

Supplementary Information

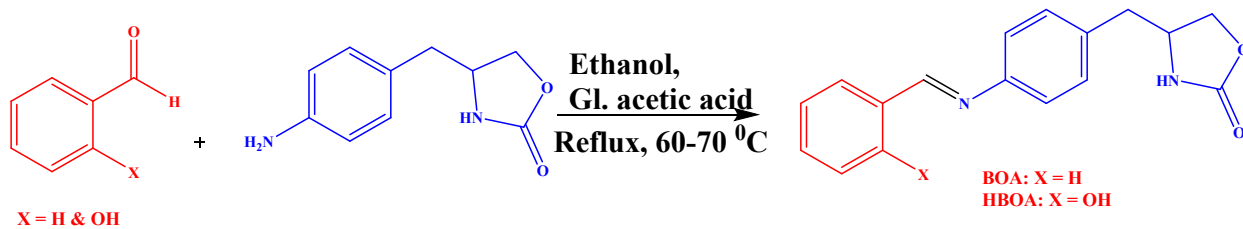
Designing Multifunctional Organic Thermochromic Ferroelectric Materials: Remarkable Melt-Cool Large Thermal Hysteresis of Reversible Single Crystal to Single Crystal Transformation

Rekha Kumari,^a Arnab De,^b Aninda Jiban Bhattacharyya^c and T. N. Guru Row ^{*d}

^{a & c} Interdisciplinary Centre for Energy Research & Solid State and Structural Chemistry
Unit, Indian Institute of Science, Bengaluru - 560012.

^b Materials Engineering, Indian Institute of Science, Bengaluru - 560012.

^d Solid State and Structural Chemistry Unit, Indian Institute of Science, Bengaluru -
560012.



