Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for New Journal of Chemistry. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry and the Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique 2023

Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)

Catalytic Application of Green-Synthesized ZnO Nanoparticles in the Synthesis of 1*H*-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-5,8-diones and Evaluation of Their Anti-Cancer Properties[†]

Soma Majedi,^a * Faiq H. S. Hussain,^a Azeez A. Barzinjy,^b* Maryam Hosseinpoor Tehrani,^c Farouq E. Hawaiz ^d

^a Department of Medical Analysis, Faculty of Applied Science, Tishk International University, Erbil, Kurdistan Region-Iraq.

^b Scientific Research Centre, Soran University, Soran, Kurdistan Region- Iraq

^c Department of Medicinal Chemistry, Faculty of Pharmacy, Tehran University of Medical Sciences, Tehran 14176, Iran.

^d Department of Chemistry, College of Education, Salahaddin University-Erbil.

E-mail address: somamajedi93@gmail.com (Soma Majedi)

Supporting Information

Index

Sr. No.	Content	Page No.
1.	Figures S1-S9	S1
2.	General Information about Experimentation (Chemicals, Reagents, and Characterization)	S4
2.1.	Characterization data for 3-amino-1-(2-fluorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H- pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 9)	S6
2.2.	Characterization data for 3-amino-1-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8- dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 10)	S8
2.3.	Characterization data for 3-amino-1-(2,6-di fluorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8- dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 11)	S10
2.4.	Characterization data for methyl 4-(3-amino-2-cyano-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H- pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-1-yl)benzoate (Entry 12)	S12
3.	UV–Vis spectra of <i>Anethum graveolens</i> leaf extract and its corresponding major phytochemicals	S13
4.	Schemes S1-S3 & Tables S1-S5	S14
5.	References	S15

^{*} Corresponding author. Tel.: +989183735667; e-mail: somamajedi93@gmail.com

^{*} Corresponding author. Tel.: +9647504542010; e-mail: azeez.azeez@soran.edu.iq



















2. General Information about Experimentation (Chemicals, Reagents, and Characterization)

All commercially available chemicals were obtained from Merck Company and were used without further purification. The described catalyst was prepared according to the mentioned procedure.

A Stuart model SMP3 apparatus was used for measuring melting points, melting points are uncorrected. Nuclear magnetic resonance (¹HNMR and ¹³CNMR) spectra were recorded on Bruker Avance 400 MHz FT NMR spectrometers (run at the University of Tehran and the University of Isfahan, Iran).

Infrared (IR) spectroscopy was conducted on a Perkin Elmer GX FT-IR spectrometer. Mass spectra were recorded on a Shimadzu QP 1100 BX Mass Spectrometer (University of Tehran, Iran). Elemental analyses were recorded on an Eager 300 for EA1112 instrument (University of Tehran, Iran).

Zinc acetate dehydrates $C_4H_6O_4Zn.2H_2O$, molecular weight 219.50 g/mol, as well as NaOH Molecular weight 40 g/ mol have been used in this study.

The heating supply for synthesizing ZnO NPs was a Hot Plate Stirrer. PAN analytical X' Pert PRO (Cu K α =1.5406 Å) was used to perform X-ray diffraction (XRD) analyses. The scanning percentage was 1 /min in the 2 θ assortment from 20° to 80°.

A double-beam UV spectrophotometer (Super Aquarius spectrophotometer) was utilized to record UV–Vis spectral analysis to confirm the ZnO NPs production. Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) (Quanta 4500) was utilized to evaluate morphology and particle dispersion.

EDX (Energy Dispersive X-ray Analysis) in SEM was utilized to determine the elemental configuration of the produced nanostructures, while FT-IR analysis was done on a Perkin Elmer.

FTIR spectrophotometer with a steadfastness of 4 cm⁻¹ was utilized for the examination of the available functional groups in the utilized plant extract and the NPs correspondingly.

Thin layer chromatography (TLC) was performed using 60 mesh silica gel plates and visualized with short wavelength UV light (254 nm).

1H NMR and 13C NMR were all recorded using DMSO- d_6 as a solvent on a Bruker 400 MHz spectrometer at 298 K (400 MHz for 1H and 100 MHz for 13C).

3-amino-5,8-dioxo-1-phenyl-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (1)

IR, HNMR, and CNMR spectral data are identical to those reported in ref. [1]

3-amino-1-(2-bromophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (2)

IR, HNMR, and CNMR spectral data are identical to those reported in ref. [1-2]

3-amino-1-(2-chlorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (3)

IR, HNMR, and CNMR spectral data are identical to those reported in ref. [1-2]

3-amino-1-(2,4-dichlorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (4)

IR, HNMR, and CNMR spectral data identical to those reported in ref. [1-2]

3-amino-1-(3-chlorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (5)

IR, HNMR, and CNMR spectral data are identical to those reported in ref. [1-2]

3-amino-1-(2-methoxyphenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (6)

IR, HNMR, and CNMR spectral data are identical to those reported in ref. [1-2]

3-amino-1-(3-nitrophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (7)

IR, HNMR, and CNMR spectral data are identical to those reported in ref. [1]

