Circularly Polarized Luminescence And Magneto-Optic Effect From a Chiral Dy(III)-Single-Molecule Magnet

Hong Huang, [°] Rong Sun, [°] Xiao-Fan Wu, [°] Youchao Liu, [°] Jun-Zheng Zhan, [°]

Bing-Wu Wang,*b and Song Gao *a,b

a Spin-X Institute, School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, South China University of Technology, Guangzhou 510641, P. R. China.

b Beijing National Laboratory for Molecular Sciences, State Key Laboratory of Rare Earth Materials Chemistry and Applications, Beijing Key Laboratory for Magnetoelectric Materials and Devices, College of Chemistry and Molecular Engineering, Peking University, Beijing 100871, P. R. China.

E-mail: wangbw@pku.edu.cn; gaosong@scut.edu.cn

Synthesis
Single-Crystal X-ray Diffraction Studies
PXRD measurements
Elemental Analysis
FTIR measurements
TGA measurements4
DSC measurements
CD measurements
UV measurements
Magnetic measurements
CPL measurements
Theoretical analysis
Scheme S1. Structure of the enantiopure <i>1R</i> , <i>2R</i> -H ₂ L and <i>1S</i> , <i>2S</i> -H ₂ L ligands
Figure S1. Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of 1R2R-ZnDy and 1S2S-ZnDy7
Figure S2. liquid CD spectra of Ligand and Solid-state CD spectra of 1R2R-ZnDy and 1S2S-
ZnDy7
Figure S3. TGA and DSC curves of 1R2R-ZnDy and 1S2S-ZnDy7
Figure S4. Variable-field-variable-temperature magnetization measurement for1R2R-ZnDy8
Figure S5. Field dependent in-phase (χ ') and out-of-phase (χ ") component of ac susceptibility
of 1R2R-ZnDy at 2K
Figure S6 Cole-Cole plots and temperature dependence of the relaxation time (τ)
Figure S7. MCD spectra of 1R2R-ZnDy and 1S2S-ZnDy9
Figure S8 Infrared spectrum and PL spectra of 1R2R-ZnDy10
Figure S9-S10. Theoretical calculation
Table S1 Crystal data of 1S2S-ZnDy and 1R2R-ZnDy11
Table S2. Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (deg.) for 1R2R-ZnDy12
Table S3. Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (deg.) for 1S2S-ZnDy15
Table S4-S5. Theoretical calculation for 1R2R-ZnDy
References

Contents

EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

Syntheses:

All experiments were carried out under aerobic conditions. All the solvents in these experiments were analytical grade. The lanthanide nitrate salts were purchased from Energy Chemical. (1R, 2R)-(+)-1,2-Diphenylethylenediamine and (1S, 2S)-(-)-1,2-Diphenylethylenediamine were purchased from Energy Chemical.

The ligand Phenol, 2,2'-[[(1S,2S)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl]bis[(E)-nitrilomethylidyne]]bis[6-methoxy or Phenol, <math>2,2'-[[(1R,2R)-1,2-diphenyl-1,2-ethanediyl]bis[(E)-nitrilomethylidyne]] have been synthesized according to a well-established procedure from the literature¹.

Sample preparation

The stoichiometric reaction between 1*R*, 2*R*-H₂L or 1*S*, 2*S*-H₂L (0.25 mmol, 0.115 g), Zn(OAc)₂·2H₂O (0.25 mmol, 0.055 g) and Dy(NO₃)₃·6H₂O (0.3 mmol, 0.14 g) in 10 mL of Methanol gives a clear yellow solution. Heat to 75 °C overnight, slow diffusion of diethyl-ether yields to the formation of yellow crystals which are air stable over a period of several weeks. Yield = 65 % (based on Dy) 1R2R-C₃₀H₂₈DyN₅O₁₄Zn. Elemental analysis calcd. for 1R2R-C₃₀H₂₈DyN₅O₁₄Zn (exp.): C 39.54 (39.33), H 3.07 (3.209), N 7.68 (7.38). Elemental analysis calcd. for 1S2S-C₃₀H₂₈DyN₅O₁₄Zn (exp.): C 39.54 (39.38), H 3.07 (3.05), N 7.68 (7.58). IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) for 1R2R-C₃₀H₂₈DyN₅O₁₄Zn: 3621(w), 3476(w), 2931(w), 2841(w), 1634(s), 1466(s), 1386(m), 1281(m), 1213(m), 1084(w), 971(m), 738(s), 633(w), 542(w). IR (KBr, cm⁻¹) for 1S2S-C₃₀H₂₈DyN₅O₁₄Zn: 3621(w), 3476(w), 2931(w), 2841(w), 1634(s), 1466(s), 1386(m), 1281(m), 1213(m), 1084(w), 971(m), 738(s), 633(w), 542(w).

