

Supporting Information

Bromination of organic spacer impacts on the structural arrangement, phase transitions, optical and electrical properties of hybrid halide compound: $[(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{N}(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{Br}]_2\text{PdBr}_4$

Mohamed Saadi^a, Imen dakhlaoui^a, Fadhel Hajlaoui^b, Nidhal Drissi^c, Mustapha Zighrioui^d, Fethi Jomni^a, Nathalie Audebrand^e, Marie Cordier^e, Karoui Karim^{f,d,*}

^aUniversité de Tunis El Manar, Laboratoire LMOP, LR99ES17, El Manar, 2092 Tunis, Tunisia.

^bLaboratoire Physico-chimie de l'Etat Solide, Département de Chimie, Faculté des Sciences de Sfax, Université de Sfax, B.P. 1171, 3000 Sfax, Tunisia

^cDepartment of Physics, Faculty of Science, King Khalid University, P.O. Box 9004, Abha 61413, Saudi Arabia

^dGREMAN UMR, 7347-CNRS, CEA, INSACVL, Université de Tours, Blois, France

^eUniv Rennes, CNRS, INSA Rennes, ISCR (Institut des Sciences Chimiques de Rennes) - UMR 6226, F-35000 Rennes, France

^fLaboratoire des Caractérisations Spectroscopiques et Optique des Matériaux, Faculté des Sciences de Sfax, Université de Sfax, B.P. 1171, 3000 Sfax, Tunisia.

**Corresponding Authors' E-mail: karouikarim36@yahoo.com*

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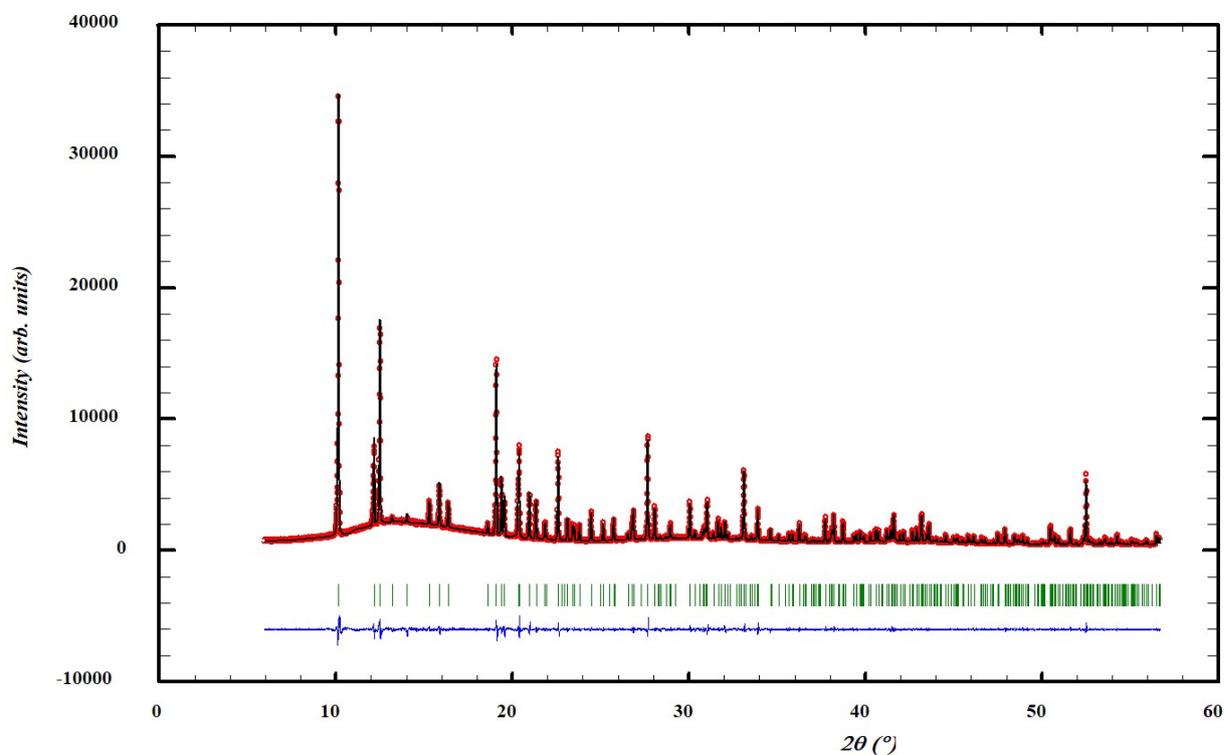


