

ELECTRONIC SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

for

Coupling Between two Ru(bda) Catalysts Bridged by a *trans*-dicyano  
Complex

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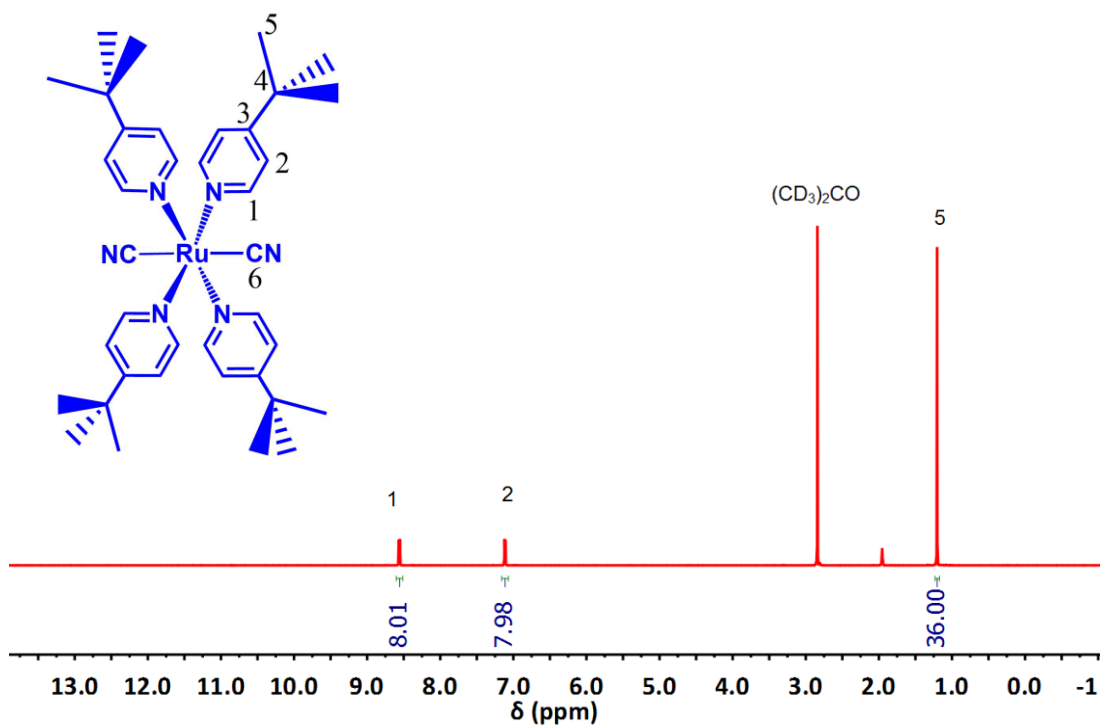


Fig. S1 500 MHz  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  spectrum of  $trans\text{-Ru}(\text{tbupy})_4(\text{CN})_2$  dissolved in  $(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{CO}$ .

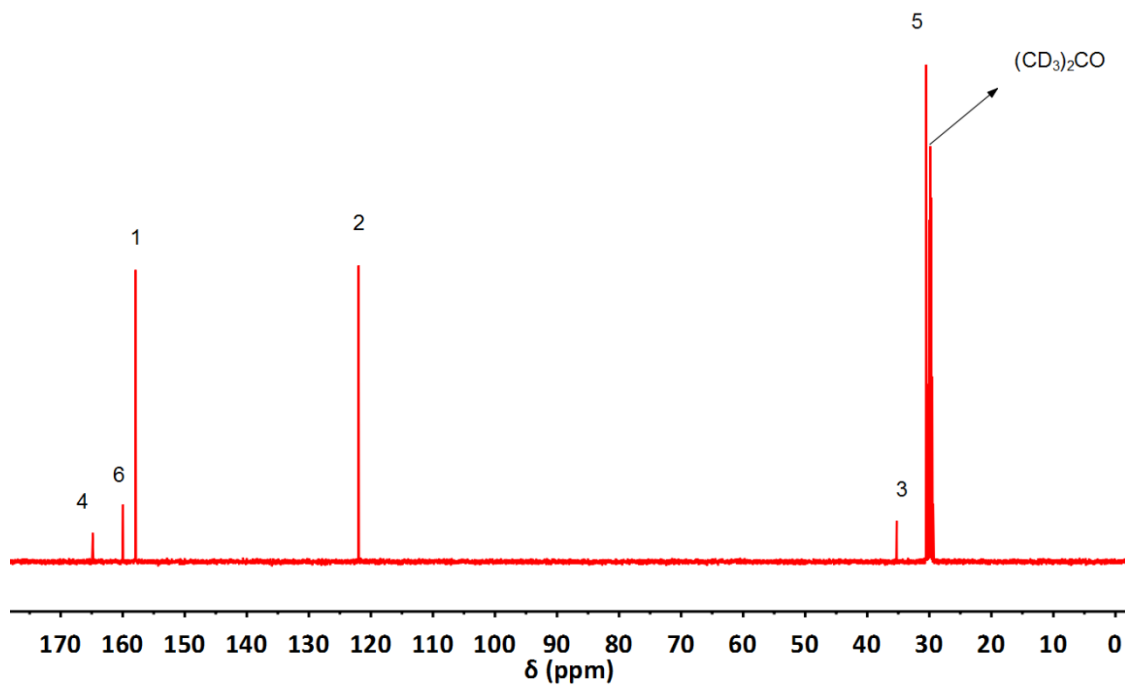
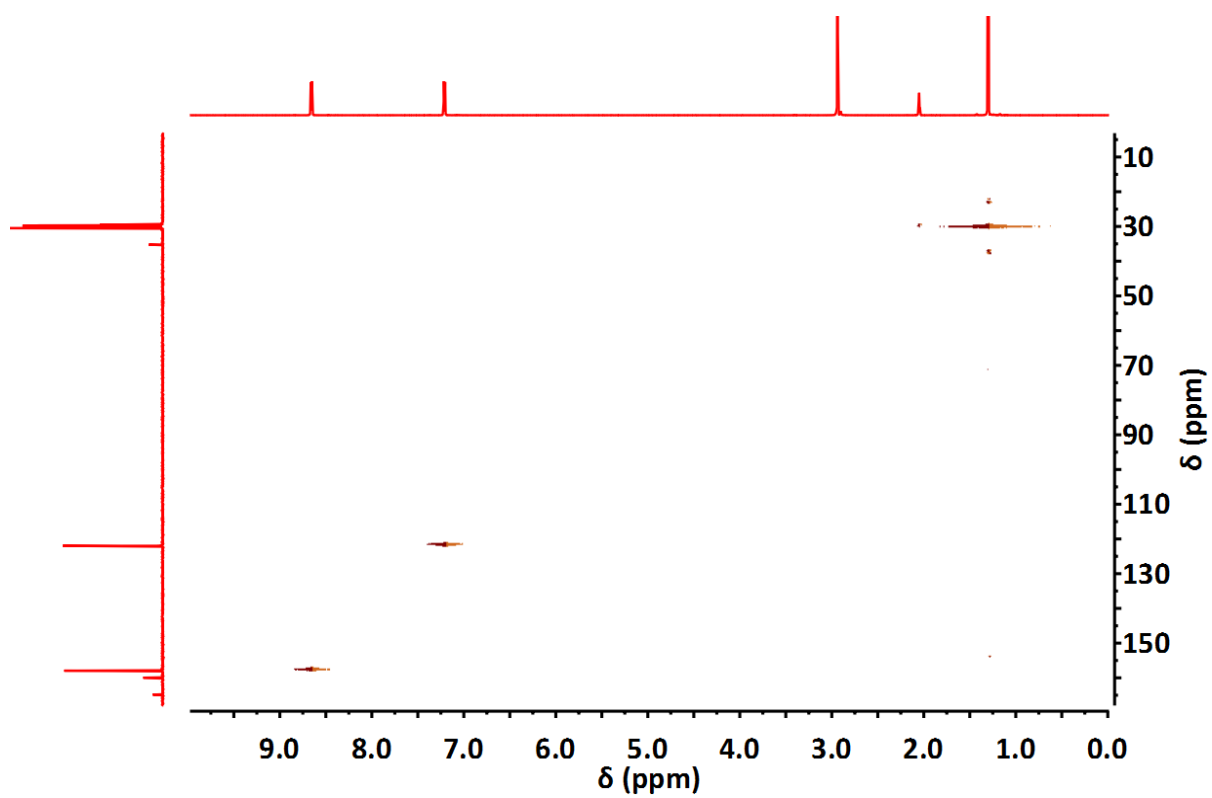
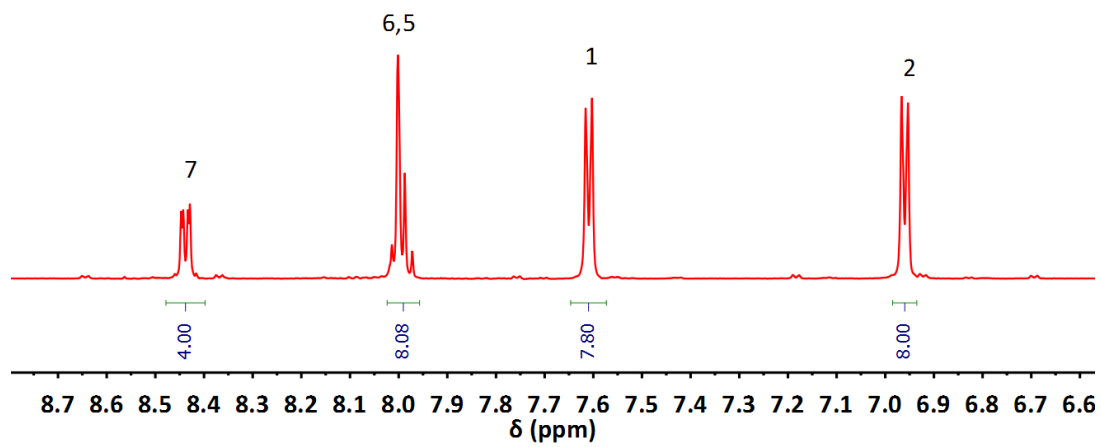
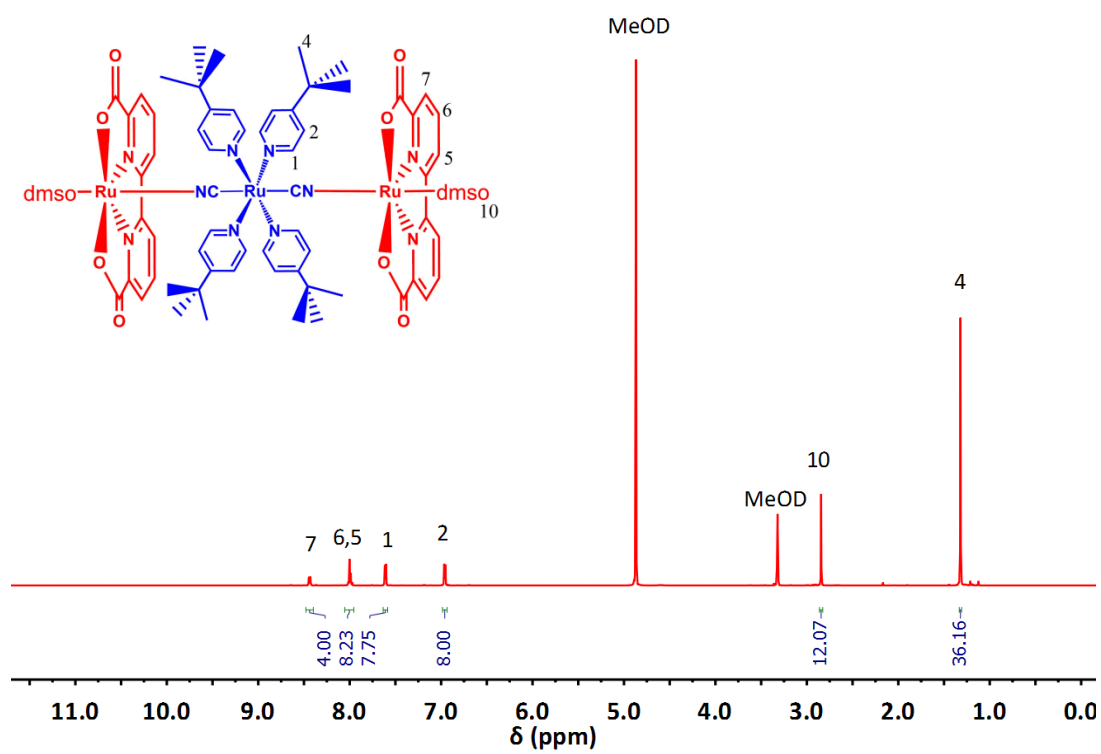


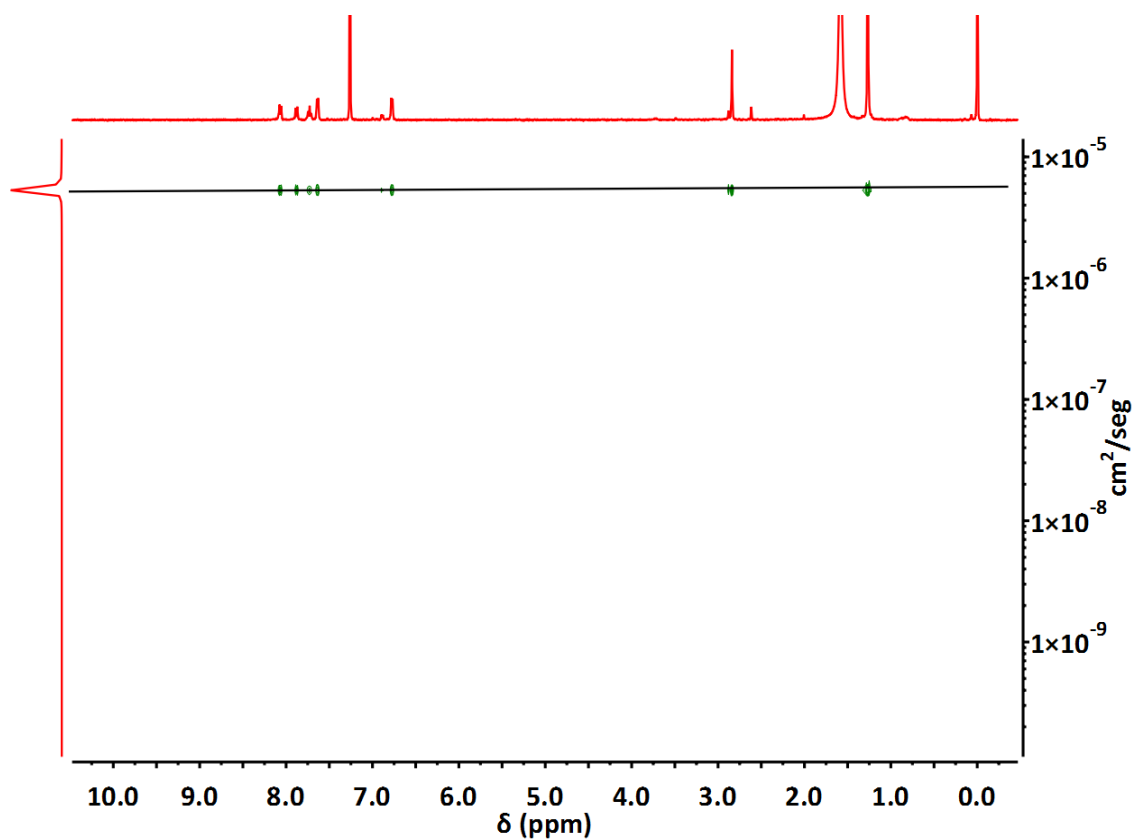
Fig. S2 125 MHz  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$  spectrum of  $trans\text{-Ru}(\text{tbupy})_4(\text{CN})_2$  dissolved in  $(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{CO}$ .



