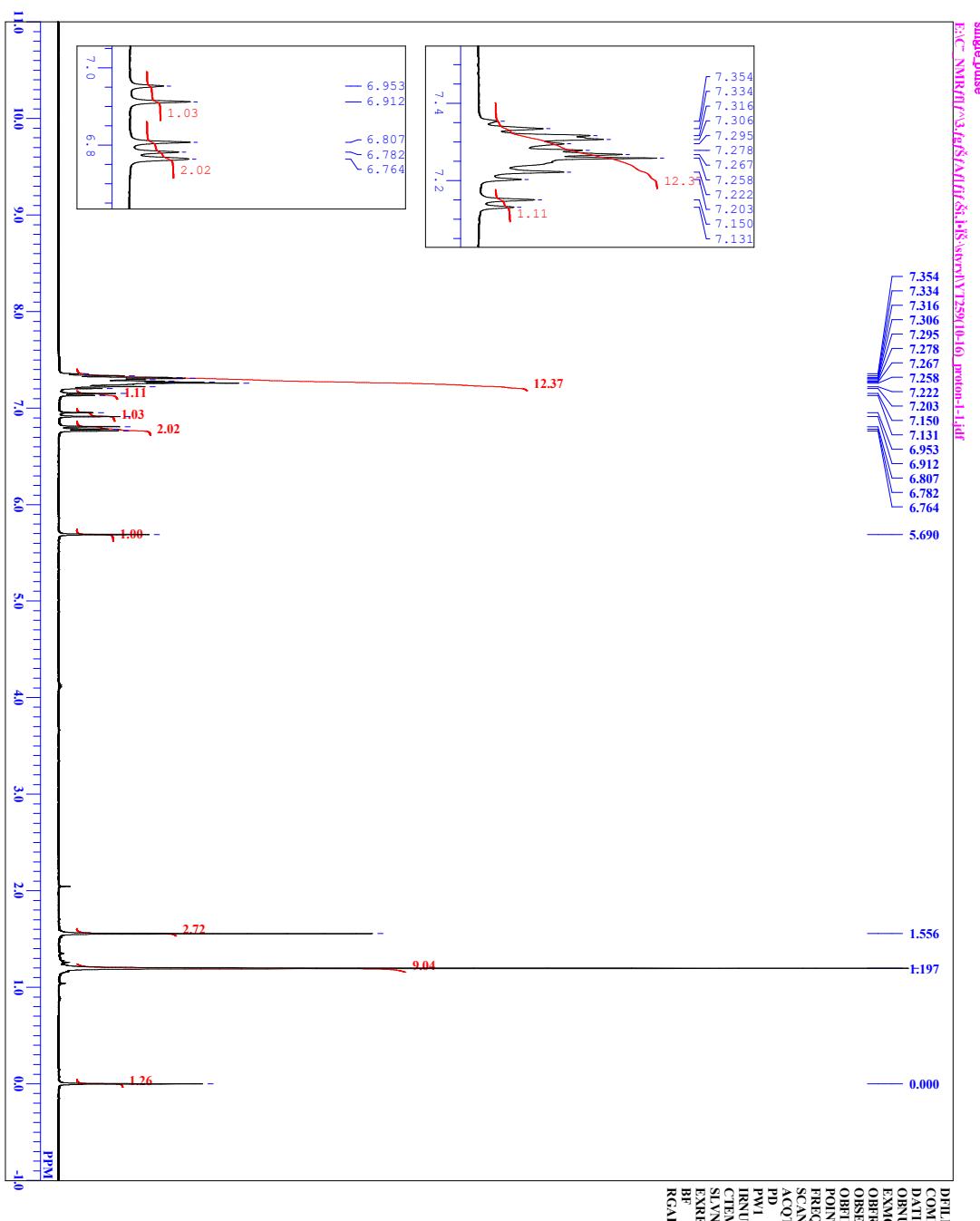


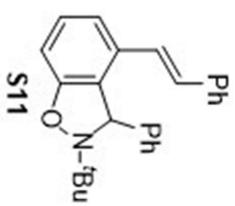
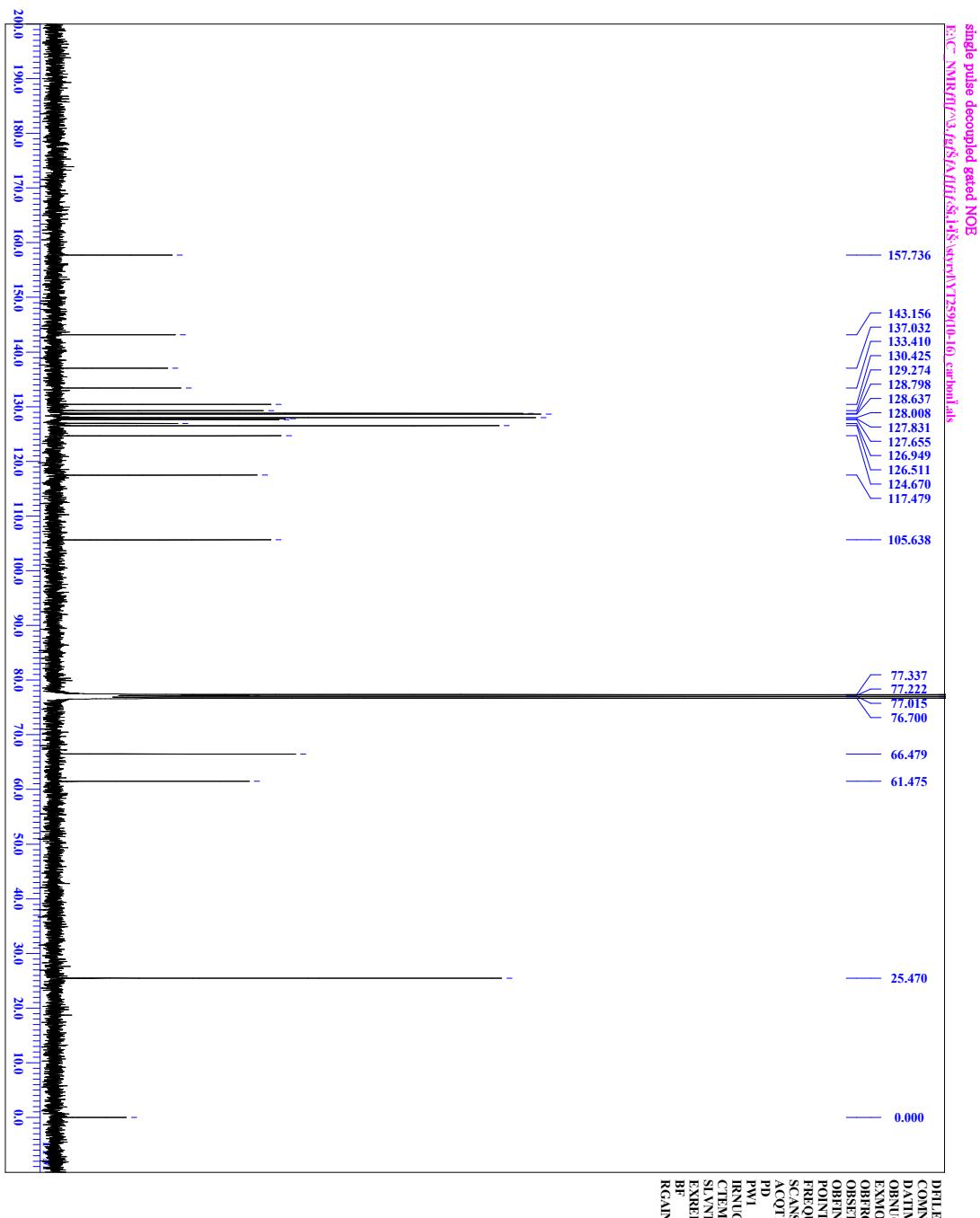
**4-Azido-2-(*tert*-butyl)-3-phenyl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[*d*]isoxazole (**S10**)**



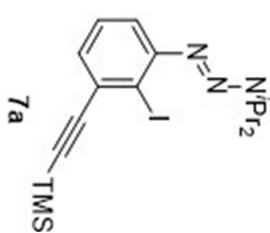
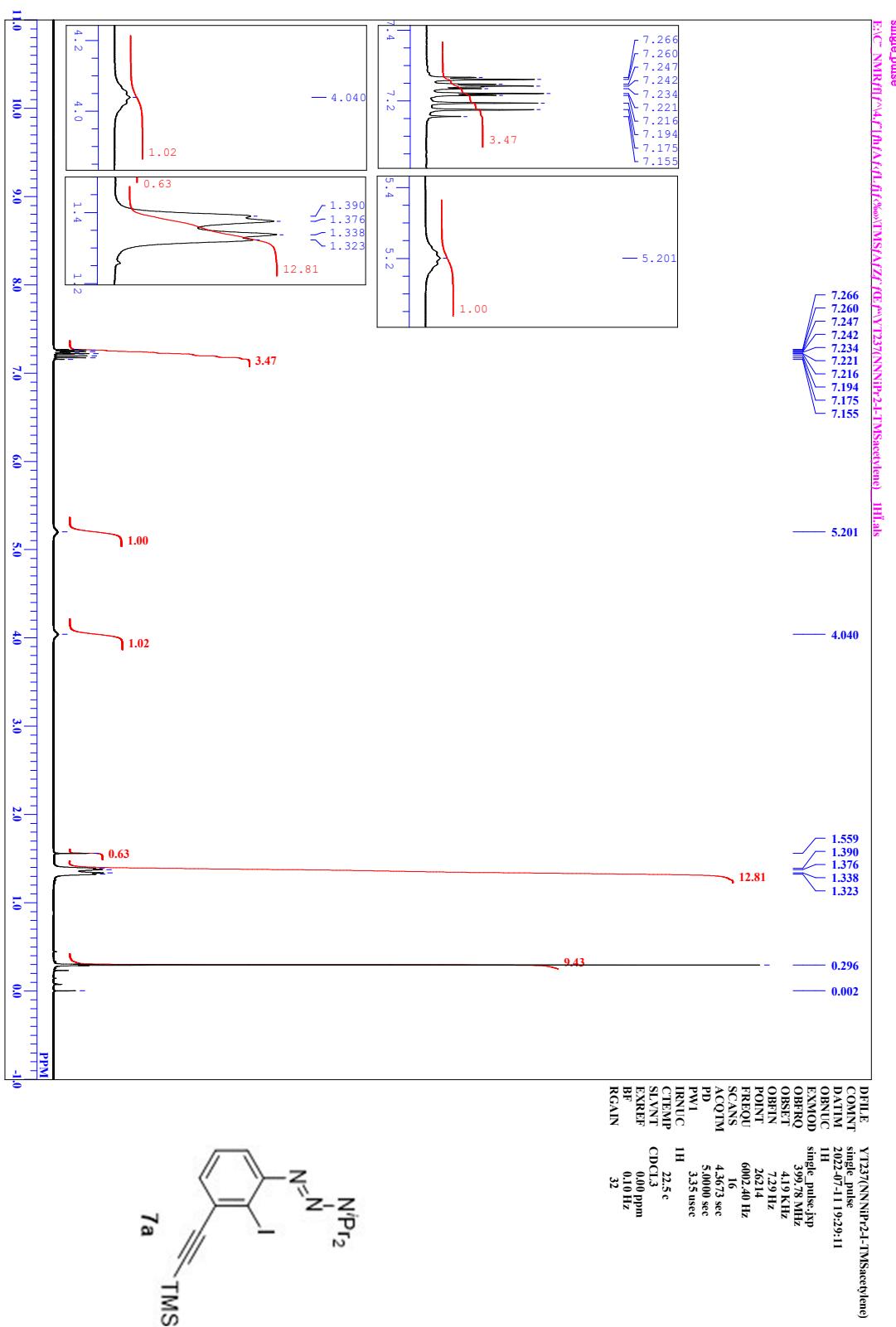


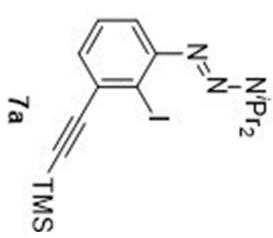
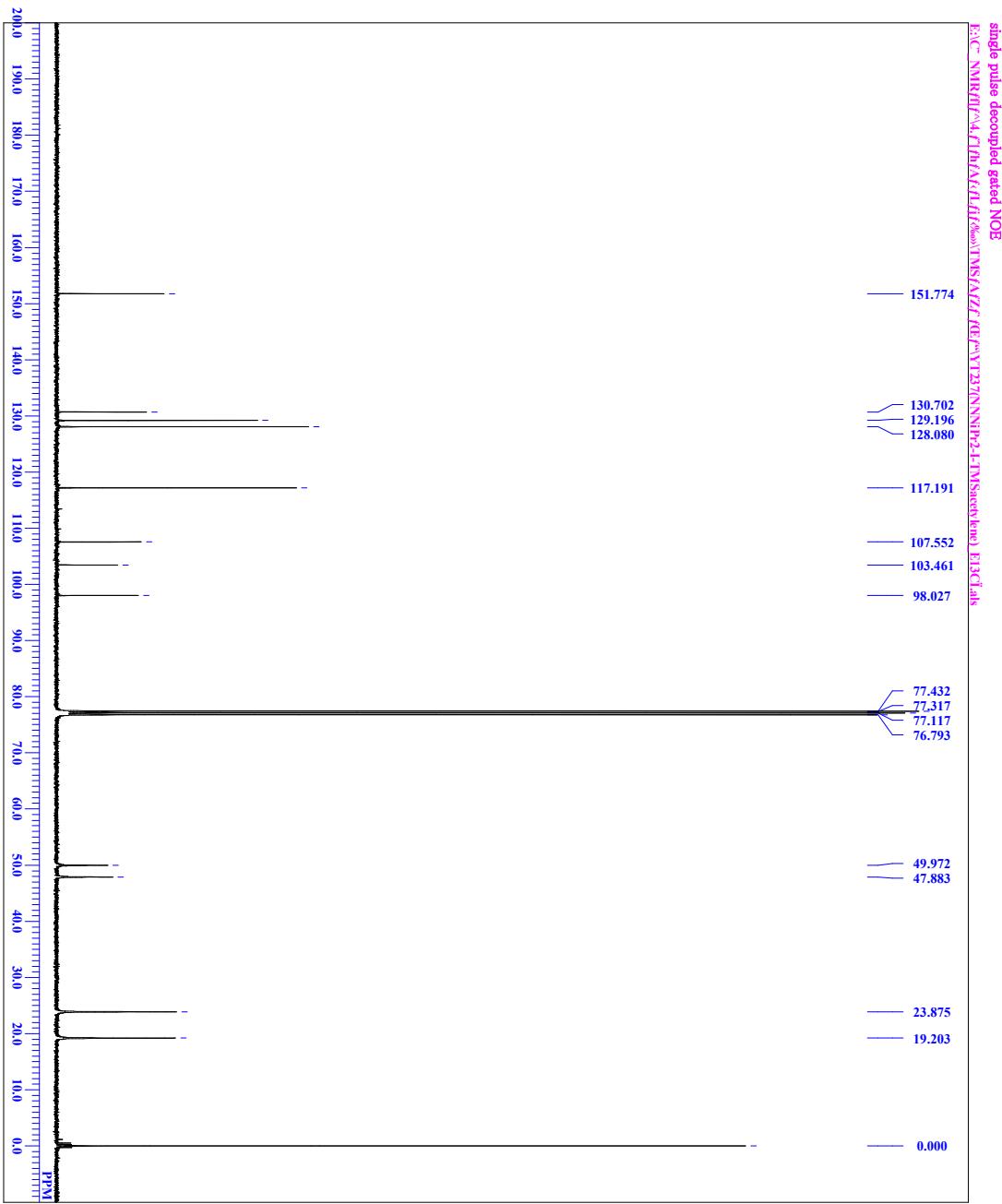
**2-(*tert*-Butyl)-3-phenyl-4-styryl-2,3-dihydrobenzo[*d*]isoxazole (S11)**



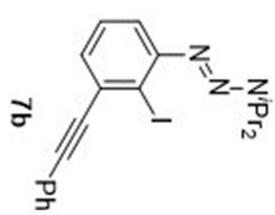
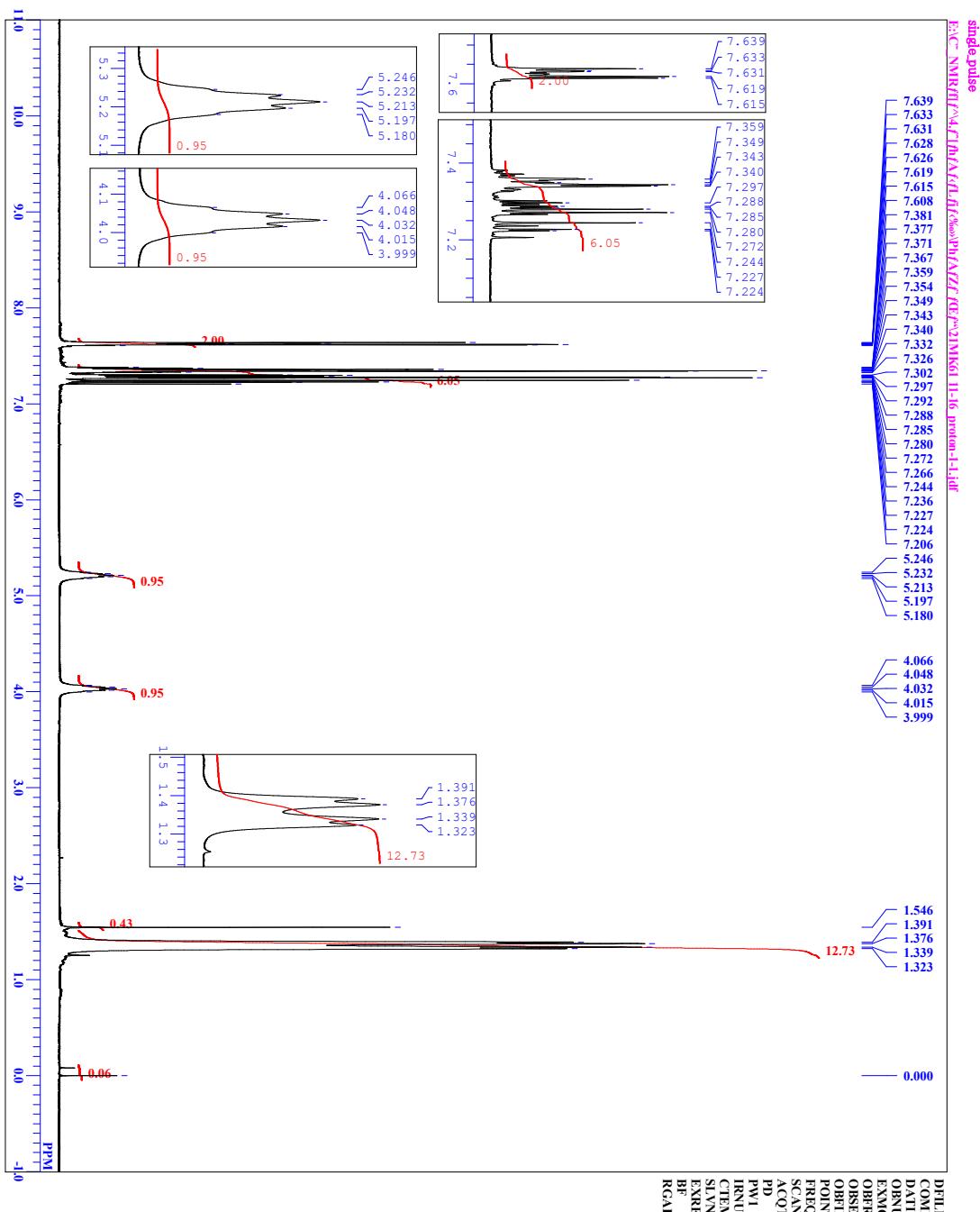


