

From Cu(I) and Cu(I)-Cu(II) mixed-valence clusters to 2D Cu(II) and Cu(I) coordination polymers supported by a flexible bis-tetrazole organosulfur ligand.

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Supplementary material

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1. Characterization

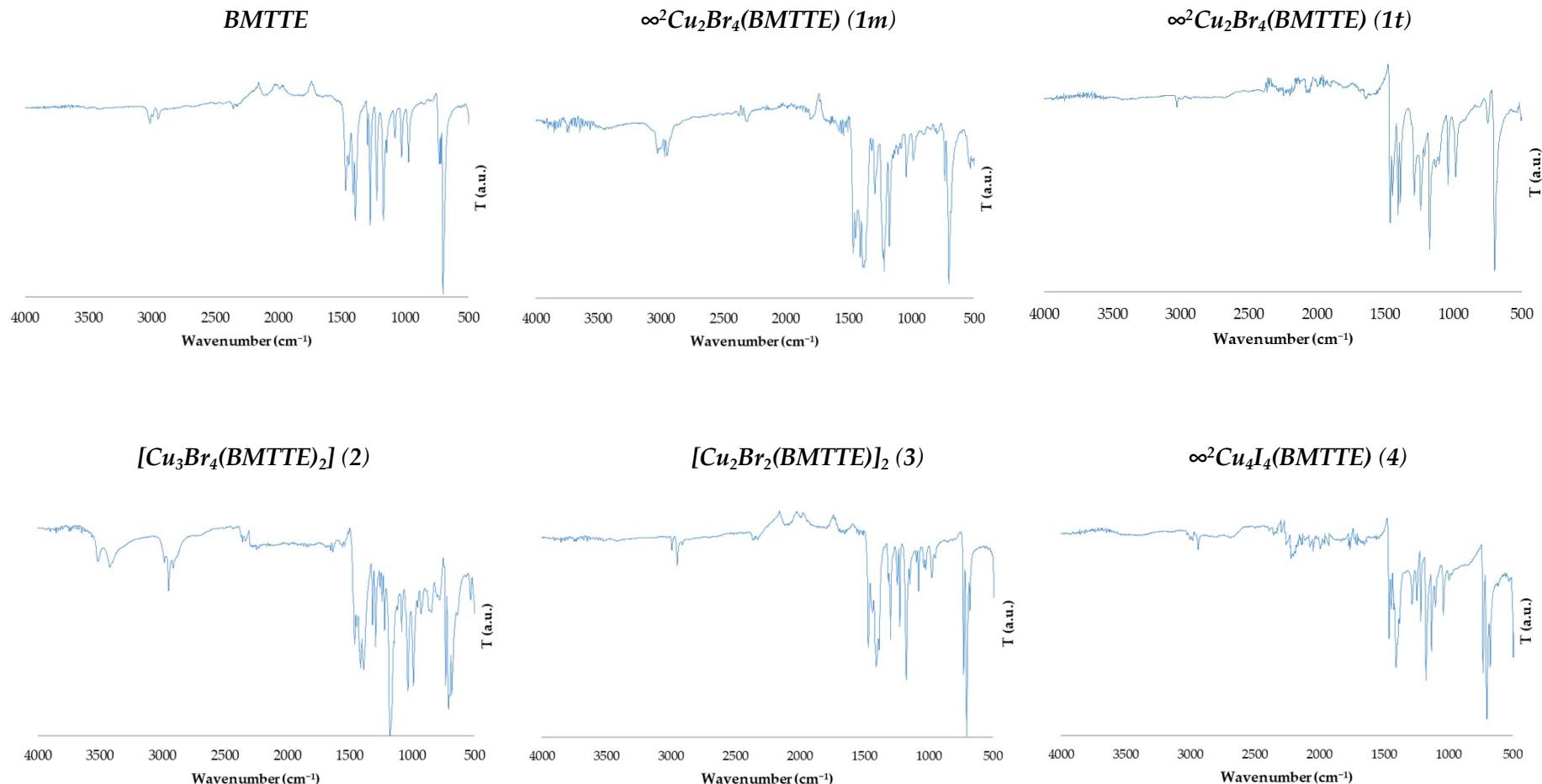
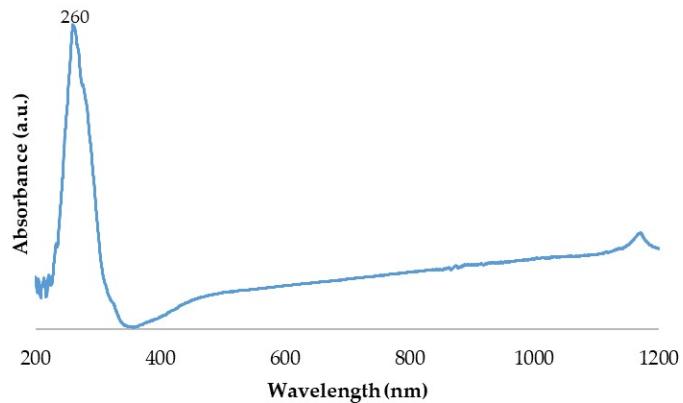
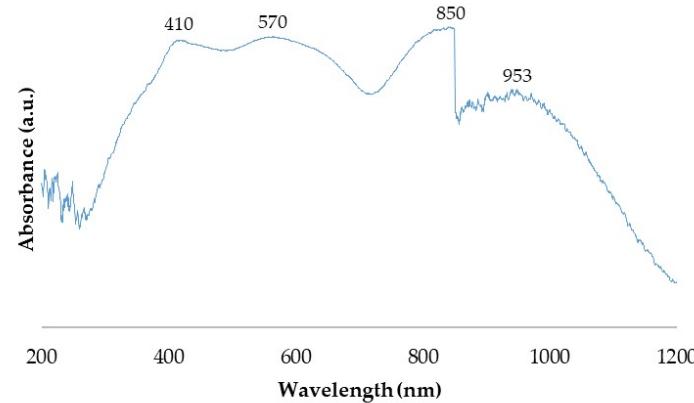


Figure S1: Infrared spectra (IR) of the BMTTE ligand and the complexes **1-4**.

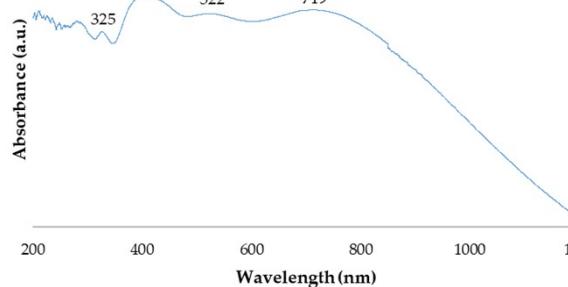


BMTTE

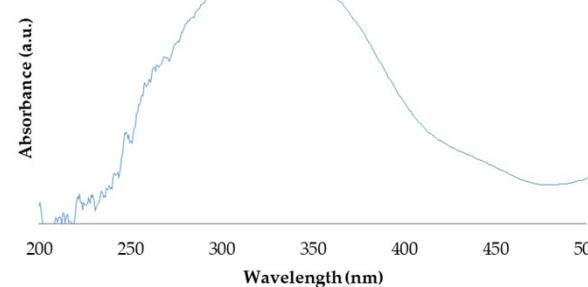


$\infty^2 Cu_2Br_4(BMTTE)$ (1 mix)

$[Cu_3Br_4(BMTTE)_2]$ (2)



$[Cu_2Br_2(BMTTE)]_2$ (3)



$\infty^2 Cu_4I_4(BMTTE)$ (4)

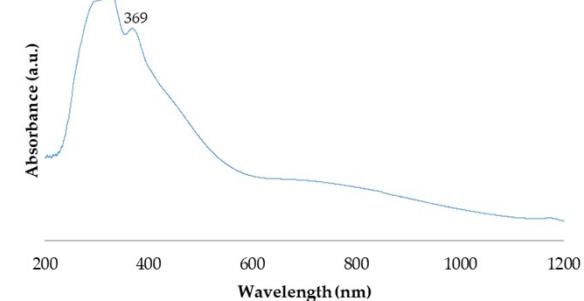


Figure S2: UV-Vis spectra of the BMTTE ligand and the complexes 1-4.

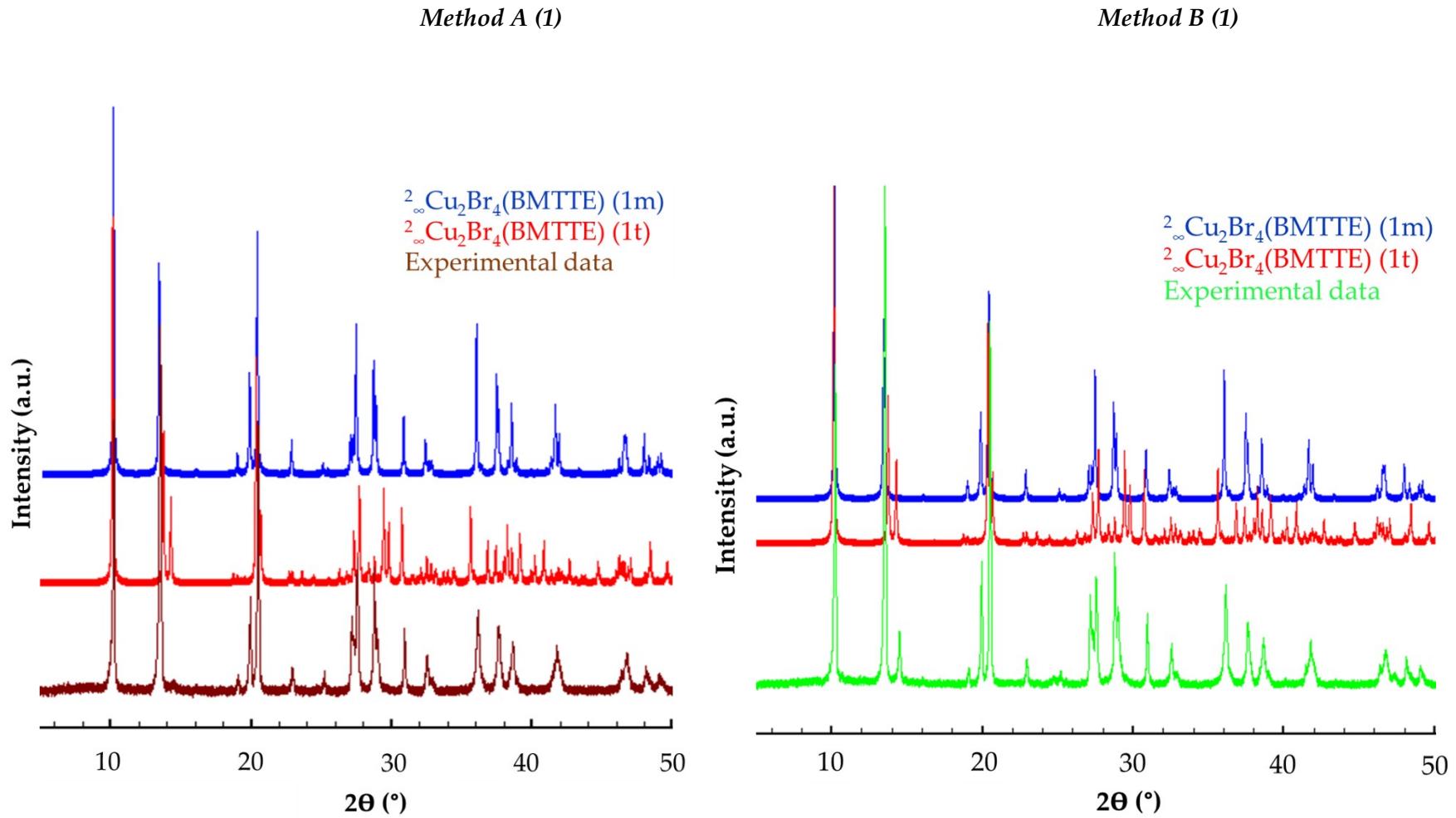


Figure S3: Powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD) comparison between bulk experimental data and simulation based on single crystal X-ray diffraction of **1**

