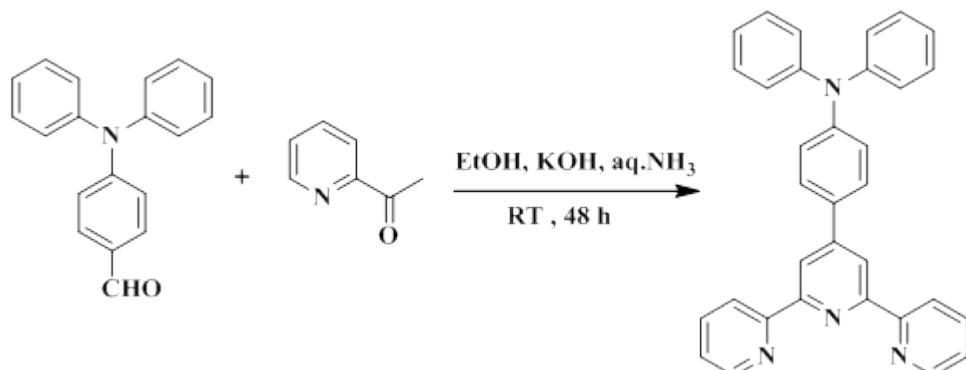


**Electronic Supplementary Information (ESI)**

**Distinct fluorescence state, mechanofluorochromism of terpyridine conjugated fluorophores and the reusable sensing of nitroaromatics in aqueous medium**

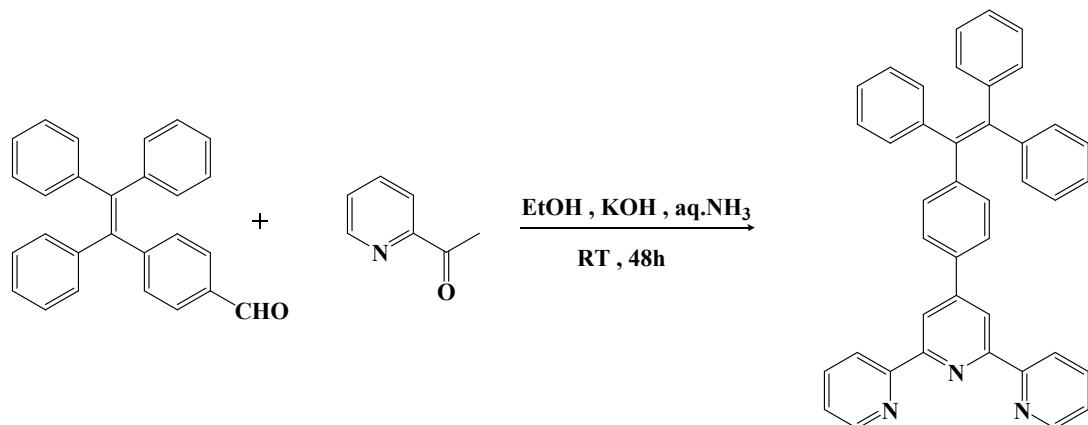
**1. Experimental Section**

**Synthesis of 4-(2,6-di(pyridin-2-yl)pyridin-4-yl)-N,N-diphenylbenzenamine(TPA-TP)**



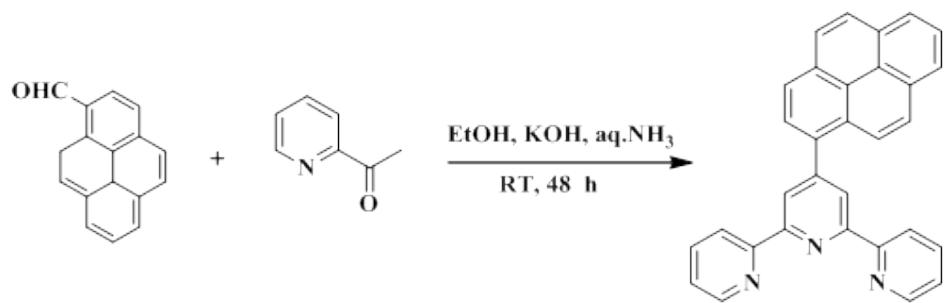
**Scheme 1.**Synthesis of TPA-TP.

**Synthesis of 2,6-di(pyridin-3-yl)-4-(4-(1,2,2-triphenylvinyl)phenyl)pyridine (TPE-TP)**



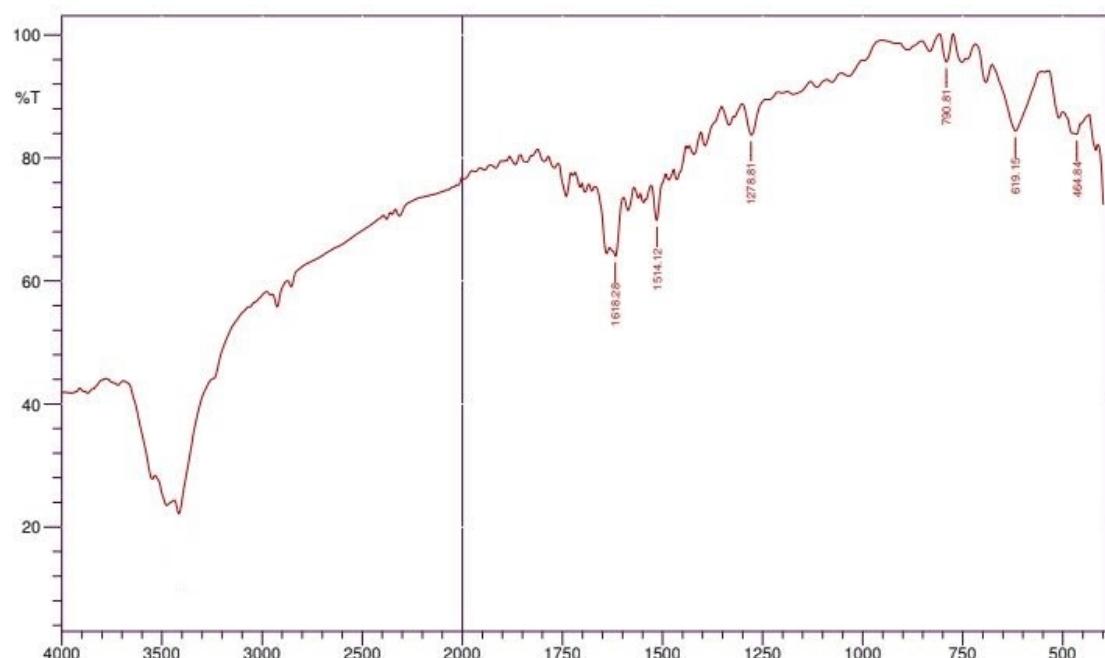
**Scheme 2** Synthesis of TPE-TP.

