# Supporting Information

For

## CO2 Promoted Photoredox/Ni-Catalyzed Semi-reduction of Alkynes with H2O

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### **1. General Information**

Unless otherwise noted, all the reactions were carried out in oven-dried sealed tube with Teflon-lined-septum under CO<sub>2</sub> atmosphere. Materials were obtained from commercial sources and used as received, or synthesized according to previous literatures. Super dry acetonitrile with molecular sieves was use in the reaction. <sup>1</sup>H NMR, <sup>13</sup>C NMR, and <sup>19</sup>F NMR spectra were recorded on 400 MHz at ambient temperature with CDCl<sub>3</sub> as the solvent. Chemical shifts ( $\delta$ ) were given in ppm, referenced to the residual proton resonance of CDCl<sub>3</sub> (7.26), to the carbon resonance of CDCl<sub>3</sub> (77.16). Coupling constants (*J*) were given in Hertz (Hz). The term m, q, t, d, and s referred to multiplet, quartet, triplet, doublet, and singlet. The reaction progress was monitored by GC-MS if applicable. Column chromatography was performed with silica gel (200-300 meshes). Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was visualized using UV light. HRMS analysis was performed on a Shimadzu LCMS-IT/TOF spectrometer.

The photoreactor used in this research was built by our group, which was made up of 4 blue LED bulbs (30 W for each) with 3 cooler fans to keep room temperature. Spectral distribution: 425 nm. In the reaction, each Schlenk tube is mainly irradiated by one of the light bulbs. The approximate distance of the tube to the closest light bulb is 2 cm. A magnetic stirrer is placed under the photoreactor to keep the reaction being stirred.





Figure S1 Photos of the photoreactor

#### 2. General Procedures for Synthesis of Substrates 1:

|        |            | (Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> PdCl <sub>2</sub> (6 mol%) |        |
|--------|------------|---|--------|
|        |            | Cul (10 mol%)   |        |
|        |            | DBU (6 equiv.)  |        |
|        |            | H <sub>2</sub> O (40 mol%)                                  | A      |
|        |            | toluene (40 ml.)  | Ar——Ar |
| 8 mmol | 0.5 equiv. | N <sub>2</sub> , r.t., 24 h                                 |        |

*General procedures for synthesis of substrates* **2c**, **2f**: A sealed tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with aryl iodine (8 mmol, 1.0 equiv.), (PPh<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>PdCl<sub>2</sub> (0.168 g, 6.0 mol%), CuI (0.152 mg, 10 mol%), then degassed and refilled with N<sub>2</sub> for 3 times. Subsequently, toluene (40 mL), trimethylsilylacetylene (0.393 g, 0.5 equiv.), DBU (7.307 g, 6.0 equiv.), H<sub>2</sub>O (58.0 mg, 40 mol%) were added under N<sub>2</sub>. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 24 hours. After removing toluene in vacuo, the mixture was quenched with 50 mL H<sub>2</sub>O and the aqueous layer was extracted with 30 mL trichloromethane (CHCl<sub>3</sub>) for three times. The combined organic layer was successively washed with 20 mL 10% HCl for 3 times, and 20 mL brine for 1 time, then dried by Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel to give products **2c** and **2f**, which were identified by <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR.

General procedures for synthesis of substrates 2d, 2j: A sealed tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with aryl iodine (10 mmol, 1.0 equiv.),  $(PPh_3)_2PdCl_2$  (140.4 mg, 2.0 mol%), CuI (38.1 mg, 2 mol%), PPh<sub>3</sub> (52.5 mg, 2 mol%), then degassed and refilled with N<sub>2</sub> for 3 times. Subsequently, dry THF (20 mL), Et<sub>3</sub>N (20 mL) and phenylacetylene (1.123 g, 1.1 equiv.) were added under N<sub>2</sub>. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 36 hours, then quenched with 50 mL H<sub>2</sub>O, and the aqueous layer was extracted with 30 mL trichloromethane (CHCl<sub>3</sub>) for three times. The combined organic layer was dried by Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel to give products 2d and 2j, which were identified by <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR.

|         | Dh         | (Ph <sub>3</sub> P) <sub>2</sub> PdCl <sub>2</sub> (5 mol%)<br>Cul (2 mol%) |        |
|---------|------------|---|--------|
|         |            | Et.N. (4 ml.) DME (24 ml.)  | Pn——Ar |
| 10 mmol | 2.0 equiv. | $N_2$ , 80 °C, 36 h   |        |