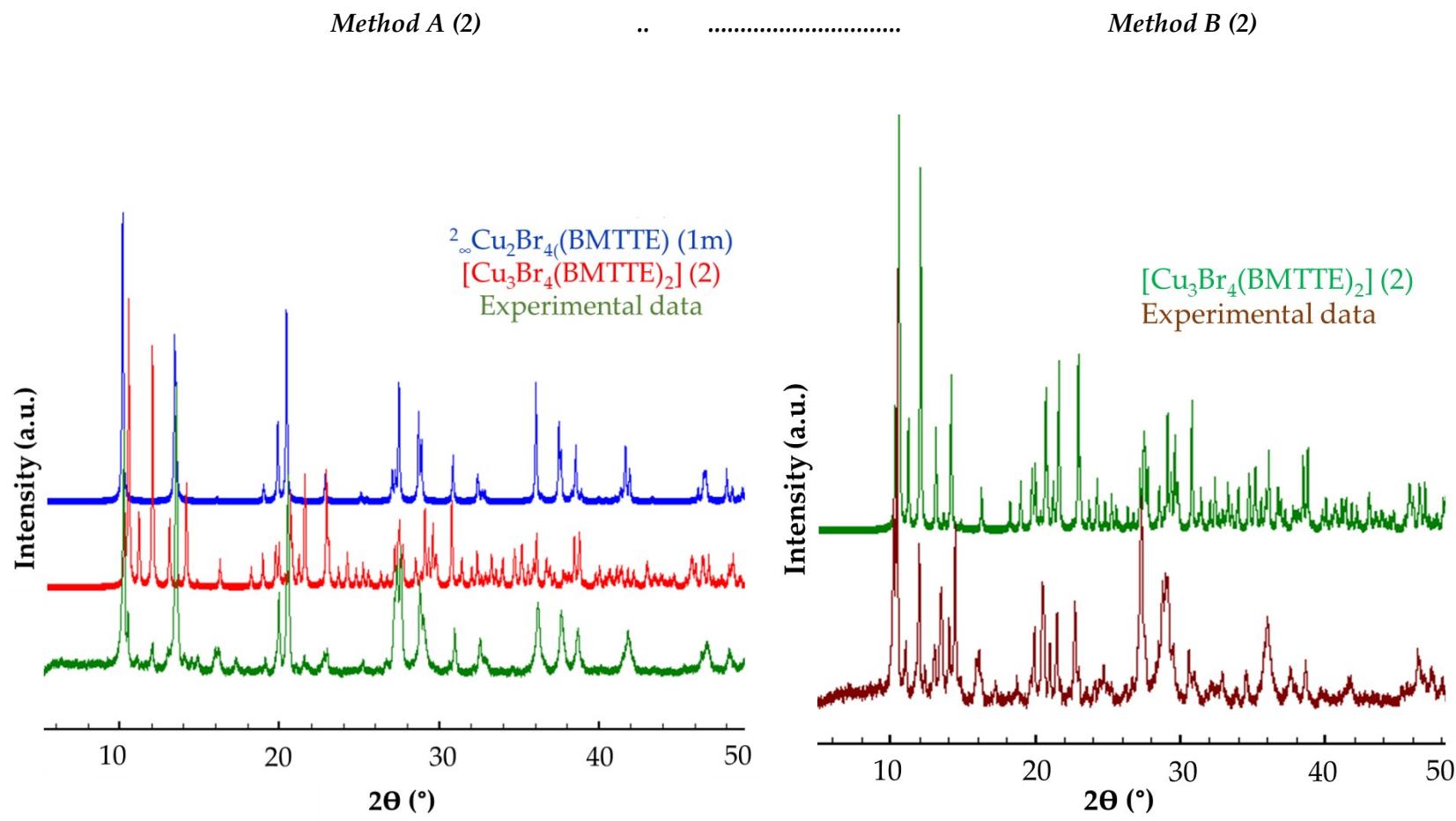


Figure S4: Powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD) comparison between bulk experimental data and simulation based on single crystal X-ray diffraction of **2**.

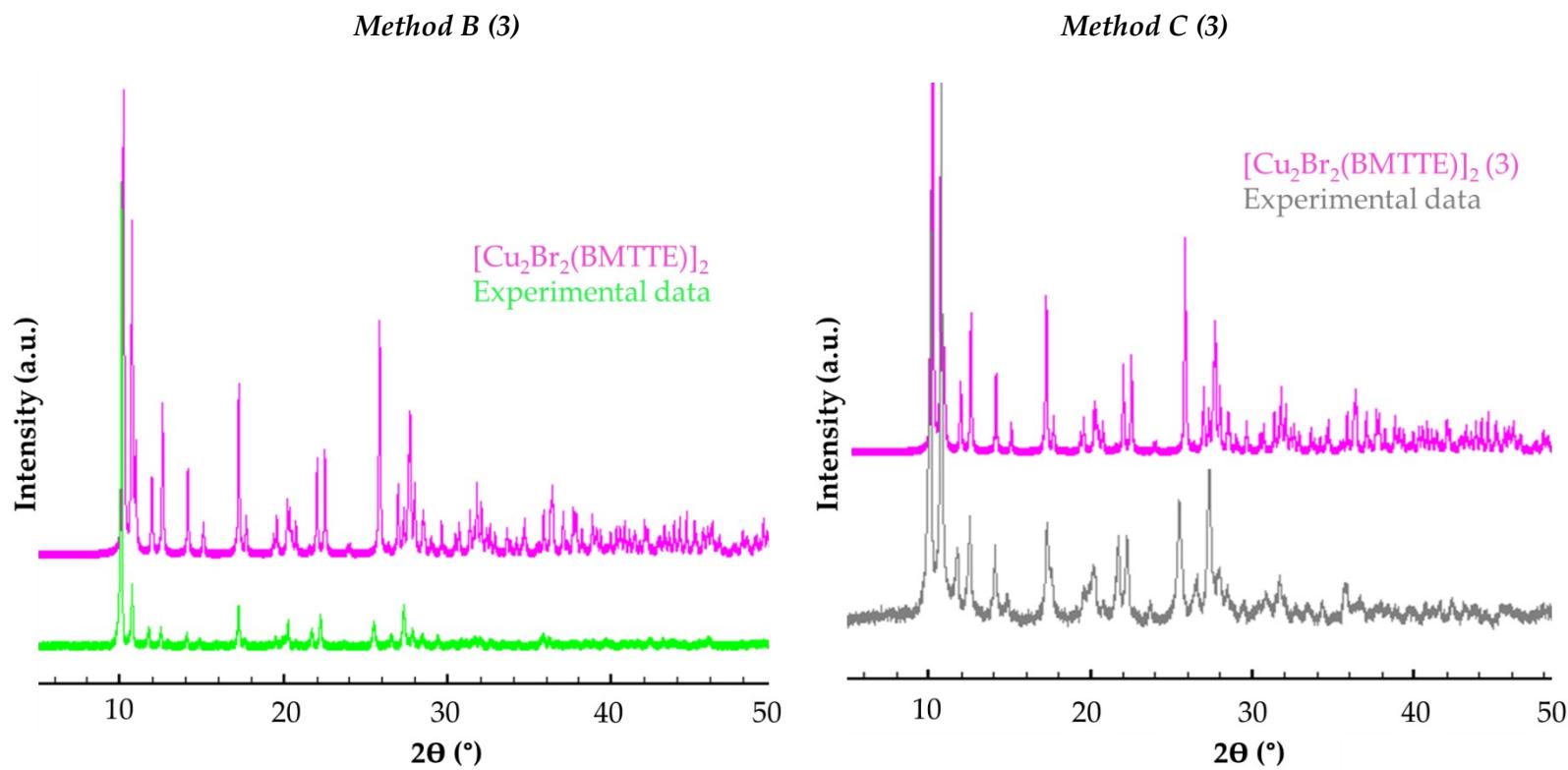


Figure S5: Powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD) comparison between bulk experimental data and simulation based on single crystal X-ray diffraction of **3**.

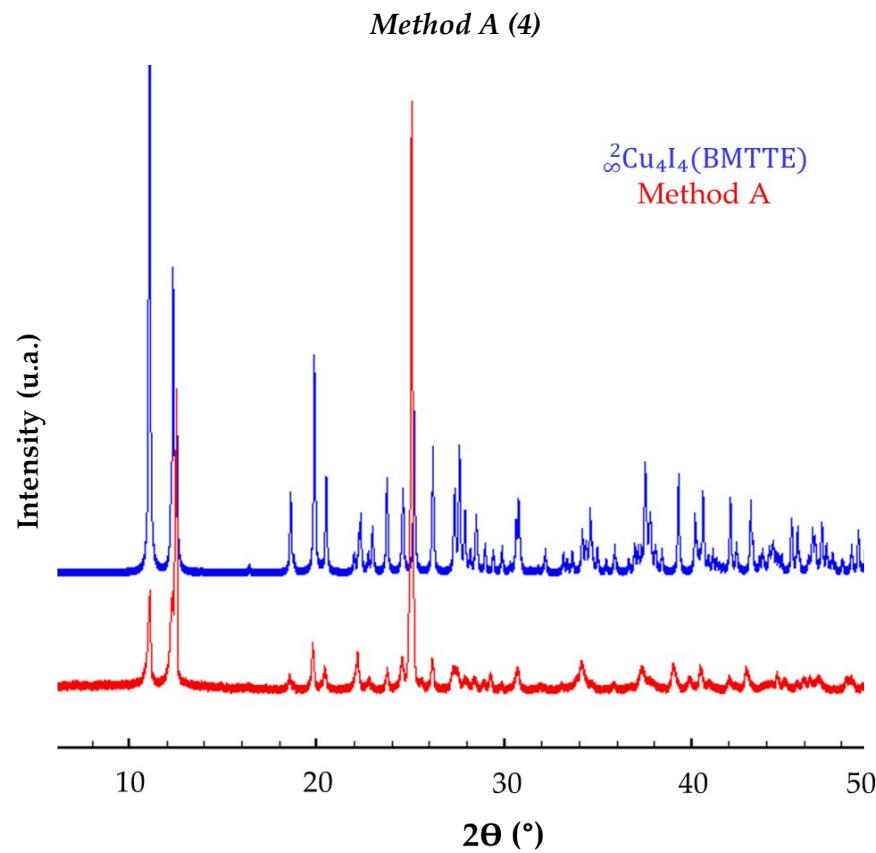


Figure S6: Powder X-ray diffraction (PXRD) comparison between bulk experimental data and simulation based on single crystal X-ray diffraction of 4.

2. Crystallography

Table S1: Crystal data and structure refinement

Compound	1m	1t	2	3	4
Empirical formula	C ₃ H ₅ Br ₂ CuN ₄ S	C ₆ H ₁₀ Br ₄ Cu ₂ N ₈ S ₂	C ₁₂ H ₂₀ Br ₄ Cu ₃ N ₁₆ S ₄	C ₁₂ H ₂₀ Br ₄ Cu ₄ N ₁₆ S ₄	C ₃ H ₅ Cu ₂ I ₂ N ₄ S ₂
Formula weight	352.53	705.06	1026.94	1090.48	510.05
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, C ₂ /m	Triclinic, P-1	Monoclinic, P2 ₁ /n	Monoclinic, P2 ₁ /n	Triclinic, P-1
CCDC reference	2264490	2264491	2264492	2264493	2264494
Unit cell dimensions	a/Å	14.182(2)	6.9967(5)	9.0902(7)	10.2919(10)
	b/Å	6.9954(10)	9.1986(8)	10.2268(7)	9.6293(9)
	c/Å	9.3508(14)	13.6109(11)	15.9673(11)	14.8207(13)
	α/°	-	71.516(3)	-	-
	β/°	111.712(4)	86.140(2)	98.710(2)	92.996(3)
	γ/°	-	87.700(2)	-	-
Volume/Å³	861.9(2)	828.76(12)	1467.26(18)	1466.8(2)	506.69(5)
Z, Q_{calc}/g·cm⁻³	4/2.717	2/2.825	2/2.324	2/2.469	2/3.343
F(000)	664	664	990	1048	462
Crystal size (mm³)	0.069x0.063x0.019	0.123x0.074x0.015	0.153x0.125x0.098	0.255x0.144x0.093	0.098x0.056x0.035
Abs. coeff. (mm⁻¹)	16.246	12.466	7.924	8.633	10.447
θ Range (°)	5.091-71.873	2.371-28.343	2.373-28.352	2.752-28.378	2.549 - 28.379
Max./min. transmission	0.7535/0.4461	0.7461/0.6127	0.7457/0.5666	0.7457/0.2994	0.7457 / 0.5671
Reflections collected	8529	28424	19153	22985	20806
Independent reflections (R_{int})	923 (0.0504)	4130 (0.0407)	3662 (0.0425)	3634 (0.1336)	2534 (0.0245)
Final R indices [I>2σ(I)]	R1 = 0.0229; wR2=0.0633	R1 = 0.0219;;wR2 = 0.0500	R1 = 0.0275wR2 = 0.0549	R1 = 0.0453wR2 = 0.1047	R1 = 0.0178, wR2 = 0.037