**Synthesis of 2-(4-(pyren-1-yl)-6-(pyridin-2-yl)pyridin-2-yl)pyridine (PY-TP)**

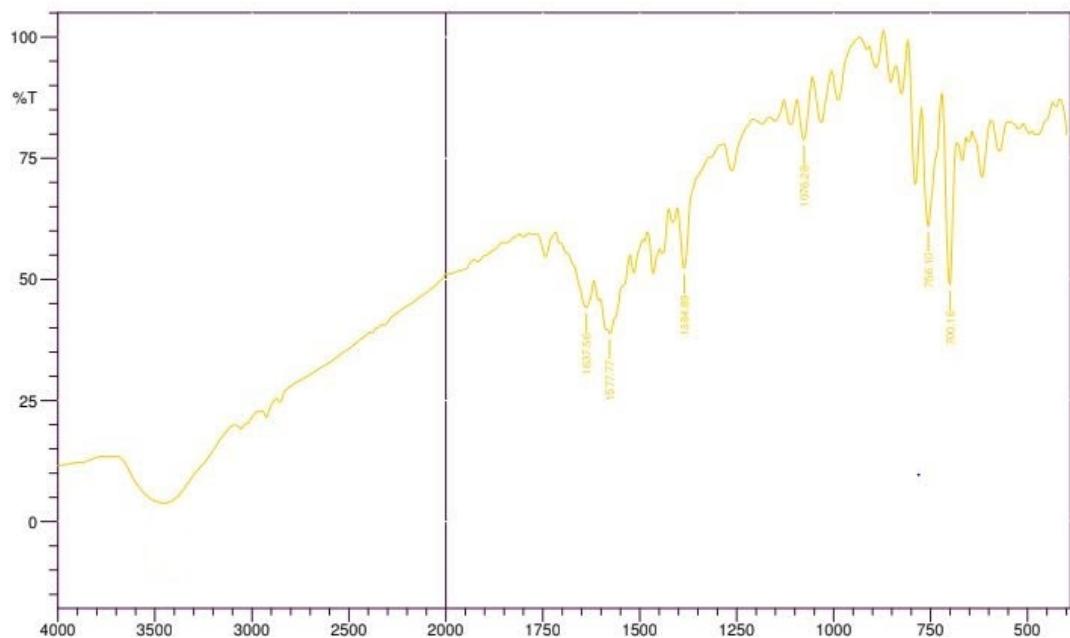


**Scheme 3**.Synthesis of PY-TP.

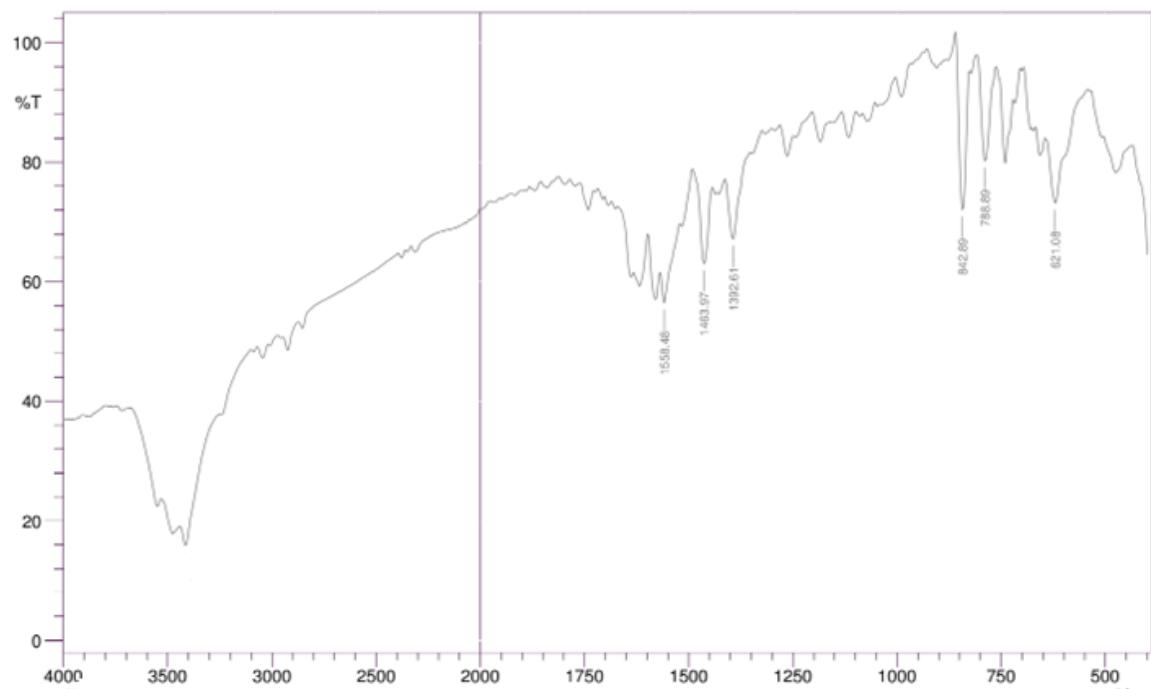
## 2. FT-IR analysis



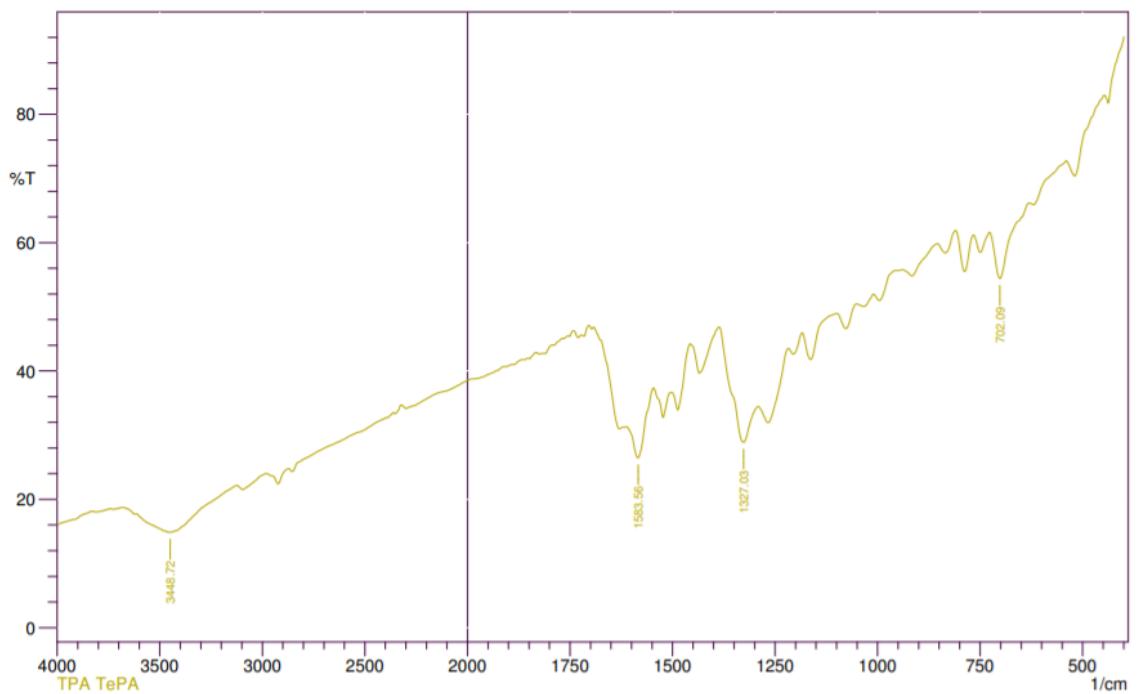
**Fig. S1** FT-IR spectra of TPA-TP.



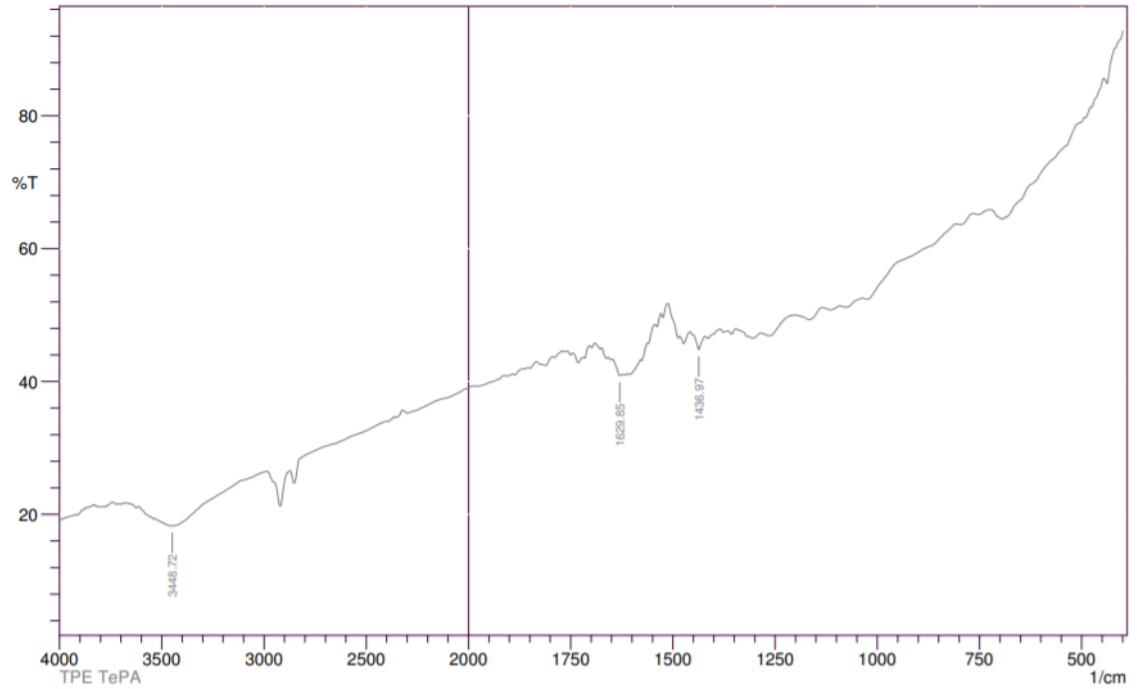
**Fig. S2** FT-IR spectra of TPE-TP.



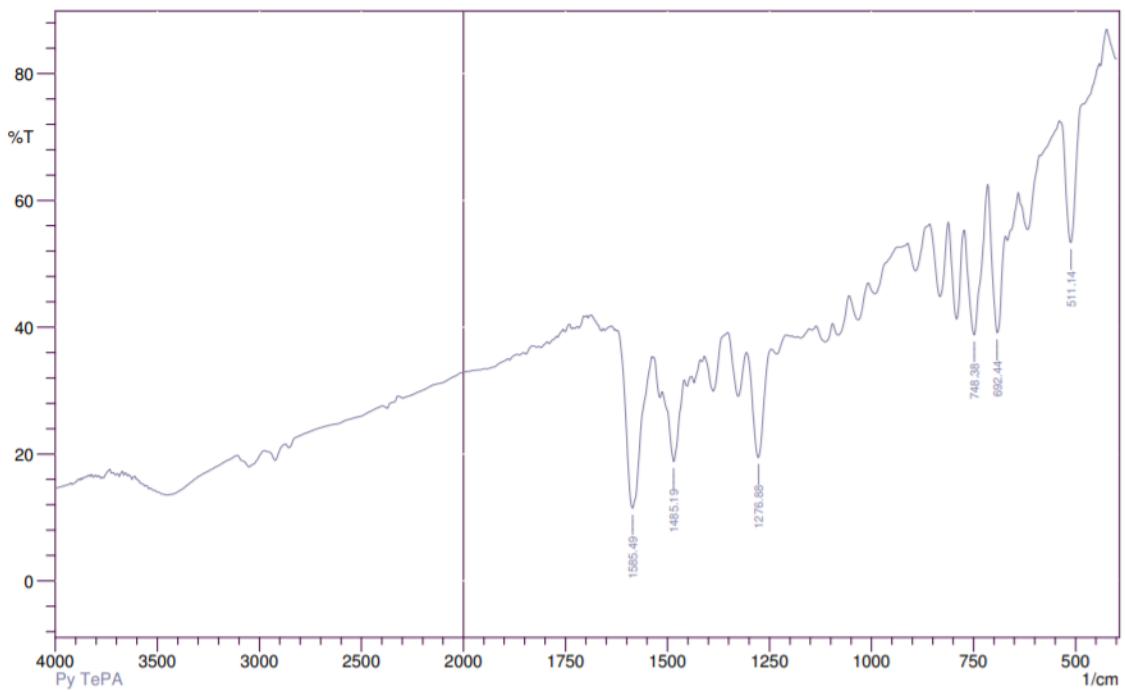
**Fig. S3** FT-IR spectra of PY-TP.