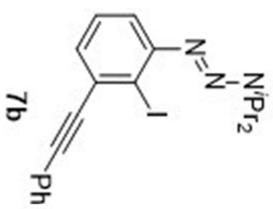
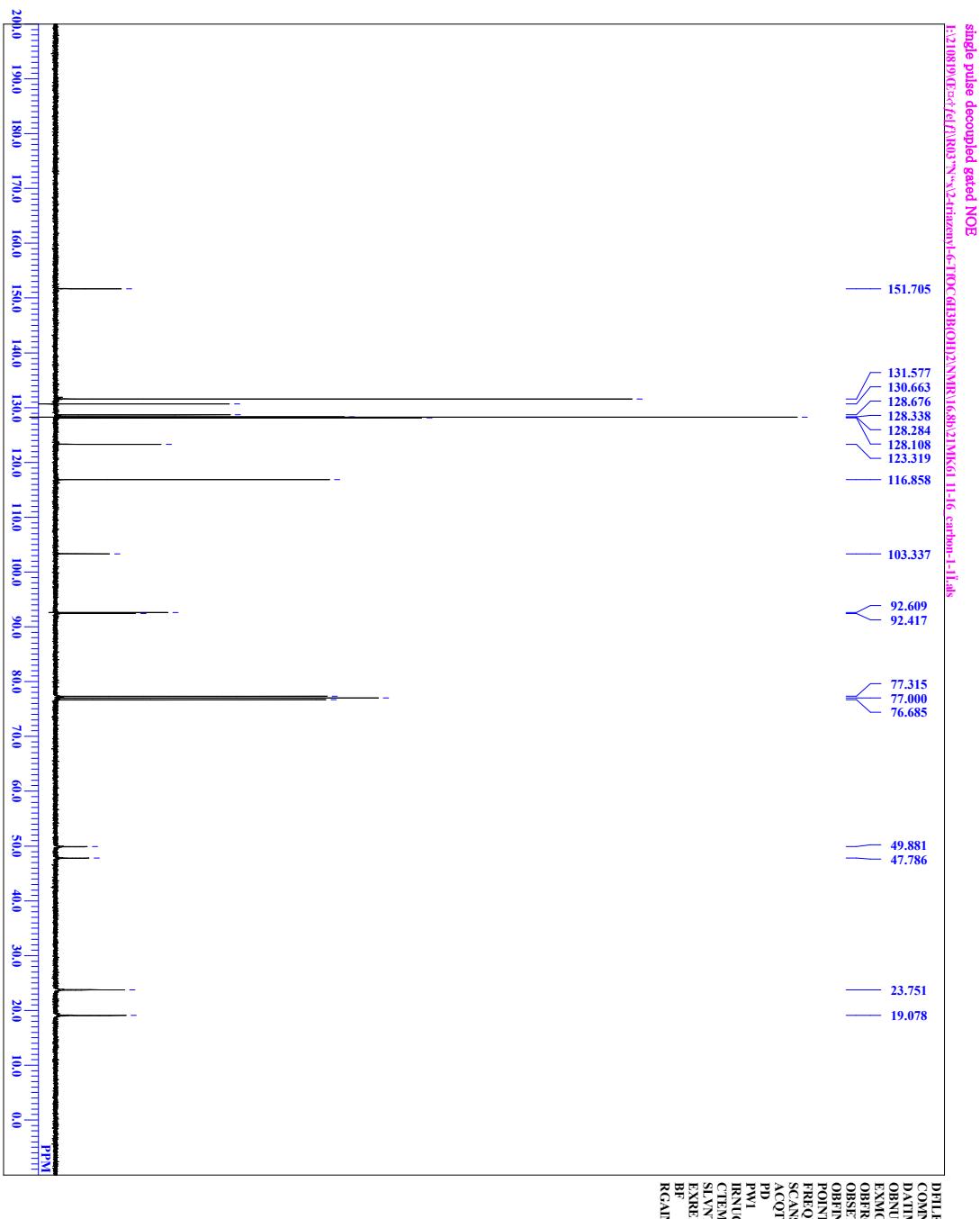
1-{2-Iodo-3-[(trimethylsilyl)ethynyl]phenyl}-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (**7a**)



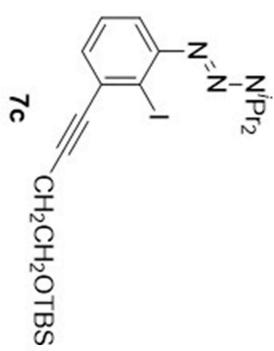
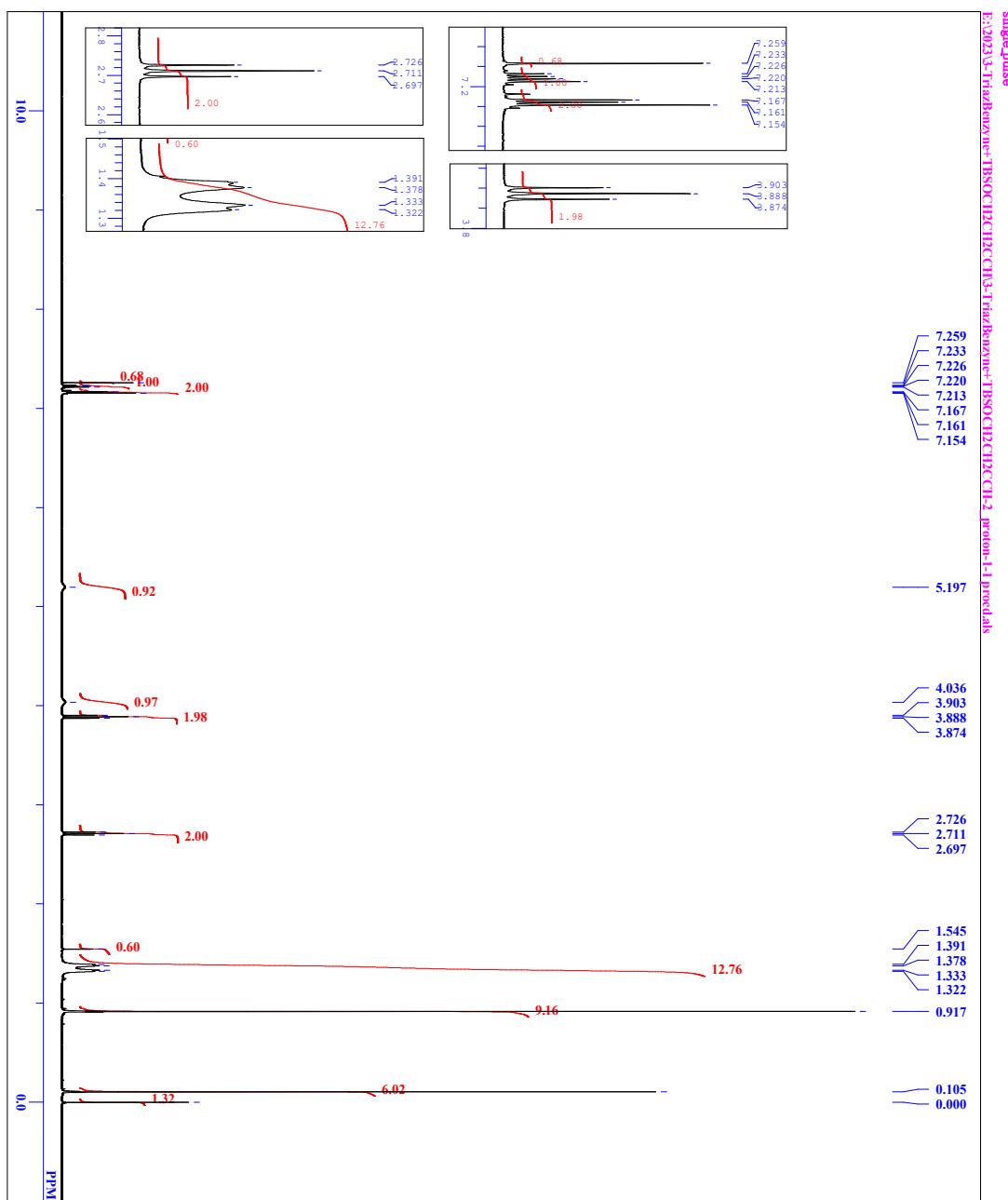


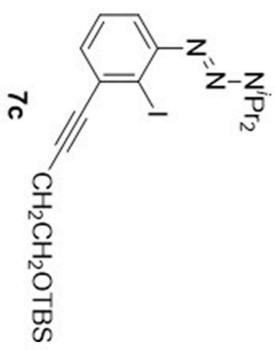
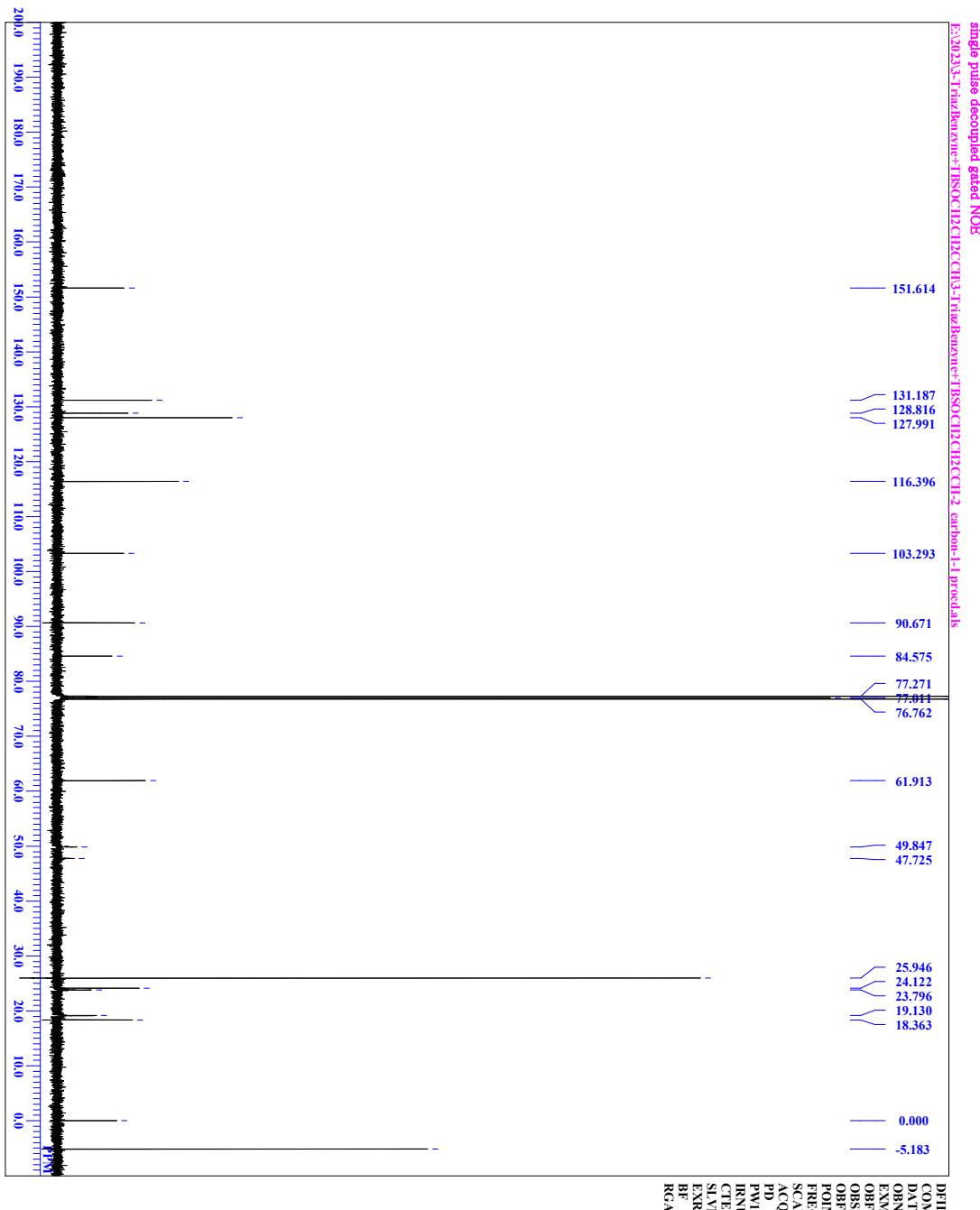
### 1-[2-Iodo-3-(phenylethyynyl)phenyl]-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (7b)



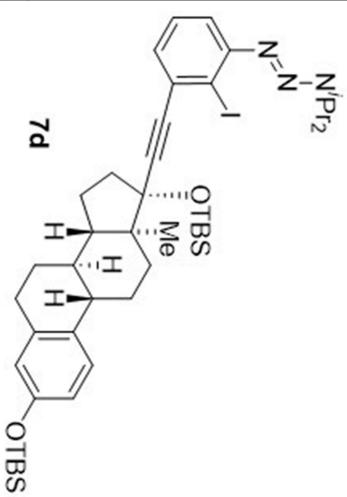
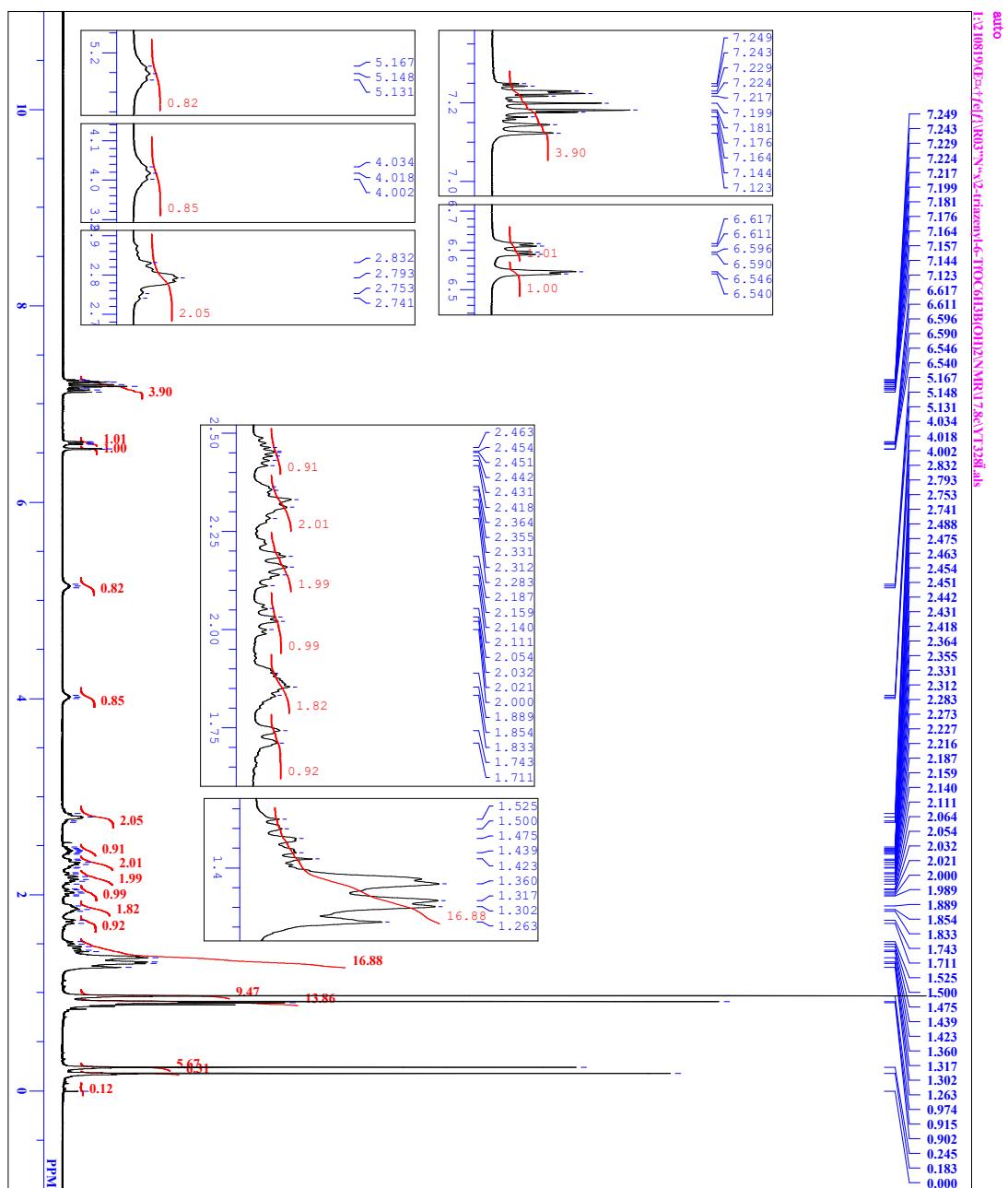


