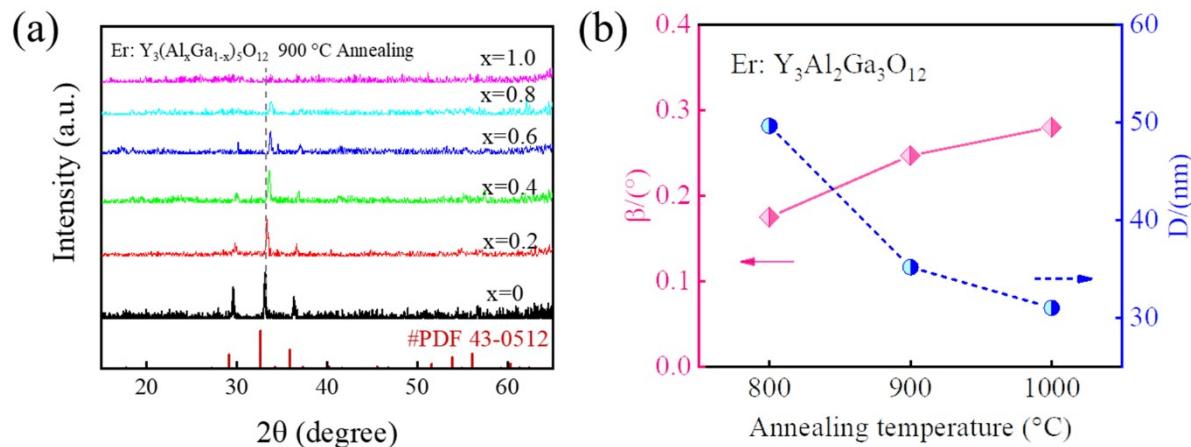


## Supplementary Material

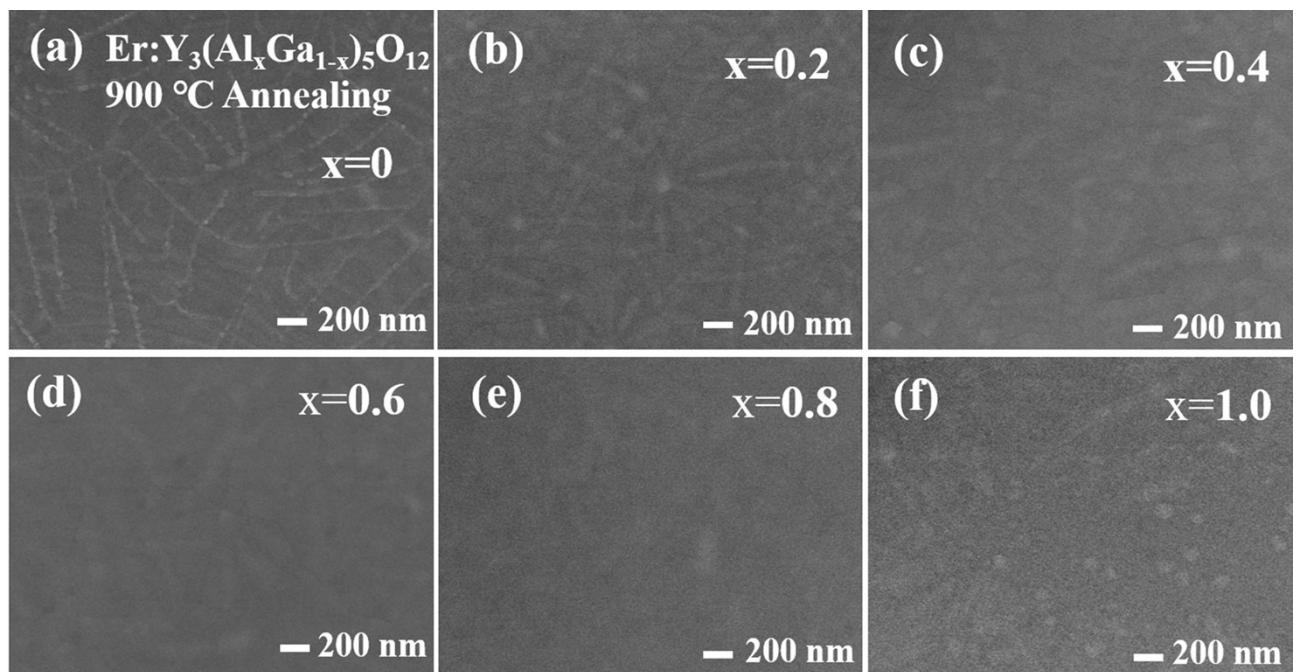
### Atomic layer deposition of Er-doped yttrium aluminum gallium garnet nanofilms with tunable crystallization and electroluminescence properties