Single-Crystal X-ray Diffraction Studies

Crystallographic data are presented in tables S1. The diffraction data were collected by using graphite-monochromatized Mo K α radiation ($\lambda = 0.71073$ Å) at 150 K on an Agilent Bruker D8. The collection of the intensity data, cell refinement, and data

reduction were carried out with the program CrysAlisPro.² The structure was solved by the direct method with program SHELXS and refined with the least-squares program SHELXL.³ Final refinements include anisotropic displacement parameters. The structure was verified using the ADDSYM algorithm from the program PLATON,⁴ and no higher symmetry was found. Details of crystal parameters, data collection, and structure refinement are summarized in Table S1. The atomic coordinates and equivalent isotropic displacement parameters are listed in Table S2. The anisotropic displacement parameters are listed in Table S3, and the selected bond distances and angles are presented in Table S4.

PXRD measurements. Powder X-ray diffraction patterns (Figure S1) were measured on a Bruke D8 ADVANCE diffractometer using Cu-Ka radiation. The 2θ range was 5-50 deg with a scan step width of 0.02 deg and a fixed counting time of 0.40 s/step.

Elemental Analysis. The C, H, and N microanalyses were carried out with a CE instruments EA 1110 elemental analyzer.

FTIR measurements. Fourier transform infrared (FTIR) spectra were obtained using a Bruker Tenor spectrophotometer.

TGA measurements. Thermogravimetric analysis (Figure S3a) was performed under nitrogen flow on a TGA-550 thermogravimetric analyzer. For 1R2R-ZnDy and 1S2S-ZnDy, TG analysis indicates that weight loss of 1.97 % occurred over the temperature range of 140 °C due to the loss of coordinated water molecules, and then the decompositions begin around 220 °C. obtained with a heating rate of 2 K/min.

DSC measurements. Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) was performed using a Netzsch DSC 204 F1 at a heating speed of 2 K/min in a nitrogen gas atmosphere.

CD measurements. The CD data were obtained by Japanese JASCO company J-810 circular dichroic spectrometer (paired with JASCO 1.6 T permanent magnet accessories). The MCD spectra were measured using a JASCO J-810 equipped with a permanent magnet (+1.6 T or -1.6 T). The scanning wavelength range is from 200 nm to 600 nm at room temperature.

UV measurements. The absorption spectra were measured by the Jasco Corporation V-780 UV-Vis-NIR spectrophotometer. The scanning wavelength range is from 200 nm to 800 nm.

Magnetic measurements.

Samples were fixed by N-grease to avoid moving during measurement. Direct current susceptibility experiment was performed on Quantum Design MPMS XL-5 SQUID magnetometer on polycrystalline samples. Alternative current susceptibility measurements with frequencies ranging from 100 to 10000 Hz were performed on Quantum Design PPMS. All dc susceptibilities were corrected for diamagnetic contribution from the sample holder, N-grease and diamagnetic contributions from the molecule using the pascal's constants.

CPL measurements.

The circularly polarized luminescence (CPL) was measured on a Jasco CPL-300 spectrophotometer based on 'Continuous' scanning mode at 200 nm/min scan speed. The test mode adopts "Slit" mode with the Ex and Em Slit width 3000 μ m and the digital integration time (D.I.T.) is 2.0 s with multiple accumulations (10 times or more).

Theoretical analysis

Ab initio calculation. *Ab initio* calculations were performed at the CASSCF/SO-RASSI level of theory with the use of SINGLE_ANISO program^[5-7] in MOLCAS 8.1 program^[8]. Two models (model 1 and model 2) were built based on the crystal structures of two crystallographically independent molecules of 1R2R-ZnDy, respectively, and no further geometric optimization was conducted. The basis sets for all atoms are atomic natural orbitals from the MOLCAS ANO-RCC library^[9-10]: ANO-RCC-VTZP for Dy(III) ions; VTZ for close N/O; VDZ for distant atoms. The calculations employed the second order Douglas-Kroll-Hess Hamiltonian, where scalar relativistic contractions were considered in the basis sets and the spin-orbit couplings were handled in the restricted active space state interaction (RASSI-SO) procedure. We have mixed the maximum number of spin-free states which was possible with our hardware (all from 21 sextets, 128 from 224 quadruplets, 130 from 490 doublets for the Dy(III) fragment). Active electrons in seven active spaces include all f electrons (CAS (9, 7)) of Dy (III) in the CASSCF calculation.

DFT calculations. Density functional theory (DFT) calculations were performed employing B3LYP functional ^[11-12] in Gaussian 09^[13]. The calculated models were established on the basis of **model 1** and **model 2** by ulteriorly replacing Dy(III) with closed-shell Y(III). Then geometry optimization was performed and vibrational analysis were conducted. After that, time-dependent DFT (TD-DFT) were performed to help explore energy transitions. All calculations employed Stuttgardt–Dresden relativistic core potential (SDD) basis set for yttrium and 6-31G(d) basis set for the remaining elements with the solvent effect considered¹⁴.