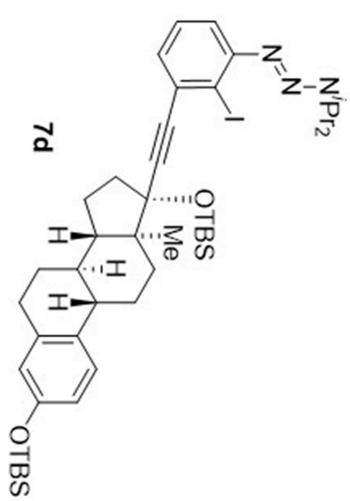
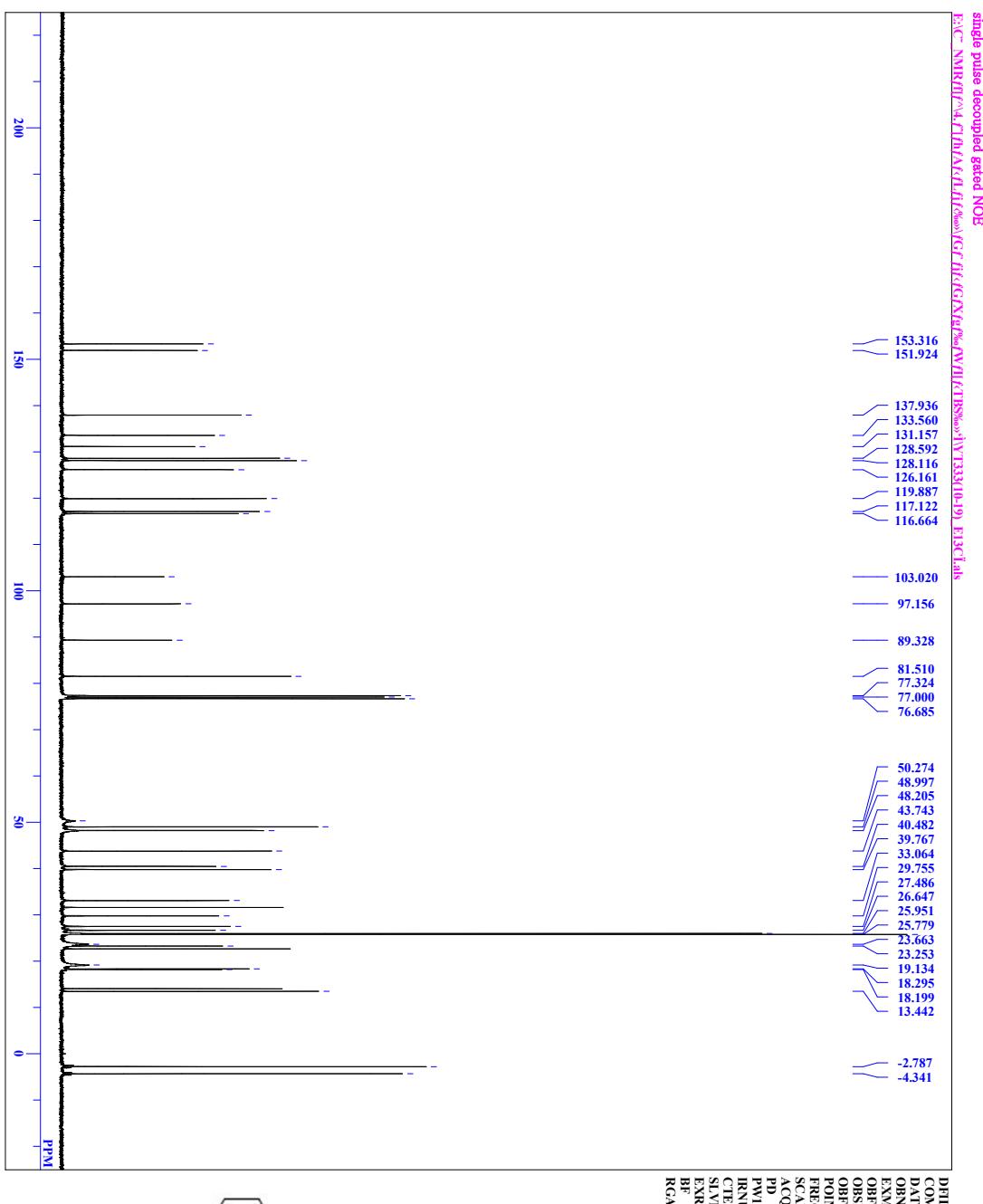
### 1-{3-[4-(*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-but-1-yn-1-yl]-2-iodophenyl}-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (7c)





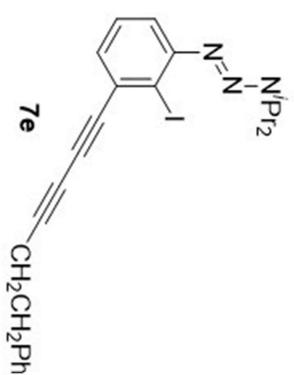
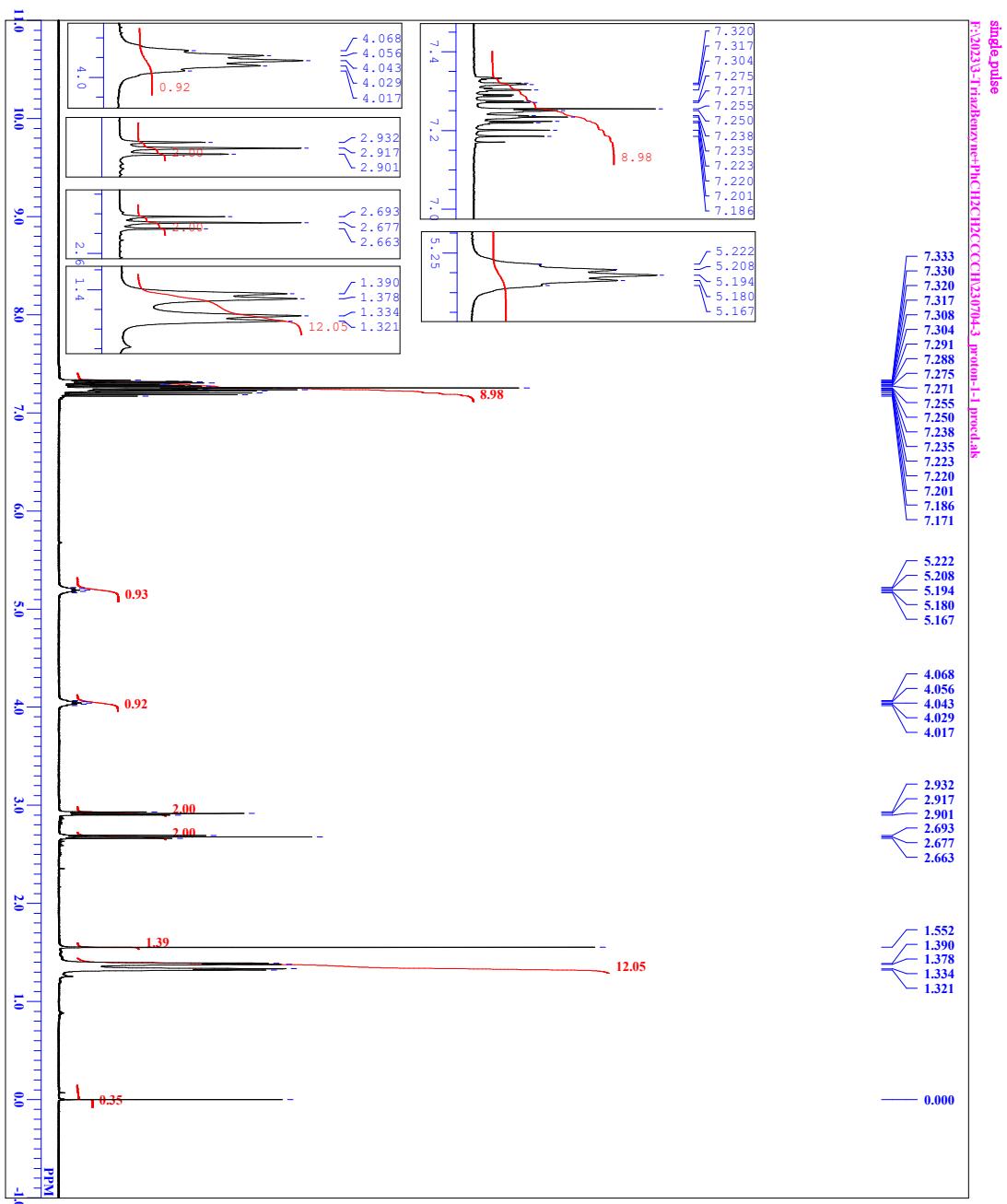
**3,17-O-Bis(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-17 $\alpha$ -[{2-iodo-3-(3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)phenyl}ethynyl]estradiol (7d)**

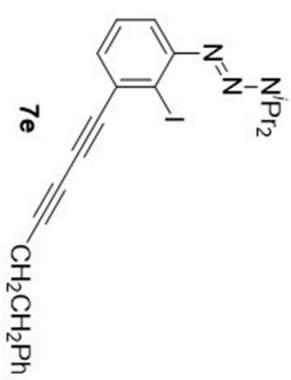
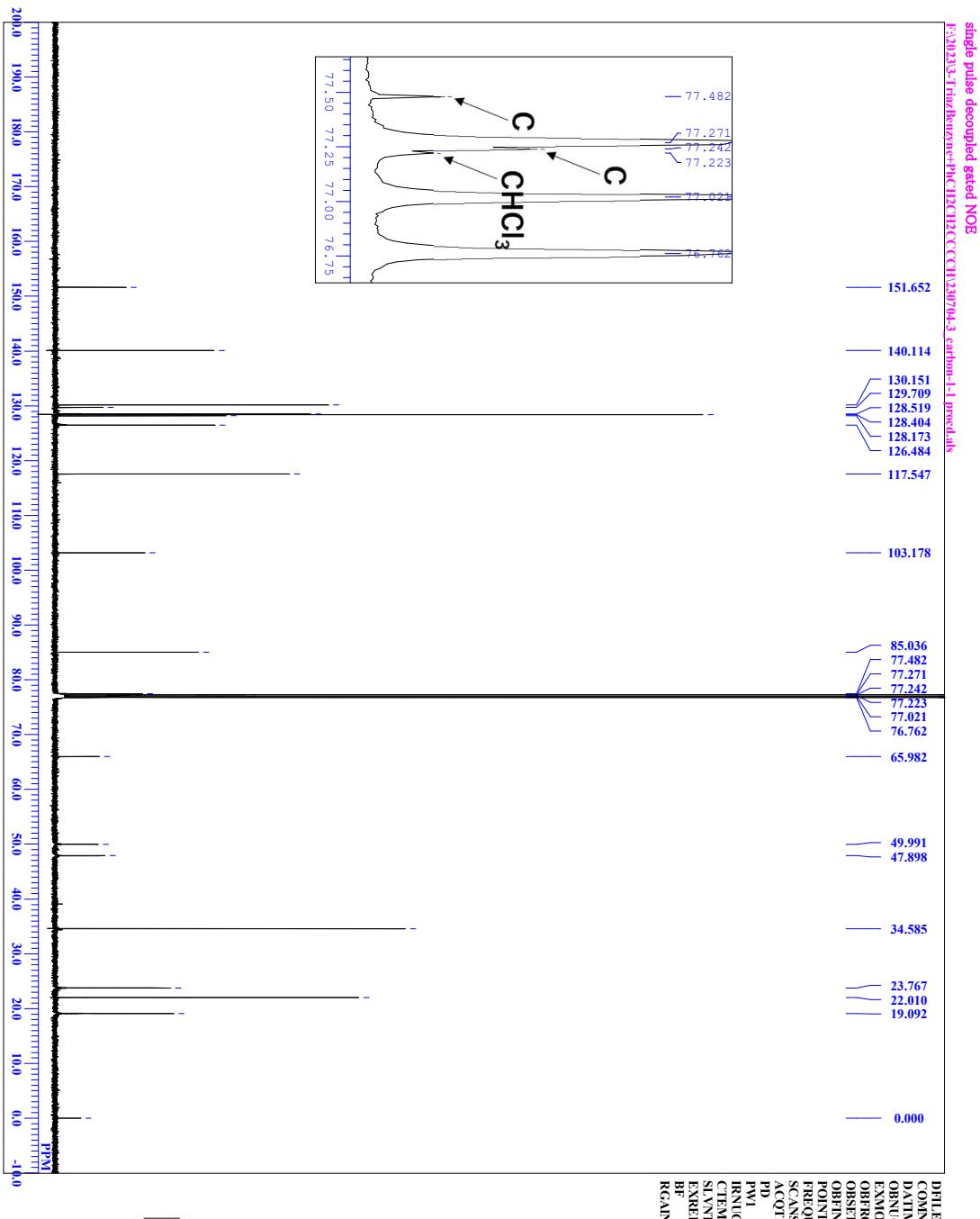




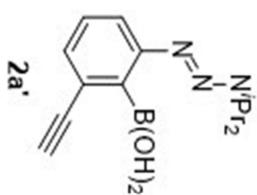
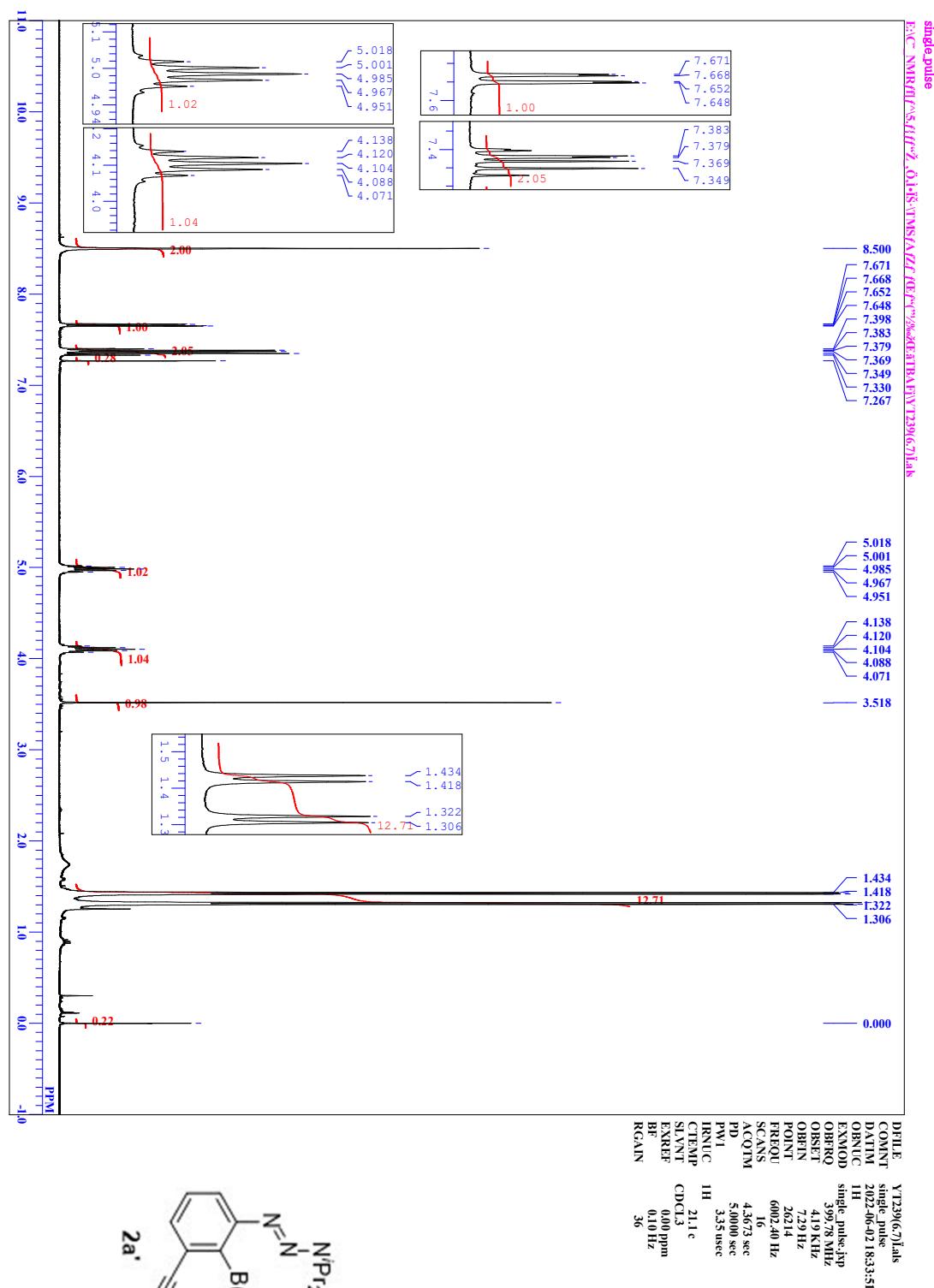
V1331(10-9)\_E13Cfabs  
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13C  
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5.35 kHz  
5.86 Hz  
2.6214 Hz  
25125.63 Hz  
2400  
1.0433 sec  
2.0000 sec  
3.60 usec  
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50.0 c  
CDCL3  
77.00 ppm  
1.20 Hz  
60  
RGAIN

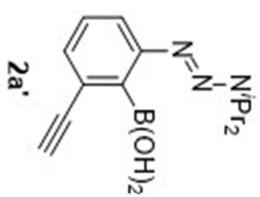
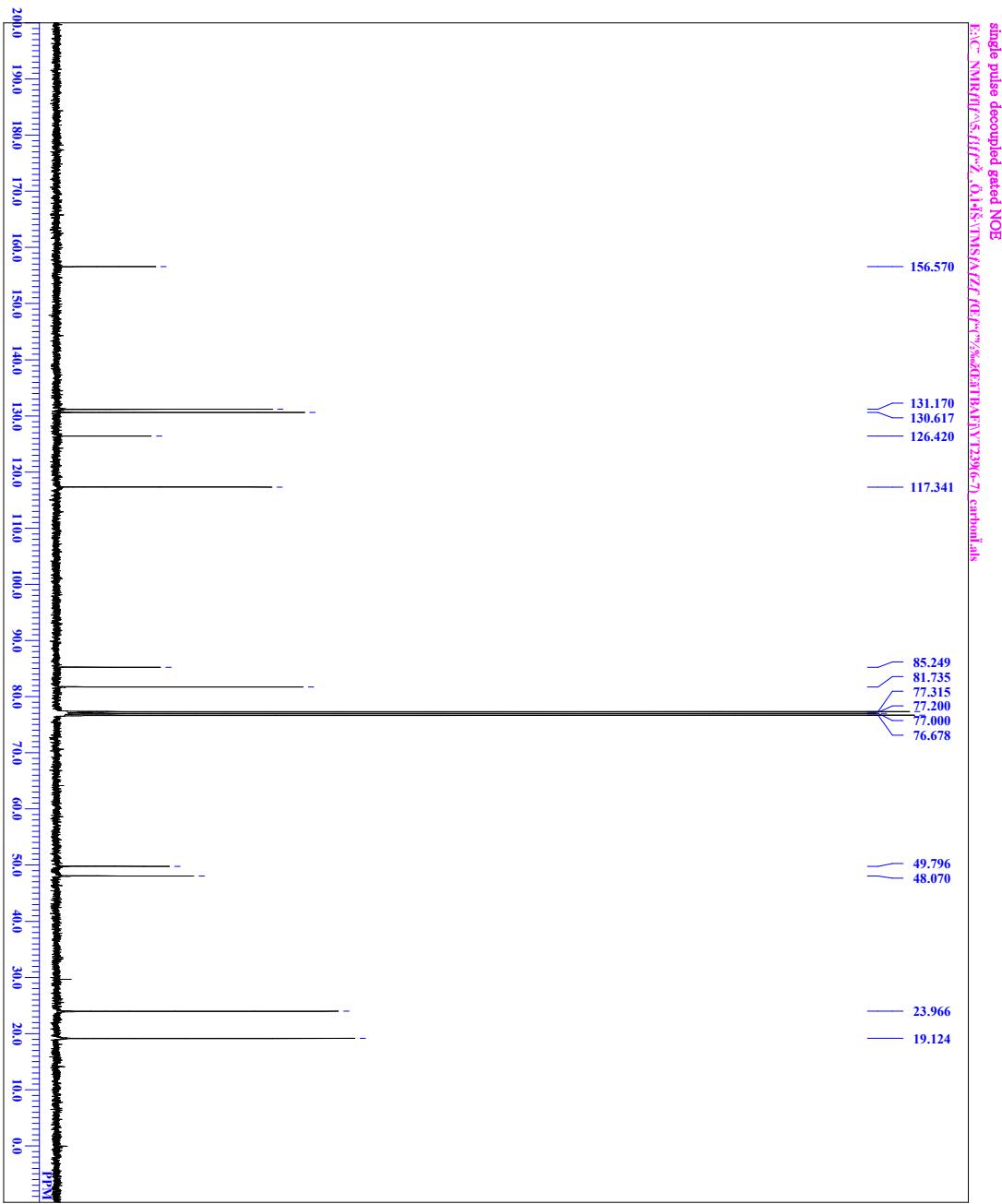
**1-[2-Iodo-3-(6-phenylhexa-1,3-diyn-1-y)phenyl]-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (7e)**