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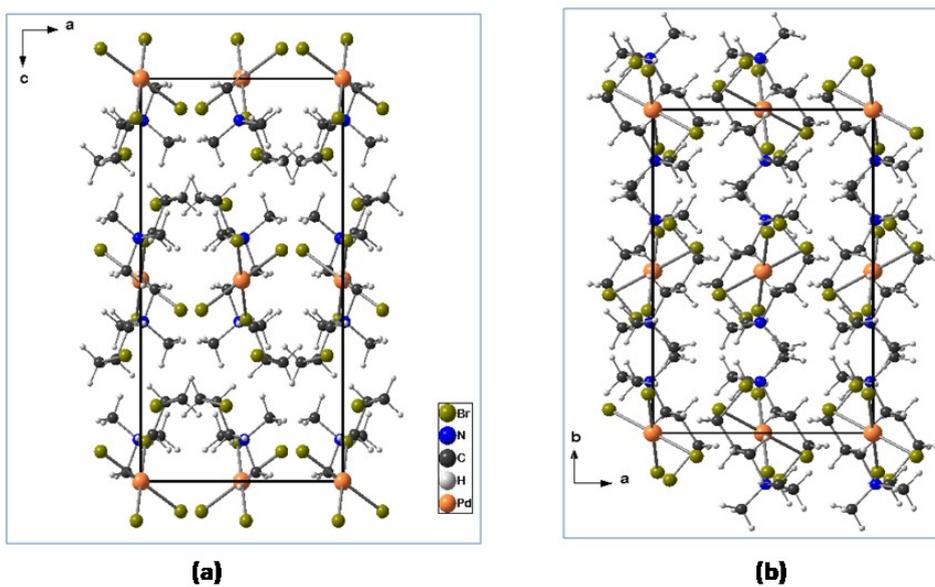


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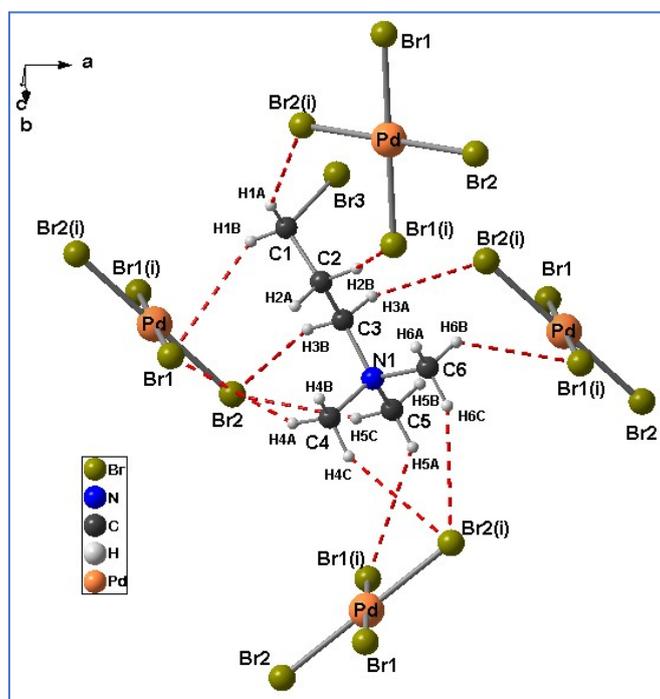


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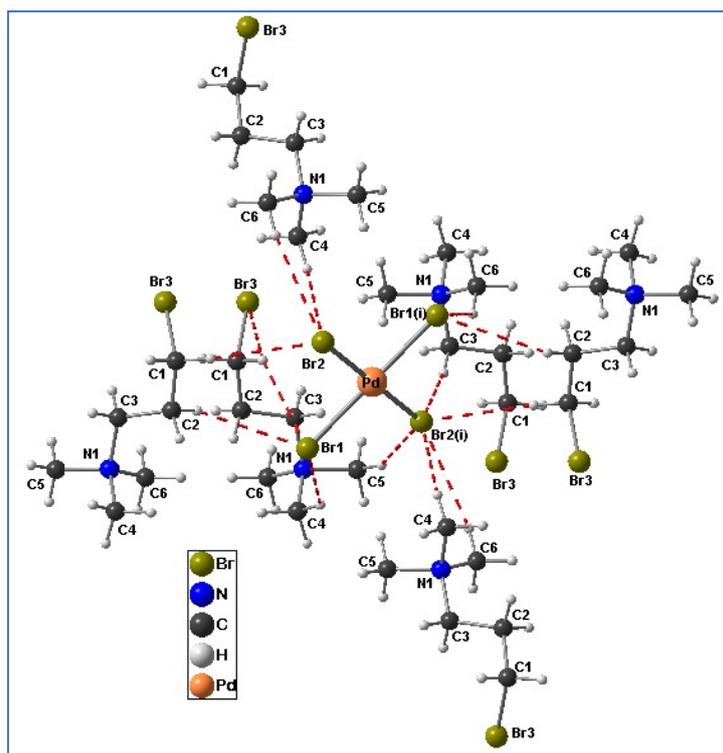