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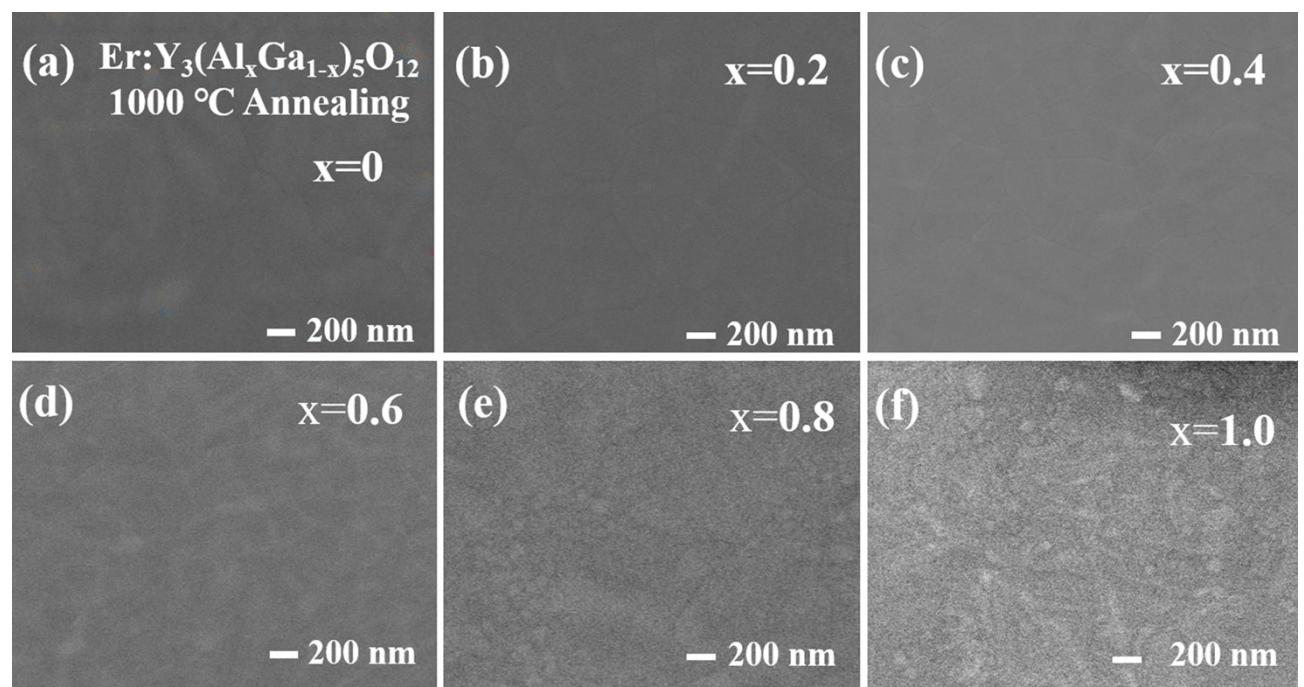
School of Materials Science and Engineering, Tianjin Key Lab for Rare Earth Materials and Applications, Nankai University, Tianjin 300350, China