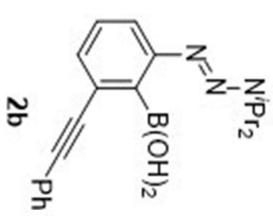
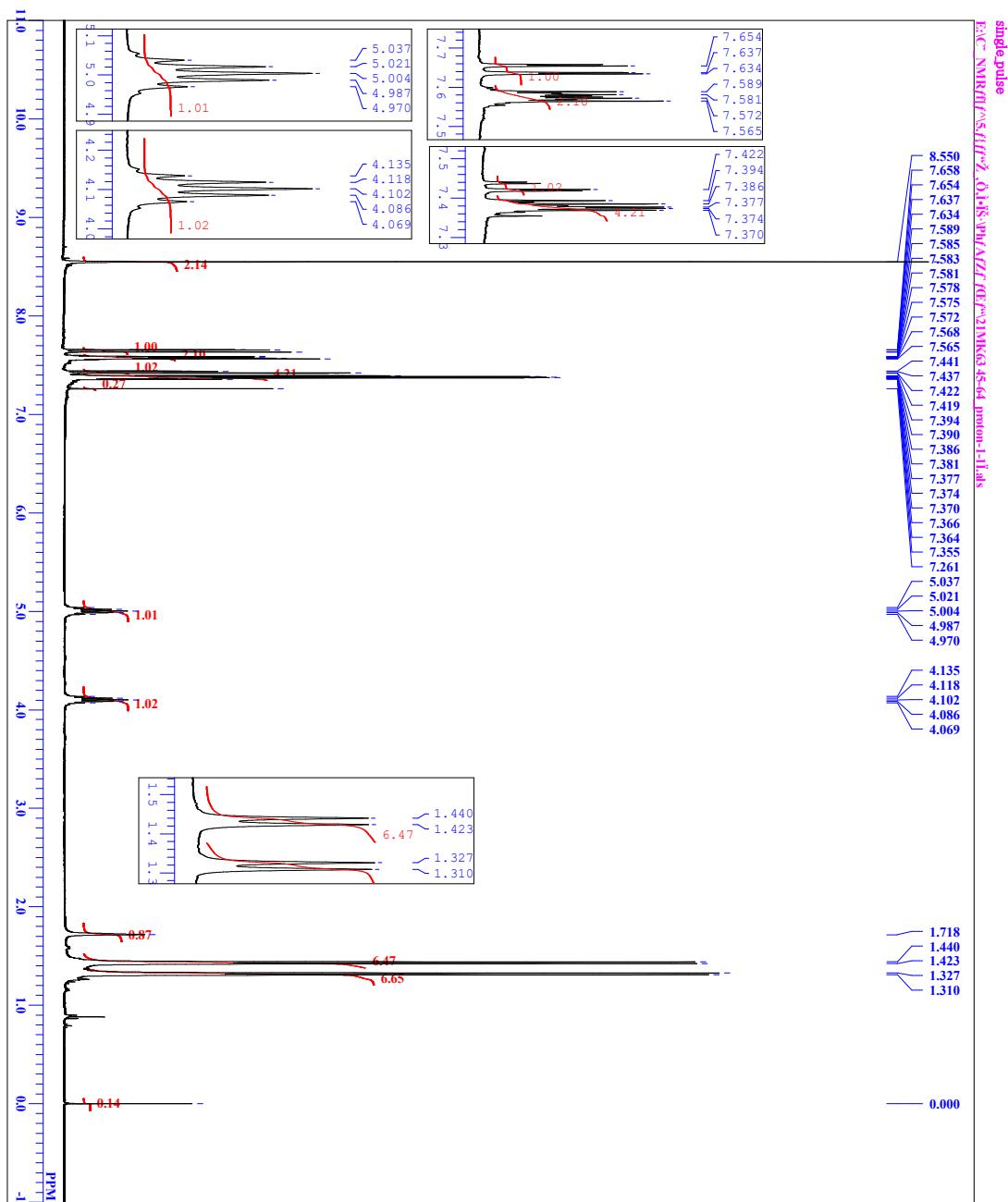


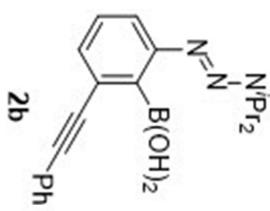
#### [**(3,3-Diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-6-ethynylphenyl]boronic acid (2a')**



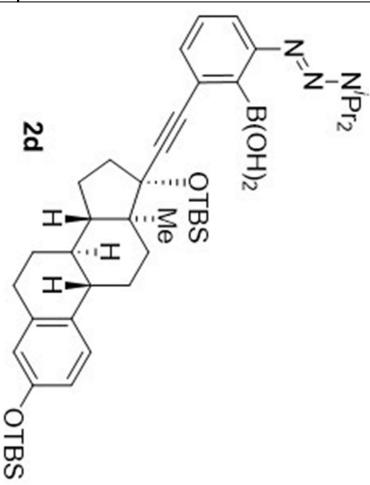
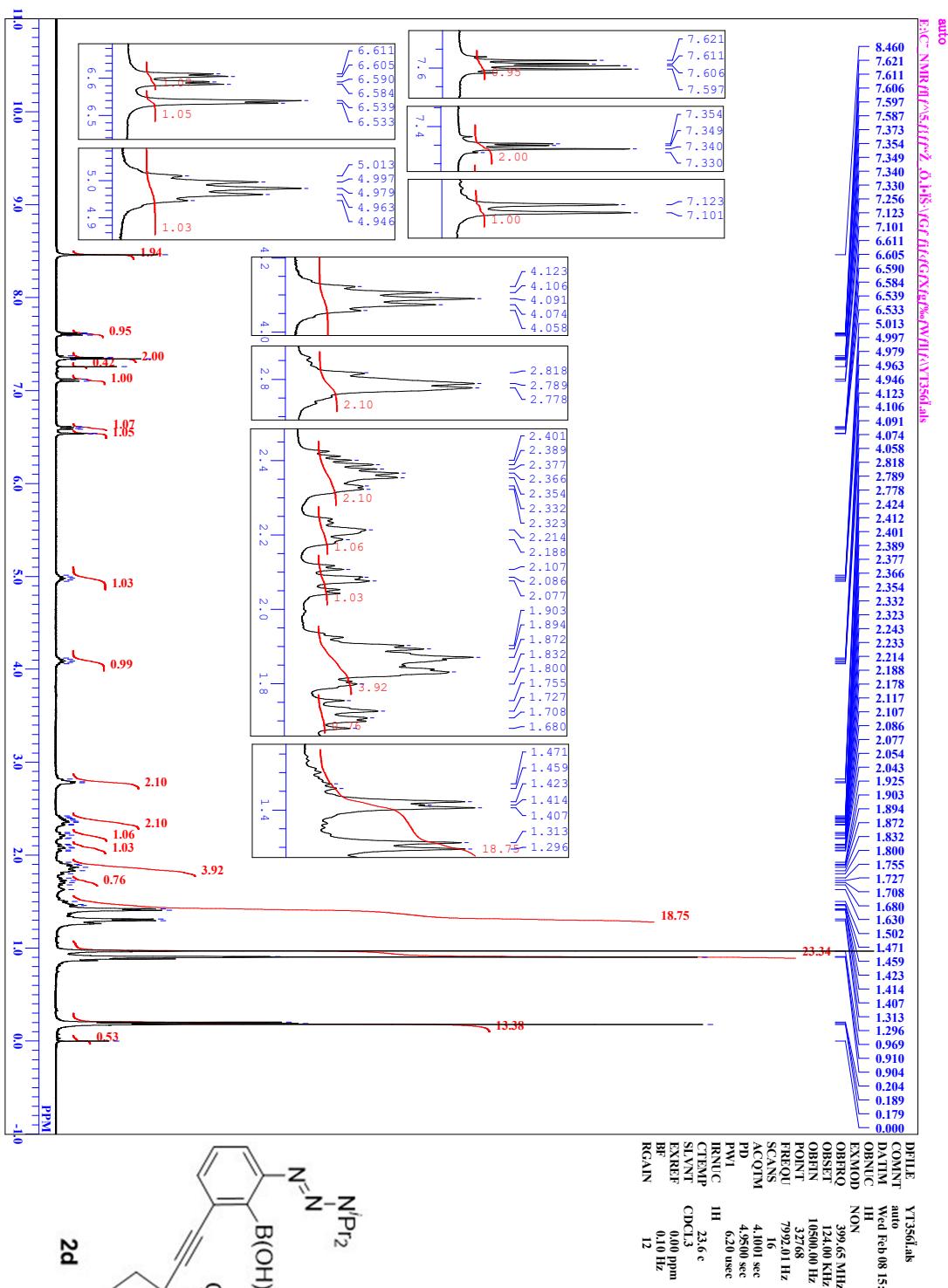


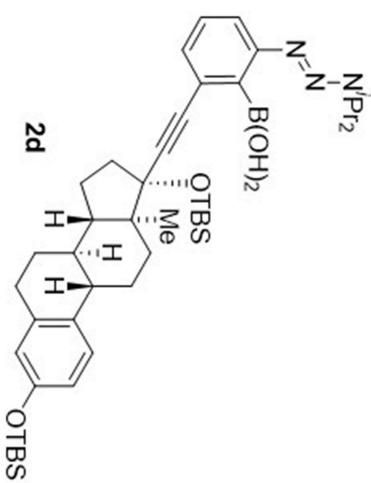
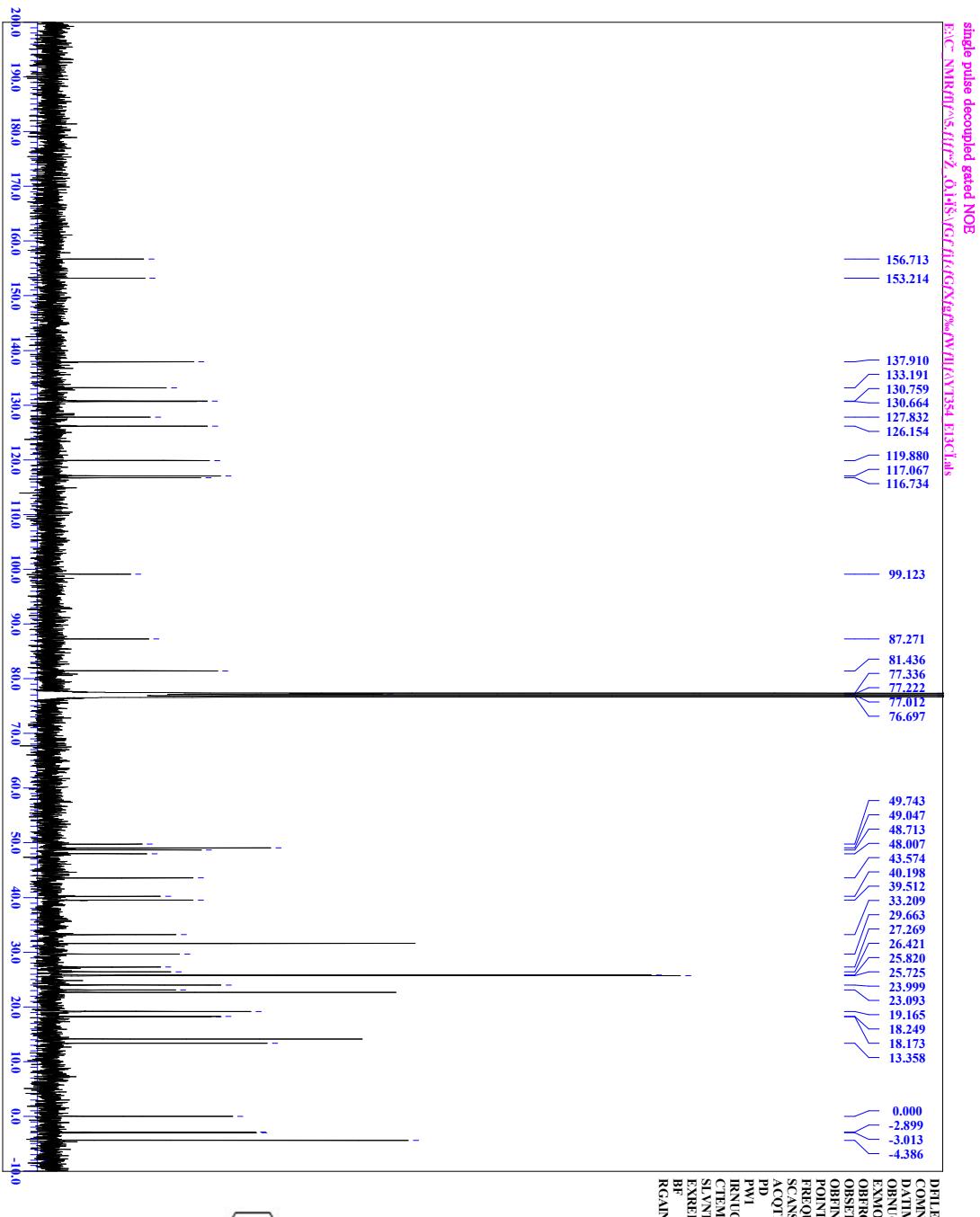
[2-(3,3-Diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-6-(phenylethyynyl)phenyl]boronic acid (2b)



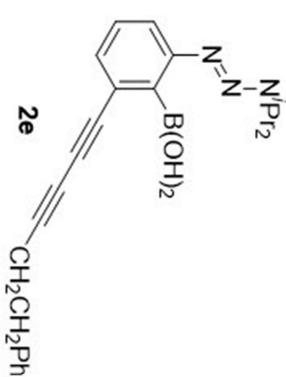
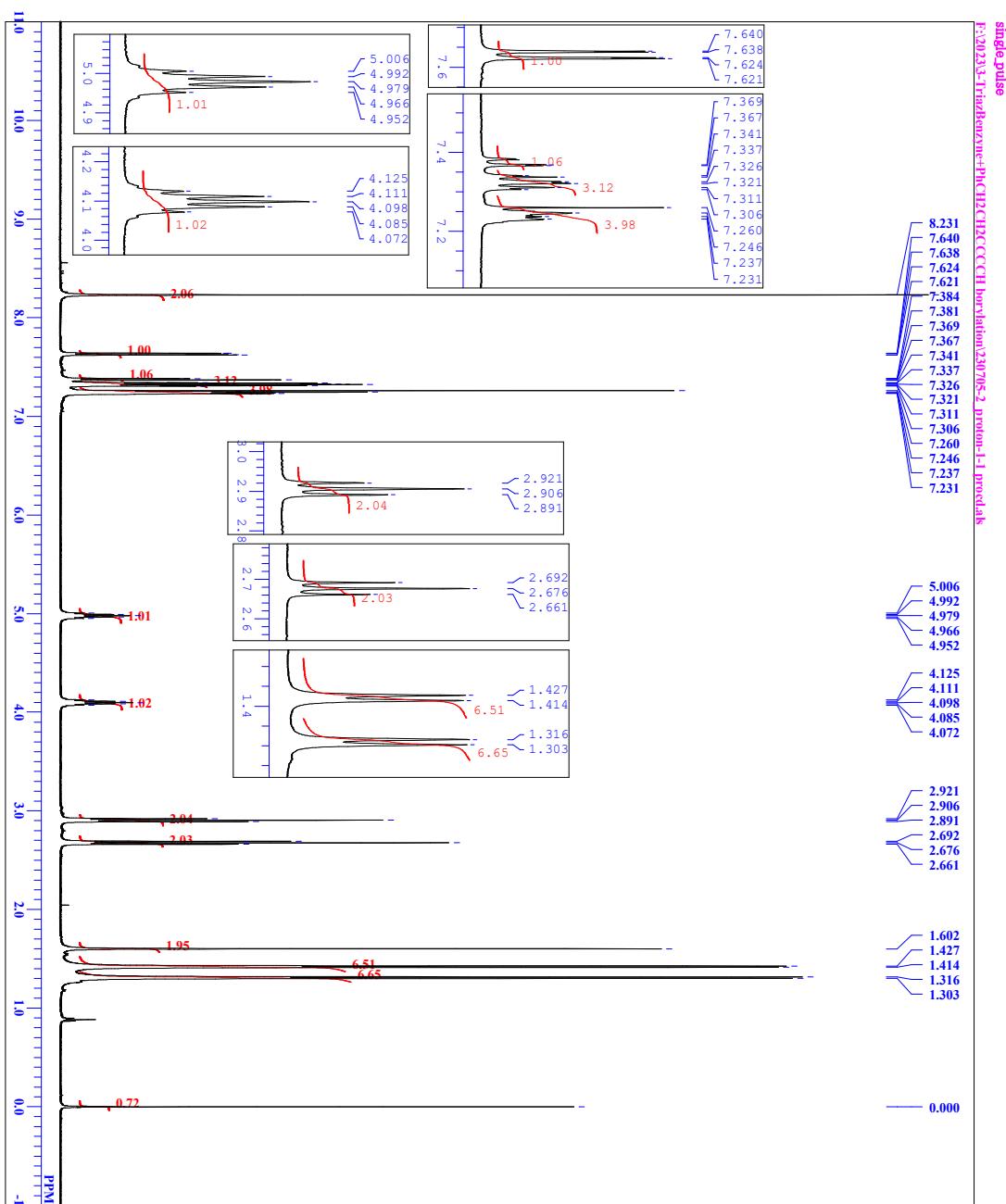


