

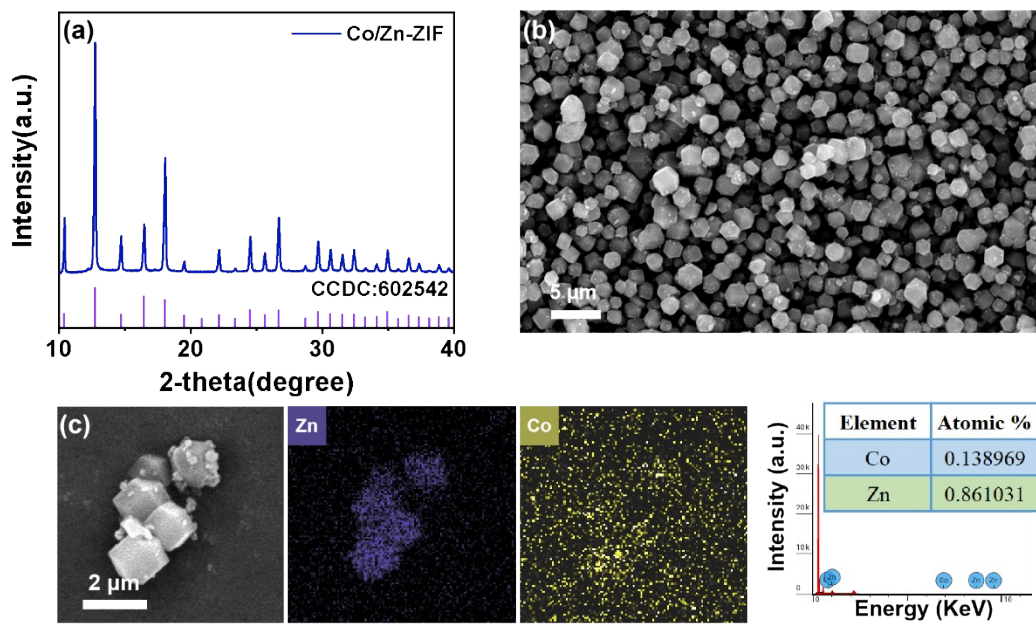
## Supporting Information

### **Cobalt-Doped Hollow ZnS Polyhedrons@Porous Carbon Shell Composite Anode for High-Rate Sodium-Ion Batteries**

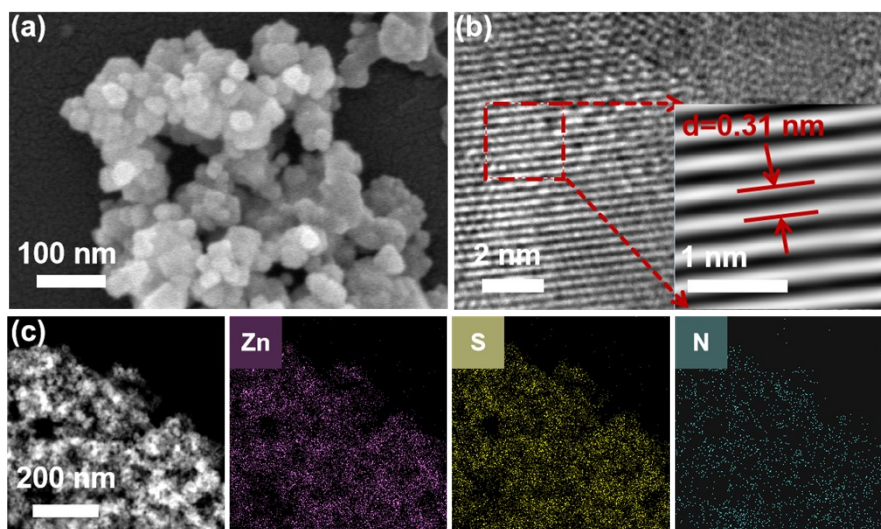
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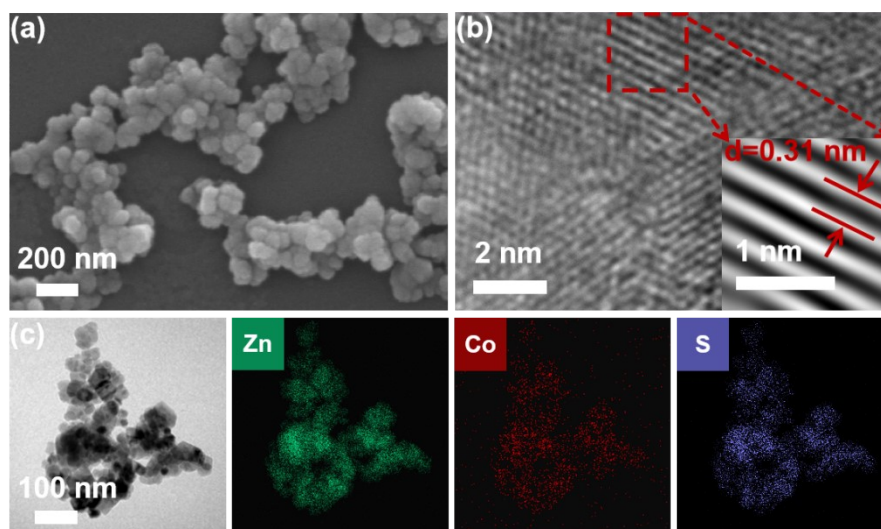
