

Quantifying rigidity for thermally stable Cr³⁺ phosphors

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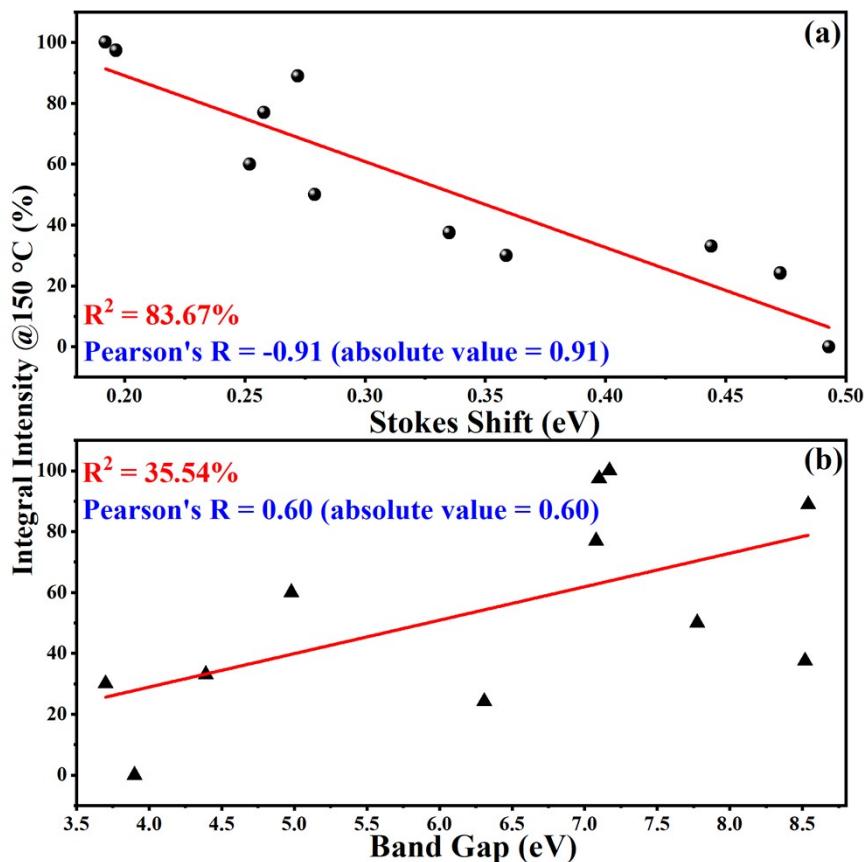


Figure S1. Correlation analysis of (a) Stokes shift vs thermal stability and (b) band gap vs thermal stability for Cr³⁺-doped phosphors (SrAl₁₂O₁₉, Ca₃Sc₂Si₃O₁₂, CaMgSi₂O₆, KAlP₂O₇, GaTaO₄, ScBO₃, Mg₂B₂O₅, Mg₂Ge₂O₆, Mg₄Ta₂O₉, LaSc₃(BO₃)₄ and LiIn₂SbO₆). Pearson's R, also known as Pearson correlation coefficient, is a measure of linear correlation between two sets of data. Pearson's R ranged from -1 to 1, representing the negative to a positive correlation. The high absolute Pearson's R-value (close to -1 or 1) implies a strong correlation between the two sets of data while the low absolute Pearson's R-value (close to 0) implies a weak correlation.