**Fig. S4** FT-IR spectra of TPA-TP.PA



**Fig. S5** FT-IR spectra of TPE-TP.PA



**Fig. S6** FT-IR spectra of PY-TP.PA

### 3. NMR studies

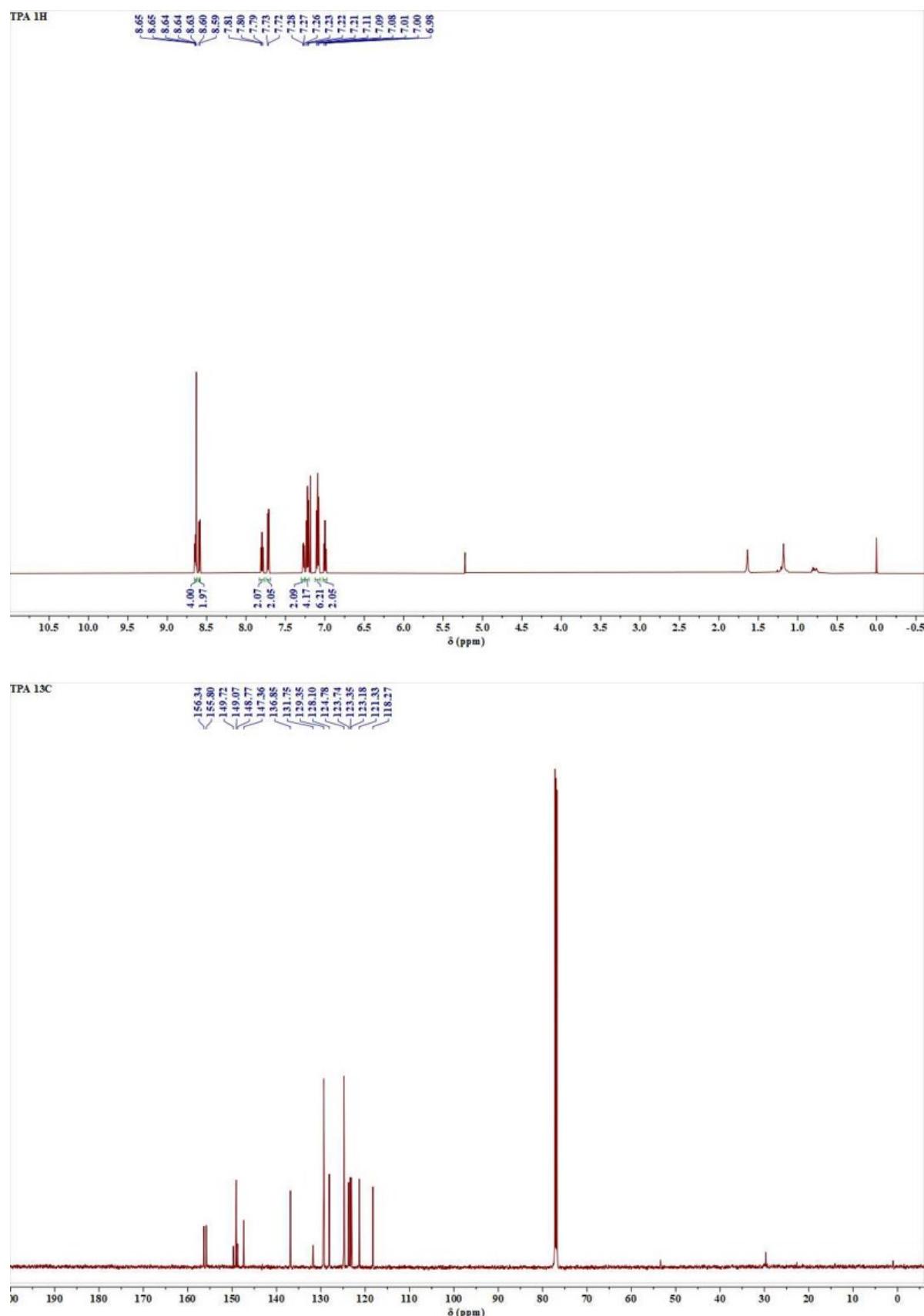
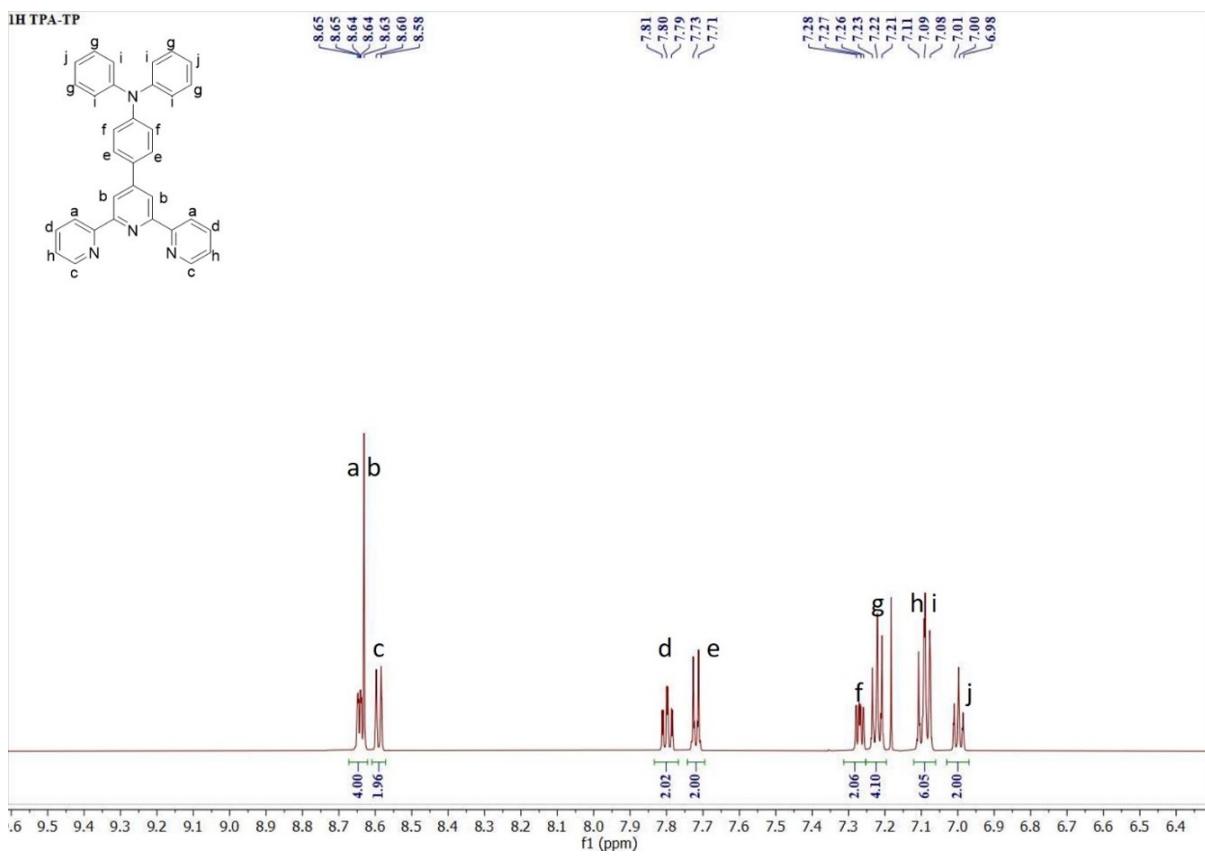
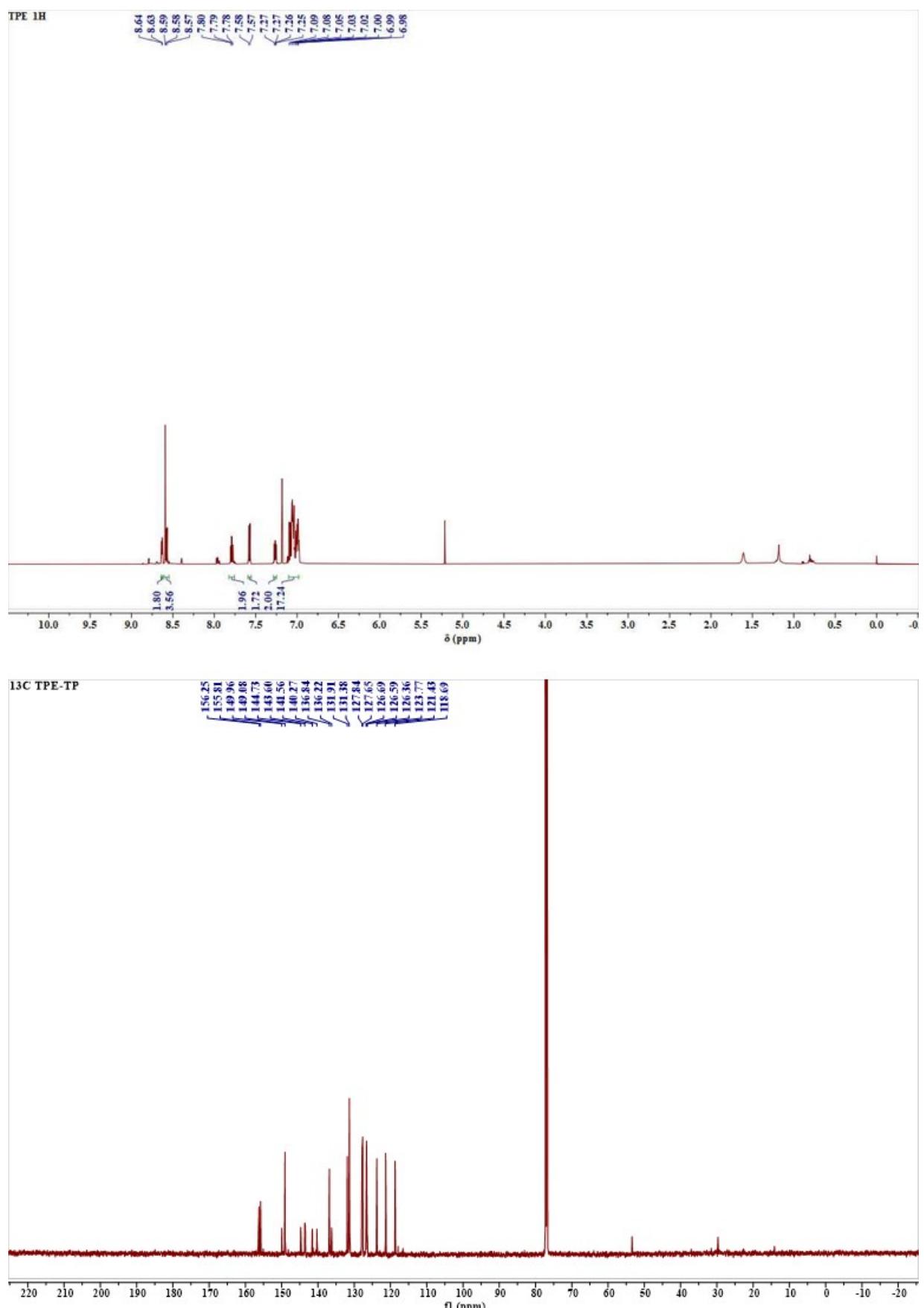


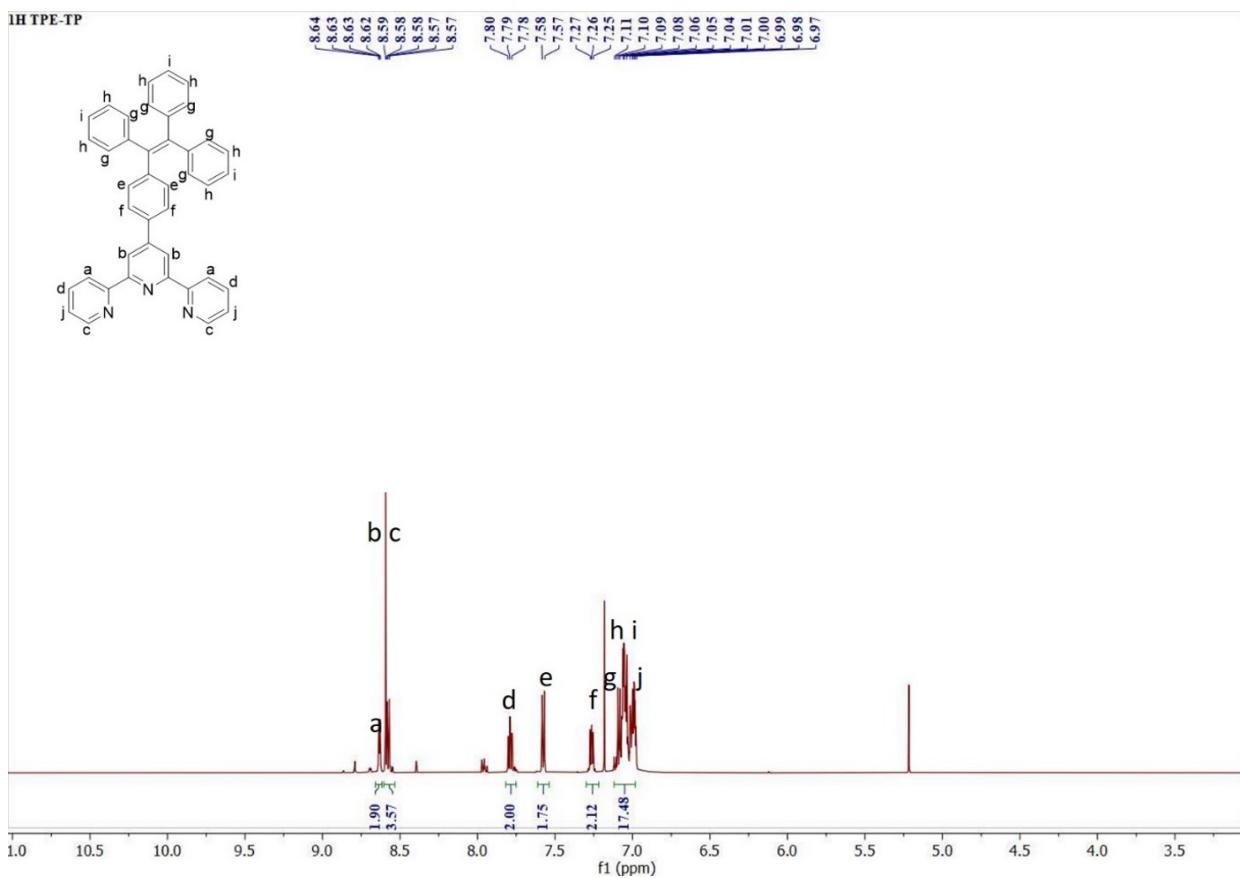
Fig. S7.  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of TPA-TP.