S1: Scheme Synthetic route for BOA and HBOA

Fourier Transform Infrared Analysis

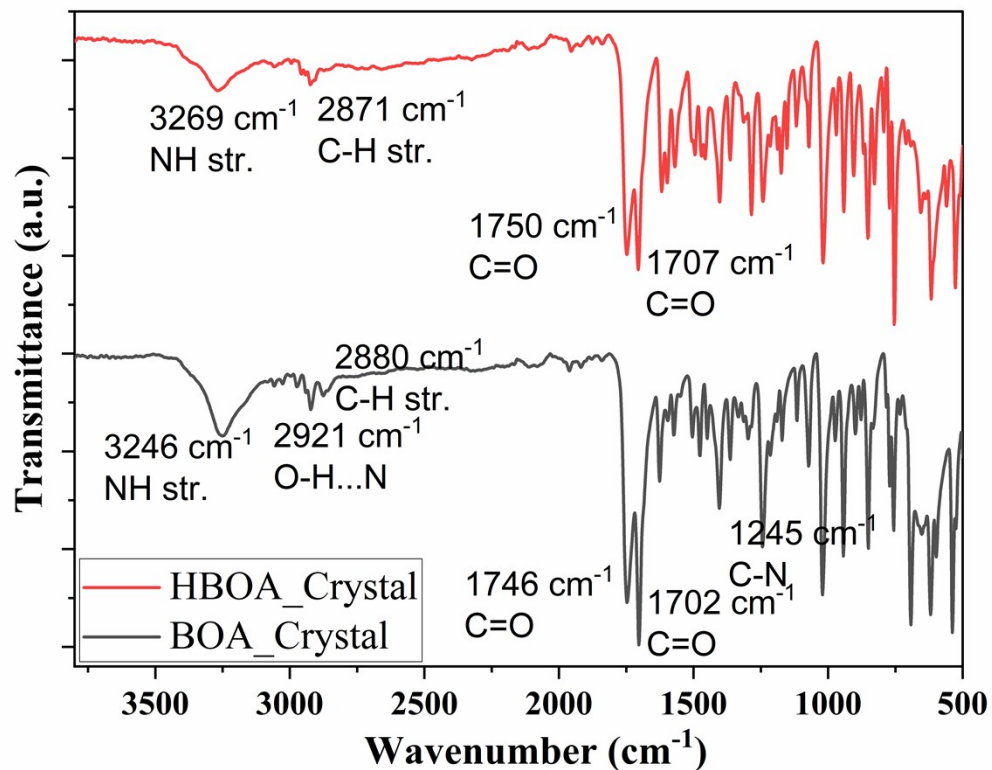


Figure S2. The FTIR spectrum of BOA and HBOA show the stretching bands of -C=O- appeared at 1746 cm^{-1} and 1750 cm^{-1} respectively. The NH stretching band observed at 3246 cm^{-1} and 3269 cm^{-1} for BOA and HBOA respectively. The hydroxyl band (intramolecular hydrogen bond) was observed at 2921 cm^{-1} .

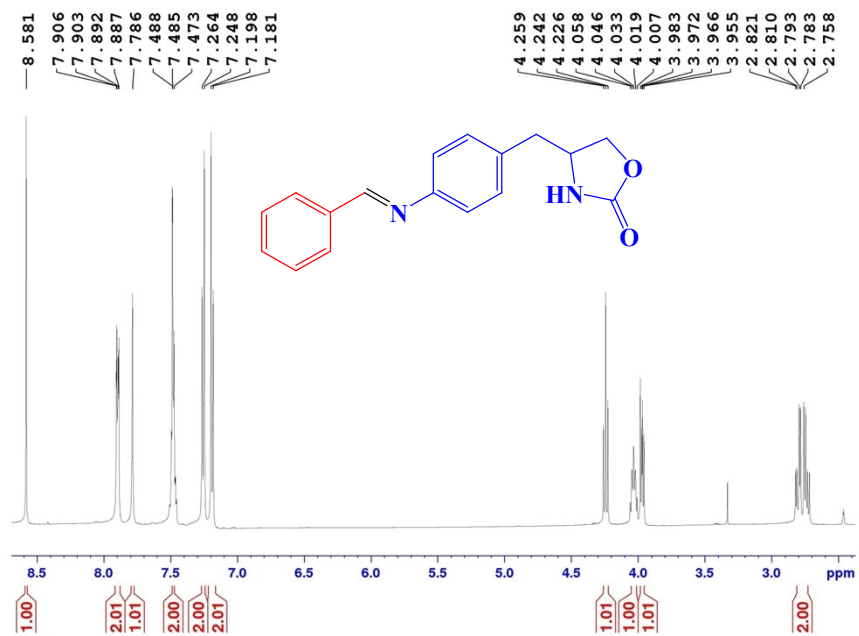


Figure S3. ¹H NMR spectrum of BOA in CDCl₃.