International Joint Research Laboratory of New Energy Materials and Devices of  
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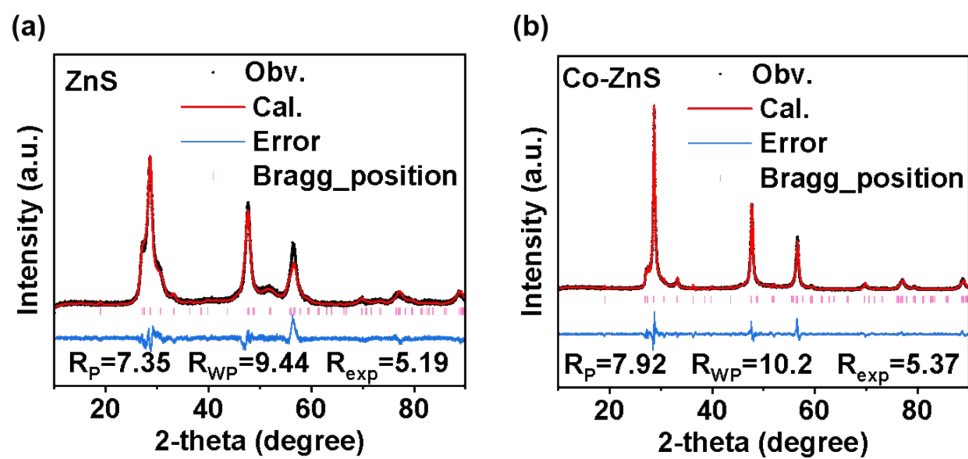
**Fig. S1** (a) XRD pattern, (b) SEM, and (c) Elemental mappings of Co/Zn-ZIF.