Scheme S1. Structure of the enantiopure 1*S*,2*S*-H₂L and 1*R*,2*R*-H₂L ligands.



Figure S1. Powder X-ray diffraction pattern of 1R2R-ZnDy and 1S2S-ZnDy.



Figure S2. (a) CD spectra of Ligand in DMF (b) Room temperature solid-state CD spectra of 1R2R-ZnDy and 1S2S-ZnDy. recorded as KBr pellets.



Figure S3. (a)TGA curves of 1R2R-ZnDy and 1S2S-ZnDy. (b) DSC curves of 1R2R-ZnDy and 1S2S-ZnDy.



Figure S4. (a) Plots of temperature dependence of $\chi_M T$ for 1R2R-ZnDy under H_{dc} = 1000 Oe between 2 and 300 K. (b) Magnetization versus H/T for compounds 1R2R-ZnDy.



Figure S5 Plots of field dependent in-phase (χ ') and out-of-phase (χ ") component of ac susceptibility of 1R2R-ZnDy at 2 K



Figure S6 (a) Cole-Cole plots for 1R2R-ZnDy obtained using the ac susceptibility data. The solid red lines correspond to the best fit obtained with a generalized Debye model.

(b) Temperature dependence of the relaxation time (τ). The solid red line is the best fit to the Arrhenius law.



Figure S7. MCD spectra of 1R2R-ZnDy and 1S2S-ZnDy in DMF solution in the range of 280-600 nm at room temperature



Figure S8 (a) infrared spectrum (b) PL spectra of 1R2R-ZnDy in Toluene.



Figure S9. (a) Orientation of easy axes of the ground (red) and first-excited (green) Kramers doublets on **model 1** (Dy1B). (b) Magnetization reversal barrier of 1R2R-ZnDy. The thick black lines represent the Kramers doublets. The numbers at each arrow stand for the mean absolute value of the corresponding matrix element of the transition magnetic moment. The dashed orange arrows show the relaxation pathway.



Figure S10. (a) HOMO LUMO of 1R2R-ZnDy. (b) Experimental (top) and TDDFTpredicted (bottom) UV-vis spectra of 1R2R-ZnDy complex using the B3LYP exchangecorrelation functional.

	1S2S-ZnDy	1R2R-ZnDy
Empirical formula	$C_{30}H_{28}DyN_5O_{14}Zn$	$C_{30}H_{28}DyN_5O_{14}Zn$
Formula weight	910.44	910.44
Temperature/K	150.0	150.0
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	$P2_1$	$P2_1$
a/Å	9.0327(5)	9.0362(6)
b/Å	17.1436(7)	17.1874(12)
c/Å	22.4164(17)	22.3670(14)
$\alpha/^{\circ}$	90	90
β/°	97.007(5)	97.150(2)
$\gamma/^{\circ}$	90	90
Volume/Å ³	3445.3(4)	3446.8(4)
Ζ	4	4
$ ho_{calc}g/cm^3$	1.755	1.754
μ/mm^{-1}	2.923	2.922
F(000)	1804.0	1804.0
Crystal size/mm ³	0.12 imes 0.11 imes 0.1	$0.15\times0.08\times0.05$
Radiation	Mo Ka ($\lambda = 0.71073$)	Mo Kα (λ = 0.71073)
2Θ range for data collection/°	4.364 to 59.04	4.37 to 52.954
Index ranges	$-10 \le h \le 11, -17 \le k \le 23, -31 \le l \le 25$	$-10 \le h \le 11, -20 \le k \le 21, -27 \le l \le 28$
Reflections collected	20354	30139
Independent reflections	12822 [$R_{int} = 0.0399, R_{sigma} = 0.0800$]	13003 [R_{int} = 0.1004, R_{sigma} = 0.1315]
Data/restraints/parameters	12822/82/926	13003/1355/925
Goodness-of-fit on F ²	1.043	1.029
Final R indexes [I>=2 σ (I)]	$R_1 = 0.0492, wR_2 = 0.0984$	R1 = 0.0610, wR2 = 0.1095

Table S1 Crysta	l data of 1S2S-ZnD	y and 1R2R-ZnDy
-----------------	---------------------------	------------------------

Final R indexes [all data]	$R_1 = 0.0627, wR_2 = 0.1060$	R1 = 0.1273, wR2 = 0.1395
Largest diff. peak/hole / e Å ⁻³	1.49/-1.25	0.92/-1.33
Flack parameter	0.008(18)	0.03(2)

