Electronic Supplementary Information

Insights into the multi-functional lithium difluoro(oxalate)borate additive in boosting Li-ion reaction kinetics for Li₃VO₄ anodes

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Figure S1 Cyclic voltammetry curve of LVO/NC NFs after the first cycle in LiDFOB-LiPF₆ double salt and LiPF₆ electrolyte.



Figure S2 Charge and discharge curves of LVO/NC NFs in LiDFOB-LiPF₆ double salt electrolyte and single LiPF_6 different electrolytes (a) the first circle (b) the second circle.



Figure S3 Charge and discharge curves of LVO/NC NFs in different electrolytes (a)LiDFOB-LiPF₆ and (b)LiPF₆ with different current densities $(0.5/1.0/2.0/3.0/5.0 \text{ A} \text{ g}^{-1})$



Figure S4 Cycling performance of LVO/NC NFs in LiPF₆ electrolyte at A high current

density of 8.0 A g⁻¹.



Figure S5 (a-c) The EIS spectra, fitted R_{ct} and complex impedance vs. $\omega^{-1/2}$ of LVO/NC NFs after 50 cycles in both electrolytes. (d-f) The EIS spectra, fitted R_{ct} and complex impedance vs. $\omega^{-1/2}$ of LVO/NC NFs after 200 cycles in both electrolytes.



Figure S6 The cycling performance of Li||Li symmetric cells with LiDFOB-LiPF₆ and LiPF₆ at the current density of 0.5 mA cm⁻² with a capacity of 0.5 mAh cm⁻² (the cycle time is 400 hours).



Figure S7 (a) CV curves of fresh LVO/NC NFs in LiPF₆ blank electrolytes at different scanning rates (b) Fitting diagram of pseudocapacitance contribution at scanning rate of $1.0 \text{mV} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (c) Ratio of pseudocapacitance contribution and diffusion contribution at different scanning speeds (d) LVO/NC CV curve of NFs electrode at different scanning rates after 200 cycles in LiPF₆ blank electrolyte (e) Fitting diagram of pseudocapacitance contribution at a scanning rate of $1.0 \text{mV} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (f) Contribution ratio of pseudocapacitance and diffusion contribution at different scanning speeds.



Figure S8 SEM images of LVO/NC NFs with different magnifications.



Figure S9 TEM images of LVO/NC NFs in (a)LiDFOB-LiPF $_6$ and (b)LiPF $_6$