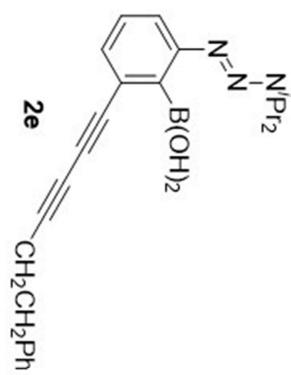
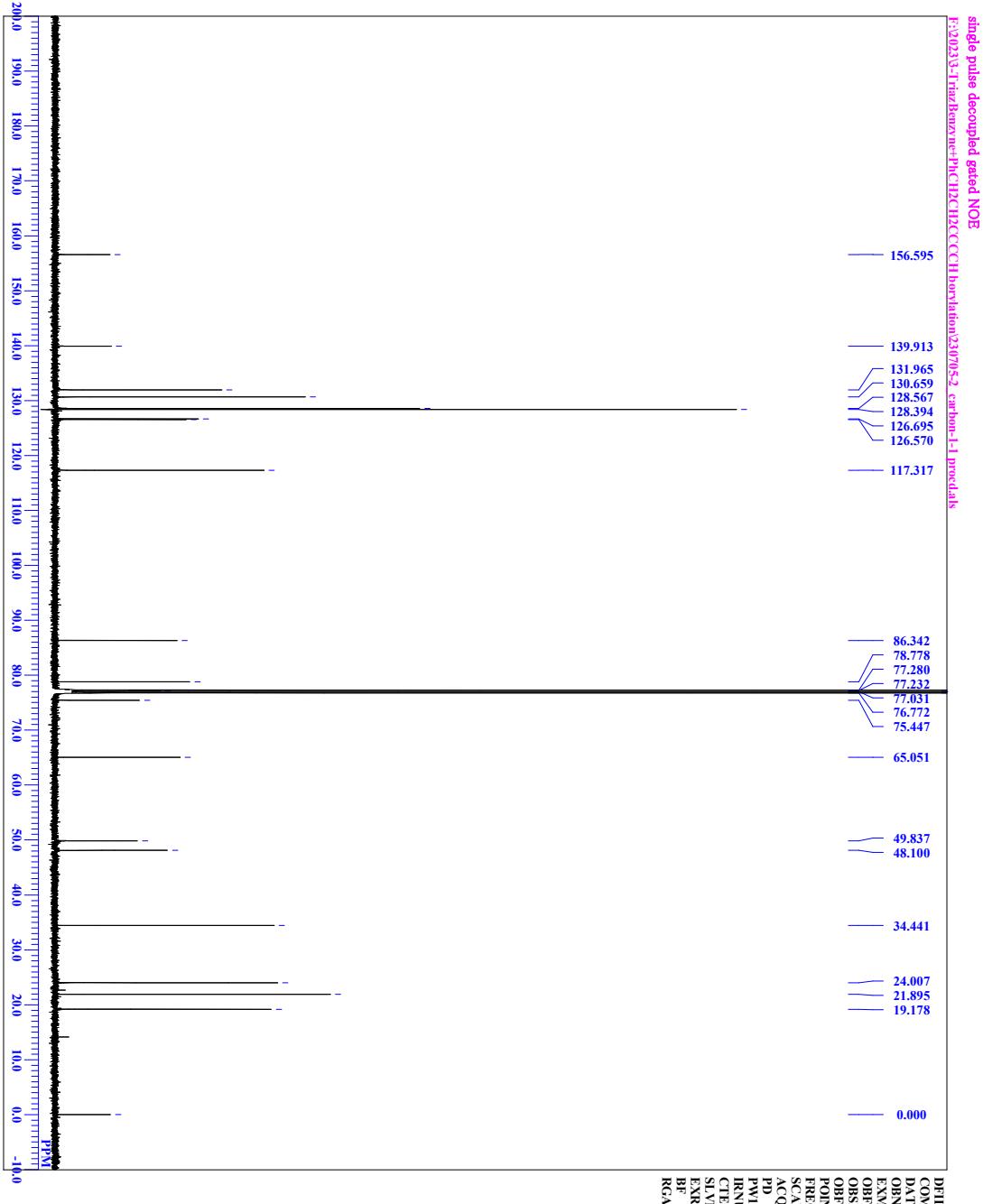
### **3,17-O-Bis(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-17 $\alpha$ -[{2-borono-3-(3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)phenyl}ethynyl]estradiol (2d)**



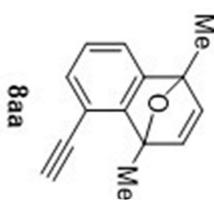
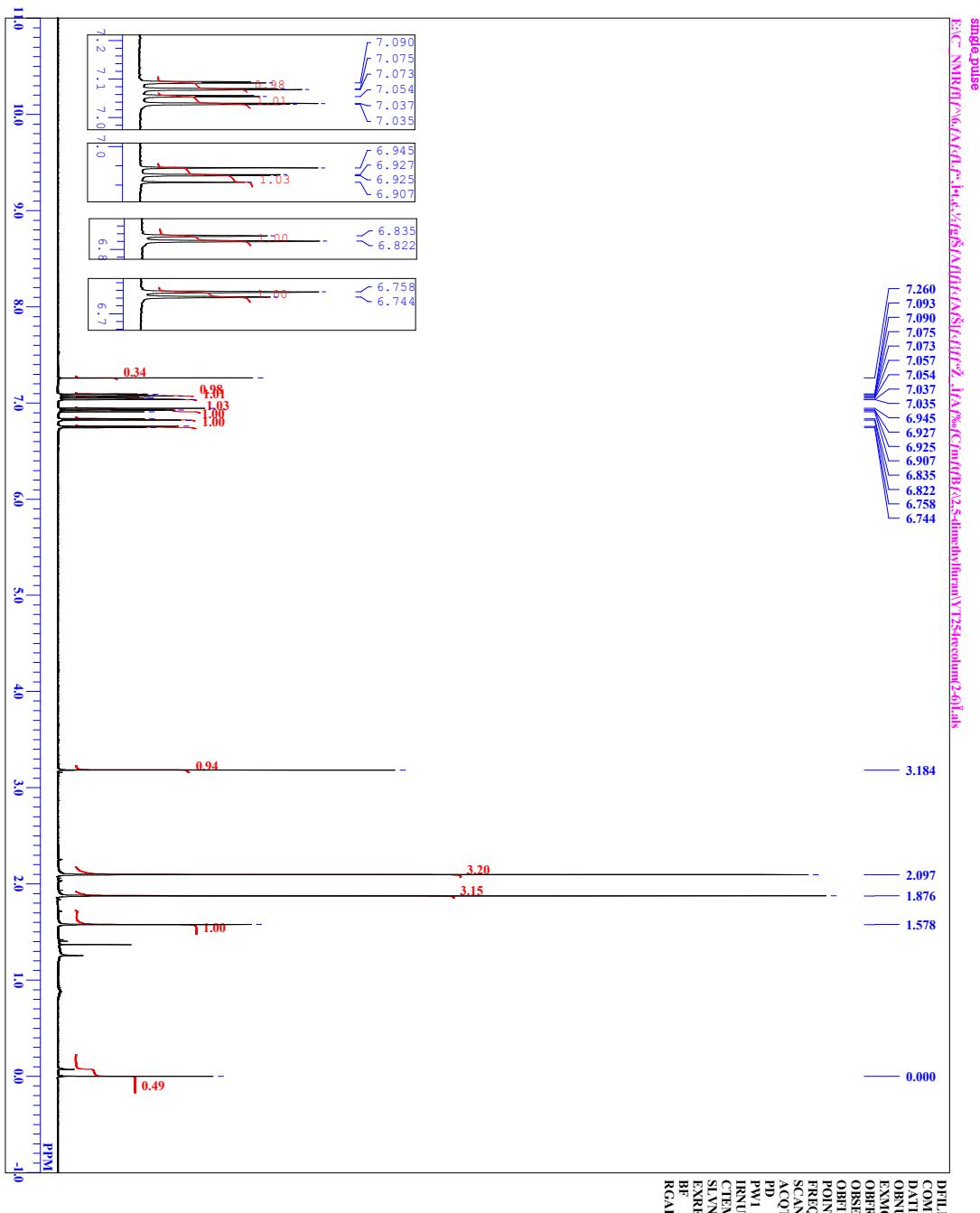


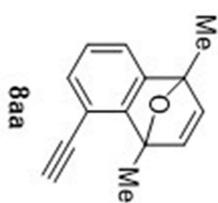
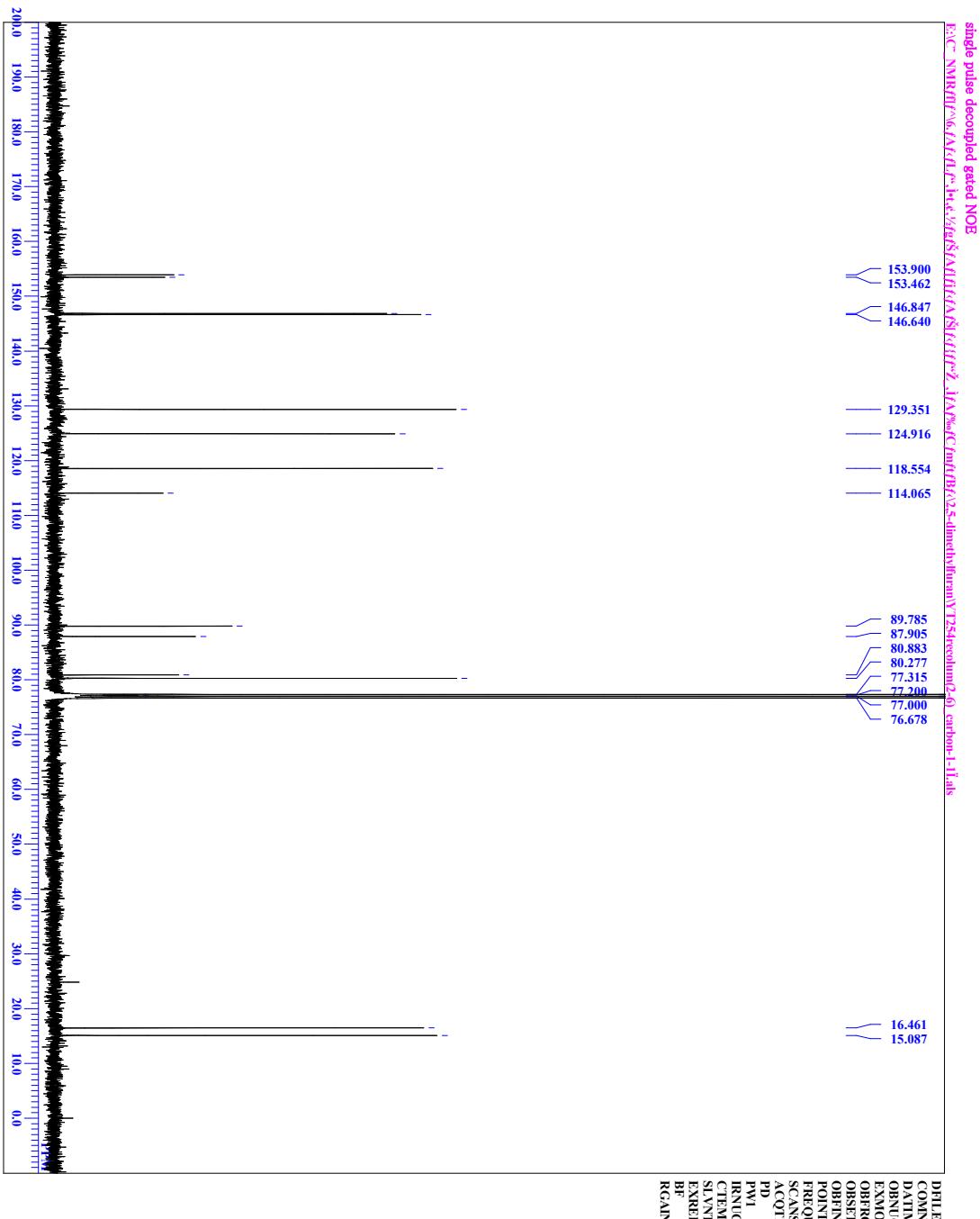
[2-(3,3-Diisopropyltriaz-1-en-1-yl)-6-(6-phenylhexa-1,3-diyn-1-yl)phenyl]boronic acid (2e)



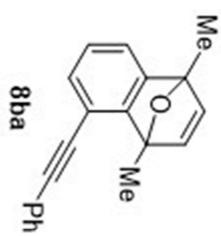
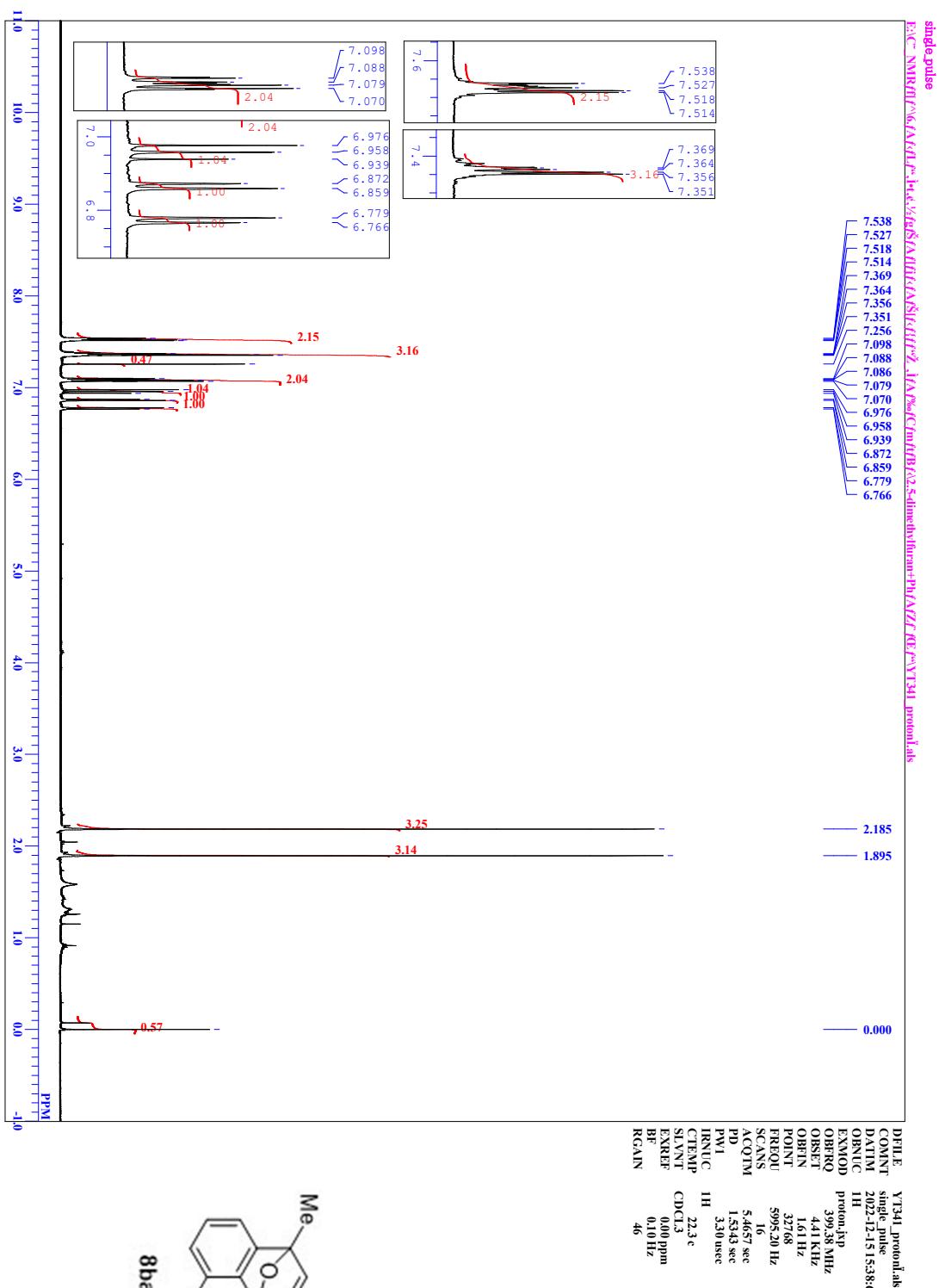