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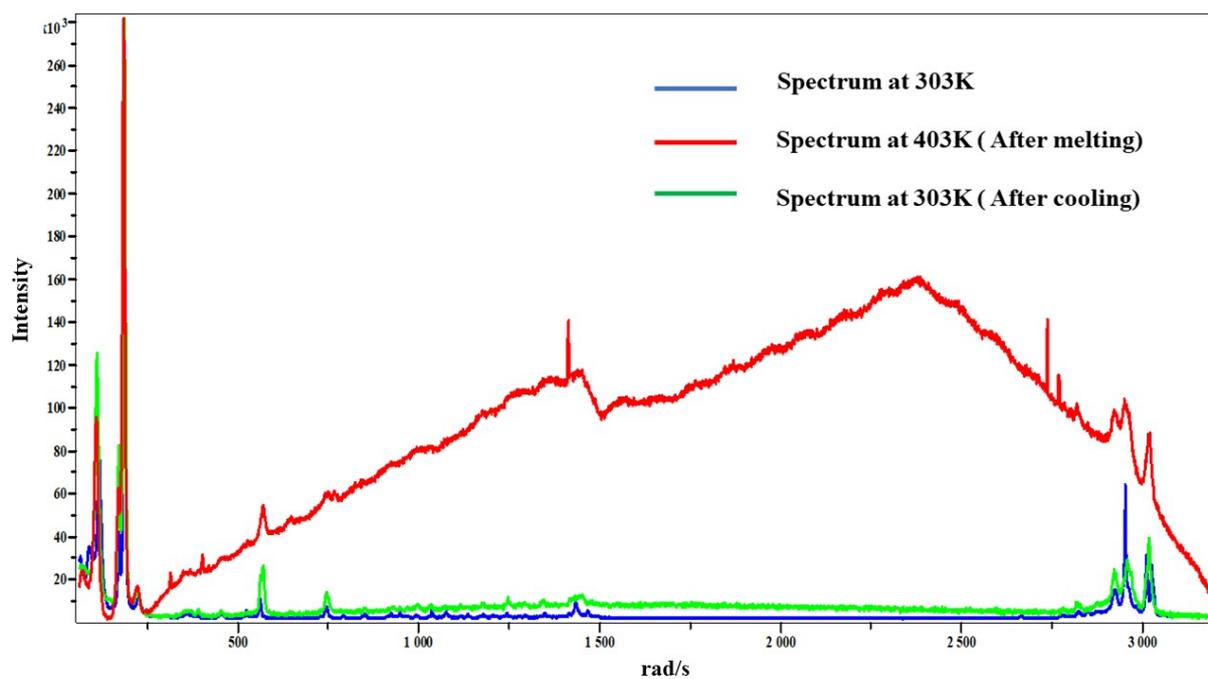