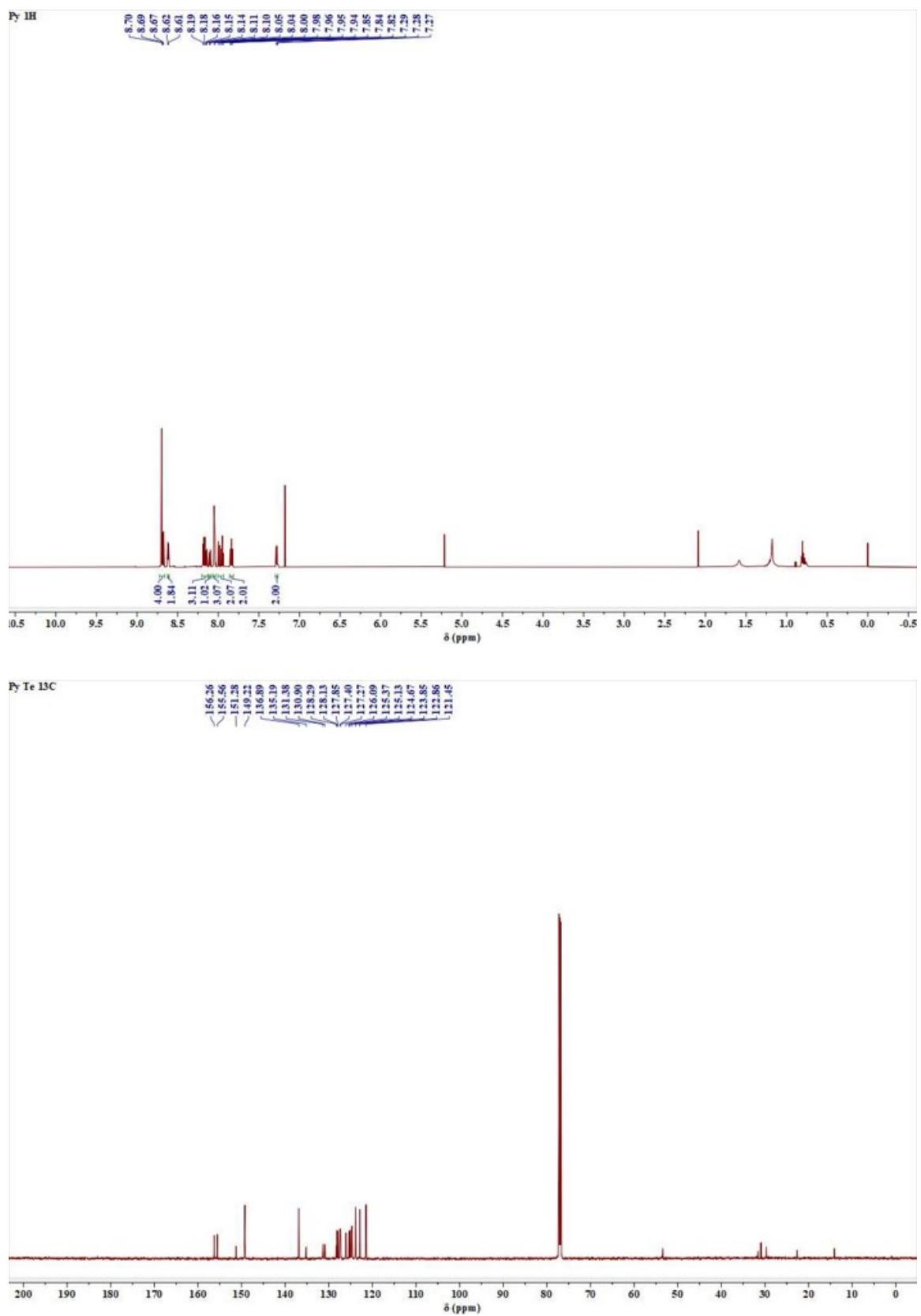
The expanded <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of TPA-TP along with peak assigning.



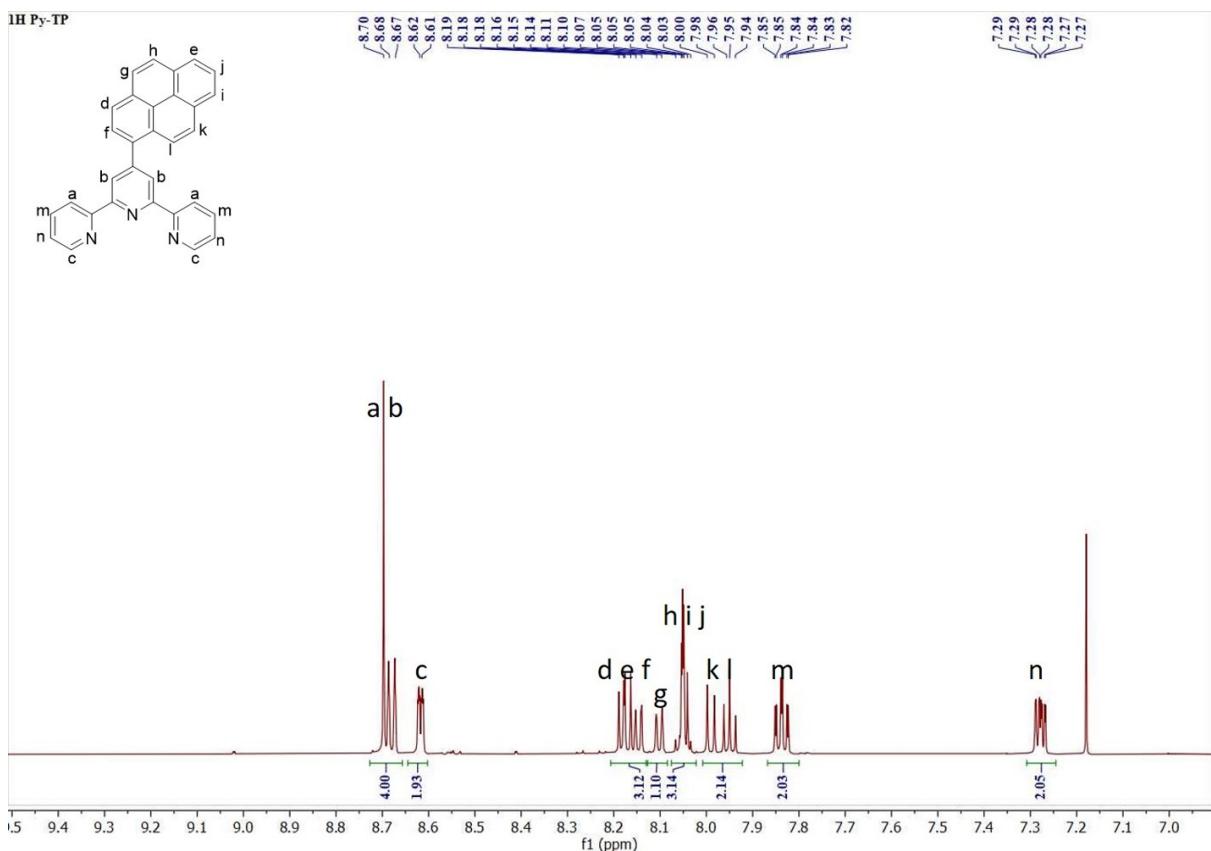
**Fig. S8.**  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of TPE-TP.



The expanded <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of TPE-TP along with peak assigning.