General procedures for synthesis of substrate 2h: A sealed tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with aryl bromine (10 mmol, 1.0 equiv.),  $(PPh_3)_2PdCl_2$  (351.0 mg, 5.0 mol%), CuI (38.1 mg, 2 mol%), then degassed and refilled with N<sub>2</sub> for 3 times. Subsequently, dry DMF (24 mL), Et<sub>3</sub>N (4 mL) and phenylacetylene (2.042 g, 2.0 equiv.) were added under N<sub>2</sub>. The reaction mixture was stirred at 80 °C for 36 hours, then quenched with 50 mL H<sub>2</sub>O, and the aqueous layer was extracted with 30 mL trichloromethane (CHCl<sub>3</sub>) for three times. The combined organic layer was dried by Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel to give products **2h**, which was identified by <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR.

#### **3. General Procedures for Synthesis of Products 2:**

$$R^{1} \xrightarrow{R^{2}} R^{2} + H_{2}O \xrightarrow{CH_{3}CN, \text{ under } CO_{2}} H \xrightarrow{H} R^{2} + R_{1}^{1} \xrightarrow{H} R^{2}$$

General procedures for synthesis of products **2a-2p** (internal alkenes): A sealed tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with 4CzIPN (4.7 mg, 3.0 mol%), 4,4<sup>2</sup>-di*tert*-butyl-2,2<sup>2</sup>-bipyridine **L3** (5.4 mg, 10 mol%), NiBr<sub>2</sub> (from the glove box, 2.2 mg, 5 mol%), then degassed and refilled with CO<sub>2</sub> for 3 times. After that, anhydrous CH<sub>3</sub>CN (3 mL) was added under CO<sub>2</sub>. The mixture was bubbled with CO<sub>2</sub> for 5 minutes, then DIPEA (25.8 mg, 1.0 equiv.), H<sub>2</sub>O (36.0 mg, 10 equiv.) and alkyne **1** (0.2 mmol) were added under CO<sub>2</sub>. The reaction mixture was irradiated by 30 W blue LEDs at room temperature for 22 hours, then cooled down to 10 °C and irradiated for another 30 minutes. The reaction was quenched with 10 mL H<sub>2</sub>O and the aqueous layer was extracted with 6 mL dichloromethane (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for three times. The combined organic layer was dried by Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel to give products **2a-2q**, which were identified by <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C, and <sup>19</sup>F NMR.

General procedures for synthesis of products 2q-2s (terminal alkenes): A sealed tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with 4CzIPN (4.7 mg, 3.0 mol%), 4,4'-di*tert*-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine L3 (5.4 mg, 10 mol%), NiBr<sub>2</sub> (from the glove box, 2.2 mg, 5 mol%), then degassed and refilled with CO<sub>2</sub> for 3 times. After that, anhydrous CH<sub>3</sub>CN (3 mL) was added under CO<sub>2</sub>. The mixture was bubbled with CO<sub>2</sub> for 5 minutes, then DIPEA (25.8 mg, 1.0 equiv.), H<sub>2</sub>O (36.0 mg, 10 equiv.) and alkyne 1 (0.2 mmol) were added under CO<sub>2</sub>. The reaction mixture was irradiated by 30 W blue LEDs at room temperature for 22 hours, then quenched with 10 mL H<sub>2</sub>O. The aqueous layer was extracted with 6 mL dichloromethane (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for three times. The combined organic layer was dried by Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by chromatography on silica gel to give products **2q-2s** which were identified by <sup>1</sup>H and <sup>13</sup>C NMR.

#### 4. General Procedures for Mechanism Studies

## 4.1 Deuterium-labelled experiments

Ph = Ph + H<sub>2</sub>O 
$$\xrightarrow{\text{Standard Condition}}$$
 Ph = 0/100  
1a  $\xrightarrow{\text{Ph}}$  Ph = 0/100  
2a

A sealed tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with 4CzIPN (4.7 mg, 3.0 mol%), 4,4'-di-*tert*-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine L3 (5.4 mg, 10 mol%), NiBr<sub>2</sub> (from the glove box, 2.2 mg, 5 mol%), then degassed and refilled with CO<sub>2</sub> for 3 times. After that, anhydrous CH<sub>3</sub>CN (3 mL) was added under CO<sub>2</sub>. The mixture was bubbled with CO<sub>2</sub> for 5 minutes, then DIPEA (25.8 mg, 1.0 equiv.), H<sub>2</sub>O (36.0 mg, 10 equiv.) and alkyne 1a (0.2 mmol) were added under CO<sub>2</sub>. The reaction mixture was irradiated by 30 W blue LEDs at room temperature for 22 hours, then cooled down to 10 °C and irradiated for another 30 minutes. The reaction was quenched with 10 mL D<sub>2</sub>O and the aqueous layer was extracted with 6 mL dichloromethane (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for three times. The combined organic layer was dried by Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was tested by <sup>1</sup>H NMR to determine the deuterium ratio.