**Fig. S3** 2D  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  HSQC spectrum of *trans*- $\text{Ru}(\text{tbupy})_4(\text{CN})_2$  dissolved in  $(\text{CD}_3)_2\text{CO}$ .



**Fig. S4** 500 MHz  $^1\text{H}$ -NMR spectrum of  $[\text{RuRu}(\text{tbupy})_4\text{Ru}]$  dissolved in  $\text{CD}_3\text{OD}$ .



**Fig. S5** <sup>1</sup>H-DOSY spectrum of **[RuRu(tbupy)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** in CDCl<sub>3</sub> at 298K. The diffusion coefficient is  $5.31 \times 10^{-6} \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$ .

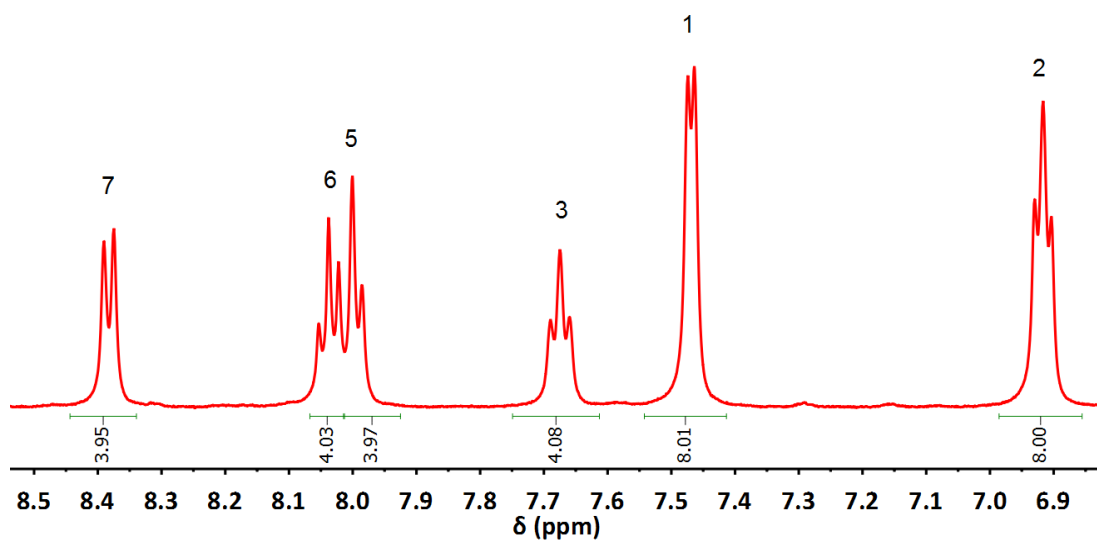
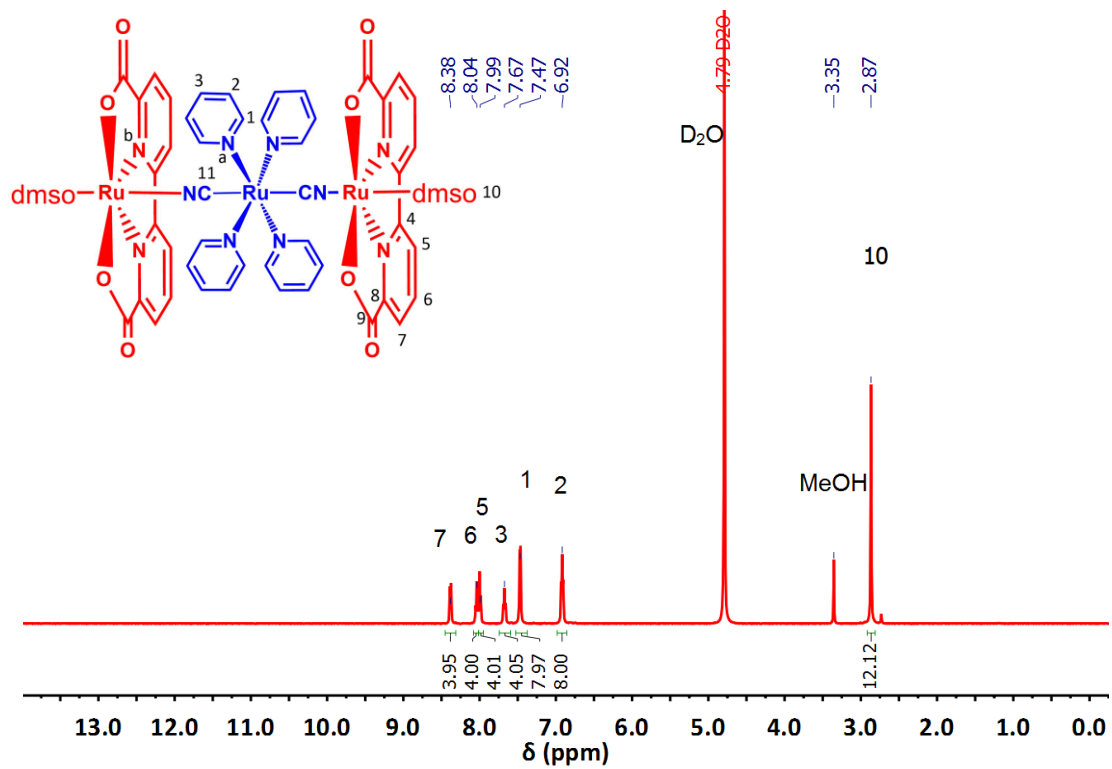
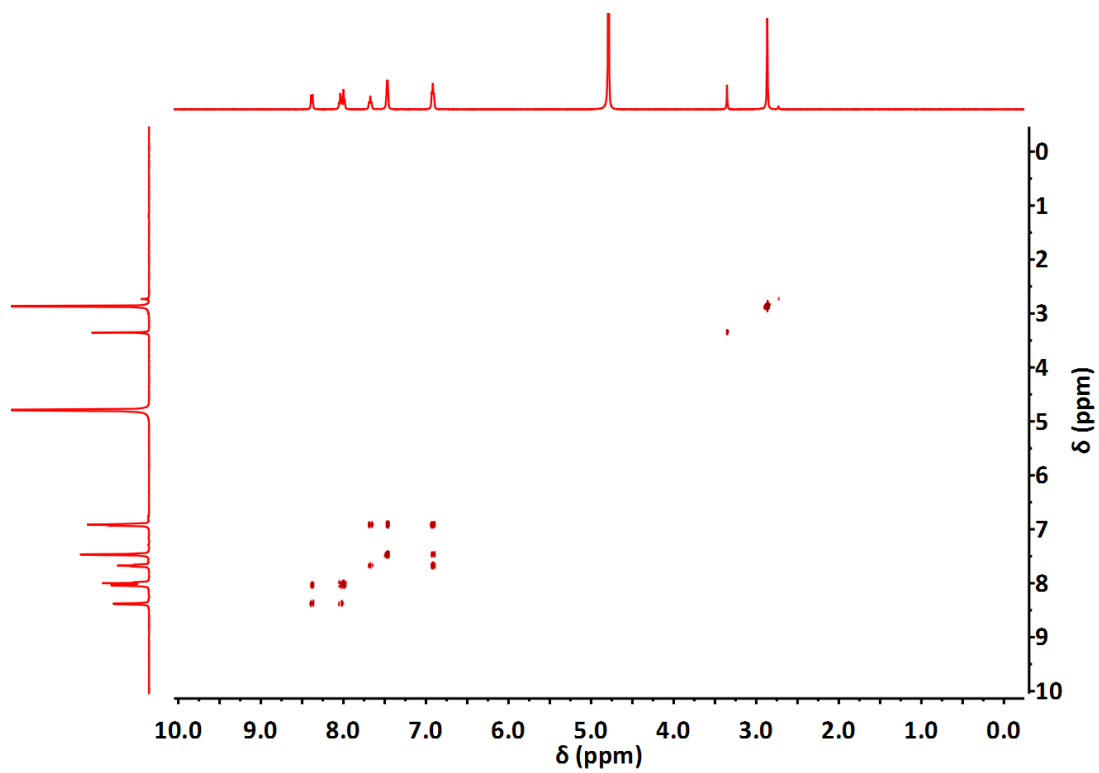
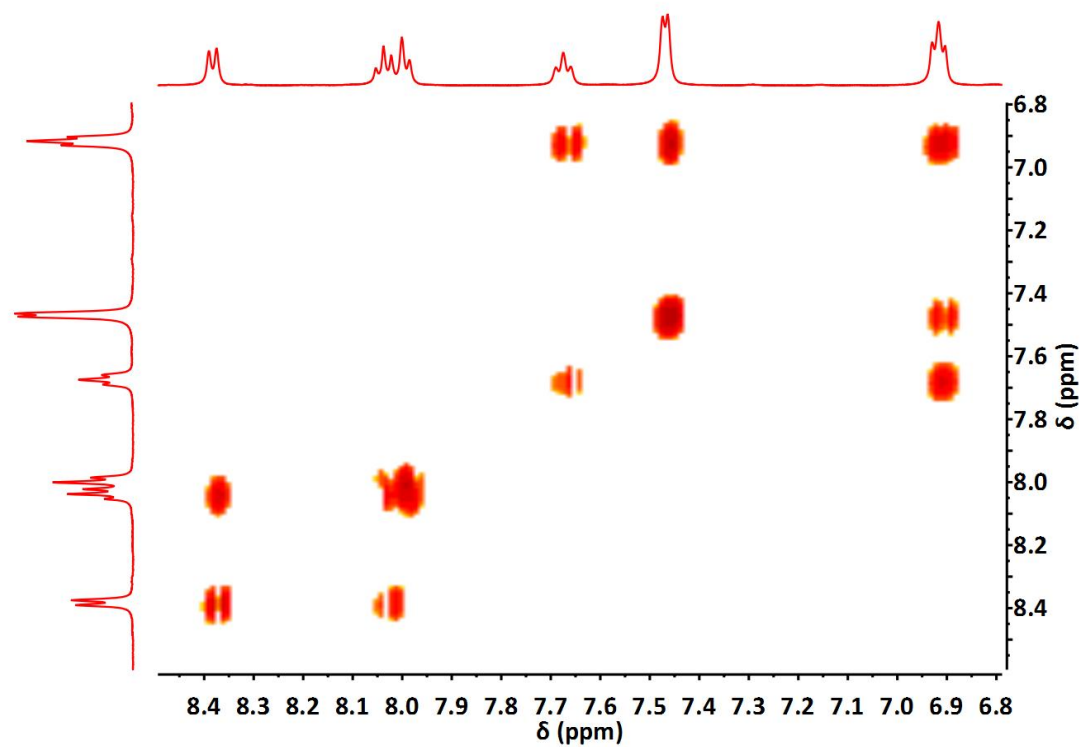


Fig. S6 500 MHz  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  spectrum of  $[\text{RuRu}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}]$  dissolved in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ .



**Fig. S7** 2D  $^1\text{H}$ - $^1\text{H}$  COSY spectrum of  $[\text{RuRu}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}]$  dissolved in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ .



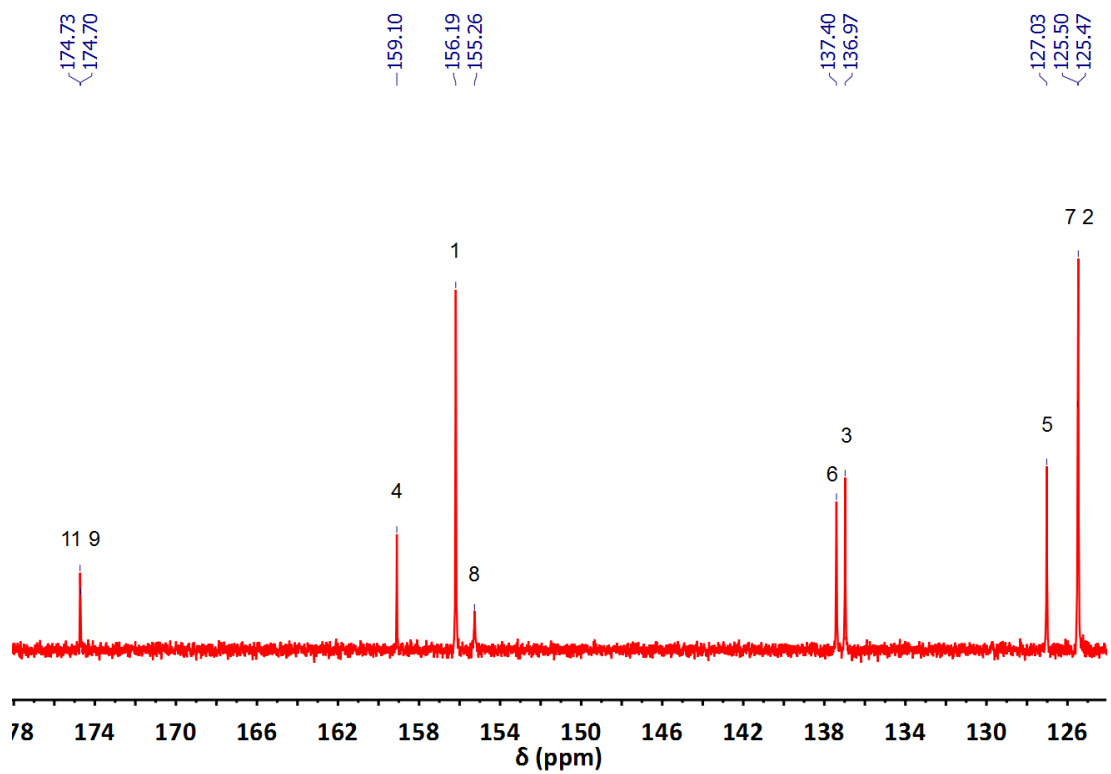
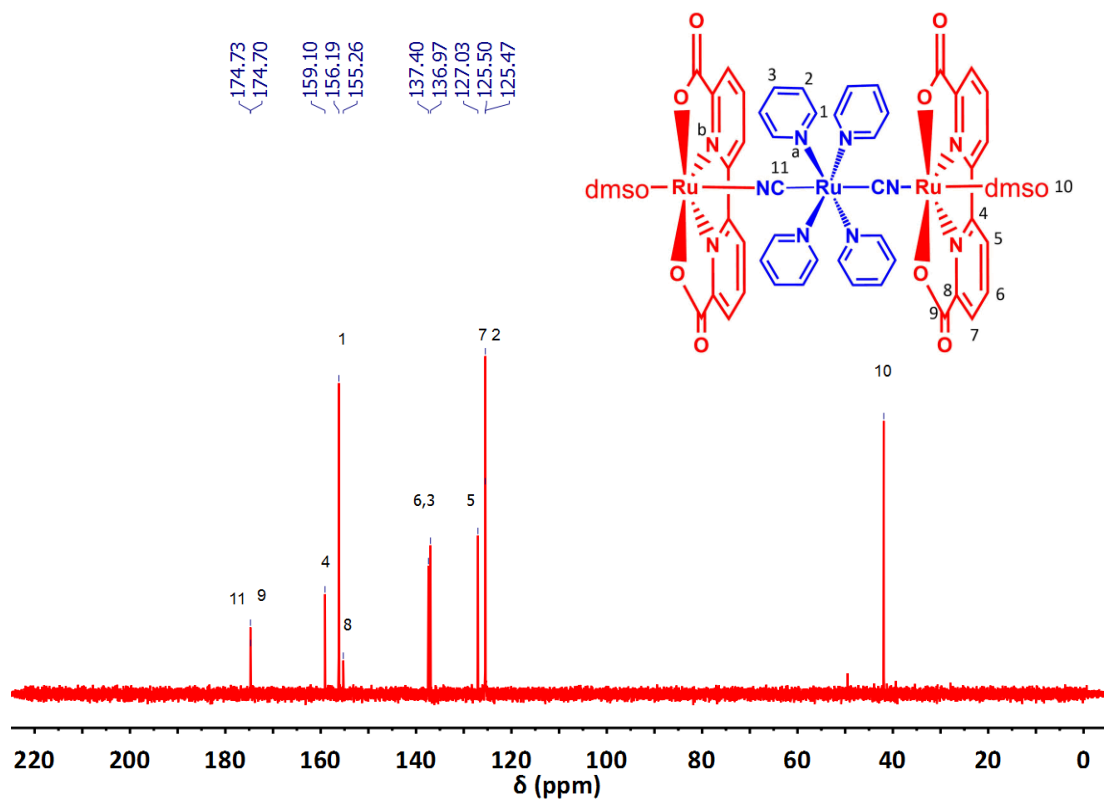


Fig. S8 125 MHz  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR spectrum of  $[\text{RuRu}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}]$  dissolved in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ .

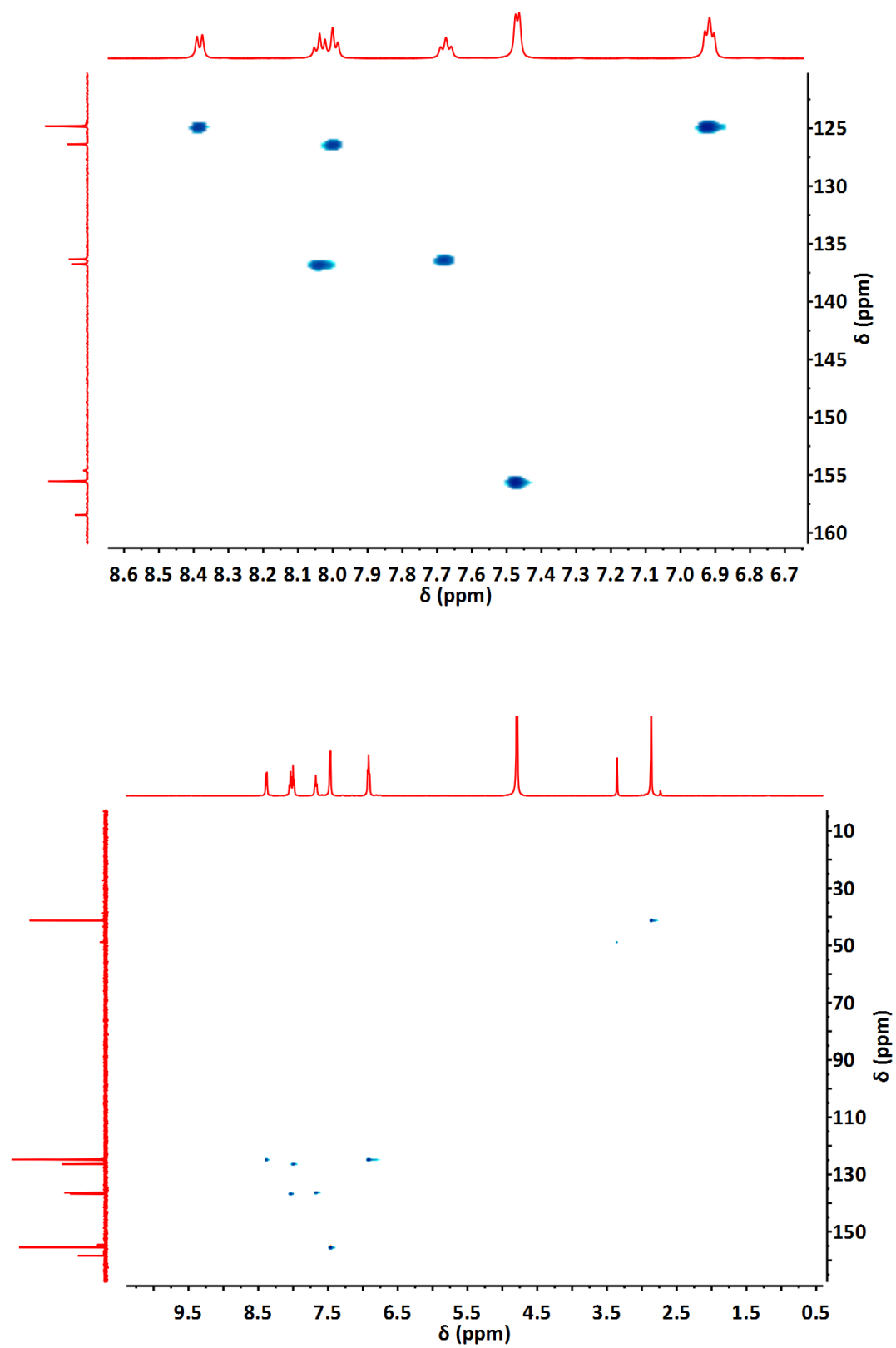
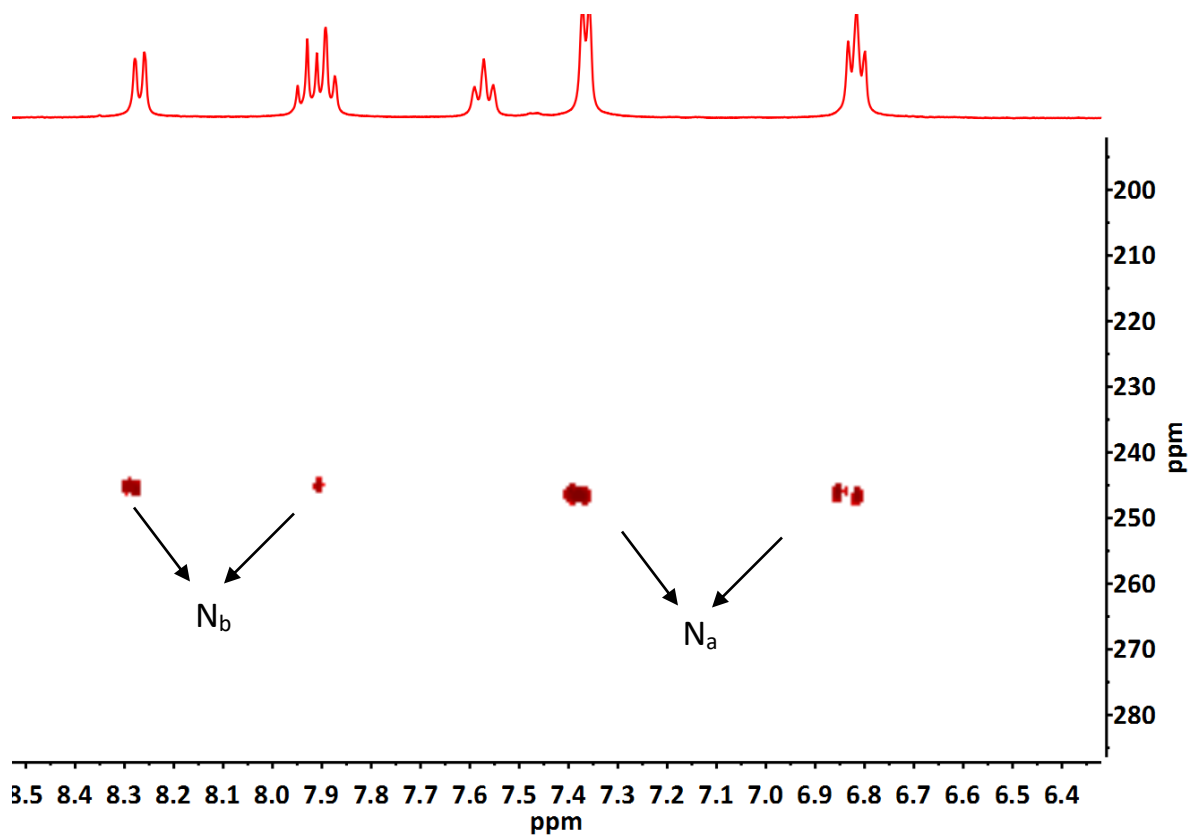
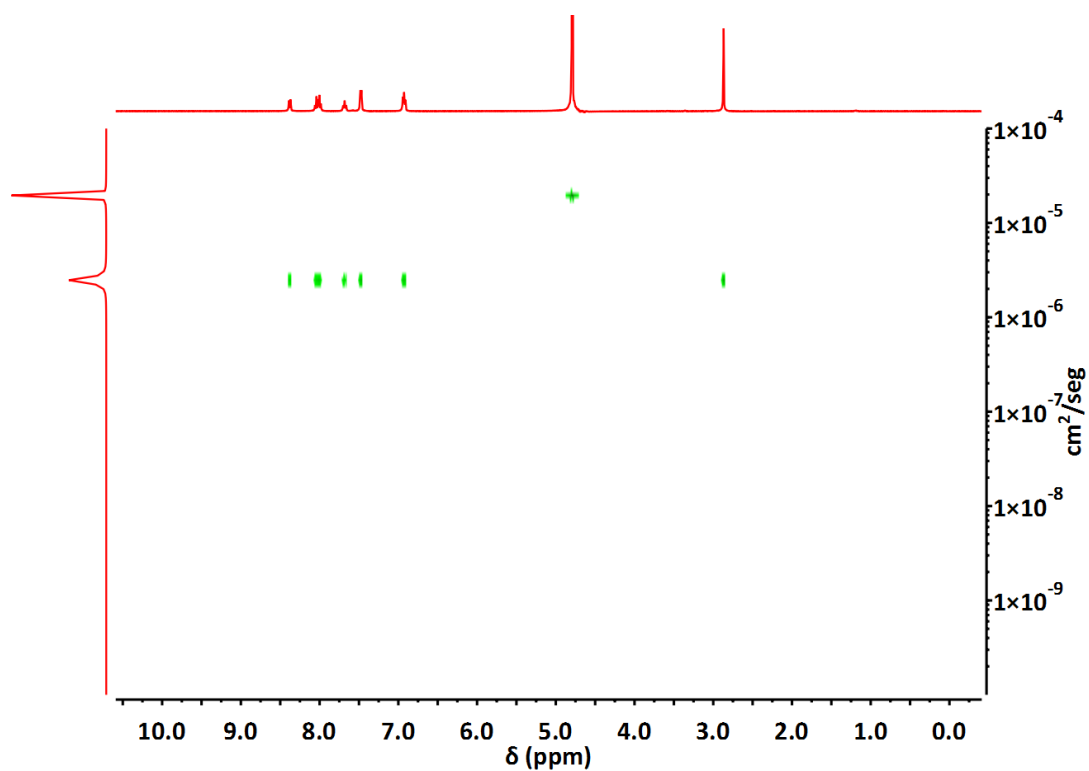


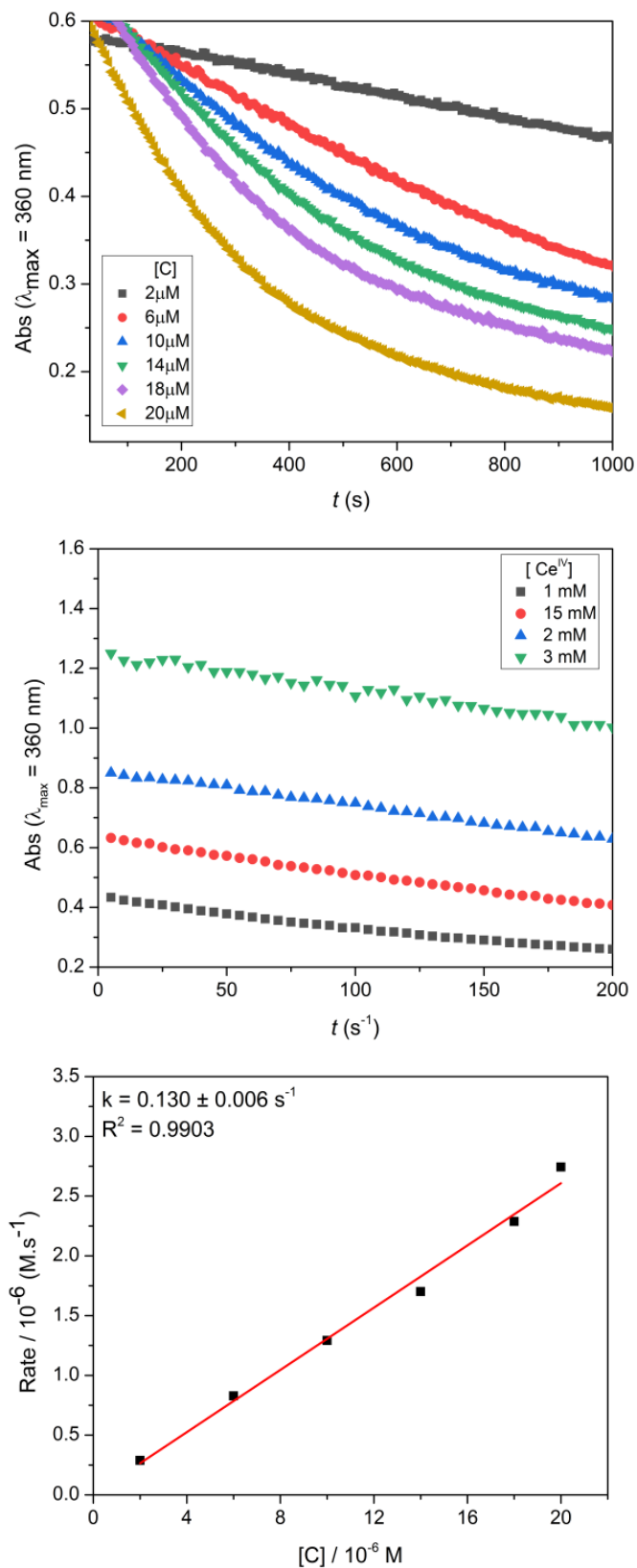
Fig. S9 2D  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{13}\text{C}$  HSQC spectrum of  $[\text{RuRu}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}]$  dissolved in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ .



**Fig. S10** 2D  $^1\text{H}$ - $^{15}\text{N}$  HSQC spectrum of  $[\text{RuRu}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}]$  dissolved in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$ .



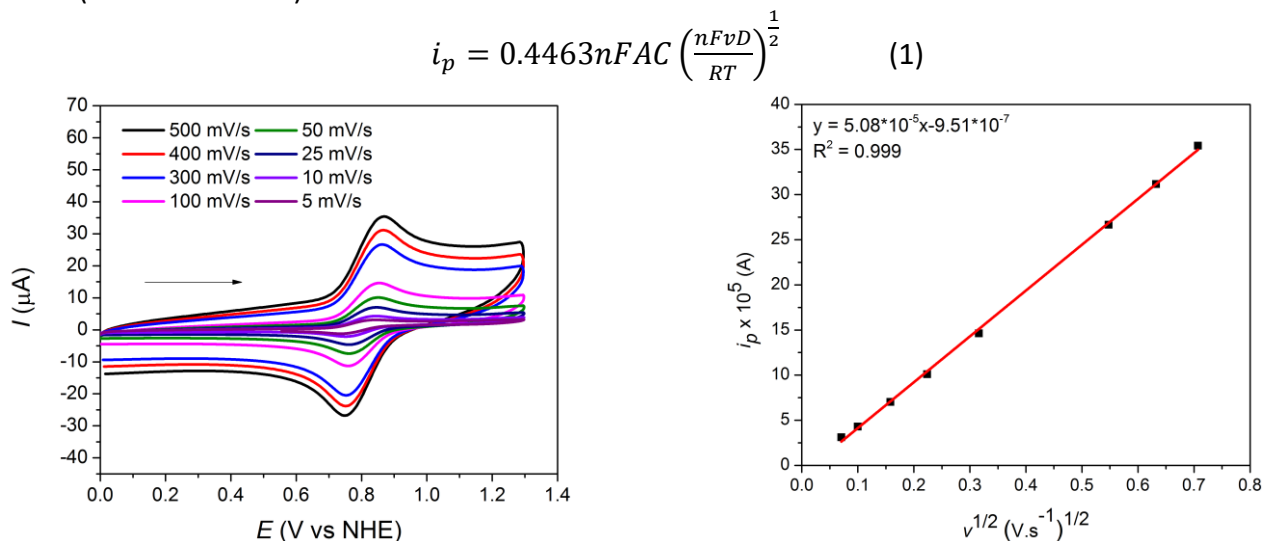
**Fig. S11**  $^1\text{H}$ -DOSY spectrum of  $[\text{RuRu}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}]$  in  $\text{D}_2\text{O}$  at 298K. The diffusion coefficient is  $2.48 \times 10^{-6} \text{ cm}^2/\text{s}$ .



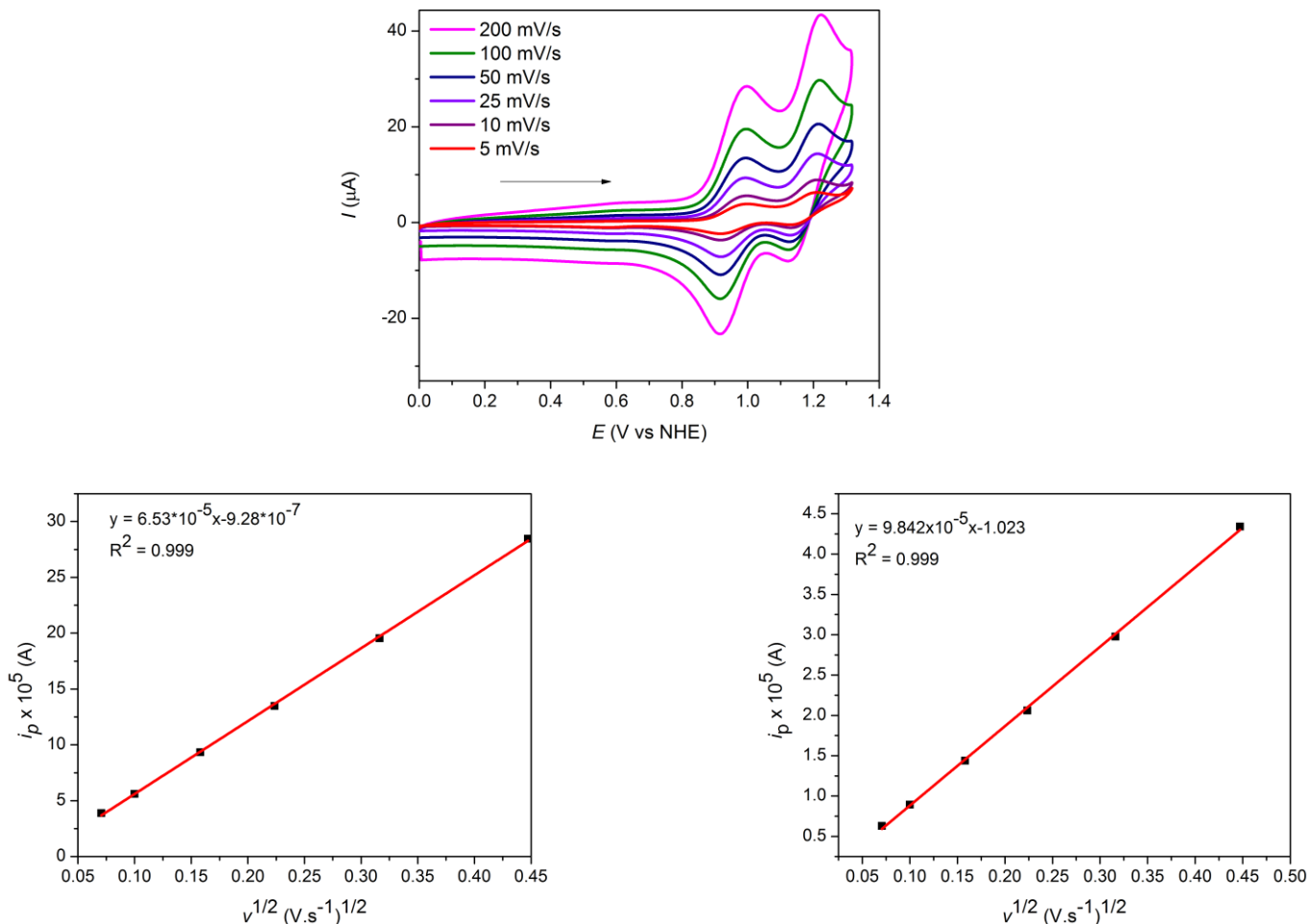
**Fig. S12** Absorbance decay monitored at 360 nm in aqueous solution as a function of time for different  $[RuRu(py)_4Ru]$  concentrations (top) and for different  $Ce(IV)$  concentrations (center). Plot of the rate constant vs  $[RuRu(py)_4Ru]$  concentrations (bottom). Conditions: pH = 1.0 (aqueous 0.1 M triflic acid) and  $T = 298$  K.

## Calculation of the number of transferred electrons

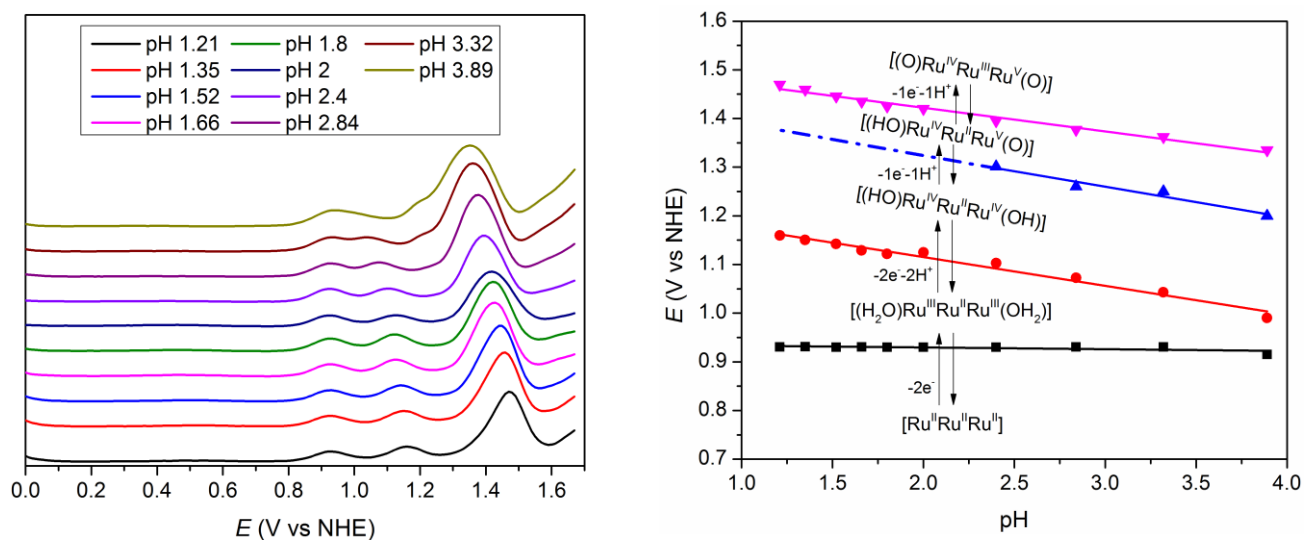
**Fig. S13** shows the fit of the plot of  $i_p$  vs the  $v^{1/2}$  used for the calculation of the number of transferred electrons according with the Randles-Ševčík equation (1) where  $i_p$  is the anodic peak current  $\alpha$ ,  $n$  is the number of transferred electrons,  $F$  is the Faraday constant (96500 C),  $A$  is the active area of the working electrode (0.0707 cm<sup>2</sup>),  $C$  is the catalyst concentration in mol cm<sup>-3</sup>,  $v$  is the scan rate in V s<sup>-1</sup>,  $D$  is the diffusion coefficient (cm<sup>2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>) calculated from <sup>1</sup>H-DOSY experiments,  $T$  is the temperature in kelvin and  $R$  is the ideal gas constant (8.314 J mol<sup>-1</sup> K<sup>-1</sup>).



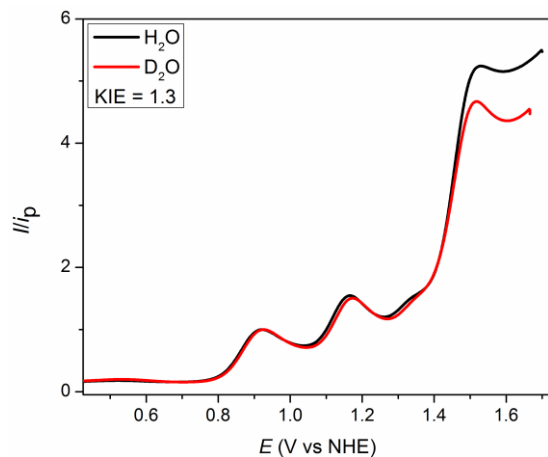
**Fig. S13** Left: CV of [RuRu(tbupy)<sub>4</sub>Ru] in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.2 M TBAPF<sub>6</sub>) at different scan rates. Right: plot of the anodic current  $i_p$  (Ru<sup>III/II</sup>) vs square root of the scan rate ( $v^{1/2}$ ). Conditions: WE (glassy carbon electrode), CE (platinum wire), RE (Ag wire) and [C] = 0.41 mM.



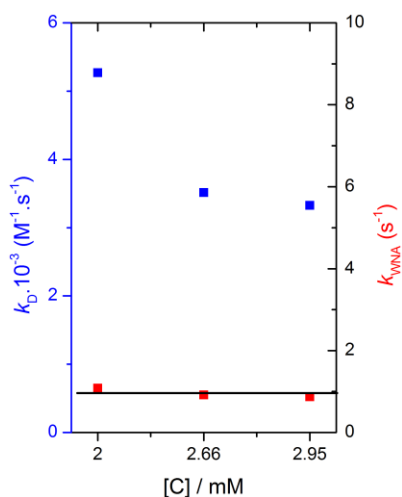
**Fig. S14** Upper graph: CV of  $[\text{RuRu}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}]$  in 0.1 M triflic acid ( $\text{pH} = 1$ ) at different scan rates. Lower graphs: Plots of the anodic current  $i_p$  ( $\text{Ru}^{\text{III/II}}$ ) vs square root of the scan rate ( $v^{1/2}$ ) for the first oxidation (left) and the second oxidation (right) process. Conditions: WE (glassy carbon electrode), CE (platinum wire), RE (Ag/AgCl 3M NaCl) and  $[\text{C}] = 1.28 \text{ mM}$ .



