

## Electronic Supporting Information (ESI)

*p*-*d* Orbital hybrid Ni-Al NC catalyst withstand potential variations in highly selective electro-reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> to CO

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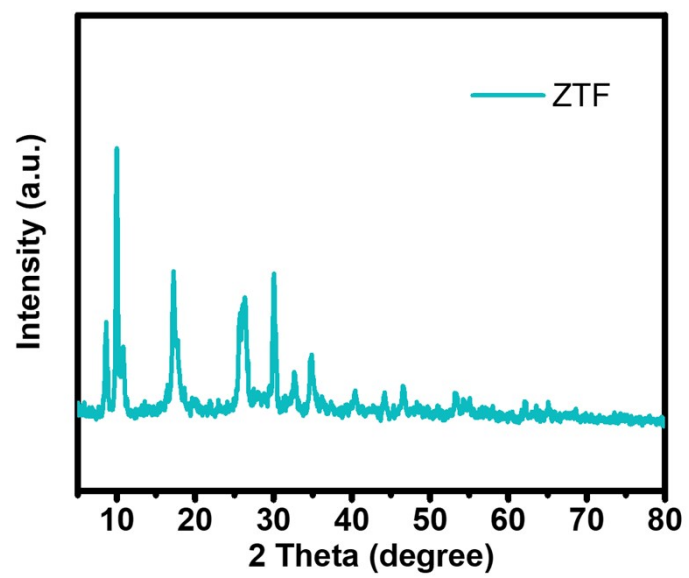
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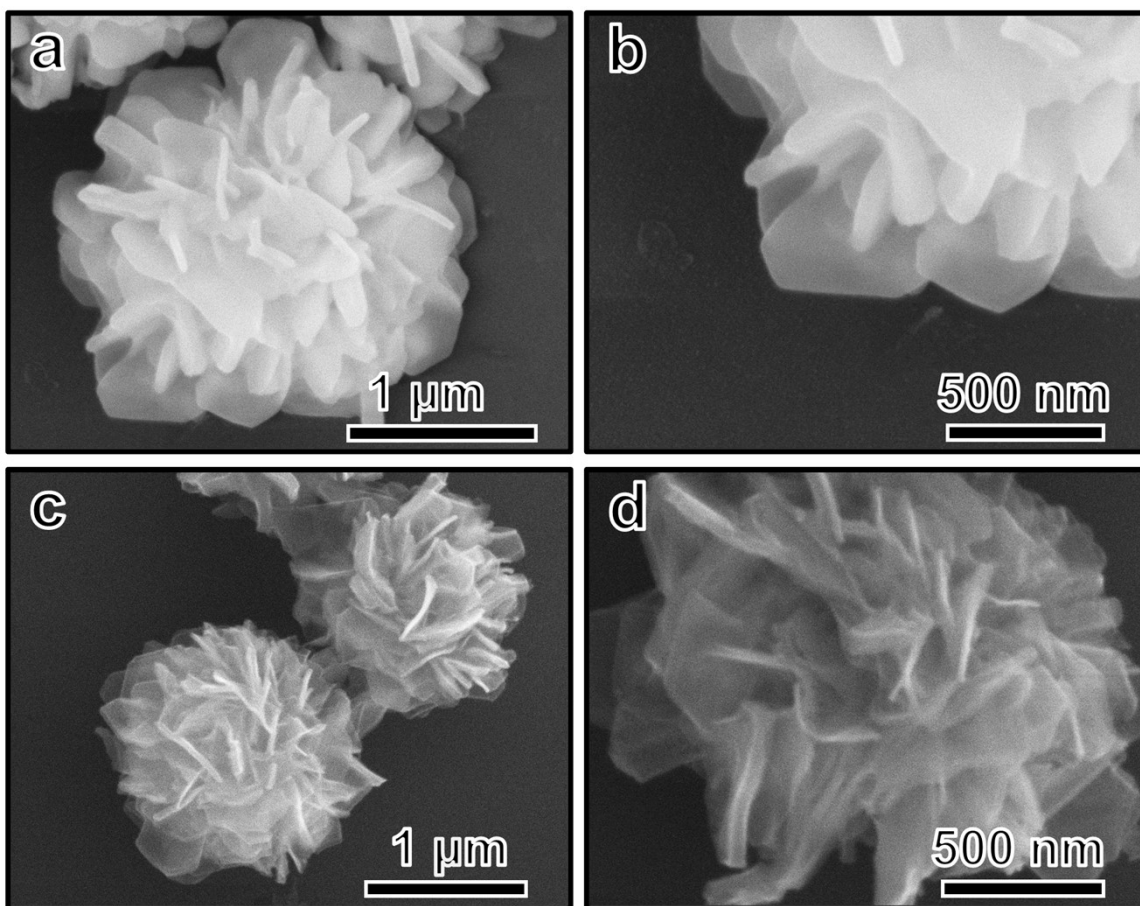