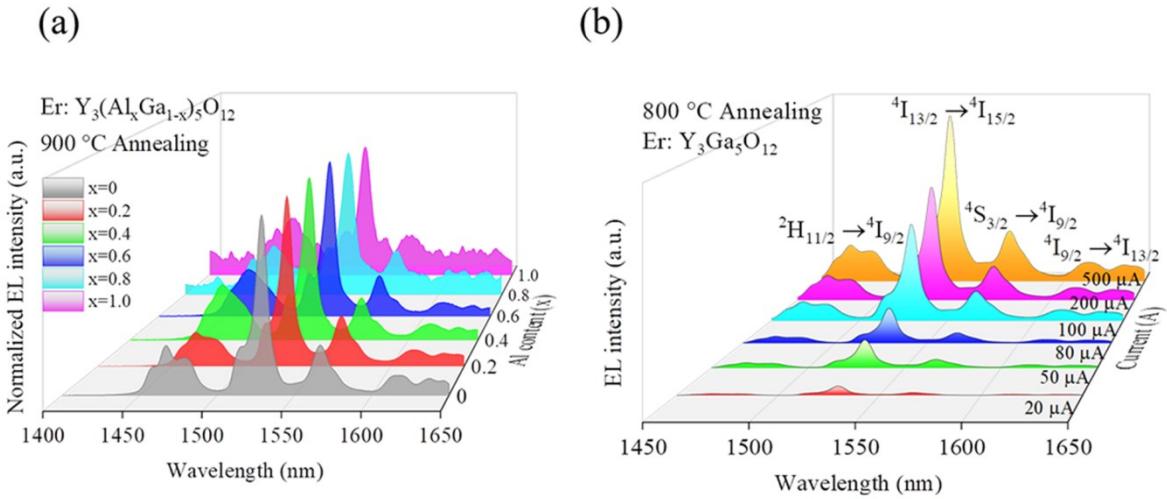
**Figure S1.** (a) XRD patterns of Er-doped  $\text{Y}_3(\text{Al}_x\text{Ga}_{1-x})_5\text{O}_{12}$  nanofilms with different Al contents that annealed at 900 °C. (b) The distribution of  $\beta$ (FWHM) and  $D$  (calculated crystallite size) in the  $\text{Y}_3\text{Al}_2\text{Ga}_3\text{O}_{12}$  ( $x=0.4$ ) nanolaminates annealed at different temperatures.



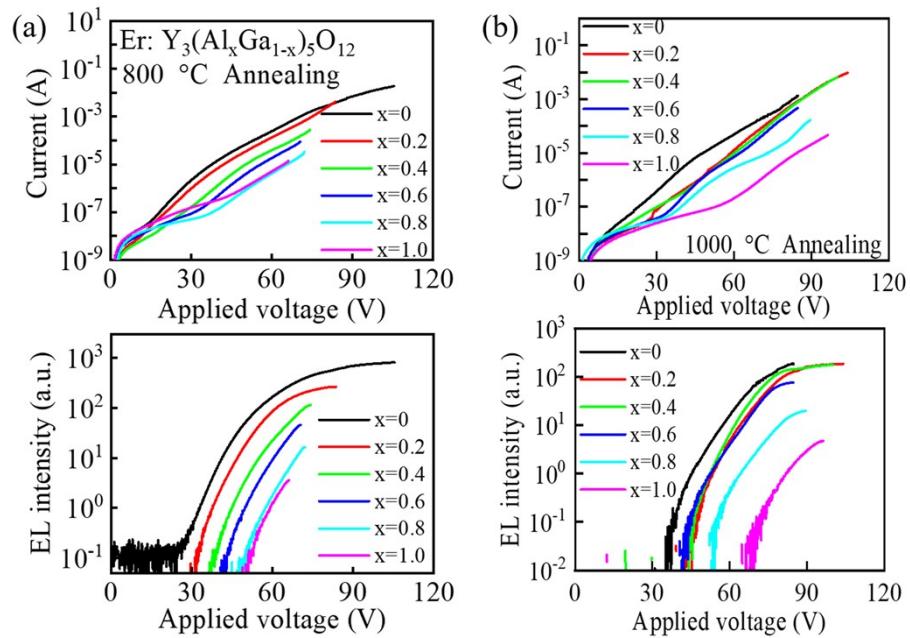
**Figure S2.** SEM images of the 900 °C annealed Er-YAGG nanofilms with different Al contents.