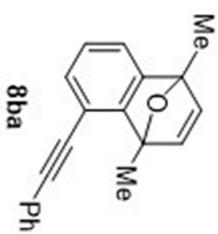
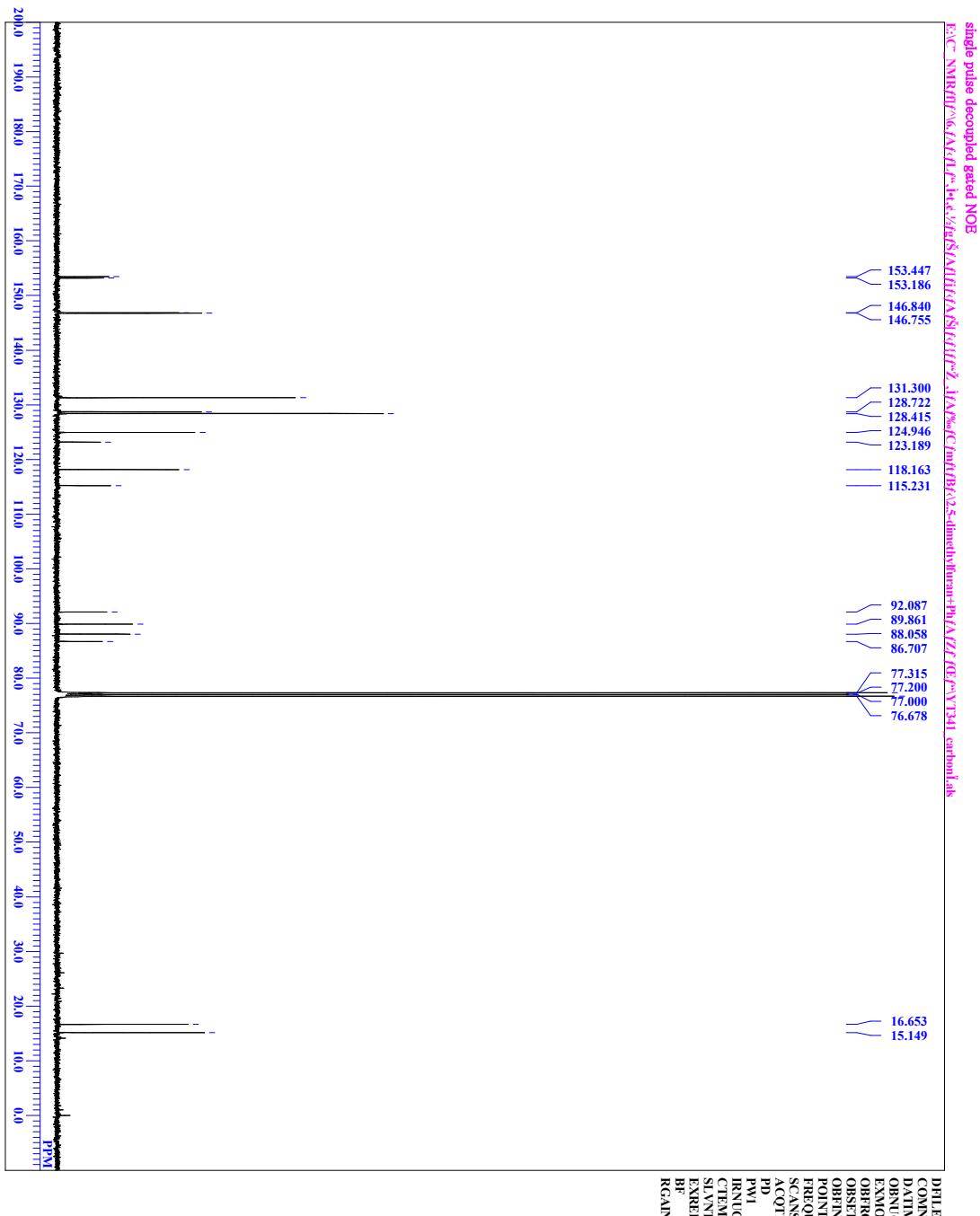
**5-Ethynyl-1,4-dimethyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (8aa)**



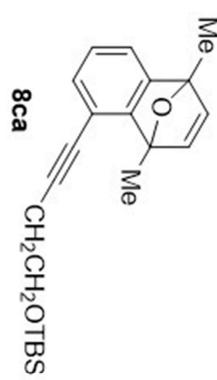
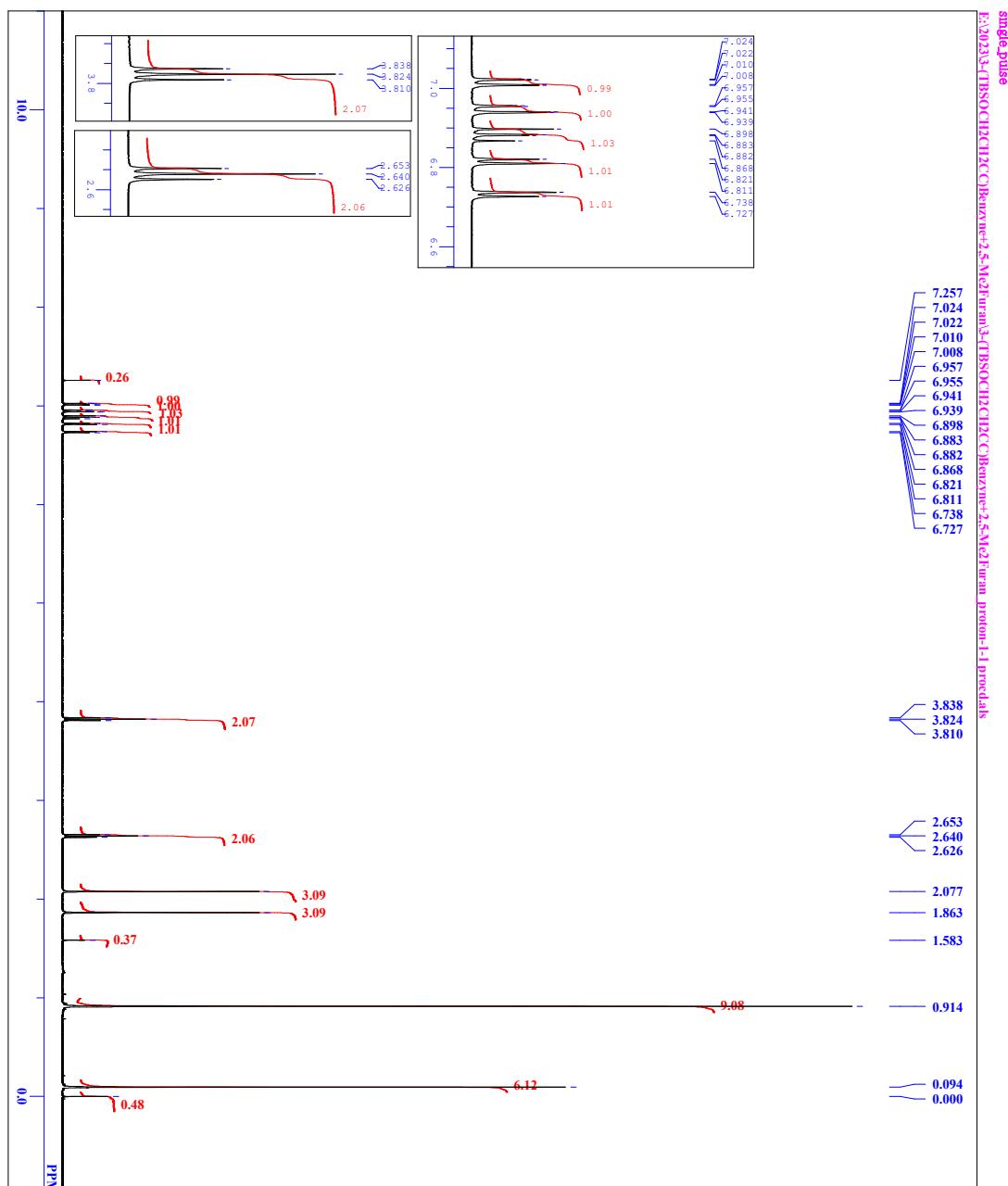


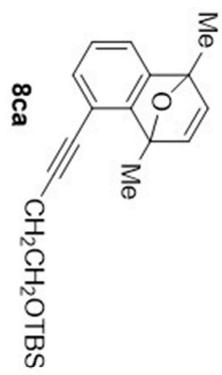
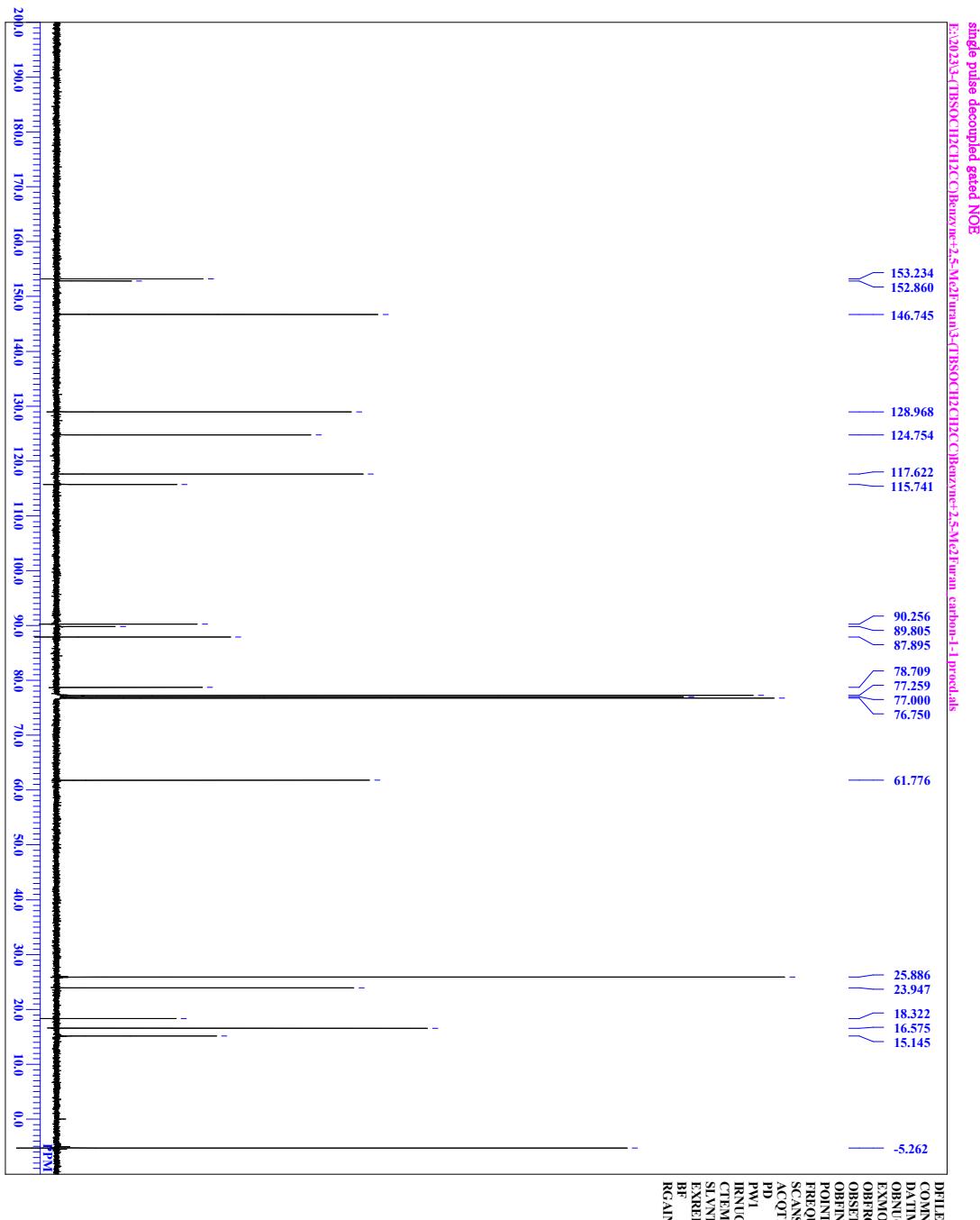
### 1,4-Dimethyl-5-(phenylethynyl)-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (8ba)



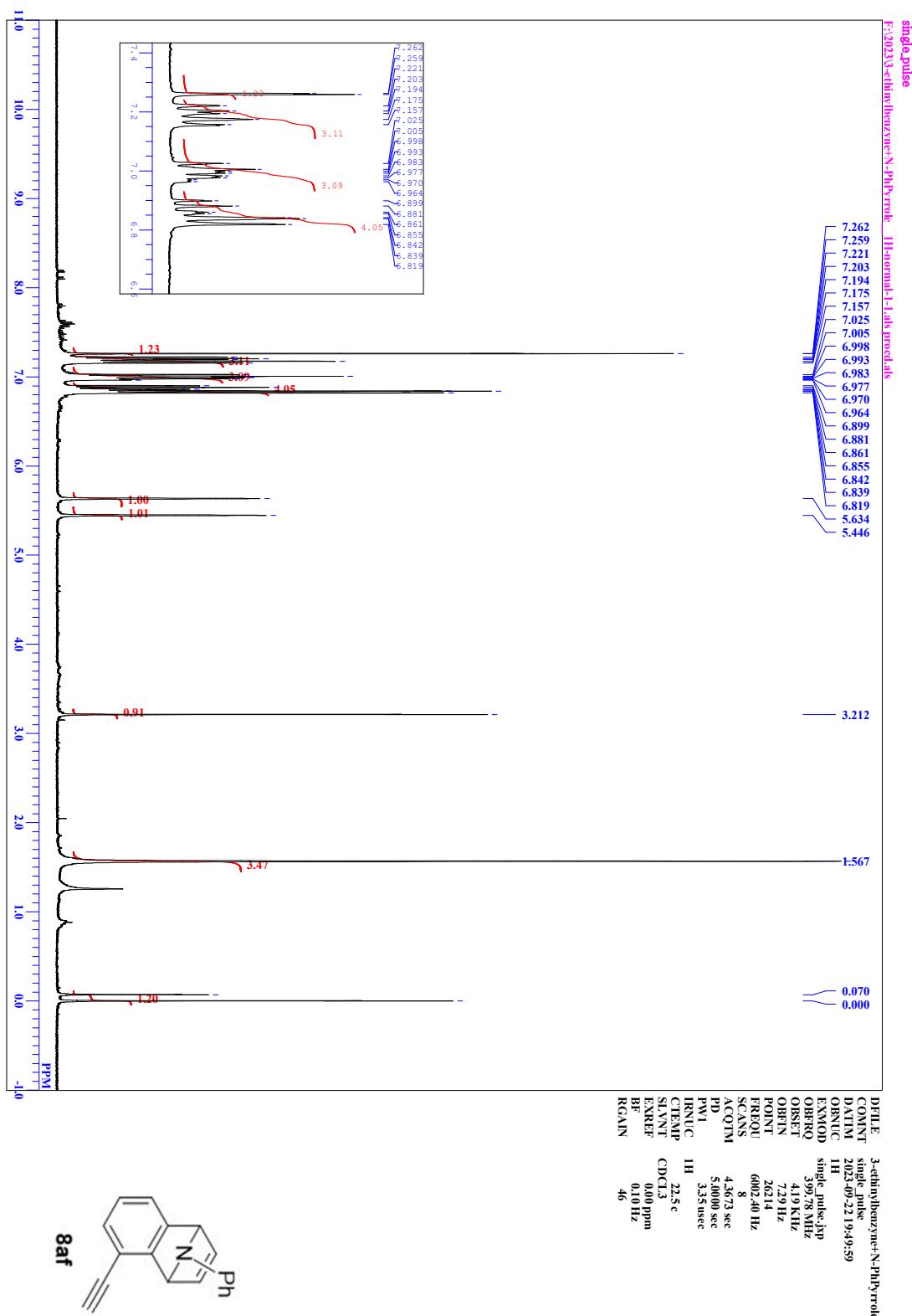


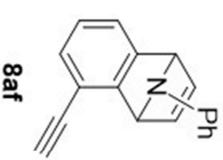
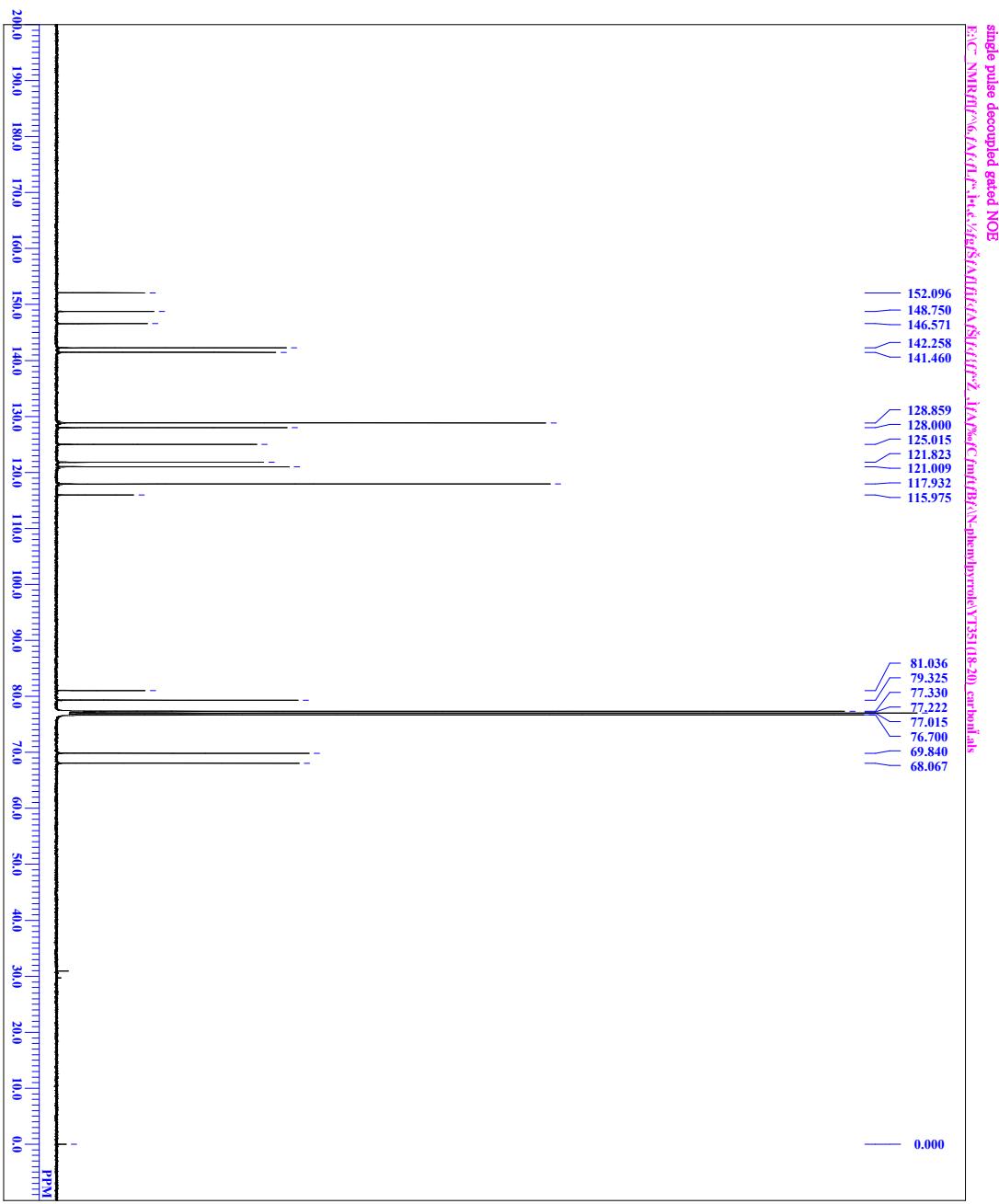
**5-(4-(*tert*-Butyldimethylsilyloxy)-but-1-yn-1-yl)-1,4-dimethyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (8ca)**