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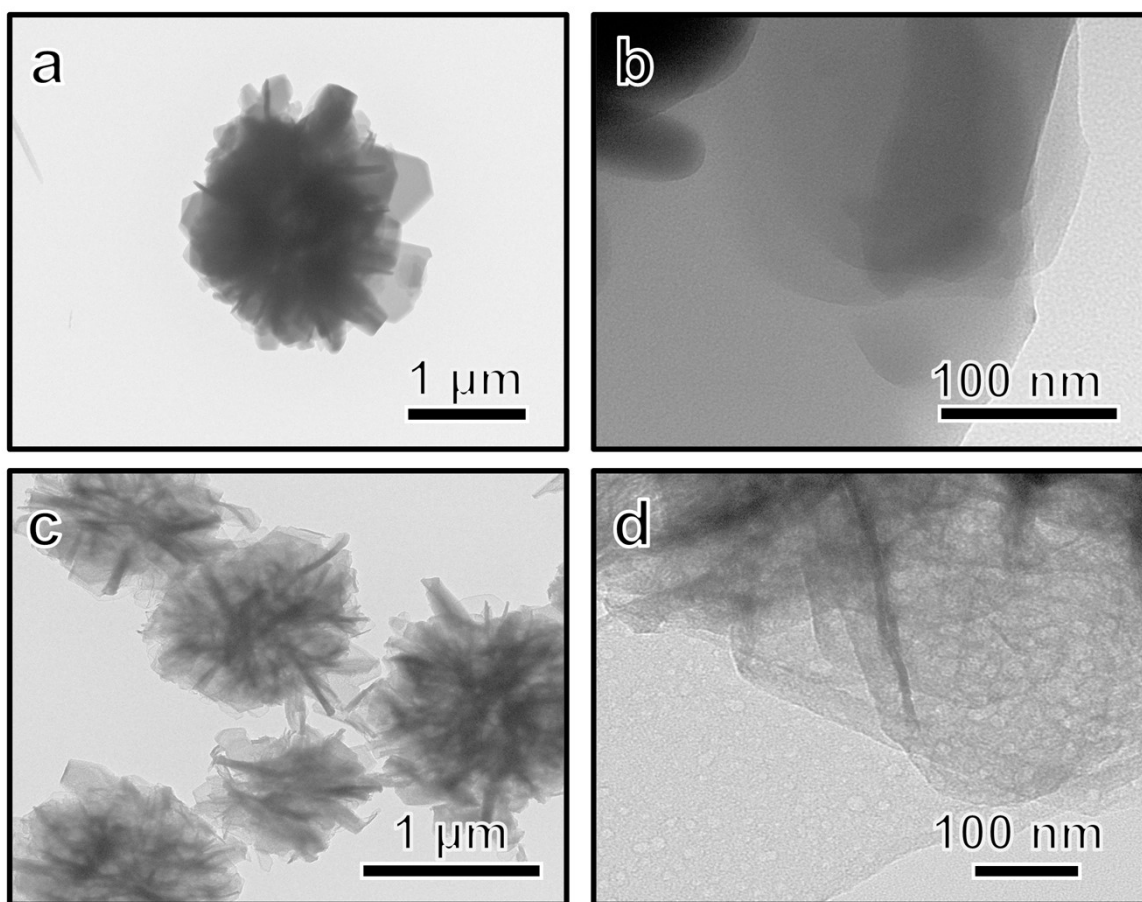
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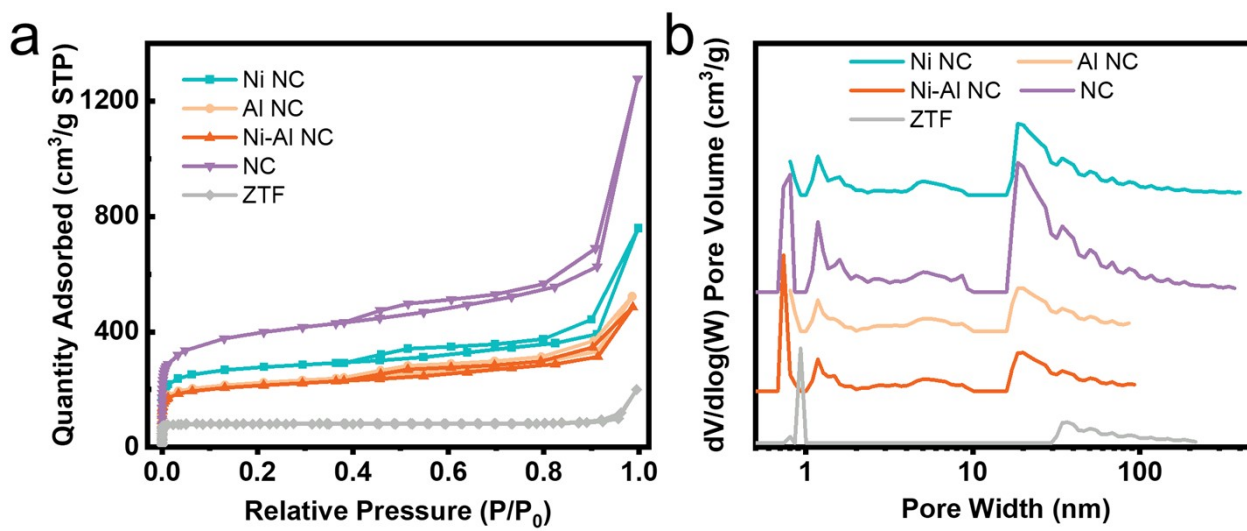
**Figure S1.** XRD pattern of ZTF.