Dy2-O28	2.282(15)	Dy1- O12	2.45(2)	
Dy2-O29	2.599(14)	Dy1- O2	2.352(16)	
Dy2-O27	2.322(16)	Dy1- O1	2.310(14)	
Dy2-O16	2.438(19)	Dy1- O11	2.613(17)	
Dy2-O23	2.47(2)	Dy1- O9	2.48(2)	
Dy2- N6	2.83(3)	Dy1- O13	2.42(2)	
Dy2- O21	2.676(17)	Dy1- O5	2.462(18)	
Dy2- O19	2.570(19)	Dy1- O4	2.582(15)	
Dy2- N8	2.90(3)	Dy1- N5	2.85(2)	
Dy2-O18	2.473(18)	Dy1- O8	2.46(2)	
Dy2-O17	2.39(2)	Dy1- O6	2.61(2)	
Dy2-O24	2.43(2)	Dy1- N3	2.89(3)	
Zn2-O28	2.007(16)	Zn1- O2	1.971(15)	
Zn2-O27	1.993(16)	Zn1-O1	1.996(15)	
Zn2-N10	1.97(2)	Zn1- O3	2.032(17)	
Zn2-O26	2.00(2)	Zn1- N2	2.046(18)	
Zn2-N9	2.076(18)	Zn1- N1	2.05(2)	
O28-Dy2- O29	129.3(5)	O12-Dy1-O11	127.3(5)	
O28-Dy2- O27	67.0(5)	O12-Dy1-O9	141.8(6)	
O28-Dy2- O16	76.2(6)	O12-Dy1-O5	72.9(7)	
O28-Dy2- O23	79.9(7)	O12-Dy1-O4	77.3(5)	
O28-Dy2- N6	79.6(7)	O12-Dy1-N5	26.5(5)	
O28-Dy2- O21	60.4(6)	O12-Dy1-O8	148.6(6)	

Table S2. Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (deg.) for 1R2R-ZnDy.

O28-Dy2- O19	117.7(6)	O12-Dy1-O6	106.9(7)
O28-Dy2-N8	104.0(8)	O12-Dy1-N3	154.8(5)
O28-Dy2- O18	149.0(6)	O2-Dy1-O12	71.2(6)
O28-Dy2- O17	87.3(7)	O2-Dy1-O11	122.3(5)
O28- Dy2- O24	129.2(8)	O2-Dy1-O9	111.8(6)
O29- Dy2-N6	102.1(7)	O2-Dy1-O13	112.6(7)
O29-Dy2-O21	155.3(6)	O2-Dy1-O5	124.3(6)
O29-Dy2-N8	77.9(7)	O2-Dy1-O4	62.0(5)
O27-Dy2-O29	62.3(5)	O2-Dy1-N5	90.8(6)
O27-Dy2-O16	112.5(7)	O2-Dy1-O8	77.4(7)
O27-Dy2-O23	77.2(7)	O2-Dy1-O6	173.9(6)
O27-Dy2-N6	90.9(7)	O2-Dy1-N3	94.8(7)
O27-Dy2-O21	121.8(6)	O1-Dy1-O12	87.8(6)
O27 -Dy2-O19	174.5(6)	O1-Dy1-O2	65.8(5)
O27 -Dy2-N8	93.0(8)	O1-Dy1-O11	62.0(6)
O27-Dy2-O18	124.1(6)	O1-Dy1-O9	129.1(7)
O27-Dy2-O17	71.0(7)	O1-Dy1-O13	75.9(6)
O27-Dy2-O24	109.8(7)	O1-Dy1-O5	151.1(6)
O16-Dy2-O29	124.7(6)	O1-Dy1-O4	127.7(5)
O16- Dy2-O23	147.3(6)	O1-Dy1-N5	79.5(6)
O16- Dy2-N6	26.3(6)	O1-Dy1-O8	80.4(6)
O16- Dy2-O21	77.9(6)	O1-Dy1-O6	120.2(6)
O16- Dy2-O19	67.2(7)	O1-Dy1-N3	105.8(7)
O16- Dy2-N8	151.4(7)	O11-Dy1-N5	101.9(6)
O16- Dy2-O18	73.0(6)	O11-Dy1-N3	77.9(6)
O23- Dy2-O29	87.7(6)	O9-Dy1-O11	84.8(6)
O23- Dy2- N6	159.0(7)	O9-Dy1-O4	72.1(6)
O23- Dy2- O21	71.0(6)	O9-Dy1-N5	148.5(6)
O23- Dy2- O19	106.1(7)	O9-Dy1-O6	65.9(7)

