Electronic Supplementary Material (ESI) for New Journal of Chemistry. This journal is © The Royal Society of Chemistry and the Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique 2024

Preparation of amino-modified biochar supported sulfide nanoscale zero-valent iron composite and its efficient removal of U(VI) from wastewater by adsorption and reduction

Yunkai Sun, *a,b,c Na Yin, b Cheng Liu, b Yi Ding, a,c and Pengfei Yang *b

a. School of Chemical Engineering and Materials, Changzhou Institute of Technology, Changzhou, 213032, China.

b. School of Chemistry and Chemical Engineering, Institution, University of South China, Hengyang, 421001, China.

c. Industrial college of carbon fiber and new materials, Changzhou Institute of Technology, Changzhou, 213032, China.



Figure S1. SEM images of SnZVI-BC-NH₂ with C: Fe mass ratios of 1: 1 (g), 1: 2 (h), and 1: 3 (i), and SEM image of SnZVI-BC with a C: Fe mass ratio of 1: 2 (j).



Figure S2. XPS spectra of SnZVI-BC-NH₂ before and after adsorption of U(VI)(a), high-resolution XPS spectra of U 4f(b), Fe 2p (c), S 2p(d), N 1s(e), O 1s(f), and C 1s(g). FT-IR spectra of SnZVI-BC-NH₂ before and after adsorption of U(VI) (h).



Figure S3. Change of pH during the U(VI) removal process by SnZVI-BC-NH₂ (pH = 6, T = 298 K, V = 50 mL, $C_0(U) = 20 \text{ mg} \cdot \text{L}^{-1}$).