

**Supporting Information**

**Prussian Blue Analogue Derived Hollow Metal Oxide Heterostructure for High-Performance Supercapacitor**

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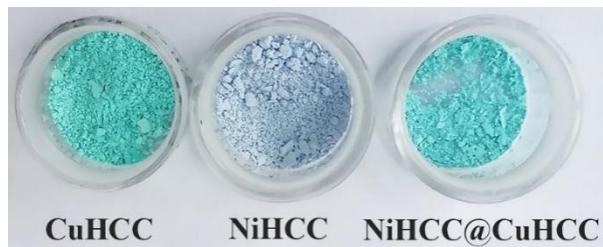


Figure S1 Photographs of CuHCC, NiHCC and NiHCC@CuHCC

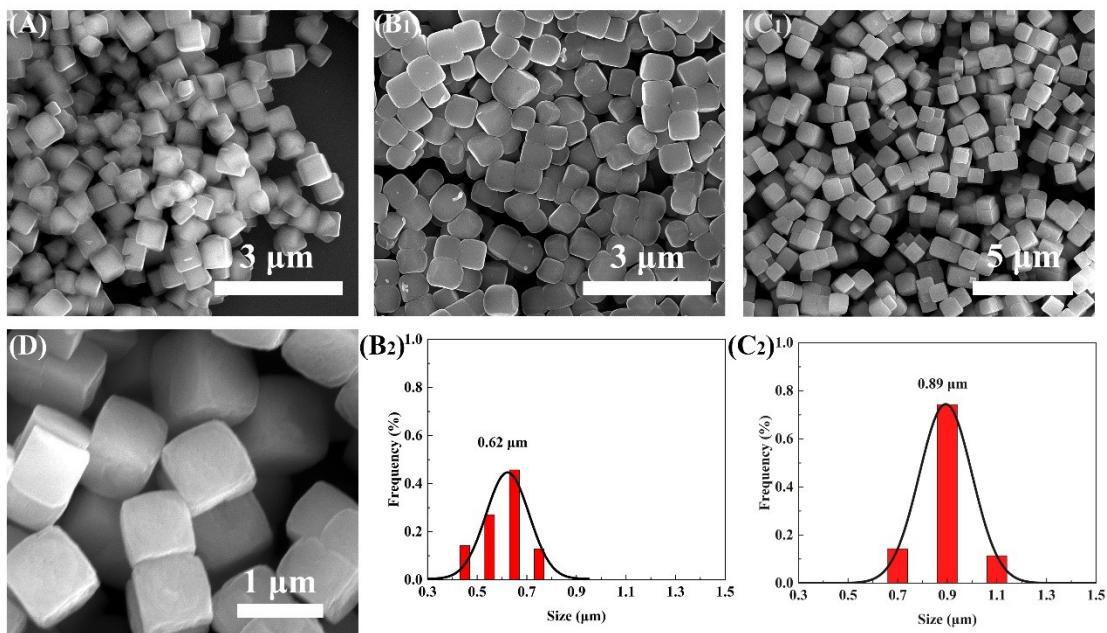


Figure S2 The FESEM images of (A) CuHCC, (B<sub>1</sub>) NiHCC and (C<sub>1</sub>, D) NiHCC@CuHCC, the size distribution of (B<sub>2</sub>) NiHCC and (C<sub>2</sub>) NiHCC@CuHCC

Table S1 Electrochemical performances of MOFs- derived metal oxides for SC electrodes

Material	Specific capacitance /(F g <sup>-1</sup> )	Rate performance/ (%)	Cycling stability	Refs.
MnO <sub>x</sub>	75.6 (0.1 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	23.8% (2 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	426% (500 cycles)	1
g-C <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> /CeO <sub>2</sub> /CoFe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	255.5 (1 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	56.7%	—	2
WO <sub>3</sub> @CuO	248.0 (1 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	58.8% (10 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	85.2% (1500 cycles)	3
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	115.0 (1 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	65.2% (10 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	62.6% (10,000 cycles)	4
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> microflowers	240.2 (0.625 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	84.1% (6.25 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	96.3% (5,000 cycles)	5
Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> nanoribbons	291 (0.25 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	35.4% (2 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	99.5% (3000 cycles)	6
Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> nanocages	140.0 (10 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	49.5% (15 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	—	7
Cuo/NiO/Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub>	262.5 (1 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	60.3% (10 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	107.9% (3000 cycles)	This work

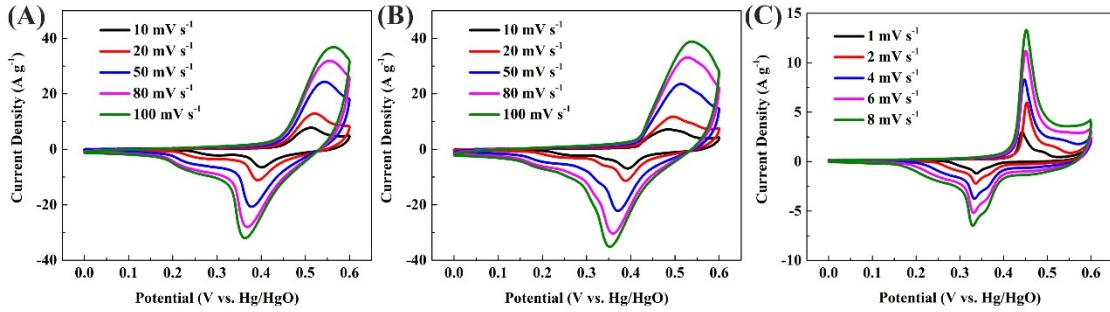


Figure S3 CV curves at various scan rates of 10-100 mV s<sup>-1</sup> of (A) CuO/Co<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub> and (B) NiO/Co<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>. (C) CV curves at various scan rates of 1-8 mV s<sup>-1</sup> of CuO/NiO/Co<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>