O23- Dy2- N8	25.1(7)	O9-Dy1-N3	25.2(6)
O23- Dy2- O18	129.1(7)	O13-Dy1-O12	53.6(6)
N6- Dy2- N8	175.5(8)	O13-Dy1-O11	76.6(6)
O21- Dy2- N6	102.1(6)	O13-Dy1-O9	135.2(7)
O21- Dy2- N8	77.6(7)	O13-Dy1-O5	75.3(6)
O19- Dy2- O29	113.0(6)	O13-Dy1-O4	126.1(6)
O19- Dy2- N6	87.2(8)	O13-Dy1-N5	27.2(6)
O19- Dy2- O21	63.7(6)	O13-Dy1-O8	146.7(6)
O19- Dy2- N8	88.7(8)	O13-Dy1-O6	69.3(7)
O18- Dy2- O29	69.9(5)	O13-Dy1-N3	149.6(7)
O18- Dy2- N6	71.9(7)	O5-Dy1-O11	113.2(6)
O18- Dy2- O21	113.9(6)	O5-Dy1-O9	75.4(7)
O18- Dy2- O19	50.4(6)	O5-Dy1-O4	69.7(6)
O18- Dy2- N8	104.0(8)	O5-Dy1-N5	73.6(6)
O17- Dy2- O29	78.0(6)	O5-Dy1-O6	50.0(7)
O17- Dy2- O16	52.3(6)	O5-Dy1-N3	100.4(7)
O17- Dy2- O23	148.1(7)	O4-Dy1-O11	155.4(6)
O17- Dy2- N6	26.1(6)	O4-Dy1-N5	102.2(6)
O17- Dy2- O21	126.7(6)	O4-Dy1-O6	112.1(6)
O17- Dy2- O19	105.7(7)	O4-Dy1-N3	77.6(6)
O17- Dy2- N8	155.2(6)	N5-Dy1-N3	173.5(6)
O17- Dy2- O18	72.3(7)	O8-Dy1-O11	71.7(6)
O17- Dy2- O24	141.9(7)	O8-Dy1-O9	51.8(6)
O24- Dy2- O29	70.2(7)	O8-Dy1-O5	126.8(7)
O24- Dy2- O16	137.0(8)	O8-Dy1-O4	87.0(6)
O24- Dy2- O23	51.8(8)	O8-Dy1-N5	159.5(6)
O24- Dy2- N6	149.0(8)	O8-Dy1-O6	104.2(7)
O24- Dy2- O21	86.6(7)	O8-Dy1-N3	26.6(6)
O24- Dy2- O19	69.9(8)	O6-Dy1-O11	63.6(6)

O24- Dy2- N8	26.7(7)	O6-Dy1-N5	89.3(7)
O24- Dy2- O18	77.4(8)	O6-Dy1-N3	84.8(7)
O28-Zn2-Dy2	39.0(4)	O2-Zn1-Dy1	40.2(5)
O28-Zn2-N9	88.3(7)	O2-Zn1-O1	79.3(6)
O27-Zn2-Dy2	40.0(4)	O2-Zn1-O3	98.3(7)
O27-Zn2-O28	78.9(6)	O2-Zn1-N2	152.8(8)
O27-Zn2-O26	105.8(8)	O2-Zn1-N1	92.3(8)
O27-Zn2-N9	145.5(8)	O1-Zn1-Dy1	39.2(4)
N10-Zn2-Dy2	128.6(6)	O1-Zn1-O3	108.6(8)
N10-Zn2-O28	149.1(9)	O1-Zn1-N2	88.8(6)
N10-Zn2-O27	93.6(7)	O1-Zn1-N1	143.4(9)
N10-Zn2-O26	106.8(8)	O3-Zn1-Dy1	105.7(6)
N10-Zn2-N9	81.1(8)	O3-Zn1-N2	108.7(8)
O26-Zn2-Dy2	107.0(6)	O3-Zn1-N1	107.8(8)
O26-Zn2-O28	104.0(8)	N2-Zn1-Dy1	124.8(5)
O26-Zn2-N9	108.3(8)	N2-Zn1-N1	82.7(8)
N9-Zn2-Dy2	122.1(5)	N1-Zn1-Dy1	124.9(6)

Table S3. Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (deg.) for 1S2S-ZnDy.