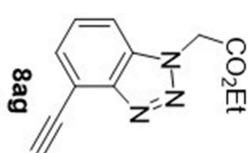
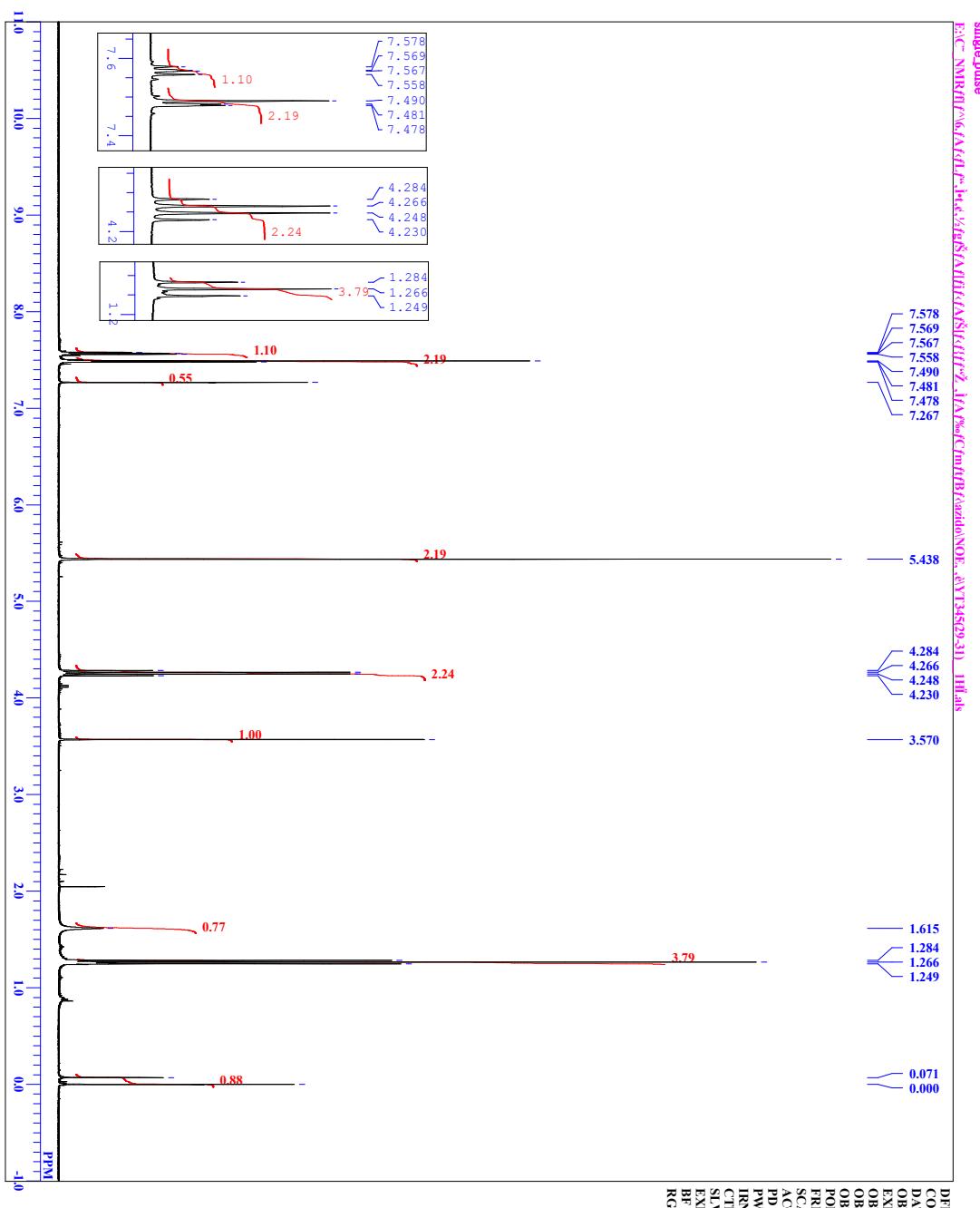


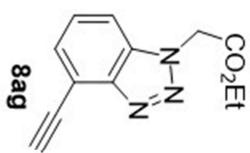
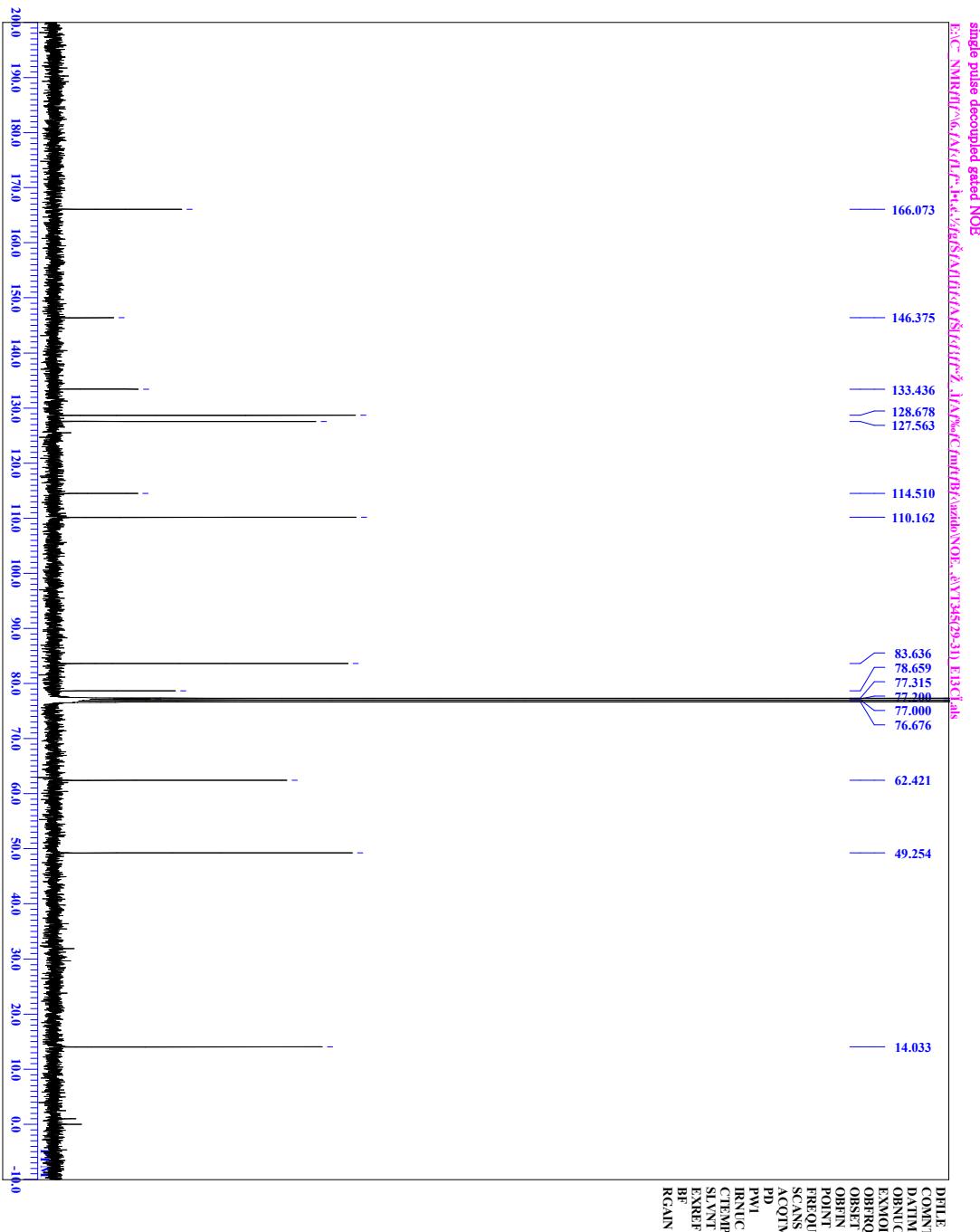
**5-Ethynyl-9-phenyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epiminonaphthalene (8af)**



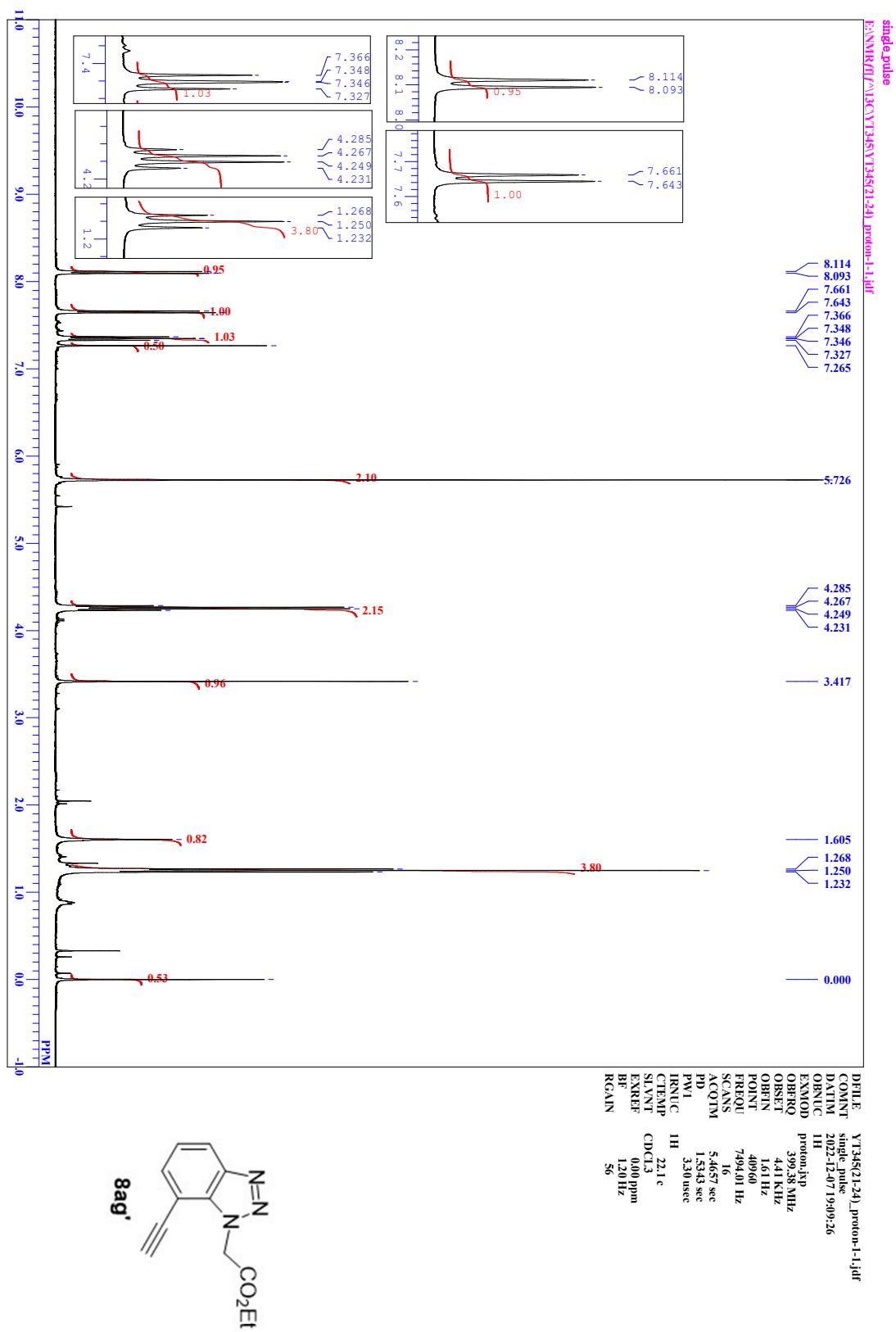


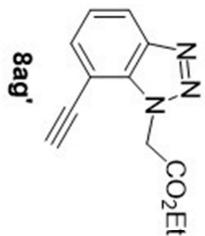
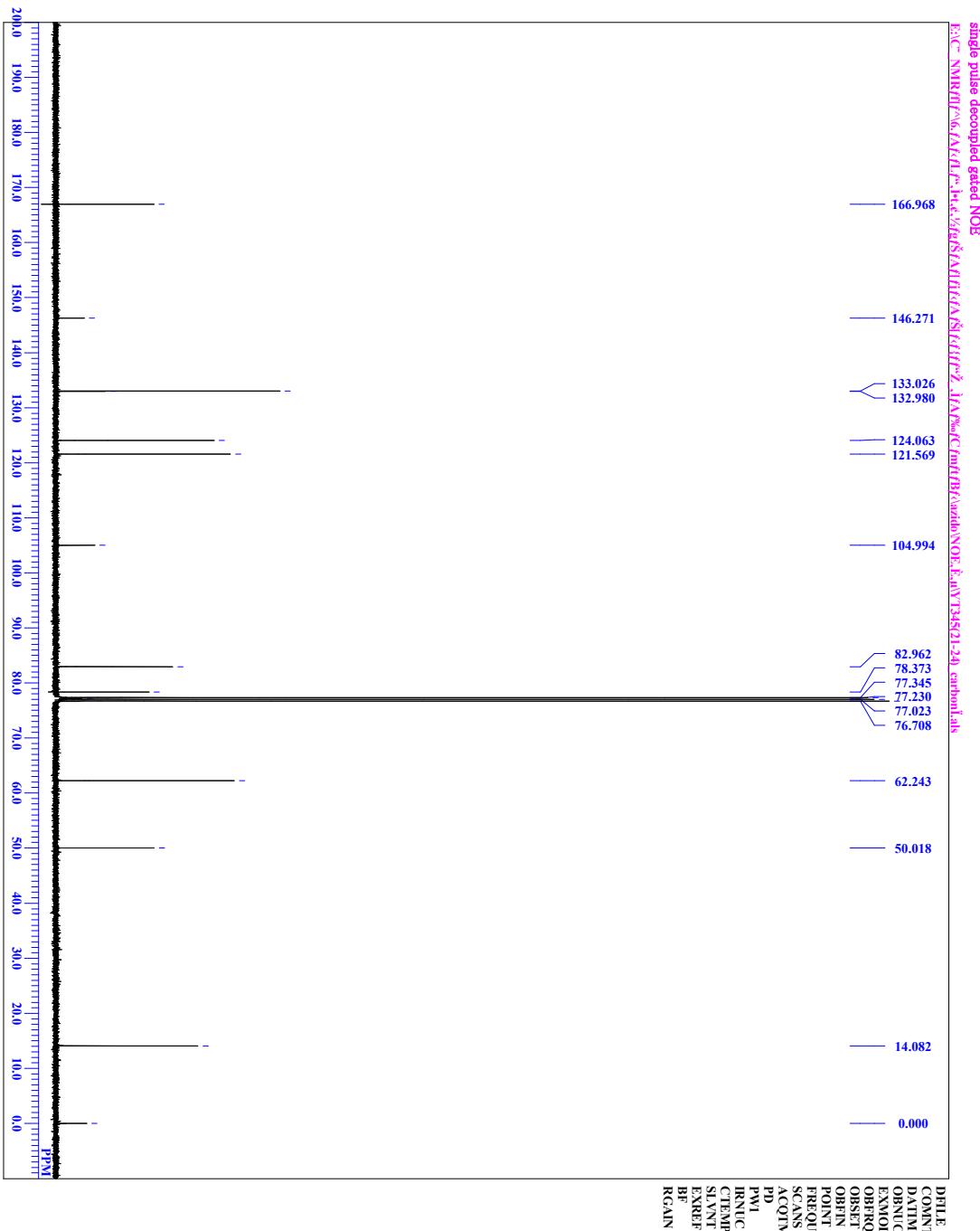
#### Ethyl 2-(4-Ethynyl-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)acetate (8ag)



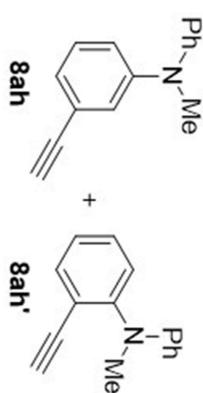
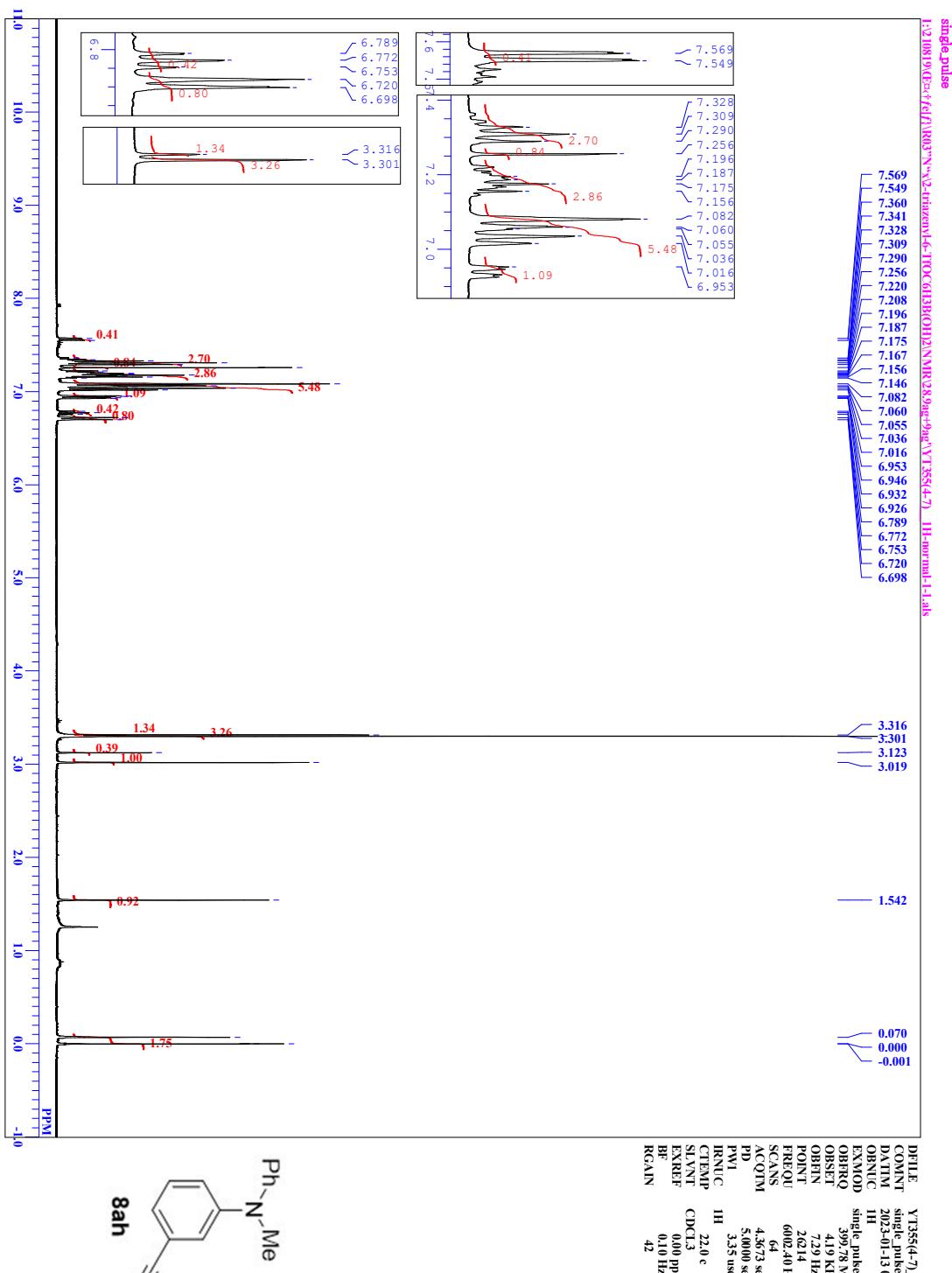