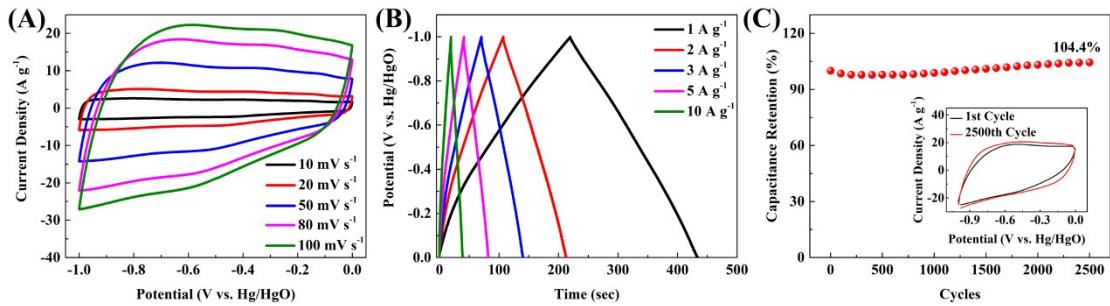


Figure S4 (A) CV curves of NDGH at various scan rates from 10 to 100 mV s<sup>-1</sup>, (B) GCD curves of NDGH at different current densities of 1-10 A g<sup>-1</sup>, (C) Cycling stability of NDGH (inset: CV curves of NDGH for the 1st and 2500th cycles)

Table S2 Electrochemical performances of reported ASCs

System	Specific capacitance/(F g <sup>-1</sup> )	Rate performance/(\%)	Cycling stability	Refs.
CNF@Ni-CAT//AC	68.58 (0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	65% (10 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	106.19% (5000 cycles)	8
MnO <sub>2</sub> //AC	50 (0.25 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	—	90.4% (3000 cycles) 86%	9
Mn <sub>1.5</sub> Co <sub>0.75</sub> O/NF//Graphene	69 (0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	59.9% (10 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	(10000 cycles) 94.2%	10
cP/rGO/Co <sub>9</sub> S <sub>8</sub> //AC	55 (0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	—	(10000 cycles) 87.2%	11
ZnCo <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> //Nanoporous Carbon	94.4 (0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	—	(5000 cycles) 90%	12
IL-CNT-rGO//MnO <sub>2</sub> -rGO	57 (1 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	70% (20 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	(10000 cycles) 95%	13
Ni-MOF/CNTs-5//rGO/C <sub>3</sub> N <sub>4</sub> -3	103 (0.5 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	45% (20 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	(5000 cycles) 92.6%	14
NCMO//NC	76.3 (1 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	69.3% (10 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	(10000 cycles) 89.4%	15
MnO <sub>2</sub> /rGO//rGO	59.6 (1 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	86.9% (8 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	(1000 cycles) 100.7%	16
CuO/NiO/Co <sub>3</sub> O <sub>4</sub> //NDGH	76.3 (1 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	60.9% (10 A g <sup>-1</sup> )	100.7%	This

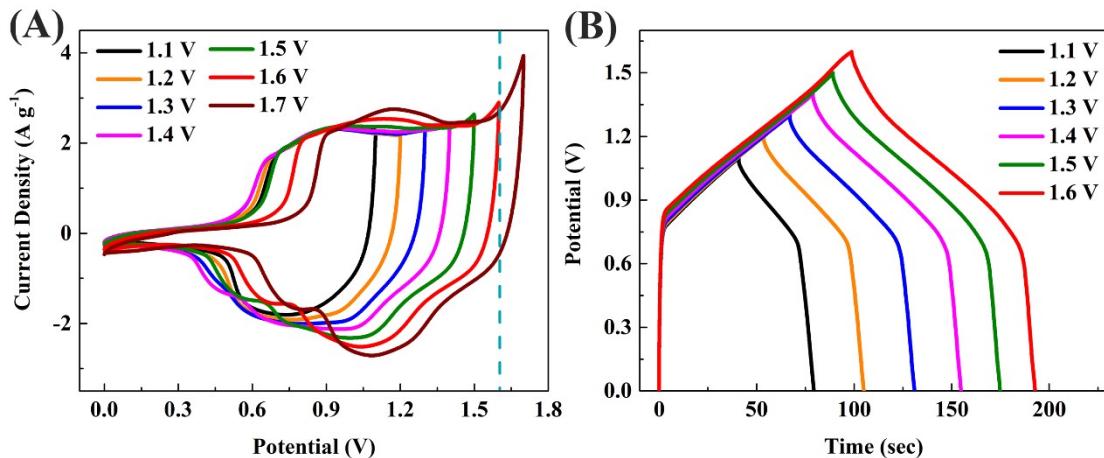


Figure S5 (A) CV curves at different potential ranges at a scan rate of 20 mV s<sup>-1</sup>. (B) GCD curves at different potential ranges at a current density of 1  $\text{A g}^{-1}$

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