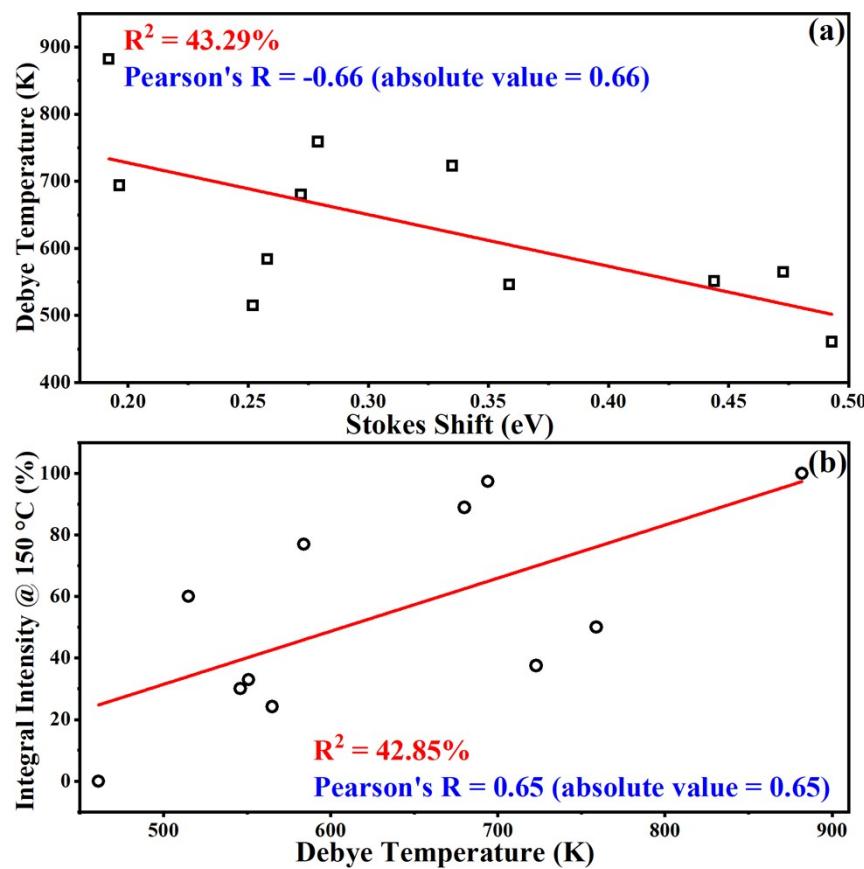


Figure S2. Correlation analysis of (a) Stokes shift vs Debye temperature and (b) Debye temperature and thermal stability for Cr³⁺-doped phosphors (SrAl₁₂O₁₉, Ca₃Sc₂Si₃O₁₂, CaMgSi₂O₆, KAlP₂O₇, GaTaO₄, ScBO₃, Mg₂B₂O₅, Mg₂Ge₂O₆, Mg₄Ta₂O₉, LaSc₃(BO₃)₄ and LiIn₂SbO₆).

