## Quaternary alkaline-earth metal thiophosphate SrAgPS<sub>4</sub>: syntheses, structure, and optical properties

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**Figure S1** (a) Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) image of SrAgPS<sub>4</sub>; (b) Elemental distribution of the as-grown crystal (from left to right: Sr, Ag, P, S). (c) Elemental analysis of SrAgPS<sub>4</sub> by EDX spectroscopy.



Figure S2 Powder XRD patterns of  $SrAgPS_4$  before and after differential scanning calorimetry measurement.



Figure S3 Two adjacent layers are arranged antiparallel to each other.



Figure S4 The Photo of SrAgPS4 crystals.



Figure S5 FT-IR spectra for SrAgPS4.

Table S1 Selected Bond Lengths (Å) and Bond Angles (°) for SrAgPS<sub>4</sub>.

Sr1—S1	3.0053 (12)	Ag1A—S2 <sup>vi</sup>	2.761 (5)
Sr1—S1 <sup>i</sup>	3.0053 (12)	Ag1A—S3 <sup>iv</sup>	2.552 (7)
Sr1—S3 <sup>ii</sup>	3.0789 (15)	Ag1B—S1 <sup>vii</sup>	2.469 (5)
Sr1—S3 <sup>iii</sup>	3.0789 (15)	Ag1B—S2 <sup>vi</sup>	2.509 (5)
$Sr1$ — $S2^{i}$	3.1731 (16)	Ag1B—S3 <sup>iv</sup>	2.622 (7)
Sr1—S2 <sup>iv</sup>	3.1740 (18)	P1—S1	2.062 (3)
Sr1—S2 <sup>v</sup>	3.1740 (18)	P1—S2	2.040 (2)
Sr1—S2	3.1731 (17)	P1—S2 <sup>vii</sup>	2.040 (2)
Ag1A—S1	2.473 (6)	P1—S3	2.049 (3)
S1—Ag1A—S3 <sup>iv</sup>	104.0 (3)	S1—Ag1B—S3 <sup>iv</sup>	102.1 (2)
S1—Ag1A—S2 <sup>viii</sup>	136.89 (15)	S1—Ag1B—S2 <sup>vi</sup>	156.1 (3)
S1—Ag1A—S2 <sup>vi</sup>	136.89 (15)	S2 <sup>vi</sup> —Ag1B—S3 <sup>iv</sup>	101.76 (18)
S3 <sup>iv</sup> —Ag1A—S2 <sup>vi</sup>	96.99 (18)	S3—P1—S1	106.05 (14)
S3 <sup>iv</sup> —Ag1A—S2 <sup>viii</sup>	96.99 (18)	S2 <sup>vii</sup> —P1—S1	107.32 (8)
S2 <sup>vi</sup> —Ag1A—S2 <sup>viii</sup>	75.22 (17)	S2—P1—S1	107.32 (8)
Sr1 <sup>ix</sup> —Ag1B—Sr1 <sup>x</sup>	101.5 (4)	S2—P1—S3	112.18 (9)
S1—Ag1B—Sr1 <sup>x</sup>	102.4 (3)	S2 <sup>vii</sup> —P1—S3	112.18 (9)
S1—Ag1B—Sr1 <sup>ix</sup>	140.9 (7)	S2—P1—S2 <sup>vii</sup>	111.41 (15)

Symmetry codes: (i) -x+1, -y+1, z; (ii) -x+1, -y+3/2, z-1/2; (iii) x, y-1/2, z-1/2; (iv) x, y-1/2, z+1/2; (v) -x+1, -y+3/2, z+1/2; (vi) -x+3/2, y, z; (viii) x, y, z+1; (ix) x+1/2, -y+1, z+1; (x) x+1/2, -y+3/2, z+1/2.

Atom	Wyckoff site	Occupancy	x	у	ζ	U(eq)
Sr <sup>1</sup>	4a	1	5000	5000	2962.4(17)	16.6(3)
Ag <sup>1A</sup>	4b	0.50(5)	7500	6626(7)	8624(9)	47(4)
Ag <sup>1B</sup>	8c	0.25(3)	8170(30)	6560(9)	8489(13)	54(4)
$\mathbf{P}^1$	4b	1	7500	7861.8(19)	3208(4)	8.7(5)
$\mathbf{S}^1$	4b	1	7500	6093(2)	4851(4)	11.9(5)
$S^2$	8c	1	5830.8(18)	7886.3(16)	1413(3)	16.6(4)
<b>S</b> <sup>3</sup>	4b	1	7500	9349(2)	5402(4)	15.4(5)

**Table S2** Fractional Atomic Coordinates (×10<sup>4</sup>) and Equivalent Isotropic Displacement Parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>×10<sup>3</sup>) forSrAgPS<sub>4</sub>. U<sub>eq</sub> is defined as 1/3 of the trace of the orthogonalised U<sub>IJ</sub> tensor.

 $Table \ S3 \ {\rm Bond} \ valence \ sums \ for \ SrAgPS_4.$ 

Atom	Valence	BVSum
Sr1	2.000	2.011
Ag1A	1.000	1.044
Ag1B	1.000	1.083
P1	5.000	5.206
S1	-2.000	2.292
S2	-2.000	2.111
S3	-2.000	1.939

**Table S4** Structure and properties comparison of  $SrCdGeS_4$ -type compounds crystallized in the orthorhombicsystem space group of Ama2.

Compounds	Space Group	E <sub>g</sub> (eV)	SHG (×AGS)	Phase- matching	Congruent- melting (Tm/Tc)	Ref.
SrCdGeS <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	2.6	1.7	yes	987/946	[1]
EuCdGeS <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	2.5	2.6	yes	997/864	[2]
EuCdGeSe <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	2.25	3.8	yes	882/723	[2]
BaHgGeSe <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	2.49	4.7	yes	732/589	[3]
SrHgGeSe <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	2.42	4.8	yes	745/684	[3]
$\beta$ -BaHgSnS <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	2.77	2.8	yes	no	[4]
SrHgSnS <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	2.72	1.9	yes	no	[4]
EuHgGeS <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	2.04	0.9	yes	-	[5]
EuHgGeSe <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	1.97	3.1	yes	764/651	[6]
EuHgSnS <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	2.14	1.77	yes	no	[6]
SrAgAsS <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	2.31	1.35	yes	no	[7]
SrAgPS <sub>4</sub>	Ama2	2.97	1.10	yes	no	This work

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