Enhanced plasmonic photocatalytic performance of C₃N₄/Cu by the introduction of reduced graphene oxide interlayer

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Fig. S2 TEM image (a) and element mapping distribution (b-d) of PCN/23Cu. Cu NPs are marked with red circles in panel (a), and the insets in panel (b) and (C) correspond to the detected sample and EDS result, respectively.



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Catalyst Potential value (mV) PCN/RGO PCN GO Number 1 6.17 -39.60 -0.93 2 7.49 -43.70 -0.67 3 9.81 -38.70 -1.60 7.82 -40.67 -1.07 Average

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Samples	PCN	PCN/RGO	PCN/23Cu	PCN/RGO/20Cu	
$R_{s}(\Omega)$	0.25	0.28	0.31	0.26	
$R_{ct}(\Omega)$	1213.0	946.5	659.4	209.1	

Table S2 Entries in the table fitted from EIS results (Fig.7a).



Fig. S13 The band structures of (c) C_3N_4 , (d) CN/Cu and (e) CN/RGO/Cu



Fig. S14 Colormap surface with projection of the electromagnetic field distributions of (a) PCN/Cu and (b) PCN/RGO/Cu under linear plane wave illumination.



Fig. S15 Charge difference density of PCN/RGO and RGO/Cu. The red and yellow regions represent electron enrichment and depletion regions, respectively.

	SUM PCN (e)	SUM RGO (e)	SUM Cu (e)
PCN/RGO	-0.46	0.44	
WPCN/RGO	-0.03	0.06	
RGO/Cu		-0.33	0.38
WRGO/Cu		-0.25	0.31

Table S3 Total Mulliken charge populations of PCN/RGO, WPCN/RGO, RGO/Cu and WRGO/Cu.



Fig. S16 The partial density of states of different sites.



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Fig. S17 Gibbs free energy for hydrogen adsorption on CN/RGO/Cu and CN/Cu.