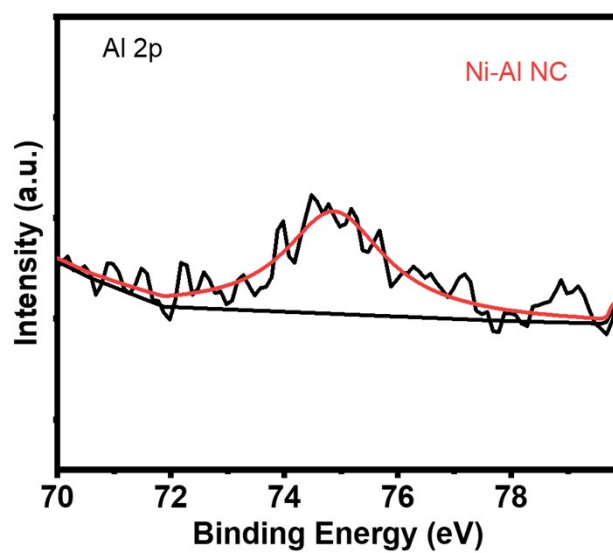
**Figure S2.** SEM images of (a-b) ZTF and (c-d) NC.



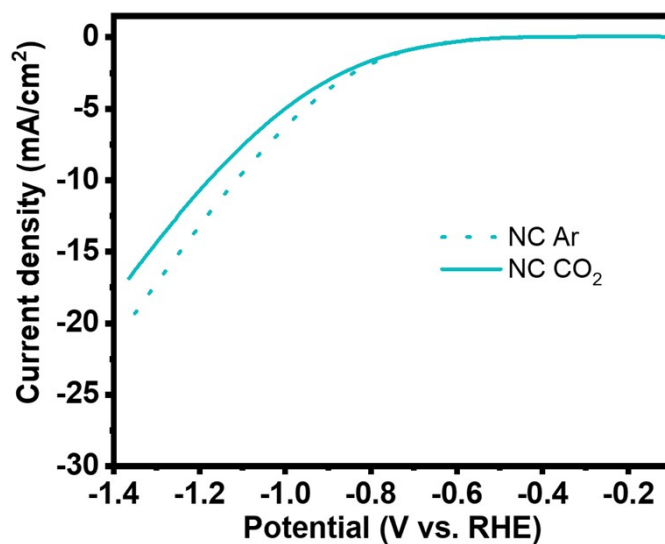
**Figure S3.** TEM images of (a-b) ZTF and (c-d) NC.



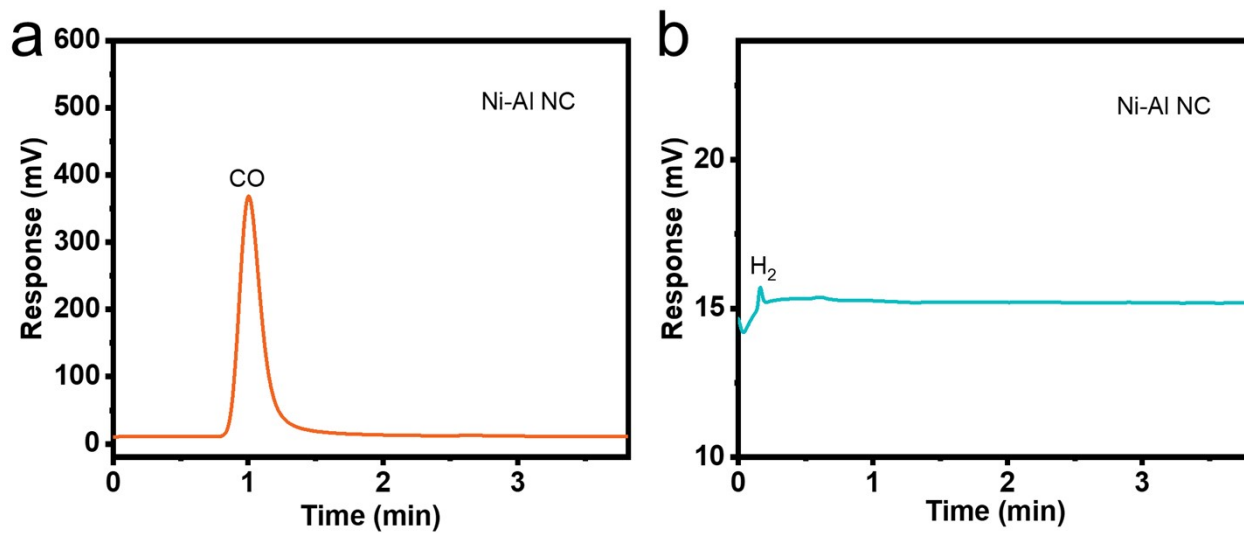
**Figure S4.** (a)  $N_2$  adsorption-desorption isotherms of ZTF, NC, Ni NC, Al NC, and Ni-Al NC; (b) pore structures of ZTF, NC, Ni NC, Al NC, and Ni-Al NC.