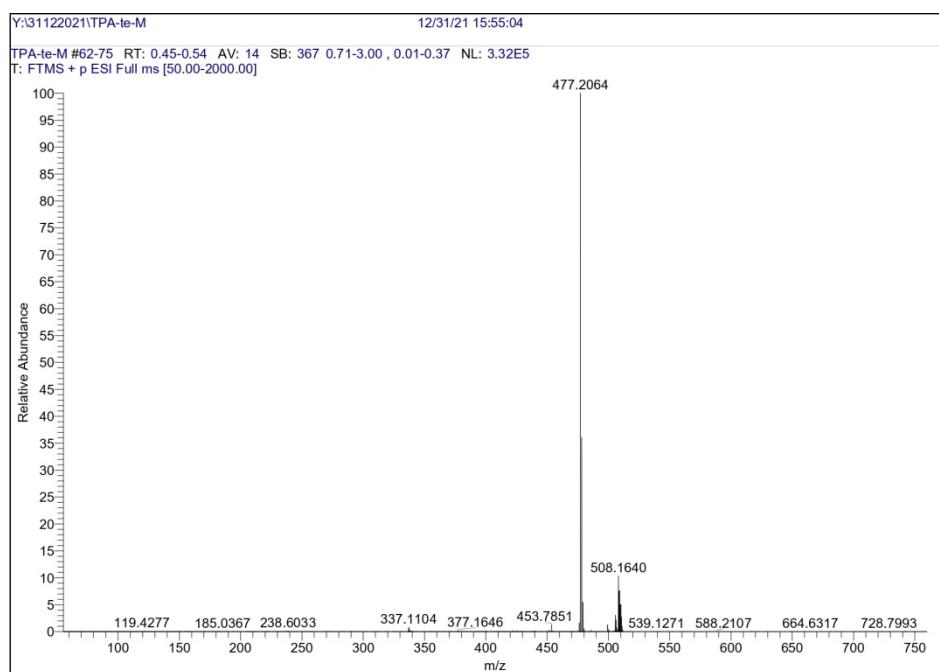


**Fig. S9.**  $^1\text{H}$  &  $^{13}\text{C}$  NMR spectrum of Py-TP

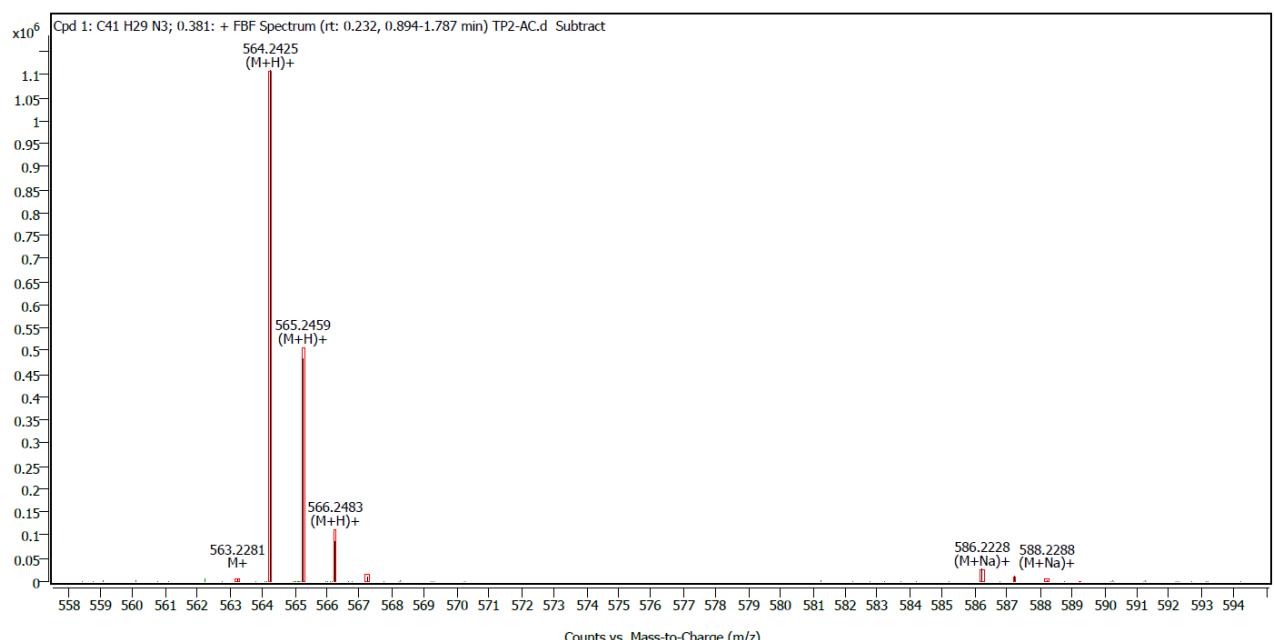


The expanded <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectrum of Py-TP along with peak assigning.

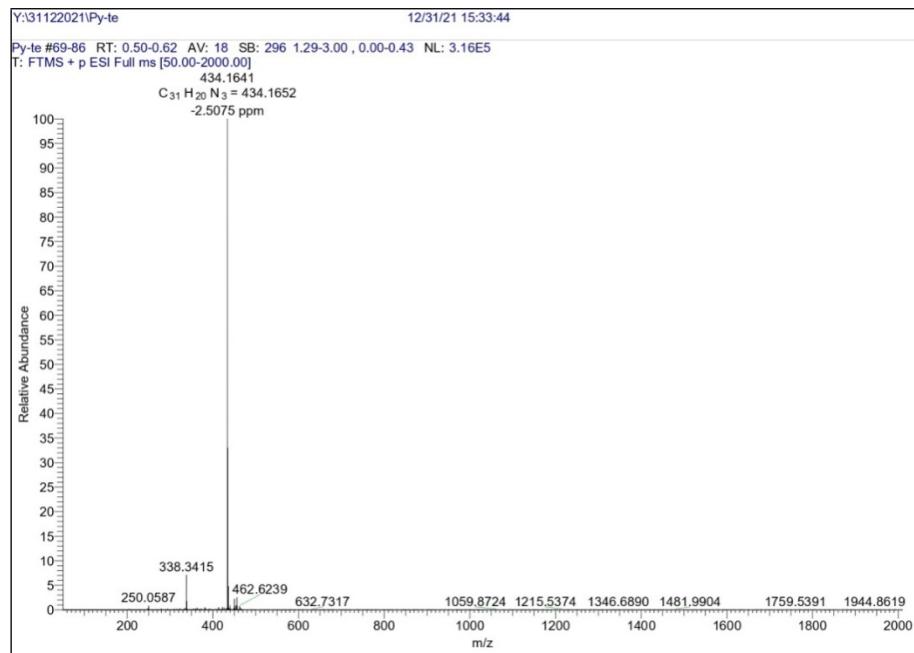
#### 4. Mass analysis



**Fig. S10**Mass spectrum of TPA-TP

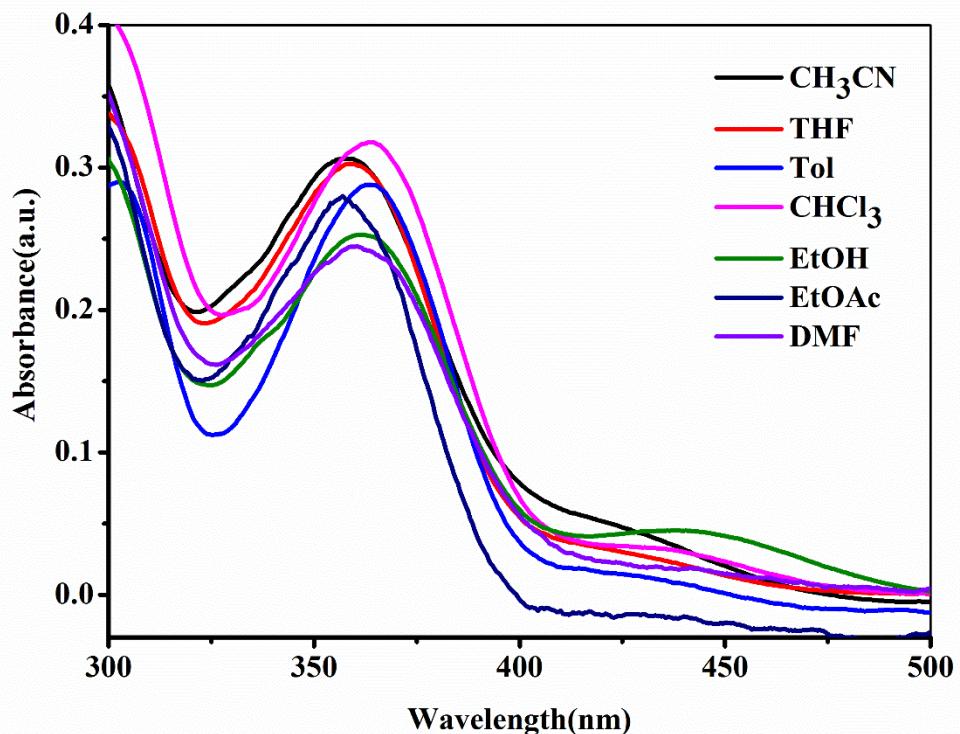


**Fig. S11**Mass spectrum of TPE-TP

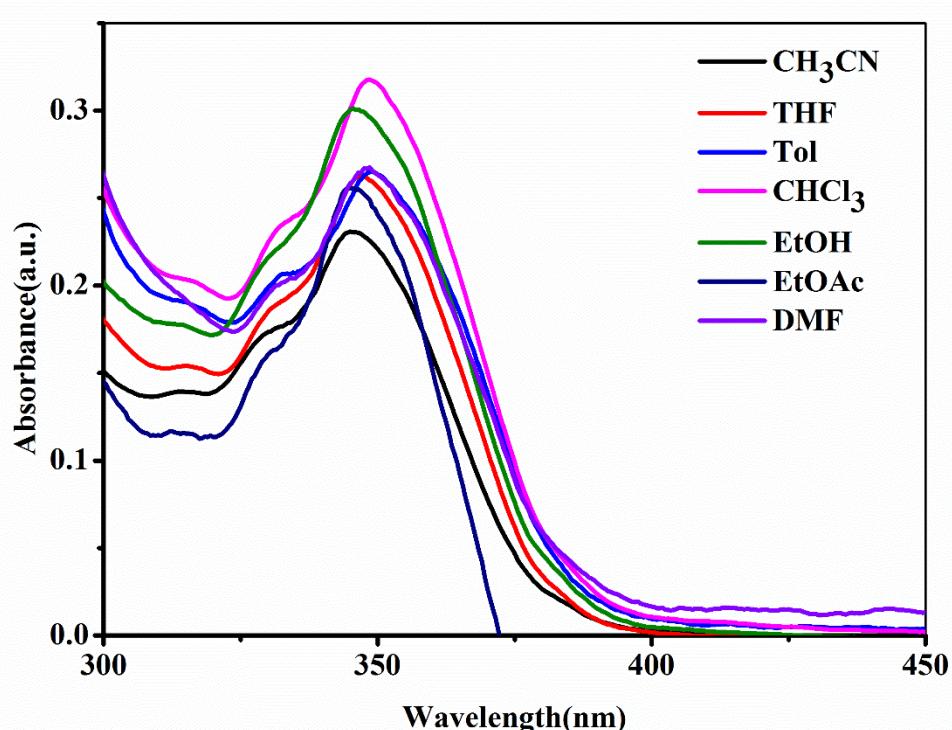


**Fig. S12**Mass spectrum of PY-TP

## 5. Photophysical studies



**Fig. S13**Absorption spectrum of TPA-TP in different solvent



**Fig. S14**Absorption spectrum of Py-TP in different solvent

**Table S1.** The absorbance data for **TPA-TP** in the different solvents

Solvent	Dielectric constant	$\lambda_{\text{max1}}$ (nm)
Toluene	2.39	363
CHCl <sub>3</sub>	4.81	364
EtOAc	6.02	356
THF	7.58	358
EtOH	24.3	361
CH <sub>3</sub> CN	36.5	356
DMF	36.7	359

**Table S2.** The absorbance data for **Py-TP** in the different solvents

Solvent	Dielectric constant	$\lambda_{\text{max}}$ (nm)
Tolune	2.39	348
CHCl <sub>3</sub>	4.81	348
EtOAc	6.02	344
THF	7.58	347
EtOH	24.3	345
CH <sub>3</sub> CN	36.5	345
DMF	36.7	348

**Table S3.** The emission data for **TPA-TP** in the different solvents. Quantum yield is compared to quinine sulphate standard.