Dy1-N3	2.901(12)	Dy2- O24	2.529(10)
Dy1- O3	2.463(10)	Dy2- O19	2.449(9)
Dy1- 000X	2.601(8)	Dy2- N8	2.840(11)
Dy1- O8	2.621(10)	Dy2- N10	2.885(13)
Dy1- O9	2.462(9)	Zn1- O5	2.016(7)
Dy1- O12	2.434(11)	Zn-O6	2.004(8)
Dy1- O2	2.494(11)	Zn1- N2	2.018(11)
Dy2- O17	2.407(12)	Zn1- O14	2.014(9)
Dy2- O16	2.583(8)	Zn1- N1	2.048(9)

Dy2- O21	2.675(8)	Zn2- 000C	2.009(9)
Dy2- 000C	2.289(8)	Zn2- O15	1.978(8)
Dy2- O27	2.462(10)	Zn2- O4	1.997(9)
Dy2- O15	2.360(9)	Zn2- N7	2.055(9)
Dy2- O26	2.486(10)	Zn2- N6	2.010(11)
Dy2- O22	2.485(9)	O17-Dy2-O16	78.0(3)
O5-Dy1-O11	112.1(3)	O17-Dy2-O21	127.0(3)
O5-Dy1-O7	123.0(3)	O17-Dy2-O27	141.6(3)
O5-Dy1-N5	90.4(3)	O17-Dy2O26	147.8(3)
O5-Dy1-N3	94.7(3)	O17-Dy2-O22	73.5(3)
O5-Dy1-O3	79.2(3)	O17-Dy2-O24	106.7(3)
O5-Dy1-O00X	61.5(3)	O17-Dy2-O19	53.0(3)
O5-Dy1-O8	173.1(3)	O17-Dy2-N8	26.1(3)
O5-Dy1-O9	122.7(3)	O17-Dy2-N10	154.7(3)
O5-Dy1-O12	70.7(3)	O16-Dy2-O21	155.1(3)
O5-Dy1-O2	111.2(3)	O16-Dy2-N8	102.1(3)
O6-Dy1-O5	66.4(2)	O16-Dy2-N10	76.9(3)
O6-Dy1-O11	75.7(3)	O21-Dy2-N8	102.5(3)
O6-Dy1-O7	62.1(3)	O21-Dy2-N10	78.2(3)
O6-Dy1-N5	79.2(3)	O00C-Dy2-O17	86.7(3)
O6-Dy1-N3	106.4(3)	O00C-Dy2-O16	128.4(3)
O6-Dy1-O3	81.5(3)	O00C-Dy2-O21	60.9(3)
O6-Dy1-O00X	127.9(3)	O00C-Dy2-O27	130.4(4)
O6-Dy1-O8	120.2(3)	O00C-Dy2-O15	66.2(3)
O6-Dy1-O9	150.6(3)	O00C-Dy2-O26	81.2(3)
O6-Dy1-O12	87.2(3)	O00C-Dy2-O22	149.3(3)
O6-Dy1-O2	130.4(3)	O00C-Dy2-O24	117.4(3)
O11-Dy1-O7	77.2(3)	O00C-Dy2-O19	76.2(3)
O11-Dy1-N5	26.7(3)	O00C-Dy2-N8	79.3(3)

O11-Dy1-N3	150.7(3)	O00C-Dy2-N10	106.3(4)
O11-Dy1-O3	146.9(3)	O27-Dy2-O16	70.8(3)
O11-Dy1-O00X	125.6(3)	O27-Dy2-O21	86.2(3)
O11-Dy1-O8	69.5(3)	O27-Dy2-O26	52.1(4)
O11-Dy1-O9	75.2(3)	O27-Dy2-O22	75.6(3)
O11-Dy1-O12	52.7(3)	O27-Dy2-O24	68.4(4)
O11-Dy1-O2	136.0(4)	O27-Dy2-N8	147.8(4)
O7-Dy1-N5	102.0(3)	O27-Dy2-N10	25.9(4)
O7-Dy1-N3	78.4(3)	O15-Dy2-O17	70.6(3)
O7-Dy1-O00X	155.3(3)	O15-Dy2-O16	62.2(3)
O7-Dy1-O8	63.8(3)	O15-Dy2-O21	121.3(3)
N5-Dy1-N3	173.6(3)	O15-Dy2-O27	111.4(3)
O3-Dy1-O7	71.0(3)	O15-Dy2-O26	77.2(4)
O3-Dy1-N5	160.4(3)	O15-Dy2-O22	125.1(3)
O3-Dy1-N3	25.6(3)	O15-Dy2-O24	175.7(3)
O3-Dy1-O00X	87.3(3)	O15-Dy2-O19	112.7(3)
O3-Dy1-O8	103.2(3)	O15-Dy2-N8	90.6(3)
O3-Dy1-O2	51.2(4)	O15-Dy2-N10	94.4(4)
O00X-Dy1-N5	102.3(3)	O26-Dy2-O16	86.4(3)
O00X-Dy1-N3	77.0(3)	O26-Dy2-O21	71.6(3)
O00X-Dy1-O8	111.9(3)	O26-Dy2-O24	105.4(4)
O8-Dy1-N5	89.1(3)	O26-Dy2-N8	160.0(3)
O8-Dy1-N3	85.3(3)	O26-Dy2-N10	26.2(4)
O9-Dy1-O7	114.1(3)	O22-Dy2-O16	70.9(3)
O9-Dy1-N5	73.2(3)	O22-Dy2-O21	113.3(3)
O9-Dy1-N3	100.8(3)	O22-Dy2-O26	127.4(3)
O9-Dy1-O3	126.3(3)	O22-Dy2-O24	50.5(3)
O9-Dy1-O00X	69.0(3)	O22-Dy2-N8	72.6(3)
O9-Dy1-O8	50.7(3)	O22-Dy2-N10	101.3(4)