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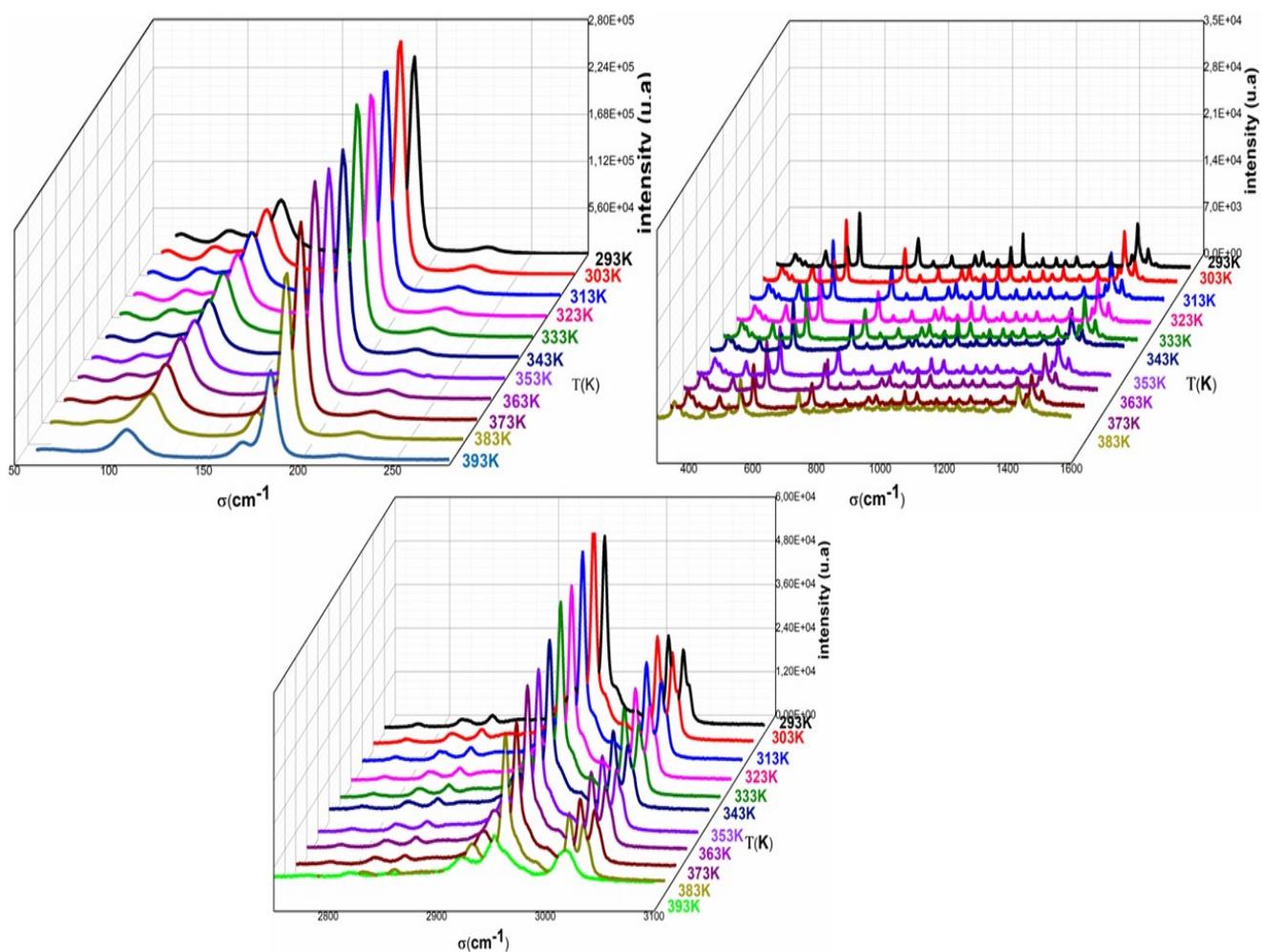


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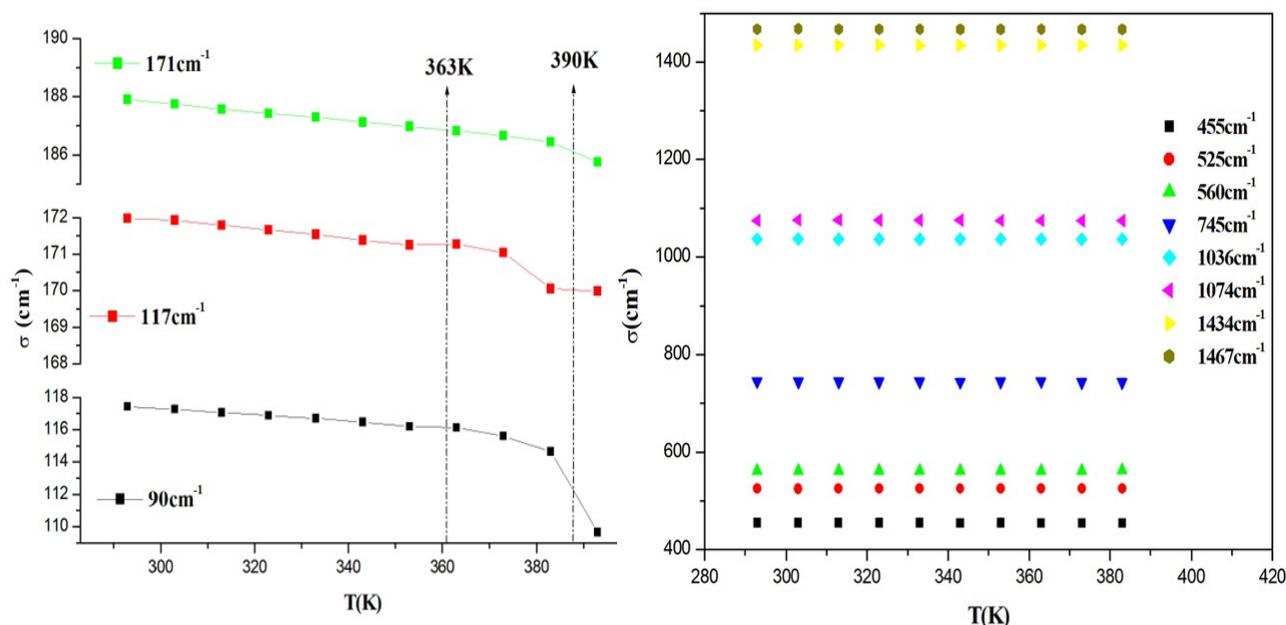