A sealed tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with 4CzIPN (4.7 mg, 3.0 mol%), 4,4'-di-*tert*-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine L3 (5.4 mg, 10 mol%), NiBr<sub>2</sub> (from the glove box, 2.2 mg, 5 mol%), then degassed and refilled with CO<sub>2</sub> for 3 times. After that, anhydrous CH<sub>3</sub>CN (3 mL) was added under CO<sub>2</sub>. The mixture was bubbled with CO<sub>2</sub> for 5 minutes, then DIPEA (25.8 mg, 1.0 equiv.), D<sub>2</sub>O (36.0 mg / 72.0 mg, 10 equiv. / 20 equiv.) and alkyne **1a** (0.2 mmol) were added under CO<sub>2</sub>. The reaction mixture was irradiated by 30 W blue LEDs at room temperature for 22 hours, then cooled down to 10 °C and irradiated for another 30 minutes. The reaction was quenched with 10 mL H<sub>2</sub>O and the aqueous layer was extracted with 6 mL dichloromethane (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for

three times. The combined organic layer was dried by  $Na_2SO_4$  and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was tested by <sup>1</sup>H NMR to determine the deuterium ratio.

### 4.2 Isomerization experiments



A sealed tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with 4CzIPN (4.7 mg, 3.0 mol%), 4,4'-di-*tert*-butyl-2,2'-bipyridine L3 (5.4 mg, 10 mol%), NiBr<sub>2</sub> (from the glove box, 2.2 mg, 5 mol%), then degassed and refilled with CO<sub>2</sub> for 3 times. After that, anhydrous CH<sub>3</sub>CN (3 mL) was added under CO<sub>2</sub>. The mixture was bubbled with CO<sub>2</sub> for 5 minutes, then DIPEA (25.8 mg, 1.0 equiv.), H<sub>2</sub>O (36.0 mg, 10 equiv.) and alkene **2a** or **3a** (0.2 mmol) were added under CO<sub>2</sub>. The reaction mixture was irradiated by 30 W blue LEDs at room temperature for 22 hours, then quenched with 10 mL H<sub>2</sub>O. The aqueous layer was extracted with 6 mL dichloromethane (CH<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>2</sub>) for three times. The combined organic layer was dried by Na<sub>2</sub>SO<sub>4</sub> and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was tested by <sup>1</sup>H NMR to determine the *Z/E* ratio.

(iii) 
$$Ph \xrightarrow{Ph} \frac{4CzIPN (3 \text{ mol}\%)}{CH_3CN (3 \text{ mL}), N_2}$$
  $Ph \xrightarrow{Ph} \frac{Ph}{10\%}$   $Ph \xrightarrow{Ph} Ph$   
(iv)  $Ph \xrightarrow{Ph} \frac{4CzIPN (3 \text{ mol}\%)}{100\%}$   $\frac{4CzIPN (3 \text{ mol}\%)}{CH_3CN (3 \text{ mL}), N_2}$   $Ph \xrightarrow{Ph} \frac{Ph}{90\%}$   $Ph \xrightarrow{Ph} Ph$   
(iv)  $Ph \xrightarrow{Ph} \frac{4CzIPN (3 \text{ mol}\%)}{CH_3CN (3 \text{ mL}), N_2}$   $Ph \xrightarrow{Ph} \frac{Ph}{90\%}$   $Ph \xrightarrow{Ph} Ph$ 

Dh

A sealed tube equipped with a stirrer bar was charged with 4CzIPN (4.7 mg, 3.0 mol%), then degassed and refilled with N<sub>2</sub> for 3 times. After that, anhydrous CH<sub>3</sub>CN (3 mL) was added under N<sub>2</sub>. Subsequently, alkene **2a** or **3a** (0.2 mmol) was added under N<sub>2</sub>. The reaction mixture was irradiated by 30 W blue LEDs at room temperature for 1 minute, then concentrated in vacuo. The residue was tested by <sup>1</sup>H NMR to determine the Z/E ratio.