Solvent	Dielectric constant	$\lambda_{\text{max}}$ (nm)	Quantum yield
Toluene	2.39	426	0.30
CHCl <sub>3</sub>	4.81	451	0.22
EtOAc	6.02	452	0.30
THF	7.58	451	0.16
EtOH	24.3	491	0.05
CH <sub>3</sub> CN	36.5	489	0.08
DMF	36.7	484	0.18

**Table S4.** The data of emission for the compound **Py-TP** in the different solvents. Quantum yield is compared to quinine sulphate standard.

Solvent	Dielectric constant	$\lambda_{\text{max}1}$ (nm)	Quantum yield
Toluene	2.39	402	0.30
CHCl <sub>3</sub>	4.81	413	0.36
EtOAc	6.02	409	0.34
THF	7.58	409	0.19
EtOH	24.3	430	0.20
CH <sub>3</sub> CN	36.5	420	0.28
DMF	36.7	421	0.24

## 6. Single crystal X-ray crystallography studies

**Table S5.** Crystal data and structure refinement for TPA-TP (CCDC: 2173855)

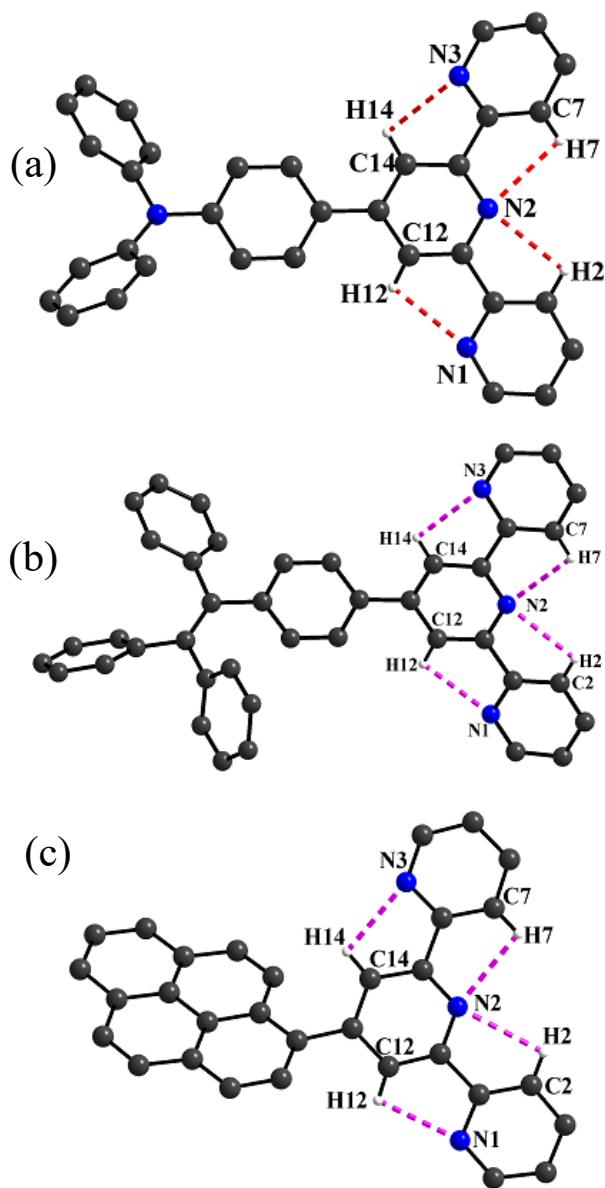
Identification code	SPA698	
Empirical formula	C <sub>33</sub> H <sub>24</sub> N <sub>4</sub>	
Formula weight	476.56	
Temperature	220(2) K	
Wavelength	0.630 Å	
Crystal system	Orthorhombic	
Space group	P2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub> 2 <sub>1</sub>	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 9.1150(18) Å b = 9.1470(18) Å c = 29.340(6) Å	α = 90°. β = 90°. γ = 90°.
Volume	2446.2(8) Å <sup>3</sup>	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.294 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Absorption coefficient	0.061 mm <sup>-1</sup>	
F(000)	1000	
Crystal size	0.041 x 0.021 x 0.008 mm <sup>3</sup>	
Theta range for data collection	2.067 to 24.998°.	
Index ranges	-12<=h<=12, -12<=k<=12, -39<=l<=39	
Reflections collected	22108	
Independent reflections	6030 [R(int) = 0.1143]	
Completeness to theta = 22.210°	98.0 %	
Absorption correction	Empirical	
Max. and min. transmission	1.000 and 0.905	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>	
Data / restraints / parameters	6030 / 0 / 336	
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	0.827	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0507, wR2 = 0.0912	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1215, wR2 = 0.1085	
Absolute structure parameter	0(5)	
Extinction coefficient	0.0165(14)	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.189 and -0.174 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>	

**Table S6.** Crystal data and structure refinement for **TPE-TP** (CCDC: 2173857)

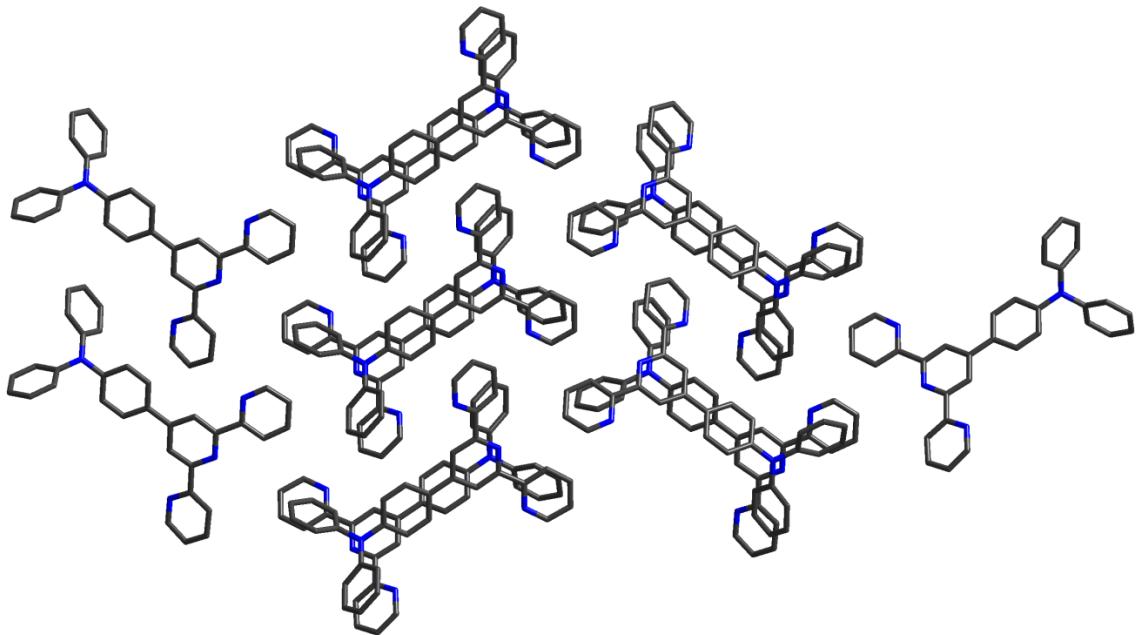
Identification code	SPA681	
Empirical formula	C41 H29 N3	
Formula weight	563.67	
Temperature	220(2) K	
Wavelength	0.630 Å	
Crystal system	Triclinic	
Space group	P-1	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 10.174(2) Å b = 12.366(3) Å c = 12.944(3) Å	α= 100.57(3)°. β= 108.39(3)°. γ= 92.60(3)°.
Volume	1509.8(6) Å <sup>3</sup>	
Z	2	
Density (calculated)	1.240 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Absorption coefficient	0.057 mm <sup>-1</sup>	
F(000)	592	
Crystal size	0.155 x 0.128 x 0.105 mm <sup>3</sup>	
Theta range for data collection	1.494 to 24.999°.	
Index ranges	-13<=h<=13, -16<=k<=16, -17<=l<=17	
Reflections collected	14387	
Independent reflections	7229 [R(int) = 0.0127]	
Completeness to theta = 22.210°	95.7 %	
Absorption correction	Empirical	
Max. and min. transmission	1.000 and 0.946	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>	
Data / restraints / parameters	7229 / 0 / 397	
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.078	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.0495, wR2 = 0.1485	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.0541, wR2 = 0.1526	
Extinction coefficient	n/a	
Largest diff. peak and hole	0.308 and -0.312e.Å <sup>-3</sup>	

**Table S7.** Crystal data and structure refinement for **TPA-TP-PA** (CCDC: 2180021)

Identification code	SPA726	
Empirical formula	C39H27N7O7	
Formula weight	704.66	
Temperature	220(2) K	
Wavelength	0.700 Å	
Crystal system	Monoclinic	
Space group	P2 <sub>1</sub> /c	
Unit cell dimensions	a = 25.421(5) Å b = 7.0150(14) Å c = 19.406(4) Å	a = 90°. b = 96.02(3)°. g = 90°.
Volume	3441.5(12) Å <sup>3</sup>	
Z	4	
Density (calculated)	1.404 Mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Absorption coefficient	0.105 mm <sup>-1</sup>	
F(000)	1504	
Crystal size	0.094 x 0.018 x 0.015 mm <sup>3</sup>	
Theta range for data collection	1.587 to 24.999°.	
Index ranges	-30<=h<=30, -8<=k<=8, -23<=l<=23	
Reflections collected	22724	
Independent reflections	6204 [R(int) = 0.0556]	
Completeness to theta = 24.835°	97.7 %	
Absorption correction	Empirical	
Max. and min. transmission	1.000 and 0.848	
Refinement method	Full-matrix least-squares on F <sup>2</sup>	
Data / restraints / parameters	6204 / 343 / 742	
Goodness-of-fit on F <sup>2</sup>	1.360	
Final R indices [I>2sigma(I)]	R1 = 0.1155, wR2 = 0.3327	
R indices (all data)	R1 = 0.1532, wR2 = 0.3620	
Extinction coefficient	n/a	
Largest diff. peak and hole	1.549 and -0.656 e.Å <sup>-3</sup>	

