## **Electronic Supplementary Information**

## Bridging the gap: An in-depth comparison of the CVT-grown layered transition metal dichalcogenides for supercapacitor application

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**Figure S1.** Cyclic voltammetry of the prepared electrodes at (a) 5, (b) 10, (c) 20 and (d) 40 mV/s scan rates.



**Figure S2.** Galvanostatic charge-discharge curves measured at (a) 0.2 A/g, (b) 0.4 A/g and (c) 0.5 A/g current densities.



**Figure S3.** Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy plots of (a)  $TaS_2$ , (b)  $TaSe_2$ , (c)  $WS_2$ , (d)  $WSe_2$ , (e)  $ZrS_2$  and (f)  $ZrSe_2$  with inset circuit models.



Figure S4. Combine stability curves of all the electrodes.

**Table S1:** A comparison of calculated gravimetric specific capacitances by both CV and GCD.

| S # | Material          | Capacitance calculated | Capacitance calculated |
|-----|-------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
|     |                   | by CV                  | by GCD                 |
| 1   | TaS <sub>2</sub>  | 230 F/g                | 187 F/g                |
| 2   | TaSe <sub>2</sub> | 168 F/g                | 89 F/g                 |
| 3   | WS <sub>2</sub>   | 186 F/g                | 154 F/g                |
| 4   | WSe <sub>2</sub>  | 224 F/g                | 203 F/g                |
| 5   | ZrS <sub>2</sub>  | 225 F/g                | 183 F/g                |
| 6   | ZrSe <sub>2</sub> | 209 F/g                | 159 F/g                |