

## Development of a (poly)phenol-rich diet score and its association with urinary (poly)phenol metabolites

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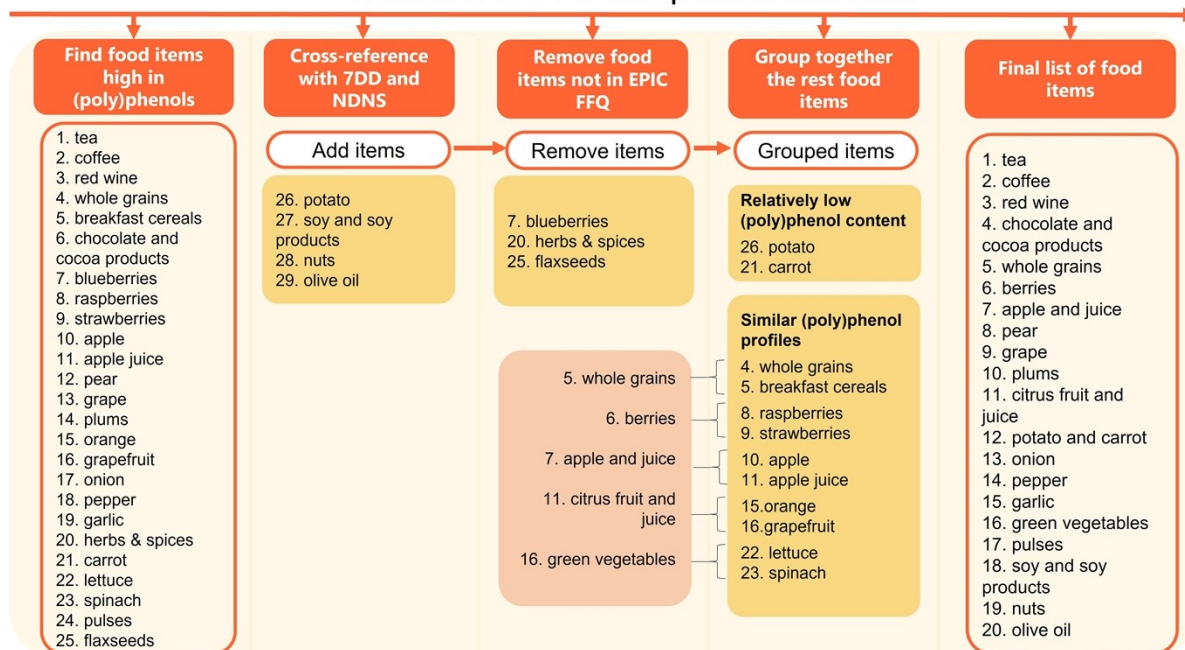
# Co-first authors contributed equally to this work