**Fig. S2** (a) SEM image, (b) HRTEM image, and (c) Elemental mappings of ZnS.



**Fig. S3** (a) SEM image, (b) HRTEM image, and (c) Elemental mappings of Co-ZnS.



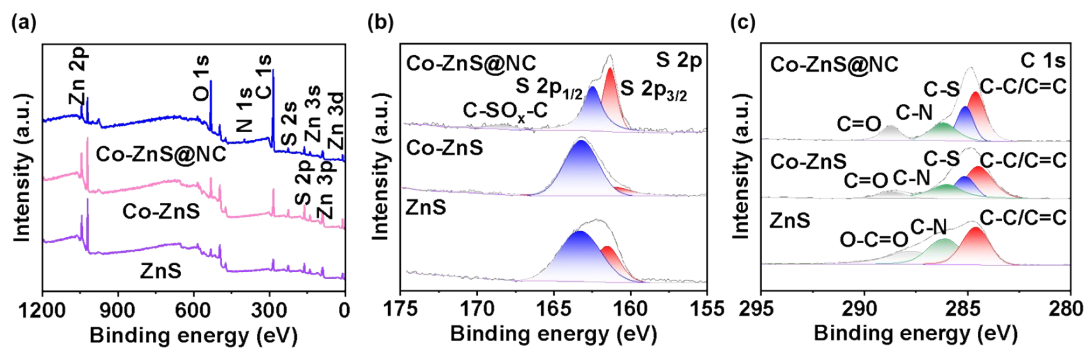
**Fig. S4** Rietveld refined XRD patterns of (a) ZnS and (b) Co-ZnS.

### **Details calculation of TGA.**

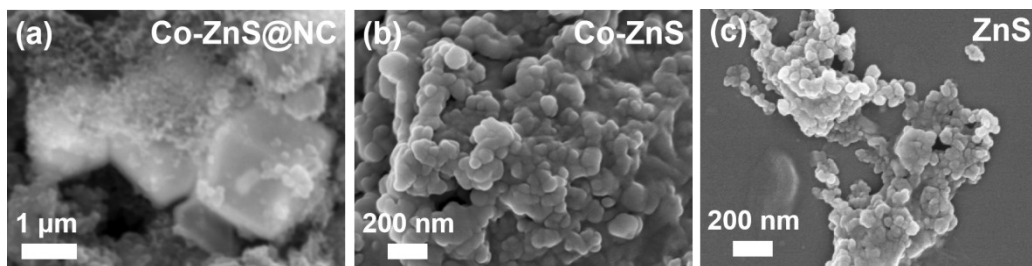
Since ZnS is fully converted to ZnO, the amount of ZnS is calculated according to the following formula:

$$ZnS/(wt\%) = \frac{M_{ZnS}}{M_{ZnO}} \times \frac{W_{ZnO}}{W_{Composite}(at\ 500^{\circ}C)} \times 100$$

Specifically,  $W_{ZnO}$  is the final weight of zinc oxide,  $W_{composite}$  is the total weight of the composite material (at 500°C), and  $M_{ZnS}$  and  $M_{ZnO}$  are the molecular weight of zinc sulfide and zinc oxide, respectively.