A sealed tube equipped with a stirrer bar was degassed and refilled with  $N_2$  for 3 times. After that, anhydrous CH<sub>3</sub>CN (3 mL) was added under  $N_2$ . Subsequently, alkene **2a** or **3a** (0.2 mmol) was added under  $N_2$ . The reaction mixture was irradiated by 30 W blue LEDs at room temperature for 22 hours, then concentrated in vacuo. The residue was tested by <sup>1</sup>H NMR to determine the *Z/E* ratio.

## 5. Spectra Data for Synthesized Substrates

**1,2-Bis(4-methoxyphenyl)ethyne (1c):** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$ 7.48 – 7.41 (m, 4H), 6.90 – 6.83 (m, 4H), 3.81 (s, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  159.5, 133.0, 115.8, 114.1, 88.1, 55.4. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>1</sup>



**Methyl 4-(phenylethynyl)benzoate (1d):** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$ 8.01 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 2H), 7.60 – 7.51 (m, 4H), 7.38 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 3.90 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  166.5, 131.8, 131.5, 129.6, 129.5, 128.8, 128.5, 128.0, 122.8, 92.4, 88.7, 52.2. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>2</sup>



**1,2-Bis(4-chlorophenyl)ethyne (1f):** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.44 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H), 7.32 (d, *J* = 8.4 Hz, 4H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  134.7, 133.0, 128.9, 121.6, 89.3. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>1</sup>



**1-(Phenylethynyl)-4-vinylbenzene (1h):** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D) δ 7.57 – 7.52 (m, 2H), 7.50 (d, *J* = 8.2 Hz, 2H), 7.39 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.37 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 6.72 (dd, *J* = 17.6, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 5.79 (d, *J* = 17.6 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D) δ 137.6, 136.4, 131.9, 131.7, 128.5, 128.4, 126.3, 123.4, 122.7, 114.9, 90.2, 89.6. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>3</sup>



**2-(Phenylethynyl)thiophene (1j):** <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D) δ 7.52 – 7.50 (m, 2H), 7.36 – 7.32 (m, 3H), 7.28 – 7.27 (m, 2H), 7.02 – 6.98 (m, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D) δ 132.6, 132.0, 131.5, 129.3, 128.5, 128.5, 127.4, 127.2, 123.4, 123.1, 93.2, 82.7. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>4</sup>

6. Spectral Data for All Products



(Z)-1,2-Diphenylethene (2a): colorless liquid (33.5 mg, 99%, Z/E: 94/6). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.27 – 7.20 (m, 10H), 6.62 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  137.4, 130.4, 129.0, 128.4, 127.2. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>5</sup>



(Z)-4,4'-Dimethylstilbene (2b): colorless liquid (33.9 mg, 97%, Z/E: 84/16). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.21 (d, J = 8.0 Hz, 4H), 7.08 (d, J = 7.9 Hz, 4H), 6.56 (s, 2H), 2.36 (s, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  136.8, 134.7, 129.7, 129.0, 128.9, 21.4. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>5</sup>



(*Z*)-4,4'-Dimethoxystilbene (2c): colorless liquid (25.2 mg, 99%, *Z/E*: 53/47). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane / ethyl acetate (EA): 40/1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.24 – 7.18 (m, 4H), 6.80 – 6.75 (m, 4H), 6.45 (s, 2H), 3.79 (s, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  158.6, 130.2, 130.1, 128.5, 113.7, 55.3. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>5</sup>



(Z)-4-Carbomethoxystilbene (2d): colorless liquid (40.2 mg, 98%, Z/E: 86/14). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane/EA: 60/1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.89 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.30 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.23 – 7.20 (m, 5H), 6.73 – 6.57 (m, 2H), 3.89 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  167.0, 142.2, 136.8, 132.3, 129.6, 129.3, 129.0, 128.7, 128.4, 127.6, 52.1. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>5</sup>



(Z)-4,4'-Difluorostilbene (2e): colorless liquid (40.3 mg, 97%, Z/E: 96/4). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.21 – 7.16 (m, 4H), 6.97 – 6.88 (m, 4H), 6.54 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  162.0 (d, J = 247.4 Hz), 133.1 (d, J = 3.0 Hz), 130.6 (d, J = 7.1 Hz), 129.2, 115.4 (d, J = 22.2 Hz). <sup>19</sup>F NMR (376 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  -114.4 – -114.3 (m). The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>5</sup>