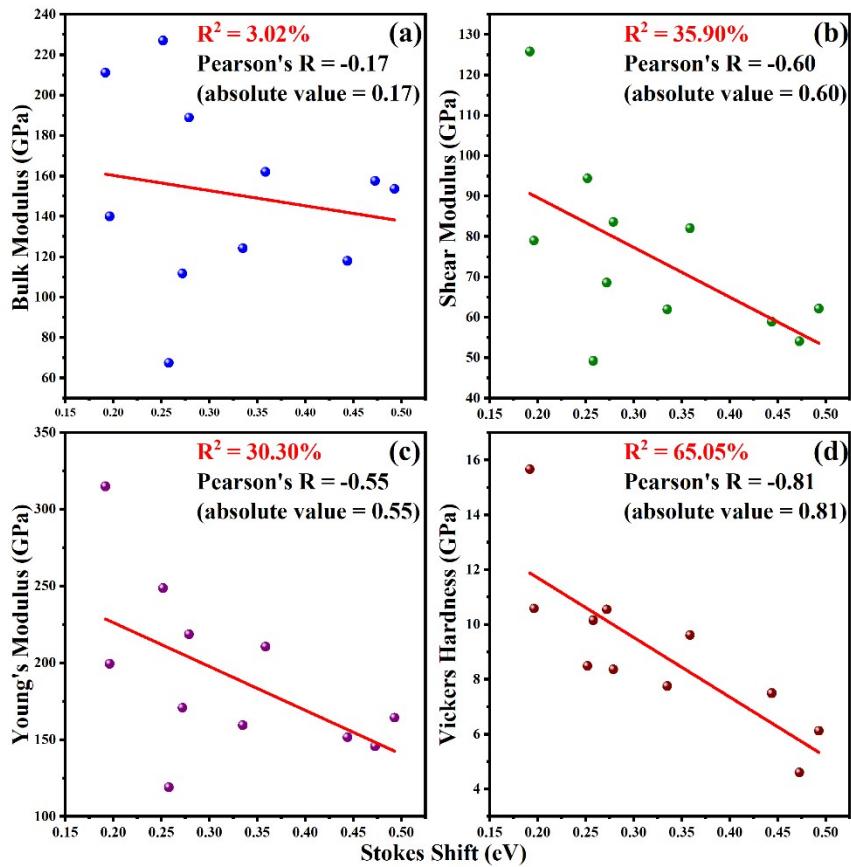


Figure S3. Correlation analysis of (a) Stokes vs Bulk modulus, (b) Stokes vs shear modulus, (c) Stokes vs Young's modulus and (d) Stokes vs Vickers hardness for Cr^{3+} -doped phosphors ($\text{SrAl}_{12}\text{O}_{19}$, $\text{Ca}_3\text{Sc}_2\text{Si}_3\text{O}_{12}$, $\text{CaMgSi}_2\text{O}_6$, KAlP_2O_7 , GaTaO_4 , ScBO_3 , $\text{Mg}_2\text{B}_2\text{O}_5$, $\text{Mg}_2\text{Ge}_2\text{O}_6$, $\text{Mg}_4\text{Ta}_2\text{O}_9$, $\text{LaSc}_3(\text{BO}_3)_4$ and $\text{LiIn}_2\text{SbO}_6$).

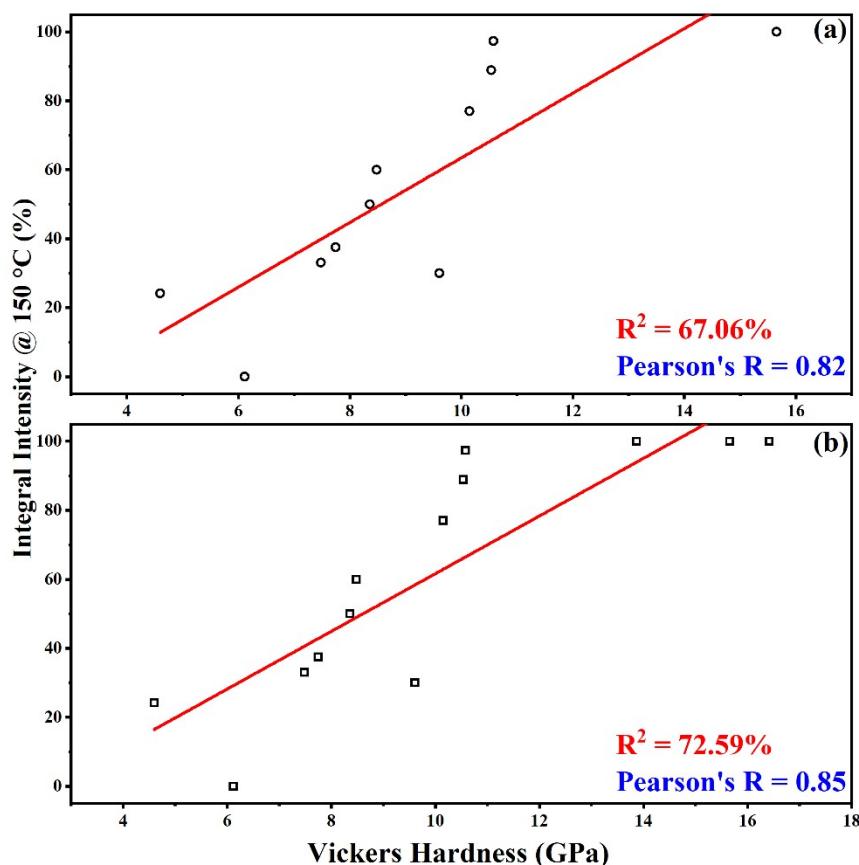


Figure S4. Correlation analysis of Vickers hardness vs thermal stabilities of for Cr³⁺-doped phosphors (a) SrAl₁₂O₁₉, Ca₃Sc₂Si₃O₁₂, CaMgSi₂O₆, KAlP₂O₇, GaTaO₄, ScBO₃, Mg₂B₂O₅, Mg₂Ge₂O₆, Mg₄Ta₂O₉, LaSc₃(BO₃)₄ and LiIn₂SbO₆, (b) Lu₃Al₅O₁₂, Y₃Al₅O₁₂, SrAl₁₂O₁₉, Ca₃Sc₂Si₃O₁₂, CaMgSi₂O₆, KAlP₂O₇, GaTaO₄, ScBO₃, Mg₂B₂O₅, Mg₂Ge₂O₆, Mg₄Ta₂O₉, LaSc₃(BO₃)₄ and LiIn₂SbO₆.