**Ethyl 2-(7-Ethynyl-1,2,3-benzotriazol-1-yl)acetate (8ag')**

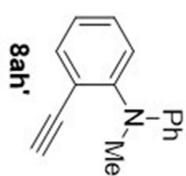
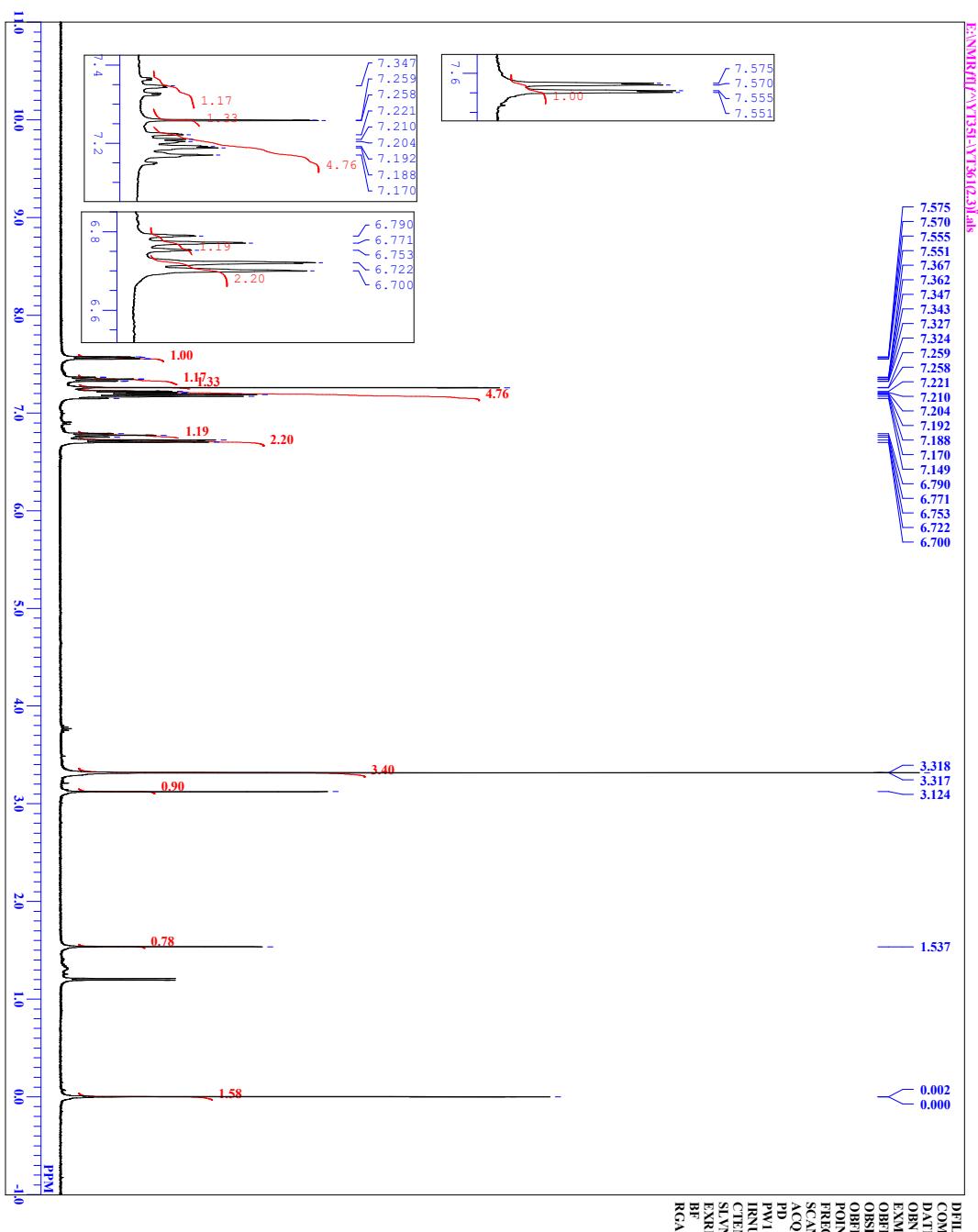




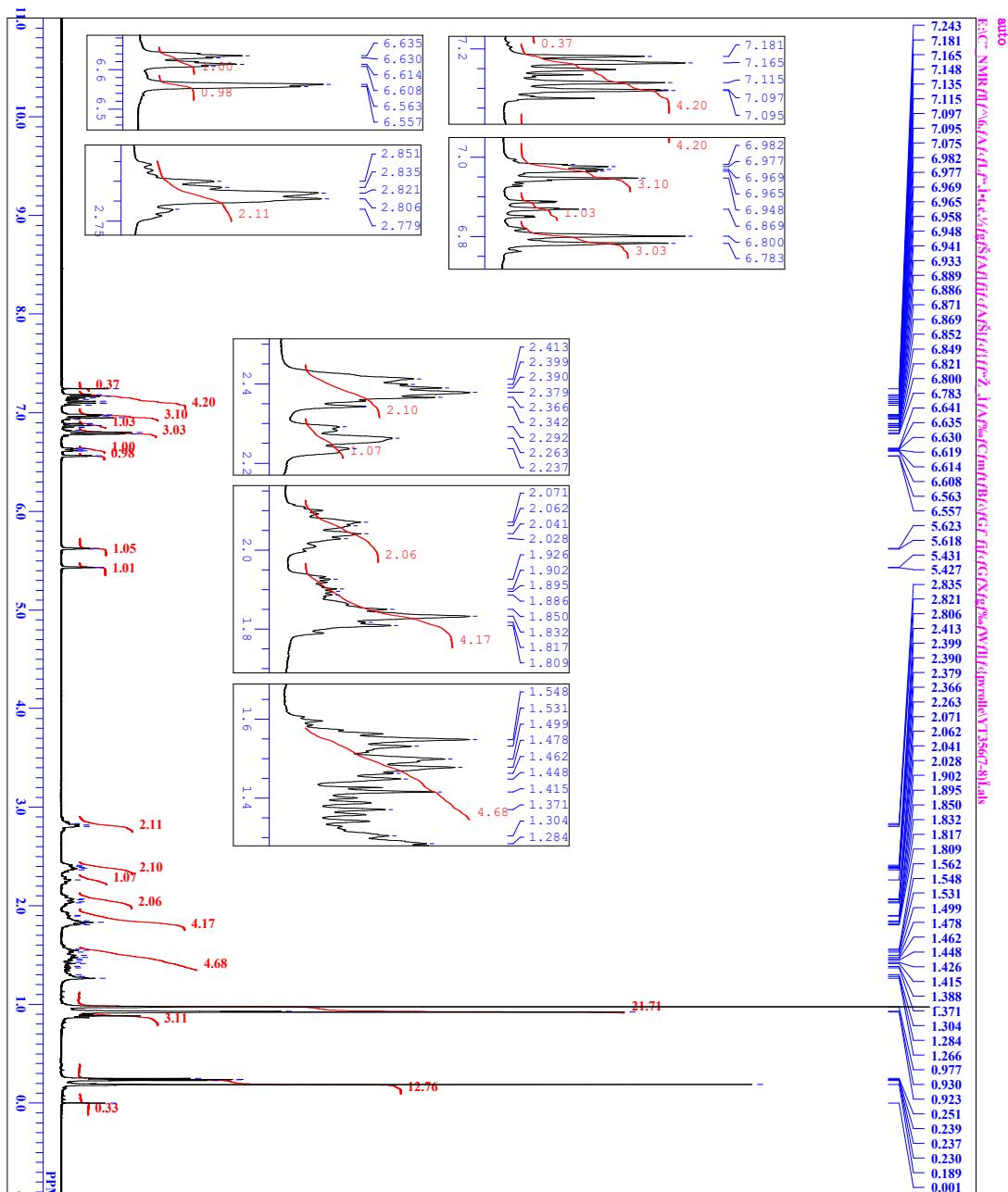
### **3-Ethynyl-*N*-methyl-*N*-phenylaniline (**8ah**) and 2-Ethynyl-*N*-methyl-*N*-phenylaniline (**8ah'**)**



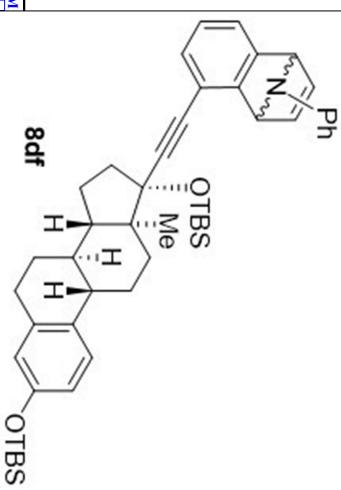
### **2-Ethynyl-*N*-methyl-*N*-phenylaniline (8ah')**



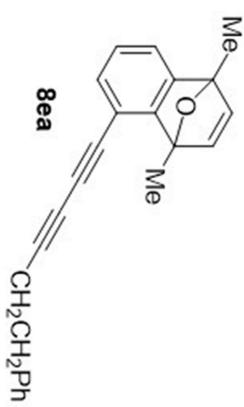
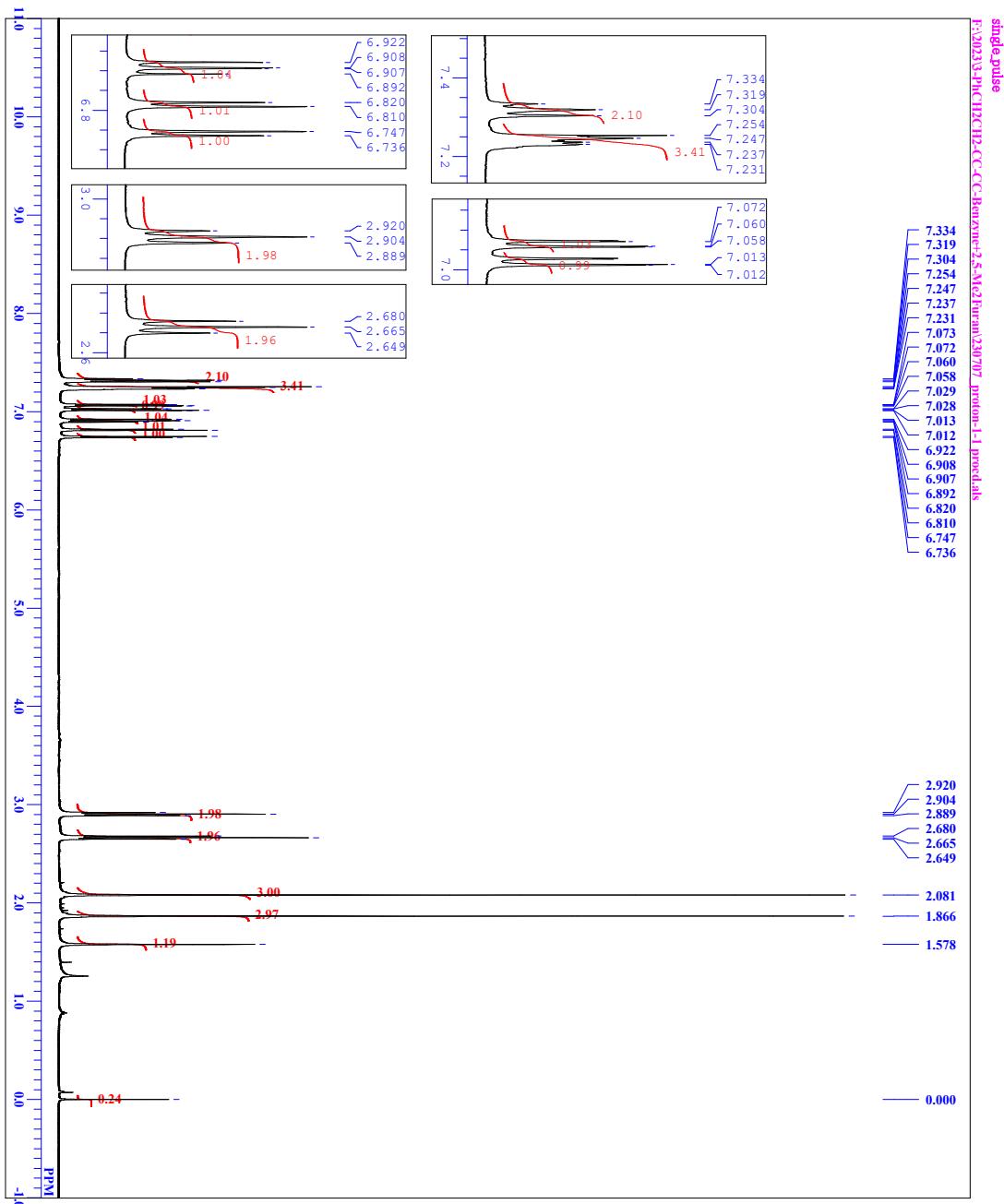
**3,17-O-Bis(*tert*-butyldimethylsilyl)-17 $\alpha$ -{(9-phenyl-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epiminonaphthalen-5-yl)ethynyl}estradiol (8df)**

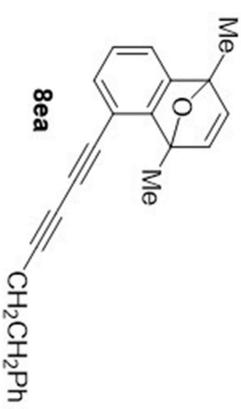
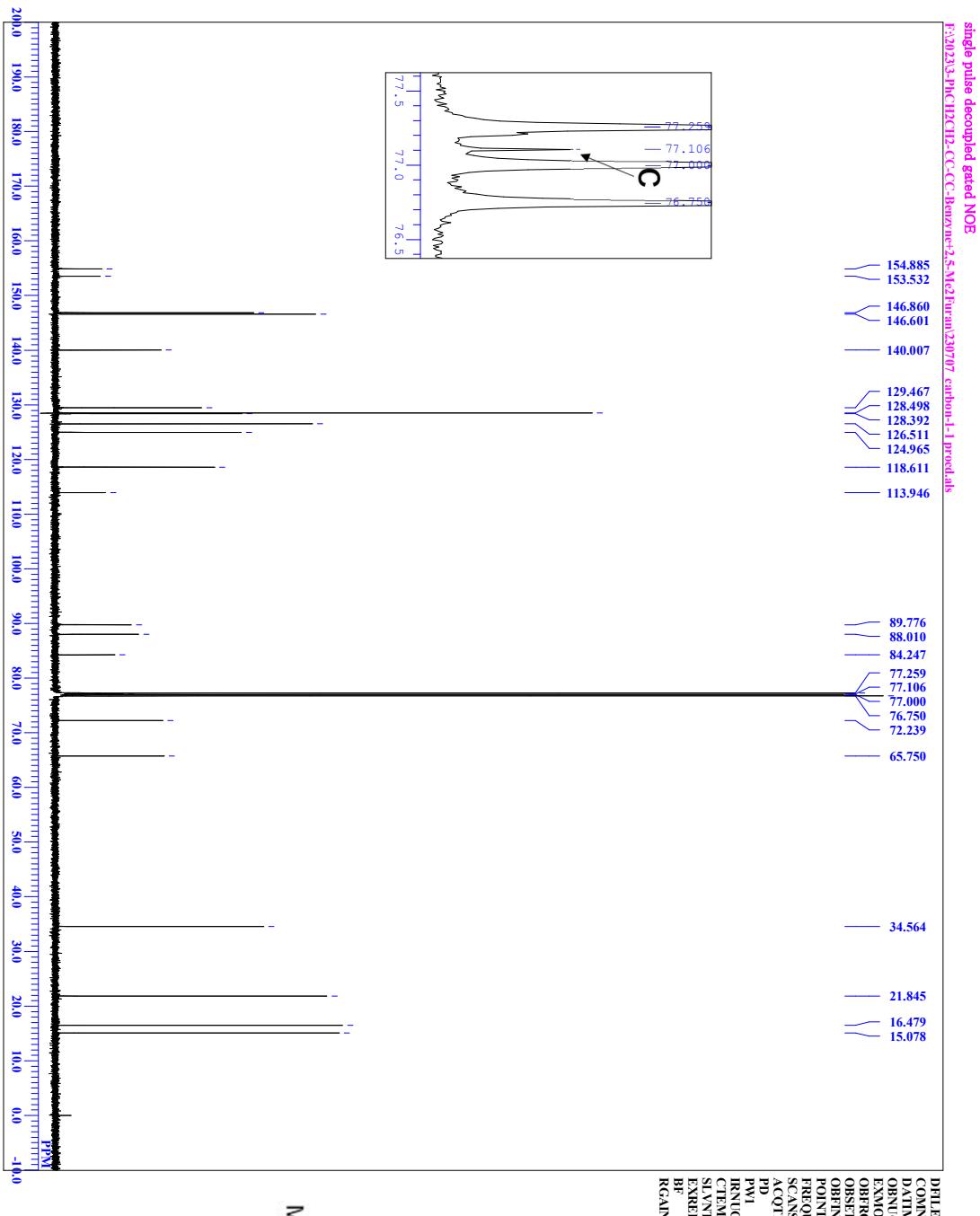


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EXMOD, NON  
OBFFQ, 399.65 MHz  
OBST, 124.00 kHz  
OBPN, 10590.00 Hz  
POINT, 327.68  
FREQU, 7992.01 Hz  
SCANS, 16  
ACQTM, 4.1001 sec  
PD, 4.9500 sec  
PW1, 6.20 usc  
IRNUC, IH  
TEMP, 23.2 °C  
SLVNT, CDCl<sub>3</sub>  
EXRF, 0.00 ppm  
BF, 0.10 Hz  
RGAIN, 12



**1,4-Dimethyl-5-(6-phenylhexa-1,3-diyn-1-yl)-1,4-dihydro-1,4-epoxynaphthalene (8ea)**





**1-(2-Iodo-3-(5-phenethylthiophen-2-yl)phenyl)-3,3-diisopropyltriaz-1-ene (9)**