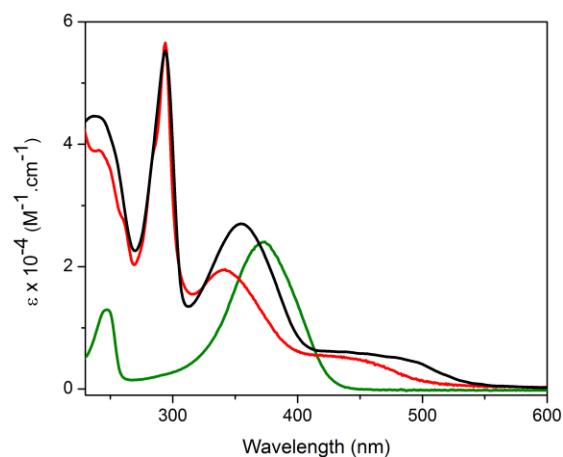
**Fig. S15** SWV of  $[\text{RuRu}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}]$  at different pH's (left). Potential vs pH diagram (right). Conditions: WE (glassy carbon electrode), CE (platinum wire), RE (Ag/AgCl 3M NaCl).  $v = 100 \text{ mV/s}$ .



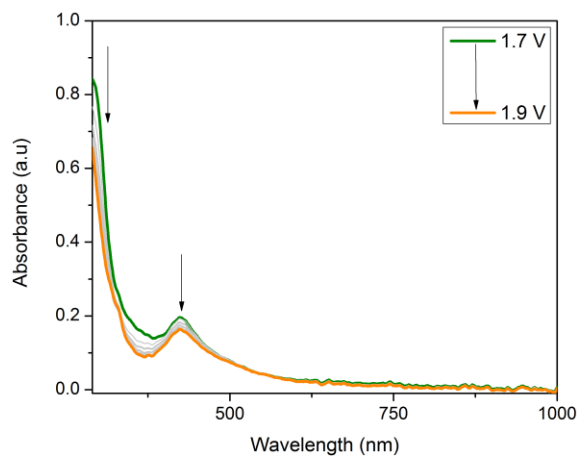
**Fig. S16** Anodic scan of the CVs for **[RuRu(py)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** in H<sub>2</sub>O and D<sub>2</sub>O at in 0.1 M triflic acid (pH = 1 and pD = 1). **[RuRu(py)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** = 1.20 mM.



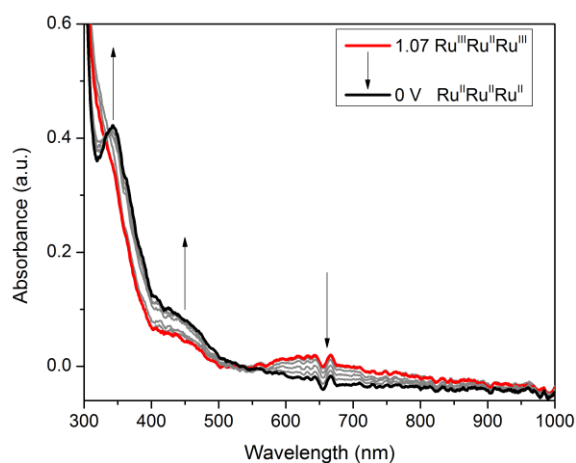
**Fig. S17** Plot of calculated the  $k_{WNA}$  and  $k_D$  vs complex concentration **[RuRu(py)<sub>4</sub>Ru]**.



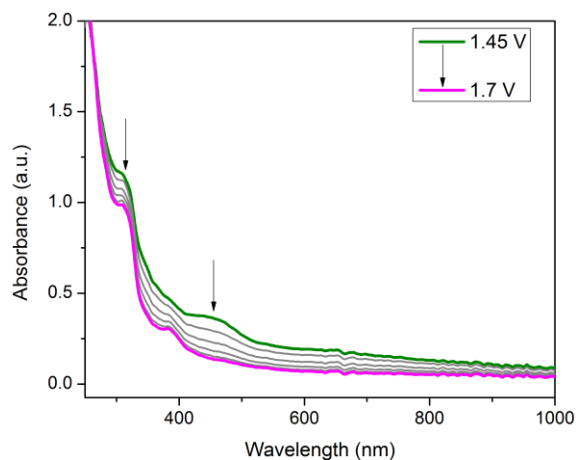
**Fig. S18** UV-visible spectra of complexes **trans-Ru(tbupy)<sub>4</sub>(CN)<sub>2</sub>** (olive trace) and **[RuRu(tbupy)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** (black trace) in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> and **[RuRu(py)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** (red trace) in 0.1 M triflic acid (pH = 1) at 298 K.



**Fig. S19** UV-Vis spectroelectrochemistry for **[RuRu(tbupy)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** in CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub> (0.2 M TBAH). The arrows indicate observed changes. Conditions: WE (platinum), CE (platinum), RE (Ag/AgCl 3M NaCl).



**Fig. S20** UV-Vis spectroelectrochemistry of **[RuRu(py)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** in 0.1 M triflic acid (pH = 1). The arrows indicate changes during the reduction process. Conditions: WE (platinum), CE (platinum), RE (Ag/AgCl 3M NaCl).

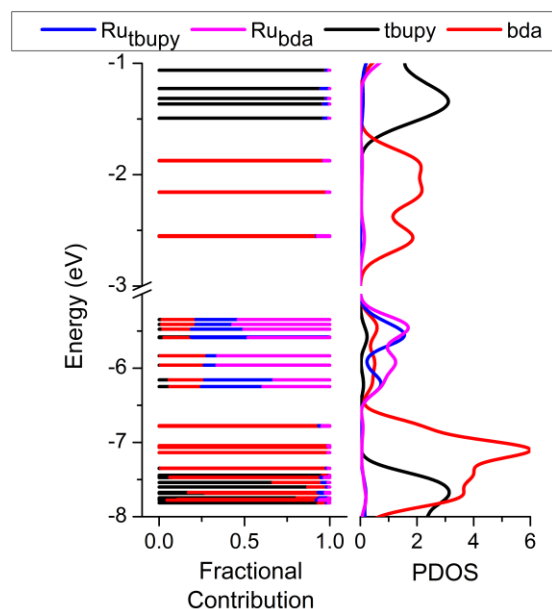


**Fig. S21** UV-Vis spectroelectrochemistry of **[RuRu(py)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** in 0.1 M triflic acid (pH = 1). The arrows indicate observed changes. Conditions: WE (platinum), CE (platinum), RE (Ag/AgCl 3M NaCl).



**Table S1.** Energies values and percentual group contributions of selected MOs of complex **[RuRu(tbupy)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** in their singlet ground state.

MOs	Energy (eV)	Ru <sub>tbupy</sub>	Ru <sub>bda</sub>	tbupy	bda
L+10	-1.06	2	1	97	0
L+9	-1.23	5	0	95	0
L+8	-1.32	1	1	98	0
L+7	-1.37	4	0	96	0
L+6	-1.49	3	1	96	0
L+5	-1.87	0	4	0	96
L+4	-1.88	0	3	0	96
L+3	-2.16	0	2	0	98
L+2	-2.16	0	2	0	98
L+1	-2.55	0	7	0	92
LUMO	-2.55	1	7	0	92
HOMO	-5.35	25	54	2	20
H-1	-5.41	22	57	2	20
H-2	-5.48	31	50	2	17
H-3	-5.58	81	0	19	0
H-4	-5.59	33	48	3	17
H-5	-5.83	6	66	1	27
H-6	-5.96	7	66	1	26
H-7	-6.16	41	33	6	21
H-8	-6.25	36	39	6	19
H-9	-6.77	2	5	0	93
H-10	-6.78	1	5	0	94



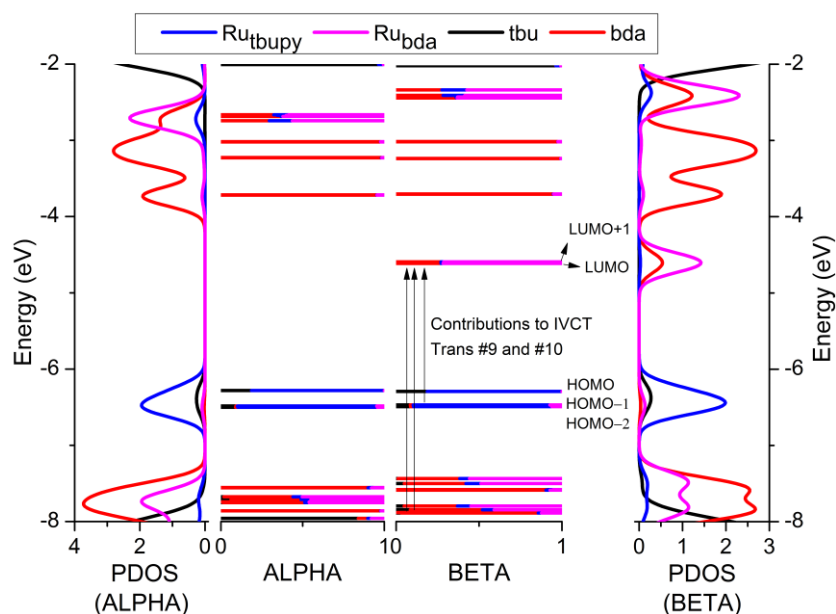
**Fig. S22** Molecular orbital diagram and partial density of states (PDOS) of complex **[RuRu(tbupy)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** in their singlet ground state.

**Table S2.** Energies values and percentual group contributions of selected alpha MOs of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{tbupy})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{2+}$  in their triplet ground state.

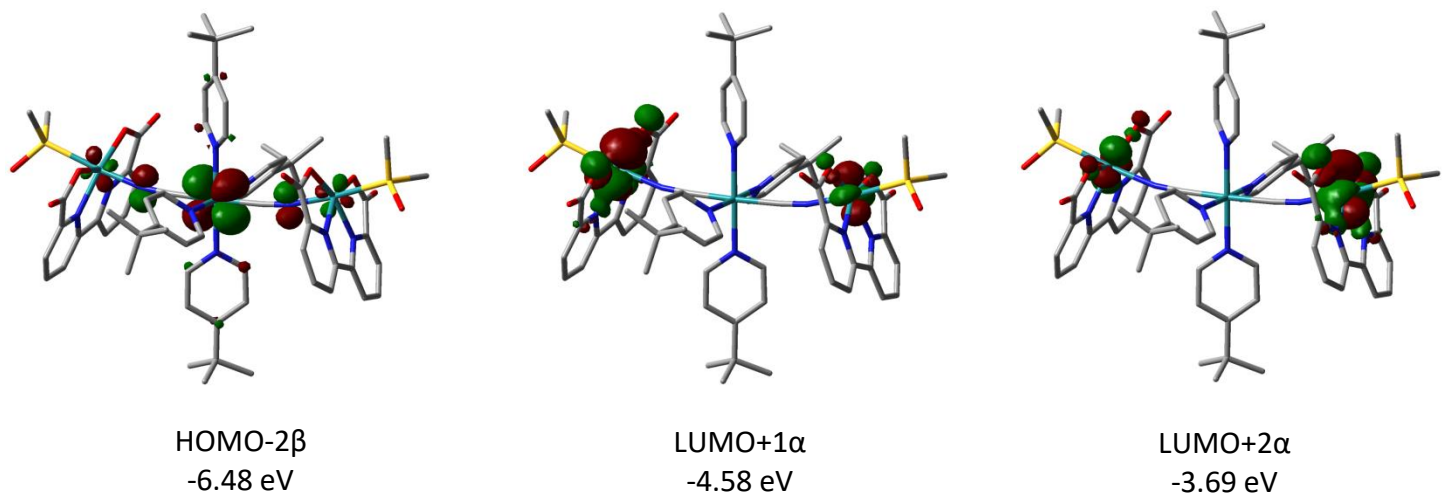
Alpha orbitals	Energy (eV)	Ru <sub>tbupy</sub>	Ru <sub>bda</sub>	tbupy	bda
L+10	-2.01	3	1	96	0
L+9	-2.66	9	59	0	32
L+8	-2.67	5	60	0	34
L+7	-2.69	1	62	0	37
L+6	-2.74	14	56	0	29
L+5	-3.02	0	2	0	98
L+4	-3.02	0	2	0	98
L+3	-3.23	0	1	0	98
L+2	-3.23	0	1	0	98
L+1	-3.72	0	4	0	95
LUMO	-3.72	0	4	0	95
HOMO	-6.28	81	0	19	0
H-1	-6.49	85	5	9	1
H-2	-6.5	85	4	9	1
H-3	-7.55	3	6	1	90
H-4	-7.56	2	8	0	90
H-5	-7.68	6	50	2	42
H-6	-7.71	6	45	6	43
H-7	-7.74	3	46	1	51
H-8	-7.75	3	46	1	50
H-9	-7.86	0	2	0	98
H-10	-7.86	0	2	1	97

**Table S3.** Energies values and percentual group contributions of selected beta MOs of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{tbupy})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{2+}$  in their triplet ground state.

Beta orbitals	eV	Ru <sub>tbupy</sub>	Ru <sub>bda</sub>	tbupy	bda
L+10	-2.83	2	4	92	2
L+9	-2.89	18	54	3	25
L+8	-3.29	0	2	0	97
L+7	-3.29	0	2	0	97
L+6	-3.5	0	1	0	99
L+5	-3.5	0	1	0	99
L+4	-3.98	0	4	0	96
L+3	-3.98	0	4	0	96
L+2	-4.94	1	72	0	27
L+1	-4.95	1	72	0	27
LUMO	-5.88	79	0	21	0
HOMO	-7.73	13	53	1	34
H-1	-7.81	7	49	1	44
H-2	-7.84	3	13	0	85
H-3	-7.85	2	6	0	92
H-4	-8.03	25	46	3	27
H-5	-8.11	1	3	0	96
H-6	-8.12	1	2	0	97
H-7	-8.19	8	55	2	34
H-8	-8.49	51	5	32	12
H-9	-8.57	35	12	39	14
H-10	-8.68	0	1	1	98



**Fig. S23** Molecular orbital diagram and partial density of states (PDOS) of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{tbupy})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{2+}$  in their triplet ground state.



