A biocompatible NIR-II light-responsive nanoknife for permanent

male sterilization

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Figure S1. Temperature evolution curves of Cys-CuS nanosheets in a 1064 nm laser on/off cycle. a) Temperature profile of Cys-CuS solution (100 mg L⁻¹) under the irradiation of a 1064 nm laser (2.0 W cm⁻²) for 15 min, and then the laser was turned off. b) Plot of the cooling time versus -Ln(θ) obtained from the cooling stage in (a).



Figure S2. XPS spectra of (a) Cu 2p and (b) S 2p in Cys-CuS nanosheets.



Figure S3. Hydrodynamic size of Cys-CuS nanosheets measured by DLS. The insert photograph is Cys-CuS aqueous solution (0.04 mg mL⁻¹).



Figure S4. The zeta potential of Cystine and Cys-CuS nanosheets.



Figure S5. The photograph (a), DLS (b) and zeta potential (c) of Cys-CuS in PBS, normal saline, DMEM, fetal bovine serum (FBS), and deionized water at different time points (0, 1, 3, 5, 7 days)



Figure S6. Photographs of Cys-CuS nanosheets solutions after standing for some time.



Figure S7. The UV-vis-NIR absorption spectra of Cys-CuS nanosheets (50 mg L^{-1}) solutions after store for different durations.



Figure S8. Temperature curves Cys-CuS nanosheets (200 mg L^{-1}) solutions upon irradiation of 1064 nm laser (1, 1.5, 2.0 W cm⁻², 5 min).



Figure S9. Photothermal stability of Cys-CuS nanosheets (100 mg L^{-1}) under cyclic irradiation of 1064 nm laser (2 W cm⁻²).



Figure S10. Deep-tissue photothermal study of Cys-CuS nanosheets (80 mg L⁻¹, 1 mL) covered by different thicknesses of chicken breast muscle (2, 4, 6, 8, 10 mm) under a 1064 nm laser irradiation (1 W cm⁻², 2 min).



Figure S11. Plasma levels of testosterone in mice at 60th day post treatments.



Figure S12. H&E staining of major organs from mice after intra-testicular injection with or without Cys-CuS nanosheets (100 μ L, 100 mg L⁻¹). (Scale bar: 100 μ m)