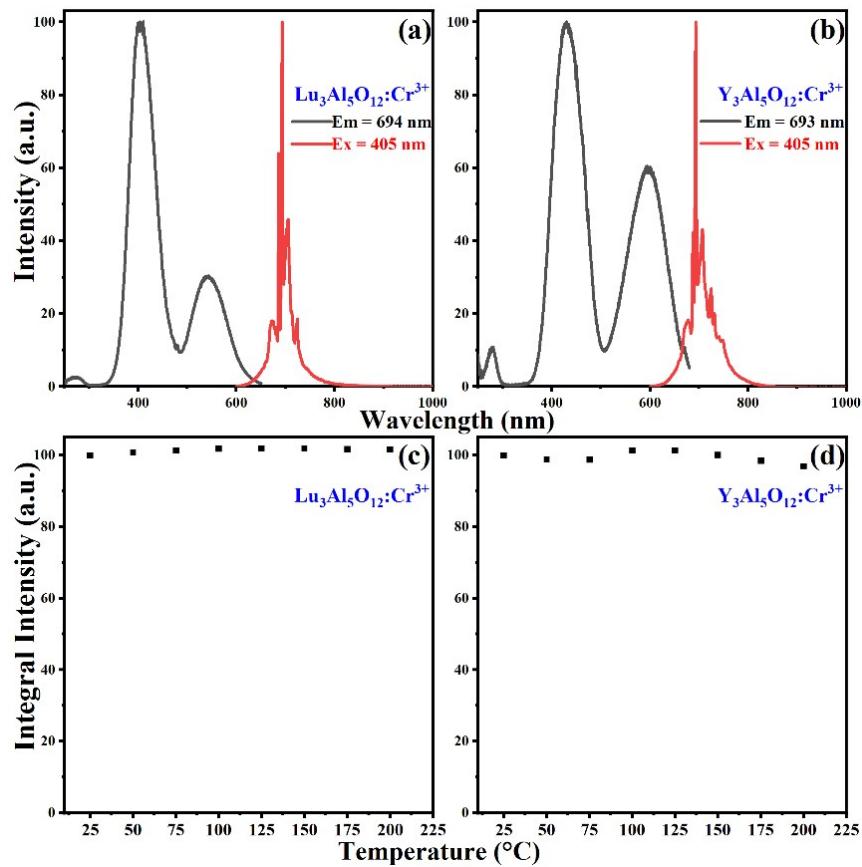


Figure S5. (a) PL and PLE spectra of Lu₃Al₅O₁₂:Cr³⁺, (b) PL and PLE spectra of Y₃Al₅O₁₂:Cr³⁺, (c) integral emission intensity of Lu₃Al₅O₁₂:Cr³⁺ dependent on temperature, (d) integral emission intensity of Y₃Al₅O₁₂:Cr³⁺ dependent on temperature.