3-amino-1-(2,6-dichlorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (8)

IR, HNMR, and CNMR spectral data are identical to those reported in ref. [1-2]

2.1. Characterization data for 3-amino-1-(2-fluorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 9)

m.p.:259-262 °C (dec.); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\Box \delta = 6.21$ (s, 1H), 7.04-7.20 (dd, 2H), 7.42-7.47 (m, 1H), 7.74 (d, 1H), 8.04-8.07 (t, 1H), 8.56 (s, 2H, NH₂) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 58.36$, 59.95, 113.68, 115.40, 116.6, 125.35, 129.12, 136.56, 150.53, 152.85, 153.80, 156.01, 159.27, 161.31; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3384, 3265, 3185, 3062, 2202, 1698, 1677, 1644, 1586, 1562, 1476, 1436, 1371, 1336, 1288, 1255, 1123, 1048, 1022, 992, 848, 753, 702, 611, 560, 487; MS, m/z (%): 284 (M⁺). Anal.Calcd.for. C₁₄H₉FN₄O₂: C: 59.16, H: 3.19, N: 19.71 %. Found: C: 59.11; H: 3.22; N: 19.69%.



Fig. S10 The ¹H NMR (400MHz) spectrum of 3-amino-1-(2-fluorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 9)

Fig. S11 The ¹³C NMR (100MHz) spectrum of 3-amino-1-(2-fluorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 9)

2.2. Characterization data for 3-amino-1-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 10)

m.p.: 277-280 °C (dec.); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\Box \delta = 6.37$ (s, 1H), 7.03-7.12 (dd, 2H), 7.37 (t, 1H), 7.53 (d, 1H), 7.63 (d, 1H), 8.08 (s, 2H, NH₂) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 59.41$, 60.12, 115.24, 128.63, 128.80, 128.98, 130.36, 130.47, 135.36, 135.47, 135.54, 150.93, 152.96, 156.05 ppm; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3383, 3263, 3065, 2195, 1671, 1662, 1648, 1561, 1438, 1374, 1284, 1255, 1151, 1121, 846, 802, 559, 488; MS, m/z (%): 334 (M⁺). Anal.Calcd.for. C₁₄H₈Cl₂N₄O₂: C: 50.17, H: 2.41, N: 16.72 %. Found: C: 50.15; H: 2.44; N: 16.69%.

Fig. S12 The ¹H NMR (400MHz) spectrum of 3-amino-1-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 10)

Fig. S13 The ¹³C NMR (100MHz) spectrum of 3-amino-1-(2,3-dichlorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 10)

2.3. Characterization data for 3-amino-1-(2,6-di fluorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 11)

m.p.: 264-268 °C (dec.); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\Box \delta = 6.35$ (s, 1H), 7.06-7.16 (m, 4H), 7.45-7.48 (t, 1H), 8.12 (s, 2H, NH₂) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 53.9$, 57.9, 115.2, 131.3, 135.1, 135.3, 135.5, 135.7, 150.9, 152.7, 155.8, 159.3, 161.3 ppm; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3367, 3250, 3175, 3075, 2933, 2200, 1701, 1672, 1624, 1592, 1471, 1434, 1374, 1293, 1145, 1001, 853, 780, 603, 484; MS, m/z (%): 302 (M⁺). Anal.Calcd.for. C₁₄H₈F₂N₄O₂: C: 55.64, H: 2.67, N: 18.54 %. Found: C: 55.60; H: 2.69; N: 18.52%.

Fig. S14 The ¹H NMR (400MHz) spectrum of 3-amino-1-(2,6-di fluorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 11)

Fig. S15 The ¹³C NMR (100MHz) spectrum of 3-amino-1-(2,6-di fluorophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile (Entry 11)

2.4. Characterization data for methyl 4-(3-amino-2-cyano-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2a]pyridazine-1-yl)benzoate (Entry 12)

m.p.: 274-276 °C (dec.); ¹H NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\Box \delta = 3.88$ (s, 3H), 6.77 (s, 1H), 7.34-7.45 (dd, 2H), 7.66-8.08 (m, 4H), 8.11 (s, 2H, NH₂) ppm; ¹³C NMR (100 MHz, DMSO-d₆): $\delta = 49.6$, 53.8, 58.6, 113.9, 135.5, 139.5, 140.1, 144.0, 144.5, 146.9, 148.5, 154.7, 156.2, 174.9 ppm; IR (KBr, cm⁻¹): 3443, 3348, 3219, 2955, 2195, 1721, 1642, 1437, 1286, 1192, 1113, 862, 706; MS, m/z (%):324 (M⁺). Anal.Calcd.for. C₁₆H₁₂N₄O₄: C: 59.26, H: 3.73, N: 17.28 %. Found: C: 59.25; H: 3.75; N: 17.26%.