Table S2: Selected bond lengths/ \AA and angles/ $^\circ$ for **1m** and **1t**

	1m	1t		1m	1t	1t
Br1-Cu1	2.4381(5)	2.4434(4)	Cu2-Br3-Cu1		94.075(12)	N3-Cu1-Br2
Br1-Cu1#1	2.4420(5)		Cu2-Br4-Cu1#1		94.313(13)	N3-Cu1-Br3
Br2-Cu1		2.4396(3)	Br1-Cu1-Br1#2	164.44(2)		N3-Cu1-Br4#2
Br3-Cu1		2.4366(4)	Br1-Cu1-Br1#1	86.330(15)		Br2-Cu2-Br1#1
Br4-Cu1#1		2.4389(3)	Br1#2-Cu1-Br1#1	91.55(2)		Br3-Cu2-Br1#1
Br1-Cu2#2		2.4500(4)	Br2-Cu1-Br1		164.460(14)	Br4-Cu2-Br1#1
Br2-Cu2		2.4469(4)	Br3-Cu1-Br1		92.456(13)	Br3-Cu2-Br2
Br3-Cu2		2.4283(3)	Br4#2-Cu1-Br1		85.961(12)	Br4-Cu2-Br2
Br4-Cu2		2.4332(3)	Br3-Cu1-Br2		86.177(12)	Br3-Cu2-Br4
Cu1-N3	2.223(3)	2.2441(18)	Br4#2-Cu1-Br2		90.853(12)	N7-Cu2-Br4
Cu2-N7		2.2307(19)	Br3-Cu1-Br4#2		163.077(14)	N7-Cu2-Br3
Cu1-Br1-Cu1#1	93.671(15)		N3-Cu1-Br1#1	96.27(6)		N7-Cu2-Br2
Cu1-Br1-Cu2#2		93.776(13)	N3-Cu1-Br1	99.29(6)	96.31(5)	N7-Cu2-Br1#1
Cu1-Br2-Cu2	93.534(12)		Symmetry code: (1m) #1 -x+3/2,-y+3/2,-z; #2 -x+3/2,y-1/2,-z; (1t) #1 x-1,y,z; #2 x+1,y,z;			

Table S3: Selected bond lengths/ \AA and angles/ $^\circ$ for **2** and **3**

	2	3		2	3		2	3
Cu1-Br1	2.6349(4)	2.5400(5)	N4-Cu1-Br1	87.02(6)	99.75(7)	N3-Cu2-N3#1	180.0	
Cu1-Br2	2.4077(5)		N4-Cu1-Br2	98.39(7)		N3-Cu2-Br1#1	93.33(7)	96.34(8)
Br2-Cu1#1		2.5845(5)	N4-Cu1-Br2#1		113.54(7)	N3#1-Cu2-Br1#1	86.66(7)	
Cu1-N4	2.081(3)	2.035(3)	N4-Cu1-Cu2#1		99.47(7)	N3-Cu2-Br2	86.14(7)	130.85(9)
Cu1-N8	1.955(2)	2.026(3)	N8-Cu1-N4	130.34(10)		N3#1-Cu2-Br2	93.86(7)	
Cu2-Br1	2.4247(3)	2.5264(6)	N8-Cu1-Br1	108.68(7)	104.27(8)	N3-Cu2-Cu2#1		102.57(9)
Br1-Cu2#1		2.5952(5)	N8-Cu1-Br2	122.56(7)		N3-Cu2-Cu1#1		147.14(8)
Br2-Cu2	3.0865(3)	2.3881(5)	N8-Cu1-Br2#1		95.60(8)	Br1#1-Cu2-Cu2#1		57.729(17)
Cu2-Cu1#1		2.8551(6)	N8-Cu1-Cu2#1		124.57(9)	Br1-Cu2-Cu2#1		60.291(18)
Cu2-Cu2#1		2.6376(9)	N8-Cu1-N4		135.96(11)	Br1#1-Cu2-Cu1#1		55.307(13)
Cu2-N3	2.037(2)	2.035(3)	Br1#1-Cu2-Br1	179.999(12)	118.020(19)	Br1-Cu2-Cu1#1		110.95(2)
Br2-Cu1-Br1	101.147(16)		Br1-Cu2-Br2	89.184(9)	107.245(19)	Br2-Cu2-Cu2#1		126.58(3)
Br1-Cu1-Br2#1		104.275(18)	Br1#1-Cu2-Br2	90.816(9)	108.489(18)	Br2-Cu2-Cu1#1		58.254(13)
Br1-Cu1-Cu2#1		57.147(13)	N3-Cu2-Br1	86.67(7)	96.53(8)	Cu2#1-Cu2-Cu1#1		77.43(2)
Br2#1-Cu1-Cu2#1		51.792(13)				Symmetry code: (2) #1 -x+1,-y+2,-z+1; (3) #1 -x+1,-y,-z+1;		

Table S4: Selected bond lengths/ \AA and angles/ $^\circ$ for 4

I2-Cu1#1	2.6254(4)	I2#1-Cu1-I1	106.416(13)	I1-Cu2-I1#1	121.561(13)
I2-Cu1#2	2.6515(4)	I2-Cu1-Cu2#1	153.529(16)	I1#1-Cu2-Cu1#1	59.131(11)
I2-Cu2	2.6081(4)	I2#1-Cu1-Cu2#1	58.241(11)	I1-Cu2-Cu1#1	109.944(14)
I1-Cu1	2.6816(4)	I1-Cu1-Cu2#1	59.941(11)	Cu2#1-Cu2-I1	61.205(13)
I1-Cu2	2.6816(4)	N3-Cu1-I2#3	103.24(6)	Cu2#1-Cu2-I1#1	60.356(14)
I1-Cu2#1	2.7039(4)	N3-Cu1-I2#1	123.99(7)	Cu2#1-Cu2-Cu1#1	79.644(17)
Cu2-Cu2#1	2.6291(7)	N3-Cu1-I1	96.27(6)	N4-Cu2-I2	122.66(6)
Cu1-Cu2#1	2.7305(5)	N3-Cu1-Cu2#1	100.90(6)	N4-Cu2-I1#1	98.28(7)
Cu1-N3	2.089(2)	I2-Cu2-I1#1	109.948(13)	N4-Cu2-I1	97.48(6)
Cu2-N4	2.051(2)	I2-Cu2-I1	107.410(13)	N4-Cu2-Cu1#1	150.82(7)
I2#1-Cu1-I2#3	114.358(13)	I2-Cu2-Cu1#1	58.863(11)	N4-Cu2-Cu2#1	106.31(7)
I2#1-Cu1-I1	110.112(13)	I2-Cu2-Cu2#1	131.00(2)		

Symmetry code: #1 -x+1,-y+2,-z+1; #2 x+1,y,z; #3 x-1,y,z;

Table S5: Main hydrogen bonds (Å, °)

	D-H···A	d(D-H)	d(H···A)	d(D···A)	∠(DHA)
1m	C(12)-H(12A)…Br(1)#1	0.96	3.11	3.655(3)	117.2
	C(12)-H(12B)…Br(1)#2	0.96	3.12	3.994(4)	152.4
1t	C(22)-H(22A)…Br(3)#2	0.98	2.98	3.737(2)	134.5
	C(22)-H(22A)…N(4)#2	0.98	2.68	3.455(3)	136.7
	C(22)-H(22C)…N(6)#3	0.98	2.62	3.597(3)	176.0
	C(12)-H(12A)…N(2)#4	0.98	2.68	3.656(3)	171.4
	C(12)-H(12C)…Br(2)#5	0.98	3.05	3.868(2)	141.3
	C(2)-H(2B)…C(12)#1	0.99	2.82	3.653(3)	142.7
2	C(12)-H(12B)…N(7)#1	0.98	2.69	3.528(4)	143.4
	C(22)-H(22C)…Br(2)#2	0.98	2.90	3.506(3)	121.1
	C(22)-H(22B)…Br(2)#3	0.98	2.82	3.578(3)	135.0
	C(2)-H(2B)…Br(2)#2	0.99	3.12	3.844(3)	130.8
	C(2)-H(2B)…Br(1)#4	0.99	2.84	3.704(3)	146.2
	C(1)-H(1B)…Br(1)#2	0.99	3.11	3.663(3)	116.6
3	C(22)-H(22A)…S(1)#2	0.98	2.98	3.686(2)	130.3
	C(22)-H(22C)…Br(2)#3	0.98	3.01	3.525(2)	113.7
	C(12)-H(12A)…N(2)#4	0.98	2.69	3.608(3)	156.8
	C(1)-H(1B)…N(7)#5	0.99	2.66	3.465(3)	138.2
	C(2)-H(2A)…Br(1)#6	0.99	2.91	3.807(2)	151.4
	C(2)-H(2A)…Br(2)#6	0.99	3.02	3.654(2)	123.0
4	C(2)-H(2B)…Br(2)#1	0.99	2.98	3.904(2)	156.0
	C(1)-H(1A)…I(2)	0.99	3.19	3.962(3)	135.6
	C(1)-H(1B)…N(2)#1	0.99	2.62	3.460(3)	142.9
	C(12)-H(12B)…I(2)#2	0.98	3.26	3.999(3)	133.9
	C(12)-H(12C)…I(13)#2	0.98	3.11	3.963(3)	146.4

Symmetry code: (1m) #1 -x+2,-y+1,-z+1; #2 x,-y+1,z+1; (1t) #1 x-1,y-1,z; #2 x,y-1,z; #3 -x+1,-y,-z+1; #4 -x+2,-y+2,-z; #5 x,y+1,z; (2) #1 x-1,y,z; #2 x,y-1,z; #3 -x+3/2,y-1/2,-z+1/2; #4 -x+1/2,y-1/2,-z+1/2; (3) #1 -x+1,-y,-z+1; #2 -x+3/2,y+1/2,-z+3/2; #3 x-1/2,-y+1/2,z+1/2; #4 -x+2,-y,-z+1; #5 -x+1,-y+1,-z+1; #6 x+1/2,-y+1/2,z+1/2; (4) #1 x+1,y,z; #2 x-1,y-1,z-1;

