Supplementary Information

Generation of Dual Anion Vacancies on CeO₂/Co₄N interfaces to Facilitate Hydrogen Evolution Reaction in Alkaline Solution

Min Zhou ^a, Tingyan Zou ^a, Zixun Wang ^a, YiFeng Zeng ^a, Muhammad Afsar Khan ^a,

Yuxue Zhou^{a*}, Fei Lu^{a*}, Xianghua Zeng^a

^a College of Physical Science and Technology, Yangzhou University, Yangzhou

225000, China.

*Corresponding authors: yxzhou@yzu.edu.cn (Y. Zhou), feilu@yzu.edu.cn (F. Lu).



Figure S1. Figure S1. SEM images of various $CeO_2/Co(OH)_2$ precursors. (a) current density of 20 mA/ cm² and deposition for 5 min, (b) current density of 20 mA/ cm² and deposition for 10 min, (c) current density of 30 mA/ cm² and deposition for 5 min and (d) current density of 30 mA/ cm² and deposition for 10 min.



Figure S2. (a) TEM and (b)High-resolution TEM image of CeO₂/Co₄N.



Figure S3. Energy dispersive spectroscopy (EDS) result of p-CeO₂/Co₄N.



Figure S4.Schematic diagram of Co₄N anti perovskite type fcc structure.



Figure S5. XPS spectra of p-Co4N-CeO2 after HER catalysis test.



Figure S6. CV curves of (a) Co_4N and (b) CeO_2/Co_4N in the 0.1-0.2 V non-Faraday voltage interval.



Figure S7. (a) The corresponding Tafel slope plots and (b) Electrochemical impedance spectroscopy of the $p-CeO_2/Co_4N$ samples under plasma treatment for 30s,60s and 120s.