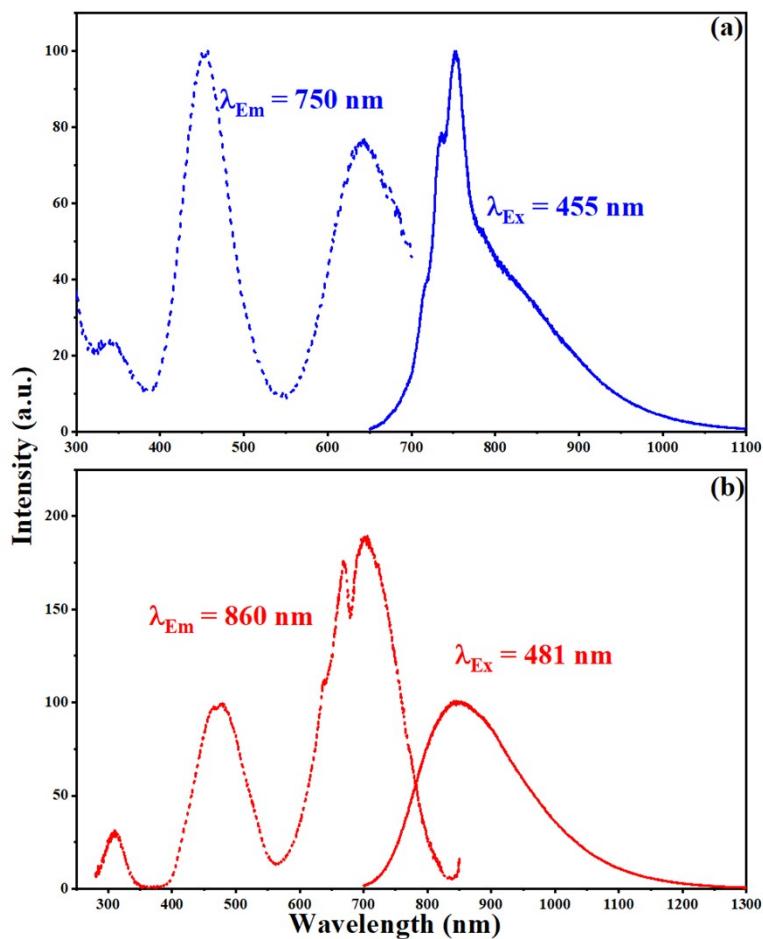


Figure S6. PL and PLE spectra of (a) La₂MgSnO₆:Cr³⁺ and (b) KMg(PO₃)₃:Cr³⁺.

Table S1. K-points setting of the systems.

System	K-point mesh (for PBEsol)	K-point mesh (for HSE06)
Lu ₃ Al ₅ O ₁₂	2×2×2	-
Y ₃ Al ₅ O ₁₂	2×2×2	-
SrAl ₁₂ O ₁₉	5×5×1	-
Ca ₃ Sc ₂ Si ₃ O ₁₂	2×2×2	-
CaMgSi ₂ O ₆	3×3×5	-
KAlP ₂ O ₇	4×3×3	1×1×1
GaTaO ₄	5×4×5	-
ScBO ₃	9×9×2	-
Mg ₂ B ₂ O ₅	4×3×8	2×2×2
Mg ₂ Ge ₂ O ₆	1×3×5	1×3×5
Mg ₄ Ta ₂ O ₉	9×9×2	-
LaSc ₃ (BO ₃) ₄	3×3×2	1×1×1
LiIn ₂ SbO ₆	5×5×3	-
KMg(PO ₃) ₃	4×4×3	2×2×1
La ₂ MgSnO ₆	6×6×4	3×3×2

Table S2. Electron configurations for atoms in the calculations.

Atom	Configuration
Li	$2s^1$
B	$2s^2 2p^1$
O	$2s^2 2p^4$
Mg	$3s^2$
Al	$3s^2 3p^1$
Si	$3s^2 3p^2$
P	$3s^2 3p^3$
K	$3p^6 4s^1$
Ca	$3p^6 4s^2$
Sc	$3d^2 4s^1$
Ga	$4s^2 4p^1$
Ge	$4s^2 4p^2$
Sr	$4s^2 4p^6 5s^2$
Y	$4s^2 4p^6 4d^2 5s^1$
In	$5s^2 5p^1$
Sn	$5s^2 5p^2$
Sb	$5s^2 5p^3$
La	$5p^6 5d^1 6s^2$
Lu	$4f^4 5s^2 5p^6 5d^1 6s^2$
Ta	$5d^4 6s^1$

Table S3. Cell parameters of $\text{Y}_3\text{Al}_5\text{O}_{12}$, $\text{Ca}_3\text{Sc}_2\text{Si}_3\text{O}_{12}$, $\text{CaMgSi}_2\text{O}_6$, GaTaO_4 , ScBO_3 and $\text{LaSc}_3(\text{BO}_3)_4$ from experimental data (Exp) and calculations by PBE and PBESol functionals.