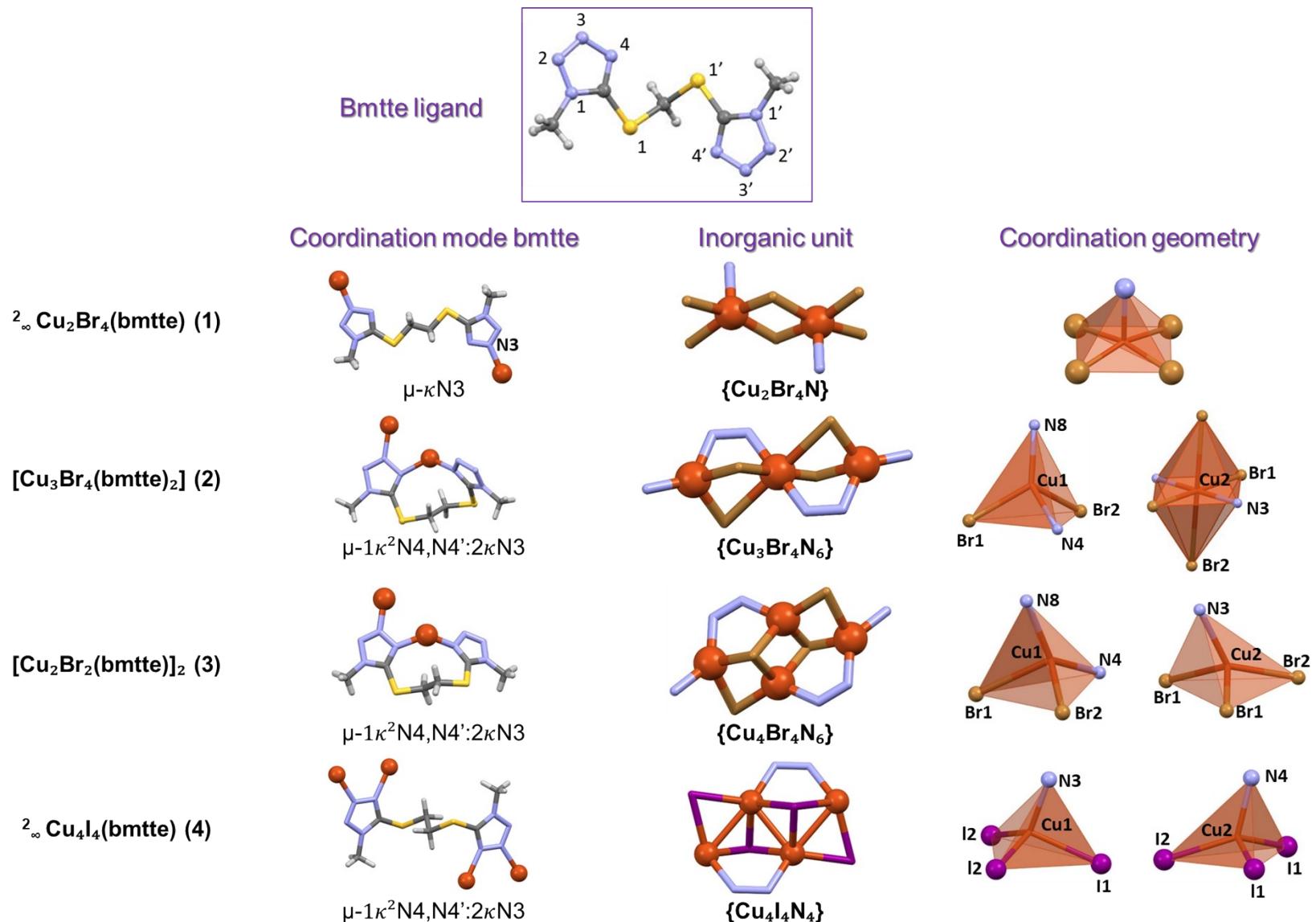


Figure S7: Top: free bmtte ligand. Down: Main structural features of compounds 1-4

3. Hirshfeld surface analysis

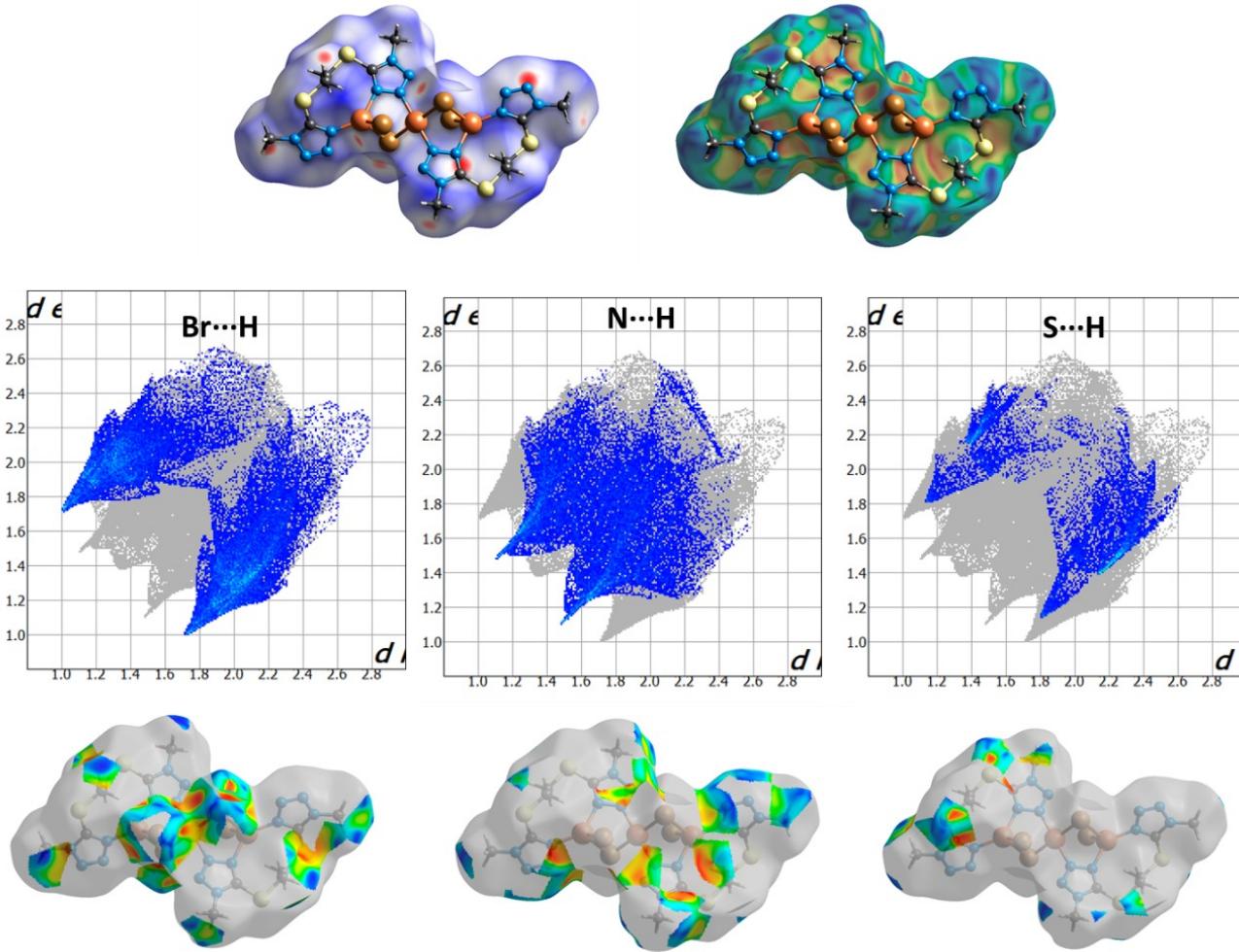


Figure S8: View of the three-dimensional Hirshfeld surface mapped over d_{norm} for (2) (top) and Hirshfeld surface mapped with the shape-index property illustrating contacts $\text{Br}\cdots\text{H}$, $\text{N}\cdots\text{H}$, and $\text{S}\cdots\text{H}$ in the crystal of (2) (down); Fingerprint plots into $\text{H}\cdots\text{Br}$ / $\text{Br}\cdots\text{H}$, $\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ / $\text{N}\cdots\text{H}$, $\text{S}\cdots\text{H}$ / $\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$ contacts

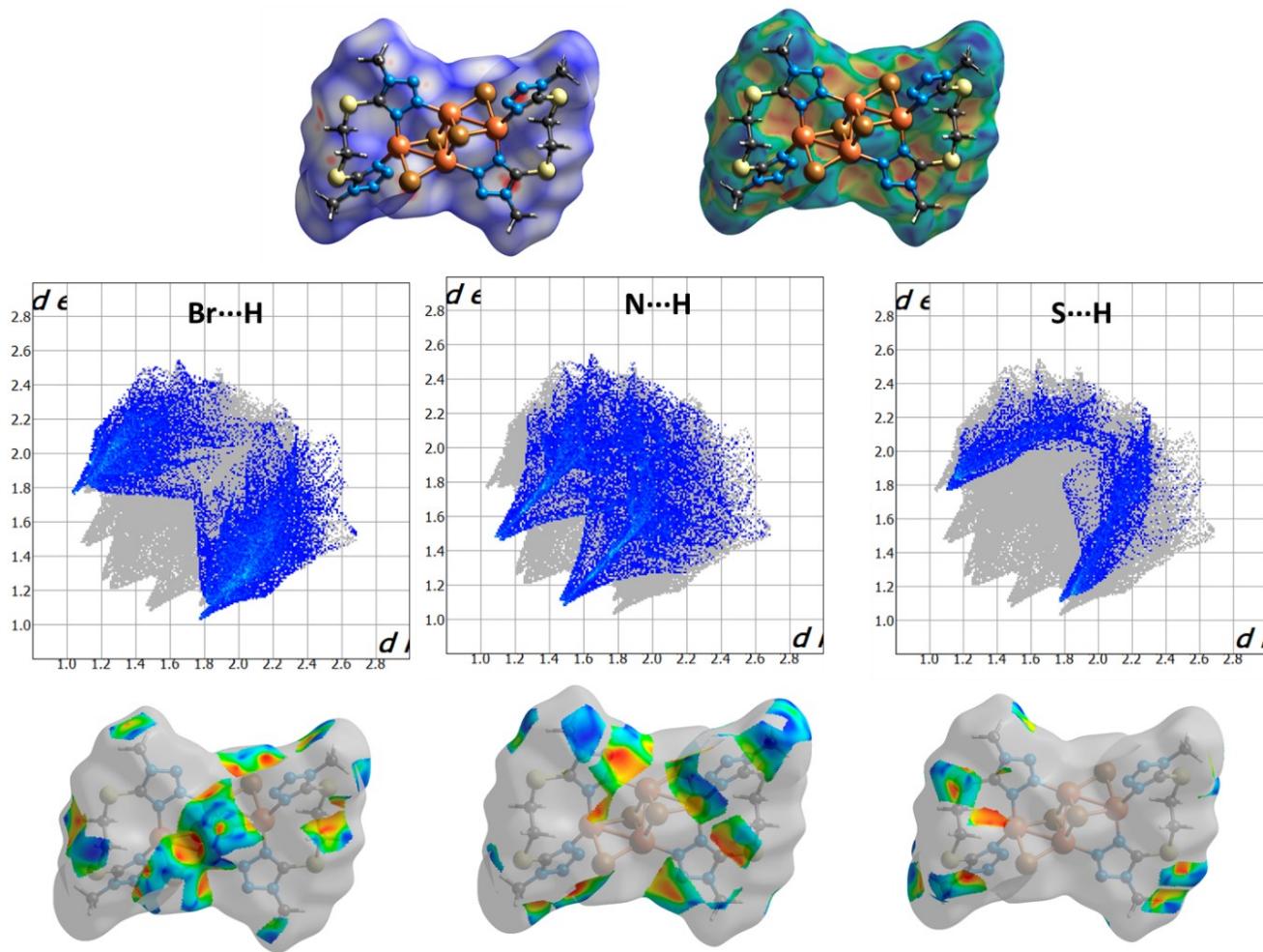


Figure S9: View of the three-dimensional Hirshfeld surface mapped over d_{norm} for (3) (top) and Hirshfeld surface mapped with the shape-index property illustrating contacts Br···H, N···H, and S···H in the crystal of (3) (down). Fingerprint plots into H···Br/ Br···H, H···N/ N···H, S···H/ H···S contacts.