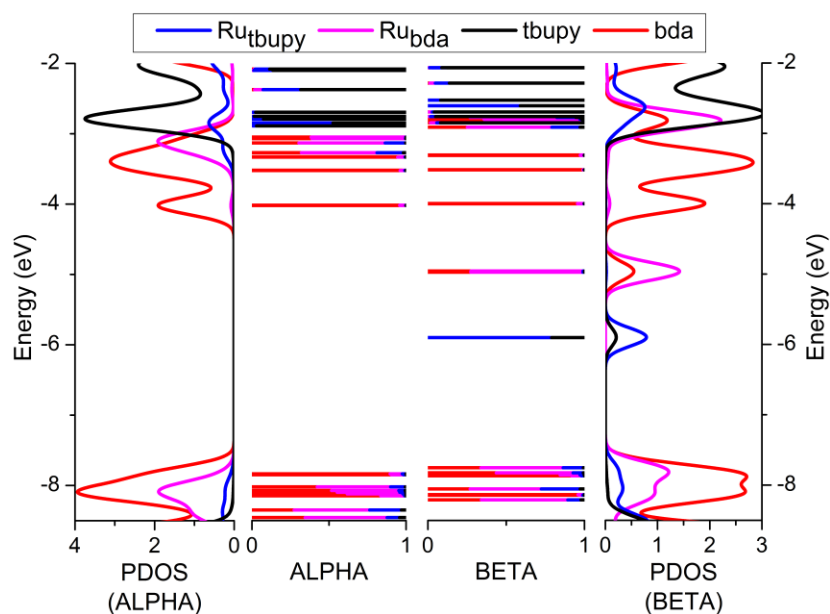
**Fig. S24** Molecular orbitals of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{tbupy})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{2+}$  involved in MM'CT transitions.

**Table S4.** Energies values and percentual group contributions of selected alpha MOs of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}(\text{tbupy})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{3+}$  in their quartet ground state.

Alpha orbitals	eV	Ru <sub>tbupy</sub>	Ru <sub>bda</sub>	tbupy	bda
L+10	-2.87	2	1	97	0
L+9	-3.03	0	61	0	38
L+8	-3.05	0	61	0	39
L+7	-3.11	13	56	0	30
L+6	-3.25	17	49	2	32
L+5	-3.31	0	3	0	96
L+4	-3.32	1	5	0	95
L+3	-3.5	0	2	0	98
L+2	-3.51	1	3	0	96
L+1	-4	0	4	0	96
LUMO	-4	0	4	0	96
HOMO	-7.82	2	8	0	90
H-1	-7.83	2	8	0	90
H-2	-8	10	48	1	42
H-3	-8.05	4	44	1	52
H-4	-8.08	4	41	0	55
H-5	-8.1	2	36	0	62
H-6	-8.12	1	8	0	91
H-7	-8.13	1	15	0	84
H-8	-8.33	21	49	3	27
H-9	-8.44	8	53	4	35
H-10	-8.69	8	1	16	75

**Table S5.** Energies values and percentual group contributions of selected beta MOs of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}(\text{tbupy})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{3+}$  in their quartet ground state.

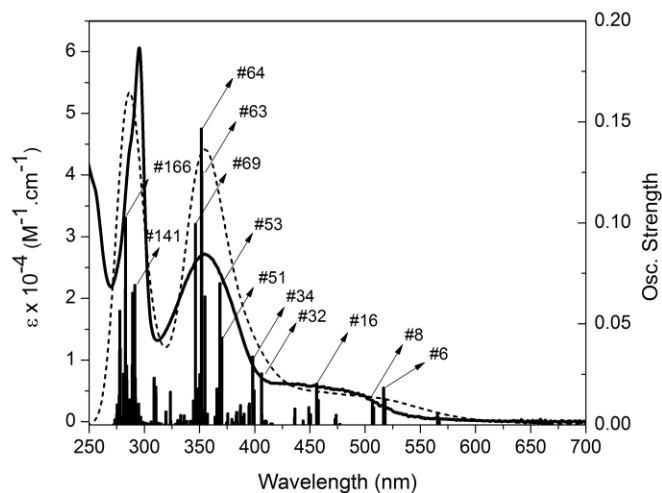
Beta orbitals	eV	Ru <sub>tbupy</sub>	Ru <sub>bda</sub>	tbupy	bda
L+10	-2.83	2	4	92	2
L+9	-2.89	18	54	3	25
L+8	-3.29	0	2	0	97
L+7	-3.29	0	2	0	97
L+6	-3.5	0	1	0	99
L+5	-3.5	0	1	0	99
L+4	-3.98	0	4	0	96
L+3	-3.98	0	4	0	96
L+2	-4.94	1	72	0	27
L+1	-4.95	1	72	0	27
LUMO	-5.88	79	0	21	0
HOMO	-7.73	13	53	1	34
H-1	-7.81	7	49	1	44
H-2	-7.84	3	13	0	85
H-3	-7.85	2	6	0	92
H-4	-8.03	25	46	3	27
H-5	-8.11	1	3	0	96
H-6	-8.12	1	2	0	97
H-7	-8.19	8	55	2	34
H-8	-8.49	51	5	32	12
H-9	-8.57	35	12	39	14
H-10	-8.68	0	1	1	98



**Fig. S25** Molecular orbital diagram and partial density of states (PDOS) of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}(\text{tbupy})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{3+}$  in their quartet ground state.

**Table S6.** (TD)DFT assignments for calculated UV-Vis transitions of complex **[RuRu(tbupy)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** in their singlet ground state.

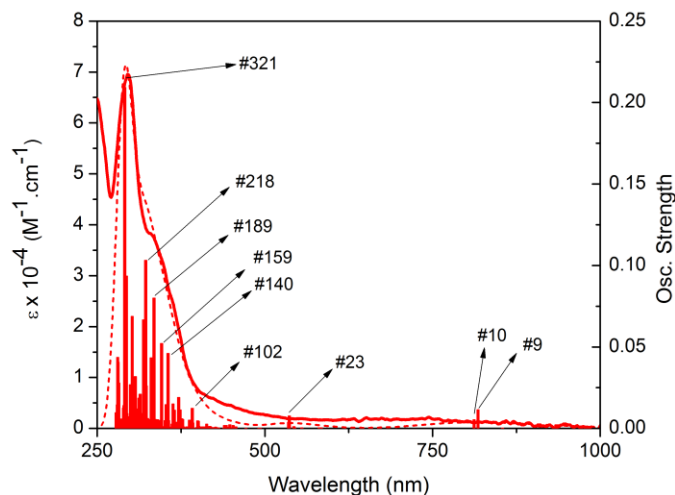
No.	Wavelength (nm)	Osc. Strength	Major contributions	Assignment
6	516.7	0.0184	H-4->L+1 (14%) H-1->L+2 (14%) HOMO->L+1 (27%) HOMO->L+3 (19%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> )->π*(bda)
8	506.4	0.0108	H-4->L+1 (17%) H-1->L+2 (16%) HOMO->L+1 (10%) HOMO->L+3 (24%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> )->π*(bda)
16	456.0	0.0203	H-5->LUMO (12%) H-2->LUMO (11%) H-2->L+3 (12%) H-1->L+3 (10%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ) -> π*(bda)
32	406.1	0.0255	H-4->L+5 (30%) HOMO->L+5 (19%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> )->π*(bda)
34	398.1	0.0338	H-6->LUMO (10%) H-2->L+5 (29%) H-1->L+5 (32%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> )>π*(bda,tbupy)
51	370.0	0.0432	H-3->L+6 (37%) HOMO->L+6 (17%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) ->π*(tbupy) d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ) ->π*(bda)
53	368.4	0.0702	H-6->L+2 (11%) H-3->L+6 (12%) HOMO->L+7 (21%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) ->π*(tbupy) d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ) ->π*(bda)
59	354.8	0.0635	H-3->L+7 (15%) H-2->L+8 (21%) H-1->L+8 (29%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> )->π*(tbupy)
63	352.0	0.1255	H-3->L+8 (36%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> )->π*(tbupy)
64	351.6	0.1467	H-3->L+7 (11%) H-3->L+8 (16%) H-2->L+9 (12%) H-1->L+9 (15%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> )->π*(tbupy)
69	346.2	0.0995	H-4->L+6 (57%) HOMO->L+6 (11%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> )->π*(tbupy)
141	291.3	0.0693	H-21->LUMO (10%) H-18->LUMO (12%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> )->π*(tbupy)
166	282.9	0.1026	H-8->L+8 (27%) H-4->L+15 (17%) HOMO->L+15 (14%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> )>π*(bda,tbupy) π(bda)>π*(bda)



**Fig. S26** (TD)DFT-calculated (dashed curve) and experimental (solid curve) UV-visible absorption spectra of complex **[RuRu(tbupy)<sub>4</sub>Ru]** in their singlet ground state. Calculated transition are represented by black vertical bars.

**Table S7.** (TD)-DFT assignments for calculated UV-Vis transitions of complex **[Ru<sup>III</sup>Ru<sup>II</sup>(tbupy)<sub>4</sub>Ru<sup>III</sup>]<sup>2+</sup>** in their triplet ground state.

No.	Wavelength (nm)	Osc. Strength	Major contributions	Assignment
9	817.7	0.0114	H-8 $\beta$ ->LUMO $\beta$ (13%) H-7 $\beta$ ->LUMO $\beta$ (10%) H-2 $\beta$ ->LUMO $\beta$ (53%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) ->d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> )
10	811.9	0.0053	H-8 $\beta$ ->L+1 $\beta$ (12%), H-7 $\beta$ ->L+1 $\beta$ (11%) H-2 $\beta$ ->L+1 $\beta$ (52%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) ->d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> )
23	536.3	0.0075	H-2 $\alpha$ ->LUMO $\alpha$ (49%) H-2 $\beta$ ->L+2 $\beta$ (39%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (bda)
24	535.2	0.0038	H-2 $\alpha$ ->L+1 $\alpha$ (48%) H-2 $\beta$ ->L+3 $\beta$ (40%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (bda)
102	391.7	0.0122	H-6 $\beta$ ->L+2 $\beta$ (21%) H-5 $\beta$ ->L+3 $\beta$ (27%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (bda)
140	355.5	0.0459	HOMO $\alpha$ ->L+10 $\alpha$ (38%) HOMO $\beta$ ->L+12 $\beta$ (42%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (tbupy)
159	345.9	0.0521	H-1 $\alpha$ ->L+28 $\alpha$ (11%) HOMO $\alpha$ ->L+11 $\alpha$ (23%) HOMO $\beta$ ->L+13 $\beta$ (28%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (tbupy)
160	345.8	0.0417	H-1 $\alpha$ ->L+28 $\alpha$ (15%) HOMO $\alpha$ ->L+11 $\alpha$ (20%) HOMO $\beta$ ->L+13 $\beta$ (17%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (tbupy)
189	334.7	0.0799	H-2 $\alpha$ ->L+10 $\alpha$ (13%) HOMO $\alpha$ ->L+13 $\alpha$ (28%) H-2 $\beta$ ->L+12 $\beta$ (12%) HOMO $\beta$ ->L+15 $\beta$ (29%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (tbupy)
218	322.1	0.1031	H-1 $\alpha$ ->L+13 $\alpha$ (42%) H-1 $\beta$ ->L+14 $\beta$ (32%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (tbupy)
321	290.9	0.2091	HOMO $\beta$ ->L+16 $\beta$ (13%)	d(Ru <sub>tbupy</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (bda)

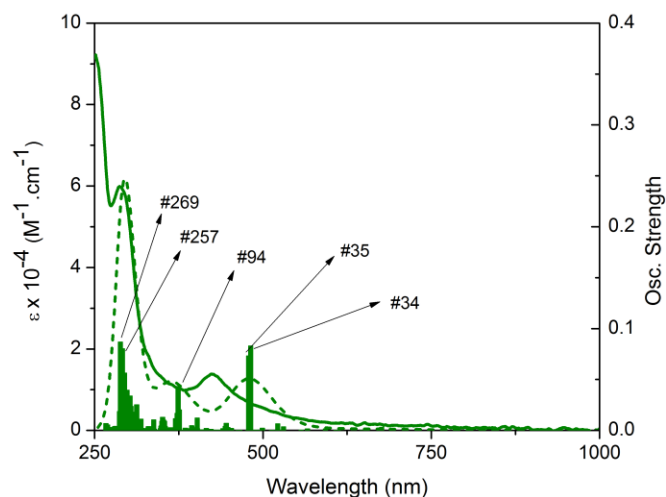


**Fig. S27** Left: (TD)DFT-calculated (dashed curve) and experimental (solid curve) UV-visible absorption spectra of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{tbupy})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{2+}$  in their triplet ground state. Calculated transition are represented by red vertical bars.

**Table S8.** (TD)DFT assignments for calculated UV-Vis transitions of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}(\text{tbupy})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{3+}$  in their quartet ground state.

No.	Wavelength (nm)	Osc. Strength	Major contributions	Assignment
12	676.3	0.0033	H-9 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ LUMO $\beta$ (43%) H-4 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ LUMO $\beta$ (51%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{tbupy}}), \pi(\text{bda}) \rightarrow d(\text{Ru}_{\text{tbupy}})$
23	521.8	0.0066	H-20 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ LUMO $\beta$ (82%)	$\pi(\text{tbupy}) \rightarrow d(\text{Ru}_{\text{tbupy}})$
34	481.8	0.083	H-22 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ LUMO $\beta$ (83%)	$\pi(\text{tbupy}) \rightarrow d(\text{Ru}_{\text{tbupy}})$
35	478.7	0.0733	H-21 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ LUMO $\beta$ (75%)	$\pi(\text{tbupy}) \rightarrow d(\text{Ru}_{\text{tbupy}})$
94	373.9	0.043	H-26 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+2 $\beta$ (40%) H-14 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+2 $\beta$ (19%)	$\pi(\text{tbupy}, \text{bda}) \rightarrow d(\text{Ru}_{\text{tbupy}})$
97	370.0	0.0117	H-26 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+2 $\beta$ (11%) H-14 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+2 $\beta$ (67%)	$\pi(\text{tbupy}) \rightarrow d(\text{Ru}_{\text{bda}})$
257	291.2	0.0804	H-12 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+1 $\alpha$ (13%) H-2 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+3 $\alpha$ (12%) H-4 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+8 $\beta$ (10%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{bda}}) \rightarrow \pi^*(\text{bda})$
269	288.1	0.0869	H-3 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+13 $\beta$ (10%) H-2 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+9 $\beta$ (16%)	$\pi(\text{bda}) \rightarrow d(\text{Ru}_{\text{bda}})$

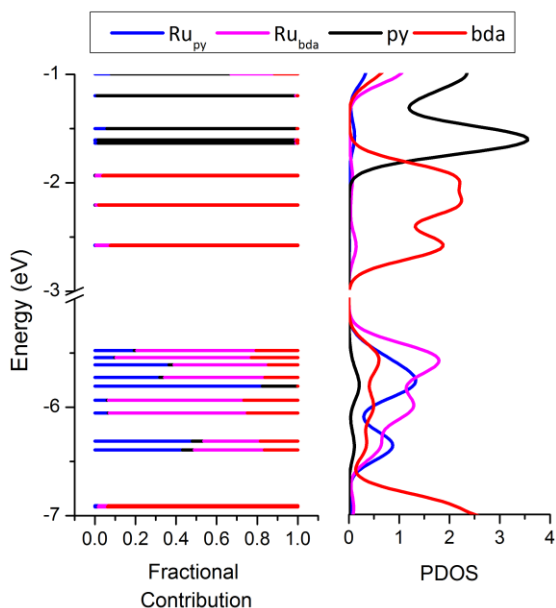




**Fig. S28** (TD)DFT-calculated (dashed curve) and experimental (solid curve) UV-visible absorption spectra of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}(\text{tbupy})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{3+}$  in their quartet ground state. Calculated transition are represented by green vertical bars.