O9-Dy1-O2	75.3(3)	O24-Dy2-O16	114.2(3)
O12-Dy1-O7	127.0(3)	O24-Dy2-O21	63.0(3)
O12-Dy1-N5	26.2(3)	O24-Dy2-N8	87.8(3)
O12-Dy1-N3	154.6(3)	O24-Dy2-N10	86.9(4)
O12-Dy1-O3	149.8(3)	O19-Dy2-O16	125.4(3)
O12-Dy1-O00X	77.7(3)	O19-Dy2-O21	77.7(3)
O12-Dy1-O8	106.7(3)	O19-Dy2-O27	135.2(3)
O12-Dy1-O9	72.4(3)	O19-Dy2-O26	148.1(3)
O12-Dy1-O2	141.0(3)	O19-Dy2-O22	73.2(3)
O2-Dy1-O7	86.0(3)	O19-Dy2-O24	66.9(3)
O2-Dy1-N5	148.1(3)	O19-Dy2-N8	27.0(3)
O2-Dy1-N3	25.6(3)	O19-Dy2-N10	150.4(3)
O2-Dy1-O00X	70.8(3)	N8-Dy2-N10	173.6(4)
O2-Dy1-O8	66.6(4)	O00C-Zn2-Dy2	38.7(2)
O5-Zn1-Dy1	39.6(2)	O00C-Zn2-N7	88.0(4)
O5-Zn1-N2	92.5(4)	O00C-Zn2-N6	149.8(4)
O5-Zn1-N1	152.7(4)	O15-Zn2-Dy2	40.5(2)
O6-Zn1-Dy1	39.00(19)	O15-Zn2-O00C	79.1(3)
O6-Zn1-O5	78.5(3)	O15-Zn2-O4	104.8(4)
O6-Zn1-N2	140.5(4)	O15-Zn2-N7	145.4(4)
O6-Zn1-O14	111.1(4)	O15-Zn2-N6	92.2(4)
06-Zn1-N1	88.6(3)	O4-Zn2-Dy2	106.6(3)
N2-Zn1-Dy1	123.8(3)	O4-Zn2-O00C	103.9(4)
N2-Zn1-N1	82.3(4)	O4-Zn2-N7	109.4(4)
O14-Zn1-Dy1	107.0(3)	O4-Zn2-N6	106.3(4)
O14-Zn1-O5	98.8(4)	N7-Zn2-Dy2	121.3(3)
O14-Zn1-N2	108.2(4)	N6-Zn2-Dy2	127.9(3)
O14-Zn1-N1	108.3(4)	N6-Zn2-N7	83.0(4)
N1-Zn1-Dy1	124.8(3)		

Table S4. Calculated energy levels and $g(g_x, g_y, g_z)$ tensors of the lowest Kramers doublets (KDs) of individual Dy(III) fragment for model 1(Dy1A) and model 1(Dy1B) for 1R2R-ZnDy.

VD-	1				2	
KDS	E / cm^{-1}	E / K	g	E / cm^{-1}	E / K	g
1			0.041			0.038
			0.049			0.070
	0.0	0.0	18.888	0.0	0.0	19.116
2			0.910			0.818
			2.350			2.586
	68.9	99.0	17.189	70.9	101.9	17.238
3			0.536			0.015
			1.280			2.443
	98.4	141.5	17.147	123.4	177.5	14.092
••••••			0.319			0.182
4			3.229			1.249
	131.4	188.9	10.869	153.3	220.4	14.949
			0.407			0.795
5			2.445			1.788
	185.8	267.2	13.678	179.6	258.2	15.620
			1.540			7.570
6			4.495			6.104
	243.1	349.6	7.582	232.6	334.5	2.645
7			2.088			1.776
			5.402			3.149
	298.9	429.8	12.973	304.4	437.8	13.281
8			0.106			0.061
			0.253			0.131
	439.9	632.6	18.796	493.2	709.3	19.061

Table S5. Wave functions with definite projection of the total moment $|m_J\rangle$ for of the lowest Kramers doublets (KDs) of individual Dy(III) fragment model 1(Dy1A) and model 1(Dy1B) for 1R2R-ZnDy.