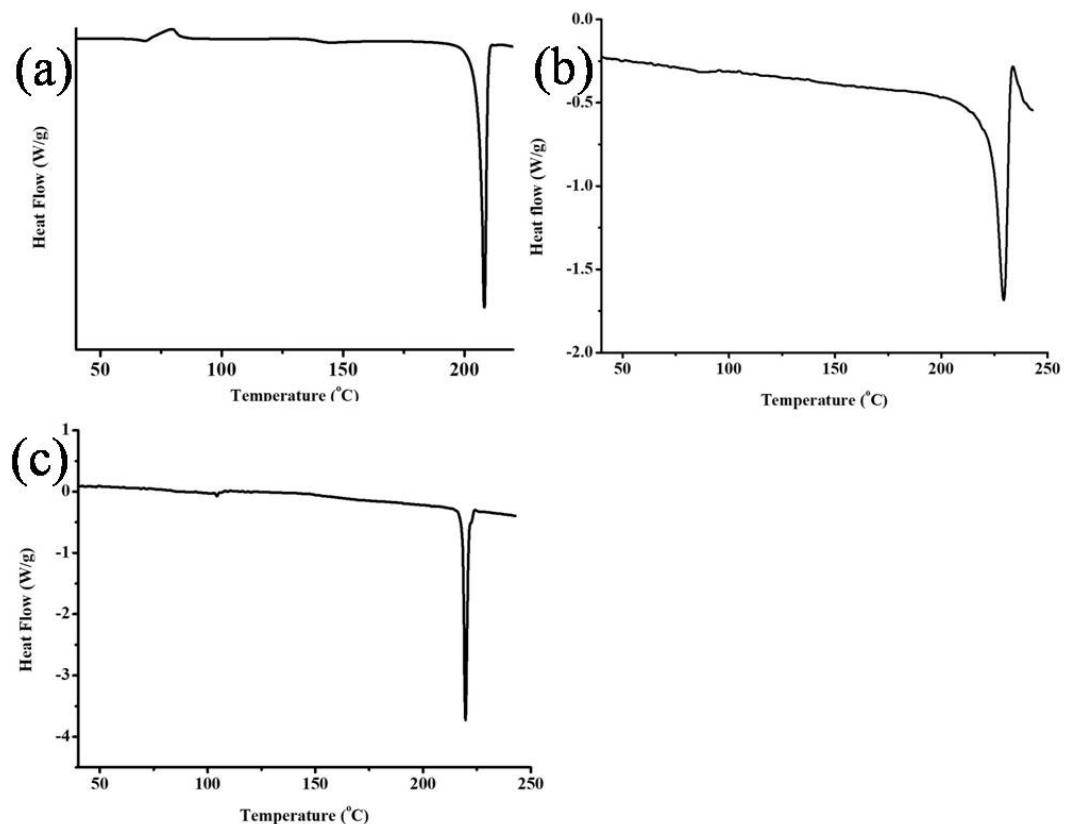


**Fig. S15**C-H $\cdots$ N intramolecular hydrogen bonding interactions in (a) TPA-TP (b) TPE-TP and (c) Py-TP



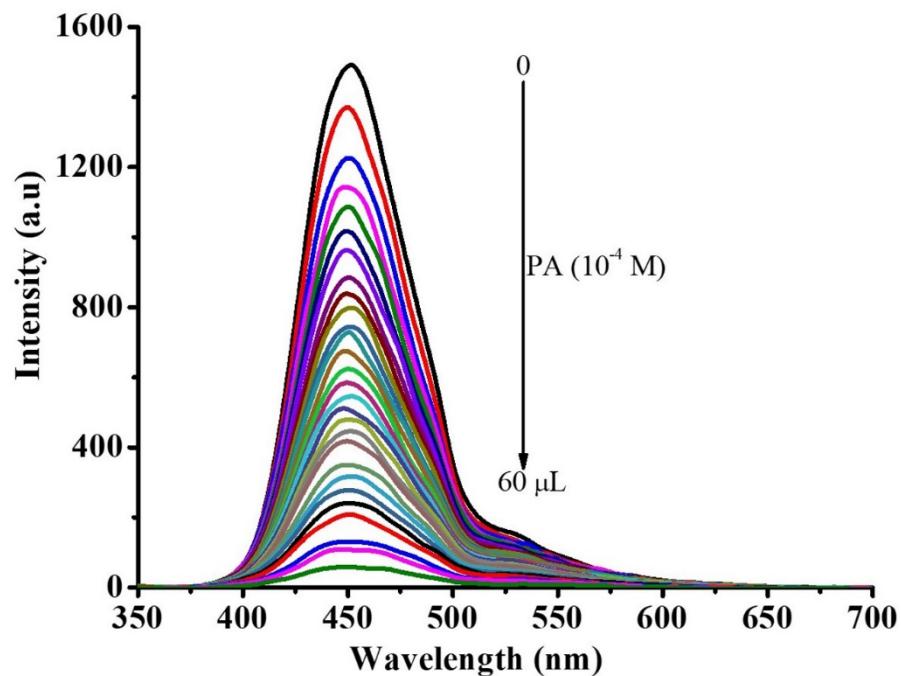
**Fig. S16**Molecular packing of TPA-TP in crystal lattice.

## 7. DSC studies

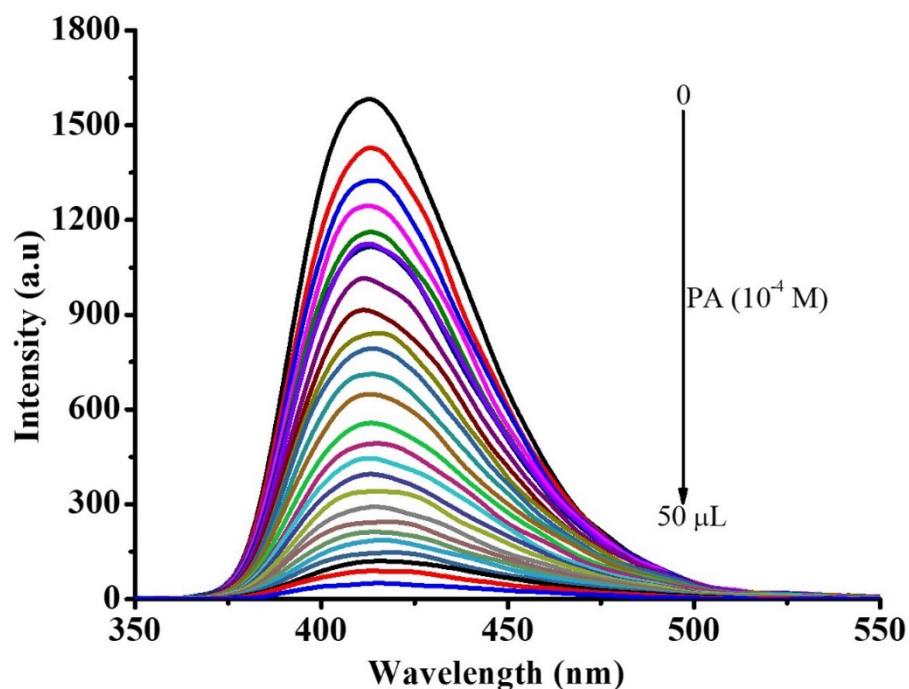


**Fig. S17.** DSC of (a) TPA-TP, (b) TPE-TP and (c) Py-TP.

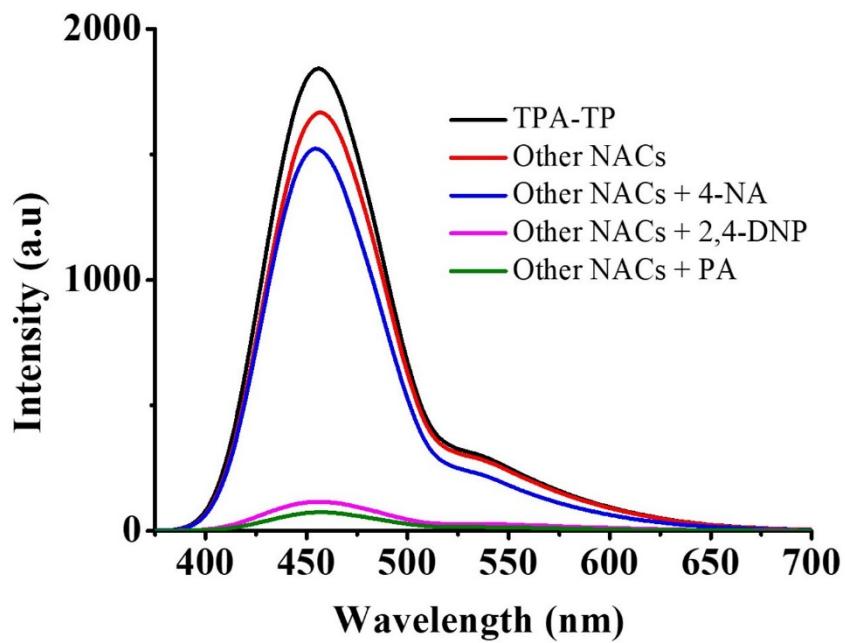
## 7. Fluorescence sensing studies of nitroaromatics



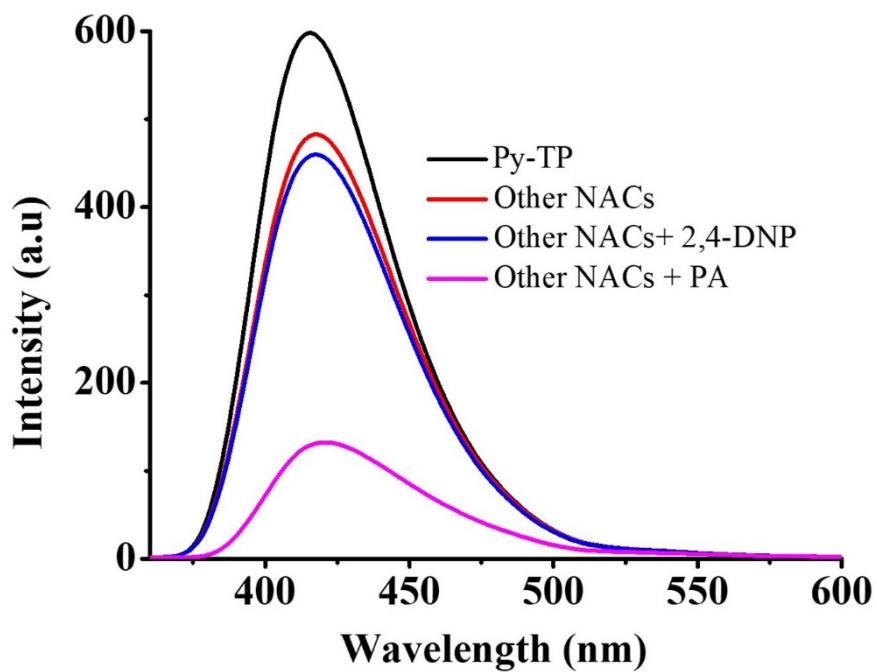
**Fig. S18** Concentration dependent fluorescence quenching of **TPA-TP** by PA. $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 350$  nm.