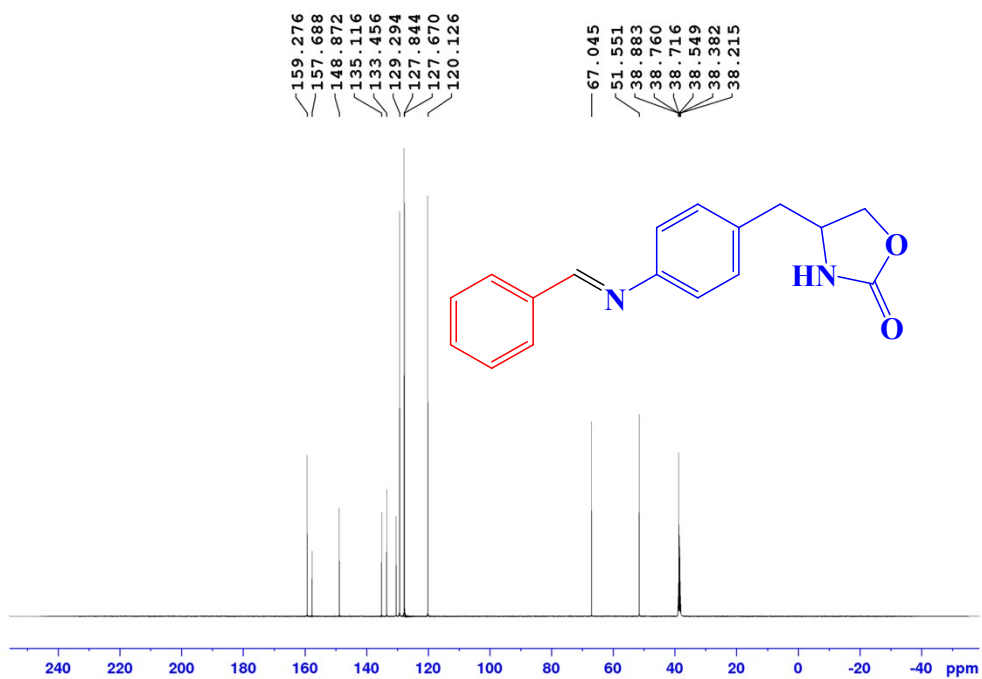


Figure S4. ¹³C NMR spectrum of BOA in CDCl₃.

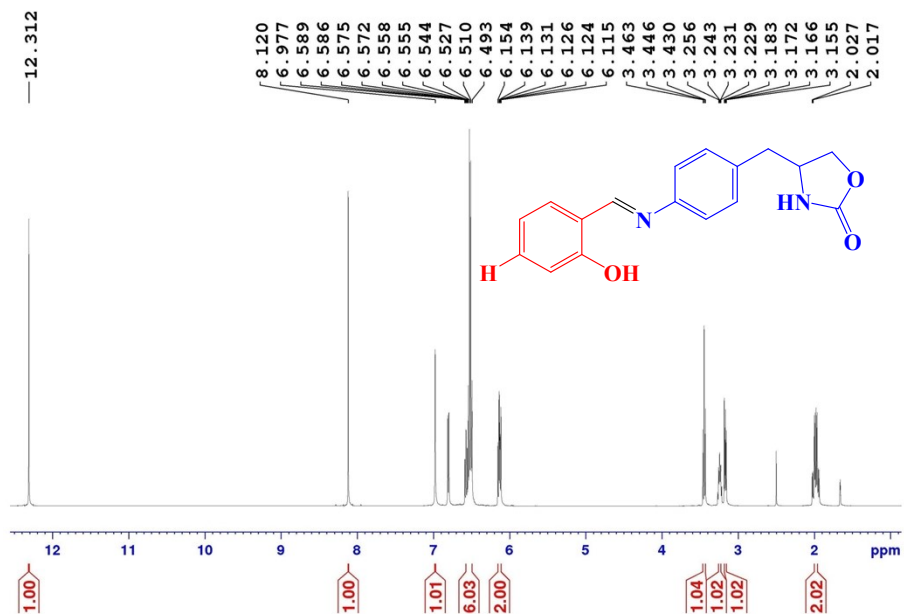


Figure S5. ¹H NMR spectrum of HBOA in CDCl₃.

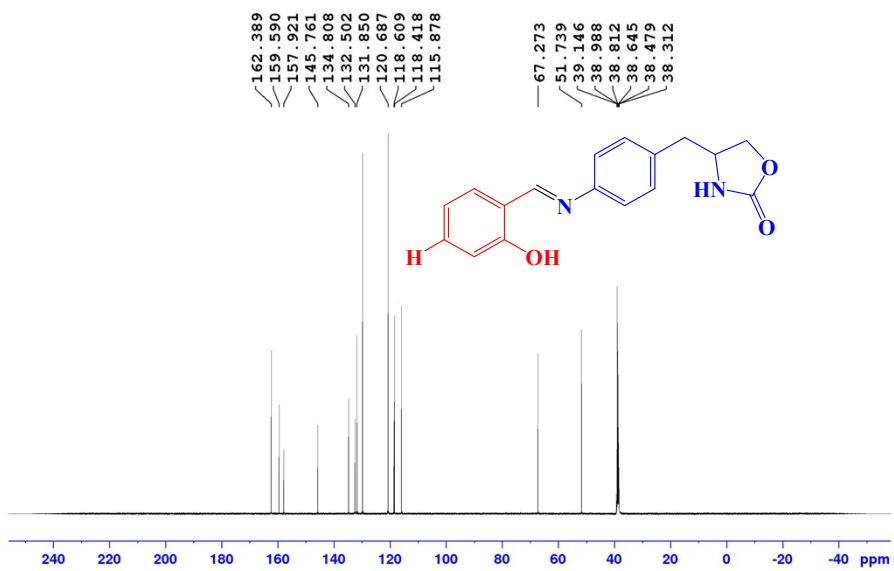


Figure S6. ¹³C NMR spectrum of HBOA in CDCl₃.