(*Z*)-4,4'-Dichlorostilbene (2f): colorless liquid (38.5 mg, 85%, *Z/E*: 91/9). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.21 – 7.19 (m, 4H), 7.15 – 7.13 (m, 4H), 6.55 (s, 2H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  135.4, 133.1, 130.2, 129.7, 128.7. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>6</sup>



(Z)-1-(4-Bromidephenyl)-2-phenylethene (2g): colorless liquid (21.2 mg, 43%, Z/E: 95/5). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.36 – 7.32 (m, 2H), 7.24 – 7.21 (m, 5H), 7.12 – 7.09 (m, 2H),

6.64 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H), 6.50 (d, J = 12.4 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  137.0, 136.2, 131.5, 131.2, 130.7, 129.1, 128.9, 128.5, 127.2, 121.1. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>7</sup>



**1-Ethenyl-4-[(1Z)-2-phenylethenyl]benzene (2h):** colorless liquid (30.0 mg, 97%, *Z/E*: 75/25). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.33 – 7.21 (m, 9H), 6.70 (dd, *J* = 17.6, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 6.66 – 6.57 (m, 2H), 5.75 (d, *J* = 17.5 Hz, 1H), 5.25 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  137.4, 136.9, 136.6, 136.5, 130.5, 130.0, 129.2, 129.0, 128.4, 127.3, 126.2, 113.8. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>8</sup>



**2-Methyl-6-[(1***Z***)-2-phenylethenyl]pyridine (2i):** colorless liquid (34.4 mg, 88%, *Z/E*: 99/1). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane/EA/Et<sub>3</sub>N: 100/3.3/1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.61 – 7.56 (m, 3H), 7.52 (t, *J* = 7.7 Hz, 1H), 7.36 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.28 (t, *J* = 7.3 Hz, 1H), 7.22 (d, *J* = 7.8 Hz, 1H), 7.17 (d, *J* = 16.2 Hz, 1H), 7.00 (d, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 1H), 2.58 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  158.4, 155.2, 136.9, 136.7, 132.4, 128.8, 128.5, 128.2, 127.2, 121.8, 118.9, 24.8. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>9</sup>



**1-Ethenyl-4-[(1Z)-2-phenylethenyl]benzene (2j):** colorless liquid (24.8 mg, 90%, *Z/E*: 74/26). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.39 – 7.28 (m, 5H), 7.09 (d, *J* = 5.1 Hz, 1H), 6.97 (d, *J* = 3.5 Hz, 1H), 6.89 (dd, *J* = 5.0, 3.7 Hz, 1H), 6.70 (d, *J* = 12.2, 1H), 6.58 (d, *J* = 12.1,

1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D) δ 139.9, 137.5, 129.0, 129.0, 128.7, 128.3, 127.7, 126.6, 125.6, 123.5. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>5</sup>



(Z)-1-Hexen-1-ylbenzene (2k): colorless liquid (27.2 mg, 85%, Z/E: 99/1). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.38 – 7.29 (m, 4H), 7.26 – 7.21 (m, 1H), 6.43 (d, J = 11.7 Hz, 1H), 5.69 (dt, J = 11.7, 7.3 Hz, 1H), 2.36 (qd, J = 7.4, 1.8 Hz, 2H), 1.49 – 1.35 (m, 4H), 0.93 (t, J = 7.2 Hz, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  138.0, 133.4, 128.9, 128.8, 128.2, 126.5, 32.3, 28.5, 22.6, 14.1. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>10</sup>



(Z)-5-Decene (21): colorless liquid (3.4 mg, 12%, Z/E: 99/1). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  5.35 – 5.33 (m, 2H), 2.04 – 1.99 (m, 4H), 1.33 – 1.29 (m, 8H), 0.90 – 0.87 (m, 6H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  130.0, 32.1, 27.0, 22.5, 14.1. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>11</sup>



(*Z*)- $\beta$ -(Trimethylsilyl)styrene (2m): colorless liquid (24.9 mg, 86%, *Z/E*: 82/18). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.37 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 7.34 – 7.23 (m, 5H), 5.83 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 0.05 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  146.7, 140.3, 133.0, 128.3, 128.0, 127.5, 0.3. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>12</sup>



**4-[(Z)-2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethenyl]benzenamine (2n):** yellow liquid (17.2 mg, 75%, *Z/E:* 60/40). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane/EA = 15/1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.26 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.77 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 6.63 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.22 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 3.69 (s, 2H), 0.13 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  146.5, 143.6, 129.5, 127.8, 124.8, 115.1, -1.0. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>13</sup>