**Table S9.** Energies values and percentual group contributions of selected MOs of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}]$  in their singlet ground state.

MO's	Energy (eV)	Ru <sub>py</sub>	Ru <sub>bda</sub>	py	bda
L+10	-1.2	1	1	98	0
L+9	-1.5	6	0	94	0
L+8	-1.6	2	1	97	0
L+7	-1.61	3	0	96	1
L+6	-1.63	2	1	97	0
L+5	-1.93	0	4	0	96
L+4	-1.94	0	3	0	96
L+3	-2.2	0	1	0	98
L+2	-2.21	0	1	0	98
L+1	-2.57	0	7	0	92
LUMO	-2.58	0	7	0	92
HOMO	-5.48	19	59	1	21
H-1	-5.54	10	67	1	23
H-2	-5.61	37	47	2	14
H-3	-5.73	32	49	2	16
H-4	-5.81	83	0	17	0
H-5	-5.94	6	67	1	27
H-6	-6.05	7	68	0	25
H-7	-6.31	48	28	6	18
H-8	-6.39	43	34	6	17
H-9	-6.91	2	5	0	93
H-10	-6.92	2	5	0	94



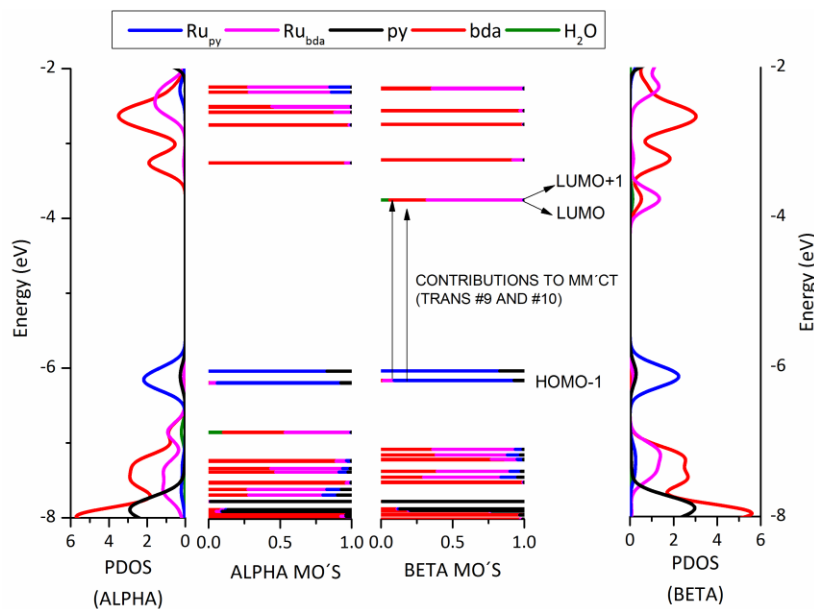
**Fig. S29** Molecular orbital diagram and partial density of states (PDOS) of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}]$  in their singlet ground state.

**Table S10.** Energies values and percentual group contributions of selected alpha MOs of the complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{2+}$  in their triplet ground state.

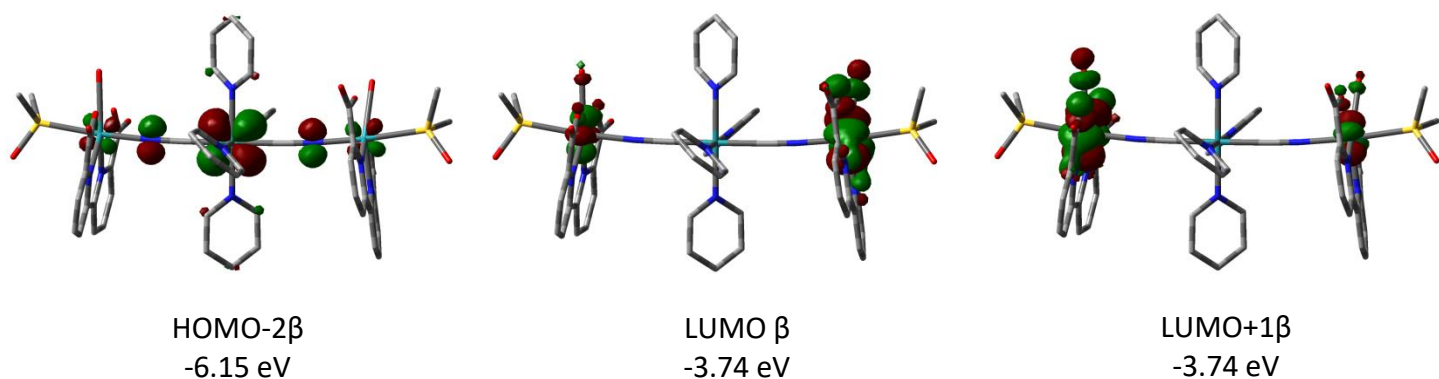
MOs	Energy (eV)	Ru <sub>py</sub>	Ru <sub>bda</sub>	py	bda	H <sub>2</sub> O
L+10	-1.74	2	1	97	0	0
L+9	-2.23	15	57	0	27	1
L+8	-2.3	14	57	0	28	1
L+7	-2.49	0	56	0	44	0
L+6	-2.5	0	54	0	46	0
L+5	-2.56	0	10	0	90	0
L+4	-2.57	0	12	0	88	0
L+3	-2.73	0	1	0	98	0
L+2	-2.74	0	2	0	98	0
L+1	-3.24	0	4	0	96	0
LUMO	-3.24	0	4	0	96	0
HOMO	-6.02	83	0	17	0	0
H-1	-6.18	86	5	8	1	0
H-2	-6.18	87	5	7	1	0
H-3	-6.84	0	46	0	43	10
H-4	-6.84	0	46	0	43	10
H-5	-7.22	3	7	0	89	0
H-6	-7.23	3	8	0	89	0
H-7	-7.32	5	50	1	43	0
H-8	-7.37	6	44	3	47	0
H-9	-7.51	0	3	0	97	0
H-10	-7.52	0	3	0	96	0

**Table S11.** Energies values and percentual group contributions of selected beta MOs of the complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{2+}$  in their triplet ground state.

MOs	Energy (eV)	Ru <sub>py</sub>	Ru <sub>bda</sub>	py	bda	H <sub>2</sub> O
L+10	-1.94	14	59	0	26	1
L+9	-2.24	0	64	0	36	0
L+8	-2.26	0	64	0	36	0
L+7	-2.54	0	3	0	97	0
L+6	-2.55	0	3	0	97	0
L+5	-2.73	0	1	0	99	0
L+4	-2.73	0	1	0	99	0
L+3	-3.2	0	8	0	92	0
L+2	-3.21	0	8	0	92	0
L+1	-3.74	0	68	0	26	6
LUMO	-3.74	0	68	0	26	6
HOMO	-6.02	83	0	17	0	0
H-1	-6.15	84	7	7	2	0
H-2	-6.15	83	8	7	2	0
H-3	-7.07	5	58	1	36	0
H-4	-7.14	9	50	3	38	0
H-5	-7.2	4	18	1	77	0
H-6	-7.21	4	9	1	86	0
H-7	-7.36	8	51	2	38	1
H-8	-7.44	12	54	5	29	1
H-9	-7.51	0	1	0	99	0
H-10	-7.51	0	1	0	99	0



**Fig. S30** Molecular orbital diagram and partial density of states (PDOS) of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{2+}$  in their triplet ground state.



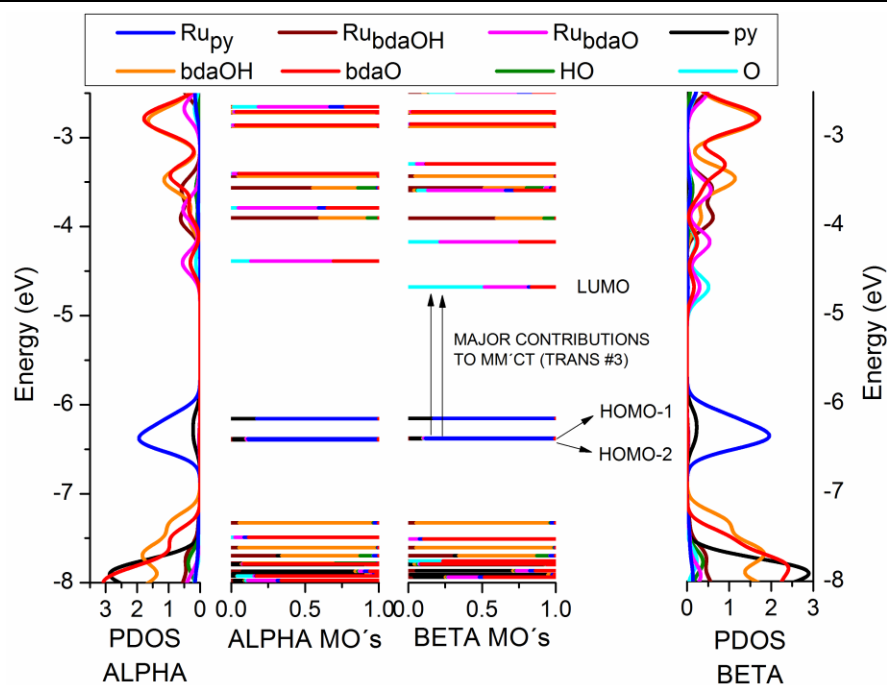
**Fig. S31** Molecular orbitals of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{2+}$  involved in MM'CT transitions #9 and #10.

**Table S12.** Energies values and percentual group contributions of selected alpha MOs of the complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{V}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{IV}}]^{2+}$  in their doublet ground state.

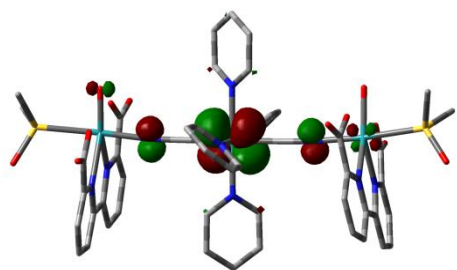
MOs	Energy (eV)	Ru <sub>py</sub>	Ru <sub>bdaOH</sub>	Ru <sub>bdaO</sub>	py	bda <sub>OH</sub>	bda <sub>O</sub>	OH	O
L+10	-2.66	10	1	49	0	0	23	0	17
L+9	-2.71	0	0	1	0	2	97	0	0
L+8	-2.72	0	1	0	0	97	2	0	0
L+7	-2.86	0	0	2	0	0	97	0	1
L+6	-2.87	0	1	0	0	99	0	0	0
L+5	-3.41	0	0	4	0	0	95	0	1
L+4	-3.43	0	5	0	0	95	0	0	0
L+3	-3.57	1	55	0	0	31	0	13	0
L+2	-3.79	6	0	54	0	0	35	0	5
L+1	-3.9	0	60	0	0	32	0	8	0
LUMO	-4.39	0	0	56	0	0	31	0	13
HOMO	-6.16	83	0	0	17	0	0	0	0
H-1	-6.38	88	2	1	8	0	0	0	0
H-2	-6.4	88	2	1	9	0	0	0	0
H-3	-7.33	3	5	0	0	91	0	1	0
H-4	-7.49	3	0	6	0	0	88	0	2
H-5	-7.61	1	5	0	0	94	0	0	0
H-6	-7.7	3	31	0	3	53	0	9	0
H-7	-7.78	1	6	0	1	63	0	28	0
H-8	-7.79	0	0	1	7	0	92	0	0
H-9	-7.8	0	1	0	90	1	8	0	0
H-10	-7.87	4	8	3	76	2	6	1	0

**Table S13.** Energies values and percentual group contributions of selected beta MOs of the complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{V}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{IV}}]^{2+}$  in their doublet ground state.

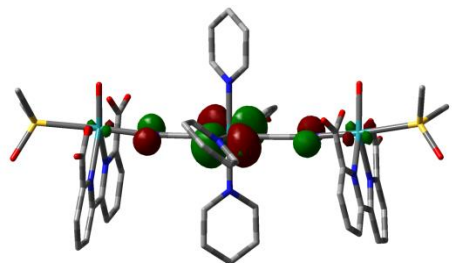
MOs	Energy (eV)	Ru <sub>py</sub>	Ru <sub>bdaOH</sub>	Ru <sub>bdaO</sub>	py	bda <sub>OH</sub>	bda <sub>O</sub>	OH	O
L+10	-2.71	0	0	1	0	2	97	0	0
L+9	-2.72	0	1	0	0	97	2	0	0
L+8	-2.85	0	0	1	0	0	98	0	1
L+7	-2.87	0	1	0	0	99	0	0	0
L+6	-3.29	0	0	6	0	0	88	0	6
L+5	-3.43	0	5	0	0	95	0	0	0
L+4	-3.57	1	52	4	0	29	2	12	1
L+3	-3.59	6	4	53	0	2	28	1	7
L+2	-3.9	0	60	0	0	32	0	8	0
L+1	-4.17	0	0	54	0	0	24	0	21
LUMO	-4.68	2	0	30	0	0	16	0	51
HOMO	-6.15	83	0	0	17	0	0	0	0
H-1	-6.38	88	2	1	8	0	0	0	0
H-2	-6.38	87	2	0	8	0	1	0	1
H-3	-7.33	3	5	0	0	91	0	1	0
H-4	-7.51	3	0	7	0	0	90	0	0
H-5	-7.61	1	5	0	0	94	0	0	0
H-6	-7.7	3	31	0	3	53	0	9	0
H-7	-7.76	0	0	0	1	0	76	0	22
H-8	-7.78	1	6	0	2	61	3	28	0
H-9	-7.79	0	0	1	4	2	91	1	0
H-10	-7.8	0	1	0	92	1	6	0	0



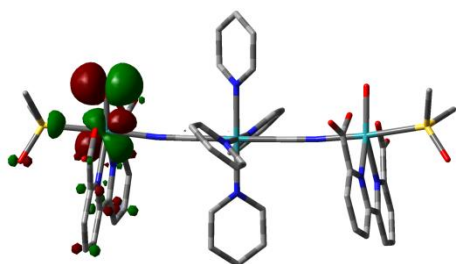
**Fig. S32** Molecular orbital diagram and partial density of states (PDOS) of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{V}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{IV}}]^{2+}$  in their doublet ground state.