**Figure S5.** High-resolution XPS spectrum of the Al 2p of Ni-Al NC.

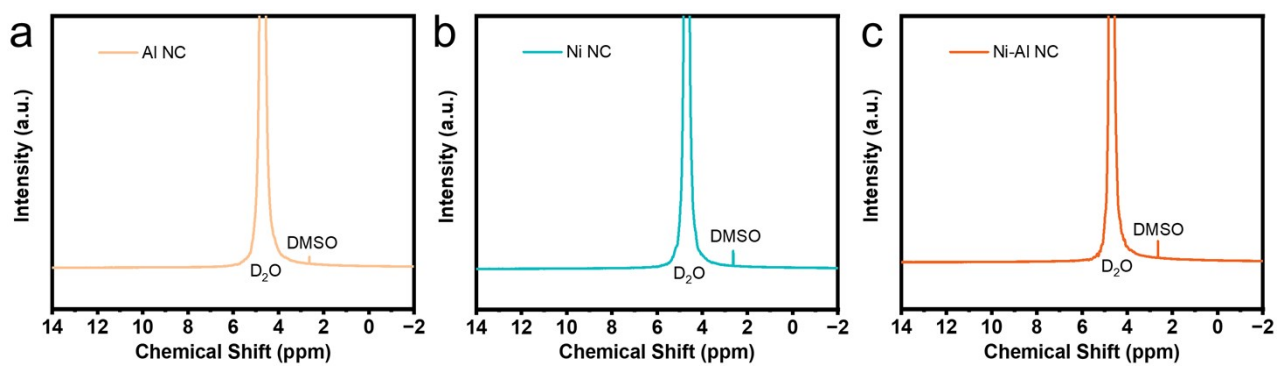


**Figure S6.** The LSV curves of support NC in the Ar-saturated (dotted line) and CO<sub>2</sub>-saturated (solid line) 0.1 M KHCO<sub>3</sub> electrolyte.