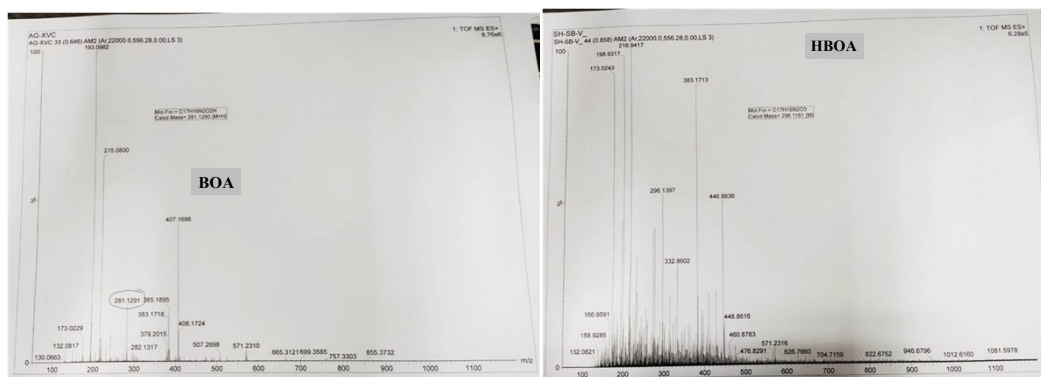


Figure S7. Mass spectrum of BOA and HBOA.

Table S1. Variable temperature crystal data and structure refinement of BOA.

Compound	BOA_100K	BOA_293K	BOA_368K
CCDC no.	1983772	1983771	2026778
Chemical formula	$C_{17}H_{16}N_2O_2$	$C_{17}H_{16}N_2O_2$	$C_{17}H_{16}N_2O_2$
Formula weight	280.3	280.3	280.3
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	$P2_1$	$P2_1$	$P2_1$
a (Å)	5.9009(1)	5.9424(3)	5.930(2)
b (Å)	8.4145(2)	8.5540(4)	8.588(2)
c (Å)	14.2428(3)	14.3274(7)	14.312(3)
α (°)	90.000	90.000	90.00(3)
β (°)	98.443(2)	98.358(4)	98.21(3)
γ (°)	90.000	90.000	90.00(3)
V (Å ³)	699.54(2)	720.55(4)	721.5(3)
Z	2	2	2
T (K)	100.00(2)	293(2)	368(2)K
D_{calc} (g cm ⁻³)	1.33	1.29	0.64
Abs. coefficient (mm ⁻¹)	0.089	0.086	0.043
$F(000)$	296.0	296.0	147.0
ϑ Range for data collection (°)	3.5-27.5	3.5-27.5	1.4-30.6
Limiting indices	$-7 \leq h \leq 7, -10 \leq k \leq 10, -18 \leq l \leq 18$	$-7 \leq h \leq 7, -11 \leq k \leq 11, -18 \leq l \leq 18$	$-8 \leq h \leq 4, -11 \leq k \leq 12, -20 \leq l \leq 20$
Reflections collected	10790	10688	16945
Unique reflections (R_{int})	3211 (0.033)	3302 (0.030)	4391 (0.043)
Completeness of ϑ	27.42 (99.77%)	27.42 (99.77%)	27.42 (99.77%)
Data/restraints/parameters	3211/1/202	10688/1/202	4391/1/204
GOF	1.040	1.046	0.926
Final R indices [$I > 2\sigma(I)$]	$R_1 = 0.037, wR_2 = 0.083$	$R_1 = 0.050, wR_2 = 0.117$	$R_1 = 0.049, wR_2 = 0.105$

R indices (all data)	$R_1 = 0.040$, $wR_2 = 0.086$	$R_1 = 0.063$, $wR_2 = 0.128$	$R_1 = 0.152$, $wR_2 = 0.142$
$\Delta\rho_{\max}$ (e. \AA^{-3})	0.199	0.349	0.158
$\Delta\rho_{\min}$ (e. \AA^{-3})	-0.207	-0.162	-0.133
Flack Parameters	1.2(6)	1.1(7)	0.2(8)

Table S2. Variable temperature crystal data and structure refinement of **HBOA**.