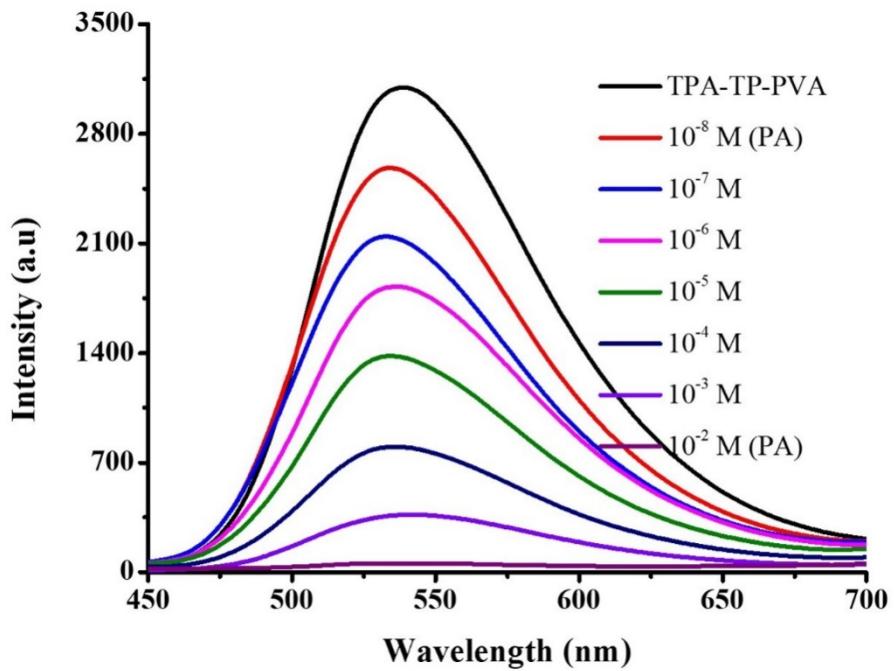
**Fig. S19** Concentration dependent fluorescence quenching of **Py-TP** by PA. $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 350$  nm.



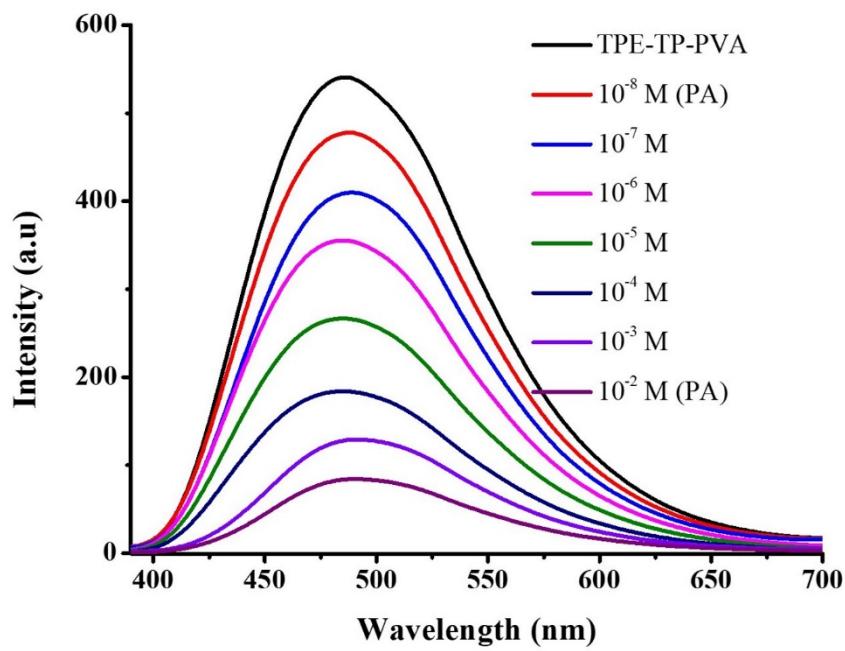
**Fig. S20** Interference studies of TPA-TP probe PA fluorescence sensing in presence of other NACs.  $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 350 \text{ nm}$ .



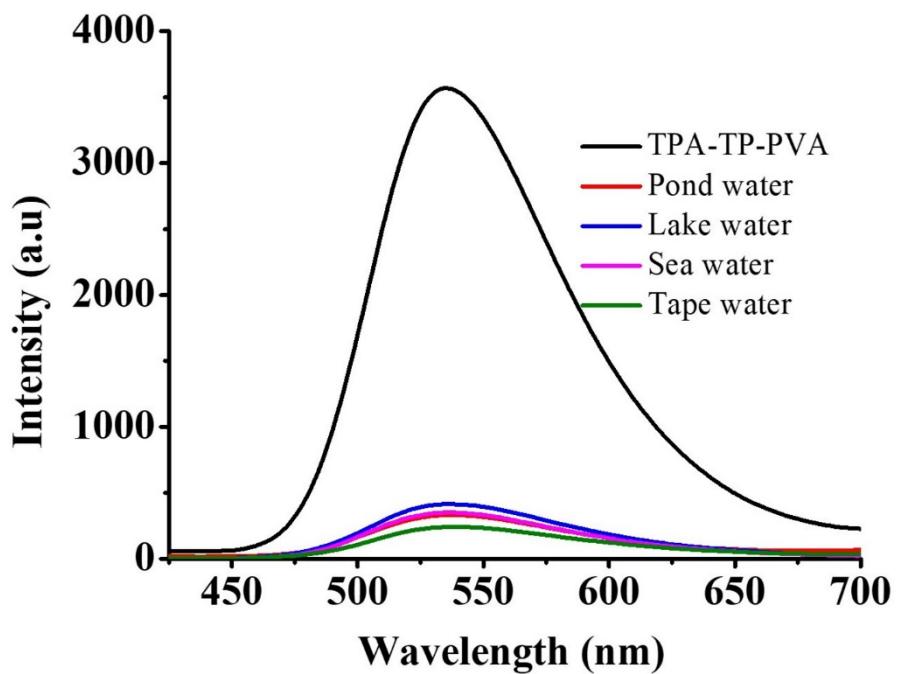
**Fig. S21** Interference studies of Py-TP probe PA fluorescence sensing in presence of other NACs.  $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 350 \text{ nm}$ .



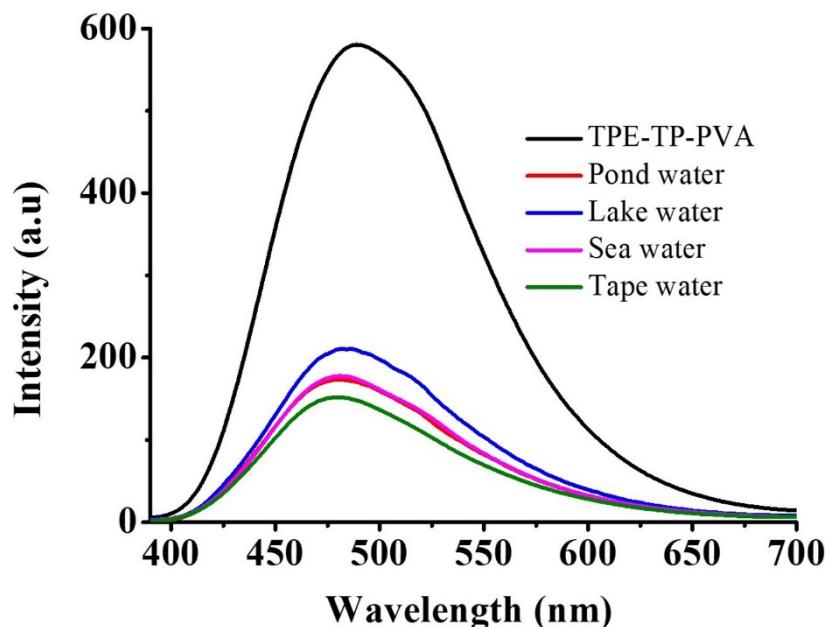
**Fig. S22** Fluorescence quenching of TPA-TP-PVA upon addition of PA.  $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 350$  nm.



**Fig. S23** Fluorescence quenching of TPE-TP-PVA upon addition of PA.  $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 350$  nm.



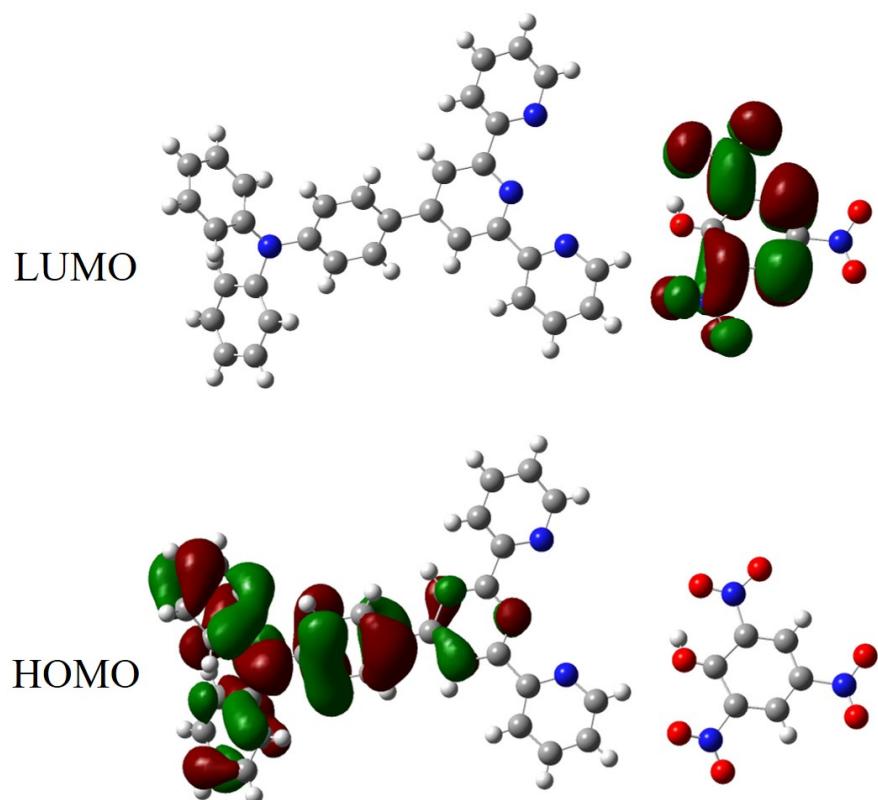
**Fig. S24** Fluorescence sensing of PA dissolved in real water samples using **TPA-TP-PVA** thin films. $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 350 \text{ nm}$ .



**Fig. S25** Fluorescence sensing of PA dissolved in real water samples using **TPE-TP-PVA** thin films. $\lambda_{\text{exc}} = 350 \text{ nm}$ .

**Table S8.** TPA-TP-PVA thin film sensing of PA in real water samples with known concentration.

Sample	Spiked (M)	Detected (M)	Recovery (%)
Sea water	$10^{-3}$	$0.94 \times 10^{-3}$	94%
	$10^{-6}$	$0.97 \times 10^{-6}$	97%
River water	$10^{-3}$	$0.98 \times 10^{-3}$	98%
	$10^{-6}$	$0.96 \times 10^{-6}$	96%
Pond water	$10^{-4}$	$0.99 \times 10^{-4}$	99%
	$10^{-7}$	$0.97 \times 10^{-7}$	97%
Lake water	$10^{-4}$	$0.96 \times 10^{-4}$	96%
	$10^{-7}$	$0.98 \times 10^{-7}$	98%



**Fig. S26** HOMO-LUMO of TPA-TP-PA.