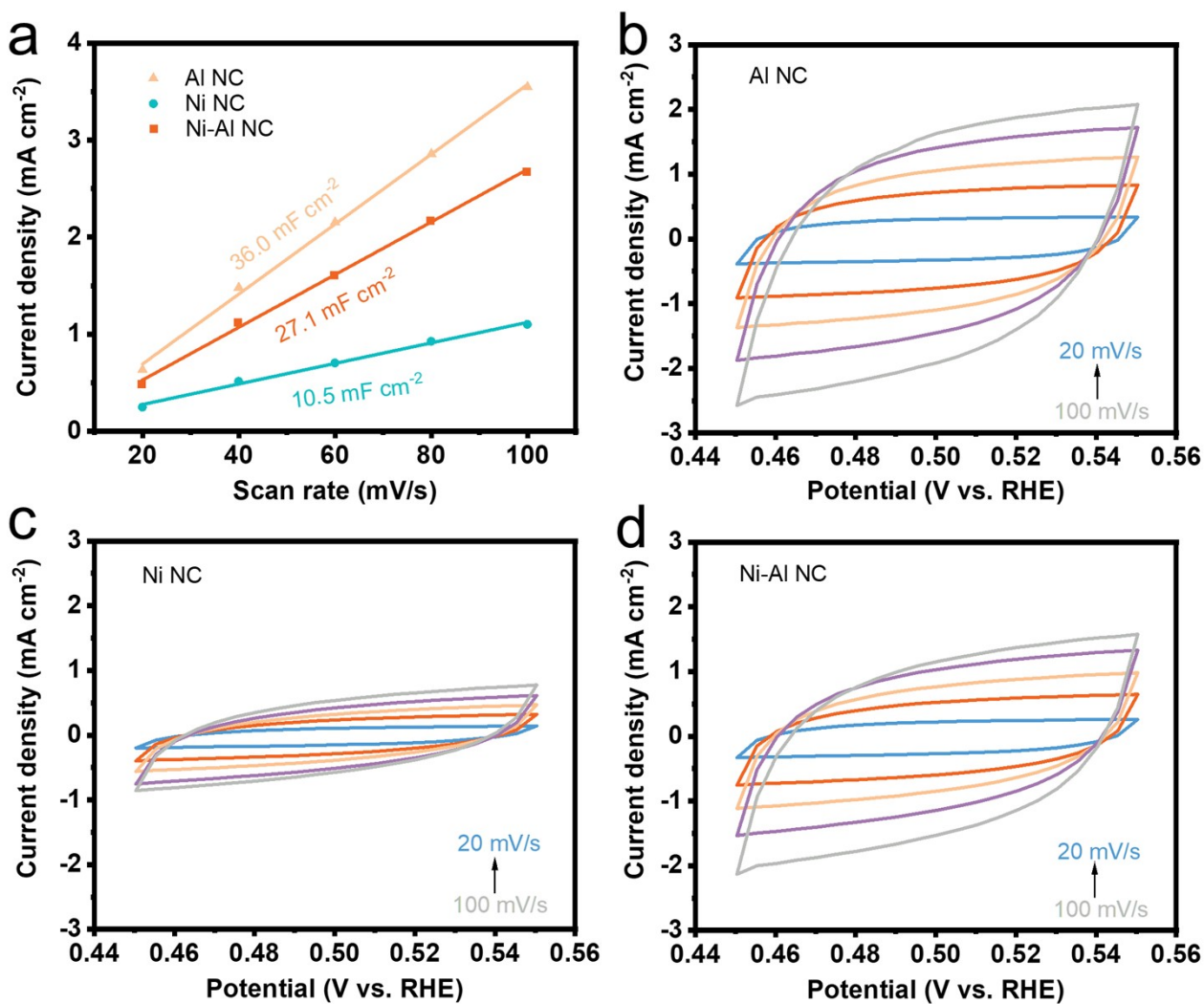


**Figure S7.** Representative spectra of (a) flame ionization detector (FID) and (b) thermal conductivity detector (TCD) taken for the Ni-Al NC at  $-0.7$  V vs. RHE.