Compound	HBOA_100K	HBOA_293K	HBOA_390K
CCDC no.	1972047	1972046	2305762
Chemical formula	$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$	$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$	$\text{C}_{17}\text{H}_{16}\text{N}_2\text{O}_3$
Formula weight	296.3	296.3	296.3
Crystal system	Monoclinic	Monoclinic	Monoclinic
Space group	$P2_1$	$P2_1$	$P2_1$
a (\AA)	5.7166(1)	5.7695(2)	5.7876(7)
b (\AA)	8.7186(2)	8.7640(3)	8.8409(12)
c (\AA)	14.3362(3)	14.5821(15)	14.6760(2)
α ($^\circ$)	90.000	90.000	90.000
β ($^\circ$)	97.672(2)	98.449(3)	98.218(3)
γ ($^\circ$)	90.000	90.000	90.000
V (\AA^3)	708.13(2)	729.33(3)	738.22(4)
Z	2	2	2
T (K)	99.99(10)	293(2)	390(2)
D_{calc} (g cm^{-3})	1.39	1.35	1.32
Abs. coefficient (mm^{-1})	0.097	0.094	0.092
$F(000)$	312.0	312.0	312.0
ϑ Range for data collection ($^\circ$)	3.6-27.5	2.6-27.5	1.4-30.8
Limiting indices	$-7 \leq h \leq 7$, $-11 \leq k \leq 11$, $-18 \leq l \leq 18$	$-7 \leq h \leq 7$, $-11 \leq k \leq 11$, $-18 \leq l \leq 18$	$-8 \leq h \leq 8$, $-12 \leq k \leq 12$, $-20 \leq l \leq 20$
Reflections collected	10961	11140	9732
Unique reflections (R_{int})	3129 (0.029)	3340 (0.027)	4383 (0.053)
Completeness of ϑ	27.42 (99.77%)	27.42 (99.72%)	27.42 (99.77%)
Data/restraints/parameters	3129/1/207	3340/1/215	4383/1/212
GOF	1.037	1.056	0.887
Final R indices [$I > 2\sigma(I)$]	$R_1 = 0.032$, $wR_2 = 0.074$	$R_1 = 0.041$, $wR_2 = 0.088$	$R_1 = 0.045$, $wR_2 = 0.078$
R indices (all data)	$R_1 = 0.033$, $wR_2 = 0.075$	$R_1 = 0.051$, $wR_2 = 0.098$	$R_1 = 0.174$, $wR_2 = 0.114$
$\Delta\rho_{\max}$ (e. \AA^{-3})	0.185	0.100	0.108
$\Delta\rho_{\min}$ (e. \AA^{-3})	-0.172	-0.127	-0.100
Flack Parameters	1.1(4)	-1.1(6)	-3.9(10)

Table S3. Optical activity parameters of BOA

RK-XVI-1

[Data Information]		[Comment]	
Creation Date	02-07-2021 11:25	Sample name	RK-XVI
		Comment	CHCl3, C = 1.0
[Measurement Information]		User	SS
Instrument Name	JASCO	Division	OC
Model Name	P-2000	Company	IISc
Serial No.	A109661232		
Polarizer	Dichrom		
Faraday Cell	Flint Glass		
Accessory	PTC-262		
Accessory S/N	A021561481		
Path Length	100 mm		
Light Source	Na		
Monitor wavelength	589 nm		
D.I.T.	5 sec		
No. of cycle	5		
Cycle interval	5 sec		
Temp. Monitor	Holder		
Temp. Corr. Factor	0 at 20 C		
Aperture(S)	3.0mm		
Aperture(L)	Auto		
Mode	Specific O.R.		
Path Length	50 mm		
Concentration	1 w/v%		
Water content of sample	0 %		
Factor	1		