	<i>E</i> / cm ⁻¹	wave functions
1	0.0	83.6% ±15/2>+14.7% ±11/2>
	68.9	$4.3\% \pm 11/2 > +28.1\% \pm 9/2 > +22.9\% \pm 7/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +14.5\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +14.5\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +14.5\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +14.5\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +14.5\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +14.5\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +14.5\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +14.5\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +14.5\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +14.5\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +14.5\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +12.4\% \pm 3/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +15.7\% \pm 1/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2 > +12.4\% \pm 5/2$
2	0.0	90.0% ±15/2>+5.8% ±9/2>
	70.9	$10.4\% \pm 9/2 > + 26.1\% \pm 7/2 > + 19.1\% \pm 5/2 > + 19.4\% \pm 3/2 > + 18.4\% \pm 1/2 > + 18.4\% \pm 18$

References

- Y. Jinag, L. Gong, X. Feng, W. Hu, W. Pan, Z. Li and A. Mi, *Tetrahedron*. 1997, 53, 14327-14338.
- 2. CrysAlisPro. Version 1.171. 36.28; Agilent Technologies, Santa Clara, CA, 2013.
- G. M. Sheldrick, A short history of SHELX. Acta Crystallogr. Sect. A: Found. Crystallogr. 2008, 64, 112-122.
- 4. A. L. Spek, Single-crystal structure validation with the program PLATON. *J. Appl. Crystallogr*. 2003, **36**, 7-13.
- L. F. Chibotaru, L. Ungur, *Ab* initio calculation of anisotropic magnetic properties of complexes. I. Unique definition of pseudospin Hamiltonians and their derivation. *J. Chem. Phys.*, 2012, **137**, 064112.
- L. F. Chibotaru, L. Ungur, C. Aronica, H. Elmoll, G. Pilet and D. Luneau, Structure, Magnetism, and Theoretical Study of a Mixed-Valence Co^{II}₃Co^{III}₄ Heptanuclear Wheel: Lack of SMM Behavior despite Negative Magnetic Anisotropy, *J. Am. Chem. Soc.*, 2008, **130**, 12445-12455.
- L. F. Chibotaru, L. Ungur and A. Soncini, The Origin of Nonmagnetic Kramers Doublets in the Ground State of Dysprosium Triangles: Evidence for a Toroidal Magnetic Moment. *Angew. Chem., Int. Ed.*, 2008, 47, 4126-4129.
- F. Aquilante, J. Autschbach, R. K. Carlson, L. F. Chibotaru, M. G. Delcey, L. D. Vico, I. F. Galván, N. Ferré, L. M. Frutos, L. Gagliardi, M. Garavelli, A. Giussani, C. E. Hoyer, G. Manni, L. H. Lischka, D.-X. Ma, P.-Å. Malmqvist, T. Müller, A. Nenov, M. Olivucci, T. B. Pedersen, B.-D. Peng, F. Plasser, B. Pritchard, M. Reiher, I. Rivalta, I. Schapiro, J. Segarra-Martí, M. Stenrup, D. G. Truhlar, L. Ungur, A. Valentini, S. Vancoillie, V. Veryazov, V. P. Vysotskiy, O. Weingart and F. Zapata, R. Lindh, MOLCAS 8: New Capabilities for Multiconfigurational Quantum Chemical Calculations across the Periodic Table. *J. Comput. Chem.* 2016, **37**, 506-541.
- B. O. Roos, R. Lindh, P.-Å. Malmqvist, V. Veryazov and P.-O. Widmark, Main Group Atoms and Dimers Studied with a New Relativistic ANO Basis Set. J. Phys. Chem. A, 2004, 108, 2851-2858.

- B. O. Roos, R. Lindh, P.-Å. Malmqvist, V. Veryazov and P.-O. Widmark, New relativistic ANO basis sets for actinide atoms. *Chem. Phys. Lett.* 2005, 409, 295-299.
- C. Lee, W.-T. Yang and R. G. Parr, Development of the Colic Salvetti correlationenergy formula into a functional of the electron density. *Phys. Rev. B*, 1988, **37**, 785-789.
- A. D. Becke, Density-functional thermochemistry. III. The role of exact exchange. J. Chem. Phys., 1993, 98, 5648-5652.
- M. J. Frisch, G. W. Trucks, H. B. Schlegel, G. E. Scuseria, M. A. Robb, J. R. Cheeseman, G. Scalmani, V. Barone, B. Mennucci and A. G. Petersson, Gaussian 09 Rev. A.02, Wallingford, CT, 2009.
- 14. G. A. Petersson, A. Bennett, T. G. Tensfeldt, M. A. Al-Laham, W. A. Shirley and J. Mantzaris, "A complete basis set model chemistry. I. The total energies of closed-shell atoms and hydrides of the first-row atoms". J. Chem. Phys., 1988, 89, 2193-2198.