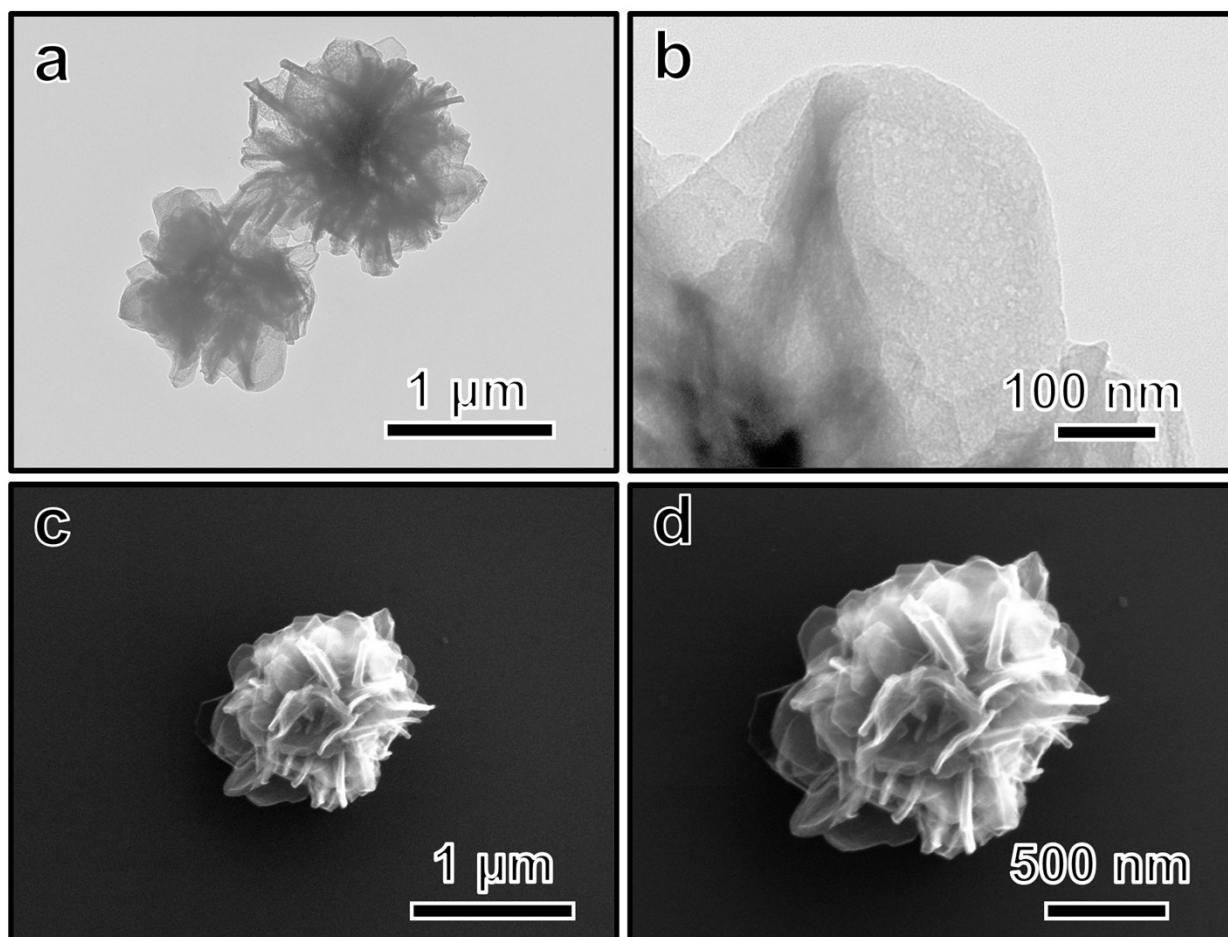




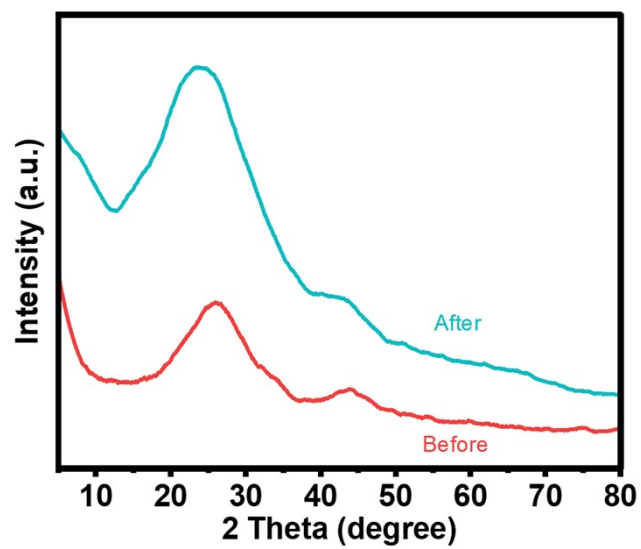
**Figure S8.**  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra of the liquid product obtained over (a) Ni NC, (b) Al NC, and (c) Ni-Al NC after 1 h CO reduction at  $-0.7$  V vs. RHE.



**Figure S9.** (a) Double layer capacitive currents plotted against scan rates performed in CO<sub>2</sub>-saturated 1.0 M KOH solution. Cyclic voltammograms of (b) Al NC, (c) Ni NC, and (d) Ni-Al NC at different scan rates (20, 40, 60, 80, and 100 mV/s).