4. Thermal stability

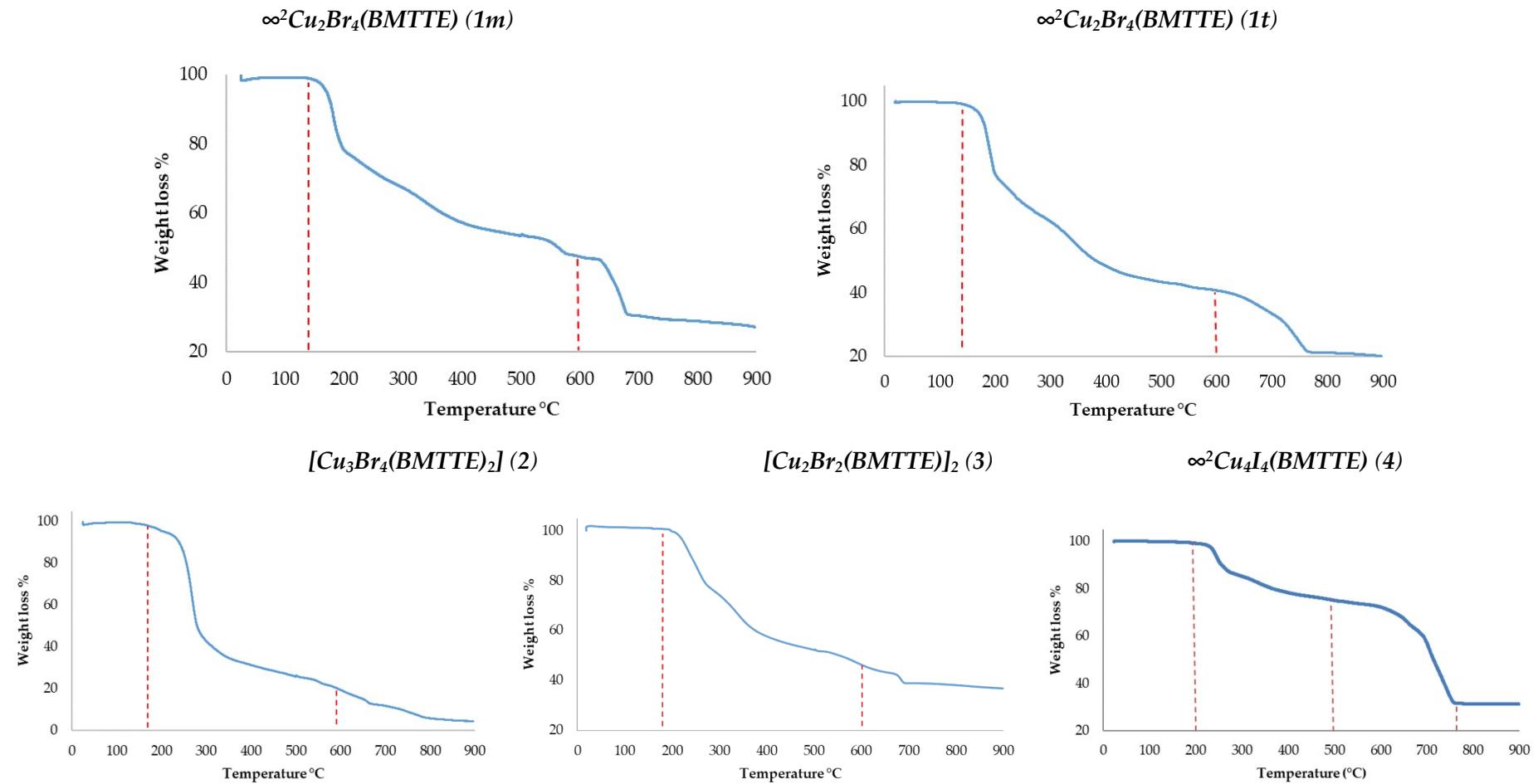


Figure S10: Thermogravimetric analysis (TGA)

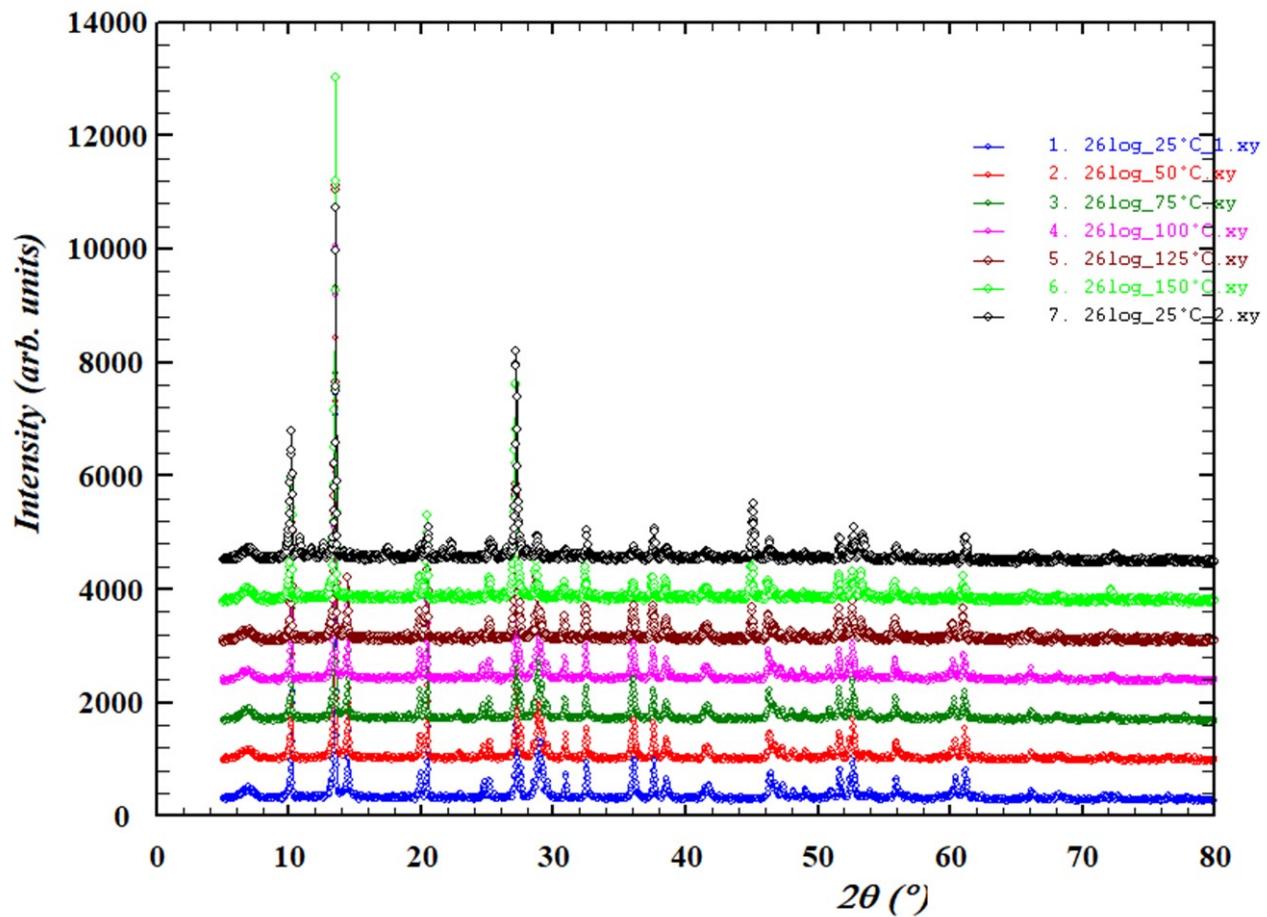


Figure S11: Variable-temperature X-ray powder diffraction of **1m** (blue) in the range 25–150°C with XRD pattern of the final product at room temperature after heating.

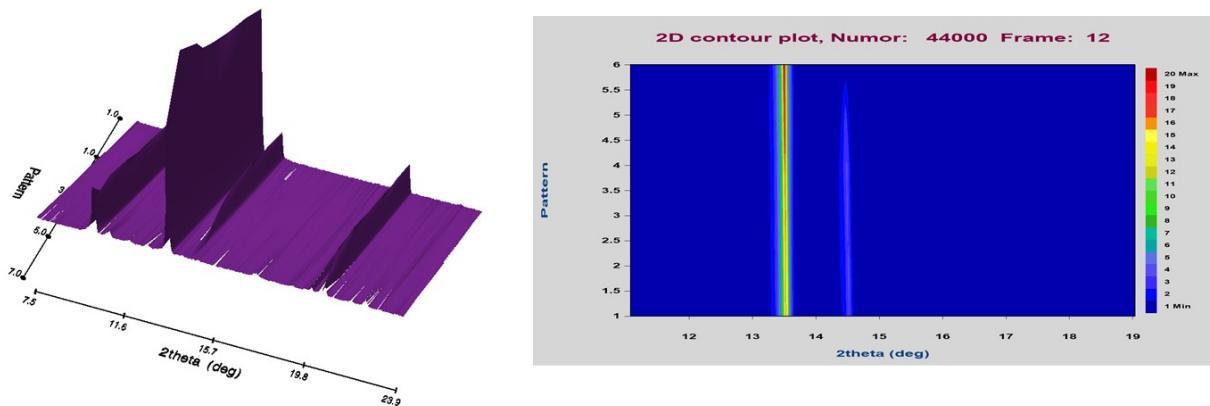


Figure S12: Three (left) and Two-dimensional (right) intensity contours of **1m** extracted from the XRTD patterns collected as a function of the temperature in the range 25–150°C.

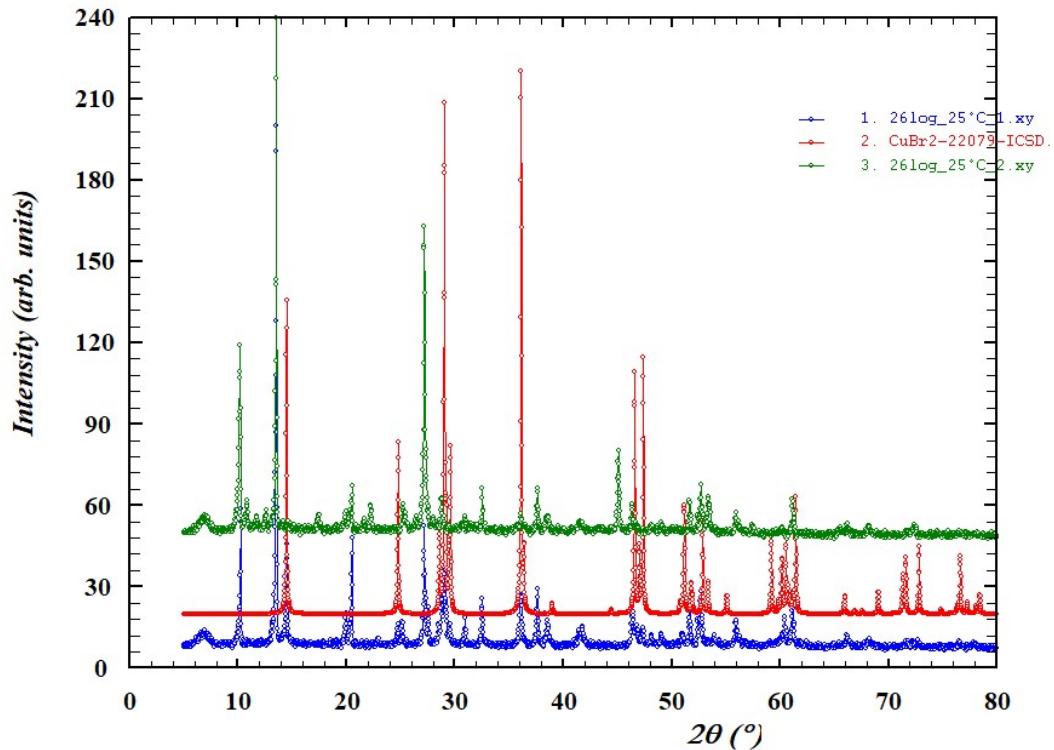


Figure S13: **1m** before (blue) and after (green) heat treatment with the XRD pattern of the CuBr₂ metal salt (red).

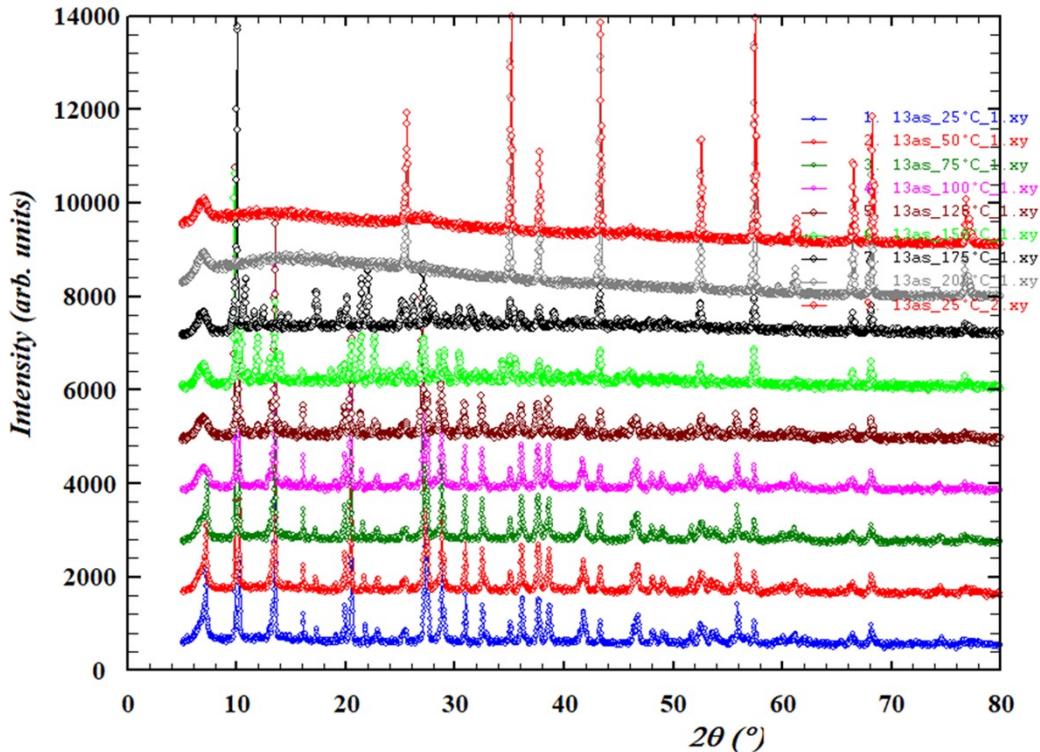


Figure S14 Variable-temperature X-ray powder diffraction of **1m** and **1t** in the range 25–200°C with the thermal decomposition after 175 °C. The remaining peaks are due to the alumina used as a holder.