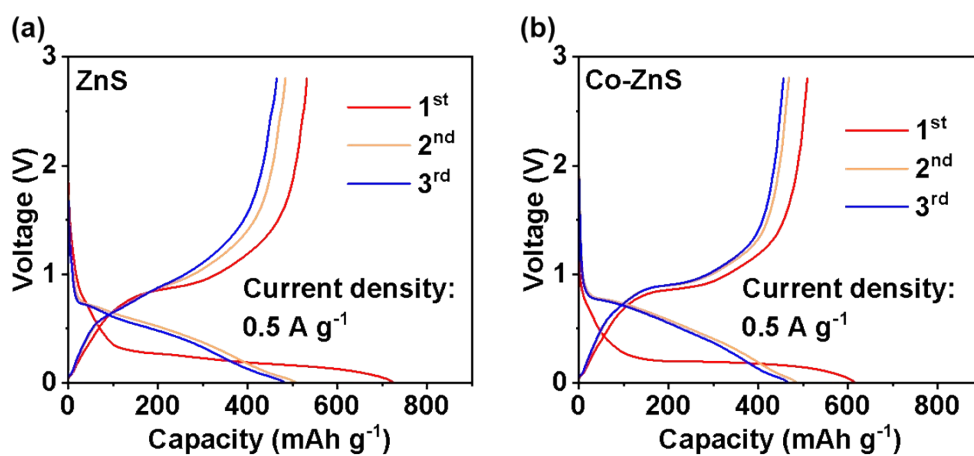


**Fig. S5** XPS tests of (a) survey spectra, (b) S 2p, and (c) C 1s of three samples.

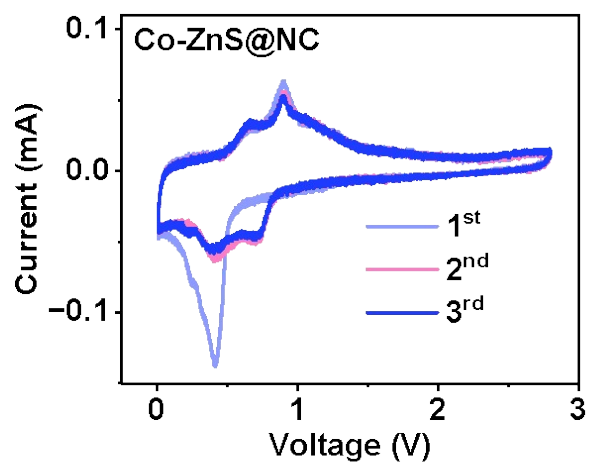


**Fig. S6** SEM images of (a) Co-ZnS@NC, (b) Co-ZnS, and (c) ZnS after 100 cycles at a current density of 0.5 A g<sup>-1</sup>.

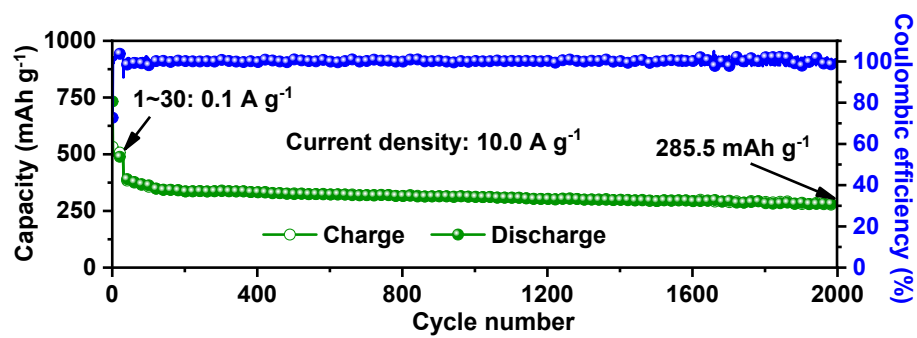




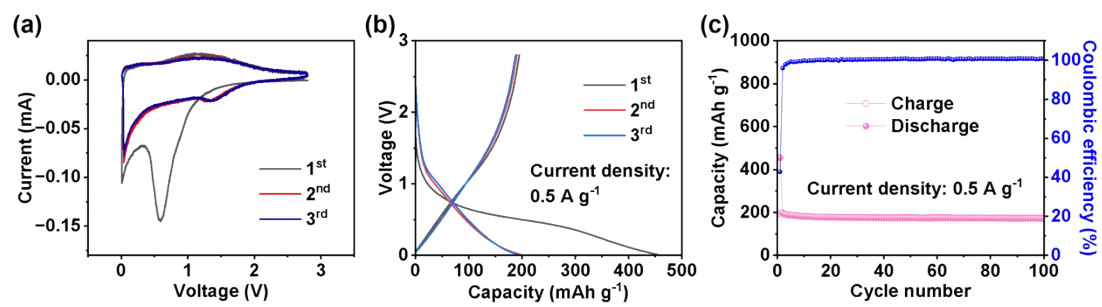
**Fig. S7** Charge-discharge curves of (a) ZnS and (b) Co-ZnS at 0.5 A g<sup>-1</sup>.



