Supporting Information

InN Nanorods/Ni(OH)₂ Heterojunction Photoelectrode for Efficient PEC Water splitting

Mengzhou Wu, a,b Haoyang Wu, a,b Shaohua Xie, a,b Wenliang Wang a,b,* and Guoqiang Li a,b,c,*

^a State Key Laboratory of Luminescent Materials and Devices, South China University of Technology, Guangzhou 510640, China.

^b Department of Electronic Materials, School of Materials Science and Engineering, South China University of Technology, Guangzhou 510640, China.

^c Guangdong Choicore Optoelectronics Co., Ltd., Heyuan 517003, China

* Corresponding author, E-mail: wenliangwang@scut.edu.cn and msgli@scut.edu.cn



Fig. S1 (a) SEM top-view and (b) cross-sectional images of the $InN/Ni(OH)_2$ -60. (c) SEM top-view and (d) cross-sectional images of the $InN/Ni(OH)_2$ -180.



Fig. S2 In the 0.1 M Na₂PO₄ solution with pH = 9, PEC properties of InN and InN/Ni(OH)₂ photoelectrodes. (a) LSV curves, (b) ABPE curves of all photoelectrodes, (c) I-T curves, (d) EIS spectra of all photoelectrodes at 0.72 V vs. RHE.



Fig. S3 (a) The stability of InN NRs and $InN/Ni(OH)_2$ photoelectrode (pH = 13), (b) the stability of InN/Ni(OH)₂-120 photoelectrode (pH = 9).



Fig. S4 (a) SEM top-view and (b) cross-sectional images of the InN/Ni(OH)₂-120 after PEC test, (c)-(d)XRD patterns and (e) Raman spectra of the InN/Ni(OH)₂-120 after PEC test.



Fig. S5 (a) OCP of the all photoelectrode samples (pH = 13), (b) OCP of the all photoelectrode samples (pH = 9).



Fig. S6 PEC properties of pure $Ni(OH)_2$ (pH = 13).



Fig. S7 PEC properties of InN and InN/Ni(OH)₂ photoelectrodes prepared by immersing method.



Fig. S8 The stability of $InN/Ni(OH)_2$ -120 prepared by electrodepositing method, $InN/Ni(OH)_2$ -300 prepared by immersing method and pure $Ni(OH)_2$ (pH = 13).

PEC photoanode	Conditions	Photocurrent density	Reference
InN NRs/Ni(OH) ₂	0.1 M NaOH	4.43 mA cm ⁻² at 1.47 V vs. RHE	This work
InN/Si	1 M NaOH	0.06 mA cm ⁻² at 1.2 V vs. RHE	Ref. ¹
In ₂ O ₃ /InN	0.1 M PBS	0.795 mA cm ⁻² at 1 V vs. Ag/AgCl	Ref. ²
InN/ZnO	0.1 M Na ₂ SO ₄	0.017 mA cm ⁻² at 1.4 V vs. RHE	Ref. ³
ZnO: InN	0.5 M Na ₂ SO ₄	0.015 mA cm ⁻² at 1 V vs. Ag/AgCl	Ref. ⁴
Ni(OH) ₂ /ZnO	0.5 M Na ₂ SO ₄	1.68 mA cm ⁻² at 1.25 V vs. Ag/AgCl	Ref. ⁵
TiO2/Ni(OH) ₂	1 M NaOH	3.5 mA cm ⁻² at 1.0 V vs. SCE	Ref. ⁶
TNTAs/Ni–Ni(OH) ₂ /NiPi	0.5 M Na ₂ SO ₄	3.12 mA cm ⁻² at 1.5 V vs. RHE	Ref. ⁷
ZnO/Ni(OH) ₂	0.5 M Na ₂ SO ₄	3.75 mA cm ⁻² at 1.5 V vs. SCE	Ref. ⁸

Table 1. Summary of the PEC performance of InN-based and $Ni(OH)_2$ -based photoanodes under illumination of 100 mW cm⁻² (AM 1.5 G).

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