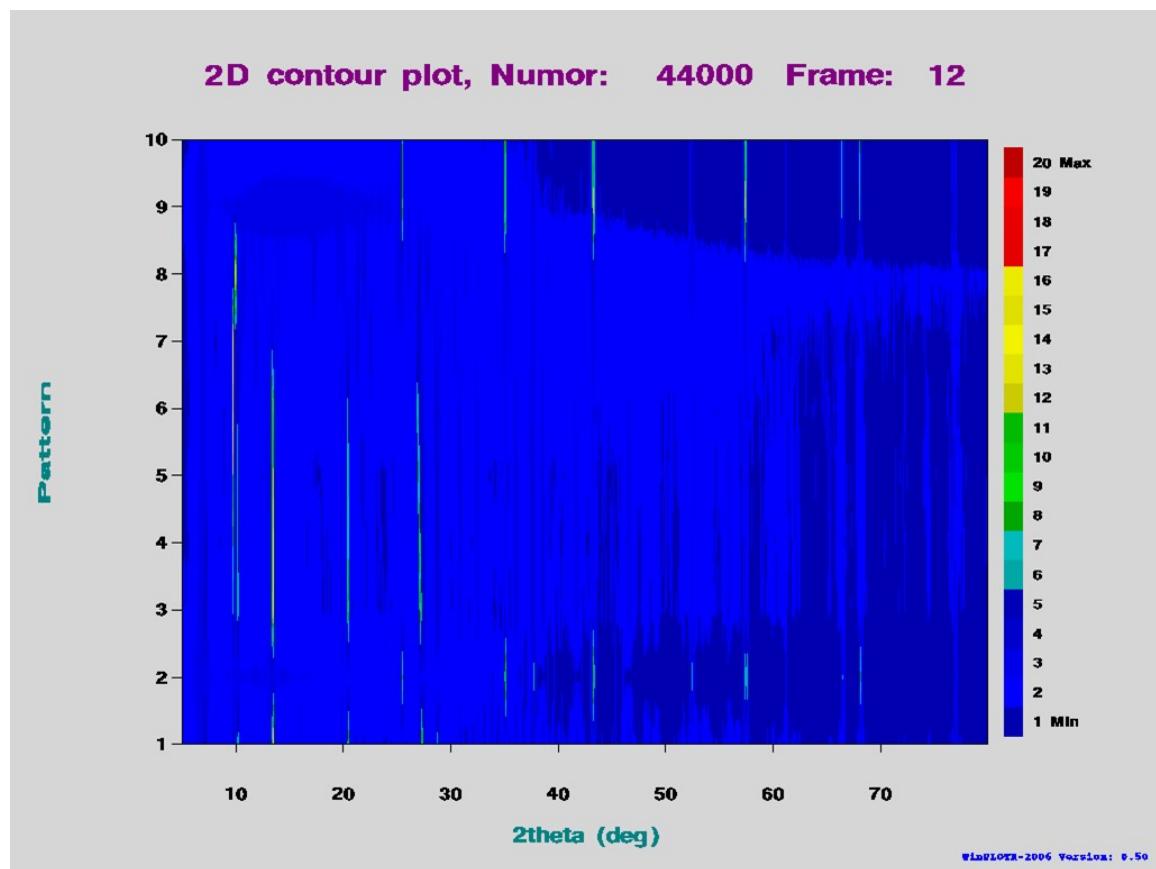
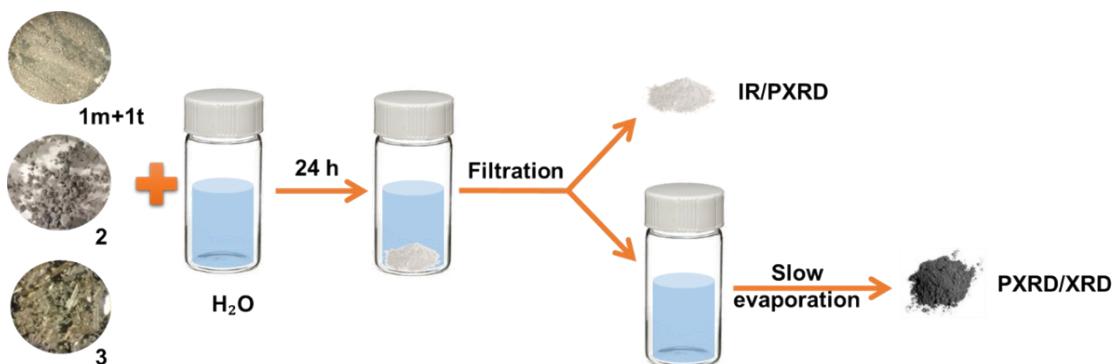


Figure S15: Two-dimensional intensity contours extracted from the XRTD patterns of **1m** and **1t** collected as a function of the temperature range 25–150°C.

5. Water Stability



Scheme S1: Experimental process to study the water stability of the compounds.

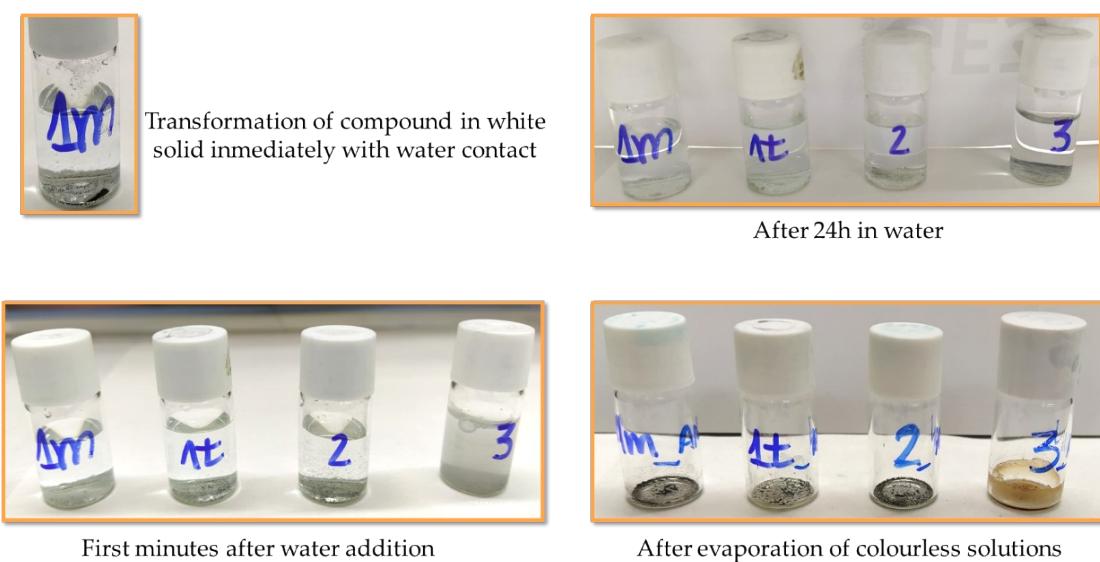


Figure S16: Images of water stability study

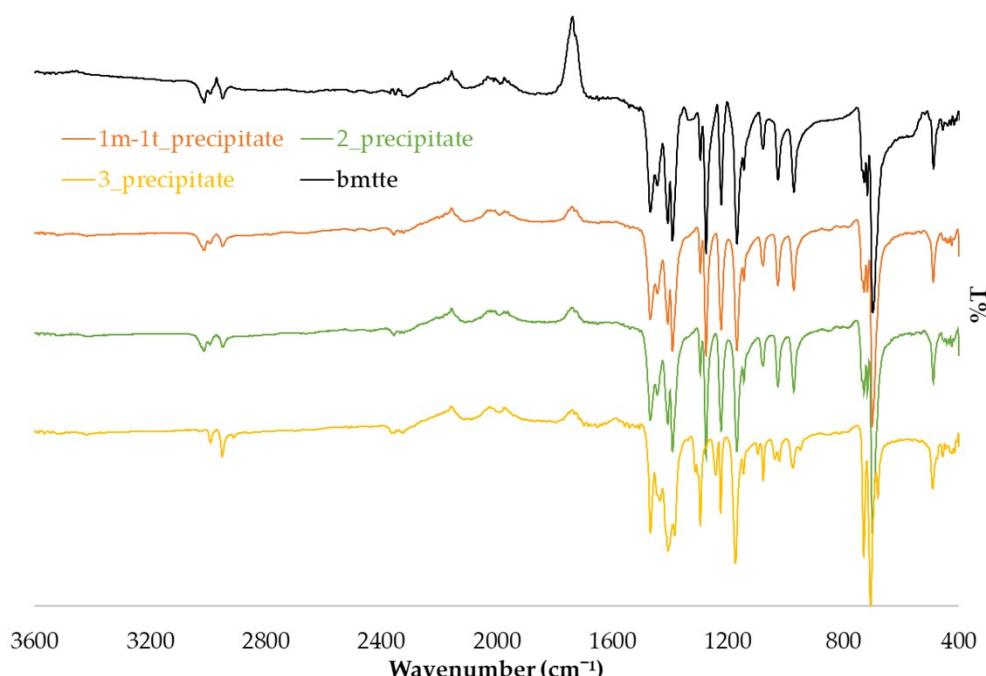


Figure S17: IR of each precipitate 1m-1t, 2 and 3 after exposure to the water together with IR of bmtte.