Fig. S16 The ¹H NMR (400MHz) spectrum of methyl 4-(3-amino-2-cyano-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-1-yl)benzoate (Entry 12)

Fig. S17 The ¹³C NMR (100MHz) spectrum of methyl 4-(3-amino-2-cyano-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1*H*-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-1-yl)benzoate (Entry 12)

3. UV-Vis spectra of Anethum graveolens leaf

Fig. S18: UV-Vis spectra of Anethum graveolens leaf extract and its corresponding major phytochemicals

Scheme S1: Structures of two 1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-5,8-dione derivatives as bactericidal compounds

R= a: H; b: 2-Br; c: 2-Cl; d: 2,4-diCl; e: 3-Cl; f: 2-OCH₃; g: 3-NO₂; h: 2,6-diCl; i: 2-F; j: 2,3-diCl; k: 2,6-diF; l: 4-CO₂Me Scheme S2: Synthesis of 1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-5,8-diones using green nano-ZnO as a heterogeneous, nanocatalyst

Scheme S3: A reasonable mechanism for the synthesis of 1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-5,8-diones

Peak No.	Planes	Pos. (°2Th.)	FWHM (o2Th.)	Size (nm)
1	100	31.634	0.276	28.971
2	002	34.287	0.256	32.501
3	101	36.084	0.236	35.373
4	102	47.402	0.354	23.495
5	110	56.46	0.315	28.634
6	103	62.753	0.354	26.271
7	200	66.273	0.315	30.128
8	112	67.872	0.236	40.539
9	201	69.117	0.394	24.508
10	004	72.399	0.945	10.422
11	202	76.859	0.394	25.765
			Average size	27.873

Table S1: ZnO crystalline size computed using Debye-Scherrer equation and the corresponding XRD data from Figure 7

 Table S2: Synthesis of 1*H*-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-5,8-diones (4a-l) using nano-ZnO, as a green catalyst^a

 ^a Reaction conditions: maleic hydrazide (1mmol), benzaldehyde derivatives (1mmol), malononitrile (1.3 mmol) using catalytic amount (3 mg) of green synthesized nano-ZnO, at 70 °C and solvent-free conditions. ^b Yields refer to isolated pure products.

Entry	Product	Time (min)	Yield (%) ^b	m.p (°C)/Lit. mp
1	4 a	40	70	289-292/(291-294 ²⁵)
2	4b	20	85	285-289/(287-290 ^{25,26})
3	4c	25	80	270-272/(271-274 ^{25,26})
4	4d	25	75	271-274/(273-276 ^{25,26})
5	4e	35	75	278-281/(277-280 ^{25,26})
6	4f	25	80	260-263/(258-261 ^{25,26})
7	4g	30	80	270-273/(269-271 ²⁵)
8	4h	20	85	272-275/(273-276 ^{25,26})
9	4i	40	70	259-262
10	4j	30	95	277-280
11	4k	20	95	264-268
12	41	60	70	274-276

Table S3: Synthesis of 3-amino-1-(2-bromophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile under different conditions a

Entry	Solvent (5ml)	Condition	Time (min)	Yield (%) ^b
1	Ethanol	r.t.	20	20
2	Ethanol	Reflux	20	60
3	Solvent-free	r.t.	20	10
4	Solvent-free	70 °C	20	85

^a Reaction conditions: maleic hydrazide (1mmol), 2-bromobenzaldehyde (1mmol), malononitrile (1.3mmol) using a catalytic amount of green nano-ZnO, at different conditions. ^b Separated yield.

Table S4: Synthesis of 3-amino-1-(2-bromophenyl)-5,8-dioxo-5,8-dihydro-1H-pyrazolo[1,2-a]pyridazine-2-carbonitrile in the presence of different
amounts of establist à

Entry	Catalyst (mg)	Time (min)	Yield (%) ^b
1	1	20	20
2	1.5	20	35
3	2	20	45
4	2.5	20	60
5	3	20	85

^a Reaction conditions: maleic hydrazide (1mmol), 2-bromobenzaldehyde (1mmol), malononitrile (1.3mmol) using a catalytic amount of green nano-ZnO, at 70 $^{\circ C}$ and solvent-free condition.

Table S5: Cytotoxic activities (IC_{50}) of 4a-l against human cancer cell lines ^a

Entry	Product	MCF-7	A375	Fibroblast (Hu0 ₂)
1	4a	>100	>100	-
2	4b	>100	>100	-
3	4c	>100	16	99.34±0.2
4	4d	35	40	-
5	4e	48	>100	-
6	4f	>100	>100	-
7	4g	75	>100	-
8	4h	9	80	84.32±1.3
9	4i	60	30	-
10	4j	>100	11.4	77.28 ±0.9
11	4k	75	>100	-
12	41	14	60	78.04±0.7
Paclitaxel	-	3.125	5.315	67.89±0.2

^a In vitro cytotoxic activity (IC50) of synthesized compounds 4a-4l on three cell lines (MCF-7, A375, Fibroblast). All IC₅₀ are based on micromolar (μM) , 48h.

4. References

1. A. Khoraamabadi-zad, M. Azadmanesh, R. Karamian, M. Asadbegy, and M. Akbari, RSC Adv., 4, 47721 (2014).

2. R. Ghorbani-Vaghei, J. Mahmoodi, and Y. Maghbooli, Appl. Organomet. Chem., 31, 3717 (2017).