Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for New Journal of Chemistry. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry and the Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique 2023

Coexistence Mechanisms of Negative Differential Resistance and Resistive Switching Effects in WO_x Based Memristor

Yucheng Wang^{1a}, Xiaochuan Chen^{1a}, Yueyang Shang¹, Hexin Wang¹, Dingyun Guo¹, Jiawei Zheng¹, Zeyang An², Ruixi Huang¹, Shaoxi Wang^{1*}

¹ School of Microelectronics, Northwestern Polytechnical University, Xi'an,

710072, China

² College of Information and Computer Engineering, Northeast Forestry University,

Harbin, 150040, China

^aThese authors contributed equally to this work.

*Email: shxwang@nwpu.edu.cn



Fig. S1 AFM images of the (a) W; (b) WO_x; (c) Ti films. The RMS of three layers are1.77 nm, 2.21 nm, and 0.743 nm, respectively.

The AFM images of each layer of the $W/WO_x/Ti$ memristor is given in Fig. S1. The root-meansquare (RMS) roughness of W, WO_x , and Ti are 1.77 nm, 2.21 nm, and 0.743 nm, respectively, proving the good uniformity of the memristor.



Fig. S2 (a) Endurance cycles and (b) retention times of the W/WO_x/Ti memristor

Stable RS endurance (2000 cycles) and retention characteristic (10^3 s) are given in Fig. S2, indicating the reliability of the memristor.



Fig. S3 (a) Fitting results (LRS) (b) Local curve fitting (I_{SE} and A (>0) are two parameters related to Schottky emission behaviour) (c)Schottky Emission mechanism of carriers crossing the potential barrier to the metal side under electric field

Fig. S3 shows the results of fitting I-V curves (LRS part of the RESET process), demonstrating the change in the conductive mechanism at different stages.