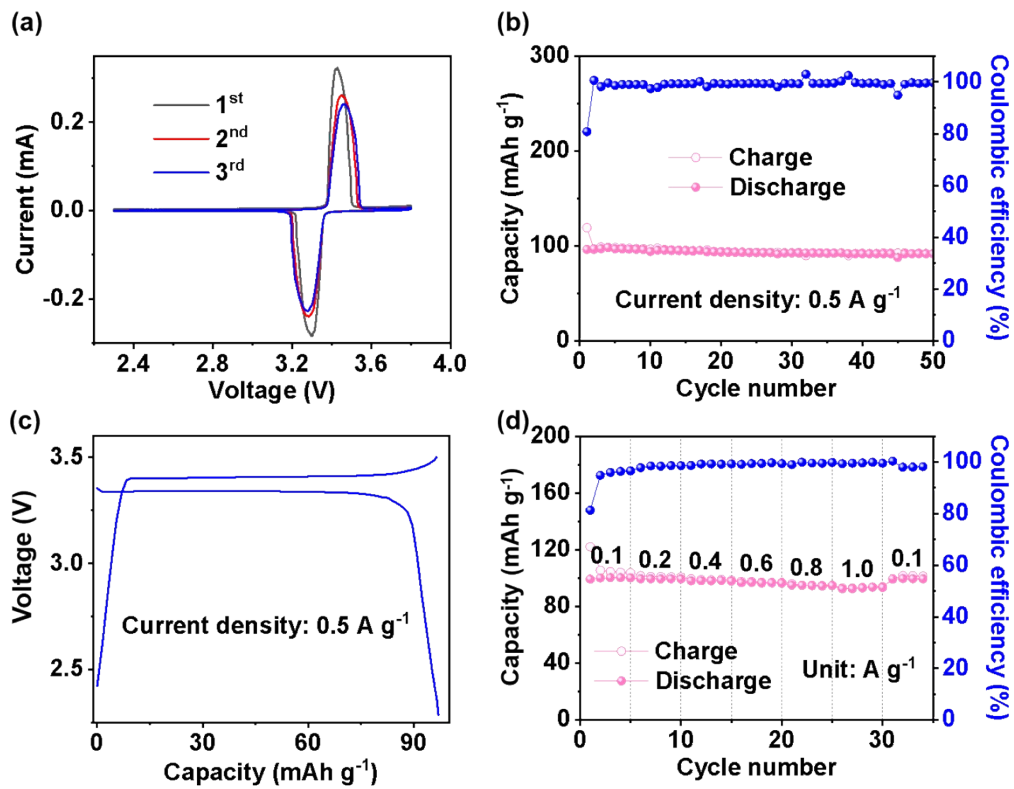
**Fig. S8** Cyclic voltammograms of Co-ZnS@NC at a scan rate of  $0.1 \text{ mV s}^{-1}$ .



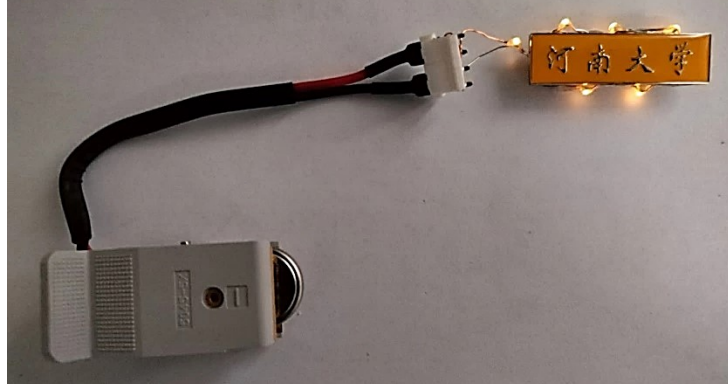
**Fig. S9** Cycling performance of Co-ZnS@NC at 10.0 A g<sup>-1</sup>.