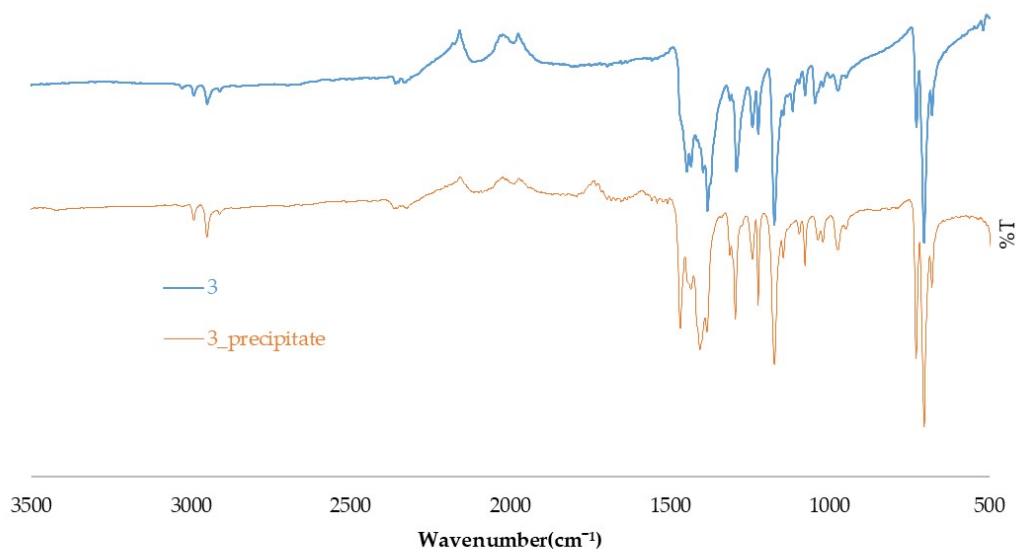


Figure S18: IR comparative of pristine 3 and precipitate after water exposure

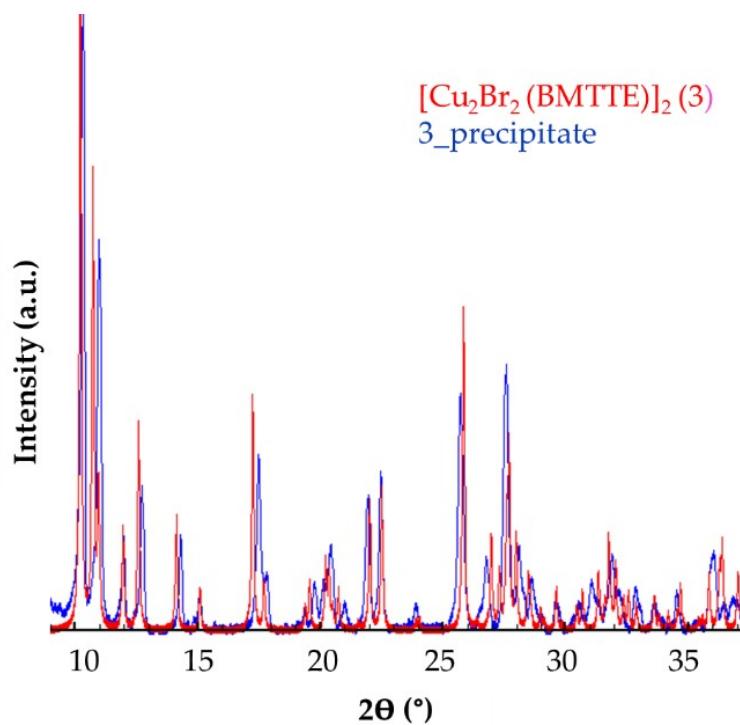


Figure S19: PXRD of 3 after water treatment compared with theoretical patterns of 3

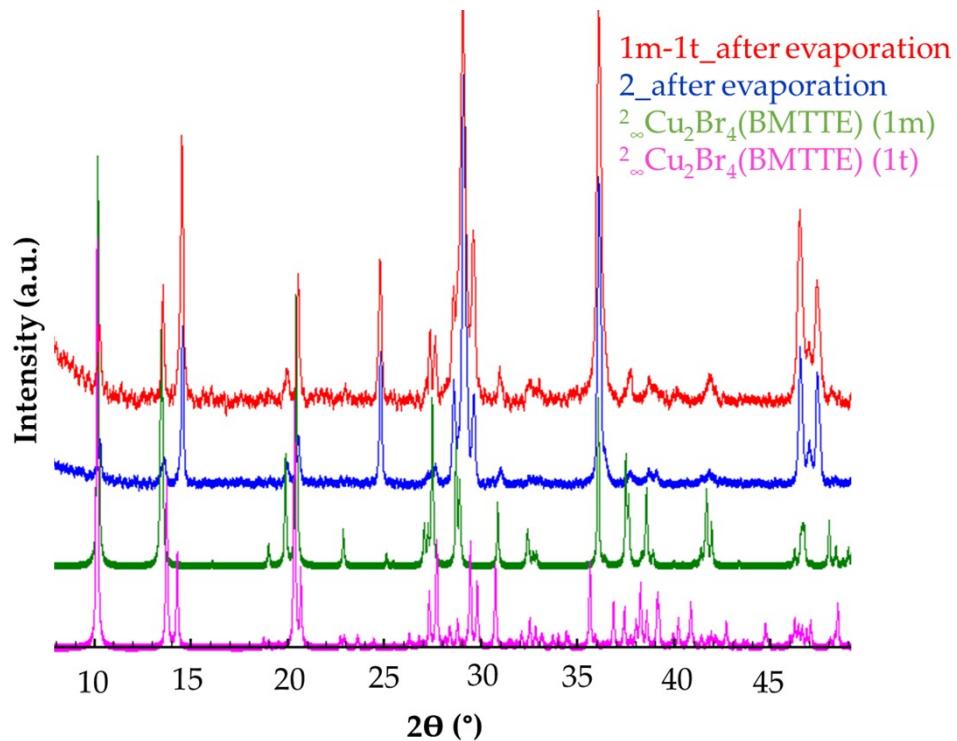


Figure S20: PXRD of each compound after water treatment compared with theoretical patterns of **1m** and **1t**
Impurities are due to the presence of CuBr₂ salt.

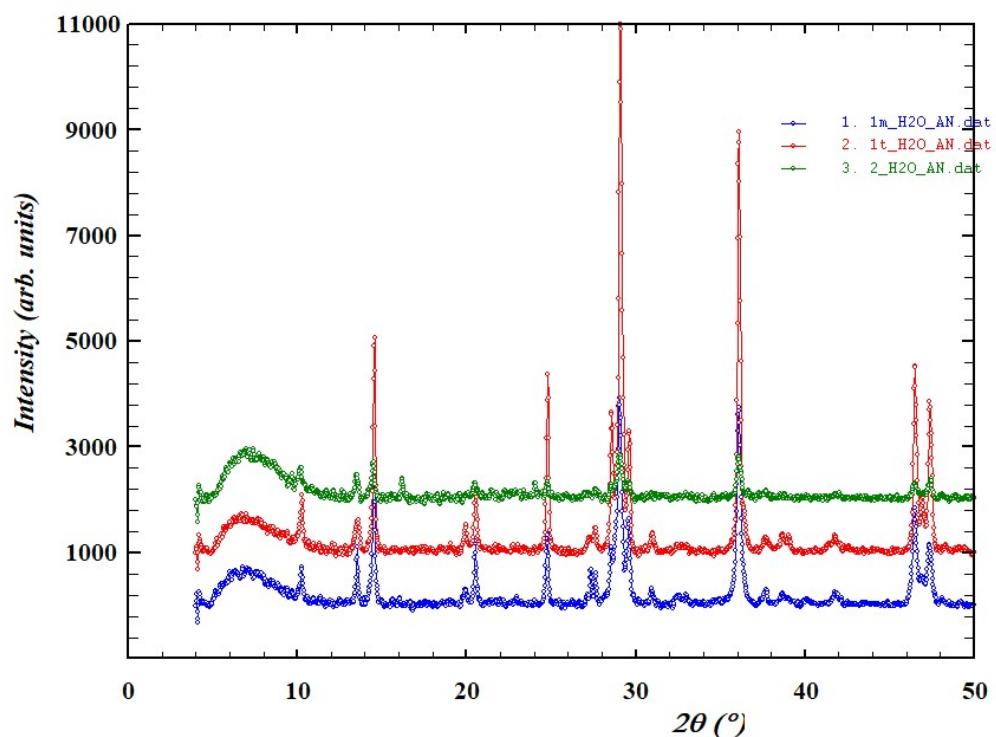


Figure S21: PXRD of resulting powder from **1m**, **1t** and **2** after water treatment.

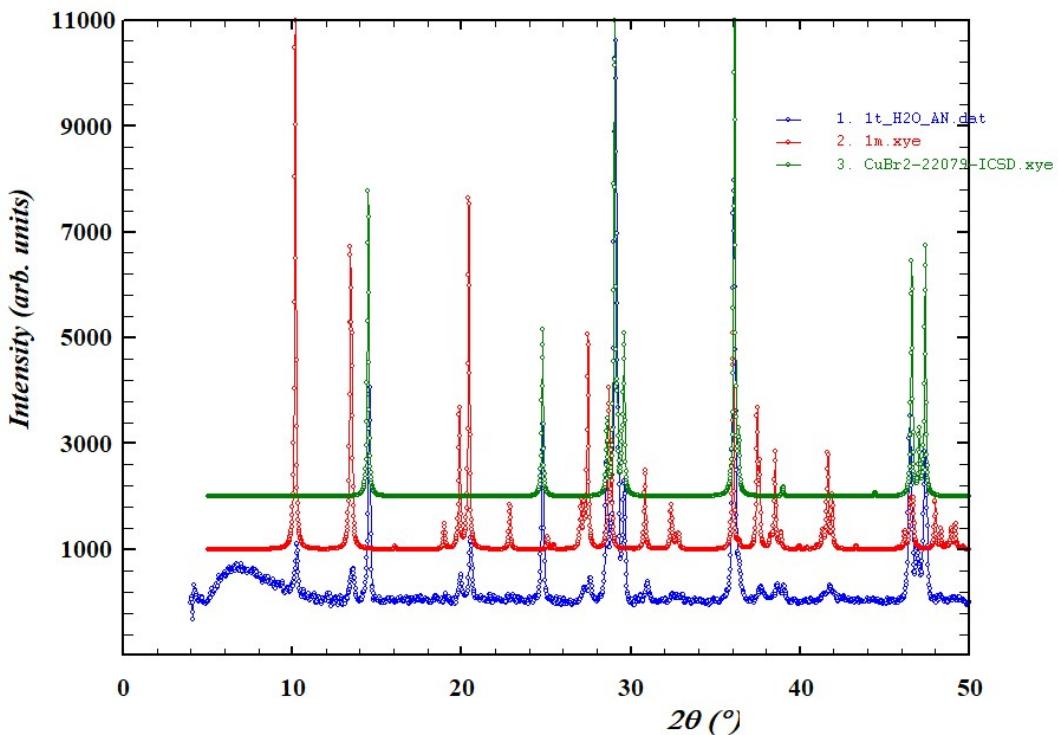


Figure S22: PXRD of **1t** after water treatment compared with the theoretical patterns of **1m** and CuBr_2

6. Reactivity of 2

METHOD A: Reaction with an excess of metal salt precursor.

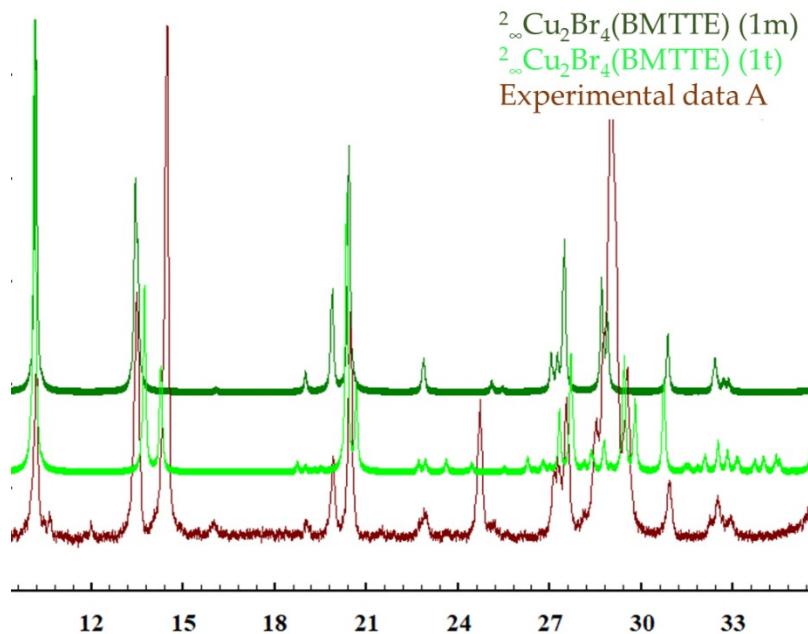


Figure S23: PXRD of reactivity of **2** in method A with theoretical of **1m** and **1t**.