**Figure S10.** (a, b) TEM and (c, d) SEM images of the used Ni-Al NC.



**Figure S11.** XRD patterns of Ni-Al NC catalyst before and after CO<sub>2</sub>RR.

**Table S1.** BET analysis results of samples.

Catalysts	$S_{\text{BET}}$ (m <sup>2</sup> /g) <sup>a</sup>	$V_{\text{meso}}$ (cm <sup>3</sup> /g) <sup>b</sup>	$V_{\text{micro}}$ (cm <sup>3</sup> /g) <sup>c</sup>
ZTF	251.4	~	0.145
NC	1209.9	0.557	0.365
Al NC	697.7	0.552	0.236
Ni NC	877.3	0.353	0.311
Ni-Al NC	669.3	0.503	0.226

<sup>a</sup>:  $S_{\text{BET}}$  is BET specific surface area.

<sup>b</sup>:  $V_{\text{meso}}$  is the specific mesopore volume calculated from desorption isotherm by the BJH method.

<sup>c</sup>:  $V_{\text{micro}}$  is the specific micropore volume calculated by the *t*-plot method.

**Table S2.** Comparison between Ni-Al NC and other reported catalysts for CO<sub>2</sub>RR.

Catalysts	Electrolyte	FE <sub>CO</sub> /%	The potential of FE <sub>CO</sub> above 90% (vs. RHE)	j <sub>CO</sub> (mA cm <sup>-2</sup> )	The potential range of CO (mV)	Ref.
<b>Ni-Al NC</b>	<b>0.1 M KHCO<sub>3</sub></b>	<b>98</b>	<b>- 0.7 to - 1.0</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>300</b>	<b>This work</b>
Zn-N-G-800	0.5 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	90.8	- 0.5	4	~	1
Zn <sub>94</sub> Cu <sub>6</sub>	0.5 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	90	- 0.8 to - 0.95	9 <sup>a</sup>	150	2
[Au <sub>22</sub> H <sub>3</sub> ] <sup>3+</sup>	0.5 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	92.7	- 0.6	5.4 <sup>a</sup>	~	3
Ni NC@900	0.1 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	96	- 0.8 to - 1.0	16.2 <sup>b</sup>	200	4
2-C16 Ag foil	~	97	- 0.8	~	~	5
NC@Ni/C-180	0.5 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	97	- 0.7 to - 1.1	4.5 <sup>a</sup>	400	6
3D-h Cu-Sn	0.1 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	98.6	- 0.25 to - 0.6	0.5 <sup>a</sup>	350	7
C-Bi <sub>3</sub> Pd <sub>97</sub> -SAA	0.5 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	91.5	- 0.4 to - 0.5	0.6 <sup>b</sup>	100	8
Pd <sub>2</sub> DAC	0.5 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	98.2	- 0.7 to - 0.85	6.76	150	9
Ni-N/NPCNSs	0.1 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	90.7	- 0.74	3.8 <sup>b</sup>	~	10
FeN <sub>4</sub> Cl/NC-7.5	0.5 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	90.5	- 0.6	9.78	~	11
Ga-N <sub>3</sub> S-PC	0.5 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	92	- 0.2 to - 0.3	18 <sup>a</sup>	100	12
Cu-S <sub>1</sub> N <sub>3</sub> /Cu <sub>x</sub>	0.1 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	100	- 0.55 to - 0.75	4 <sup>b</sup>	200	13
Fe-N/P-C	0.5 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	98	- 0.4 to - 0.7	2 <sup>b</sup>	300	14
O-Fe-N-C	0.5 M NaHCO <sub>3</sub>	95	- 0.45 to - 0.5	4.2 <sup>b</sup>	50	15
Ag- ZnO/Ti <sub>3</sub> C <sub>2</sub> T <sub>x</sub>	0.5 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	98	- 0.87	22.59	~	16
V-CuInSe <sub>2</sub>	0.5 M KHCO <sub>3</sub>	91	- 0.7	8.5 <sup>b</sup>	~	17

a This value is not mentioned in the article but is calculated from the current density and Faradaic efficiency.

b This value is not mentioned in the article but is derived from the graphical results.

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