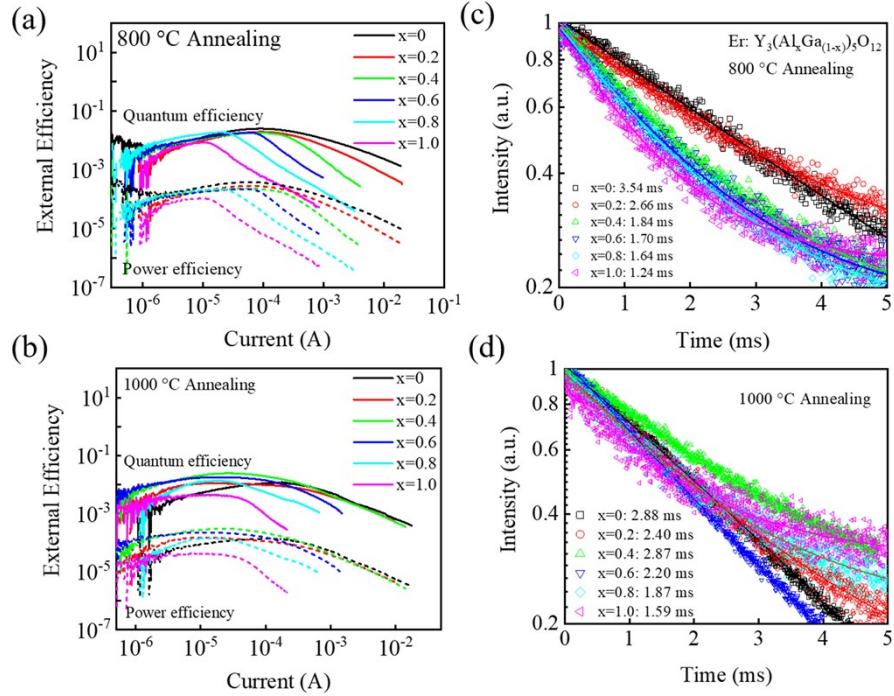
**Figure S3.** SEM images of the 1000 °C annealed Er-YAGG nanofilms with different Al contents.



**Figure S4.** (a) The Normalized NIR EL spectra of Er-YAGG MOSLEDs with different Al contents annealed at 900 °C. (b) The NIR EL spectra from the MOSLEDs based on the 800 °C annealed  $\text{Y}_3\text{Ga}_5\text{O}_{12}$ :Er nanofilms under different injection currents.



**Figure S5.** The dependence of the 1530 nm EL intensities and the injection currents on the applied voltages for the Er-YAGG MOSLEDs with different Al contents annealed at (a) 800 °C and (b) 1000 °C.



**Figure S6.** Power efficiencies and external quantum efficiencies versus the injection currents of Er-YAGG MOSLEDs with different Al contents annealed at (a) 800 °C and (b) 1000 °C. Their EL decay traces are compared in (c) and (d), respectively.

**Table S1.** The EL intensity (a.u.), power density, EQE and EL decay lifetime  $\tau$  from the Er-YAGG nanolaminate MOSLEDs with different annealing temperatures and Al contents.

Er: YAG G	800 °C Annealing				900 °C Annealing				1000 °C Annealing			
	EL	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	EQE (%)	$\tau$ (ms)	EL	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	EQE (%)	$\tau$ (ms)	EL	Power Density (mW/cm <sup>2</sup> )	EQE (%)	$\tau$ (ms)
x=0	814	10.03	2.51	3.54	270	3.36	1.9	3.36	260	3.12	1.2	2.88
x=0.2	265	3.23	1.99	2.66	165	2.01	1.67	2.56	190	2.27	1.1	2.40
x=0.4	118	1.42	1.80	1.84	140	1.67	3.29	3.10	160	2.17	2.41	2.87
x=0.6	43	0.50	1.70	1.70	118	1.39	2.8	2.43	75	0.93	1.7	2.20
x=0.8	16.5	0.16	1.90	1.64	22	0.26	0.64	1.85	27	0.27	1.3	1.87
x=1.0	3.4	0.03	0.70	1.24	4.5	0.05	0.8	1.58	4.7	0.06	0.45	1.59