### Supplementary materials

**Table S1 Micro and Macronutrient intake of the study population measured by Food Frequency Questionnaires (n=543)**

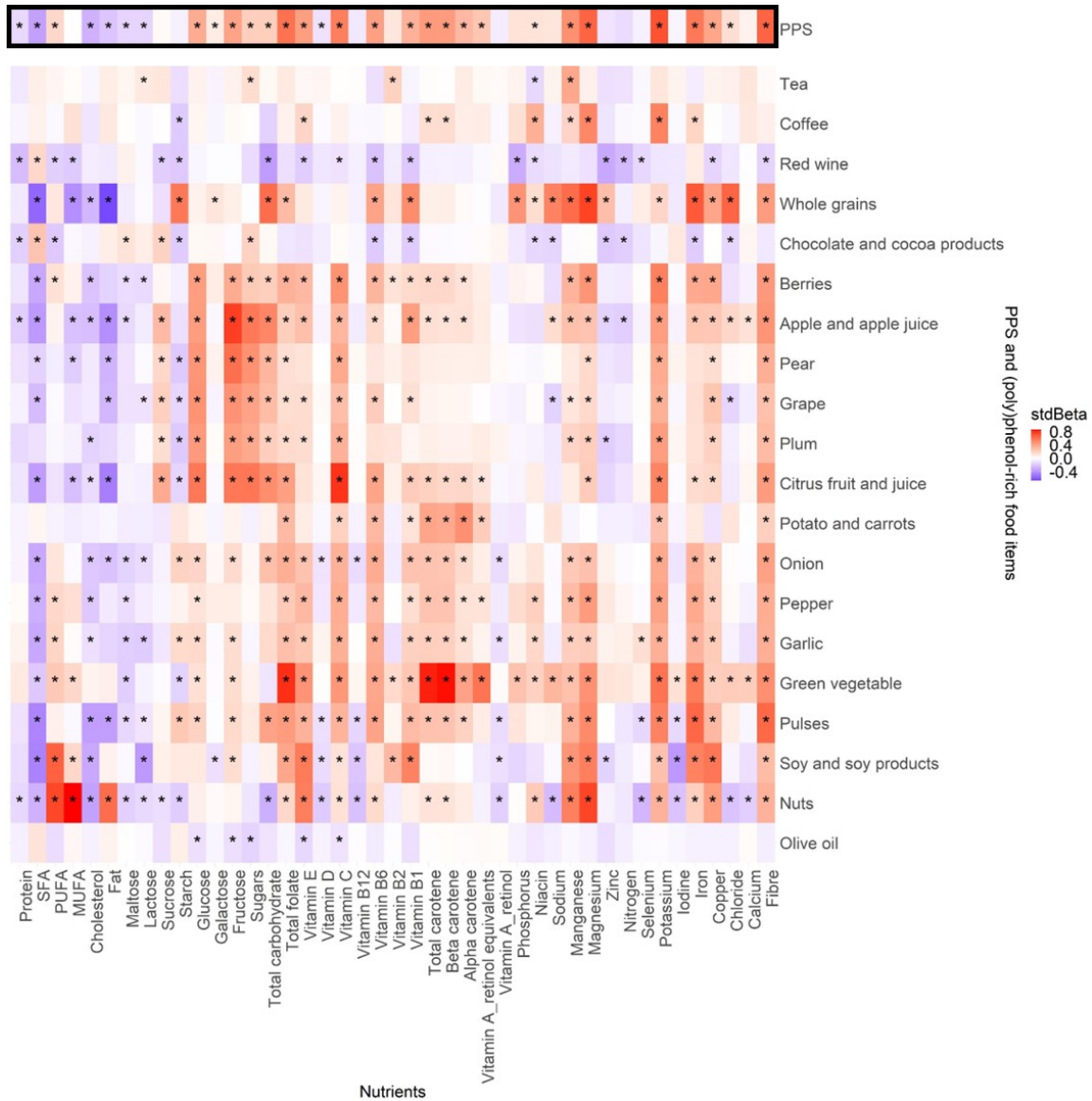
<b>Micro and Macronutrient</b>	<b>Mean</b>	<b>SD</b>
Fibre (g/d)	16.1	7
Calcium (mg/d)	804	308.4
Chloride (mg/d)	3334.3	1257.8
Copper (mg/d)	1.2	0.4
Iron (mg/d)	10.3	3.5
Iodine (µg/d)	130.4	57
Potassium (mg/d)	3161.2	984.7
Selenium (µg/d)	59.2	25.1
Nitrogen (g/d)	12.2	4.2
Zinc (mg/d)	8.6	2.9
Magnesium (mg/d)	299.4	99
Manganese (mg/d)	3.3	1.4
Sodium (mg/d)	2229.8	850.3
Niacin (mg/d)	20.6	7.4
Phosphorus (mg/d)	1272.8	389.2
Vitamin A_retinol (µg/d)	415.7	423.9
Vitamin A_retinol equivalents (µg/d)	1055.3	593.3
Alpha carotene (µg/d)	437.5	387.6
Beta carotene (µg/d)	3428.5	2206.4
Total carotene (µg/d)	3809.6	2398.8
Vitamin B1 (mg/d)	1.4	0.5
Vitamin B2 (mg/d)	1.7	0.6
Vitamin B6 (mg/d)	2	0.7
Vitamin B12 (µg/d)	6	3.9
Vitamin C (mg/d)	106.4	57.2
Vitamin D (µg/d)	3	2.5
Vitamin E (mg/d)	10.7	4.5
Total folate (µg/d)	270.2	102.4
Fat (g/d)	64.9	24.9
Cholesterol (mg/d)	267.7	150.5
MUFA (g/d)	24.9	10.4
PUFA (g/d)	11.9	5.2
SFA (g/d)	22.4	9.8
Protein (g/d)	75.5	25.9
Total carbohydrate (g/d)	184.2	61.3
Sugars (g/d)	87.8	36.4
Fructose (g/d)	18.8	10.1
Galactose (g/d)	0.6	0.7
Glucose (g/d)	16.9	8.5
Starch (g/d)	93.3	37.2
Sucrose (g/d)	34.5	17.4
Lactose (g/d)	13.2	9.4
Maltose (g/d)	1.9	1.4

## Workflow of PPS component selection



**Figure S1. Workflow of PPS component selection**

7DD, 7-day food diary, EPIC FFQ; European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition Food Frequency Questionnaire; NDNS, National Diet and Nutrition Survey; PPS, (Poly)phenol-rich diet score



**Figure S2. Association between PPS, (poly)phenol-rich food items and the nutrients intake from FFQs**  
 The heatmap was plotted according to the standardized regression coefficients (stdBeta). The colour scale indicates the effect (stdBeta) of each nutrient intake on PPS or (poly)phenol-rich food items intake. Red and blue illustrate positive and negative effects, and colour intensity represents the degree of effect. The asterisks showed significance (\*: *fdr*-adjusted  $p < 0.05$ ). The associations were adjusted for energy intake and trial effect.