		a (Å)	b (Å)	c (Å)	V (Å ³)	
$\text{Y}_3\text{Al}_5\text{O}_{12}$	Exp ¹	11.9900	11.9900	11.9900	1723.6835	
	PBE	12.1075	12.1075	12.1075	1774.8581	
	PBESol	11.9958	11.9958	11.9958	1726.1871	
	PBE-Error	+0.98%	+0.98%	+0.98%	+2.97%	
	PBESol-Error	+0.05%	+0.05%	+0.05%	+0.14%	
		a (Å)	b (Å)	c (Å)	V (Å ³)	
$\text{Ca}_3\text{Sc}_2\text{Si}_3\text{O}_{12}$	Exp ²	12.2500	12.2500	12.2500	1838.2656	
	PBE	12.3281	12.3281	12.3281	1873.6430	
	PBESol	12.2008	12.2008	12.2008	1816.1975	
	PBE-Error	+0.64%	+0.64%	+0.64%	+1.92%	
	PBESol-Error	-0.40%	-0.40%	-0.40%	-1.20%	
		a (Å)	b (Å)	c (Å)	β (°)	V (Å ³)
$\text{CaMgSi}_2\text{O}_6$	Exp ³	9.7500	8.9260	5.2510	105.90	439.5029
	PBE	9.8588	9.0017	5.3080	106.06	452.6815
	PBESol	9.7658	8.8985	5.2624	105.99	439.6119
	PBE-Error	+1.12%	+0.85%	+1.08%	+0.15%	+3.00%
	PBESol-Error	+0.16%	-0.31%	+0.22%	+0.08%	+0.02%
		a (Å)	b (Å)	c (Å)	β (°)	V (Å ³)
GaTaO_4	Exp ⁴	4.5879	5.5673	4.9589	90.20	126.6606
	PBE	4.6490	5.6495	5.0324	90.33	132.1715
	PBESol	4.6093	5.5882	4.9863	90.51	128.4324
	PBE-Error	+1.33%	+1.48%	+1.48%	+0.15%	+4.35%
	PBESol-Error	+0.47%	+0.38%	+0.55%	+0.35%	+1.40%
		a (Å)	b (Å)	c (Å)	V (Å ³)	
ScBO_3	Exp ⁵	4.7480	4.7480	15.2620	297.9638	
	PBE	4.7816	4.7816	15.3386	303.7162	
	PBESol	4.7425	4.7425	15.1669	295.4189	
	PBE-Error	+0.71%	+0.71%	+0.50%	+1.93%	
	PBESol-Error	-0.12%	-0.12%	-0.62%	-0.85%	

Table S4. Vickers hardness and Debye temperature data of the materials.

Material	Vickers Hardness (Gpa)	Debye Temperature (K)
Lu ₃ Al ₅ O ₁₂	16.42	675
Y ₃ Al ₅ O ₁₂	13.87	728
SrAl ₁₂ O ₁₉	15.66	882
Ca ₃ Sc ₂ Si ₃ O ₁₂	10.58	694
CaMgSi ₂ O ₆	10.54	680
KAlP ₂ O ₇	10.15	584
GaTaO ₄	8.49	515
ScBO ₃	8.36	759
Mg ₂ B ₂ O ₅	7.75	723
Mg ₂ Ge ₂ O ₆	7.49	551
Mg ₄ Ta ₂ O ₉	9.61	546
LaSc ₃ (BO ₃) ₄	4.60	565
LiIn ₂ SbO ₆	6.11	461

Table S5. Elastic parameters and band gap values of La₂MgSnO₆ and KMg(PO₃)₃.

Material	Bulk modulus (GPa)	Shear modulus (GPa)	Young modulus (GPa)	Poisson ratio	Vickers hardness (Gpa)	Debye Temp (K)	Band Gap (eV)
La ₂ MgSnO ₆	149.996	77.332	197.973	0.28	9.410	480.83	5.77
KMg(PO ₃) ₃	59.494	38.574	95.157	0.23	7.463	529.58	6.62

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