	No.	PMT Voltage[V]	Mode	Sample No.	Calc. Data	Meas. Data	Temperature(C)	Blank
1	* 1	404	Specific O.R.	RK-XVI-1	-1.5400	-0.0077	22.00	-0.6197
2	* 2	402	Specific O.R.	RK-XVI-2	-2.0000	-0.0100	21.96	-0.6197
3	* 3	402	Specific O.R.	RK-XVI-3	-1.7400	-0.0087	21.92	-0.6197
4	* 4	404	Specific O.R.	RK-XVI-4	-1.6800	-0.0084	21.90	-0.6197
5	* 5	405	Specific O.R.	RK-XVI-5	-1.2800	-0.0064	21.87	-0.6197
6	* 6			Avg.	-1.6480			
7	7			S.D	0.2648			
8	8			C.V	16.0681			

	Measurement Date
1	02-07-2021 11:24
2	02-07-2021 11:24
3	02-07-2021 11:25
4	02-07-2021 11:25
5	02-07-2021 11:25
6	
7	
8	

Table S4. Optical activity parameters of HBOA

RK-V-1

[Data Information]
 Creation Date 02-07-2021 11:12

[Comment]
 Sample name RK-V
 Comment CHCl₃, C = 1.0
 User SS
 Division OC
 Company IISc

[Measurement Information]
 Instrument Name JASCO
 Model Name P-2000
 Serial No. A109881232
 Polarizer Dichrom
 Faraday Cell Flint Glass

Accessory PTC-262
 Accessory S/N A021581481
 Path Length 100 mm

Light Source Na
 Monitor wavelength 589 nm
 D.I.T. 5 sec
 No. of cycle 5
 Cycle interval 5 sec
 Temp. Monitor Holder
 Temp. Corr. Factor 0 at 20 C
 Aperture(S) 3.0mm
 Aperture(L) Auto
 Mode Specific O.R.
 Path Length 50 mm
 Concentration 1 w/v%
 Water content of sample 0 %
 Factor 1

	No.	PMT Voltage[V]	Mode	Sample No.	Calc. Data	Meas. Data	Temperature(C)	Blank	
1	*	1	400	Specific O.R.	RK-V-1	-9.0000	-0.0450	21.77	-0.6197
2	*	2	401	Specific O.R.	RK-V-2	-9.4000	-0.0470	21.71	-0.6197
3	*	3	398	Specific O.R.	RK-V-3	-8.8200	-0.0441	21.67	-0.6197
4	*	4	398	Specific O.R.	RK-V-4	-9.3800	-0.0469	21.67	-0.6197
5	*	5	399	Specific O.R.	RK-V-5	-9.1600	-0.0458	21.70	-0.6197
6	*	6		Avg.		-9.1520			
7		7		S.D		0.2484			
8		8		C.V		2.7145			

	Measurement Date
1	02-07-2021 11:12
2	02-07-2021 11:12
3	02-07-2021 11:12
4	02-07-2021 11:12
5	02-07-2021 11:12
6	
7	
8	

S8 PFM imaging method: PFM imaging has been done in a thin film where BOA and HBOA were loaded on a ITO glass substrate. During the testing, the tip scans the sample surface line-by-line while the AC voltage is applied. PFM imaging was performed with a Digital Instruments Dimension PARK NX20 atomic force microscope with platinum-coated tips. PFM images were collected near the cantilever's incontact resonance frequency (0.7 Hz) to enhance the vertical resolution. The imaging signal of 10V peak voltage at (0.7 Hz) was provided by an external function generator. The out-of-plane (vertical PFM) signals were collected. Phase Imaging: Maps the spatial distribution of domains based on phase differences. Bright and dark areas represent opposite polarization directions, respectively. Amplitude Imaging: Reveals domain boundaries as lines or regions of minimal cantilever deflection. The demodulated signal is used to generate a two-dimensional map of the local piezoelectric response, revealing the spatial distribution of piezoelectric response for surface morphology. The result of thin films is very similar like from the observation on bulk single-crystal samples. The contrast patterns reveal the arrangement of surface morphology like staircase within the HBOA material.