Elemental analysis: Anal. Calc. for **2** + excess of CuBr_2 (2:9): 6.55%N, 4.21%C, 0.59%H, 3.75%S Found: 6.24%N, 4.54%C, 0.49%H, 4.12%S

METHOD B: Reaction with KI

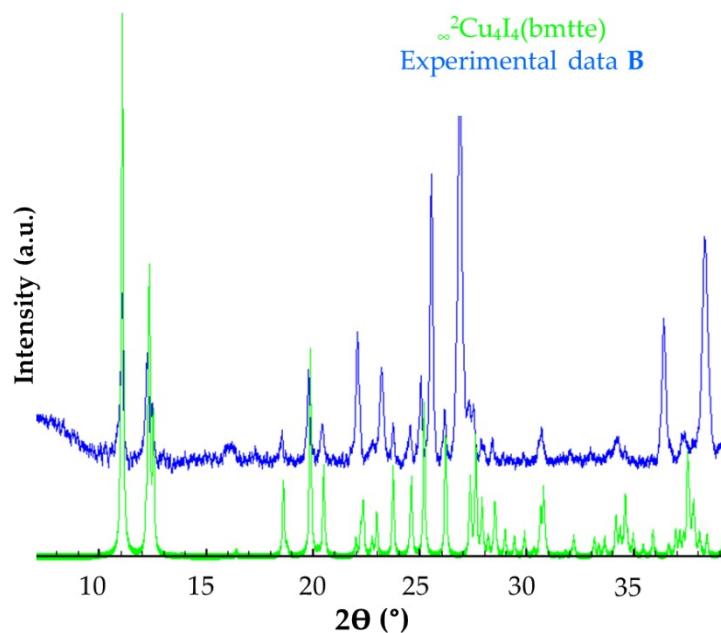


Figure S24: PXRD of reactivity of **2** in method B with theoretical of **4**.

Table S6: Elemental analysis. Experimental (Exp) and theoretical (Theo) % of N, C, H.

Compound	Carbon (wt%)		Nitrogen (wt%)		Hydrogen (wt%)	
	Exp	Theo	Exp	Theo	Exp	Theo
1m and 1t	9.71	10.22	14.91	15.89	1.25	1.43
2	14.98	14.03	22.62	21.82	2.04	1.96
3	13.73	13.22	20.97	20.55	1.72	1.85
4	7.21	7.08	11.09	11.01	1.01	0.99
2 + excess of CuBr₂ (2:9)	4.54	4.21	6.24	6.55	0.49	0.59

7. Redox behaviour of compounds 2 and 3

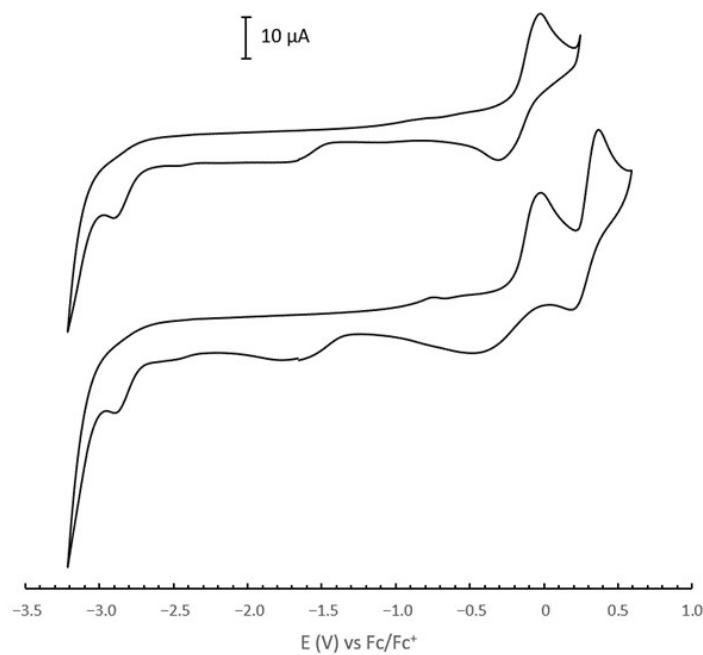


Figure S25: Cyclic voltammograms of 1 mM solution of complex **2** in DMSO, with 0.1 M TBAP as supporting electrolyte, at different potentials. Scan rate: 0.2 V/s.

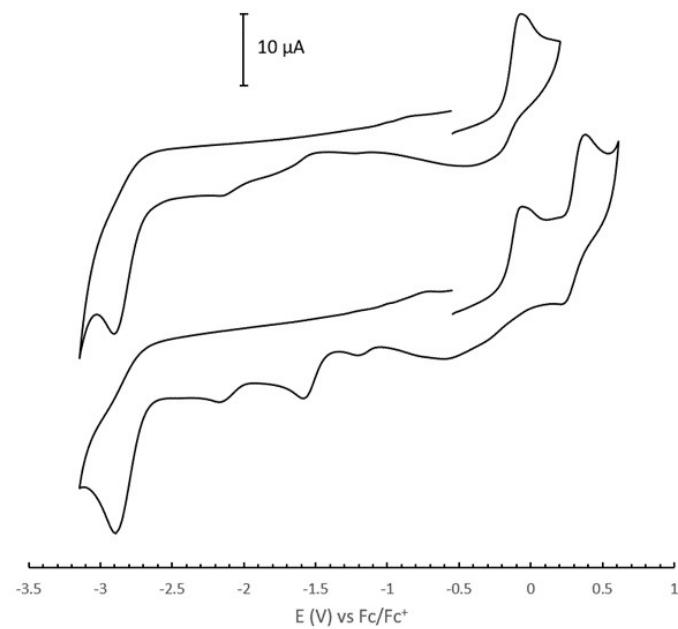


Figure S26: Cyclic voltammograms of 1 mM solution of complex **3** in DMSO, with 0.1 M TBAP as supporting electrolyte, at different potentials. Scan rate: 0.2 V/s.

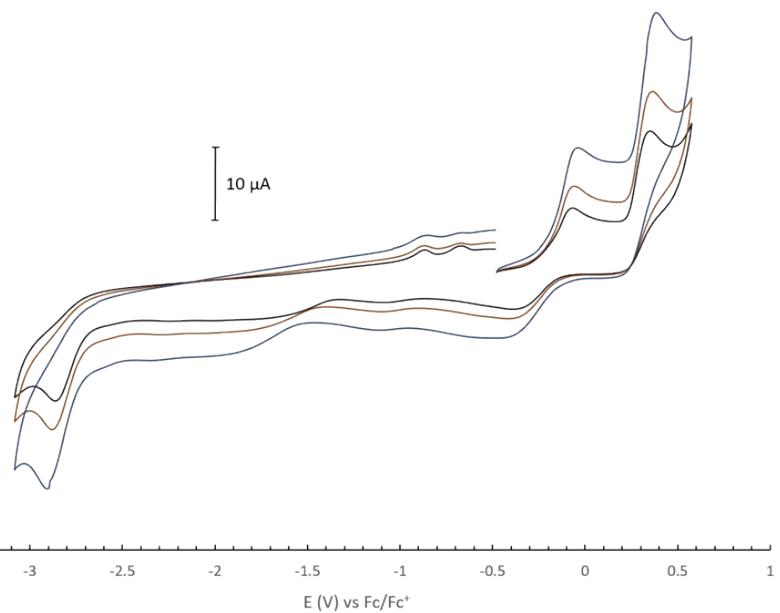


Figure S27: Cyclic voltammograms of 0.5 mM solutions of complex **2** in DMSO, with 0.1 M TBAP as supporting electrolyte, at different scan rates.

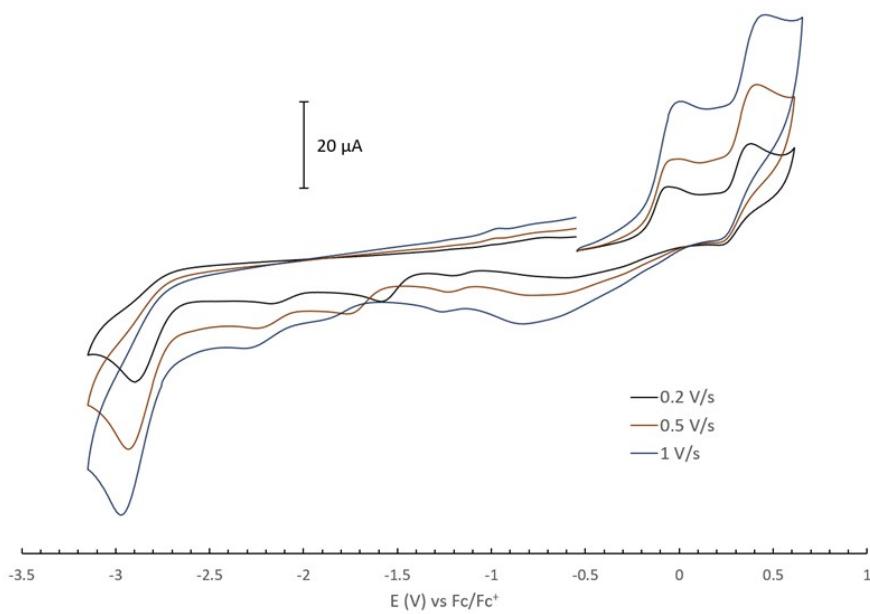


Figure S28: Cyclic voltammograms of 1 mM solutions of complex **3** in DMSO, at different scan rates.

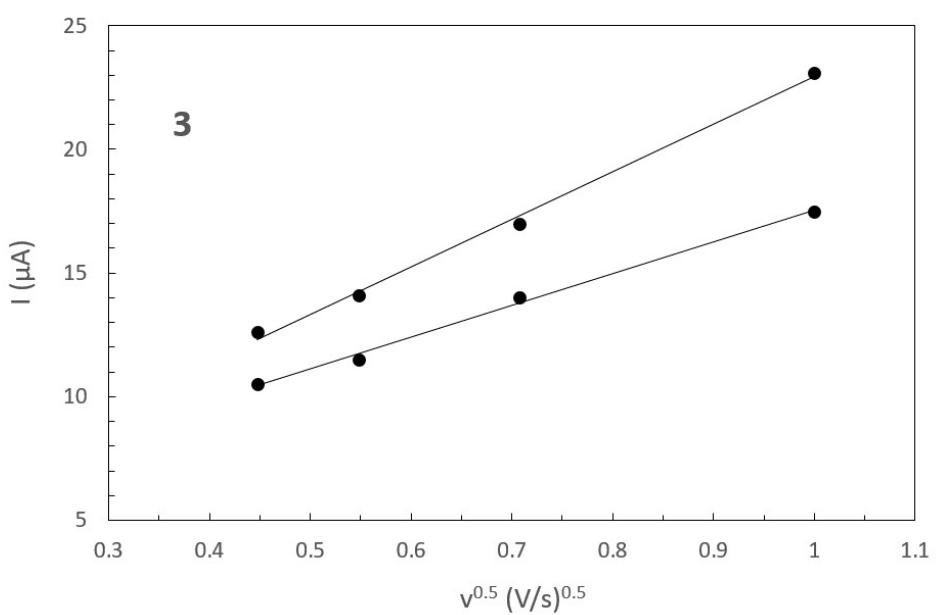
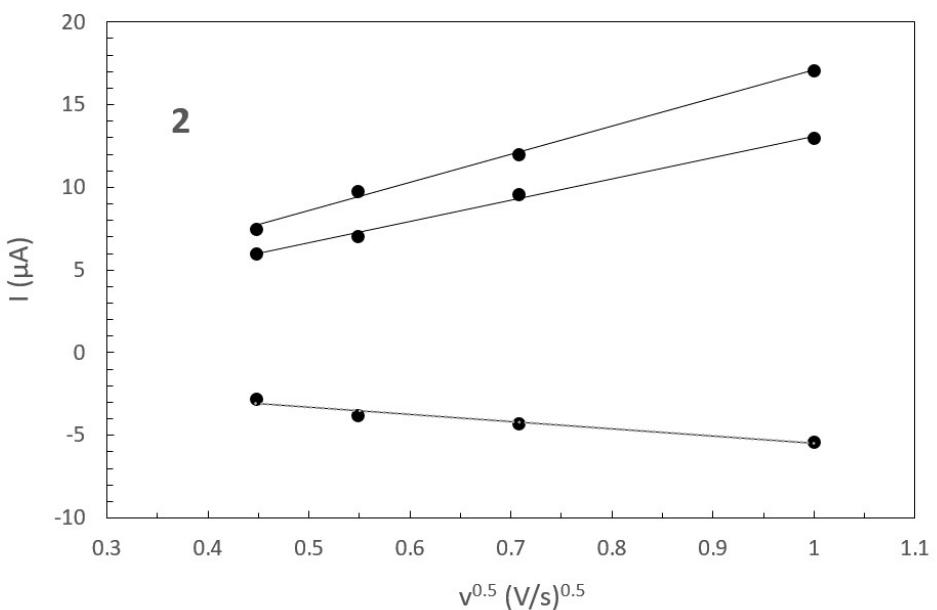


Figure S29. Graphical representation of the peak current vs the $v^{1/2}$ of complex **2** and **3**.