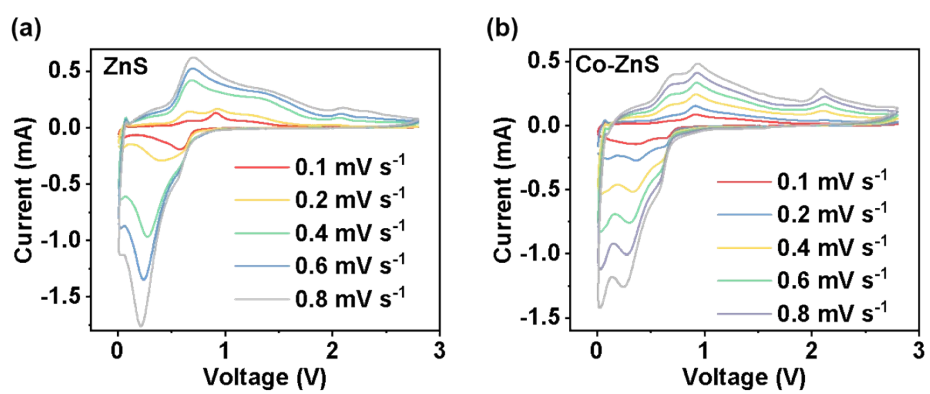
**Fig. S10** Electrochemical properties of NC anode (a) First three CV curves at 0.1 mV s<sup>-1</sup>, (b) Charge/discharge curves, (c) Cycling performance.



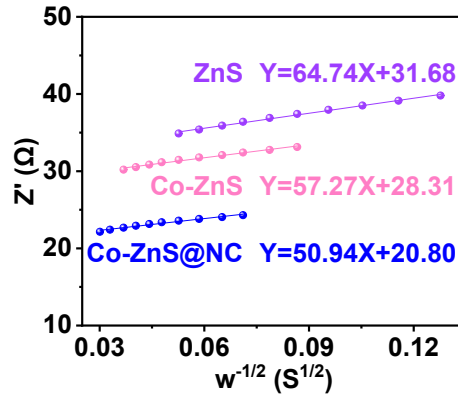
**Fig. S11** Electrochemical properties of NVP (a) First three CV curves at 0.1 mV s<sup>-1</sup>, (b) Cycling performance, (c) Charge/discharge curves, (d) Rate capability.



**Fig. S12** Light bulbs powered by full cell.



**Fig. S13** CV curves of (a) ZnS and (b) Co-ZnS.



**Fig. S14** The relationship between  $Z''$  and  $\omega^{-1/2}$  in low-frequency regions of different anodes.

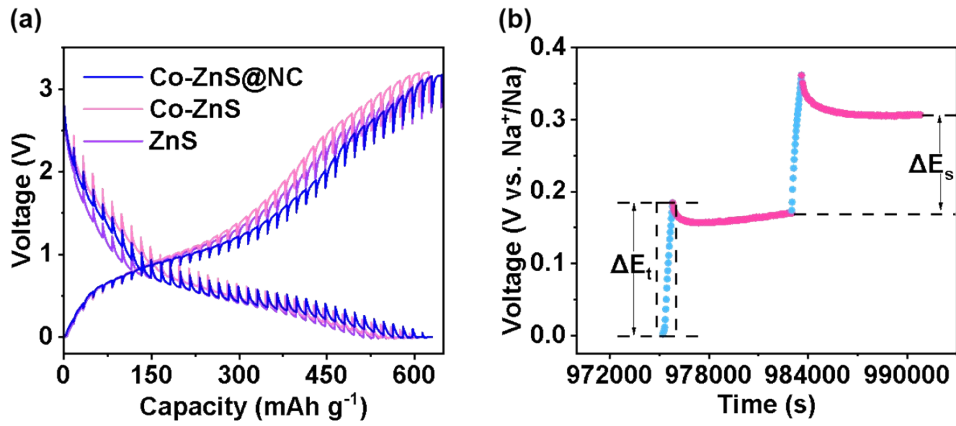
The sodium ion diffusion coefficients ( $D_{\text{Na}^+}$ ) of anode are calculated according to the following formula:

$$D = \frac{R^2 T^2}{2A^2 n^4 C^2 F^4 \sigma^4}$$

$$Z'' = R_e + R_{ct} + \sigma \omega^{-1/2}$$

where  $D$  represents the  $\text{Na}^+$  diffusion coefficient,  $A$  and  $n$  stand for the surface area and charge transfer number per molecule in the electrochemical reaction,  $F$  and  $C$  correspond to the Faraday constant and  $\text{Na}^+$  concentration,  $\sigma$  and  $\omega$  are the Warburg factor and angular frequency ( $\omega = 2\pi f$ ),  $R$  and  $T$  represent the gas constant and absolute temperature.