**4-[(***Z***)-2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethenyl]phenol (20):** yellow liquid (26.8 mg, 93%, *Z/E*: 75/25). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane/EA = 20/1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.33 (d, *J* = 8.7 Hz, 2H), 6.83 – 6.76 (m, 3H), 6.29 (d, *J* = 18.8 Hz, 1H), 4.86 (s, 1H), 0.14 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  155.6, 143.0, 131.8, 128.0, 127.0, 115.5, -1.0. HRMS (ESI-) calculated *m/z* for C<sub>11</sub>H<sub>15</sub>OSi<sup>-</sup>[M-H]<sup>-</sup>: 191.0898, found 191.0899.

**4-[(Z)-2-(Trimethylsilyl)ethenyl]benzenemethanol (2p):** colorless liquid (29.8 mg, 95%, *Z/E*: 76/24). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane/EA = 7/1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.34 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 7.32 – 7.25 (m, 4H), 5.83 (d, *J* = 15.1 Hz, 1H), 4.67 (s, 2H), 1.82 (s, 1H), 0.06 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  146.3, 140.1, 139.6, 133.1, 128.5, 126.7, 65.3, 0.3. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>14</sup>

Ph

**4-Ethenyl-1,1'-biphenyl (2q):** white solid (22.0 mg, 61%). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.66 – 7.58 (m, 4H), 7.51 (d, *J* = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.46 (t, *J* = 7.6 Hz, 2H), 7.37 (t, *J* = 7.4 Hz, 1H), 6.79 (dd, *J* = 17.6, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 5.82 (d, *J* = 17.5 Hz, 1H), 5.30 (d, *J* = 10.9 Hz, 1H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-*D*)  $\delta$  140.8, 140.7, 136.7, 136.5, 128.9, 127.4, 127.4, 127.1, 126.8, 114.0. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>5</sup>



**4-tert-Butylstyrene (2r):** colorless liquid (19.9 mg, 62%). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.37 (s, 4H), 6.72 (dd, *J* = 17.6, 10.9 Hz, 1H), 5.73 (d, *J* = 17.5 Hz, 1H), 5.21 (d, *J* = 10.7 Hz, 1H), 1.34 (s, 9H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-*D*)  $\delta$  151.0, 136.7, 135.0, 126.1, 125.6, 113.2, 34.7, 31.4. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>15</sup>



**Methyl 4-vinylbenzoate (2s):** white solid (17.8 mg, 55%). Eluent for the flash chromatography with silica gel: hexane/EA: 60/1. <sup>1</sup>H NMR (400 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  7.98 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 7.45 (d, J = 8.3 Hz, 2H), 6.74 (dd, J = 17.4, 11.0 Hz, 1H), 5.85 (d, J = 17.9 Hz, 1H), 5.37 (d, J = 11.0 Hz, 1H), 3.90 (s, 3H). <sup>13</sup>C NMR (101 MHz, CHLOROFORM-D)  $\delta$  167.0, 142.1, 136.2, 130.0, 129.4, 126.3, 116.6, 52.2. The spectroscopic data corresponds to the reported data.<sup>16</sup>

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# 8. Copies of <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H}, <sup>19</sup>F NMR Spectra for Synthesized Compounds









 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound 1d



 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{^{1}\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR for compound 1f



 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound 1h







 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound 1j



8.2 Copies of <sup>1</sup>H, <sup>13</sup>C{<sup>1</sup>H}, <sup>19</sup>F NMR Spectra for Products 2 and 3









 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound  $\mathbf{2b}$ 



 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound 2c



 $^1\mathrm{H}$  NMR for compound  $\mathbf{2d}$ 



 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound 2d



<sup>1</sup>H NMR for compound 2e



 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{^{1}\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR for compound 2e



<sup>19</sup>F NMR for compound **2e** 







 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{^{1}\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR for compound 2f









 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{^{1}\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR for compound 2h







 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound 2i







 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound 2j







 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{^{1}\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR for compound **21** 



 $^{13}\mathrm{C}\{^{1}\mathrm{H}\}$  NMR for compound 2m



 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound  $\boldsymbol{2n}$ 



 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound  $\mathbf{2o}$ 







 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound  $\mathbf{2q}$ 



 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound 2r



 $^{13}C\{^{1}H\}$  NMR for compound 2s