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Table S1. Selected bond distances (Å) and angles (°) for $[(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{N}(\text{CH}_2)_3\text{Br}]_2\text{PdBr}_4$.

Pd1—Br1	2.4358 (4)	C6—N1—C5	108.1 (3)
Pd1—Br1 ⁽ⁱ⁾	2.4358 (4)	C6—N1—C4	109.5 (3)
Pd1—Br2	2.4415 (4)	C5—N1—C4	109.0 (3)
Pd1—Br2 ⁽ⁱ⁾	2.4415 (4)	C6—N1—C3	111.4 (3)
Br1 ⁽ⁱ⁾ —Pd1—Br1	180.0	C5—N1—C3	107.4 (3)
Br1 ⁽ⁱ⁾ —Pd1—Br2 ⁽ⁱ⁾	89.806 (15)	C4—N1—C3	111.2 (3)
Br1—Pd1—Br2 ⁽ⁱ⁾	90.194 (15)	C2—C1—Br3	111.7 (3)
Br1 ⁽ⁱ⁾ —Pd1—Br2	90.195 (15)	C1—C2—C3	111.7 (3)
Br1—Pd1—Br2	89.805 (15)	C2—C3—N1	114.3 (3)
Br2 ⁽ⁱ⁾ —Pd1—Br2	180.0	Br3—C1—C2—C3	62.4 (4)
Br3—C1	1.963 (4)	C1—C2—C3—N1	174.1 (3)
N1—C6	1.489 (5)	C6—N1—C3—C2	60.9 (4)
N1—C5	1.491 (5)	C5—N1—C3—C2	179.1 (3)
N1—C4	1.494 (5)	C4—N1—C3—C2	61.6 (4)
N1—C3	1.520 (4)		
C1—C2	1.508 (5)		
C2—C3	1.517 (5)		

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+2, -y, -z$.

Table S2. Hydrogen-bonding geometry (Å, °) for [(CH₃)₃N(CH₂)₃Br]₂PdBr₄.

<i>D—H···A</i>	<i>D—H</i>	<i>H···A</i>	<i>D···A</i>	<i>D—H···A</i>
C1—H1A···Br2 ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾	0.99	2.99	3.849 (4)	146
C1—H1B···Br1	0.99	3.12	3.841 (4)	131
C2—H2B···Br1 ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾	0.99	3.08	3.897 (4)	140
C3—H3A···Br2 ^(iv)	0.99	2.95	3.899 (4)	160
C3—H3B···Br2	0.99	3.02	3.962 (4)	159
C4—H4A···Br1	0.98	3.10	3.844 (4)	134
C4—H4C···Br2 ^(v)	0.98	3.00	3.914 (4)	157
C5—H5A···Br1 ^(v)	0.98	3.13	3.819 (4)	129
C5—H5C···Br2	0.98	3.06	3.976 (4)	156
C6—H6B···Br1 ^(vi)	0.98	2.97	3.705 (4)	133
C6—H6C···Br2 ^(v)	0.98	3.07	3.979 (4)	154

Symmetry codes:(ii) $-x+3/2, -y, z+1/2$; (iii) $x-1/2, y, -z+1/2$; (iv) $-x+1, -y, -z$; (v) $x-1/2, -y+1/2, -z$; (vi) $x-1, y, z$