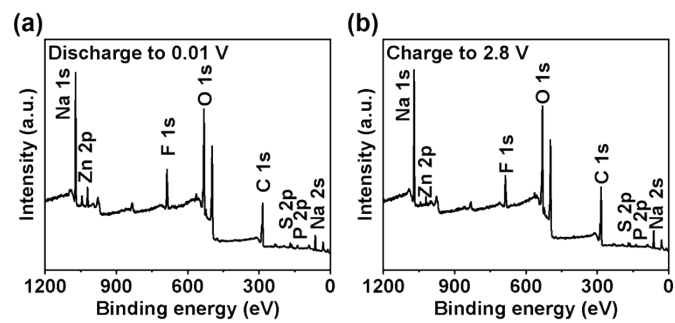


**Fig. S15** (a) GITT results of the three samples, and (b) the corresponding detailed diagram with a single current pulse for 10 min followed by an open-circuit for 120 min.

The diffusion coefficients of Na<sup>+</sup> in the Co-ZnS@NC anode are further calculated *via* GITT measurements, which can be calculated using the following equation:

$$D = \frac{4}{\pi\tau} \left( \frac{m_a V_m}{M_a S} \right)^2 \left( \frac{\Delta E_s}{\Delta E_\tau} \right)^2$$

in which  $\tau$  is the relaxation time,  $m_a$ ,  $M_a$ , and  $V_m$  are the mass, molar weight, and molar volume of the active materials, respectively.  $S$  is the contact area between electrode and electrolyte,  $\Delta E_s$  is the voltage change caused by the pulse current, and  $\Delta E_\tau$  is the voltage change during a constant current pulse, excluding the  $iR$  drop.



**Fig. S16** XPS survey spectra of Co-ZnS@NC at (a) discharge to 0.01 V and (b) charge to 2.8 V.

**Table S1** ICP analysis results for sample Co-ZnS@NC.

Sample mass $m_0$ (g)	Test element	Sample elemental content W (%)
0.0446	Co	0.58
0.0446	Zn	45.11

**Table S2** Measured parameters derived from Rietveld refined XRD for three samples.

Parameter	ZnS	Co-ZnS	Co-ZnS@NC
a (Å)	3.810	3.808	3.806
b (Å)	3.810	3.808	3.806
c (Å)	18.690	18.690	18.690
V (Å <sup>3</sup> )	234.980	234.711	234.483

**Table S3** Peak area ratio of S 2p for XPS spectra of three samples.

S 2p	ZnS	Co-ZnS	Co-ZnS@NC
S 2p <sub>1/2</sub>	69.4%	82.8%	52.6%
S 2p <sub>3/2</sub>	30.6%	17.2%	47.4%

**Table S4** ZnS-based anode reported for SIBs.

Materials	Voltage (V)	Rate capability		Ref.
		Capacity (mAh g <sup>-1</sup> )	Current density (mA g <sup>-1</sup> )	
CC-ZnS/CNT	0.01-3.0	346.0	5.0	7
ZnIn <sub>2</sub> S <sub>4</sub>	0.01-2.5	394.3	5.0	14
Sb/ZnS@C	0.01-1.8	214.3	1.6	20
ClO <sup>4-</sup> doped ZnS	0.01-3.0	203.0	4.0	24
ZnSnS <sub>3</sub>	0.01-3.0	256.6	2.0	25
ZnS/CuS@C	0.4-3.0	298.9	10.0	26
ZnS/NPC	0.01-3.0	182.4	4.0	27
ZnS/MWCNTs	0.01-3.0	315.0	5.0	28
Fe <sub>7</sub> S <sub>8</sub> @ZnS/N-C	0.01-3.0	337.6	5.0	29
Co-ZnS@NC	0.01-2.8	368.8	20.0	This work