HOMO-2 $\beta$   
-6.38 eV



HOMO-1 $\beta$   
-6.38 eV

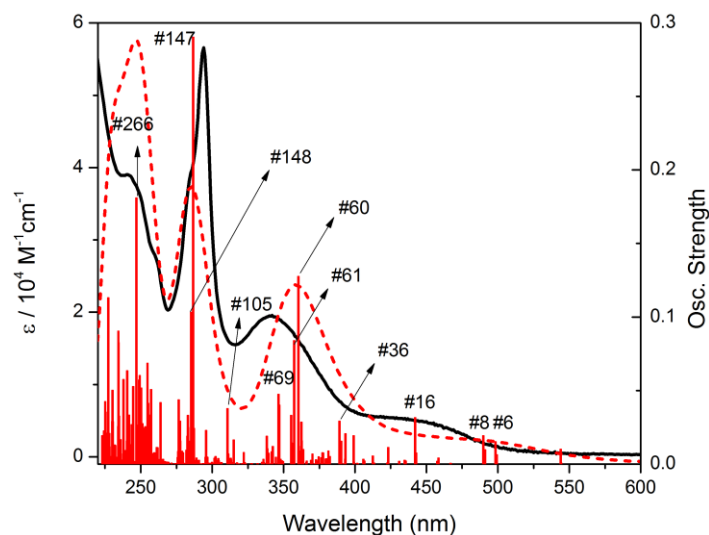


LUMO  $\beta$   
-4.68 eV

Fig. S33 Molecular orbitals of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{V}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{IV}}]^{2+}$  involved in MM'CT transitions #3.

**Table S14.** (TD)DFT assignments for calculated UV-Vis transitions of complex **[Ru<sup>II</sup>Ru<sup>II</sup>(py)<sub>4</sub>Ru<sup>II</sup>]** in their singlet ground state.

No.	Wavelength (nm)	Osc. Strength	Major contributions	Assignment
6	498.3	0.0151	H-3->L+1 (10%) H-1->L+2 (22%) HOMO->L+1 (18%) HOMO->L+3 (24%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>py</sub> )-> $\pi^*$ (bda)
8	489.7	0.0193	H-3->L+1 (27%) H-1->L+2 (10%) HOMO->L+1 (14%) HOMO->L+3 (16%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>py</sub> )-> $\pi^*$ (bda)
16	442.0	0.0316	H-5->L+2 (13%) H-2->L+2 (23%) H-2->L+3 (17%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>py</sub> )-> $\pi^*$ (bda)
36	389.1	0.0292	H-2->L+5 (46%) H-1->L+5 (16%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>py</sub> )-> $\pi^*$ (bda)
60	360.2	0.1275	H-4->L+4 (10%) H-4->L+7 (13%) H-4->L+8 (41%) HOMO->L+9 (11%)	d(Ru <sub>py</sub> ,Ru <sub>bda</sub> )-> $\pi^*$ (py)
61	357.3	0.0839	H-4->L+5 (10%) H-4->L+7 (28%) H-4->L+8 (10%) H-1->L+6 (22%)	d(Ru <sub>py</sub> ,Ru <sub>bda</sub> )-> $\pi^*$ (py)
69	346.3	0.0474	H-5->L+4 (20%) H-5->L+5 (29%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>py</sub> )-> $\pi^*$ (bda)
71	342.3	0.0119	H-6->L+5 (39%) H-3->L+4 (10%)	d(Ru <sub>bda</sub> ,Ru <sub>py</sub> )-> $\pi^*$ (bda)
105	310.7	0.0376	H-2->L+11 (17%) H-2->L+12 (10%) H-2->L+13 (12%) H-1->L+11 (12%)	d(Ru <sub>py</sub> ,Ru <sub>bda</sub> )-> $\pi^*$ (py)
147	286.6	0.2903	H-18->LUMO (13%) H-18->L+1 (11%) H-17->LUMO (11%) H-17->L+1 (12%) H-10->L+4 (13%) H-9->L+5 (20%)	$\pi$ (bda)> $\pi^*$ (bda)
148	285.2	0.0875	H-17->L+1 (12%) H-10->L+5 (14%) H-9->L+4 (26%) H-9->L+5 (25%)	$\pi$ (bda)> $\pi^*$ (bda)
266	247.0	0.1809	H-2->L+18 (22%) H-2->L+20 (10%)	d(Ru <sub>py</sub> ,Ru <sub>bda</sub> )-> $\pi^*$ (bda)

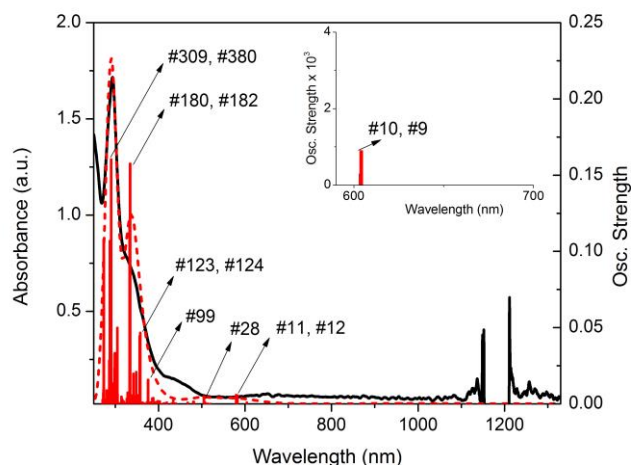


**Fig. S34** (TD)DFT-calculated (dashed curve) and experimental (solid curve) UV-visible absorption spectra of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}]$  in their singlet ground state. Calculated transition are represented by red vertical bars.

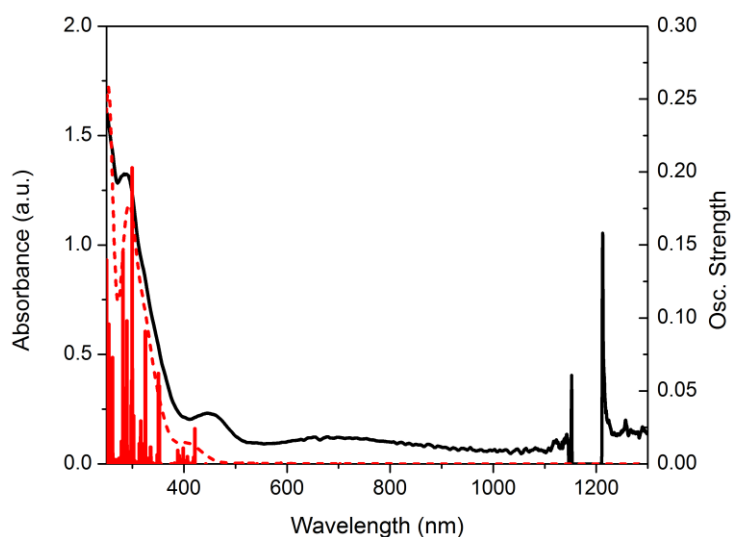
**Table S15.** (TD)DFT assignments for calculated UV-Vis transitions of the complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{2+}$  in their triplet ground state.

No.	Wavelength (nm)	Osc. Strength	Major contributions	Assignment
9	604.0	0.0009	H-8 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ LUMO $\beta$ (15%) H-1 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ LUMO $\beta$ (61%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{py}}) \rightarrow d(\text{Ru}_{\text{bda}})$
10	603.8	0.0003	H-8 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+1 $\beta$ (13%) H-1 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+1 $\beta$ (54%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{py}}) \rightarrow d(\text{Ru}_{\text{bda}})$
11	582.2	0.0056	H-4 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+4 $\alpha$ (13%) H-4 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+6 $\alpha$ (62%) H-3 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+6 $\alpha$ (11%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{bda}}) \rightarrow d(\text{Ru}_{\text{bda}})$
12	579.5	0.0059	H-4 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+7 $\alpha$ (12%) H-3 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+5 $\alpha$ (10%) H-3 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+7 $\alpha$ (65%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{bda}}) \rightarrow d(\text{Ru}_{\text{bda}})$
28	504.6	0.005	H-1 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+1 $\alpha$ (36%) H-1 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+3 $\beta$ (33%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{py}}) \rightarrow \pi^*(\text{bda})$
99	375.8	0.0159	H-6 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ LUMO $\alpha$ (14%) H-6 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+2 $\beta$ (31%) H-5 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+2 $\beta$ (13%)	LLCT (DMSO $\rightarrow$ bda)
123	357.6	0.0468	HOMO $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+10 $\alpha$ (35%) HOMO $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+12 $\beta$ (39%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{py}}) \rightarrow \pi^*(\text{py})$
124	356.5	0.0444	HOMO $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+11 $\alpha$ (36%) HOMO $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+13 $\beta$ (39%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{py}}) \rightarrow \pi^*(\text{py})$
180	334.2	0.1576	H-1 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+12 $\alpha$ (15%) H-1 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+13 $\alpha$ (14%) H-1 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+14 $\beta$ (12%) H-1 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+15 $\beta$ (14%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{py}}) \rightarrow \pi^*(\text{py})$
182	333.0	0.1204	H-2 $\alpha$ $\rightarrow$ L+13 $\alpha$ (19%) H-2 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+15 $\beta$ (18%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{py}}) \rightarrow \pi^*(\text{py})$
309	287.7	0.107	H-1 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+19 $\beta$ (12%)	$d(\text{Ru}_{\text{py}}) \rightarrow \pi^*(\text{py})$
380	273.3	0.1078	H-6 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+10 $\beta$ (23%) H-5 $\beta$ $\rightarrow$ L+11 $\beta$ (14%)	LMCT (DMSO $\rightarrow$ $\text{Ru}_{\text{bda}}$ ) LLCT (DMSO $\rightarrow$ bda)





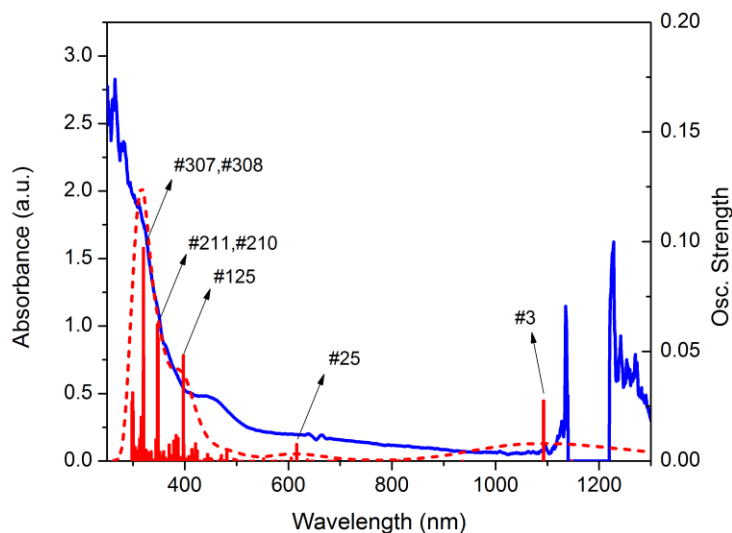
**Fig. S35** (TD)DFT-calculated (dashed curve) and experimental (solid curve) UV-visible absorption spectra of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{III}}]^{2+}$  in their triplet ground state. Calculated transition are represented by red vertical bars.



**Fig. S36** Left: (TD)DFT-calculated (dashed curve) and experimental (solid curve) UV-visible absorption spectra of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{IV}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{IV}}]^{2+}$  in their singlet ground state. Calculated transition are represented by red vertical bars.

**Table S16.** (TD)DFT assignments for calculated UV-Vis transitions of the complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{V}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{IV}}]^{2+}$  in their doublet ground state.

No.	Wavelength (nm)	Osc. Strength	Major contributions	Assignment
3	1092.7	0.0275	H-2 $\beta$ ->LUMO $\beta$ (88%) H-1 $\beta$ ->LUMO $\beta$ (10%)	d(Ru <sub>py</sub> ) -> d(Ru <sub>bdaO</sub> )
25	616.1	0.0078	H-4 $\beta$ ->LUMO $\beta$ (91%)	$\pi$ (bdaO) -> d(Ru <sub>bdaO</sub> )
125	397.2	0.0482	H-4 $\alpha$ ->L+2 $\alpha$ (21%) H-4 $\beta$ ->L+3 $\beta$ (48%)	$\pi$ (bdaO) -> d(Ru <sub>bdaO</sub> )
210	348.4	0.0561	HOMO $\alpha$ ->L+12 $\alpha$ (41%) HOMO $\beta$ ->L+13 $\beta$ (43%)	d(Ru <sub>py</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (py)
211	347.0	0.0623	HOMO $\alpha$ ->L+13 $\alpha$ (45%) HOMO $\beta$ ->L+14 $\beta$ (46%)	d(Ru <sub>py</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (py)
307	320.5	0.0477	H-1 $\alpha$ ->L+15 $\alpha$ (10%) H-4 $\beta$ ->L+5 $\beta$ (11%)	d(Ru <sub>py</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (py)
308	320.2	0.0971	H-2 $\alpha$ ->L+14 $\alpha$ (18%) H-29 $\beta$ ->LUMO $\beta$ (20%) H-2 $\beta$ ->L+15 $\beta$ (13%)	d(Ru <sub>py</sub> ) -> $\pi^*$ (py)



**Fig. S37** Left: (TD)DFT-calculated (dashed curve) and experimental (solid curve) UV-visible absorption spectra of complex  $[\text{Ru}^{\text{V}}\text{Ru}^{\text{II}}(\text{py})_4\text{Ru}^{\text{IV}}]^{2+}$  in their triplet ground state. Calculated transition are represented by red vertical bars.